SF3692 **REVISOR** EAP S3692-1 1st Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

A bill for an act

S.F. No. 3692

(SENATE AUTHORS: NELSON and by request)

DATE

03/03/2022

D-PG

Introduction and first

OFFICIAL STATUS

1.1

Introduction and first reading Referred to Taxes Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading 04/06/2022

1.2	relating to taxation; modifying individual income, corporate franchise, and estate
1.3	taxes; proposing certain federal conformity for individual income and corporate
1.4	franchise taxes; proposing changes to income tax rates, a full subtraction of Social
1.5	Security benefits, and portability of the estate tax exclusion; amending Minnesota
1.6	Statutes 2020, sections 289A.02, subdivision 7; 289A.10, subdivision 1, by adding
1.7	a subdivision; 289A.12, by adding a subdivision; 290.0123, subdivision 3;
1.8	290.0131, by adding subdivisions; 290.0132, subdivisions 18, 26, by adding
1.9	subdivisions; 290.0133, by adding subdivisions; 290.0134, by adding subdivisions;
1.10	290.06, subdivision 2d; 290.0671, subdivision 1a; 290.0675, subdivision 1; 290.091,
1.11	subdivision 2; 290.095, subdivision 11; 290A.03, subdivision 15; 291.005,
1.12	subdivision 1; 291.016, subdivision 3; 291.03, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes
1.13	2021 Supplement, sections 289A.08, subdivision 7; 290.01, subdivisions 19, 31;
1.14	290.06, subdivision 2c; 290.993.
1.15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.16	ARTICLE 1
1.17	FEDERAL UPDATE
1.18	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
1.19	Subd. 7. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal
1.20	Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December
1.21	31, 2018 November 15, 2021.
1.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
1.23	the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the
1.24	changes were effective for federal purposes, but are subject to the application of Minnesota
1.25	Statutes, section 290.993, subdivision 2.

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S3692-1

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 289A.08, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

- Subd. 7. Composite income tax returns for nonresident partners, shareholders, and beneficiaries. (a) The commissioner may allow a partnership with nonresident partners to file a composite return and to pay the tax on behalf of nonresident partners who have no other Minnesota source income. This composite return must include the names, addresses, Social Security numbers, income allocation, and tax liability for the nonresident partners electing to be covered by the composite return.
- (b) The computation of a partner's tax liability must be determined by multiplying the income allocated to that partner by the highest rate used to determine the tax liability for individuals under section 290.06, subdivision 2c. Nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed.
- (c) The partnership must submit a request to use this composite return filing method for nonresident partners. The requesting partnership must file a composite return in the form prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The filing of a composite return is considered a request to use the composite return filing method.
- (d) The electing partner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the income from the partnership, other electing partnerships, and other qualifying entities electing to file and pay the pass-through entity tax under subdivision 7a. If it is determined that the electing partner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of the income and tax liability for that partner under this provision will not constitute a return to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the individual as part of the composite return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the individual on the date on which the composite return payment was made. If the electing nonresident partner has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the composite return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1.
- (e) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that an individual pay estimated tax if the individual's liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section 289A.25. The individual's liability to pay estimated tax is, however, satisfied when the partnership pays composite estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25.
- (f) If an electing partner's share of the partnership's gross income from Minnesota sources is less than the filing requirements for a nonresident under this subdivision, the tax liability is zero. However, a statement showing the partner's share of gross income must be included as part of the composite return.

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- (g) The election provided in this subdivision is only available to a partner who has no other Minnesota source income and who is either (1) a full-year nonresident individual or (2) a trust or estate that does not claim a deduction under either section 651 or 661 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (h) A corporation defined in section 290.9725 and its nonresident shareholders may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the corporation and the provisions applying to the partner apply to the shareholder.
- (i) Estates and trusts distributing current income only and the nonresident individual beneficiaries of the estates or trusts may make an election under this paragraph. The provisions covering the partnership apply to the estate or trust. The provisions applying to the partner apply to the beneficiary.
- (j) For the purposes of this subdivision, "income" means the partner's share of federal adjusted gross income from the partnership modified by the additions provided in section 290.0131, subdivisions 8 to 10, 16, and 17, 19, and 20, and the subtractions provided in:
 (1) section 290.0132, subdivisions 9, 27, and 28, to the extent the amount is assignable or allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17; and (2) section 290.0132, subdivision 14, 31, and 32. The subtraction allowed under section 290.0132, subdivision 9, is only allowed on the composite tax computation to the extent the electing partner would have been allowed the subtraction.
- 3.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 3.21 31, 2021.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 19. **Net income.** (a) For a trust or estate taxable under section 290.03, and a corporation taxable under section 290.02, the term "net income" means the federal taxable income, as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to the Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax purposes, and with the modifications provided in sections 290.0131 to 290.0136.
 - (b) For an individual, the term "net income" means federal adjusted gross income with the modifications provided in sections 290.0131, 290.0132, and 290.0135 to 290.0137.

