SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 934

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR GRIESHEIMER.

Read 1st time February 11, 2010, and ordered printed.

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

5008S.01I

AN ACT

To amend chapter 429, RSMo, by adding thereto three new sections relating to mechanics' liens, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 429, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto three new 2 sections, to be known as sections 429.016, 429.017, and 429.018, to read as 3 follows:

429.016. 1. All persons providing labor, materials, or services for the construction or improvement of residential real property, other $\mathbf{2}$ than the repair, remodeling, or similar improvement of an existing, 3 owner-occupied residential property of four units or less under section 4 429.013, who seek to retain the right to assert a mechanic's lien against $\mathbf{5}$ such residential real property shall record, or be accurately identified 6 7 in, a public notice as provided in this section which shall be recorded with the recorder of deeds for each county in which the residential real 8 property is located. 9

2. As used in this section and in section 429.017, the term 10 "residential real property" means any parcel of real estate, improved or 11 unimproved, that is intended to be or is used for the construction of 1213residential structures and related improvements or improvements 14 which support the residential use of the land and which residential 15structures are intended to be owned by the inhabitant, including any 16 residential dwelling of four units or less and residential condominiums, townhouses and cooperatives regardless of the number of units, and 17including mixed-use or planned unit developments regardless of the 18 19ratio of residential structures to other uses. "Residential real property" also includes any streets, sidewalks, utility services, improved common 20

areas, or other facilities which are or shall be constructed for the useor benefit of the inhabitants of residential real property.

233. Every original contractor or person identified in subsection 1 of section 429.015 who seeks to retain the right to assert a mechanic's 2425lien against such residential real property shall record, or be accurately identified in, a "notice of intent to perform" which shall be 26effective to initiate lien rights for any person identified in such notice 27as of the later of the date such notice is recorded or the date such 2829person identified in the notice commences performing or providing labor, materials, or services intended for the improvement of the 30 property. Any person recording a notice of intent to perform shall also 3132post a copy of such notice on or immediately adjacent to the residential real property and shall provide a copy of, or reasonable access to, such 33 notice to every person identified in said notice, provided, however, that 3435the failure to post said notice or provide such notice to each person identified therein shall not defeat the lien rights of any person 36 identified in such notice, neither shall it relieve any person from the 37 38requirement to record notice or be identified in a recorded notice.

394. Every subcontractor or supplier who is not an original 40contractor who seeks to retain the right to assert a mechanic's lien 41against such residential real property and who is not accurately identified in a previously recorded notice of intent to perform shall 4243record, or be accurately identified in, a "notice of commencement" which shall be effective to initiate lien rights for any person identified 44 in such notice as of the later of ten days prior to the recording of such 45notice or the date such person identified in the notice commences 4647performing or providing labor, materials, or services intended for the improvement of the property. Any person recording a notice of 4849commencement shall provide a copy of, or reasonable access to, such notice to every person identified in said notice, provided, however, that 50the failure to provide such notice to each person identified therein 51shall not defeat the lien rights of any person identified in such notice, 52neither shall it relieve any person from the requirement to record 5354notice or be identified in a recorded notice.

55 5. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, a notice of 56 commencement recorded after a conveyance of the residential real 57 property to a third party acting in good faith who provides fair value

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to the seller shall not be effective to preserve lien rights as to that 5859residential real property, but such person recording said notice of 60 commencement shall not waive any right to recover the charges for such labor, materials, or services from the seller of the residential real 6162property and shall, further, be entitled to recover treble the charges for such labor, materials, or services from such seller upon proving that 63 the seller had actual knowledge that labor, materials, or services were 64provided by such person, that said labor, materials, or services 65 66 enhanced the value of the property and that the seller acted in bad faith and for the purpose of not paying such charges. 67

68 6. Any recorded notice shall comply with section 59.310, and 69 shall contain the following information:

(1) The name and, if known, the address of the owner of the
residential real property, who shall be designated as "grantor";

(2) The name, address, telephone number, email address, if any,
and facsimile number, if any, of the person recording the notice, who
shall be designated as "grantee";

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(3) The legal description of the residential real property; and

