Division

1		HOUSE B	BILL NO. 305	
2	INTR	ODUCED BY E. BUTTREY, K. ZOLNIK	KOV, L. JONES, M. HO	OPKINS, C. SPRUNGER
3				
4	A BILL FOR AN	I ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERAL	LY REVISING ALCOH	IOL LICENSE LAWS RELATING
5	TO MANUFACT	FURERS AND RETAILERS; ALLOWIN	G A LIMITED EXCEP	TION FOR LICENSED BREWERS,
6	DISTILLERS, A	ND WINERIES TO HOLD RETAIL LIC	ENSES; ALLOWING A	A LIMITED EXCEPTION FOR
7	RETAIL LICENS	SEES TO HOLD A BREWER, DISTILL	ER, OR WINERY LICE	ENSE; PROVIDING LIMITATIONS;
8	PROVIDING DE	EFINITIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS <sup>2</sup>	16-3-213, 16-3-214, 16	6-3-241, 16-3-242, 16-3-244, 16-3-
9	311, 16-3-411, <u>1</u>	<u>16-4-105, 16-4-201,</u> 16-4-311, <del>AND</del> -16	-4-401, <u>AND 16-4-420</u>	, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
10	EFFECTIVE DA	NTE."		
11				
12	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE ST	ATE OF MONTANA:	
13				
14	Sectior	<b>1.</b> Section 16-3-213, MCA, is amende	ed to read:	
15	"16-3-2	13. Brewers or beer importers not t	to retail beer small	brewery exceptions. (1) Except
16	as provided for	small breweries in subsection (2 <u>) and e</u>	except as provided in 1	6-4-401(10), it is unlawful for any
17	brewer or brewe	eries or beer importer to have or own a	ny permit to sell or reta	ail beer at any place or premises. It
18	is the intention of	of this section to prohibit brewers and b	eer importers from en	gaging in the retail sale of beer.
19	This section doe	es not prohibit breweries from selling ar	nd delivering beer mar	nufactured by them, in original
20	packages, at eit	ther wholesale or retail.		
21	(2)	(a) For the purposes of this section, a	"small brewery" is a bi	rewery that has an annual
22	nationwide prod	luction of not less than 100 barrels or m	nore than 60,000 barre	els, including:
23	(i)	the production of all affiliated manufac	turers; and	
24	(ii)	beer purchased from any other beer p	roducer to be sold by t	he brewery.
25	(b)	A small brewery may, at one location f	or each brewery licens	se and at no more than three
26	locations includ	ing affiliated manufacturers, provide sa	mples of beer that wer	e brewed and fermented on the
27	premises in a sa	ample room located on the licensed pre	emises. The samples n	nay be provided with or without
28	charge betweer	the hours of 10 a.m. and 8 p.m. No me	ore than 48 ounces of	malt beverage may be sold or
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1	given to each individual customer during a business day for consumption on the premises or in prepared		
2	servings through curbside pickup, provided that the 48-ounce limit may not in any way limit a small brewery's		
3	sales as provided in 16-3-214(1)(a)(iii). No more than 2,000 barrels may be provided annually for on-premises		
4	sample room consumption, including all affiliated manufacturers.		
5	(3) For the purposes of this section, "affiliated manufacturer" means a manufacturer of beer:		
6	(a) that one or more members of the manufacturing entity have more than a majority share interest		
7	in or that controls directly or indirectly another beer manufacturing entity;		
8	(b) for which the business operations conducted between or among entities are interrelated or		
9	interdependent to the extent that the net income of one entity cannot reasonably be determined without		
10	reference to operations of the other entity; or		
11	(c) of which the brand names, products, recipes, merchandise, trade name, trademarks, labels, or		
12	logos are identical or nearly identical.		
13	(4) For a licensed brewery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4-401(10),		
14	beer that is manufactured and sold at the colocated premises is not subject to the limitations imposed by this		
15	section. Beer manufactured and sold at the colocated premises does count toward production levels for tax		
16	purposes."		
17			
18	Section 2. Section 16-3-214, MCA, is amended to read:		
19	"16-3-214. Beer sales by brewers sample room exception. (1) Subject to the limitations and		
20	restrictions contained in this code, a brewer who manufactures less than 60,000 barrels of beer a year, upon		
21	payment of the annual license fee imposed by 16-4-501 and upon presenting satisfactory evidence to the		
22	department as required by 16-4-101, must be licensed by the department, in accordance with the provisions of		
23	this code and rules prescribed by the department, to:		
24	(a) sell and deliver beer from its storage depot or brewery to:		
25	(i) a wholesaler;		
26	(ii) licensed retailers if the brewer uses the brewer's own equipment, trucks, and employees to		
27	deliver the beer and if:		
28	(A) individual deliveries, other than draught beer, are limited to the case equivalent of 8 barrels a		



