SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 1211

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BEAN.

5524S.03I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 393.170, 523.010, 523.039, 523.040, and 523.060, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to eminent domain for certain utilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 393.170, 523.010, 523.039, 523.040,

- 2 and 523.060, RSMo, are repealed and five new sections enacted
- 3 in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 393.170, 523.010,
- 4 523.039, 523.040, and 523.060, to read as follows:

393.170. 1. No gas corporation, electrical

- 2 corporation, water corporation or sewer corporation shall
- 3 begin construction of a gas plant, electric plant, water
- 4 system or sewer system, other than an energy generation unit
- 5 that has a capacity of one megawatt or less, without first
- 6 having obtained the permission and approval of the
- 7 commission.
- 8 2. No such corporation shall exercise any right or
- 9 privilege under any franchise hereafter granted, or under
- 10 any franchise heretofore granted but not heretofore actually
- 11 exercised, or the exercise of which shall have been
- 12 suspended for more than one year, without first having
- 13 obtained the permission and approval of the commission.
- 14 Before such certificate shall be issued a certified copy of
- 15 the charter of such corporation shall be filed in the office
- 16 of the commission, together with a verified statement of the
- 17 president and secretary of the corporation, showing that it

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

SB 1211

has received the required consent of the proper municipal authorities.

- 3. The commission shall have the power to grant the permission and approval herein specified whenever it shall after due hearing determine that such construction or such exercise of the right, privilege or franchise is necessary or convenient for the public service. The commission may by its order impose such condition or conditions as it may deem reasonable and necessary. Unless exercised within a period of two years from the grant thereof, any authority conferred by [such certificate of convenience and necessity issued by] this section by the commission shall be null and void.
- 4. For purposes of the application of this section to any approval, permission, right, privilege, or franchise for electrical corporations, the term "public service" shall mean the delivery of electrical service to consumers in this state, and the exercise of any authority conferred by the commission shall mean the actual commencement of construction on such electrical system. No such approval, permission, or certificate of convenience and necessity shall be granted by the commission without the prior approval of the county commission for each county through which the electrical system seeking approval shall pass. Any transmission line providing less than fifty percent of its electrical load to consumers in this state shall not be considered public service.

523.010. 1. In case land, or other property, is
sought to be appropriated by any road, railroad, street
railway, telephone, telegraph or any electrical corporation
organized for the manufacture or transmission of electric
current for light, heat or power, including the
construction, when that is the case, of necessary dams and

appurtenant canals, flumes, tunnels and tailraces and 7 8 including the erection, when that is the case, of necessary 9 electric steam powerhouses, hydroelectric powerhouses and electric substations or any oil, pipeline or gas corporation 10 engaged in the business of transporting or carrying oil, 11 liquid fertilizer solutions, or gas by means of pipes or 12 pipelines laid underneath the surface of the ground, or 13 14 other corporation created under the laws of this state for public use, and such corporation and the owners cannot agree 15 16 upon the proper compensation to be paid, or in the case the owner is incapable of contracting, be unknown, or be a 17 nonresident of the state, such corporation may apply to the 18 19 circuit court of the county of this state where such land or any part thereof lies by petition setting forth the general 20 directions in which it is desired to construct its road, 21 22 railroad, street railway, telephone, or telegraph line or electric line, including, when that is the case, the 23 24 construction and maintenance of necessary dams and 25 appurtenant canals, tunnels, flumes and tailraces and, when that is the case, the appropriation of land submerged by the 26 construction of such dam, and including the erection and 27 maintenance, when that is the case, of necessary electric 28 steam powerhouses, hydroelectric powerhouses and electric 29 30 substations, or oil, pipeline, liquid fertilizer solution pipeline, or gas line over or underneath the surface of such 31 32 lands, a description of the real estate, or other property, 33 which the company seeks to acquire; the names of the owners thereof, if known; or if unknown, a pertinent description of 34 the property whose owners are unknown and praying the 35 appointment of three disinterested residents of the county, 36 as commissioners, or a jury, to assess the damages which 37 such owners may severally sustain in consequence of the 38

