# SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

## **HOUSE BILL NO. 1682**

#### 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Financial and Governmental Organizations and Elections, April 21, 2016, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

4902S.03C

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

#### AN ACT

To repeal sections 334.040 and 376.1237, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof six new sections relating to health care providers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 334.040 and 376.1237, RSMo, are repealed and six

- 2 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 324.048, 334.040,
- 3 334.280, 338.202, 376.685, and 376.1237, to read as follows:

324.048. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the

- 2 "Medical Practice Freedom Act".
- 2. State licensure requirements for physicians, chiropractors,
- 4 optometrists, and dentists in this state shall be granted based on
- 5 demonstrated skill and academic competence. Licensure approval for
- 6 physicians, chiropractors, optometrists, and dentists in this state shall
- 7 not be conditioned upon or related to participation in any public or
- 8 private health insurance plan, public health care system, public service
- 9 initiative, or emergency room coverage.
- 3. State licensure for physicians, chiropractors, optometrists, and
- 11 dentists shall be conducted exclusively under chapters 334, 331, 336,
- 12 and 332, respectively.
- 13 4. State licensure for physicians and optometrists shall not be
- 14 conditioned upon or related to compliance with the "meaningful use" of
- 15 electronic health records as set forth in 45 CFR 170.

334.040. 1. Except as provided in section 334.260, all persons desiring to

- 2 practice as physicians and surgeons in this state shall be examined as to their
- 3 fitness to engage in such practice by the board. All persons applying for

4 examination shall file a completed application with the board upon forms 5 furnished by the board.

6 2. The examination shall be sufficient to test the applicant's fitness to practice as a physician and surgeon. The examination shall be conducted in such a manner as to conceal the identity of the applicant until all examinations have been scored. In all such examinations an average score of not less than seventy-five percent is required to pass; provided, however, that the board may 10 require applicants to take the Federation Licensing Examination, also known as FLEX, or the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE). If the 12 FLEX examination is required, a weighted average score of no less than 13 14 seventy-five is required to pass. Scores from one test administration of [the 15 FLEX an examination shall not be combined or averaged with scores from 16 other test administrations to achieve a passing score. [The passing score of the 17 United States Medical Licensing Examination shall be determined by the board 18 through rule and regulation.] Applicants graduating from a medical or osteopathic college, as [defined] described in section 334.031 prior to January 20 1, 1994, shall provide proof of successful completion of the FLEX, USMLE, [an exam administered by the National Board of Osteopathic Medical Examiners 2122 [(NBOME)] Comprehensive Licensing Exam (COMLEX), a state board 23examination approved by the board, compliance with subsection 2 of section 334.031, or compliance with 20 CSR 2150-2.005. Applicants graduating from a 24medical or osteopathic college, as [defined] described in section 334.031 on or 25 26 after January 1, 1994, must provide proof of successful completion of the 27 USMLE or [an exam administered by NBOME] the COMLEX or provide proof of compliance with subsection 2 of section 334.031. The board shall not issue a 28 29 permanent license as a physician and surgeon or allow the Missouri state board examination to be administered to any applicant who has failed to achieve a 30 31 passing score within three attempts on licensing examinations administered in one or more states or territories of the United States, the District of Columbia or 3233 Canada. The steps one, two and three of the United States Medical Licensing Examination or the National Board of Osteopathic Medical Examiners 34 Comprehensive Licensing Exam shall be taken within a seven-year period 35 36 with no more than three attempts on any step of the examination; however, the 37board may grant an extension of the seven-year period if the applicant has 38 obtained a MD/PhD degree in a program accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) and a regional university accrediting body or a 39

2

5

9

10

11 12

- DO/PhD degree accredited by the American Osteopathic Association and a regional university accrediting body. The board may waive the provisions of this 41 42section if the applicant is licensed to practice as a physician and surgeon in another state of the United States, the District of Columbia or Canada and the 43 applicant has achieved a passing score on a licensing examination administered 44 in a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia and no 45 license issued to the applicant has been disciplined in any state or territory of the 46 47 United States or the District of Columbia and the applicant is certified in the applicant's area of specialty by the American Board of Medical Specialties, the 48 American Osteopathic Association, or other certifying agency approved by the 49 50 board by rule].
- 51 3. If the board waives the provisions of this section, then the license 52 issued to the applicant may be limited or restricted to the applicant's board 53 specialty. The board shall not be permitted to favor any particular school or 54 system of healing.
- 4. If an applicant has not actively engaged in the practice of clinical 55 56 medicine or held a teaching or faculty position in a medical or osteopathic school approved by the American Medical Association, the Liaison Committee on Medical 57Education, or the American Osteopathic Association for any two years in the 58 three-year period immediately preceding the filing of his or her application for licensure, the board may require successful completion of another examination, continuing medical education, or further training before issuing a permanent 61 62 license. The board shall adopt rules to prescribe the form and manner of such reexamination, continuing medical education, and training.