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- (c) In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section 851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that: (1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the Internal
 - Revenue Code does not apply;
 - (2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and exempt-interest dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
 - (3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (d) The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section 856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (e) The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of the Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (f) The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018 4.20 November 15, 2021, applies for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, except 4.21 the sections of federal law in section 290.0111 shall also apply. 4.22
 - (g) Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in this subdivision and sections 290.0131 to 290.0136 mean the code in effect for purposes of determining net income for the applicable year.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment, except 4.26 4.27 the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the changes were effective for federal purposes, but are subject to the application of Minnesota 4.28 Statutes, section 290.993, subdivision 2. 4.29

5.1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 31, is amended
5.2	to read:
5.3	Subd. 31. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal
5.4	Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December
5.5	31, 2018, except the sections of federal law in section 290.0111 shall also apply November
5.6	15, 2021. Internal Revenue Code also includes any uncodified provision in federal law that
5.7	relates to provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that are incorporated into Minnesota law.
5.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
5.9	the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time the
5.10	changes were effective for federal purposes, but are subject to the application of Minnesota
5.11	Statutes, section 290.993, subdivision 2.
5.12	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0123, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
5.13	Subd. 3. Amount for dependents. For an individual who is a dependent, as defined in
5.14	sections 151 and 152 of the Internal Revenue Code, of another taxpayer for a taxable year
5.15	beginning in the calendar year in which the individual's taxable year begins, the standard
5.16	deduction for that individual is limited to the greater of:
5.17	(1) \$1,100; or
5.18	(2) the lesser of (i) the sum of \$350 and that individual's earned income, as defined in
5.19	section 32(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that a taxpayer must use earned income
5.20	from the current taxable year; or (ii) the standard deduction amount allowed under subdivision
5.21	1, clause (3).
5.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
5.23	after December 31, 2017.
5.24	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0131, is amended by adding a subdivision
5.25	to read:
5.26	Subd. 19. Meal expenses. The amount of meal expenses in excess of the 50 percent
5.27	limitation under section 274(n)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code allowed under subsection
5.28	(n), paragraph (2), subparagraph (D), of that section is an addition.
5.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December

31, 2021.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0131, is amended by adding a subdivision 6.1 to read: 6.2 Subd. 20. Special limited adjustment. (a) For taxable years beginning after December 6.3 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, the amount calculated under section 290.993, 6.4 subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that increases net income for the taxable year is an addition. 6.5 (b) Partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis, 6.6 and who received an addition from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year 6.7 basis, must make the addition in the taxable year it is received as required for federal income 6.8 6.9 tax purposes. (c) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023. 6.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 6.11 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2024. 6.12 6.13 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, subdivision 18, is amended to read: Subd. 18. Net operating losses. (a) The amount of the net operating loss allowed under 6.14 6.15 section 290.095, subdivision 11, paragraph (c), is a subtraction. (b) The unused portion of a net operating loss carryover under section 290.095, 6.16 subdivision 11, paragraph (d), is a subtraction. The subtraction is the lesser of: 6.17 (1) the amount carried into the taxable year minus any subtraction made under this 6.18 section for prior taxable years; or 6.19 (2) 80 percent of Minnesota taxable net income in a single taxable year and determined 6.20 without regard to this subtraction. 6.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 6.22 31, 2021. 6.23 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision 6.24 to read: 6.25 Subd. 31. Special Limited Adjustment. (a) For taxable years beginning after December 6.26 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, the amount calculated under section 290.993, 6.27 subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that decreases net income for the taxable year is a subtraction. 6.28 (b) Partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis, 6.29

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and who received a subtraction from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year