54

55 56

57

58

59

60

61

39 establishment, erection and maintenance of such road, 40 railroad, street railway, telephone, telegraph line, or 41 electrical line including damages from the construction and maintenance of necessary dams and the condemnation of land 42 submerged thereby, and the construction and maintenance of 43 appurtenant canals, flumes, tunnels and tailraces and the 44 45 erection and maintenance of necessary electric steam 46 powerhouses, hydroelectric powerhouses and electric 47 substations, or oil, pipeline, or gas line over or 48 underneath the surface of such lands; to which petition the owners of any or all as the plaintiff may elect of such 49 parcels as lie within the county or circuit may be made 50 51 parties defendant by names if the names are known, and by the description of the unknown owners of the land therein 52 described if their names are unknown. 53

- 2. If the proceedings seek to affect the lands of persons under conservatorship, the conservators must be made parties defendant. If the present owner of any land to be affected has less estate than a fee, the person having the next vested estate in remainder may at the option of the petitioners be made party defendant; but if such remaindermen are not made parties, their interest shall not be bound by the proceedings.
- 3. It shall not be necessary to make any persons party defendants in respect to their ownership unless they are either in actual possession of the premises to be affected claiming title or having a title of the premises appearing of record upon the proper records of the county.
- 4. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to give a public utility, as defined in section 386.020, or a rural electric cooperative, as provided in chapter 394, the power to

71 condemn property which is currently used by another provider

- 72 of public utility service, including a municipality or a
- 73 special purpose district, when such property is used or
- 74 useful in providing utility services, if the public utility
- 75 or cooperative seeking to condemn such property, directly or
- 76 indirectly, will use or proposes to use the property for the
- 77 same purpose, or a purpose substantially similar to the
- 78 purpose for which the property is being used by the provider
- 79 of the public utility service.
- 80 5. A public utility or a rural electric cooperative
- 81 may only condemn the property of another provider of public
- 82 utility service, even if the property is used or useful in
- 83 providing utility services by such provider, if the
- 84 condemnation is necessary for the public purpose of
- 85 acquiring a nonexclusive easement or right-of-way across the
- 86 property of such provider and only if the acquisition will
- 87 not materially impair or interfere with the current use of
- 88 such property by the utility or cooperative and will not
- 89 prevent or materially impair such provider of public utility
- 90 service from any future expansion of its facilities on such
- 91 property.
- 92 6. If a public utility or rural electric cooperative
- 93 seeks to condemn the property of another provider of public
- 94 utility service, and the conditions in subsection 4 of this
- 95 section do not apply, this section does not limit the
- 96 condemnation powers otherwise possessed by such public
- 97 utility or rural electric cooperative.
- 98 7. Suits in inverse condemnation or involving
- 99 dangerous conditions of public property against a municipal
- 100 corporation established under Article VI, Section 30(a) of
- 101 the Missouri Constitution shall be brought only in the
- 102 county where such land or any part thereof lies.

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- 8. For purposes of this section, the authority for an electrical corporation as defined in section 386.020 to condemn property shall not extend to the construction or operation of transmission lines that provide less than fifty percent of their electrical load to end user electrical consumers in this state.
 - 523.039. 1. In all condemnation proceedings filed

 after December 31, 2006, just compensation for condemned

 property shall be determined under one of the three

 following subdivisions, whichever yields the highest

 compensation, as applicable to the particular type of

 property and taking:
 - 7 (1) An amount equivalent to the fair market value of 8 such property;
- 9 (2) For condemnations that result in a homestead 10 taking, an amount equivalent to the fair market value of 11 such property multiplied by one hundred twenty-five percent; 12 or
 - (3) For condemnations of property that result in any taking that prevents the owner from utilizing property in substantially the same manner as it was currently being utilized on the day of the taking and involving property owned within the same family for fifty or more years, an amount equivalent to the sum of the fair market value and heritage value. For the purposes of this subdivision, family ownership of property may be established through evidence of ownership by children, grandchildren, siblings, or nephews or nieces of the family member owning the property fifty years prior to the taking; and in addition, may be established through marriage or adoption by such family members. If any entity owns the real property,

