## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 6

## 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR WIELAND.

0932S.01I

## **AN ACT**

To repeal section 375.246, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to credit for reinsurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 375.246, RSMo, is repealed and one new

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary

- 2 section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 375.246,
- 3 to read as follows:
  - 375.246. 1. Credit for reinsurance shall be allowed a
- 2 domestic ceding insurer as either an asset or a reduction
- 3 from liability on account of reinsurance ceded only when the
- 4 reinsurer meets the requirements of subdivisions (1) [to],
- 5 (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7) of this subsection; provided
- 6 further, that the director may adopt by rule under
- 7 subdivision (2) of subsection 4 of this section specific
- 8 additional requirements relating to or setting forth the
- 9 valuation of assets or reserve credits, the amount and forms
- 10 of security supporting reinsurance arrangements described in
- 11 subdivision (2) of subsection 4 of this section, or the
- 12 circumstances under which credit will be reduced or
- 13 eliminated. Credit shall be allowed pursuant to subdivision
- 14 (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection only as respects cessions
- 15 of those kinds or classes of business which the assuming
- 16 insurer is licensed or otherwise permitted to write or
- 17 assume in its state of domicile or, in the case of a United
- 18 States branch of an alien assuming insurer, in the state

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

19 through which it is entered and licensed to transact

- 20 insurance or reinsurance. Credit shall be allowed pursuant
- 21 to subdivision (3), (4), or (5) of this subsection only if
- 22 the applicable requirements of subdivision [(7)] (8) have
- 23 been satisfied.
- 24 (1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is
- 25 ceded to an assuming insurer that is licensed to transact
- 26 insurance in this state;
- 27 (2) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is
- 28 ceded to an assuming insurer that is accredited by the
- 29 director as a reinsurer in this state. In order to be
- 30 eligible for accreditation, a reinsurer shall:
- 31 (a) File with the director evidence of its submission
- 32 to this state's jurisdiction;
- 33 (b) Submit to the authority of the department of
- 34 commerce and insurance to examine its books and records;
- 35 (c) Be licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance
- 36 in at least one state, or in the case of a United States
- 37 branch of an alien assuming insurer is entered through and
- 38 licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least
- 39 one state;
- 40 (d) File annually with the director a copy of its
- 41 annual statement filed with the insurance department of its
- 42 state of domicile and a copy of its most recent audited
- 43 financial statement; and
- 44 (e) Demonstrate to the satisfaction of the director
- 45 that it has adequate financial capacity to meet its
- 46 reinsurance obligations and is otherwise qualified to assume
- 47 reinsurance from domestic insurers. An assuming insurer is
- 48 deemed to meet such requirement as of the time of its
- 49 application if it maintains a surplus regarding
- 50 policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million

51 dollars and its accreditation has not been denied by the 52 director within ninety days after submission of its

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- (3) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is 54 55 ceded to an assuming insurer that is domiciled in, or in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer 56 is entered through, a state that employs standards regarding 57 credit for reinsurance substantially similar to those 58 applicable under this statute and the assuming insurer or 59 60 United States branch of an alien assuming insurer:
  - Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million dollars; except that this paragraph does not apply to reinsurance ceded and assumed pursuant to pooling arrangements among insurers in the same holding company system; and
  - Submits to the authority of the department of (b) commerce and insurance to examine its books and records;
- Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance (4)is ceded to an assuming insurer that maintains a trust fund in a qualified United States financial institution, as 70 defined in subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section, 72 for the payment of the valid claims of its United States ceding insurers, their assigns and successors in interest. 73 74 To enable the director to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund, the assuming insurer shall report annually to 75 the director information substantially the same as that 77 required to be reported on the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' annual statement form by licensed 78 insurers. The assuming insurer shall submit to examination 79 of its books and records by the director. 80

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- 81 (b) Credit for reinsurance shall not be granted 82 pursuant to this subdivision unless the form of the trust 83 and any amendments to the trust have been approved by:
- The commissioner or director of the state agency 84 85 regulating insurance in the state where the trust is domiciled; or 86
- The commissioner or director of another state who, 87 88 pursuant to the terms of the trust instrument, has accepted 89 principal regulatory oversight of the trust.
- 90 The form of the trust and any trust amendments shall also be filed with the commissioner or director in 91 every state in which the ceding insurer beneficiaries of the 92 93 trust are domiciled. The trust instrument shall provide that contested claims shall be valid and enforceable upon 94 the final order of any court of competent jurisdiction in 95 96 the United States. The trust shall vest legal title to its 97 assets in its trustees for the benefit of the assuming insurer's United States ceding insurers, their assigns and 98 99 successors in interest. The trust and the assuming insurer 100 shall be subject to examination as determined by the 101 director.
  - The trust shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer has outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance agreements subject to the trust. No later than February twenty-eighth of each year the trustees of the trust shall report to the director in writing the balance of the trust and listing the trust's investments at the preceding year end and shall certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the trust will not expire prior to the next following December thirty-first.
- The following requirements apply to the following categories of assuming insurers: 112

