## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 1

## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR RUPP.

Pre-filed December 1, 2012, and ordered printed.

0225S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.210, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to workers' compensation, with an emergency clause for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.210, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, RSMo, are

- 2 repealed and five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 287.165, 287.210, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, to read as follows:

287.165. Unless otherwise provided for under this chapter,

- 2 interest for the purpose of this chapter shall be set at the adjusted rate
- 3 of interest established by the director of revenue pursuant to section
- 4 32.065.
  - 287.210. 1. After an employee has received an injury he shall from time
- 2 to time thereafter during disability submit to reasonable medical examination at
- 3 the request of the employer, [his] the employer's insurer, the commission, the
- 4 division [or], an administrative law judge, or the attorney general on behalf
- 5 of the second injury fund if the employer has not obtained a medical
- 6 examination report, the time and place of which shall be fixed with due regard
- 7 to the convenience of the employee and his physical condition and ability to
- 8 attend. The employee may have his own physician present, and if the employee
- 9 refuses to submit to the examination, or in any way obstructs it, his right to
- 10 compensation shall be forfeited during such period unless in the opinion of the
- 11 commission the circumstances justify the refusal or obstruction.
- 12 2. The commission, the division or administrative law judge shall, when
- 13 deemed necessary, appoint a duly qualified impartial physician to examine the

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

2930

3132

33 34

3536

37

38

39

40

41 42

43

44

45 46

47

48

49

injured employee, and any physician so chosen, if he accepts the appointment, shall promptly make the examination requested and make a complete medical report to the commission or the division in such duplication as to provide all parties with copies thereof. The physician's fee shall be fair and reasonable, as provided in subsection 3 of section 287.140, and the fee and other reasonable costs of the impartial examination may be paid as other costs under this chapter. If all the parties shall have had reasonable access thereto, the report of the physician shall be admissible in evidence.

- 3. The testimony of any physician who treated or examined the injured employee shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings for compensation under this chapter, but only if the medical report of the physician has been made available to all parties as in this section provided. Immediately upon receipt of notice from the division or the commission setting a date for hearing of a case in which the nature and extent of an employee's disability is to be determined, the parties or their attorneys shall arrange, without charge or costs, each to the other, for an exchange of all medical reports, including those made both by treating and examining physician or physicians, to the end that the parties may be commonly informed of all medical findings and opinions. The exchange of medical reports shall be made at least seven days before the date set for the hearing and failure of any party to comply may be grounds for asking for and receiving a continuance, upon proper showing by the party to whom the medical reports were not furnished. If any party fails or refuses to furnish the opposing party with the medical report of the treating or examining physician at least seven days before such physician's deposition or personal testimony at the hearing, as in this section provided, upon the objection of the party who was not provided with the medical report, the physician shall not be permitted to testify at that hearing or by medical deposition.
- 4. Upon request, an administrative law judge, the division, or the commission shall be provided with a copy of any medical report.
- 5. As used in this chapter the terms "physician's report" and "medical report" mean the report of any physician made on any printed form authorized by the division or the commission or any complete medical report. As used in this chapter the term "complete medical report" means the report of a physician giving the physician's qualifications and the patient's history, complaints, details of the findings of any and all laboratory, X-ray and all other technical examinations, diagnosis, prognosis, nature of disability, if any, and an estimate of the

52

53

54

55

56

5758

59

60

61

62

63 64

65 66

67 68

6970

7172

73

74

75

76

77

78

79 80

81 82

83

8485

50 percentage of permanent partial disability, if any. An element or elements of a 51 complete medical report may be met by the physician's records.