members of the family shall have an ownership interest in

27 more than fifty percent of the entity in order to be within

- 28 the family line of ownership for the purposes of this
- 29 subdivision. The property owner shall have the burden of
- 30 proving to the commissioners or jury that the property has
- 31 been owned within the same family for fifty or more years.
- 32 2. For condemnation of any agricultural or
- 33 horticultural property by an electrical corporation as
- defined in section 386.020, just compensation shall be an
- 35 amount equivalent to fair market value multiplied by one
- 36 hundred fifty percent.
 - 523.040. 1. The court, or judge thereof in vacation,
- 2 on being satisfied that due notice of the pendency of the
- 3 petition has been given, shall appoint three disinterested
- 4 commissioners, who shall be residents of the county in which
- 5 the real estate or a part thereof is situated, and in any
- 6 city not within a county, any county with a charter form of
- 7 government and with more than one million inhabitants, or
- 8 any county with a charter form of government and with more
- 9 than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred
- 10 thousand inhabitants at least one of the commissioners shall
- 11 be either a licensed real estate broker or a state-licensed
- 12 or state-certified real estate appraiser, to assess the
- 13 damages which the owners may severally sustain by reason of
- 14 such appropriation, who, within forty-five days after
- 15 appointment by the court, which forty-five days may be
- 16 extended by the court to a date certain with good cause
- 17 shown, after applying the definition of fair market value
- 18 contained in subdivision (1) of section 523.001, and after
- 19 having viewed the property, shall return to the clerk of
- 20 such court, under oath, their report in duplicate of such
- 21 assessment of damages, setting forth the amount of damages
- 22 allowed to the person or persons named as owning or claiming

the tract of land condemned, and should more than one tract 23 be condemned in the petition, then the damages allowed to 24 25 the owner, owners, claimant or claimants of each tract, respectively, shall be stated separately, together with a 26 27 specific description of the tracts for which such damages are assessed; and the clerk shall file one copy of said 28 29 report in his office and record the same in the order book 30 of the court, and he shall deliver the other copy, duly certified by him, to the recorder of deeds of the county 31 32 where the land lies (or to the recorder of deeds of the city of St. Louis, if the land lies in said city) who shall 33 record the same in his office, and index each tract 34 35 separately as provided in section 59.440, and the fee for so recording shall be taxed by the clerk as costs in the 36 proceedings; and thereupon such company shall pay to the 37 clerk the amount thus assessed for the party in whose favor 38 such damages have been assessed; and on making such payment 39 40 it shall be lawful for such company to hold the interest in 41 the property so appropriated for the uses prescribed in this 42 section; and upon failure to pay the assessment, the court may, upon motion and notice by the party entitled to such 43 damages, enforce the payment of the same by execution, 44 unless the said company shall, within ten days from the 45 return of such assessment, elect to abandon the proposed 46 appropriation of any parcel of land, by an instrument in 47 writing to that effect, to be filed with the clerk of the 48 49 court, and entered on the minutes of the court, and as to so 50 much as is thus abandoned, the assessment of damages shall be void. 51 2. Prior to the issuance of any report under 52

2. Prior to the issuance of any report under subsection 1 of this section, a commissioner shall notify all parties named in the condemnation petition no less than

- 55 ten days prior to the commissioners' viewing of the property
- of the named parties' opportunity to accompany the
- 57 commissioners on the commissioners' viewing of the property
- 58 and of the named parties' opportunity to present information
- 59 to the commissioners.
- 3. The commissioners shall view the property, hear
- 61 arguments, and review other relevant information that may be
- offered by the parties.
- 4. In any condemnation proceeding involving
- 64 agricultural or horticultural property, at least one of the
- disinterested commissioners appointed by the court shall be
- a farmer who has been engaged in farming for a minimum of
- 67 ten years in the county where such property is situated.
 - 523.060. 1. Any plaintiff or defendant, individual or
- 2 corporate, shall have the right of trial by jury of twelve
- 3 persons, if either party file exceptions to the award of
- 4 commissioners in any condemnation case.
- 5 2. Such jury shall use the definition of fair market
- 6 value provided for in subdivision (1) of section 523.001.
- 7 3. In any condemnation proceeding commenced by an
- 8 electrical corporation as defined in section 386.020, if the
- 9 amount awarded is greater than the offer made by the
- 10 condemning authority pursuant to section 523.253, the court
- 11 may award attorney's fees to the property owner.

√