- 113 The trust fund for a single assuming insurer shall 114 consist of funds in trust in an amount not less than the 115 assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by the United States ceding insurers, and, in 116 117 addition, the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed 118 surplus of not less than twenty million dollars, except as provided in subparagraph b. of this paragraph; 119 120 b. At any time after the assuming insurer has 121 permanently discontinued underwriting new business secured 122 by the trust for at least three full years, the director 123 with principal regulator oversight of the trust may 124 authorize a reduction in the required trusteed surplus, but only after a finding based on an assessment of risk that the 125 126 new required surplus level is adequate for the protection of 127 United States ceding insurers, policyholders, and claimants in light of reasonably foreseeable adverse loss 128 129 development. The risk assessment may involve an actuarial review, including an independent analysis of reserves and 130 131 cash flows, and shall consider all material risk factors including, when applicable, the lines of business involved, 132 the stability of the incurred loss estimates, and the effect 133 of the surplus requirements on the assuming insurer's 134 liquidity or solvency. The minimum required trusteed 135 136 surplus shall not be reduced to an amount less than thirty percent of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable 137 138 to reinsurance ceded by United States ceding insurers 139 covered by the trust; c. In the case of a group of incorporated and 140 141 individual unincorporated underwriters:
- (i) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an inception, amendment or renewal date on or after January 1, 1993, the trust shall consist of a trusteed

- 145 account in an amount not less than the respective
- 146 underwriter's several liabilities attributable to business
- 147 ceded by United States domiciled ceding insurers to any
- 148 underwriter of the group;
- 149 (ii) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance
- agreements with an inception date on or before December 31,
- 151 1992, and not amended or renewed after that date,
- 152 notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the
- 153 trust shall consist of a trustee account in an amount not
- 154 less than the respective underwriter's several insurance and
- reinsurance liabilities attributable to business in the
- 156 United States; and
- 157 (iii) In addition to these trusts, the group shall
- 158 maintain in trust a trusteed surplus of which one hundred
- 159 million dollars shall be held jointly for the benefit of the
- 160 United States domiciled ceding insurers of any member of the
- 161 group for all years of account;
- d. The incorporated members of the group shall not be
- 163 engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member
- of the group and shall be subject to the same level of
- 165 regulation and solvency control by the group's domiciliary
- 166 regulator as are the unincorporated members;
- e. Within ninety days after its financial statements
- 168 are due to be filed with the group's domiciliary regulator,
- the group shall provide to the director an annual
- 170 certification by the group's domiciliary regulator of the
- 171 solvency of each underwriter member; or if a certification
- is unavailable, financial statements, prepared by
- independent public accountants, of each underwriter member
- 174 of the group;
- 175 (5) (a) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance
- 176 is ceded to an assuming insurer that has been certified by

- 177 the director as a reinsurer in this state and secures its
- 178 obligations in accordance with the requirements of this
- 179 subdivision.
- 180 (b) In order to be eligible for certification, the
- 181 assuming insurer shall meet the following requirements:
- a. The assuming insurer shall be domiciled and
- 183 licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in a qualified
- 184 jurisdiction, as determined by the director under paragraph
- 185 (d) of this subdivision;
- b. The assuming insurer shall maintain minimum capital
- 187 and surplus, or its equivalent, in an amount to be
- 188 determined by the director by rule;
- 189 c. The assuming insurer shall maintain financial
- 190 strength ratings from two or more rating agencies deemed
- 191 acceptable by the director by rule;
- d. The assuming insurer shall agree to submit to the
- 193 jurisdiction of this state, appoint the director as its
- 194 agent for service of process in this state, and agree to
- 195 provide security for one hundred percent of the assuming
- 196 insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by
- 197 United States ceding insurers if it resists enforcement of a
- 198 final United States judgment;
- 199 e. The assuming insurer shall agree to meet applicable
- 200 information filing requirements as determined by the
- 201 director, both with respect to an initial application for
- 202 certification and on an ongoing basis; and
- f. The assuming insurer shall satisfy any other
- 204 requirements for certification deemed relevant by the
- 205 director.
- 206 (c) An association including incorporated and
- 207 individual unincorporated underwriters may be a certified

reinsurer. To be eligible for certification, in addition to satisfying requirements of paragraph (b) of this subdivision:

- 210 a. The association shall satisfy its minimum capital
- 211 and surplus requirements through the capital and surplus
- 212 equivalents (net of liabilities) of the association and its
- 213 members, which shall include a joint central fund that may
- 214 be applied to any unsatisfied obligation of the association
- 215 or any of its members, in an amount determined by the
- 216 director to provide adequate protection;
- b. The incorporated members of the association shall
- 218 not be engaged in any business other than underwriting as a
- 219 member of the association and shall be subject to the same
- level of regulation and solvency control by the
- association's domiciliary regulator as are the
- 222 unincorporated members; and
- 223 c. Within ninety days after its financial statements
- are due to be filed with the association's domiciliary
- 225 regulator, the association shall provide to the director:
- 226 (i) An annual certification by the association's
- 227 domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter
- 228 member; or
- 229 (ii) If a certification is unavailable, financial
- 230 statements prepared by independent public accountants of
- 231 each underwriter member of the association.
- 232 (d) a. The director shall create and publish a list
- 233 of qualified jurisdictions, under which an assuming insurer
- 234 licensed and domiciled in such jurisdiction is eligible to
- 235 be considered for certification by the director as a
- 236 certified reinsurer.
- b. To determine whether the domiciliary jurisdiction
- of a non-United States assuming insurer is eligible to be
- recognized as a qualified jurisdiction, the director shall

