

SECOND REGULAR SESSION
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 738
95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on the Judiciary and Civil and Criminal Jurisprudence, February 4, 2010, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

4232S.03C

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 304.015, 307.010, 307.090, 307.120, 307.155, 307.172, 307.173, 307.195, 307.390, 307.400, and 556.021, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twelve new sections relating to infractions, with penalty provisions and an emergency clause for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 304.015, 307.010, 307.090, 307.120, 307.155, 307.172, 307.173, 307.195, 307.390, 307.400, and 556.021, RSMo, are repealed and twelve new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 304.015, 307.010, 307.090, 307.120, 307.155, 307.172, 307.173, 307.195, 307.390, 307.400, 556.021, and 556.022, to read as follows:

304.015. 1. All vehicles not in motion shall be placed with their right side as near the right-hand side of the highway as practicable, except on streets of municipalities where vehicles are obliged to move in one direction only or parking of motor vehicles is regulated by ordinance.

2. Upon all public roads or highways of sufficient width a vehicle shall be driven upon the right half of the roadway, except as follows:

(1) When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction pursuant to the rules governing such movement;

(2) When placing a vehicle in position for and when such vehicle is lawfully making a left turn in compliance with the provisions of sections 304.014 to 304.025 or traffic regulations thereunder or of municipalities;

(3) When the right half of a roadway is closed to traffic while under construction or repair;

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

14 (4) Upon a roadway designated by local ordinance as a one-way street and
15 marked or signed for one-way traffic.

16 3. It is unlawful to drive any vehicle upon any highway or road which has
17 been divided into two or more roadways by means of a physical barrier or by
18 means of a dividing section or delineated by curbs, lines or other markings on the
19 roadway, except to the right of such barrier or dividing section, or to make any
20 left turn or semicircular or U-turn on any such divided highway, except at an
21 intersection or interchange or at any signed location designated by the state
22 highways and transportation commission or the department of
23 transportation. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to emergency
24 vehicles, law enforcement vehicles or to vehicles owned by the commission or the
25 department.

26 4. The authorities in charge of any highway or the state highway patrol
27 may erect signs temporarily designating lanes to be used by traffic moving in a
28 particular direction, regardless of the center line of the highway, and all members
29 of the Missouri highway patrol and other peace officers may direct traffic in
30 conformance with such signs. When authorized signs have been erected
31 designating off-center traffic lanes, no person shall disobey the instructions given
32 by such signs.

33 5. Whenever any roadway has been divided into three or more clearly
34 marked lanes for traffic, the following rules in addition to all others consistent
35 herewith shall apply:

36 (1) A vehicle shall be driven as nearly as practicable entirely within a
37 single lane and shall not be moved from such lane until the driver has first
38 ascertained that such movement can be made with safety;

39 (2) Upon a roadway which is divided into three lanes a vehicle shall not
40 be driven in the center lane, except when overtaking and passing another vehicle
41 where the roadway ahead is clearly visible and such center lane is clear of traffic
42 within a safe distance, or in preparation for a left turn or where such center lane
43 is at the time allocated exclusively to traffic moving in the direction the vehicle
44 is proceeding and is sign-posted to give notice of such allocation;

45 (3) Upon all highways any vehicle proceeding at less than the normal
46 speed of traffic thereon shall be driven in the right-hand lane for traffic or as
47 close as practicable to the right-hand edge or curb, except as otherwise provided
48 in sections 304.014 to 304.025;

49 (4) Official signs may be erected by the highways and transportation

50 commission or the highway patrol may place temporary signs directing
51 slow-moving traffic to use a designated lane or allocating specified lanes to traffic
52 moving in the same direction and drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of
53 every such sign;

54 (5) Drivers of vehicles proceeding in opposite directions shall pass each
55 other to the right, and except when a roadway has been divided into traffic lanes,
56 each driver shall give to the other at least one-half of the main traveled portion
57 of the roadway whenever possible.

58 6. All vehicles in motion upon a highway having two or more lanes of
59 traffic proceeding in the same direction shall be driven in the right-hand lane
60 except when overtaking and passing another vehicle or when preparing to make
61 a proper left turn or when otherwise directed by traffic markings, signs or
62 signals.

