SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 1020

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BROWN.

4918S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 190.100, 190.101, 190.103, 190.176, 190.200, 190.241, 190.243, and 190.245, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof nine new sections relating to emergency health care services.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 190.100, 190.101, 190.103, 190.176,

- 2 190.200, 190.241, 190.243, and 190.245, RSMo, are repealed and
- 3 nine new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as
- 4 sections 190.100, 190.101, 190.103, 190.176, 190.200, 190.241,
- 5 190.243, 190.245, and 190.257, to read as follows:

190.100. As used in sections 190.001 to 190.245 and

- 2 190.257, the following words and terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Advanced emergency medical technician" or "AEMT",
- 4 a person who has successfully completed a course of
- 5 instruction in certain aspects of advanced life support care
- 6 as prescribed by the department and is licensed by the
- 7 department in accordance with sections 190.001 to 190.245
- 8 and rules and regulations adopted by the department pursuant
- 9 to sections 190.001 to 190.245;
- 10 (2) "Advanced life support (ALS)", an advanced level
- 11 of care as provided to the adult and pediatric patient such
- 12 as defined by national curricula, and any modifications to
- 13 that curricula specified in rules adopted by the department
- 14 pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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15 "Ambulance", any privately or publicly owned vehicle or craft that is specially designed, constructed or 16 17 modified, staffed or equipped for, and is intended or used, maintained or operated for the transportation of persons who 18 19 are sick, injured, wounded or otherwise incapacitated or 20 helpless, or who require the presence of medical equipment being used on such individuals, but the term does not 21 22 include any motor vehicle specially designed, constructed or converted for the regular transportation of persons who are 23 24 disabled, handicapped, normally using a wheelchair, or otherwise not acutely ill, or emergency vehicles used within

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- 26 airports;

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- 27 "Ambulance service", a person or entity that (4)provides emergency or nonemergency ambulance transportation 28 and services, or both, in compliance with sections 190.001 29 30 to 190.245, and the rules promulgated by the department
- "Ambulance service area", a specific geographic 32 (5) 33 area in which an ambulance service has been authorized to 34 operate;

pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;

- "Basic life support (BLS)", a basic level of care, 35 as provided to the adult and pediatric patient as defined by 36 national curricula, and any modifications to that curricula 37 specified in rules adopted by the department pursuant to 38 sections 190.001 to 190.245; 39
- 40 "Council", the state advisory council on emergency 41 medical services;
- "Department", the department of health and senior 42 (8) services, state of Missouri; 43
- "Director", the director of the department of 44 health and senior services or the director's duly authorized 45 46 representative;

47 (10) "Dispatch agency", any person or organization 48 that receives requests for emergency medical services from 49 the public, by telephone or other means, and is responsible 50 for dispatching emergency medical services;

- (11) "Emergency", the sudden and, at the time,
 unexpected onset of a health condition that manifests itself
 by symptoms of sufficient severity that would lead a prudent
 layperson, possessing an average knowledge of health and
 medicine, to believe that the absence of immediate medical
 care could result in:
- 57 (a) Placing the person's health, or with respect to a 58 pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child, 59 in significant jeopardy;
 - (b) Serious impairment to a bodily function;
- 61 (c) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part;
- 62 (d) Inadequately controlled pain;

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- "Emergency medical dispatcher", a person who 63 (12)receives emergency calls from the public and has 64 65 successfully completed an emergency medical dispatcher course, meeting or exceeding the national curriculum of the 66 United States Department of Transportation and any 67 modifications to such curricula specified by the department 68 through rules adopted pursuant to sections 190.001 to 69 70 190.245;
- "Emergency medical responder", a person who has 71 72 successfully completed an emergency first response course meeting or exceeding the national curriculum of the U.S. 73 Department of Transportation and any modifications to such 74 75 curricula specified by the department through rules adopted 76 under sections 190.001 to 190.245 and who provides emergency 77 medical care through employment by or in association with an emergency medical response agency; 78

79 (14) "Emergency medical response agency", any person 80 that regularly provides a level of care that includes first 81 response, basic life support or advanced life support, 82 exclusive of patient transportation;

- 83 (15) "Emergency medical services for children (EMS-C)
 84 system", the arrangement of personnel, facilities and
 85 equipment for effective and coordinated delivery of
 86 pediatric emergency medical services required in prevention
 87 and management of incidents which occur as a result of a
 88 medical emergency or of an injury event, natural disaster or
 89 similar situation;
- 90 (16) "Emergency medical services (EMS) system", the 91 arrangement of personnel, facilities and equipment for the 92 effective and coordinated delivery of emergency medical 93 services required in prevention and management of incidents 94 occurring as a result of an illness, injury, natural 95 disaster or similar situation;
- 96 (17) "Emergency medical technician", a person licensed 97 in emergency medical care in accordance with standards 98 prescribed by sections 190.001 to 190.245, and by rules 99 adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245;
- 101 (18) "Emergency medical technician-basic" or "EMT-B",
 102 a person who has successfully completed a course of
 103 instruction in basic life support as prescribed by the
 104 department and is licensed by the department in accordance
 105 with standards prescribed by sections 190.001 to 190.245 and
 106 rules adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001
 107 to 190.245;
- 108 (19) "Emergency medical technician-community
 109 paramedic", "community paramedic", or "EMT-CP", a person who
 110 is certified as an emergency medical technician-paramedic

and is certified by the department in accordance with standards prescribed in section 190.098;