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240 evaluate the appropriateness and effectiveness of the 241 reinsurance supervisory system of the jurisdiction, both 242 initially and on an ongoing basis, and consider the rights, benefits, and extent of reciprocal recognition afforded by 243 244 the non-United States jurisdiction to reinsurers licensed 245 and domiciled in the United States. A qualified jurisdiction shall agree to share information and cooperate 246 with the director with respect to all certified reinsurers 247 domiciled within that jurisdiction. A jurisdiction shall 248 249 not be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction if the 250 director has determined that the jurisdiction does not adequately and promptly enforce final United States 251

254 The director may consider a list of qualified 255 jurisdictions published by the National Association of 256 Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) in determining qualified jurisdictions for the purposes of this section. 257 258 director approves a jurisdiction as qualified that does not appear on the list of qualified jurisdictions, the director 259 260 shall provide thoroughly documented justification in accordance with criteria to be developed by rule. 261

considered at the discretion of the director.

judgments and arbitration awards. Additional factors may be

- d. United States jurisdictions that meet the requirement for accreditation under the NAIC financial standards and accreditation program shall be recognized as qualified jurisdictions.
- e. If a certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction ceases to be a qualified jurisdiction, the director has the discretion to suspend the reinsurer's certification indefinitely, in lieu of revocation.
- 270 (e) The director shall assign a rating to each 271 certified reinsurer, giving due consideration to the

272 financial strength ratings that have been assigned by rating

- 273 agencies deemed acceptable to the director by rule. The
- 274 director shall publish a list of all certified reinsurers
- 275 and their ratings.
- 276 (f) a. A certified reinsurer shall secure obligations
- 277 assumed from United States ceding insurers under this
- 278 subdivision at a level consistent with its rating, as
- 279 specified in regulations promulgated by the director.
- b. For a domestic ceding insurer to qualify for full
- 281 financial statement credit for reinsurance ceded to a
- 282 certified reinsurer, the certified reinsurer shall maintain
- 283 security in a form acceptable to the director and consistent
- with the provisions of this section or in a multibeneficiary
- 285 trust in accordance with paragraph (e) of subdivision (4) of
- 286 this subsection, except as otherwise provided in this
- 287 subdivision.
- c. If a certified reinsurer maintains a trust to fully
- 289 secure its obligations under paragraph (d) of subdivision
- 290 (4) of this subsection and chooses to secure its obligations
- 291 incurred as a certified reinsurer in the form of a
- 292 multibeneficiary trust, the certified reinsurer shall
- 293 maintain separate trust accounts for its obligations
- 294 incurred under reinsurance agreements issued or renewed as a
- 295 certified reinsurer with reduced security as permitted by
- 296 this subsection or comparable laws of other United States
- 297 jurisdictions and for its obligations subject to paragraph
- 298 (e) of subdivision (4) of this subsection. It shall be a
- 299 condition to the grant of certification under this section
- 300 that the certified reinsurer shall have bound itself, by the
- 301 language of the trust and agreement with the director with
- 302 principal regulatory oversight of each such trust account,
- 303 to fund, upon termination of any such trust account, out of

the remaining surplus of such trust any deficiency of any other such trust account.

- d. The minimum trusteed surplus requirements provided in paragraph (e) of subdivision (4) of this subsection are not applicable with respect to a multibeneficiary trust maintained by a certified reinsurer for the purpose of securing obligations incurred under this paragraph, except that such trust shall maintain a minimum trusteed surplus of ten million dollars.
- 313 With respect to obligations incurred by a certified reinsurer under this paragraph, if the security is 314 insufficient, the director shall order the certified 315 reinsurer to provide sufficient security for such incurred 316 317 obligations within thirty days. If a certified reinsurer 318 does not provide sufficient security for its obligations 319 incurred under this subsection within thirty days of being 320 ordered to do so by the director, the director has the discretion to allow credit in the amount of the required 321 322 security for one year. Following this one-year period, the director shall impose reductions in allowable credit upon 323 finding that there is a material risk that the certified 324 reinsurer's obligations will not be paid in full when due. 325
- f. (i) For purposes of this paragraph, a certified reinsurer whose certification has been terminated for any reason shall be treated as a certified reinsurer required to secure one hundred percent of its obligations.
- 330 (ii) As used in this subparagraph, the term
  331 "terminated" refers to revocation, suspension, voluntary
  332 surrender, and inactive status.
- (iii) If the director continues to assign a higher rating as permitted by other provisions of this subdivision, this requirement does not apply to a certified reinsurer in