76 (4) The name, address, telephone number, email address, if 77known, and facsimile number, if known, of every person with whom the 78grantee has contracted to provide labor, materials, or services for the improvements to the residential real property. In addition, any 79 80 recorded notice may contain the name and, to the extent known by the 81 grantee, the address, email address, telephone number and facsimile 82number of every person who is providing or shall provide labor, materials, or services for the improvement of the residential real 83 84 property who does not have a contractual relationship with the grantee, and who is not identified in a previously recorded notice to 85the knowledge of the grantee. An owner of residential real property, 86 an agent thereof, or any person having a security interest in the 87 property may record a notice of intent to perform for the purpose of 88 complying with this section. 89

90 7. Any person failing to record a notice or any person whose 91 name is not accurately identified in any recorded notice shall be 92 deemed to have waived any rights to assert a lien under this chapter. 93 A recorded notice accurately identifies a person so long as the 94 identifying information in the notice is neither deceptively similar to SB 934

another person reasonably likely to provide labor, materials, or 9596 services for the improvement of residential real property nor so 97deficient in information as to make it unreasonably difficult to identify such person. Any person who provides labor, materials, or services 9899 prior to the effective date of a recorded notice accurately identifying them shall be deemed to have waived any rights to assert a lien under 100this chapter only as to the labor, materials, and services provided prior 101 to the effective date of the recorded notice accurately identifying them, 102103 but any original contractor or other person who is determined to be an original contractor shall have lien rights only for labor, materials, and 104services provided after a recorded notice accurately identifying such 105person is filed, regardless of the type of notice recorded. This section 106is only intended to limit what claims for labor, services and materials 107may be enforced in an action under this chapter and nothing herein 108shall affect any other remedies afforded by law, including, but not 109 110limited to, remedies available for an action on the contract, for a claim of undue enrichment or for other common law or equitable actions. 111

1128. A recorded notice shall expire two years after the date on 113which it is recorded unless extended by the recording, prior to the 114expiration of such two years, of a continuation notice which shall 115contain the information set forth in subsection 4 of this section and shall further include the book and page number of any prior recorded 116117notice or continuation notice which is to be continued in effect. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the 118failure to record a continuation notice prior to the expiration of any 119previously recorded notice shall constitute the waiver of any lien rights 120121as to any residential real property described in said continuation notice unless a lien statement under section 429.080 has been filed with 122respect to said residential real property. 123

429.017. 1. A person providing labor, services, or materials for the improvement of residential real property may waive their right to assert a mechanic's lien by executing a partial or full waiver of lien rights, whether conditioned upon receipt of payment or unconditional, provided that a waiver shall not be deemed or interpreted to waive or release lien rights in exchange for a payment of less than the amount claimed due or arising subsequent to the date on which the waiver of lien rights is executed unless such waiver is an unconditional, final lien

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9 waiver in compliance with this section.

10 2. An unconditional, final lien waiver is a complete and absolute waiver of any lien rights on the residential real property described in 11 the lien waiver, including any rights which might otherwise arise from 12remedial or additional labor, services, or materials provided to the 13residential real property, or which might benefit the residential real 14property, under either an initial agreement or a supplemental 15agreement entered into by the same parties prior to the execution of 16 the unconditional, final lien waiver. 17

3. An unconditional, final lien waiver shall only be valid if it
contains a heading, title, or label in at least twelve-point bold type
stating: "Unconditional Final Lien Waiver" and shall further include
the following information, to the extent applicable:

(1) The name, address, and telephone number of the person
executing the unconditional, final lien waiver;

24 (2) The legal description or address of the property for which the25 lien waiver applies;

(3) A statement either that all work, other than remedial or
additional work, has been completed or identifying what work shall be
completed, the cost or charges for that work and the agreed means for
paying those charges; and

30 acknowledgment by the (4) An person executing the unconditional, final lien waiver that all rights granted by this chapter 3132are waived as to the residential real property described in the unconditional, final lien waiver for all labor, services, and materials 33provided to such property prior to the date of such unconditional, final 3435lien waiver, and for such labor, services and materials thereafter 36 provided for remedial or additional work, or work otherwise reasonably related to the work to be completed. 37

4. A person executing an unconditional, final lien waiver for less than full consideration shall still be bound by the waiver as it relates to any rights arising under this chapter, but the waiver shall not constitute a release of any other claim, remedy or cause of action.

5. An unconditional, final lien waiver is valid under this chapter
notwithstanding any nonperformance, failure of performance, or fraud
not attributable to all persons relying on such unconditional, final lien
waiver.