- 113 (20) "Emergency medical technician-paramedic" or "EMT-
- 114 P", a person who has successfully completed a course of
- instruction in advanced life support care as prescribed by
- 116 the department and is licensed by the department in
- accordance with sections 190.001 to 190.245 and rules
- adopted by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to
- 119 190.245;
- 120 (21) "Emergency services", health care items and
- 121 services furnished or required to screen and stabilize an
- 122 emergency which may include, but shall not be limited to,
- 123 health care services that are provided in a licensed
- 124 hospital's emergency facility by an appropriate provider or
- by an ambulance service or emergency medical response agency;
- 126 (22) "Health care facility", a hospital, nursing home,
- 127 physician's office or other fixed location at which medical
- 128 and health care services are performed;
- 129 (23) "Hospital", an establishment as defined in the
- 130 hospital licensing law, subsection 2 of section 197.020, or
- 131 a hospital operated by the state;
- 132 (24) "Medical control", supervision provided by or
- under the direction of physicians, or their designated
- 134 registered nurse, including both online medical control,
- instructions by radio, telephone, or other means of direct
- 136 communications, and offline medical control through
- 137 supervision by treatment protocols, case review, training,
- 138 and standing orders for treatment;
- 139 (25) "Medical direction", medical guidance and
- 140 supervision provided by a physician to an emergency services
- 141 provider or emergency medical services system;

142 (26) "Medical director", a physician licensed pursuant 143 to chapter 334 designated by the ambulance service or 144 emergency medical response agency and who meets criteria 145 specified by the department by rules pursuant to sections 146 190.001 to 190.245;

- 147 (27) "Memorandum of understanding", an agreement
 148 between an emergency medical response agency or dispatch
 149 agency and an ambulance service or services within whose
 150 territory the agency operates, in order to coordinate
 151 emergency medical services;
- 152 (28) "Patient", an individual who is sick, injured,
 153 wounded, diseased, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless,
 154 or dead, excluding deceased individuals being transported
 155 from or between private or public institutions, homes or
 156 cemeteries, and individuals declared dead prior to the time
 157 an ambulance is called for assistance;
- 158 "Person", as used in these definitions and elsewhere in sections 190.001 to 190.245, any individual, 159 160 firm, partnership, copartnership, joint venture, association, cooperative organization, corporation, 161 municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or 162 not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, 163 commission, board, bureau or fraternal organization, estate, 164 165 public trust, business or common law trust, receiver, 166 assignee for the benefit of creditors, trustee or trustee in 167 bankruptcy, or any other service user or provider;
- 168 (30) "Physician", a person licensed as a physician
 169 pursuant to chapter 334;
- 170 (31) "Political subdivision", any municipality, city, 171 county, city not within a county, ambulance district or fire 172 protection district located in this state which provides or 173 has authority to provide ambulance service;

174 "Professional organization", any organized group 175 or association with an ongoing interest regarding emergency 176 medical services. Such groups and associations could include those representing volunteers, labor, management, 177 firefighters, EMT-B's, nurses, EMT-P's, physicians, 178 179 communications specialists and instructors. Organizations could also represent the interests of ground ambulance 180 181 services, air ambulance services, fire service 182 organizations, law enforcement, hospitals, trauma centers, 183 communication centers, pediatric services, labor unions and 184 poison control services; "Proof of financial responsibility", proof of 185

- 186 ability to respond to damages for liability, on account of accidents occurring subsequent to the effective date of such 187 188 proof, arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle in the financial amount set in rules 189 190 promulgated by the department, but in no event less than the statutory minimum required for motor vehicles. Proof of 191 192 financial responsibility shall be used as proof of selfinsurance; 193
- 194 (34) "Protocol", a predetermined, written medical care 195 quideline, which may include standing orders;
- 196 (35) "Regional EMS advisory committee", a committee
 197 formed within an emergency medical services (EMS) region to
 198 advise ambulance services, the state advisory council on EMS
 199 and the department;
- 200 (36) "Specialty care transportation", the
 201 transportation of a patient requiring the services of an
 202 emergency medical technician-paramedic who has received
 203 additional training beyond the training prescribed by the
 204 department. Specialty care transportation services shall be
 205 defined in writing in the appropriate local protocols for

206 ground and air ambulance services and approved by the local

- 207 physician medical director. The protocols shall be
- 208 maintained by the local ambulance service and shall define
- 209 the additional training required of the emergency medical
- 210 technician-paramedic;
- 211 (37) "Stabilize", with respect to an emergency, the
- 212 provision of such medical treatment as may be necessary to
- 213 attempt to assure within reasonable medical probability that
- 214 no material deterioration of an individual's medical
- 215 condition is likely to result from or occur during ambulance
- 216 transportation unless the likely benefits of such
- 217 transportation outweigh the risks;
- 218 (38) "State advisory council on emergency medical
- 219 services", a committee formed to advise the department on
- 220 policy affecting emergency medical service throughout the
- 221 state;
- 222 (39) "State EMS medical directors advisory committee",
- 223 a subcommittee of the state advisory council on emergency
- 224 medical services formed to advise the state advisory council
- on emergency medical services and the department on medical
- 226 issues;
- 227 (40) "STEMI" or "ST-elevation myocardial infarction",
- 228 a type of heart attack in which impaired blood flow to the
- patient's heart muscle is evidenced by ST-segment elevation
- 230 in electrocardiogram analysis, and as further defined in
- rules promulgated by the department under sections 190.001
- 232 to 190.250;
- 233 (41) "STEMI care", includes education and prevention,
- 234 emergency transport, triage, and acute care and
- 235 rehabilitative services for STEMI that requires immediate
- 236 medical or surgical intervention or treatment;