inactive status or to a reinsurer whose certification has

- 337 been suspended.
- g. If an applicant for certification has been
- 339 certified as a reinsurer in an NAIC-accredited jurisdiction,
- 340 the director has the discretion to defer to that
- 341 jurisdiction's certification and to the rating assigned by
- that jurisdiction, and such assuming insurer shall be
- 343 considered to be a certified reinsurer in this state.
- 344 h. A certified reinsurer that ceases to assume new
- 345 business in this state may request to maintain its
- 346 certification in inactive status in order to continue to
- 347 qualify for a reduction in security for its in-force
- 348 business. An inactive certified reinsurer shall continue to
- 349 comply with all applicable requirements of this subsection,
- 350 and the director shall assign a rating that takes into
- 351 account, if relevant, the reasons why the reinsurer is not
- 352 assuming new business.
- 353 (6) **Credit:**
- 354 (a) Shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to
- 355 an assuming insurer meeting each of the conditions set forth
- 356 below:
- 357 a. The assuming insurer shall have its head office or
- 358 be domiciled in, as applicable, and be licensed in a
- 359 reciprocal jurisdiction. A "reciprocal jurisdiction" is a
- 360 jurisdiction that meets one of the following:
- 361 (i) A non-United States jurisdiction that is subject
- 362 to an in-force covered agreement with the United States,
- 363 each within its legal authority, or, in the case of a
- 364 covered agreement between the United States and European
- 365 Union, is a member state of the European Union. For
- 366 purposes of this subdivision, a "covered agreement" is an
- 367 agreement entered into pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall

- 368 Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, 31 U.S.C.
- 369 Sections 313 and 314, that is currently in effect or in a
- 370 period of provisional application and addresses the
- 371 elimination, under specified conditions, of collateral
- 372 requirements as a condition for entering into any
- 373 reinsurance agreement with a ceding insurer domiciled in
- 374 this state or for allowing the ceding insurer to recognize
- 375 credit for reinsurance;
- 376 (ii) A United States jurisdiction that meets the
- 377 requirements for accreditation under the NAIC financial
- 378 standards and accreditation program; or
- 379 (iii) A qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the
- director pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision (5) of
- 381 this subsection, which is not otherwise described in item
- 382 (i) or (ii) of this subparagraph and which meets certain
- 383 additional requirements, consistent with the terms and
- 384 conditions of in-force covered agreements, as specified by
- 385 the director by rule.
- 386 b. The assuming insurer shall have and maintain, on an
- ongoing basis, minimum capital and surplus, or its
- 388 equivalent, calculated according to the methodology of its
- 389 domiciliary jurisdiction, in an amount to be set forth by
- 390 rule. If the assuming insurer is an association, including
- 391 incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it
- 392 shall have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, minimum
- 393 capital and surplus equivalents (net of liabilities)
- 394 calculated according to the methodology applicable to its
- 395 domiciliary jurisdiction, and a central fund containing a
- 396 balance in amounts to be set forth by rule.
- 397 c. The assuming insurer shall have and maintain, on an
- ongoing basis, a minimum solvency or capital ratio, as
- 399 applicable, which shall be set forth by rule. If the

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assuming insurer is an association, including incorporated 400 401 and individual unincorporated underwriters, it shall have 402 and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum solvency or capital ratio in the reciprocal jurisdiction where the 403 assuming insurer has its head office or is domiciled, as 404 405 applicable, and is also licensed.

- The assuming insurer shall agree and provide adequate assurance to the director, in a form specified by the director by rule, as follows:
- 409 (i) The assuming insurer shall provide prompt written notice and explanation to the director if it falls below the 410 411 minimum requirements set forth in subparagraphs b or c of 412 this paragraph, or if any regulatory action is taken against 413 it for serious noncompliance with applicable law;
- (ii) The assuming insurer shall consent in writing to 415 the jurisdiction of the courts of this state and to the 416 appointment of the director as agent for service of The director may require that consent for service 417 process. of process be provided to the director and included in each 418 419 reinsurance agreement. Nothing in this provision shall 420 limit, or in any way alter, the capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree to alternative dispute 421 422 resolution mechanisms, except to the extent such agreements 423 are unenforceable under applicable insolvency or delinquency 424 laws:
  - The assuming insurer shall consent in writing to (iii) pay all final judgments, wherever enforcement is sought, obtained by a ceding insurer or its legal successor, that have been declared enforceable in the jurisdiction where the judgment was obtained;
- 430 Each reinsurance agreement shall include a (iv) provision requiring the assuming insurer to provide security 431

in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded pursuant to that agreement if the assuming insurer resists enforcement of a final judgment that is enforceable under the law of the jurisdiction in which it was obtained or a properly enforceable arbitration award, whether obtained by the ceding insurer or by its legal successor on behalf of its resolution estate; and

- (v) The assuming insurer shall confirm that it is not presently participating in any solvent scheme of arrangement which involves this state's ceding insurers, and agree to notify the ceding insurer and the director and to provide security in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the assuming insurer's liabilities to the ceding insurer, should the assuming insurer enter into such a solvent scheme of arrangement. Such security shall be in a form consistent with the provisions of subdivision (5) of this subsection and subsection 2 of this section and as specified by the director by rule.
- e. The assuming insurer or its legal successor shall provide, if requested by the director, on behalf of itself and any legal predecessors, certain documentation to the director, as specified by the director by rule.
- f. The assuming insurer shall maintain a practice of prompt payment of claims under reinsurance agreements, pursuant to criteria set forth by rule.
- g. The assuming insurer's supervisory authority shall confirm to the director on an annual basis, as of the preceding December thirty-first or at the annual date otherwise statutorily reported to the reciprocal jurisdiction that the assuming insurer complies with the

requirements set forth in subparagraphs b. and c. of this paragraph.