63 7. All trucks registered for a gross weight of more than forty-eight
64 thousand pounds shall not be driven in the far left-hand lane upon all interstate
65 highways, freeways, or expressways within urbanized areas of the state having
66 three or more lanes of traffic proceeding in the same direction. This restriction
67 shall not apply when:

68 (1) It is necessary for the operator of the truck to follow traffic control
69 devices that direct use of a lane other than the right lane; or

70 (2) The right half of a roadway is closed to traffic while under construction
71 or repair.

72 8. As used in subsection 7 of this section, "truck" means any vehicle,
73 machine, tractor, trailer, or semitrailer, or any combination thereof, propelled or
74 drawn by mechanical power and designed for or used in the transportation of
75 property upon the highways. The term "truck" also includes a commercial motor
76 vehicle as defined in section 301.010, RSMo.

77 9. Violation of this section shall be deemed [an infraction] **a class C**
78 **misdemeanor** unless such violation causes an immediate threat of an accident,
79 in which case such violation shall be deemed a class [C] **B** misdemeanor, or
80 unless an accident results from such violation, in which case such violation shall
81 be deemed a class A misdemeanor.

307.010. 1. All motor vehicles, and every trailer and semitrailer operating
2 upon the public highways of this state and carrying goods or material or farm
3 products which may reasonably be expected to become dislodged and fall from the
4 vehicle, trailer or semitrailer as a result of wind pressure or air pressure and/or

5 by the movement of the vehicle, trailer or semitrailer shall have a protective cover
6 or be sufficiently secured so that no portion of such goods or material can become
7 dislodged and fall from the vehicle, trailer or semitrailer while being transported
8 or carried.

9 2. Operation of a motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer in violation of this
10 section shall be [an infraction] **a class C misdemeanor**, and any person who
11 pleads or is found guilty thereof shall be punished as provided by law.

307.090. 1. Any motor vehicle may be equipped with not to exceed one
2 spotlight but every lighted spotlight shall be so aimed and used so as not to be
3 dazzling or glaring to any person.

4 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 307.120, violation of this
5 section is [an infraction] **a class C misdemeanor**.

307.120. Any person violating any of the provisions of sections 307.020 to
2 307.120 shall, upon conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of [an infraction] **a**
3 **misdemeanor**. The term "person" as used in sections 307.020 to 307.120 shall
4 mean and include any individual, association, joint stock company, copartnership
5 or corporation.

307.155. Any person violating any of the provisions of sections 307.130 to
2 307.160 shall be deemed guilty of [an infraction] **a class C misdemeanor** and
3 shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed fifty dollars for each offense.

307.172. 1. No person shall operate any passenger motor vehicle upon the
2 public streets or highways of this state, the body of which has been altered in
3 such a manner that the front or rear of the vehicle is raised at such an angle as
4 to obstruct the vision of the operator of the street or highway in front or to the
5 rear of the vehicle.

6 2. Every motor vehicle which is licensed in this state and operated upon
7 the public streets or highways of this state shall be equipped with front and rear
8 bumpers if such vehicle was equipped with bumpers as standard equipment. This
9 subsection shall not apply to motor vehicles designed or modified primarily for
10 off-highway purposes while such vehicles are in tow or to motorcycles or
11 motor-driven cycles, or to motor vehicles registered as historic motor vehicles
12 when the original design of such vehicles did not include bumpers nor shall the
13 provisions of this subsection prohibit the use of drop bumpers. The
14 superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall adopt rules and
15 regulations relating to bumper standards. Maximum bumper heights of both the
16 front and rear bumpers of motor vehicles shall be determined by weight category

17 of gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) measured from a level surface to the
 18 highest point of the bottom of the bumper when the vehicle is unloaded and the
 19 tires are inflated to the manufacturer's recommended pressure. Maximum
 20 bumper heights are as follows:

	Maximum front bumper height	Maximum rear bumper height
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23 Motor vehicles

24 except commercial

25 motor vehicles	22 inches	22 inches
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26 Commercial motor
 27 vehicles (GVWR)

28 4,500 lbs and under	24 inches	26 inches
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29 4,501 lbs through

30 7,500 lbs	27 inches	29 inches
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31 7,501 lbs through

32 9,000 lbs	28 inches	30 inches
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33 9,001 lbs through

34 11,500 lbs	29 inches	31 inches
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35 3. A motor vehicle in violation of this section shall not be approved during
 36 any motor vehicle safety inspection required pursuant to sections 307.350 to
 37 307.390.