- basis, must make the subtraction in the taxable year it is received as required for federal
- 7.2 income tax purposes.
- 7.3 (c) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023.
- 7.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
- 7.5 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2024.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.7 to read:
- 7.8 Subd. 32. Delayed business interest. For each of the five taxable years beginning after
- 7.9 December 31, 2021, there is allowed a subtraction equal to one-fifth of the adjustment
- amount, to the extent not already deducted, for the exclusion under section 290.993,
- subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (11), due to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic
- 7.12 Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section 2306.
- 7.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
- 7.14 31, 2021.
- 7.15 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0133, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.16 to read:
- 7.17 Subd. 15. **Meal expenses.** The amount of meal expenses in excess of the 50 percent
- 7.18 limitation under section 274(n)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code allowed under section
- 7.19 274(n)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code is an addition.
- 7.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
- 7.21 31, 2021.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0133, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 7.23 to read:
- 7.24 Subd. 16. **Special Limited Adjustment.** (a) For taxable years beginning after December
- 7.25 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, the amount calculated under section 290.993,
- subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that increases net income for the taxable year is an addition.
- (b) Partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis,
- and who received an addition from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year
- basis, must make the addition in the taxable year it is received as required for federal income
- 7.30 tax purposes.
- 7.31 (c) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 8.1 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2024. 8.2 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0134, is amended by adding a subdivision 8.3 to read: 8.4 Subd. 20. Special Limited Adjustment. (a) For taxable years beginning after December 8.5 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023, the amount calculated under section 290.993, 8.6 subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that decreases net income for the taxable year is a subtraction. 8.7 (b) Partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis, 8.8 and who received a subtraction from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year 8.9 basis, must make the subtraction in the taxable year it is received as required for federal 8.10 8.11 income tax purposes. (c) This subdivision expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023. 8.12 8.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2024. 8.14 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0134, is amended by adding a subdivision 8.15 to read: 8.16 8.17 Subd. 21. **Delayed business interest.** For each of the five taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, there is allowed a subtraction equal to one-fifth of the adjustment 8.18 amount, to the extent not already deducted, for the exclusion under section 290.993, 8.19 subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (11), due to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic 8.20 Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section 2306. 8.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 8.22 31, 2021. 8.23 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is amended 8.24 to read: 8.25 Subd. 2c. Schedules of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts. (a) The income taxes 8.26 imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses 8.27 as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by applying to 8.28 their taxable net income the following schedule of rates: 8.29 (1) On the first \$38,770, 5.35 percent; 8.30 (2) On all over \$38,770, but not over \$154,020, 6.8 percent; 8.31

- (3) On all over \$154,020, but not over \$269,010, 7.85 percent;
- 9.2 (4) On all over \$269,010, 9.85 percent.

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Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their income tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income brackets will be one-half of the above amounts after the adjustment required in subdivision 2d.

- (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 9.8 (1) On the first \$26,520, 5.35 percent;
- 9.9 (2) On all over \$26,520, but not over \$87,110, 6.8 percent;
 - (3) On all over \$87,110, but not over \$161,720, 7.85 percent;
- 9.11 (4) On all over \$161,720, 9.85 percent.
- 9.12 (c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying as
 9.13 a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be
 9.14 computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 9.15 (1) On the first \$32,650, 5.35 percent;
- 9.16 (2) On all over \$32,650, but not over \$131,190, 6.8 percent;
- 9.17 (3) On all over \$131,190, but not over \$214,980, 7.85 percent;
- 9.18 (4) On all over \$214,980, 9.85 percent.
 - (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1.
 - (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:
- 9.30 (1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income as
 9.31 defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by:

- (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 10.2 17, 19, and 20, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
- (ii) the Minnesota assignable portion of the subtraction for United States government interest under section 290.0132, subdivision 2, the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 27, 31, and 32, and 290.0137, paragraph (c), after applying the allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17;
- 10.7 and
- (2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section
 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by:
- 10.10 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 10.11 17, 19, and 20, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
- 10.12 (ii) the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 2, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 10.13 27, 31, and 32, and 290.0137, paragraph (c).
- (f) If an individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year is a qualifying owner of a qualifying entity that elects to pay tax as provided in section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, paragraph (b), the individual must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in paragraph (e), and also must include, to the extent attributed to the electing qualifying entity:
- 10.19 (1) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (i), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (i), the addition under section 290.0131, subdivision 5; and
- 10.21 (2) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (ii), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (ii), the subtraction under section 290.0132, subdivision 3.
- 10.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 10.24 31, 2021.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0671, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the <u>following</u> terms "qualifying terms t
- 10.29 of the Internal Revenue Code.:
- "Earned income of the lesser-earning spouse" has the meaning given in section 290.0675, subdivision 1, paragraph (d).

(1) "qualifying child" has the meaning given in section 32(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue	ue
Code;	
(2) "earned income" has the meaning given in section 32(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue	ue
Code, except that a taxpayer must use earned income from the current taxable year;	
(3) "adjusted gross income" has the meaning given in section 62 of the Internal Revenue	ue
Code; and	
(4) "earned income of the lesser earning spouse" has the meaning given in section	
290.0675, subdivision 1, paragraph (d).	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning	ng
after December 31, 2017.	
Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0675, subdivision 1, is amended to read	l:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section the following terms have	;
the meanings given.	
(b) "Earned income" means the sum of the following, to the extent included in Minneso	ota
taxable income:	
(1) earned income as defined in section 32(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, excep	<u>et</u>
that a taxpayer must use earned income from the current taxable year;	
(2) income received from a retirement pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or annuit	ty
plan; and	
(3) Social Security benefits as defined in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Cod	le.
(c) "Taxable income" means net income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19	
(d) "Earned income of lesser-earning spouse" means the earned income of the spouse	e
with the lesser amount of earned income as defined in paragraph (b) for the taxable year	
minus one-half the amount of the standard deduction under section 290.0123, subdivision	n
1, clause (1).	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning	ng
after December 31, 2017.	
Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:	
Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following	

terms have the meanings given.