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1 day to each licensed retailer; and 2 (B) the total amount of beer sold or delivered directly to all retailers does not exceed 10,000 barrels 3 a year; or 4 (iii) the public, including curbside pickup between 8 a.m. and 2 a.m. in original packaging or 5 growlers; 6 (b) provide its own products for consumption on its licensed premises without charge or, if it is a 7 small brewery, provide its own products at a sample room as provided in 16-3-213; or 8 (c) do any one or more of the acts of sale and delivery of beer as provided in this code. 9 (2) A brewery may not use a common carrier for delivery of the brewery's product to the public or 10 to licensed retailers. 11 (3) A brewery may import or purchase, upon terms and conditions the department may require, 12 necessary flavors and other nonbeverage ingredients containing alcohol for blending or manufacturing 13 purposes. 14 (4) An additional license fee may not be imposed on a brewery providing its own products on its 15 licensed premises for consumption on the premises. 16 (5) This section does not prohibit a licensed brewer from shipping and selling beer directly to a 17 wholesaler in this state under the provisions of 16-3-230. 18 For a licensed brewery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4-401(10), (6) 19 beer that is manufactured and sold at the colocated premises does not count towards the 10,000-barrel self-20 distribution limit imposed by subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B). Beer manufactured and sold at the colocated premises 21 does count toward production levels for tax purposes." 22 23 Section 3. Section 16-3-241, MCA, is amended to read: 24 "16-3-241. Furnishing of fixtures or interior advertising matter to retailers by brewers, beer 25 importers, and wholesalers unlawful -- exceptions. (1) (a) It Except as provided in subsection (3), it is 26 unlawful for any brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler to lease, furnish, give, or pay for any premises, furniture, 27 fixtures, equipment, or any other advertising matter or any other property to a retail licensee, used or to be used 28 in the dispensation of beer in and about the interior of the place of business of the licensed retailer, or to



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1 furnish, give, or pay for any repairs, improvements, or painting on or within the premises.

- (b) It is lawful for a brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler to furnish, give, or loan to a retail licensee:
  (i) bottle openers, can openers, trays, tap handles, menus, apparel, coasters, glassware, cups,
  napkins, or other functional advertising matter that does not exceed \$300 in value in any 1 calendar year to any
  one retail establishment for display use within the interior of the retail establishment;
- 6 (ii) not more than six illuminated or electrical signs, neon signs, lamps, or lighted clocks for each 7 brand of beer in any 1 calendar year to any one retailer for display use within the interior of the retailer's place 8 of business. These signs, displays, lamps, or lighted clocks may bear the name, brand name, trade name,

9 trademark, or other designation indicating the name of the manufacturer of beer and the place of manufacture.

10 Any beer advertised must be available for sale on the retailer's premises at the time the displays are used

11 unless the displays are the property of the retailer or, if supplied by a brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler, a

- 12 display has been in the retailer's possession for more than 9 months.
- (iii) permanent or temporary advertising matter of a decorative nature, excluding items described in
   subsection (1)(b)(ii) but including nonelectric clocks, mirrors, banners, flags, and pennants; and
- (iv) maintenance or repair services on draft beer equipment to keep it sanitary and in good working
  condition.
- 17 (2) A wholesaler may furnish portable equipment used for the temporary cooling, handling, and
  18 dispensing of beer to a special permittee or a retailer for use:
- 19 (a) in catering an event that is off the permittee's or retailer's regular premises; or
- 20 (b) up to three times a year, on a retailer's regular premises, for a period not to exceed 72 hours.
- 21 (3) A licensed brewery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4-401(10) is
- 22 not subject to the limitations of subsection (1)(a) for the licensed brewery's retail-licensed premises."
- 23
- 24

Section 4. Section 16-3-242, MCA, is amended to read:

25 "16-3-242. Financial interest in retailers prohibited. (1) A brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler may 26 not advance or loan money to or furnish money for or pay for or on behalf of any retailer any license or tax that 27 may be required to be paid for any retailer. A brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler may not be financially 28 interested, either directly or indirectly, in the conduct or operation of the business of a retailer. A brewer, beer