38 4. Any person knowingly violating the provisions of this section is guilty
 39 of [an infraction] a **class C misdemeanor**.

307.173. 1. Any person may operate a motor vehicle with front sidewing
 2 vents or windows located immediately to the left and right of the driver that have
 3 a sun screening device, in conjunction with safety glazing material, that has a
 4 light transmission of thirty-five percent or more plus or minus three percent and
 5 a luminous reflectance of thirty-five percent or less plus or minus three
 6 percent. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, any sun-screening
 7 device applied to front sidewing vents or windows located immediately to the left
 8 and right of the driver in excess of the requirements of this section shall be
 9 prohibited without a permit pursuant to a physician's prescription as described
 10 below. A permit to operate a motor vehicle with front sidewing vents or windows
 11 located immediately to the left and right of the driver that have a sun-screening
 12 device, in conjunction with safety glazing material, which permits less light
 13 transmission and luminous reflectance than allowed under the requirements of

14 this subsection, may be issued by the department of public safety to a person
15 having a serious medical condition which requires the use of a sun-screening
16 device if the permittee's physician prescribes its use. The director of the
17 department of public safety shall promulgate rules and regulations for the
18 issuance of the permit. The permit shall allow operation of the vehicle by any
19 titleholder or relative within the second degree by consanguinity or affinity,
20 which shall mean a spouse, each grandparent, parent, brother, sister, niece,
21 nephew, aunt, uncle, child, and grandchild of a person, who resides in the
22 household. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, all sun-screening
23 devices applied to the windshield of a motor vehicle are prohibited.

24 2. This section shall not prohibit labels, stickers, decalcomania, or
25 informational signs on motor vehicles or the application of tinted or solar
26 screening material to recreational vehicles as defined in section 700.010, RSMo,
27 provided that such material does not interfere with the driver's normal view of
28 the road. This section shall not prohibit factory-installed tinted glass, the
29 equivalent replacement thereof or tinting material applied to the upper portion
30 of the motor vehicle's windshield which is normally tinted by the manufacturer
31 of motor vehicle safety glass.

32 3. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010,
33 RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become
34 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter
35 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter
36 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
37 assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date
38 or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then
39 the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August
40 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.

41 4. Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of [an
42 infraction] **a class C misdemeanor**.

43 5. Any vehicle licensed with a historical license plate shall be exempt from
44 the requirements of this section.

307.195. 1. No person shall operate a motorized bicycle on any highway
2 or street in this state unless the person has a valid license to operate a motor
3 vehicle.

4 2. No motorized bicycle may be operated on any public thoroughfare
5 located within this state which has been designated as part of the federal

6 interstate highway system.

7 3. Violation of this section shall be deemed [an infraction] **a class C**
8 **misdemeanor**.

307.390. 1. Any person who violates any provision of sections 307.350 to
2 307.390 is guilty of [an infraction] **a misdemeanor** and upon plea or finding of
3 guilt shall be punished as provided by law.

4 2. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol may assign
5 qualified persons who are not highway patrol officers to investigate and enforce
6 motor vehicle safety inspection laws and regulations pursuant to sections 307.350
7 to 307.390 and sections 643.300 to 643.355, RSMo. A person assigned by the
8 superintendent pursuant to the authority granted by this subsection shall be
9 designated a motor vehicle inspector and shall have limited powers to issue a
10 uniform complaint and summons for a violation of the motor vehicle inspection
11 laws and regulations. A motor vehicle inspector shall not have authority to
12 exercise the power granted in this subsection until such inspector successfully
13 completes training provided by, and to the satisfaction of, the superintendent.