12.1	(a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for the taxable
12.2	year:
12.3	(1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section
2.4	55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
12.5	(2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternative minimum
12.6	taxable income, but excluding:
12.7	(i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code;
12.8	(ii) the medical expense deduction;
12.9	(iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and
12.10	(iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a person with a disability;
12.11	(3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal Revenue
12.12	Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal Revenue Code),
12.13	to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the excess of the
12.14	deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal Revenue Code for the
12.15	taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the taxable year (determined
12.16	without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year);
12.17	(4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount
12.18	of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue
12.19	Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E);
12.20	(5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount
12.21	of interest income as provided by section 290.0131, subdivision 2;
12.22	(6) the amount of addition required by section 290.0131, subdivisions 9, 10, and 16, and
12.23	<u>20</u> ;
12.24	(7) the deduction allowed under section 199A of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent
12.25	not included in the addition required under clause (6); and
12.26	(8) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount
12.27	of foreign-derived intangible income deducted under section 250 of the Internal Revenue
12.28	Code;
12.29	less the sum of the amounts determined under the following:
12.30	(i) interest income as defined in section 290.0132, subdivision 2;

13.1	(ii) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.0132, subdivision	
13.2	3, to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income;	
13.3	(iii) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on	
13.4	indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as defined	
13.5	in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include amounts deducted	
13.6	in computing federal adjusted gross income;	
13.7	(iv) amounts subtracted from federal taxable or adjusted gross income as provided by	
13.8	section 290.0132, subdivisions 7, 9 to 15, 17, 21, 24, and 26 to 29 31;	
13.9	(v) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 11,	
13.10	paragraph paragraphs (c) and (d); and	
13.11	(vi) the amount allowable as a Minnesota itemized deduction under section 290.0122,	
13.12	subdivision 7.	
13.13	In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be computed	
13.14	as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, except alternative minimum	
13.15	taxable income must be increased by the addition in section 290.0131, subdivision 16.	
13.16	(b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3) of	
13.17	the Internal Revenue Code.	
13.18	(c) "Net minimum tax" means the minimum tax imposed by this section.	
13.19	(d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without regard	
13.20	to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable credits allowed	
13.21	under this chapter.	
13.22	(e) "Tentative minimum tax" equals 6.75 percent of alternative minimum taxable income	
13.23	after subtracting the exemption amount determined under subdivision 3.	
13.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December	
13.25	<u>31, 2021.</u>	
13.26	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.095, subdivision 11, is amended to read:	
13.27	Subd. 11. Carryback or carryover adjustments. (a) Except as provided in paragraph	
13.28	(c), for individuals, estates, and trusts the amount of a net operating loss that may be carried	
13.29	back or carried over shall be the same dollar amount allowable in the determination of	
13.30	federal taxable income, provided that, notwithstanding any other provision, estates and	

be carried back or carried over:

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trusts must apply the following adjustments to the amount of the net operating loss that may

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- (1) Nonassignable income or losses as required by section 290.17.
 - (2) Deductions not allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17.
 - (b) The net operating loss carryback or carryover applied as a deduction in the taxable year to which the net operating loss is carried back or carried over shall be equal to the net operating loss carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year in arriving at federal taxable income provided that trusts and estates must apply the following modifications:
 - (1) Increase the amount of carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year by the amount of losses and interest, taxes and other expenses not assignable or allowable to Minnesota incurred in the taxable year.
 - (2) Decrease the amount of carryback or carryover applied in the taxable year by the amount of income not assignable to Minnesota earned in the taxable year. For estates and trusts, the net operating loss carryback or carryover to the next consecutive taxable year shall be the net operating loss carryback or carryover as calculated in clause (b) less the amount applied in the earlier taxable year(s). No additional net operating loss carryback or carryover shall be allowed to estates and trusts if the entire amount has been used to offset Minnesota income in a year earlier than was possible on the federal return. However, if a net operating loss carryback or carryover was allowed to offset federal income in a year earlier than was possible on the Minnesota return, an estate or trust shall still be allowed to offset Minnesota income but only if the loss was assignable to Minnesota in the year the loss occurred.
 - (c) This paragraph does not apply to eligible small businesses that make a valid election to carry back their losses for federal purposes under section 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended through March 31, 2009.
 - (1) A net operating loss of an individual, estate, or trust that is allowed under this subdivision and for which the taxpayer elects to carry back for more than two years under section 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code is a net operating loss carryback to each of the two taxable years preceding the loss, and unused portions may be carried forward for 20 taxable years after the loss.
 - (2) The entire amount of the net operating loss for any taxable year must be carried to the earliest of the taxable years to which the loss may be carried. The portion of the loss which may be carried to each of the other taxable years is the excess, if any, of the amount of the loss over the greater of the taxable net income or alternative minimum taxable income for each of the taxable years to which the loss may be carried.