1	importer, or wholesaler is considered to have a financial interest within the meaning of this section if:
2	(1)(a) the brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler owns or holds any interest in or a lien or mortgage
3	against the retailer or the retailer's premises;
4	(2)(b) the brewer, beer importer, or wholesaler is under any contract with a retailer concerning future
5	purchases or the sale of merchandise by one from or to the other; or
6	(3)(c) any retailer holds an interest, as a stockholder or otherwise, in the business of the wholesaler.
7	(2) A licensed brewery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4-401(10) is
8	not subject to the limitations of this section for the licensed brewery's retail-licensed premises"
9	
10	Section 5. Section 16-3-244, MCA, is amended to read:
11	"16-3-244. Beer advertising limitations. It-(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), it is lawful to
12	advertise beer, as defined and regulated, subject to the restrictions on brewers and beer importers contained in
13	16-3-241 of this code and subject to the following restrictions on retailers. A retail licensee may not display or
14	permit to be displayed on the exterior portion or surface of the retailer's place of business or on the exterior
15	portion or surface of any building of which the place of business is a part or on any premises adjacent to the
16	place of business, whether any of the premises are owned or leased by the retailer, any sign, poster, or
17	advertisement bearing the name, brand name, trade name, trademark, or other designation indicating the
18	manufacturer, brewer, beer importer, wholesaler, or place of manufacture of any beer, unless it is on a
19	marquee, board, or other space used for temporary advertisements and is not displayed for more than 10 days
20	per display period.
21	(2) A licensed brewery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4-401(10) is
22	not subject to the restrictions in subsection (1) at ANY OF the colocated BREWERY'S LICENSED premises for
23	products manufactured by the licensed brewery."
24	
25	Section 6. Section 16-3-311, MCA, is amended to read:
26	"16-3-311. Suitable premises for licensed retail establishments. (1) (a) A licensed retailer may
27	use a part of a building as premises licensed for on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages. The licensed
28	retailer must demonstrate that it has adequate control over all alcoholic beverages to prevent self-service,



1 service to underage persons, and service to persons who are actually or apparently intoxicated. Except as 2 provided in subsection subsections (8) and (10), the premises must be separated from the rest of the building 3 by permanent walls but may have inside access to the rest of the building at all times even if the businesses or 4 uses in the other part of the building are unrelated to the operation of the premises in which the alcoholic 5 beverages are served. If the premises are located in a portion of a building, the licensed retailer must be able to 6 demonstrate that there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent public access to alcoholic beverages after 7 hours, either by the presence of a lockable door or other security features such as rolling gates, locking 8 cabinets, tap locks, or key card access.

9 (b) A resort retail all-beverages licensee or a retail all-beverages licensee within the boundaries of
10 a resort area may also utilize an alternate alcoholic beverage storage facility as allowed in 16-4-213(8).

11 (2) A licensee may alter the approved floorplan of the premises. The alteration must be consistent 12 with the requirements of subsection (1)(a). A licensee shall provide a copy of the revised floorplan with the 13 proposed alteration for the licensed premises to the department within 7 days of beginning the alteration. 14 Department approval may not be unreasonably withheld. If the completed alteration differs from the approved 15 alteration due to modifications required for approval by other state or local government entities, such as 16 compliance with fire or building codes, the department must be notified, but preapproval is not required for 17 these modifications. An alteration for the purposes of this section is any structural change in a premises that 18 does not increase the square footage of the existing approved premises. An alteration that increases the 19 square footage of the existing approved premises must be approved by the department prior to beginning the 20 alteration. A cosmetic change, such as painting, carpeting, or other interior decorating, is not considered an 21 alteration under this section.

(3) The interior portion of the licensed premises must be a continuous area that is under the
control of the licensee and not interrupted by any area in which the licensee does not have adequate control,
and includes multiple floors on the premises and common areas necessarily shared by multiple building tenants
in order to allow patrons to access other tenant businesses or private dwellings in the same building, including
but not limited to entryways, hallways, stairwells, and elevators.

27 (4) The premises may include one or more exterior patios or decks as long as sufficient physical
 28 safeguards are in place to ensure proper service and consumption of alcoholic beverages. An additional



perimeter barrier may not be required if an existing boundary naturally defines the outdoor service area and
 impedes foot traffic.

3 (5) Premises suitability does not include a minimum number of seats.