307.400. 1. It is unlawful for any person to operate any commercial motor
2 vehicle as defined in Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 390.5, either
3 singly or in combination with a trailer, as both vehicles are defined in Title 49,
4 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 390.5, unless such vehicles are equipped and
5 operated as required by Parts 390 through 397, Title 49, Code of Federal
6 Regulations, as such regulations have been and may periodically be amended,
7 whether intrastate transportation or interstate transportation. Members of the
8 Missouri state highway patrol are authorized to enter the cargo area of a
9 commercial motor vehicle or trailer to inspect the contents when reasonable
10 grounds exist to cause belief that the vehicle is transporting hazardous materials
11 as defined by Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The director of the
12 department of public safety is hereby authorized to further regulate the safety of
13 commercial motor vehicles and trailers as he deems necessary to govern and
14 control their operation on the public highways of this state by promulgating and
15 publishing rules and regulations consistent with this chapter. Any such rules
16 shall, in addition to any other provisions deemed necessary by the director,
17 require:

18 (1) Every commercial motor vehicle and trailer and all parts thereof to be
19 maintained in a safe condition at all times;

20 (2) Accidents arising from or in connection with the operation of

21 commercial motor vehicles and trailers to be reported to the department of public
22 safety in such detail and in such manner as the director may require. Except for
23 the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, the provisions of this
24 section shall not apply to any commercial motor vehicle operated in intrastate
25 commerce and licensed for a gross weight of sixty thousand pounds or less when
26 used exclusively for the transportation of solid waste or forty-two thousand
27 pounds or less when the license plate has been designated for farm use by the
28 letter "F" as authorized by the Revised Statutes of Missouri, unless such vehicle
29 is transporting hazardous materials as defined in Title 49, Code of Federal
30 Regulations.

31 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the
32 contrary, Part 391, Subpart E, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to
33 the physical requirements of drivers shall not be applicable to drivers in
34 intrastate commerce, provided such drivers were licensed by this state as
35 chauffeurs to operate commercial motor vehicles on May 13, 1988. Persons who
36 are otherwise qualified and licensed to operate a commercial motor vehicle in this
37 state may operate such vehicle intrastate at the age of eighteen years or older,
38 except that any person transporting hazardous material must be at least
39 twenty-one years of age.

40 3. Commercial motor vehicles and drivers of such vehicles may be placed
41 out of service if the vehicles are not equipped and operated according to the
42 requirements of this section. Criteria used for placing vehicles and drivers out
43 of service are the North American Uniform Out-of-Service Criteria adopted by the
44 Commercial Vehicle Safety Alliance and the United States Department of
45 Transportation, as such criteria have been and may periodically be amended.

46 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the
47 contrary, Part 395, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to the hours
48 of drivers, shall not apply to any vehicle owned or operated by any public utility,
49 rural electric cooperative or other public service organization, or to the driver of
50 such vehicle, while providing restoration of essential utility services during
51 emergencies and operating intrastate. For the purposes of this subsection, the
52 term "essential utility services" means electric, gas, water, telephone and sewer
53 services.

54 5. Part 395, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to the hours
55 of drivers, shall not apply to drivers transporting agricultural commodities or
56 farm supplies for agricultural purposes in this state if such transportation:

57 (1) Is limited to an area within a one hundred air-mile radius from the
58 source of the commodities or the distribution point for the farm supplies; and

59 (2) Is conducted during the planting and harvesting season within this
60 state, as defined by the department of public safety by regulation.

61 6. The provisions of Part 395.8, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations,
62 relating to recording of a driver's duty status, shall not apply to drivers engaged
63 in agricultural operations referred to in subsection 5 of this section, if the motor
64 carrier who employs the driver maintains and retains for a period of six months
65 accurate and true records showing:

66 (1) The total number of hours the driver is on duty each day; and

67 (2) The time at which the driver reports for, and is released from, duty
68 each day.

69 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the
70 contrary, Parts 390 through 397, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations shall not
71 apply to commercial motor vehicles operated in intrastate commerce to transport
72 property, which have a gross vehicle weight rating or gross combination weight
73 rating of twenty-six thousand pounds or less. The exception provided by this
74 subsection shall not apply to vehicles transporting hazardous materials or to
75 vehicles designed to transport sixteen or more passengers including the driver as
76 defined by Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Nothing in this subsection
77 shall be construed to prohibit persons designated by the department of public
78 safety from inspecting vehicles defined in this subsection.

79 8. Violation of any provision of this section or any rule promulgated as
80 authorized therein is [an infraction] **a class B misdemeanor**.