- 6. Upon the request of a party, the physician or physicians who treated or are treating the injured employee shall be required to furnish to the parties a rating and complete medical report on the injured employee, at the expense of the party selecting the physician, along with a complete copy of the physician's clinical record including copies of any records and reports received from other health care providers.
- 7. The testimony of a treating or examining physician may be submitted in evidence on the issues in controversy by a complete medical report and shall be admissible without other foundational evidence subject to compliance with the following procedures. The party intending to submit a complete medical report in evidence shall give notice at least sixty days prior to the hearing to all parties and shall provide reasonable opportunity to all parties to obtain cross-examination testimony of the physician by deposition. The notice shall include a copy of the report and all the clinical and treatment records of the physician including copies of all records and reports received by the physician from other health care providers. The party offering the report must make the physician available for cross-examination testimony by deposition not later than seven days before the matter is set for hearing, and each cross-examiner shall compensate the physician for the portion of testimony obtained in an amount not to exceed a rate of reasonable compensation taking into consideration the specialty practiced by the physician. Cross-examination testimony shall not bind the cross-examining party. Any testimony obtained by the offering party shall be at that party's expense on a proportional basis, including the deposition fee of the physician. Upon request of any party, the party offering a complete medical report in evidence must also make available copies of X rays or other diagnostic studies obtained by or relied upon by the physician. Within ten days after receipt of such notice a party shall dispute whether a report meets the requirements of a complete medical report by providing written objections to the offering party stating the grounds for the dispute, and at the request of any party, the administrative law judge shall rule upon such objections upon pretrial hearing whether the report meets the requirements of a complete medical report and upon the admissibility of the report or portions thereof. If no objections are filed the report is admissible, and any objections thereto are deemed waived. Nothing herein shall prevent the parties from agreeing to admit medical reports or records

SB 1 4

15

by consent. [The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims against 86 87 the second injury fund.

- 88 8. Certified copies of the proceedings before any coroner holding an inquest over the body of any employee receiving an injury in the course of his 89 employment resulting in death shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings 90 for compensation under this chapter, and it shall be the duty of the coroner to 91 give notice of the inquest to the employer and the dependents of the deceased 92 93 employee, who shall have the right to cross-examine the witness.
- 94 9. The division or the commission may in its discretion in extraordinary 95 cases order a postmortem examination and for that purpose may also order a body 96 exhumed.
- 287.220. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "Second Injury Fund" created exclusively for the purposes as in this section provided and for special weekly benefits in rehabilitation cases as provided in section 287.141. Maintenance of the second injury fund shall be as provided by section 287.710. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the second injury fund which shall be deposited the same as are state funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto. The fund shall be subject to audit the same as state funds and accounts and shall be protected by the general bond given by the state treasurer. Upon the requisition of the director of the division of workers' compensation, warrants on the 11 state treasurer for the payment of all amounts payable for compensation and benefits out of the second injury fund shall be 13 issued. 14
- 2. All claims against the second injury fund for injuries occurring prior to the effective date of this section shall be 16 compensated as provided in this subsection. All cases of permanent 17 disability where there has been previous disability shall be compensated as 18 19 herein provided. Compensation shall be computed on the basis of the average 20 earnings at the time of the last injury. If any employee who has a preexisting 21permanent partial disability whether from compensable injury or otherwise, of 22such seriousness as to constitute a hindrance or obstacle to employment or to 23obtaining reemployment if the employee becomes unemployed, and the preexisting permanent partial disability, if a body as a whole injury, equals a minimum of 24fifty weeks of compensation or, if a major extremity injury only, equals a 25