- 237 (42)"STEMI center", a hospital that is currently 238 designated as such by the department to care for patients 239 with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarctions; "Stroke", a condition of impaired blood flow to a 240 patient's brain as defined by the department; 241 242 (44)"Stroke care", includes emergency transport, triage, and acute intervention and other acute care services 243 244 for stroke that potentially require immediate medical or 245 surgical intervention or treatment, and may include 246 education, primary prevention, acute intervention, acute and subacute management, prevention of complications, secondary 247 stroke prevention, and rehabilitative services; 248 249 (45)"Stroke center", a hospital that is currently 250 designated as such by the department; 251 "Time-critical diagnosis", trauma care, stroke 252 care, and STEMI care occurring either outside of a hospital 253 or in a center designated under section 190.241; 254 "Time-critical diagnosis advisory committee", a (47)committee formed under section 190.257 to advise the 255 256 department on policies impacting trauma, stroke, and STEMI 257 center designations; regulations on trauma care, stroke care, and STEMI care; and the transport of trauma, stroke, 258 259 and STEMI patients; 260 (48)"Trauma", an injury to human tissues and organs 261 resulting from the transfer of energy from the environment; [(47)] (49) "Trauma care" includes injury prevention, 262 263 triage, acute care and rehabilitative services for major single system or multisystem injuries that potentially 264 require immediate medical or surgical intervention or 265
- 267 [(48)] (50) "Trauma center", a hospital that is currently designated as such by the department.

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treatment;

190.101. 1. There is hereby established a "State

- 2 Advisory Council on Emergency Medical Services" which shall
- 3 consist of sixteen members, one of which shall be a resident
- 4 of a city not within a county. The members of the council
- 5 shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and
- 6 consent of the senate and shall serve terms of four years.
- 7 The governor shall designate one of the members as
- 8 chairperson. The chairperson may appoint subcommittees that
- 9 include noncouncil members.
- 10 2. The state EMS medical directors advisory committee
- 11 and the regional EMS advisory committees will be recognized
- 12 as subcommittees of the state advisory council on emergency
- 13 medical services.
- 14 3. The council shall have geographical representation
- 15 and representation from appropriate areas of expertise in
- 16 emergency medical services including volunteers,
- 17 professional organizations involved in emergency medical
- 18 services, EMT's, paramedics, nurses, firefighters,
- 19 physicians, ambulance service administrators, hospital
- 20 administrators and other health care providers concerned
- 21 with emergency medical services. The regional EMS advisory
- 22 committees shall serve as a resource for the identification
- 23 of potential members of the state advisory council on
- 24 emergency medical services.
- 25 4. The state EMS medical director, as described under
- section 190.103, shall serve as an ex officio member of the
- 27 council.
- 28 5. The members of the council and subcommittees shall
- 29 serve without compensation except that members of the
- 30 council shall, subject to appropriations, be reimbursed for
- 31 reasonable travel expenses and meeting expenses related to
- 32 the functions of the council.

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133 [5.] 6. The purpose of the council is to make 34 recommendations to the governor, the general assembly, and 35 the department on policies, plans, procedures and proposed 36 regulations on how to improve the statewide emergency 37 medical services system. The council shall advise the 38 governor, the general assembly, and the department on all 39 aspects of the emergency medical services system.

- [6.**] 7.** (1) There is hereby established a standing subcommittee of the council to monitor the implementation of the recognition of the EMS personnel licensure interstate compact under sections 190.900 to 190.939, the interstate commission for EMS personnel practice, and the involvement of the state of Missouri. The subcommittee shall meet at least biannually and receive reports from the Missouri delegate to the interstate commission for EMS personnel practice. The subcommittee shall consist of at least seven members appointed by the chair of the council, to include at least two members as recommended by the Missouri state council of firefighters and one member as recommended by the Missouri Association of Fire Chiefs. The subcommittee may submit reports and recommendations to the council, the department of health and senior services, the general assembly, and the governor regarding the participation of Missouri with the recognition of the EMS personnel licensure interstate compact.
- 58 (2) The subcommittee shall formally request a public 59 hearing for any rule proposed by the interstate commission 60 for EMS personnel practice in accordance with subsection 7 61 of section 190.930. The hearing request shall include the 62 request that the hearing be presented live through the 63 internet. The Missouri delegate to the interstate 64 commission for EMS personnel practice shall be responsible

- 65 for ensuring that all hearings, notices of, and related
- 66 rulemaking communications as required by the compact be
- 67 communicated to the council and emergency medical services
- $\,$ personnel under the provisions of subsections 4, 5, 6, and 8 $\,$