81 9. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010,
82 RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become
83 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter
84 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter
85 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
86 assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date,
87 or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then
88 the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August
89 28, 2009, shall be invalid and void.

556.021. 1. An offense defined by this code or by any other statute of this
2 state constitutes an infraction if it is so designated or if [a violation of the statute
3 can result only in] **no other sentence than a fine, or fine and forfeiture[,] or**

4 other civil penalty[, or any combination thereof] **is authorized upon**
5 **conviction.**

6 2. [A determination of whether an infraction has occurred shall be made
7 by the filing of a civil action. The action shall be filed by a person who is
8 authorized to bring a criminal action or an action to enforce an ordinance if the
9 conduct constituted a crime or ordinance violation. The action shall be brought
10 in the name of the state of Missouri or appropriate political subdivision. An
11 infraction violation shall be proven by a preponderance of the evidence but shall
12 not be tried to a jury. If an infraction violation is proven, judgment shall be
13 entered for the plaintiff.

14 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, it shall be
15 the duty of the operator or driver of any vehicle or the rider of any animal
16 traveling on the roads of this state to stop on signal of any law enforcement
17 officer and to obey any other reasonable signal or direction of such law
18 enforcement officer given in the course of enforcing any infraction. Any person
19 who willfully fails or refuses to obey any signal or direction of a law enforcement
20 officer given in the course of enforcing any infraction, or who willfully resists or
21 opposes a law enforcement officer in the proper discharge of his or her duties in
22 the course of enforcing any infraction, shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor
23 and on plea or finding of guilt thereof shall be punished as provided by law for
24 such offenses.

25 4. The supreme court of Missouri may promulgate rules for the
26 enforcement of this section.] **An infraction does not constitute a crime and**
27 **conviction of an infraction shall not give rise to any disability or legal**
28 **disadvantage based on conviction of a crime.**

29 3. **Except as otherwise provided by law, the procedure for**
30 **infractions shall be the same as for a misdemeanor.**

31 4. **If a defendant fails to appear in court either solely for an**
32 **infraction or for an infraction which is committed in the same course**
33 **of conduct as a criminal offense for which the defendant is charged, or**
34 **if a defendant fails to respond to notice of an infraction from the**
35 **central violations bureau established in section 476.385, the court may**
36 **issue a default judgment for court costs and fines for the infraction**
37 **which shall be enforced in the same manner as other default judgments,**
38 **including enforcement under sections 488.5028 and 488.5030, unless the**
39 **court determines that good cause or excusable neglect exists for the**

40 defendant's failure to appear for the infraction. The notice of entry of
41 default judgment and the amount of fines and costs imposed shall be
42 sent to the defendant by first class mail. The default judgment may be
43 set aside for good cause if the defendant files a motion to set aside the
44 judgment within thirty days of the date the notice of entry of default
45 judgment is mailed.

46 5. Notwithstanding subsection 4 of this section or any provisions
47 of law to the contrary, a court may issue a warrant for failure to appear
48 for any violation which is classified as an infraction.

49 6. Judgment against the defendant for an infraction shall be in
50 the amount of the fine authorized by law and the court costs for the
51 offense.

52 7. Subsections 3 to 6 of this section shall become effective
53 January 1, 2012.

556.022. It shall be the duty of the operator or driver of any
2 vehicle or the rider of any animal traveling on the roads of this state
3 to stop on signal of any law enforcement officer and to obey any other
4 reasonable signal or direction of such law enforcement officer given in
5 the course of enforcing any infraction. Any person who willfully fails
6 or refuses to obey any signal or direction of a law enforcement officer
7 given in the course of enforcing any infraction, or who willfully resists
8 or opposes a law enforcement officer in the proper discharge of his or
9 her duties in the course of enforcing any infraction, is guilty of a class
10 A misdemeanor and on plea or finding of guilt thereof shall be
11 punished as provided by law for such offenses.

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to provide a clear and
2 consistent procedure for prosecuting infractions, the repeal and reenactment of
3 section 556.021 and the enactment of section 556.022 of section A of this act is
4 deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare,
5 peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the
6 meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of section 556.021
7 and the enactment of section 556.022 of section A of this act shall be in full force
8 and effect upon its passage and approval.

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