- h. Nothing in this subdivision precludes an assuming insurer from providing the director with information on a voluntary basis.
- 468 (b) The director shall timely create and publish a
  469 list of reciprocal jurisdictions.
- 470 A list of reciprocal jurisdictions is published 471 through the NAIC committee process. The director's list 472 shall include any reciprocal jurisdiction as defined under 473 items (i) and (ii) of subparagraph a. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, and shall consider any other reciprocal 474 jurisdiction included on the NAIC list. 475 The director may 476 approve a jurisdiction that does not appear on the NAIC list 477 of reciprocal jurisdictions in accordance with criteria to be developed under rules promulgated by the director. 478
- 479 b. The director may remove a jurisdiction from the list of reciprocal jurisdictions upon a determination that 480 481 the jurisdiction no longer meets the requirements of a 482 reciprocal jurisdiction, in accordance with a process set 483 forth by rule promulgated by the director, except that the 484 director shall not remove from the list a reciprocal 485 jurisdiction as defined under item (i) and (ii) of 486 subparagraph a. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision. 487 removal of a reciprocal jurisdiction from this list credit for reinsurance ceded to an assuming insurer which has its 488 home office or is domiciled in that jurisdiction shall be 489 490 allowed, if otherwise allowed under this section.
  - (c) The director shall timely create and publish a list of assuming insurers that have satisfied the conditions set forth in this subdivision and to which cessions shall be granted credit in accordance with this subdivision. The

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director may add an assuming insurer to such list if an NAIC accredited jurisdiction has added such assuming insurer to a list of such assuming insurers or if, upon initial eligibility, the assuming insurer submits the information to the director as required under subparagraph d. of paragraph (a) of this subdivision and complies with any additional requirements that the director may adopt by rule, except to the extent that they conflict with an applicable covered agreement.

- (d) If the director determines that an assuming insurer no longer meets one or more of the requirements under this subdivision, the director may revoke or suspend the eligibility of the assuming insurer for recognition under this subdivision in accordance with procedures set forth by rule.
- a. While an assuming insurer's eligibility is
  suspended, no reinsurance agreement issued, amended, or
  renewed after the effective date of the suspension qualifies
  for credit except to the extent that the assuming insurer's
  obligations under the contract are secured in accordance
  with subsection 2 of this section.
  - b. If an assuming insurer's eligibility is revoked, no credit for reinsurance may be granted after the effective date of the revocation with respect to any reinsurance agreements entered into by the assuming insurer, including reinsurance agreements entered into prior to the date of revocation, except to the extent that the assuming insurer's obligations under the contract are secured in a form acceptable to the director and consistent with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section.
- (e) If subject to a legal process of rehabilitation, liquidation, or conservation, as applicable, the ceding

insurer, or its representative, may seek and, if determined appropriate by the court in which the proceedings are pending, may obtain an order requiring that the assuming insurer post security for all outstanding ceded liabilities.

- (f) Nothing in this subdivision shall limit or in any way alter the capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree on requirements for security or other terms in that reinsurance agreement, except as expressly prohibited by this section or other applicable law or regulation.
- (g) Credit may be taken under this subdivision only for reinsurance agreements entered into, amended, or renewed on or after December 31, 2021, and only with respect to losses incurred and reserves reported on or after the later of: the date on which the assuming insurer has met all eligibility requirements under paragraph (a) of this subdivision; or the effective date of the new reinsurance agreement, amendment, or renewal.
- a. This paragraph shall not alter or impair a ceding insurer's right to take credit for reinsurance, to the extent that credit is not available under this subdivision, as long as the reinsurance qualifies for credit under any other applicable provision of this section.
- b. Nothing in this subdivision shall authorize an assuming insurer to withdraw or reduce the security provided under any reinsurance agreement except as permitted by the terms of the agreement.
- 553 c. Nothing in this subdivision shall limit, or in any
  554 way alter, the capacity of parties to any reinsurance
  555 agreement to renegotiate the agreement.
  - (7) Credit:
- 557 (a) Shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to 558 an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of

559 subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), [or] (5), or (6) of this