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- 69 of section 190.930.
- 70 (3) The department of health and senior services shall
- 71 not establish or increase fees for Missouri emergency
- 72 medical services personnel licensure in accordance with this
- 73 chapter for the purpose of creating the funds necessary for
- 74 payment of an annual assessment under subdivision (3) of
- 75 subsection 5 of section 190.924.
- 76 8. The council shall consult with the time-critical
- 77 diagnosis advisory committee, as described under section
- 78 190.257, regarding time-critical diagnosis.
 - 190.103. 1. One physician with expertise in emergency
- 2 medical services from each of the EMS regions shall be
- 3 elected by that region's EMS medical directors to serve as a
- 4 regional EMS medical director. The regional EMS medical
- 5 directors shall constitute the state EMS medical director's
- 6 advisory committee and shall advise the department and their
- 7 region's ambulance services on matters relating to medical
- 8 control and medical direction in accordance with sections
- 9 190.001 to 190.245 and rules adopted by the department
- 10 pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245. The regional EMS
- 11 medical director shall serve a term of four years. The
- 12 southwest, northwest, and Kansas City regional EMS medical
- 13 directors shall be elected to an initial two-year term. The
- 14 central, east central, and southeast regional EMS medical
- 15 directors shall be elected to an initial four-year term.
- 16 All subsequent terms following the initial terms shall be
- 17 four years. The state EMS medical director shall be the
- 18 chair of the state EMS medical director's advisory

19 committee, and shall be elected by the members of the

- 20 regional EMS medical director's advisory committee, shall
- 21 serve a term of four years, and shall seek to coordinate EMS
- 22 services between the EMS regions, promote educational
- 23 efforts for agency medical directors, represent Missouri EMS
- 24 nationally in the role of the state EMS medical director,
- 25 and seek to incorporate the EMS system into the health care
- 26 system serving Missouri.
- 2. A medical director is required for all ambulance
- 28 services and emergency medical response agencies that
- 29 provide: advanced life support services; basic life support
- 30 services utilizing medications or providing assistance with
- 31 patients' medications; or basic life support services
- 32 performing invasive procedures including invasive airway
- 33 procedures. The medical director shall provide medical
- 34 direction to these services and agencies in these instances.
- 35 3. The medical director, in cooperation with the
- 36 ambulance service or emergency medical response agency
- 37 administrator, shall have the responsibility and the
- 38 authority to ensure that the personnel working under their
- 39 supervision are able to provide care meeting established
- 40 standards of care with consideration for state and national
- 41 standards as well as local area needs and resources. The
- 42 medical director, in cooperation with the ambulance service
- 43 or emergency medical response agency administrator, shall
- 44 establish and develop triage, treatment and transport
- 45 protocols, which may include authorization for standing
- 46 orders. Emergency medical technicians shall only perform
- 47 those medical procedures as directed by treatment protocols
- 48 approved by the local medical director or when authorized
- 49 through direct communication with online medical control.

- 50 4. All ambulance services and emergency medical response agencies that are required to have a medical 51 52 director shall establish an agreement between the service or agency and their medical director. The agreement will 53 54 include the roles, responsibilities and authority of the 55 medical director beyond what is granted in accordance with sections 190.001 to 190.245 and rules adopted by the 56 57 department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245. The
- agreement shall also include grievance procedures regarding the emergency medical response agency or ambulance service,
- 60 personnel and the medical director.
- 5. Regional EMS medical directors and the state EMS medical director elected as provided under subsection 1 of this section shall be considered public officials for purposes of sovereign immunity, official immunity, and the Missouri public duty doctrine defenses.
- 66 6. The state EMS medical director's advisory committee 67 shall be considered a peer review committee under section 68 537.035.
- 7. Regional EMS medical directors may act to provide 69 70 online telecommunication medical direction to AEMTs, EMT-Bs, 71 EMT-Ps, and community paramedics and provide offline medical 72 direction per standardized treatment, triage, and transport 73 protocols when EMS personnel, including AEMTs, EMT-Bs, EMT-74 Ps, and community paramedics, are providing care to special 75 needs patients or at the request of a local EMS agency or 76 medical director.
- 8. When developing treatment protocols for special needs patients, regional EMS medical directors may promulgate such protocols on a regional basis across multiple political subdivisions' jurisdictional boundaries, and such protocols may be used by multiple agencies

- 82 including, but not limited to, ambulance services, emergency
- 83 response agencies, and public health departments. Treatment
- 84 protocols shall include steps to ensure the receiving
- 85 hospital is informed of the pending arrival of the special
- 86 needs patient, the condition of the patient, and the
- 87 treatment instituted.
- 9. Multiple EMS agencies including, but not limited
- 89 to, ambulance services, emergency response agencies, and
- 90 public health departments shall take necessary steps to
- 91 follow the regional EMS protocols established as provided
- 92 under subsection 8 of this section in cases of mass casualty
- 93 or state-declared disaster incidents.
- 94 10. When regional EMS medical directors develop and
- 95 implement treatment protocols for patients or provide online
- 96 medical direction for patients, such activity shall not be
- 97 construed as having usurped local medical direction
- 98 authority in any manner.
- 99 11. The state EMS medical directors advisory committee
- 100 shall review and make recommendations regarding all proposed
- 101 community and regional time-critical diagnosis plans.
- 102 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
- 103 contrary, when regional EMS medical directors are providing
- 104 either online telecommunication medical direction to AEMTs,
- 105 EMT-Bs, EMT-Ps, and community paramedics, or offline medical
- 106 direction per standardized EMS treatment, triage, and
- 107 transport protocols for patients, those medical directions
- 108 or treatment protocols may include the administration of the
- 109 patient's own prescription medications.
 - 190.176. 1. The department shall develop and
 - 2 administer a uniform data collection system on all ambulance
 - 3 runs and injured patients, pursuant to rules promulgated by
 - 4 the department for the purpose of injury etiology, patient