26 minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, according to the medical 27 standards that are used in determining such compensation, receives a subsequent compensable injury resulting in additional permanent partial disability so that 28 29 the degree or percentage of disability, in an amount equal to a minimum of fifty 30 weeks compensation, if a body as a whole injury or, if a major extremity injury only, equals a minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, caused 31 32 by the combined disabilities is substantially greater than that which would have resulted from the last injury, considered alone and of itself, and if the employee 33 is entitled to receive compensation on the basis of the combined disabilities, the 34 employer at the time of the last injury shall be liable only for the degree or 35 36 percentage of disability which would have resulted from the last injury had there 37 been no preexisting disability. After the compensation liability of the employer 38 for the last injury, considered alone, has been determined by an administrative law judge or the commission, the degree or percentage of employee's disability 39 40 that is attributable to all injuries or conditions existing at the time the last injury was sustained shall then be determined by that administrative law judge or by 41 42 the commission and the degree or percentage of disability which existed prior to the last injury plus the disability resulting from the last injury, if any, considered 43 alone, shall be deducted from the combined disability, and compensation for the 44 balance, if any, shall be paid out of a special fund known as the second injury 45 fund, hereinafter provided for. If the previous disability or disabilities, whether 46 from compensable injury or otherwise, and the last injury together result in total 47 48 and permanent disability, the minimum standards under this subsection for a 49 body as a whole injury or a major extremity injury shall not apply and the 50 employer at the time of the last injury shall be liable only for the disability resulting from the last injury considered alone and of itself; except that if the 51 compensation for which the employer at the time of the last injury is liable is less 52 than the compensation provided in this chapter for permanent total disability, 53 then in addition to the compensation for which the employer is liable and after 54 the completion of payment of the compensation by the employer, the employee 55 shall be paid the remainder of the compensation that would be due for permanent 56 57 total disability under section 287.200 out of [a special fund known as the "Second 58 Injury Fund" hereby created exclusively for the purposes as in this section 59 provided and for special weekly benefits in rehabilitation cases as provided in 60 section 287.141. Maintenance of the second injury fund shall be as provided by 61 section 287.710. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the second injury

fund which shall be deposited the same as are state funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto. The fund shall be subject to audit the same as state funds and accounts and shall be protected by the general bond given by the state treasurer. Upon the requisition of the director of the division of workers' compensation, warrants on the state treasurer for the payment of all amounts payable for compensation and benefits out of the second injury fund shall be issued.

- 2.] the second injury fund.
- 3. All claims against the second injury fund for injuries occurring after the effective date of this section shall be compensated as provided in this subsection.
- (1) No claims for permanent partial disability occurring after the effective date of this section shall be filed against the second injury fund. Claims for permanent total disability under section 287.200 against the second injury fund shall be compensable only when all of the following conditions are met:
- (a) An employee has a medically documented preexisting permanent partial disability as a direct result of active military duty in any branch of the United States armed forces or as a result of a preexisting permanent partial disability from a compensable injury as defined in section 287.020;
- (b) Such preexisting disability equals a minimum of fifty weeks of permanent partial disability compensation according to the medical standards that are used in determining such compensation; and
- (c) Such employee thereafter sustains a subsequent compensable work-related injury that, when combined with the preexisting disability, as set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, results in a permanent total disability as defined under this chapter.
- (2) When an employee is entitled to compensation as provided in this subsection, the employer at the time of the last work-related injury shall only be liable for the disability resulting from the subsequent work-related injury considered alone and of itself.
- (3) Compensation for benefits payable under this subsection shall be based on the employee's compensation rate calculated under section 287.250.
- **4.** In all cases in which a recovery against the second injury fund is 98 sought for permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or death, the

99 state treasurer as custodian thereof shall be named as a party, and shall be 100 entitled to defend against the claim.

- (1) The state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the attorney general of Missouri, may enter into agreed statements of fact that would affect the second injury fund, or compromise settlements as contemplated by section 287.390[, or agreed statements of fact that would affect the second injury fund. All awards for permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or death affecting the second injury fund shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter governing review and appeal] with the following limitations:
- (a) For all claims filed prior to the effective date of this section, with the exception of permanent total disability claims, such settlement may be made in any amount not to exceed sixty thousand dollars; or
- (b) For all permanent total disability claims, such settlement may be made in any amount not to exceed the sum of two hundred times the employee's permanent total disability rate as of the date of the injury.
- (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection to the contrary, the state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the attorney general and with the express authorization of the majority of the second injury fund commission, may enter into compromise settlements as contemplated by section 287.390 in any amount.
- (3) The state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the attorney general and with the express authorization of a majority of the second injury fund commission, may enter into compromise settlements with dependents of claimants, whether finally adjudicated or not, arising from the Missouri supreme court's decision in Schoemehl v. Treasurer of Missouri, 217 S.W.3d 900 (Mo. 2007).
- (4) For all claims filed against the second injury fund on or after July 1, 1994, the attorney general shall use assistant attorneys general except in circumstances where an actual or potential conflict of interest exists, to provide legal services as may be required in all claims made for recovery against the fund. Any legal expenses incurred by the attorney general's office in the handling of such claims, including, but not limited to, medical examination fees incurred under sections 287.210 and the expenses provided for under section 287.140, expert witness fees, court reporter expenses, travel costs, and related legal expenses shall be paid by the fund. Effective July 1, 1993, the payment of such legal expenses shall be contingent upon annual appropriations made by the