560 subsection, but only as to the insurance of risks located in

561 a jurisdiction of the United States where the reinsurance is

- required by applicable law or regulation of that
- 563 jurisdiction;
- (b) May be allowed in the discretion of the director
- 565 when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer not
- meeting the requirements of subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4),
- [or] (5), or (6) of this subsection, but only as to the
- insurance of risks located in a foreign country where the
- 569 reinsurance is required by applicable law or regulation of
- 570 that country;
- [(7)] (8) If the assuming insurer is not licensed,
- 572 accredited, or certified to transact insurance or
- 573 reinsurance in this state, the credit permitted by
- 574 subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall not be
- 575 allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees in the
- 576 reinsurance agreements:
- 577 (a) That in the event of the failure of the assuming
- 578 insurer to perform its obligations under the terms of the
- 579 reinsurance agreement, the assuming insurer, at the request
- 580 of the ceding insurer shall submit to the jurisdiction of
- 581 the courts of this state, will comply with all requirements
- 582 necessary to give such courts jurisdiction, and will abide
- 583 by the final decisions of such courts or of any appellate
- 584 courts in this state in the event of an appeal; and
- 585 (b) To designate the director or a designated attorney
- as its true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served any
- 587 lawful process in any action, suit or proceeding instituted
- 588 by or on behalf of the ceding insurer. This paragraph is
- 589 not intended to conflict with or override the obligation of
- 590 the parties to a reinsurance agreement to arbitrate their

591 disputes, if this obligation is created in the agreement and

592 the jurisdiction and situs of the arbitration is, with

respect to any receivership of the ceding company, any

- 594 jurisdiction of the United States;
- [(8)] (9) If the assuming insurer does not meet the
- requirements of subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this
- subsection, the credit permitted by subdivision (4) or (5)
- 598 of this subsection shall not be allowed unless the assuming
- insurer agrees in the trust agreements to the following
- 600 conditions:
- 601 (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the trust
- 602 instrument, if the trust fund is inadequate because it
- 603 contains an amount less than the amount required by
- 604 paragraph (e) of subdivision (4) of this subsection, or if
- 605 the grantor of the trust has been declared insolvent or
- 606 placed into receivership, rehabilitation, liquidation or
- 607 similar proceedings under the laws of its state or country
- of domicile, the trustee shall comply with an order of the
- 609 commissioner or director with regulatory oversight over the
- 610 trust or with an order of a court of competent jurisdiction
- 611 directing the trustee to transfer to the commissioner or
- 612 director with regulatory oversight all of the assets of the
- 613 trust fund;
- 614 (b) The assets shall be distributed by and claims
- shall be filed with and valued by the commissioner or
- 616 director with regulatory oversight in accordance with the
- 617 laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled that are
- 618 applicable to the liquidation of domestic insurance
- 619 companies;
- 620 (c) If the commissioner or director with regulatory
- 621 oversight determines that the assets of the trust fund or
- any part thereof are not necessary to satisfy the claims of

- 623 the United States ceding insurers of the grantor of the
- 624 trust, the assets or part thereof shall be returned by the
- 625 commissioner or director with regulatory oversight to the
- 626 trustee for distribution in accordance with the trust
- 627 agreement; and
- (d) The grantor shall waive any right otherwise
- 629 available to it under United States law that is inconsistent
- 630 with this subsection.
- [(9)] (10) (a) If an accredited or certified
- reinsurer ceases to meet the requirements for accreditation
- or certification, the director may suspend or revoke the
- 634 reinsurer's accreditation or certification.
- (b) The director shall give the reinsurer notice and
- 636 opportunity for a hearing. The suspension or revocation
- 637 shall not take effect until after the director's order on
- 638 hearing, unless:
- a. The reinsurer waives its right to hearing;
- b. The director's order is based on regulatory action
- 641 by the reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction or the voluntary
- 642 surrender or termination of the reinsurer's eligibility to
- 643 transact insurance or reinsurance business in its
- 644 domiciliary jurisdiction or in the primary certifying state
- of the reinsurer under subdivision (5) of this subsection; or
- 646 c. The director finds that an emergency requires
- 647 immediate action, and a court of competent jurisdiction has
- 648 not stayed the commissioner's action.
- (c) While a reinsurer's accreditation or certification
- is suspended, no reinsurance contract issued or renewed
- 651 after the effective date of the suspension qualifies for
- 652 credit except to the extent that the reinsurer's obligations
- 653 under the contract are secured in accordance with
- 654 subdivision (5) of this subsection or subsection 2 of this

section. If a reinsurer's accreditation or certification is revoked, no credit for reinsurance shall be granted after the effective date of the revocation except to the extent that the reinsurer's obligations under the contract are

659 secured in accordance with subdivision (5) of this

subsection or subsection 2 of this section.

- [(10)] (11) (a) A ceding insurer shall take steps to 661 662 manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate to its own 663 book of business. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify 664 the director within thirty days after reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer or group of 665 affiliated assuming insurers exceeds fifty percent of the 666 domestic ceding insurer's last reported surplus to 667 policyholders or after it is determined that reinsurance 668 669 recoverables from any single assuming insurer or group of 670 affiliated assuming insurers is likely to exceed such 671 limit. The notification shall demonstrate that the exposure is safely managed by the domestic ceding insurer. 672
- 673 (b) A ceding insurer shall take steps to diversify its reinsurance program. A domestic ceding insurer shall 674 675 notify the director within thirty days after ceding to any 676 single assuming insurer or group of affiliated assuming 677 insurers more than twenty percent of the ceding insurer's 678 gross written premium in the prior calendar year or after it 679 has determined that the reinsurance ceded to any single assuming insurer or group of affiliated assuming insurers is 680 likely to exceed such limit. The notification shall 681 demonstrate that the exposure is safely managed by the 682 domestic ceding insurer. 683
- 2. An asset or reduction from liability for the reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of subsection 1 of this