4 (6) A licensed retailer may apply to the department to have a noncontiguous storage area that is 5 under the control of the licensed retailer approved for onsite alcoholic beverage storage separate from its 6 service area as long as the licensed retailer demonstrates that there are adequate safeguards in place to 7 prevent public access to alcoholic beverages after hours, either by the presence of a lockable door or other 8 security features such as rolling gates, locking cabinets, tap locks, or key card access. The application fee is 9 \$100.

10 (7) A licensed retailer operating within a hotel or similar short-term lodging facility may apply to the 11 department to allow for the delivery of alcoholic beverages to guests of accommodation units, and the 12 prestocking of alcoholic beverages in accommodation units is allowed for the accommodation units within the 13 property as long as the purchaser's age is verified and there are adequate safeguards in place to prevent 14 underage service. The application fee is \$100.

15 (8) An on-premises consumption retailer may be located adjacent to a brewery or winery if the
 16 licensees are able to maintain control of their respective premises through adequate physical separation.

17 (9) (a) For the purposes of this section, "adequate physical separation" means:

18 (i) the premises of the retailer and the premises of the brewery or winery are secured after

19 business hours from each other and from any other business, including but not limited to prohibiting a customer

20 from accessing a brewery sample room and purchasing alcohol after the brewery tasting room hours of

21 operation as specified in 16-3-213(2)(b); and

(ii) the separation may include doors, gates, or windows that may be left open during businesshours.

24 (b) The term does not require permanent floor-to-ceiling walls.

25 (10) For colocated premises authorized in 16-4-401(10), there are no physical separation

26 requirements applied by this code but the licensee shall follow any federal requirements."

27

28 Section 7. Section 16-3-411, MCA, is amended to read:



1	"16-3-41 <i>*</i>	1. Winery. (1) A winery located in Montana and licensed pursuant to 16-4-107 may:
2	(a) ii	mport in bulk, bottle, produce, blend, store, transport, or export wine it produces;
3	(b) s	sell wine it produces at wholesale to wine distributors;
4	(c) s	sell wine it produces at retail at the winery directly to the consumer for consumption on or off
5	the premises;	
6	(d) p	provide, without charge, wine it produces for consumption at the winery;
7	(e) p	purchase from the department or its licensees brandy or other distilled spirits for fortifying wine
8	it produces;	
9	(f) C	obtain a special event permit under 16-4-301;
10	(g) p	perform those operations and cellar treatments that are permitted for bonded winery premises
11	under applicable	regulations of the United States department of the treasury;
12	(h) s	sell wine at the winery to a licensed retailer who presents the retailer's license or a photocopy
13	of the license;	
14	(i) C	obtain a direct shipment endorsement to ship table wine as provided in Title 16, chapter 4, part
15	11, directly to an	individual in Montana who is at least 21 years of age; or
16	(j) c	offer wine in its original packaging, prepared servings, or growlers for curbside pickup between
17	8 a.m. and 2 a.m	
18	(2) (	a) A-Except as provided in 16-4-401(10)(d), a winery licensed pursuant to 16-4-107 may sell
19	and deliver wine	produced by the winery directly to licensed retailers if the winery:
20	(i) L	uses the winery's own equipment, trucks, and employees to deliver the wine and the wine
21	delivered pursuar	nt to this subsection (2)(a)(i) does not exceed 4,500 cases a year;
22	(ii) c	contracts with a licensed table wine distributor to ship and deliver the winery's wine to the
23	retailer; or	
24	(iii) c	contracts with a common carrier to ship and deliver the winery's wine to the retailer and:
25	(A) t	he wine shipped and delivered by common carrier is shipped directly from the producer's
26	winery or bonded	l warehouse;
27	(B) ii	ndividual shipments delivered by common carrier are limited to three cases a day for each
28	licensed retailer;	and