5 care outcome, injury and disease prevention and research

- 6 purposes. The department shall not require disclosure by
- 7 hospitals of data elements pursuant to this section unless
- 8 those data elements are required by a federal agency or were
- 9 submitted to the department as of January 1, 1998, pursuant
- 10 to:
- 11 (1) Departmental regulation of trauma centers; or
- 12 (2) [The Missouri brain and spinal cord injury
- registry established by sections 192.735 to 192.745; or
- 14 (3)] Abstracts of inpatient hospital data; or
- 15 [(4)] (3) If such data elements are requested by a
- 16 lawful subpoena or subpoena duces tecum.
- 17 2. All information and documents in any civil action,
- 18 otherwise discoverable, may be obtained from any person or
- 19 entity providing information pursuant to the provisions of
- 20 sections 190.001 to 190.245.
 - 190.200. 1. The department of health and senior
 - 2 services in cooperation with hospitals and local and
 - 3 regional EMS systems and agencies may provide public and
 - 4 professional information and education programs related to
 - 5 emergency medical services systems including trauma, STEMI,
 - 6 and stroke systems and emergency medical care and
 - 7 treatment. The department of health and senior services may
 - 8 also provide public information and education programs for
- 9 informing residents of and visitors to the state of the
- 10 availability and proper use of emergency medical services,
- 11 of the designation a hospital may receive as a trauma
- 12 center, stroke center, or STEMI center, of the value and
- 13 nature of programs to involve citizens in the administering
- of prehospital emergency care, including cardiopulmonary
- 15 resuscitation, and of the availability of training programs
- in emergency care for members of the general public.

17 2. The department shall, for **trauma care**, STEMI care, 18 and stroke care respectively:

- 19 (1) Compile [and], assess, and make publicly available 20 peer-reviewed and evidence-based clinical research and 21 guidelines that provide or support recommended treatment 22 standards and that have been recommended by the time-
- 23 critical diagnosis advisory committee;

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clinical research;

- 24 (2) Assess the capacity of the emergency medical 25 services system and hospitals to deliver recommended 26 treatments in a timely fashion;
- Use the research, quidelines, and assessment to 27 promulgate rules establishing protocols for transporting 28 trauma patients to a trauma center, STEMI patients to a 29 30 STEMI center, or stroke patients to a stroke center. Such 31 transport protocols shall direct patients to trauma centers, 32 STEMI centers, and stroke centers under section 190.243 33 based on the centers' capacities to deliver recommended acute care treatments within time limits suggested by 34
 - (4) Define regions within the state for purposes of coordinating the delivery of **trauma centers**, STEMI care, and stroke care, respectively;
- 39 (5) Promote the development of regional or community-40 based plans for transporting STEMI or stroke patients via 41 ground or air ambulance to STEMI centers or stroke centers, 42 respectively, in accordance with section 190.243; and
 - (6) Establish procedures for the submission of community-based or regional plans for department approval.
- 3. A community-based or regional plan for the
 transport of trauma, STEMI, and stroke patients shall be
 submitted to the department for approval. Such plan shall
 be based on the clinical research and guidelines and

49 assessment of capacity described in subsection [1] 2 of this 50 section and shall include a mechanism for evaluating its 51 effect on medical outcomes. Upon approval of a plan, the department shall waive the requirements of rules promulgated 52 53 under sections 190.100 to 190.245 that are inconsistent with 54 the community-based or regional plan. A community-based or regional plan shall be developed by [or in consultation 55 56 with] the representatives of hospitals, physicians, and 57 emergency medical services providers in the community or 58 region.

190.241. 1. Except as provided for in subsection 4 of 2 this section, the department shall designate a hospital as 3 an adult, pediatric or adult and pediatric trauma center when a hospital, upon proper application submitted by the 4 5 hospital and site review, has been found by the department 6 to meet the applicable level of trauma center criteria for 7 designation in accordance with rules adopted by the department as prescribed by section 190.185. Site review 8 9 may occur onsite or by any reasonable means of 10 communication, or by any combination thereof. Such rules shall include designation as a trauma center without site 11 review if such hospital is verified by a national verifying 12 or designating body at the level which corresponds to a 13 14 level approved in rule. In developing trauma center 15 designation criteria, the department shall use, as it deems practicable, peer-reviewed and evidence-based clinical 16 research and guidelines, including, but not limited to, the 17 most recent guidelines of the American College of Surgeons. 18

2. Except as provided for in subsection [5] 4 of this section, the department shall designate a hospital as a STEMI or stroke center when such hospital, upon proper application and site review, has been found by the