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15.1	(d) For net operating loss carryovers or carrybacks arising in taxable years beginning
15.2	after December 31, 2017, and before December 31, 2020, a net operating loss carryover or
15.3	carryback is allowed as provided in the Internal Revenue Code as amended through December
15.4	31, 2018, as follows:
15.5	(1) the entire amount of the net operating loss, to the extent not already deducted, must
15.6	be carried to the earliest taxable year and any unused portion may be carried forward for
15.7	20 taxable years after the loss; and
15.8	(2) the portion of the loss which may be carried to each of the other taxable years is the
15.9	excess, if any, of the amount of the loss over the greater of the taxable net income or
15.10	alternative minimum taxable income for each of the taxable years to which the loss may be
15.11	carried.
15.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for losses arising in taxable
15.13	years beginning after December 31, 2017, and before December 31, 2020.
15.14	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.993, is amended to read:
15.15	290.993 SPECIAL LIMITED ADJUSTMENT.
15.16	Subdivision 1. Tax year 2018. (a) For an individual, estate, or trust, or a partnership
15.17	that elects to file a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, for taxable years
15.18	beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019, the following special rules
15.19	apply:
15.20	(1) an individual income taxpayer may: (i) take the standard deduction; or (ii) make an
15.21	election under section 63(e) of the Internal Revenue Code to itemize, for Minnesota individual
15.22	income tax purposes, regardless of the choice made on their federal return; and
15.23	(2) there is an adjustment to tax equal to the difference between the tax calculated under
15.24	this chapter using the Internal Revenue Code as amended through December 16, 2016, and
15.25	the tax calculated under this chapter using the Internal Revenue Code amended through
15.26	December 31, 2018, before the application of credits. The end result must be zero additional
15.27	tax due or refund.
15.28	(b) The adjustment in paragraph (a), clause (2) this subdivision, does not apply to any
15.29	changes due to sections 11012, 13101, 13201, 13202, 13203, 13204, 13205, 13207, 13301,
15.30	13302, 13303, 13313, 13502, 13503, 13801, 14101, 14102, 14211 through 14215, and

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14501 of Public Law 115-97; and section 40411 of Public Law 115-123.

16.1	Subd. 2. Tax years 2017 to 2021. (a) For all taxpayers, including an entity that elects
16.2	to file a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, and an entity that elects to
16.3	pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a; for taxable years
16.4	beginning after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2022, the following rules apply.
16.5	(b) There is an adjustment to net income equal to the difference between the amount
16.6	calculated and reported under this chapter incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as
16.7	amended through Minnesota Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, and the amount
16.8	calculated under this chapter incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as amended through
16.9	November 15, 2021. This adjustment is only allowed as provided in paragraph (c) and to
16.10	the extent the taxpayer reported a related nonconformity adjustment on their return for
16.11	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2022. This
16.12	adjustment does not include the changes due to the:
16.13	(1) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
16.14	114, exclusion of gross income of discharge of qualified principal residence indebtedness;
16.15	(2) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section
16.16	304(b), special rules for disaster-related personal casualty losses; and
16.17	(3) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9675, modification of treatment
16.18	of student loan forgiveness.
16.19	(c) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "nonconformity adjustment" means the
16.20	difference between adjusted gross income as defined under section 62 of the Internal Revenue
16.21	Code for individuals, and federal taxable income as defined under section 63 of the Internal
16.22	Revenue Code for all other taxpayers incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as amended
16.23	through Minnesota Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 14, and the amount calculated
16.24	under this chapter incorporating the Internal Revenue Code as amended through November
16.25	15, 2021, but does not include impacts to state tax credits. The nonconformity adjustment
16.26	is an addition or subtraction to net income but does not include the following federal law
16.27	changes:
16.28	(1) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2019, Public Law 116-94, section
16.29	104, deduction of qualified tuition and related expenses;
16.30	(2) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2019, Public Law 116-94, section
16.31	203, employee retention credit for employers affected by qualified disasters;
16.32	(3) Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Public Law 116-127, section 7001, payroll
16.33	credit for required paid sick leave;