28 licensed retailer; and



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1 (C) the shipments delivered by common carrier do not exceed 4,500 cases a year. 2 If a winery uses a common carrier for delivery of the wine to licensed table wine distributors (b) 3 and retailers, the shipment must be: 4 (i) in boxes that are marked with the words: "Wine Shipment From Montana-Licensed Winery to 5 Montana Licensee"; 6 (ii) delivered to the premises of a licensed table wine distributor or licensed retailer who is in good 7 standing; and 8 (iii) signed for by the wine distributor or retailer or its employee or agent. 9 In addition to any records required to be maintained under 16-4-107, a winery that distributes (c) 10 wine within the state under this subsection (2) shall maintain records of all sales and shipments. The winery 11 shall, pursuant to 16-1-411, electronically file a report in the manner and form prescribed by the department, 12 reporting the amount of wine or hard cider, or both, that it shipped in the state during the preceding period, 13 including the names and addresses of consignees or retailers, and other information that the department may 14 determine to be necessary to ensure that distribution of wine or hard cider, or both, within this state conforms to 15 the requirements of this code." 16 17 SECTION 8. SECTION 16-4-105, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 18 "16-4-105. Limit on retail beer licenses -- wine license amendments -- limitation on use of 19 license -- exceptions -- competitive bidding -- rulemaking. (1) Except as provided in 16-4-109, 16-4-110, 20 16-4-115, 16-4-420, and chapter 4, part 3, of this title, a license to sell beer at retail or beer and wine at retail, in 21 accordance with the provisions of this code and the rules of the department, may be issued to any person or 22 business entity that is approved by the department, subject to the following exceptions: 23 (a) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for premises situated within 24 incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the cities and towns 25 must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 as follows: 26 (i) in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or fewer and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of 27 the towns, not more than one retail beer license; 28 in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not more than (ii)



1 2,000 inhabitants and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the cities or towns, one retail beer license for

2 every 500 inhabitants;

3 (iii) in incorporated cities of more than 2,000 inhabitants and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of 4 the cities, four retail beer licenses for the first 2,000 inhabitants, two additional retail beer licenses for the next 5 2,000 inhabitants or major fraction of 2,000 inhabitants, and one additional retail beer license for each 6 additional 2,000 inhabitants.

7 (b) The number of inhabitants in each incorporated city or incorporated town, exclusive of the 8 number of inhabitants residing within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the city or town, governs the number of 9 retail beer licenses that may be issued for use within the city or town and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of 10 the city or town. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of an incorporated city or incorporated town 11 must be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the 12 nearest corporate boundary of the city or town. A license that is restricted by quota limitations in this section 13 may not be located farther than:

(i) the county boundary within which the incorporated city or incorporated town is located; or
(ii) the line that separates the incorporated city's or incorporated town's boundary from another
incorporated city or incorporated town as specified in this section.

(c) (i) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile
boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
straight line equidistant between each city or town.

(ii) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town
terminates from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses
existing as of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a
result of the straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:

(A) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area
boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a
Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of
where it falls in the new quota areas.



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(B) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn 2 along Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.

3 (C) In the Polson and Ronan quota areas, the straight line will be drawn from U.S. highway 93 west 4 on Pablo West road to the quota area boundary and east on Clairmont road extending out to the quota area 5 boundary. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, within the Polson guota area will become a Polson 6 license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, 7 within the Ronan quota area will become a Ronan license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas. (d) 8 Retail beer licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and retail beer licenses issued under 16-4-110 9 that are in excess of the limitations in this section are renewable, but new licenses may not be issued in 10 violation of the limitations.

11 (e) The limitations do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and nonassignable retail beer 12 license to an enlisted persons', noncommissioned officers', or officers' club located on a state or federal military 13 reservation on May 13, 1985, or to a post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a lodge of a 14 recognized national fraternal organization if the veterans' or fraternal organization has been in continuous 15 existence for a period of 5 years or more prior to January 1, 1949, and is applying for a license at the same 16 location that it has occupied for the last 5 years. A post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or a 17 lodge of a recognized national fraternal organization that has held a veterans' or fraternal license within the past 18 10 years is not subject to the 5-year same location requirement.

19 (f) The number of retail beer licenses that the department may issue for use at premises situated 20 outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town and outside of the area within 5 miles of the corporate 21 limits or for use at premises situated within any unincorporated area must be determined by the department in 22 its discretion, except that a retail beer license may not be issued for any premises so situated unless the 23 department determines that the issuance of the license is required by public convenience and necessity 24 pursuant to 16-4-203. Subsection (8) does not apply to licenses issued under this subsection (1)(f). The owner 25 of the license whose premises are situated outside of an incorporated city or incorporated town may offer 26 gambling, regardless of when the license was issued, if the owner and premises gualify under Title 23, chapter 27 5, part 3, 5, or 6.

(a) For a period of 12 years after November 24, 2017, existing licenses or licenses that resulted (2)



<sup>28</sup> 

1 from applications in process as of November 24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as

2 provided in subsection (1)(c) may be transferred between the two quota areas if they were part of the combined

3 quota area prior to November 24, 2017.