144

145

146

147

148149

150151

152153

154155

156

157

158

159

160

161162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

general assembly, from the fund, to the attorney general's office for this specific purpose.

- [3.] 5. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent temporary disabilities, compensation shall be payable only for the longest and largest paying disability.
- [4.] **6.** If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent and consecutive permanent partial disability, compensation payments for each subsequent disability shall not begin until the end of the compensation period of the prior disability.
  - [5.] 7. If an employer fails to insure or self-insure as required in section 287.280, funds from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover the fair, reasonable, and necessary expenses incurred relating to claims for injuries occurring prior to the effective date of this section, to cure and relieve the effects of the injury or disability of an injured employee in the employ of an uninsured employer consistent with subsection 3 of section 287.140, or in the case of death of an employee in the employ of an uninsured employer, funds from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover fair, reasonable, and necessary expenses incurred relating to a death occurring prior to the effective date of this section, in the manner required in sections 287.240 and 287.241. In defense of claims arising under this subsection, the treasurer of the state of Missouri, as custodian of the second injury fund, shall have the same defenses to such claims as would the uninsured employer. Any funds received by the employee or the employee's dependents, through civil or other action, must go towards reimbursement of the second injury fund, for all payments made to the employee, the employee's dependents, or paid on the employee's behalf, from the second injury fund pursuant to this subsection. The office of the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall bring suit in the circuit court of the county in which the accident occurred against any employer not covered by this chapter as required in section 287.280.
  - [6.] 8. Every [three years] year the second injury fund shall have an actuarial study made to determine the solvency of the fund taking into consideration any existing balance carried forward from a previous year, appropriate funding level of the fund, and forecasted expenditures from the fund. The first actuarial study shall be completed prior to July 1, [1988] 2014. The expenses of such actuarial studies shall be paid out of the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation.

194

195

196

197

198

199

200201

202

203

204

205

206

- [7.] 9. The director of the division of workers' compensation shall maintain the financial data and records concerning the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation and the second injury fund. The division shall also compile and report data on claims made pursuant to subsection 9 of this section. The attorney general shall provide all necessary information to the division for this purpose.
- 177 [8.] 10. All claims for fees and expenses filed against the second injury 178 fund and all records pertaining thereto shall be open to the public.
- 179 [9.] 11. Any employee who at the time a compensable work-related injury is sustained prior to the effective date of this section is employed by more 180 181 than one employer, the employer for whom the employee was working when the 182 injury was sustained shall be responsible for wage loss benefits applicable only 183 to the earnings in that employer's employment and the injured employee shall be entitled to file a claim against the second injury fund for any additional wage loss 184 185 benefits attributed to loss of earnings from the employment or employments where the injury did not occur, up to the maximum weekly benefit less those 186 187 benefits paid by the employer in whose employment the employee sustained the injury. The employee shall be entitled to a total benefit based on the total 188 189 average weekly wage of such employee computed according to subsection 8 of 190 section 287.250. The employee shall not be entitled to a greater rate of 191 compensation than allowed by law on the date of the injury. The employer for whom the employee was working where the injury was sustained shall be 192 193 responsible for all medical costs incurred in regard to that injury.
  - 12. No compensation shall be payable from the second injury fund if the employee elects to pursue compensation under the workers' compensation law of another state with jurisdiction over the employee's injury or accident or occupational disease.
  - 13. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 287.470, the life payments to an injured employee made from the fund shall be suspended when the employee is able to obtain suitable gainful employment or be self-employed in view of the nature and severity of the injury. The division shall promulgate rules setting forth a reasonable standard means test to determine if such employment warrants the suspension of benefits.
  - 14. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 287.470, the director may suspend, in whole or in part, the life payments to an