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23 department to meet the applicable level of STEMI or stroke 24 center criteria for designation in accordance with rules 25 adopted by the department as prescribed by section 190.185. Site review may occur onsite or by any reasonable means of 26 27 communication, or by any combination thereof. In developing STEMI center and stroke center designation criteria, the 28 department shall use, as it deems practicable, [appropriate] 29 30 peer-reviewed [or] and evidence-based clinical research [on 31 such topics] and guidelines, including, but not limited to, 32 the most recent guidelines of the American College of Cardiology [and], the American Heart Association [for STEMI 33 centers, or the Joint Commission's Primary Stroke Center 34 Certification program criteria for stroke centers, or 35 Primary and Comprehensive Stroke Center Recommendations as 36 37 published by], or the American Stroke Association. rules shall include designation as a STEMI center or stroke 38 39 center without site review if such hospital is certified by 40 a national body. 41 The department of health and senior services shall, not less than once every [five] three years, conduct [an on-42 site] a site review of every trauma, STEMI, and stroke 43 center through appropriate department personnel or a 44 qualified contractor, with the exception of trauma centers, 45 46 STEMI centers, and stroke centers designated pursuant to 47 subsection [5] 4 of this section; however, this provision is 48 not intended to limit the department's ability to conduct a 49 complaint investigation pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of section 197.080 of any trauma, STEMI, or 50 stroke center. [On-site] Site reviews shall be coordinated 51 for the different types of centers to the extent practicable 52 with hospital licensure inspections conducted under chapter 53 197. No person shall be a qualified contractor for purposes 54

55 of this subsection who has a substantial conflict of interest in the operation of any trauma, STEMI, or stroke 56 57 center under review. The department may deny, place on probation, suspend or revoke such designation in any case in 58 which it has [reasonable cause to believe that] determined 59 60 there has been a substantial failure to comply with the 61 provisions of this chapter or any rules or regulations 62 promulgated pursuant to this chapter. Centers that are 63 placed on probationary status shall be required to 64 demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this chapter and any rules or regulations promulgated under this chapter 65 within twelve months of the date of the receipt of the 66 notice of probationary status, unless otherwise provided by 67 a settlement agreement with a duration of a maximum of 68 69 eighteen months between the department and the designated 70 center. If the department of health and senior services has 71 [reasonable cause to believe] determined that a hospital is not in compliance with such provisions or regulations, it 72 may conduct additional announced or unannounced site reviews 73 of the hospital to verify compliance. If a trauma, STEMI, 74 75 or stroke center fails two consecutive [on-site] site reviews because of substantial noncompliance with standards 76 prescribed by sections 190.001 to 190.245 or rules adopted 77 78 by the department pursuant to sections 190.001 to 190.245, 79 its center designation shall be revoked. Instead of applying for trauma, STEMI, or 80 81

4. (1) Instead of applying for trauma, STEMI, or stroke center designation under subsection 1 or 2 of this section, a hospital may apply for trauma, STEMI, or stroke center designation under this subsection. Upon receipt of an application [from a hospital] on a form prescribed by the department, the department shall designate such hospital[:

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86	(1) A level I STEMI center if such hospital has been
87	certified as a Joint Commission comprehensive cardiac center
88	or another department-approved nationally recognized
89	organization that provides comparable STEMI center
90	accreditation; or
91	(2) A level II STEMI center if such hospital has been
92	accredited as a Mission: Lifeline STEMI receiving center by
93	the American Heart Association accreditation process or
94	another department-approved nationally recognized
95	organization that provides STEMI receiving center
96	accreditation.
97	5. Instead of applying for stroke center designation
98	pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section,
99	a hospital may apply for stroke center designation pursuant
100	to this subsection. Upon receipt of an application from a
101	hospital on a form prescribed by the department, the
102	department shall designate such hospital:
103	(1) A level I stroke center if such hospital has been
104	certified as a comprehensive stroke center by the Joint
105	Commission or any other certifying organization designated
106	by the department when such certification is in accordance
107	with the American Heart Association/American Stroke
108	Association guidelines;
109	(2) A level II stroke center if such hospital has been
110	certified as a primary stroke center by the Joint Commission
111	or any other certifying organization designated by the
112	department when such certification is in accordance with the
113	American Heart Association/American Stroke Association
114	guidelines; or
115	(3) A level III stroke center if such hospital has
116	been certified as an acute stroke-ready hospital by the
117	Joint Commission or any other certifying organization

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118 designated by the department when such certification is in accordance with the American Heart Association/American 119 Stroke Association guidelines] at a state level that 120 121 corresponds to a similar national designation, as set forth 122 in rules promulgated by the department. The rules shall be 123 based on standards of nationally-recognized organizations and the recommendations of the time-critical diagnosis 124 125 advisory committee. 126 Except as provided by subsection [6] 5 of this 127 section, the department shall not require compliance with any additional standards for establishing or renewing 128 129 trauma, STEMI, or stroke designations. The designation shall continue if such hospital remains certified or 130 131 verified. The department may remove a hospital's 132 designation as a trauma center, STEMI center, or stroke center if the hospital requests removal of the designation 133 or the department determines that the certificate 134 [recognizing] or verification that qualified the hospital 135 [as a stroke center] for the designation under this 136 137 subsection has been suspended or revoked. Any decision made 138 by the department to withdraw its designation of a [stroke] center pursuant to this subsection that is based on the 139 140 revocation or suspension of a certification or verification 141 by a certifying or verifying organization shall not be 142 subject to judicial review. The department shall report to the certifying or verifying organization any complaint it 143 receives related to the [stroke] center [certification of a 144 145 stroke center] designated pursuant to this subsection. The department shall also advise the complainant which 146 147 organization certified or verified the [stroke] center and provide the necessary contact information should the

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complainant wish to pursue a complaint with the certifying or verifying organization.