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17.1	(4) Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Public Law 116-127, section 7003, payroll	
17.2	credit for required paid family leave;	
17.3	(5) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section	
17.4	2204, allowance of partial above the line deduction for charitable contributions;	
17.5	(6) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section	
17.6	2205, excluding subsection (a), paragraph (B), temporary modification of limitations on	
17.7	charitable contributions as it applies to individual taxpayers only and including carryovers;	
17.8	(7) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section	
17.9	2206, exclusion of certain employer payment of student loans;	
17.10	(8) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section	
17.11	2301, employee retention credit for employers subject to closure due to COVID-19;	
17.12	(9) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section	
17.13	2303, modifications for net operating losses;	
17.14	(10) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section	
17.15	2304, modification of limitation on losses for taxpayers other than corporations;	
17.16	(11) Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, section	
17.17	2306, limitation on business interest;	
17.18	(12) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section	
17.19	207, extension and modification of employee retention and rehiring credit;	
17.20	(13) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section	
17.21	210, temporary allowance of full deduction for business meals;	
17.22	(14) Taxpayer Certainty and Disaster Relief Act of 2020, Public Law 116-260, section	
17.23	303, employee retention credit for employers affected by qualified disasters;	
17.24	(15) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9501(b), preserving health	
17.25	benefits for workers;	
17.26	(16) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9631, refundability and	
17.27	enhancement of child and dependent care tax credit;	
17.28	(17) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law 117-2, section 9641, payroll sick and family	
17.29	leave credits; and	
17.30	(18) American Rescue Plan Act, Public Law, 117-2, section 9651, extension of employee	
17.31	retention credit.	

18.1	The addition or subtraction required must only be made in taxable years beginning after
18.2	December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023. Except partners, shareholders, or
18.3	beneficiaries who file their returns on a calendar year basis, and who received an addition
18.4	or subtraction from a pass-through entity filing their return on a fiscal year basis, must make
18.5	the addition or subtraction in the taxable year it is received as required for federal income
18.6	tax purposes. For purposes of this subdivision, a pass-through entity is defined as an entity
18.7	that is not subject to the tax imposed under section 290.02, including but not limited to S
18.8	corporations, partnerships, estates, and trusts other than grantor trusts.
18.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
18.10	after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2024.
18.11	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
18.12	Subd. 15. Internal Revenue Code. "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue
18.13	Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2018 November 15, 2021.
18.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for property tax refunds based on property
18.15	taxes payable in 2022 and rent paid in 2021 and thereafter.
18.16	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 291.005, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
18.17	Subdivision 1. Scope. Unless the context otherwise clearly requires, the following terms
18.18	used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:
18.19	(1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue or any person to whom the
18.20	commissioner has delegated functions under this chapter.
18.21	(2) "Federal gross estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as required to be valued
18.22	and otherwise determined for federal estate tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code,
18.23	increased by the value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income interest
18.24	for life and for which an election was made under section 291.03, subdivision 1d, for
18.25	Minnesota estate tax purposes, but was not made for federal estate tax purposes.
18.26	(3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
18.27	as amended through December 31, 2018 November 15, 2021.
18.28	(4) "Minnesota gross estate" means the federal gross estate of a decedent after (a)
18.29	excluding therefrom any property included in the estate which has its situs outside Minnesota,
18.30	and (b) including any property omitted from the federal gross estate which is includable in
18 31	the estate has its situs in Minnesota and was not disclosed to federal taxing authorities

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- (5) "Nonresident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was not in Minnesota.
- (6) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or other person appointed by the court to administer and dispose of the property of the decedent. If there is no executor, administrator or other person appointed, qualified, and acting within this state, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property having a situs in this state which is included in the federal gross estate of the decedent shall be deemed to be a personal representative to the extent of the property and the Minnesota estate tax due with respect to the property.
- (7) "Resident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was in Minnesota. The provisions of section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraphs (c) and (d), apply to determinations of domicile under this chapter.
 - (8) "Situs of property" means, with respect to:
 - (i) real property, the state or country in which it is located;
 - (ii) tangible personal property, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located at the time of the decedent's death or for a gift of tangible personal property within three years of death, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located when the gift was executed;
 - (iii) a qualified work of art, as defined in section 2503(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, owned by a nonresident decedent and that is normally kept or located in this state because it is on loan to an organization, qualifying as exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is located in Minnesota, the situs of the art is deemed to be outside of Minnesota, notwithstanding the provisions of item (ii); and
 - (iv) intangible personal property, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled at death or for a gift of intangible personal property within three years of death, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled when the gift was executed.
- For a nonresident decedent with an ownership interest in a pass-through entity with assets that include real or tangible personal property, situs of the real or tangible personal property, including qualified works of art, is determined as if the pass-through entity does not exist and the real or tangible personal property is personally owned by the decedent. If the pass-through entity is owned by a person or persons in addition to the decedent, ownership of the property is attributed to the decedent in proportion to the decedent's capital ownership share of the pass-through entity.

be signed by the personal representative.

decedents dying in 2020 and thereafter.