- 207 injured employee made from the fund when the employee becomes
- 208 eligible to receive Social Security benefits. In no case shall the sum of
- 209 the amount of monthly payments from the fund and the monthly Social
- 210 Security benefits attributable to the employee's injury, be less than the
- 211 monthly life payments from the fund the employee has been receiving.
- 212 15. All awards issued under this chapter affecting the second
- 213 injury fund shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter governing
- 214 review and appeal.
- 215 16. The division shall pay any liabilities of the fund in the
- 216 following priority:
- 217 (1) Expenses related to the legal defense of the fund under
- 218 subsection 4 of this section;
- 219 (2) Permanent total disability awards in the order in which
- 220 claims are settled or finally adjudicated;
- 221 (3) Permanent partial disability awards in the order in which
- 222 such claims are settled or finally adjudicated;
- 223 (4) Medical expenses incurred prior to July 1, 2012, under
- 224 subsection 7 of this section; and
- 225 (5) Interest on unpaid awards.
- 226 Such liabilities shall be paid to the extent the fund has a positive
- 227 balance. Any unpaid amounts shall remain an ongoing liability of the
- 228 fund until satisfied.
  - 287.690. [1.] Prior to December 31, 1993, for the purpose of providing for
  - 2 the expense of administering this chapter [and for the purpose set out in
  - 3 subsection 2 of this section], every person, partnership, association, corporation,
  - 4 whether organized under the laws of this or any other state or country, the state
  - 5 of Missouri, including any of its departments, divisions, agencies, commissions,
  - 6 and boards or any political subdivisions of the state who self-insure or hold
  - 7 themselves out to be any part self-insured, company, mutual company, the parties
  - 8 to any interindemnity contract, or other plan or scheme, and every other
  - 9 insurance carrier, insuring employers in this state against liability for personal
- 10 injuries to their employees, or for death caused thereby, under this chapter, shall
- 11 pay, as provided in this chapter, tax upon the net deposits, net premiums or net
- 12 assessments received, whether in cash or notes in this state, or on account of
- 13 business done in this state, for such insurance in this state at the rate of two
- 14 percent in lieu of all [other] **premium** taxes on such net deposits, net premiums

45

46 47

48

49

50

or net assessments, which amount of taxes shall be assessed and collected as 15 herein provided. Beginning October 31, 1993, and every year thereafter, the director of the division of workers' compensation shall estimate the amount of 17 revenue required to administer this chapter and the division director shall 18 determine the rate of tax to be paid in the following calendar year pursuant to 19 this section commencing with the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1994. If 20 the balance of the fund [estimated to be] on hand on [December thirty-first] July 2122 first of the year each tax rate determination is made on October thirty-first 23 is less than one hundred ten percent of the previous year's expenses plus any 24 additional revenue required due to new statutory requirements given to the 25 division by the general assembly, then the **division** director shall impose a tax 26 not to exceed two percent in lieu of all other taxes on net deposits, net premiums 27or net assessments, rounded up to the nearest one-half of a percentage point, which amount of taxes shall be assessed and collected as herein provided. The 28 29 net premium equivalent for individual self-insured employers and any group of political subdivisions of this state qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant 30 31 to this chapter as authorized by section 537.620 shall be based on average rate 32 classifications calculated by the department of insurance, financial institutions 33 and professional registration as taken from premium rates filed by the twenty insurance companies providing the greatest volume of workers' compensation 34 35 insurance coverage in this state. For employers qualified to self-insure their 36 liability pursuant to this chapter, the rates filed by such group of employers in 37 accordance with subsection 2 of section 287.280 shall be the net premium 38 equivalent. Every entity required to pay the tax imposed pursuant to this section and section 287.730 shall be notified by the division of workers' compensation 39 within ten calendar days of the date of the determination of the rate of tax to be 40 imposed for the following year. Net premiums, net deposits or net assessments 41 42 are defined as gross premiums, gross deposits or gross assessments less canceled or returned premiums, premium deposits or assessments and less dividends or 43 savings, actually paid or credited. 44