- 4 (b) If any new retail beer licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area that existed as
  5 of November 24, 2017, as provided in subsection (1)(c), the department shall publish the availability of no more
  6 than one new beer license a year until the quota has been reached.
- (c) If any new retail beer licenses are allowed by license transfers as provided in subsection (2)(a),
  the department may publish the availability of more than one new license a year until the quota has been
  reached.
- 10 (3) A license issued under subsection (1)(f) that becomes located within 5 miles of an incorporated 11 city or town because of annexation after April 15, 2005, may not be transferred to another location within the 12 city quota area any sooner than 5 years from the date of the annexation.
- (4) When the department determines that a quota area is eligible for a new retail beer license
  under subsection (1) or (2)(b), the department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided in 16-4-430
  to determine the party afforded the opportunity to apply for the new license.
- 16 (5) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), when more than one new beer license becomes
  17 available at the same time in the same quota area, the department shall conduct a separate competitive bidding
  18 process at separate times for each available license.
- 19 (6) (a) A person holding a license to sell beer for consumption on the premises at retail may apply 20 to the department for an amendment to the license permitting the holder to sell wine as well as beer. The 21 department may issue an amendment if it finds, on a satisfactory showing by the applicant, that the sale of wine 22 for consumption on the premises would be supplementary to a restaurant or prepared-food business. Except for 23 beer and wine licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-420, a person holding a beer and wine license may sell wine for 24 consumption on or off the premises. Nonretention of the beer license, for whatever reason, means automatic 25 loss of the wine amendment license.
- (b) A person licensed under this subsection (6) may apply to the department and pay a fee for an
  endorsement to, with the licensee's own employees 21 years of age or older, deliver beer and wine in original
  packaging if the delivery includes food that is prepared by the licensee at the licensee's premises. The



1	purchase price	of the delivered beer and wine may not exceed the purchase price of the delivered food.
2	<u>(C)</u>	A PERSON LICENSED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (6) MAY POSSESS AND USE LIQUOR IN THE KITCHEN OF
3	THE LICENSED P	REMISES ONLY FOR THE PREPARATION OF FOOD AND AS LONG AS THE ALCOHOL CONTENT IS COOKED
4	OUT OF THE FOO	DD AT THE TIME OF SERVING. NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION (6)(C) AUTHORIZES A LICENSEE TO
5	CONSUME, SELL	, SERVE, OR GIVE AWAY LIQUOR.
6	(7)	A license issued under this section may offer curbside pickup between 8 a.m. and 2 a.m. in
7	original packag	jing, prepared servings, or growlers.
8	(8)	Except as provided in subsection (1)(f), a license issued pursuant to this section after October
9	1, 1997, must ł	nave a conspicuous notice that the license may not be used for premises where gambling is
10	conducted.	
11	(9)	An applicant for a license issued through a competitive bidding process in 16-4-430 shall pay a
12	\$25,000 new lie	cense fee and in subsequent years pay the annual fee for the license as provided in 16-4-501.
13	(10)	The department may adopt rules to implement this section."
14		
15	SECTIO	<b>DN 9.</b> SECTION 16-4-201, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
10	<u></u>	TO DESTRICT TO T 201, MOA, 10 AMENDED TO READ.
16		201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell
	"16-4-2	
16	" <b>16-4-2</b> liquor, beer, an	201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell
16 17	" <b>16-4-2</b> liquor, beer, an and the rules o	<b>201.</b> All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ad table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code
16 17 18	" <b>16-4-2</b> liquor, beer, an and the rules o proper person	<b>201. All-beverages license quota.</b> (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ind table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code if the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and
16 17 18 19	"16-4-2 liquor, beer, an and the rules o proper person may issue for p	<b>201. All-beverages license quota.</b> (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ind table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code if the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department
16 17 18 19 20	"16-4-2 liquor, beer, an and the rules o proper person may issue for p	<b>201. All-beverages license quota.</b> (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ad table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code of the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the
16 17 18 19 20 21	"16-4-2 liquor, beer, an and the rules o proper person may issue for p corporate limits	<b>201. All-beverages license quota.</b> (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ad table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code of the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"16-4-2 liquor, beer, and and the rules of proper person f may issue for p corporate limits as follows: (a)	<b>201. All-beverages license quota.</b> (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ad table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code of the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the soft those cities and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	"16-4-2 liquor, beer, and and the rules of proper person f may issue for p corporate limits as follows: (a)	<b>201.</b> All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ad table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code of the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the so of those cities and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or fewer and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23 24	"16-4-2 liquor, beer, and and the rules of proper person may issue for p corporate limits as follows: (a) the towns, not (b)	201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ad table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code if the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department beremises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the soft those cities and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or fewer and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of more than two retail licenses;
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	"16-4-2 liquor, beer, and and the rules of proper person 7 may issue for p corporate limits as follows: (a) the towns, not (b) 3,000 inhabitar	201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell ad table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code if the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department bremises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the soft those cities and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or fewer and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of more than two retail licenses; in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not more than
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> </ol>	"16-4-2 liquor, beer, and and the rules of proper person 7 may issue for p corporate limits as follows: (a) the towns, not (b) 3,000 inhabitar	201. All-beverages license quota. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, a license to sell and table wine at retail, an all-beverages license, in accordance with the provisions of this code if the department, may be issued to any person who is approved by the department as a fit and to sell alcoholic beverages, except that the number of all-beverages licenses that the department premises situated within incorporated cities and incorporated towns and within 5 miles of the soft those cities and towns must be determined on the basis of population prescribed in 16-4-502 in incorporated towns of 500 inhabitants or fewer and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of more than two retail licenses; in incorporated cities or incorporated towns of more than 500 inhabitants and not more than the and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the cities and towns, three retail licenses for the