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687 section shall be allowed in an amount not exceeding the liabilities carried by the ceding insurer; provided further, 688 689 that the director may adopt by rule pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 4 of this section specific additional 690 requirements relating to or setting forth the valuation of 691 692 assets or reserve credits, the amount and forms of security supporting reinsurance arrangements described in subdivision 693 (2) of subsection 4 of this section, or the circumstances 694 695 under which credit will be reduced or eliminated. 696 reduction shall be in the amount of funds held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer, including funds held in trust 697 for the ceding insurer, under a reinsurance contract with 698 the assuming insurer as security for the payment of 699 700 obligations thereunder, if the security is held in the 701 United States subject to withdrawal solely by, and under the 702 exclusive control of, the ceding insurer; or, in the case of 703 a trust, held in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in subdivision (2) of subsection 3 704 705 of this section. This security may be in the form of: 706 (1)Cash; 707 Securities listed by the securities valuation (2) office of the National Association of Insurance 708 709 Commissioners, including those deemed exempt from filing as 710 defined by the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the 711 Securities Valuation Office, and qualifying as admitted 712 assets; (a) Clean, irrevocable, unconditional letters of 713 credit issued or confirmed by a qualified United States 714 financial institution, as defined in subdivision (1) of 715 716 subsection 3 of this section, no later than December thirty-

first of the year for which filing is being made, and in the

718 possession of, or in trust for, the ceding insurer on or

- 719 before the filing date of its annual statement.
- 720 (b) Letters of credit meeting applicable standards of
- 721 issuer acceptability as of the dates of their issuance or
- 722 confirmation, notwithstanding the issuing or confirming
- 723 institution's subsequent failure to meet applicable
- 724 standards of issuer acceptability, shall continue to be
- 725 acceptable as security until their expiration, extension,
- 726 renewal, modification or amendment, whichever first occurs;
- 727 (4) Any other form of security acceptable to the
- 728 director.
- 729 3. (1) For purposes of subdivision (3) of subsection
- 730 2 of this section, a "qualified United States financial
- 731 institution" means an institution that:
- 732 (a) Is organized or, in the case of a United States
- 733 office of a foreign banking organization, licensed under the
- 734 laws of the United States or any state thereof;
- 735 (b) Is regulated, supervised and examined by federal
- 736 or state authorities having regulatory authority over banks
- 737 and trust companies; and
- 738 (c) Has been determined by either the director, or the
- 739 securities valuation office of the National Association of
- 740 Insurance Commissioners, to meet such standards of financial
- 741 condition and standing as are considered necessary and
- 742 appropriate to regulate the quality of financial
- 743 institutions whose letters of credit will be acceptable to
- 744 the director.
- 745 (2) A "qualified United States financial institution"
- 746 means, for purposes of those provisions of this law
- 747 specifying those institutions that are eligible to act as a
- 748 fiduciary of a trust, an institution that:

- 749 (a) Is organized, or in the case of a United States
- 750 branch or agency office of a foreign banking organization,
- 751 licensed under the laws of the United States or any state
- 752 thereof and has been granted authority to operate with
- 753 fiduciary powers; and
- 754 (b) Is regulated, supervised and examined by federal
- 755 or state authorities having regulatory authority over banks
- 756 and trust companies.
- 757 4. (1) The director may adopt rules and regulations
- 758 implementing the provisions of this section.
- 759 (2) The director is further authorized to adopt rules
- 760 and regulations applicable to reinsurance arrangements
- 761 described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
- 762 (a) A rule adopted under this subdivision may apply
- 763 only to reinsurance relating to:
- a. Life insurance policies with guaranteed nonlevel
- 765 gross premiums or guaranteed nonlevel benefits;
- 766 b. Universal life insurance policies with provisions
- 767 resulting in the ability of a policyholder to keep a policy
- in force over a secondary guarantee period;
- 769 c. Variable annuities with guaranteed death or living
- 770 benefits;
- d. Long-term care insurance policies; or
- 772 e. Such other life and health insurance and annuity
- 773 products as to which the NAIC adopts model regulatory
- 774 requirements with respect to credit for reinsurance.
- 775 (b) A rule adopted under subparagraphs a or b of
- 776 paragraph (a) of this subdivision may apply to any treaty
- 777 containing policies issued on or after January 1, 2015, or
- 778 policies issued prior to January 1, 2015, if risk pertaining
- 779 to such pre-2015 policies is ceded in connection with the
- 780 treaty, in whole or in part, on or after January 1, 2015.

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781 (c) A rule adopted under this subdivision may require 782 the ceding insurer, in calculating the amounts or forms of 783 security required to be held under rules promulgated under 784 this authority, to use the valuation manual adopted in 785 accordance with subsection 6 of section 376.380, including 786 all amendments adopted thereto and in effect on the date as 787 of which the calculation is made, to the extent applicable.