466. A person recording or identified in a recorded notice of intent 47to perform or a recorded notice of commencement who knowingly refuses, or who knowingly fails within ten business days following a 48written request therefor, to execute an unconditional, final lien waiver 49for said property and who either has provided no labor, materials, or 50services for, or benefitting said property or has been paid in full for 51such labor, materials, or services for, or benefitting said property, 52commits the crime of lien fraud, punishable under this section as a 53class B misdemeanor. A person recording or identified in a recorded 54notice of intent to perform or a recorded notice of commencement who 5556intentionally refuses, or who intentionally fails within ten business days following a written request therefor, to reasonably identify the 57labor, materials, and services provided for or benefitting said property 58and the amount claimed owed, less credit for any payments previously 59received, for such labor, materials, and services commits the crime of 60 lien fraud, punishable under this section as a class C misdemeanor. 61

62 7. In the alternative to section 429.016, a lien shall not attach to 63 residential real property on behalf of any person recording or 64identified in a notice of intent to perform or a notice of commencement 65if, prior to the filing of a lien statement under section 429.080, the 66 owner has procured from a surety company authorized to do business in this state a bond in an amount not less than one and one-half times 67 68 the charges claimed by said person or persons to be due or to become due for labor, materials, or services provided or to be provided to the 69 owner for the construction or improvement of the residential real 70property. Such bond shall obligate the surety company, to the extent 7172of the sum of the bond, to pay all sums determined to be owed for the 73labor, materials and services provided or to be provided by the persons claiming under such bond, which determination shall be made by either 74a written agreement of the owner and said person or persons or a final 75decision of a court. The owner shall furnish on request a true copy, at 76no more than actual cost of reproduction, to said person or persons, 77and shall be liable to the requesting person for any damages caused by 7879failure, without justification, to furnish a copy.

80 8. A person shall not recover under the bond provided for in this
81 section unless such person:

82 (1) Institutes suit against both the surety and the party-in-privity

from whom the payment was due within one year after the completion of the provision of labor, materials, and services for the construction or improvement of the residential real property, or within such longer time permitted by the terms of the bond; and

87 (2) Pleads and proves in such suit that such person is identified
88 in a recorded notice of intent to perform or a recorded notice of
89 commencement describing the residential real property; and

90 (3) Pleads and proves in such suit that such person has not
91 violated the provisions of subsection 6 of this section.

929. A person claiming under the bond may proceed directly against the surety and the party-in-privity without bringing a judicial 93 proceeding against the owner or an original contractor, unless required 94by subdivision (1) of subsection 8 of this section, and without further 95complying with the notice and filing procedures of this chapter. In any 96 97 judicial proceeding brought on the bond, the court may award to the prevailing party or parties such reasonable attorney's fees and court 98 costs as the court determines appropriate, and may apportion such 99 100 award, if any, among the non-prevailing parties in the discretion of the 101court, but the total liability of the surety shall not exceed the amount 102of the bond.

429.018. 1. A lien does not attach to the real estate on behalf of any claimant claiming through a particular original contractor if the owner or the original contractor has procured from a surety company authorized to do business in this state a bond meeting the requirements of this section and has recorded a notice of surety bond.

6 2. The bond shall obligate the surety company, to the extent of 7 the sum of the bond, to pay all sums due to construction lien claimants 8 other than the original contractor for services and materials supplied 9 pursuant to the contract under which the lien would otherwise arise.

3. The sum of the bond shall be not less than one hundred fifty percent of all mechanics' lien claims filed prior to the recorded notice of the bond and shall only substitute collateral as set out herein to those mechanics' liens filed prior to the recorded notice of the bond.

4. The person procuring the bond shall furnish, upon request, a
true copy at cost of reproduction to any claimant and shall be liable to
the requesting claimant for any damages caused by a failure, without
justification, to furnish a copy.

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18 5. A claimant shall not recover under the bond provided for in19 this section unless he or she:

(1) Institutes suit against the surety within one year after the
completion of his or her performance or within any longer period of
time permitted by the terms of the bond; and

(2) If he or she is a claimant not having a direct contractual
relationship with the original contractor, within ninety days after
completion of his or her performance gives the original contractor
written notice of the amount due.

6. A claimant having a claim under the bond may proceed directly against the surety. A judicial proceeding on the bond may be maintained separately from and without bringing a judicial proceeding against the original contractor and without complying with the notice and recording procedures of sections 429.010 to 429.360.

7. The obligation of a surety under this section is not affected by
any change or modification of the contract between the original
contractor and the owner, but the total liability of the surety shall not
exceed the sum of the bond.

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