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The return must contain a computation of the Minnesota estate tax due. The return must

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 21.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to 21.2 read: 21.3 Subd. 1b. Election of portability of deceased spousal unused exclusion amounts; 21.4 election irrevocable; deemed elections. (a) A personal representative of a decedent's estate 21.5 may elect, on a return required under subdivision 1, to allow a decedent's surviving spouse 21.6 to take into account the decedent's deceased spousal unused exclusion amount, as provided 21.7 in section 291.016, subdivision 3, paragraph (b). 21.8 (b) The election under paragraph (a) is irrevocable. By filing a return under subdivision 21.9 1, the personal representative is deemed to have elected portability unless the personal 21.10 21.11 representative states affirmatively on the return that the decedent's estate is not electing portability. The commissioner may prescribe the form of the election on the return. 21.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after June 21.13 30, 2022. 21.14 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to 21.15 read: 21.16 Subd. 19. Election of portability of deceased spousal unused exclusion amounts 21.17 when estate tax return not required. A personal representative of a decedent's estate that 21.18 is not required to file a return under section 289A.10, subdivision 1, may file a return to 21.19 allow a decedent's surviving spouse to take into account the decedent's deceased spousal 21.20 unused exclusion amount, as provided in section 291.016, subdivision 3, paragraph (b). The 21.21 return is subject to the same provisions as a return required under section 289A.10, 21.22 subdivision 1. 21.23 21.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after June 30, 2022. 21.25 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, subdivision 26, is amended to read: 21.26 Subd. 26. Social Security benefits. (a) A portion The amount of taxable Social Security 21.27 21.28 benefits received by a taxpayer in the taxable year is allowed as a subtraction. The subtraction equals the lesser of taxable Social Security benefits or a maximum subtraction subject to 21.29 the limits under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d). 21.30

(b) For married taxpayers filing a joint return and surviving spouses, the maximum 22.1 subtraction equals \$5,150. The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional 22.2 income over \$78,180. In no case is the subtraction less than zero. 22.3 (c) For single or head-of-household taxpayers, the maximum subtraction equals \$4,020. 22.4 The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over \$61,080. 22.5 In no case is the subtraction less than zero. 22.6 (d) For married taxpayers filing separate returns, the maximum subtraction equals 22.7 one-half the maximum subtraction for joint returns under paragraph (b). The maximum 22.8 subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over one-half the threshold 22.9 22.10 amount specified in paragraph (b). In no case is the subtraction less than zero. (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "provisional income" means modified adjusted 22.11 gross income as defined in section 86(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus one-half of 22.12 the taxable Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, and "Social Security 22.13 benefits" has the meaning given in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. 22.14 (f) The commissioner shall adjust the maximum subtraction and threshold amounts in 22.15 paragraphs (b) to (d) as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable year 22.16 2019. The maximum subtraction and threshold amounts as adjusted must be rounded to the 22.17 nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 22.18 amount. 22.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 22.20 31, 2021. 22.21 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is amended 22.22 to read: 22.23 Subd. 2c. Schedules of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts. (a) The income taxes 22.24 imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses 22.25 as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by applying to 22.26 22.27 their taxable net income the following schedule of rates: (1) On the first \$38,770 \$41,050, 5.35 2.8 percent; 22.28 (2) On all over \$38,770 \$41,050, but not over \$154,020 \$163,060, 6.8 percent; 22.29 (3) On all over \$154,020 \$163,060, but not over \$269,010 \$284,810, 7.85 percent; 22.30 (4) On all over \$269,010 \$284,810, 9.85 percent. 22.31

Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their income tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income brackets will be one-half of the above amounts after the adjustment required in subdivision 2d.

- (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 23.6 (1) On the first \$26,520 \$28,080, 5.35 2.8 percent;

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- 23.7 (2) On all over \$26,520 \$28,080, but not over \$87,110 \$92,230, 6.8 percent;
- 23.8 (3) On all over \$87,110 \$92,230, but not over \$161,720 \$171,220, 7.85 percent;
- 23.9 (4) On all over \$\frac{\$161,720}{}\$171,220, 9.85 percent.
- 23.10 (c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying as
 23.11 a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be
 23.12 computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
- 23.13 (1) On the first \$32,650 \$34,570, 5.35×2.8 percent;
- 23.14 (2) On all over \$32,650 \$34,570, but not over \$131,190 \$138,890, 6.8 percent;
- 23.15 (3) On all over \$131,190 \$138,890, but not over \$214,980 \$227,600, 7.85 percent;
- 23.16 (4) On all over \$214,980 \$227,600, 9.85 percent.
 - (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1.
 - (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:
- 23.28 (1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income as
 23.29 defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by:
- 23.30 (i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and 23.31 17, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by