### 334.280. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

- 3 (1) "Continuing medical education", continued postgraduate medical education intended to provide medical professionals with 4 knowledge of new developments in their field;
- 6 (2) "Maintenance of certification", any process requiring periodic recertification examinations to maintain specialty medical board 8 certification;
  - (3) "Maintenance of licensure", the Federation of State Medical Boards' proprietary framework for physician license renewal including additional periodic testing other than continuing medical education;
    - (4) "Specialty medical board certification", certification by a

board that specializes in one particular area of medicine and typically requires additional and more strenuous exams than state board of registration for the healing arts requirements to practice medicine.

- 2. The state shall not require any form of maintenance of licensure as a condition of physician licensure including requiring any form of maintenance of licensure tied to maintenance of certification. Current requirements including continuing medical education shall suffice to demonstrate professional competency.
- 3. The state shall not require any form of specialty medical board certification or any maintenance of certification to practice medicine within the state. There shall be no discrimination by the state board of registration for the healing arts or any other state agency against physicians who do not maintain specialty medical board certification including recertification.

338.202. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless
the prescriber has specified on the prescription that dispensing a
prescription for a maintenance medication in an initial amount
followed by periodic refills is medically necessary, a pharmacist may
exercise his or her professional judgment to dispense varying
quantities of maintenance medication per fill up to the total number of
dosage units as authorized by the prescriber on the original
prescription, including any refills. Dispensing of the maintenance
medication based on refills authorized by the physician on the
prescription shall be limited to no more than a ninety-day supply of the
medication, and the maintenance medication shall have been previously
prescribed to the patient for at least a three-month period.

2. For the purposes of this section "maintenance medication" is a medication prescribed for chronic, long-term conditions and is taken on a regular, recurring basis, except that it shall not include controlled substances as defined in section 195.010.

376.685. 1. No agreement between a health carrier or other insurer that writes vision insurance and an optometrist for the provision of vision services on a preferred or in-network basis to plan members or insurance subscribers in connection with coverage under a stand-alone vision plan, medical plan, health benefit plan, or health insurance policy shall require that an optometrist provide optometric or ophthalmic services or materials at a fee limited or set by the plan

- 8 or health carrier unless the services or materials are reimbursed as 9 covered services under the contract.
- 2. No provider shall charge more for services or materials that are not covered under a health benefit or vision plan than his or her usual and customary rate for those services or materials.
- 3. Reimbursement paid by the health benefit or vision plan for covered services or materials shall be reasonable and shall not provide nominal reimbursement in order to claim that services or materials are covered services. No health carrier shall provide de minimis reimbursement or coverage in an effort to avoid the requirements of this section.
- 4. No vision care insurance policy or vision care discount plan that provides covered services for materials shall have the effect, directly or indirectly, of limiting the choice of sources and suppliers of materials by a patient of a vision care provider.
- 5. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this section, nothing shall prohibit an optometrist from contractually opting in to an optometric services discount plan sponsored by a stand-alone vision plan, medical plan, health benefit plan, or health insurance policy.
- 6. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Covered services", optometric or ophthalmic services or materials for which reimbursement from the health benefit or vision plan is provided for by an enrollee's plan contract, or for which a reimbursement would be available but for the application of the enrollee's contractual limitations of deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, waiting periods, annual or lifetime maximums, alternative benefit payments, or frequency limitations;
- 36 (2) "Health benefit plan", the same meaning as such term is 37 defined in section 376.1350;
- 38 (3) "Health carrier", the same meaning as such term is defined in section 376.1350;
- 40 (4) "Materials", includes, but is not limited to, lenses, frames, 41 devices containing lenses, prisms, lens treatment and coatings, contact 42 lenses, orthoptics, vision training devices, and prosthetic devices to 43 correct, relieve, or treat defects or abnormal conditions of the human 44 eye or its adnexa;

- 45 (5) "Optometric services", any services within the scope of 46 optometric practice under chapter 336;
- 47 (6) "Vision plan", any policy, contract of insurance, or discount 48 plan issued by a health carrier, health benefit plan, or company which 49 provides coverage or a discount for optometric or ophthalmic services 50 or materials.
- 376.1237. 1. Each health carrier or health benefit plan that offers or issues health benefit plans which are delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after January 1, 2014, and that provides coverage for prescription eye drops shall provide coverage for the refilling of an eye drop prescription prior to the last day of the prescribed dosage period without regard to a coverage restriction for early refill of prescription renewals as long as the prescribing health care provider authorizes such early refill, and the health carrier or the health benefit plan is notified.
- 9 2. For the purposes of this section, health carrier and health benefit plan shall have the same meaning as defined in section 376.1350.
- 3. The coverage required by this section shall not be subject to any greater deductible or co-payment than other similar health care services provided by the health benefit plan.
- 4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a supplemental insurance policy, including a life care contract, accident-only policy, specified disease policy, hospital policy providing a fixed daily benefit only, Medicare supplement policy, long-term care policy, short-term major medical policies of six months' or less duration, or any other supplemental policy as determined by the director of the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration.
- 5. The provisions of this section shall terminate on January 1, [2017] 22 **2020**.

1