[2. After January 1, 1994, the director of the division shall make one or more loans to the Missouri employers mutual insurance company in an amount not to exceed an aggregate amount of five million dollars from the fund maintained to administer this chapter for start-up funding and initial capitalization of the company. The board of the company shall make application to the director for the loans, stating the amount to be loaned to the company. The

SB 1 12

13

15

21

22

25

27

31

loans shall be for a term of five years and, at the time the application for such 51 loans is approved by the director, shall bear interest at the annual rate based on 53 the rate for linked deposit loans as calculated by the state treasurer pursuant to section 30.758.] 54

287.715. 1. For the purpose of providing for revenue for the second injury fund, every authorized self-insurer, and every workers' compensation policyholder insured pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, shall be liable for payment of an annual surcharge in accordance with the provisions of this section. The annual surcharge imposed under this section shall apply to all workers' compensation insurance policies and self-insurance coverages which are written or renewed on or after April 26, 1988, including the state of Missouri, including any of its departments, divisions, agencies, commissions, and boards or any 9 political subdivisions of the state who self-insure or hold themselves out to be any part self-insured. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the surcharge 10 11 imposed pursuant to this section shall not apply to any reinsurance or retrocessional transaction. 12

2. Beginning October 31, 2005, and each year thereafter, the director of the division of workers' compensation shall estimate the amount of benefits 14 payable from the second injury fund during the following calendar year and shall calculate the total amount of the annual surcharge to be imposed during the 16 17 following calendar year upon all workers' compensation policyholders and authorized self-insurers. The amount of the annual surcharge percentage to be 18 19 imposed upon each policyholder and self-insured for the following calendar year 20 commencing with the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2006, shall be set at and calculated against a percentage, not to exceed three percent, of the policyholder's or self-insured's workers' compensation net deposits, net premiums, or net assessments for the previous policy year, rounded up to the nearest 23one-half of a percentage point, that shall generate, as nearly as possible, one 24hundred ten percent of the moneys to be paid from the second injury fund in the 26 following calendar year, less any moneys contained in the fund at the end of the previous calendar year. All policyholders and self-insurers shall be notified by 28 the division of workers' compensation within ten calendar days of the 29 determination of the surcharge percent to be imposed for, and paid in, the 30 following calendar year. The net premium equivalent for individual self-insured employers and any group of political subdivisions of this state qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter as authorized by section

51

52

53

54

55

56 57

58 59

60

62

6364

65

66

67

68

33 537.620 shall be based on average rate classifications calculated by the 34 department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration as 35 taken from premium rates filed by the twenty insurance companies providing the greatest volume of workers' compensation insurance coverage in this state. For 36 employers qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter, the 37 rates filed by such group of employers in accordance with subsection 2 of section 38 287.280 shall be the net premium equivalent. The director may advance funds 39 from the workers' compensation fund to the second injury fund if surcharge 40 collections prove to be insufficient. Any funds advanced from the workers' 41 compensation fund to the second injury fund must be reimbursed by the second 42 43 injury fund no later than December thirty-first of the year following the advance. The surcharge shall be collected from policyholders by each insurer at 44 the same time and in the same manner that the premium is collected, but no 45 insurer or its agent shall be entitled to any portion of the surcharge as a fee or 46 commission for its collection. The surcharge is not subject to any taxes, licenses 47 48 or fees.