24.1	(ii) the Minnesota assignable portion of the subtraction for United States government
24.2	interest under section 290.0132, subdivision 2, the subtractions under sections 290.0132,
24.3	subdivisions 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and 27, and 290.0137, paragraph (c), after applying the
24.4	allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and
24.5	(2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section
24.6	62 of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by:
24.7	(i) the additions required under sections 290.0131, subdivisions 2, 6, 8 to 10, 16, and
24.8	17, and 290.0137, paragraph (a); and reduced by
24.9	(ii) the subtractions under sections 290.0132, subdivisions 2, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, and
24.10	27, and 290.0137, paragraph (c).
24.11	(f) If an individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year is a qualifying
24.12	owner of a qualifying entity that elects to pay tax as provided in section 289A.08, subdivision
24.13	7a, paragraph (b), the individual must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as
24.14	provided in paragraph (e), and also must include, to the extent attributed to the electing
24.15	qualifying entity:
24.16	(1) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (i), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (i), the
24.17	addition under section 290.0131, subdivision 5; and
24.18	(2) in paragraph (e), clause (1), item (ii), and paragraph (e), clause (2), item (ii), the
24.19	subtraction under section 290.0132, subdivision 3.
24.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
24.21	<u>31, 2021.</u>
24.22	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.06, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:
24.23	Subd. 2d. Inflation adjustment of brackets. The commissioner shall annually adjust
24.24	the minimum and maximum dollar amounts for each rate bracket for which a tax is imposed
24.25	in subdivision 2c as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable year 2019
24.26	2022. The rate applicable to any rate bracket must not be changed. The dollar amounts
24.27	setting forth the tax shall be adjusted to reflect the changes in the rate brackets. The rate
24.28	brackets as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the rate bracket ends in
24.29	\$5, it must be rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount. The commissioner shall determine the
24.30	rate bracket for married filing separate returns after this adjustment is done. The rate bracket
24.31	for married filing separate must be one-half of the rate bracket for married filing joint.

25.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
25.2	<u>31, 2021.</u>
25.3	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 291.016, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
25.4	Subd. 3. Subtraction. (a) For estates of decedents dying after December 31, 2016, A
25.5	subtraction is allowed in computing the Minnesota taxable estate, equal to the sum of:
25.6	(1) the an exclusion amount for the year of death under paragraph (b) of \$3,000,000;
25.7	and
25.8	(2) the lesser of:
25.9	(i) (2) the value of qualified small business property under section 291.03, subdivision
25.10	9, and the value of qualified farm property under section 291.03, subdivision 10; or, up to
25.11	<u>\$2,000,000.</u>
25.12	(ii) \$5,000,000 minus the exclusion amount for the year of death under paragraph (b).
25.13	(b) The following exclusion amounts apply for the year of death:
25.14	(1) \$2,100,000 for decedents dying in 2017;
25.15	(2) \$2,400,000 for decedents dying in 2018;
25.16	(3) \$2,700,000 for decedents dying in 2019; and
25.17	(4) \$3,000,000 for decedents dying in 2020 and thereafter.
25.18	(b) In the case of a decedent that is a surviving spouse there is an additional subtraction
25.19	allowed in computing the Minnesota taxable estate, a deceased spousal unused exclusion
25.20	amount, which is equal to the lesser of:
25.21	(1) \$3,000,000; or
25.22	(2) the excess of \$3,000,000 over the amount of the Minnesota taxable estate of the last
25.23	deceased spouse of the decedent, but not including in the taxable estate property described
25.24	in section 291.03, subdivisions 9 and 10, and computed without regard to the subtractions
25.25	in this subdivision, but in no case less than zero.
25.26	(c) The subtraction under this subdivision must not reduce the Minnesota taxable estate
25.27	to less than zero.
25.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after June
25.29	<u>30, 2022.</u>

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 291.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Tax amount.** The tax imposed must be computed by applying to the Minnesota taxable estate the following schedule of rates and then <u>multiplying</u> the resulting amount multiplied by a fraction, not greater than one, the numerator of which is the value of the Minnesota gross estate plus the value of gifts under section 291.016, subdivision 2, clause (3), with a Minnesota situs, and the denominator of which is the federal gross estate plus the value of gifts under section 291.016, subdivision 2, clause (3):

(a) For estates of decedents dying in 2017:

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26.9	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
26.10	Not over \$5,100,000	12 percent
26.11 26.12	Over \$5,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$612,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$5,100,000
26.13 26.14	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$868,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000
26.15 26.16	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$1,004,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000
26.17 26.18	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$1,148,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000
26.19 26.20	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,300,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000

(b) For estates of decedents dying in 2018 and thereafter:

26.22	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
26.23	Not over \$7,100,000	13 percent
26.24 26.25	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$923,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000
26.26 26.27	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$1,059,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000
26.28 26.29	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$1,203,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000
26.30 26.31	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,355,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.