- [6.] 5. Any hospital receiving designation as a trauma
 center, STEMI center, or stroke center pursuant to
 subsection [5] 4 of this section shall:
 - (1) [Annually and] Within thirty days of any changes or receipt of a certificate or verification, submit to the department proof of [stroke] certification or verification and the names and contact information of the center's medical director and the program manager [of the stroke center];
- 160 (2) [Submit to the department a copy of the certifying
 161 organization's final stroke certification survey results
 162 within thirty days of receiving such results;
- 163 (3) Submit every four years an application on a form
 164 prescribed by the department for stroke center review and
 165 designation;
 - (4) Participate in the emergency medical services regional system of stroke care in its respective emergency medical services region as defined in rules promulgated by the department;
- 170 (5)] Participate in local and regional emergency
 171 medical services systems [by reviewing and sharing outcome
 172 data and] for purposes of providing training [and], sharing
 173 clinical educational resources, and collaborating on
 174 improving patient outcomes.
- 175 Any hospital receiving designation as a level III stroke
 176 center pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of this section shall
 177 have a formal agreement with a level I or level II stroke
 178 center for physician consultative services for evaluation of

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stroke patients for thrombolytic therapy and the care of the patient post-thrombolytic therapy.

- [7.] 6. Hospitals designated as a trauma center, STEMI
 center, or stroke center by the department[, including those
 designated pursuant to subsection 5 of this section,] shall
 submit data [to meet the data submission requirements
 specified by rules promulgated by the department. Such
 submission of data may be done] by one of the following
 methods:
- 188 (1) Entering hospital data [directly] into a state

 189 registry [by direct data entry]; or
- 190 (2) [Downloading hospital data from a nationally

 191 recognized registry or data bank and importing the data

 192 files into a state registry; or
 - Authorizing a nationally recognized registry or (3) data bank to disclose or grant access to the department facility-specific data held by the] Entering hospital data into a national registry or data bank. A hospital submitting data pursuant to this subdivision [(2) or (3) of this subsection] shall not be required to collect and submit any additional trauma, STEMI, or stroke center data elements. No hospital submitting data to a national data registry or data bank under this subdivision shall withhold authorization for the department to access such data through such national data registry or data bank. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring duplicative data entry by a hospital that is otherwise complying with the provisions of this subsection. Failure of the department to obtain access to data submitted to a national data registry or data bank shall not be construed as noncompliance by a hospital under this subsection.

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210 [8.] 7. When collecting and analyzing data pursuant to 211 the provisions of this section, the department shall comply 212 with the following requirements:

- 213 (1) Names of any health care professionals, as defined 214 in section 376.1350, shall not be subject to disclosure;
- 215 (2) The data shall not be disclosed in a manner that
 216 permits the identification of an individual patient or
 217 encounter;
 - (3) The data shall be used for the evaluation and improvement of hospital and emergency medical services' trauma, stroke, and STEMI care; and
- 221 (4) [The data collection system shall be capable of 222 accepting file transfers of data entered into any national 223 recognized trauma, stroke, or STEMI registry or data bank to 224 fulfill trauma, stroke, or STEMI certification reporting 225 requirements; and
- 226 (5)**]** Trauma, STEMI, and stroke center data elements shall conform to [nationally recognized performance 227 228 measures, such as the American Heart Association's Get With 229 the Guidelines] national registry or data bank data 230 elements, and include published detailed measure specifications, data coding instructions, and patient 231 population inclusion and exclusion criteria to ensure data 232 233 reliability and validity.
- 234 [9. The board of registration for the healing arts
 235 shall have sole authority to establish education
 236 requirements for physicians who practice in an emergency
 237 department of a facility designated as a trauma, STEMI, or
 238 stroke center by the department under this section. The
 239 department shall deem such education requirements
 240 promulgated by the board of registration for the healing

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arts sufficient to meet the standards for designations under this section.

- 10.1 8. The department shall not have authority to establish additional education requirements for emergency medicine board-certified or board-eligible physicians, either through the American Board of Emergency Medicine (ABEM) or American Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine (AOBEM), who are practicing in the emergency department of a facility designated as a trauma center, STEMI center, or stroke center by the department under this section. department shall deem the education requirements promulgated by ABEM or AOBEM to meet the standards for designations Education requirements for non-ABEM or under this section. non-AOBEM certified physicians, nurses, and other providers who provide care at a facility designated as a trauma center, STEMI center, or stroke center by the department under this section shall equal, but not exceed, those established by national designating or verifying bodies of trauma centers, STEMI centers, or stroke centers.
- 9. The department of health and senior services may only establish appropriate fees to offset the costs of trauma, STEMI, and stroke center [reviews] surveys.
- [11.] 10. No hospital shall hold itself out to the public as a STEMI center, stroke center, adult trauma center, pediatric trauma center, or an adult and pediatric trauma center unless it is designated as such by the department of health and senior services.
- [12.] 11. Any person aggrieved by an action of the department of health and senior services affecting the trauma, STEMI, or stroke center designation pursuant to this chapter, including the revocation, the suspension, or the granting of, refusal to grant, or failure to renew a