- 49 3. All surcharge amounts imposed by this section shall be deposited to the 50 credit of the second injury fund.
  - 4. Such surcharge amounts shall be paid quarterly by insurers and self-insurers, and insurers shall pay the amounts not later than the thirtieth day of the month following the end of the quarter in which the amount is received from policyholders. If the director of the division of workers' compensation fails to calculate the surcharge by the thirty-first day of October of any year for the following year, any increase in the surcharge ultimately set by the director shall not be effective for any calendar quarter beginning less than sixty days from the date the director makes such determination.
  - 5. If a policyholder or self-insured fails to make payment of the surcharge or an insurer fails to make timely transfer to the division of surcharges actually collected from policyholders, as required by this section, a penalty of one-half of one percent of the surcharge unpaid, or untransferred, shall be assessed against the liable policyholder, self-insured or insurer. Penalties assessed under this subsection shall be collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding brought by the director of the division of workers' compensation.
  - 6. In order to maintain the fiscal solvency of the second injury fund, should the anticipated collections authorized in subsection 2 of this section fail to be sufficient to meet its current and anticipated

SB 1 14

83

84

85

86

87

88

89 90

91

93

94

95

96 97

98

99 100

101

102

103 104

105

legal obligations, provide funds to settle cases, and provide funds for 70 the administration of the fund for calendar years 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020, the director of the division of workers' compensation, shall determine the amount of revenue required. Notwithstanding subsection 2 of this section to the contrary, such necessary funds as determined by the director of the division of workers' compensation shall be collected with a supplemental 75surcharge, not to exceed one and one-half percent, calculated in like 76 manner as authorized in subsection 2 of this section. All policyholders 77and self-insurers shall be notified by the division of workers' 78compensation of the supplemental surcharge percent to be imposed for 79 such period of time as part of the notice provided in subsection 2 of 80 this section. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on 81 December 31, 2020. 82

- 7. In order to maintain the fiscal solvency of the second injury fund, should the anticipated collections authorized in subsections 2 and 6 of this section fail to be sufficient to meet its current and anticipated legal obligations, provide funds to settle cases, and provide funds for the administration of the fund for calendar years 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020, the second injury fund commission shall determine on or before October thirty-first the amount of revenue so required for the following calendar year. Notwithstanding subsection 2 of this section to the contrary, such necessary funds as determined by the second 92 injury fund commission shall be collected with a supplemental surcharge, not to exceed one and one-half percent, calculated in like manner as authorized in subsection 2 of this section. All policyholders and self-insurers shall be notified by the division of workers' compensation of the supplemental surcharge percent to be imposed for such period of time as part of the notice provided in subsection 2 of this section. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on December 31, 2020.
  - 8. Once the number of pending cases is reduced to the point where the number of staff with the attorney general's office defending the second injury fund can be reduced from July 2013 levels, the attorney general shall begin reducing such staff in proportion to the number of pending cases which remain.
    - 9. Funds collected under the provisions of this chapter shall be

106 the sole funding source of the second injury fund.

107 10. The "Second Injury Fund Commission" ishereby 108 established. The second injury fund commission shall be composed of four members including the governor, the attorney general, the 109 110 president pro tem of the senate, and the speaker of the house of representatives. Commission members may not appoint a designee to 111 serve in their absence. The second injury fund commission shall 112 convene as necessary as determined by the governor. The second 113 injury fund commission shall also reconvene within thirty days of any 114 official written request submitted to the governor by any member of the 115 second injury fund commission. The surcharge amount as authorized 116 under subsection 7 of this section shall be reviewed and established 117 annually by the second injury fund commission by a three-fourths vote. 118 The office of attorney general and the division of workers' 119 120 compensation shall provide technical assistance and support to the members of the second injury fund commission, for purposes of this 121 section. The members of the second injury fund commission shall 122 123 receive no compensation in addition to their salary as governor, attorney general, or members of the general assembly, but may receive 124 their necessary expenses while attending the meetings of the 125 126 commission, to be paid out of the second injury fund.

Section B. Because it is necessary to ensure the solvency of the second injury fund, the enactment of section 287.165 and the repeal and reenactment of section 287.220 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the enactment of section 287.165 and the repeal and reenactment of section 287.220 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.

/