the cities, five retail licenses for the first 3,000 inhabitants and one retail license for each additional 1,500
inhabitants.

3 (2) The number of inhabitants in each incorporated city or incorporated town, exclusive of the 4 number of inhabitants residing within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the city or town, governs the number of 5 retail licenses that may be issued for use within the city or town and within 5 miles of the corporate limits of the 6 city or town. The distance of 5 miles from the corporate limits of any incorporated city or incorporated town must 7 be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the premises proposed for licensing to the nearest 8 corporate boundary of the city or town. A license that is restricted by quota limitations in this section may not be 9 located farther than:

10 (a) the county boundary within which the incorporated city or incorporated town is located; or

(b) the line that separates the incorporated city's or incorporated town's boundary from another
 incorporated city or incorporated town as specified in this section.

(3) (a) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile
boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
straight line equidistant between each city or town.

(b) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town
terminates from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses
existing as of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a
result of the straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:

(i) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
 connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area
 boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a
 Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of
 where it falls in the new quota areas.

25 (ii) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
26 along Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.

(iii) In the Polson and Ronan quota areas, the straight line will be drawn from U.S. highway 93 west
on Pablo West road to the quota area boundary and east on Clairmont road extending out to the quota area



1 boundary. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, within the Polson quota area will become a Polson 2 license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, 3 within the Ronan quota area will become a Ronan license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas. 4 (4) For a period of 12 years after November 24, 2017, existing licenses or licenses that resulted 5 from applications in process as of November 24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as 6 provided in subsection (3) may be transferred between the two quota areas if they were part of the combined 7 quota area prior to November 24, 2017. 8 (5) (a) If any new retail all-beverages licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area 9 that existed as of November 24, 2017, as provided in subsection (3), the department shall publish the 10 availability of no more than one new retail all-beverages license a year until the quota has been reached. The 11 department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided in 16-4-430 to determine the party afforded the 12 opportunity to apply for the new license. 13 If any new all-beverages licenses are allowed by license transfers as provided in subsection (b) 14 (4), the department may publish the availability of more than one new license a year until the quota has been 15 reached. 16 (6) Except as provided in subsection (5)(a), when more than one new all-beverages license 17 becomes available at the same time in the same quota area, the department shall conduct a separate 18 competitive bidding process at separate times for each available license. 19 (7) Retail all-beverages licenses of issue on March 7, 1947, and all-beverages licenses issued 20 under 16-4-209 that are in excess of the limitations in subsections (1) and (2) are renewable, but new licenses may not be issued in violation of the limitations. 21 22 (8) The limitations in subsections (1) and (2) do not prevent the issuance of a nontransferable and 23 nonassignable, as to ownership only, retail license to:

24 (a) an enlisted personnel, noncommissioned officers', or officers' club located on a state or federal
25 military reservation on May 13, 1985;

26 (B) A CONTINUING CARE RETIREMENT COMMUNITY AS PROVIDED IN 16-4-315; OR

27 (c) any post of a nationally chartered veterans' organization or any lodge of a recognized national
 28 fraternal organization if the veterans' or fraternal organization has been in <u>continuous</u> existence for a period of 5