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273 designation, may seek a determination thereon by the 274 administrative hearing commission under chapter 621. 275 shall not be a condition to such determination that the 276

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person aggrieved seek a reconsideration, a rehearing, or exhaust any other procedure within the department. 190.243. 1. Severely injured patients shall be transported to a trauma center. Patients who suffer a 2 3 STEMI, as defined in section 190.100, shall be transported to a STEMI center. Patients who suffer a stroke, as defined 4 5 in section 190.100, shall be transported to a stroke center. 6 A physician, physician assistant, or registered nurse authorized by a physician who has established verbal 7 8 communication with ambulance personnel shall instruct the 9 ambulance personnel to transport a severely ill or injured patient to the closest hospital or designated trauma, STEMI, 10 or stroke center, as determined according to estimated 11 12 transport time whether by ground ambulance or air ambulance, in accordance with transport protocol approved by the 13 14 medical director and the department of health and senior services, even when the hospital is located outside of the 15 ambulance service's primary service area. When initial 16 17 transport from the scene of illness or injury to a trauma, STEMI, or stroke center would be prolonged, the STEMI, 18 19 stroke, or severely injured patient may be transported to 20 the nearest appropriate facility for stabilization prior to 21 transport to a trauma, STEMI, or stroke center.

- Transport of the STEMI, stroke, or severely injured patient shall be governed by principles of timely and medically appropriate care; consideration of reimbursement mechanisms shall not supersede those principles.
- 4. Patients who do not meet the criteria for direct 26 transport to a trauma, STEMI, or stroke center shall be 27

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- transported to and cared for at the hospital of their choice so long as such ambulance service is not in violation of
- 30 local protocols.
 - 190.245. [The department shall require hospitals, as
- defined by chapter 197, designated as trauma, STEMI, or
- 3 stroke centers to provide for a peer review system, approved
- 4 by the department, for trauma, STEMI, and stroke cases,
- respective to their designations, under section 537.035.
- 6 For purposes of sections 190.241 to 190.245, the department
- of health and senior services shall have the same powers and
- 8 authority of a health care licensing board pursuant to
- 9 subsection 6 of section 537.035.] Failure of a hospital to
- 10 provide all medical records and quality improvement
- 11 documentation necessary for the department to implement
- 12 provisions of sections 190.241 to 190.245 shall result in
- 13 the revocation of the hospital's designation as a trauma
- 14 center, STEMI center, or stroke center. Any medical records
- obtained by the department [or peer review committees] shall
- 16 be used only for purposes of implementing the provisions of
- sections 190.241 to 190.245 and the names of hospitals,
- 18 physicians and patients shall not be released by the
- 19 department or members of review [committees] teams.
 - 190.257. 1. There is hereby established the "Time-
- 2 Critical Diagnosis Advisory Committee", to be designated by
- 3 the director for the purpose of advising and making
- 4 recommendations to the department on:
- 5 (1) Improvement of public and professional education
- 6 related to time-critical diagnosis;
- 7 (2) Engagement in cooperative research endeavors;
- 8 (3) Development of standards, protocols, and policies
- 9 related to time-critical diagnosis, including
- 10 recommendations for state regulations; and

11 (4) Evaluation of community and regional time-critical 12 diagnosis plans, including recommendations for changes.

- 2. The members of the committees shall serve without compensation, except that the department shall budget for reasonable travel expenses and meeting expenses related to the functions of the committees.
- 3. The director shall appoint sixteen members to the committee from applications submitted for appointment, with the membership to be composed of the following:
- 20 (1) Six members, one from each EMS region, who are 21 active participants providing emergency medical services, 22 with at least:
- 23 (a) One member who is a physician serving as a 24 regional EMS medical director;
- 25 (b) One member who serves on an air ambulance service;
- 26 (c) One member who resides in an urban area; and
- 27 (d) One member who resides in a rural area; and
- 28 (2) Ten members who represent hospitals, with at least:
- 29 (a) One member who is employed by a level I or level
- 30 II trauma center;
- 31 (b) One member who is employed by a level I or level
- 32 II STEMI center;
- 33 (c) One member who is employed by a level I or level
- 34 II stroke center;
- 35 (d) One member who is employed by a rural or critical
- 36 access hospital; and
- 37 (e) Three physicians, with one physician certified by
- 38 the American Board of Emergency Medicine (ABEM) or American
- 39 Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine (AOBEM) and two
- 40 physicians employed in time-critical diagnosis specialties
- 41 at a level I or level II trauma center, STEMI center, or
- 42 stroke center.

- 43 4. In addition to the sixteen appointees, the state
 44 EMS medical director shall serve as an ex officio member of
 45 the committee.
- 5. The director shall make a reasonable effort to
 ensure that the members representing hospitals have
 geographical representation from each district of the state
 designated by a statewide nonprofit membership association
 of hospitals.
 - 6. Members appointed by the director shall be appointed for three-year terms. Initial appointments shall include extended terms in order to establish a rotation to ensure that only approximately one-third of the appointees will have their term expire in any given year. An appointee wishing to continue in his or her role on the committee shall resubmit an application as required by this section.
 - 7. The committee shall consult with the state advisory council on emergency medical services, as described in section 190.101, regarding issues involving emergency medical services.

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