- (d) A regulation adopted under this subdivision shall not apply to cessions to an assuming insurer that:
- a. Meets the conditions set forth in subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section, or if this state has not fully implemented provisions substantially equivalent to subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section by rule or otherwise, the assuming insurer is operating in accordance with provisions substantially equivalent to subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section in a minimum of five other states;
- b. Is certified in this state; or
- c. Maintains at least two hundred fifty million
  dollars in capital and surplus when determined in accordance
  with the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual,
  including all amendments thereto adopted by the NAIC,
  excluding the impact of any permitted or prescribed
  practices, and is:
  - (i) Licensed in at least twenty-six states; or
- 806 (ii) Licensed in at least ten states, and licensed or 807 accredited in a total of at least thirty-five states.
- 808 (e) The authority to adopt regulations under this
  809 subdivision does not limit the director's general authority
  810 to adopt regulations under subdivision (1) of this
  811 subsection.

- 812 5. (1) The director shall disallow any credit as an 813 asset or as a deduction from liability for any reinsurance 814 found by him to have been arranged for the purpose principally of deception as to the ceding company's 815 816 financial condition as of the date of any financial 817 statement of the company. Without limiting the general purport of this provision, reinsurance of any substantial 818 819 part of the company's outstanding risks contracted for in 820 fact within four months prior to the date of any such 821 financial statement and cancelled in fact within four months 822 after the date of such statement, or reinsurance under which the assuming insurer bears no substantial insurance risk or 823 substantial risk of net loss to itself, shall prima facie be 824 825 deemed to have been arranged for the purpose principally of 826 deception within the intent of this provision.
- 827 (2) The director shall also disallow as an asset (a) 828 or deduction from liability to any ceding insurer any credit for reinsurance unless the reinsurance is payable to the 829 830 ceding company, and if it be insolvent to its receiver, by the assuming insurer on the basis of the liability of the 831 832 ceding company under the contracts reinsured without 833 diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding company.
- 834 (b) Such payments shall be made directly to the ceding 835 insurer or to its domiciliary liquidator except:
- a. Where the contract of insurance or reinsurance specifically provides for payment to the named insured, assignee or named beneficiary of the policy issued by the ceding insurer in the event of the insolvency of the ceding insurer; or
- b. Where the assuming insurer, with the consent of it and the direct insured or insureds in an assumption reinsurance transaction subject to sections 375.1280 to

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375.1295, has assumed such policy obligations of the ceding insurer as direct obligations of the assuming insurer to the payees under such policies and in substitution for the obligations of the ceding insurer to such payees.

- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, in the event that a life and health insurance guaranty association has made the election to succeed to the rights and obligations of the insolvent insurer under the contract of reinsurance, then the reinsurer's liability to pay covered reinsured claims shall continue under the contract of reinsurance, subject to the payment to the reinsurer of the reinsurance premiums for such coverage. Payment for such reinsured claims shall only be made by the reinsurer pursuant to the direction of the guaranty association or its designated successor. Any payment made at the direction of the guaranty association or its designated successor by the reinsurer will discharge the reinsurer of all further liability to any other party for such claim payment.
- The reinsurance agreement may provide that the 863 domiciliary liquidator of an insolvent ceding insurer shall 864 give written notice to the assuming insurer of the pendency 865 of a claim against such ceding insurer on the contract 866 867 reinsured within a reasonable time after such claim is filed in the liquidation proceeding. During the pendency of such 868 869 claim, any assuming insurer may investigate such claim and interpose, at its own expense, in the proceeding where such 870 claim is to be adjudicated any defenses which it deems 871 available to the ceding insurer, or its liquidator. Such 872 873 expense may be filed as a claim against the insolvent ceding 874 insurer to the extent of a proportionate share of the benefit which may accrue to the ceding insurer solely as a 875

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result of the defense undertaken by the assuming insurer.

Where two or more assuming insurers are involved in the same

claim and a majority in interest elect to interpose a

defense to such claim, the expense shall be apportioned in

accordance with the terms of the reinsurance agreement as

though such expense had been incurred by the ceding insurer.

- To the extent that any reinsurer of an insurance company in liquidation would have been required under any agreement pertaining to reinsurance to post letters of credit or other security prior to an order of liquidation to cover such reserves reflected upon the last financial statement filed with a regulatory authority immediately prior to receivership, such reinsurer shall be required to post letters of credit or other security to cover reserves after a company has been placed in liquidation or receivership. If a reinsurer shall fail to post letters of credit or other security as required by a reinsurance agreement or the provisions of this subsection, the director may consider disallowing as a credit or asset, in whole or in part, any future reinsurance ceded to such reinsurer by a ceding insurance company that is incorporated under the laws of the state of Missouri.
- 7. The provisions of section 375.420 shall not apply to any action, suit or proceeding by a ceding insurer against an assuming insurer arising out of a contract of reinsurance effectuated in accordance with the laws of Missouri.
- 903 8. Notwithstanding any other provision of this
  904 section, a domestic insurer may take credit for reinsurance
  905 ceded either as an asset or a reduction from liability only
  906 to the extent such credit is allowed by the consistent
  907 application of either applicable statutory accounting

principles adopted by the NAIC or other accounting principles approved by the director.

9. The director may suspend the accreditation, approval, or certification under subsection 1 of this section of any reinsurer for failure to comply with the applicable requirements of subsection 1 of this section after providing the affected reinsurer with notice and opportunity for hearing.

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