1 years or more prior to January 1, 1949, and is applying for a license at the same location that it has occupied 2 for the last 5 years. A post of a nationally chartered veteran's organization or a lodge of a recognized national 3 fraternal organization that has held a veterans' or fraternal license within the past 10 years is not subject to the 4 5-year same-location requirement; or . 5 (c) a continuing care retirement community as provided in 16-4-315 -6 (9) The number of retail all-beverages licenses that the department may issue for use at premises 7 situated more than 5 miles outside of any incorporated city or incorporated town may not be more than one 8 license for each 750 in population of the county after excluding the population of incorporated cities and 9 incorporated towns in the county. 10 (10)An all-beverages license issued under subsection (9) that becomes located within 5 miles of an 11 incorporated city or town because of annexation after April 15, 2005, may not be transferred to another location 12 within the city quota area any sooner than 5 years from the date of annexation. 13 (11) A license issued under this section may offer curbside pickup between 8 a.m. and 2 a.m. in 14 original packaging, prepared servings, or growlers. 15 (12) A person licensed under this section may apply to the department and pay a fee for an 16 endorsement to, with the licensee's own employees 21 years of age or older, deliver beer and wine in original 17 packaging if the delivery includes food that is prepared by the licensee at the licensee's premises. The 18 purchase price of the delivered beer and wine may not exceed the purchase price of the delivered food. 19 (13)The department may adopt rules to implement this section." 20 21 Section 10. Section 16-4-311, MCA, is amended to read: 22 "16-4-311. Distillery license. (1) The department may, upon receipt of an application, issue a 23 distillery license to a person who is authorized under the provisions of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act, 24 27 U.S.C. 201 through 212, to distill, rectify, bottle, and process liguor. A licensee may import, manufacture, 25 distill, rectify, blend, denature, and store spirits of an alcoholic content greater than 0.5% alcohol by volume for 26 sale to the department or as provided in 16-4-312 and may transport the liquor out of this state for sale outside 27 this state. Distillery licensees must be permitted to purchase, from and through the department, alcoholic 28 beverages for blending and manufacturing purposes upon terms and conditions that the department may



1 provide. A licensee may not sell any alcoholic beverage within this state except to the department or as 2 provided in 16-4-312. 3 (2) An agricultural producer or association of agricultural producers or legal agent who 4 manufactures and converts agricultural surpluses, byproducts, or wastes into denatured ethyl and industrial 5 alcohol for purposes other than human consumption is not required to obtain a distillery license from the 6 department. 7 (a) A distillery producing less than 25,000 gallons of product annually may deliver its product (3) 8 directly to a state agency liquor store if the distillery uses the distillery's own equipment, trucks, and employees 9 to deliver the product. The amount of product delivered may not be less than a case. The department shall 10 create an electronic reporting system for distilleries to record deliveries made under this subsection (3). Agency 11 liquor stores must be invoiced by the department for product received from a distillery. 12 (b) A distillery delivering its product pursuant to this subsection (3) shall maintain records of each 13 delivery, subject to inspection by the department. 14 The department shall pay the distillery for any product delivered to an agency liquor store: (c) 15 (i) the current freight rate; and 16 (ii) the distiller's current quoted price per case. 17 (d) For a licensed distillery holding complete ownership of a retail license pursuant to 16-4-18 401(10), liquor that is manufactured and sold at the colocated premises is not subject to the limitations imposed 19 by subsection (3)(a) or the limitations and privileges of 16-4-312(3). Liguor manufactured and sold at the

20 colocated premises does count toward production levels for tax purposes."

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Section 11. Section 16-4-401, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "16-4-401. License as privilege -- criteria for decision on application -- colocated licenses. (1) A

license under this code is a privilege that the state may grant to an applicant and is not a right to which any

25 applicant is entitled.

26 (2) Except as provided in 16-4-311 and subsection (6) of this section and subject to subsection (8), 27 in the case of a license that permits on-premises consumption, the department shall find in every case in which 28 it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that:



(a) if the applicant is an individual:         (i) and the application is approved, the applicant will not possess an ownership interest in more         than three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales. However, resort retail all-         beverages licenses issued under 16-4-213 do not count toward this limit.         (ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in         16-1-106;         (iii) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant or any member of the applicant's         immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of         alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more         manufacturer licenses:         (iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a         business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance         with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)         authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant has been convicted of a         felony, the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         (i) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         (ii) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual         applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).				
3       than three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales. However, resort retail all-beverages licenses issued under 16-4-213 do not count toward this limit.         4       (ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-11-06;         7       (iii) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant or any member of the applicant's immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more manufacturer licenses;         11       (iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv) authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax protestor when renewing the license;         16       (v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the applicant is is not under 19 years of age;         17       (b) if the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         18       (vi) the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:         19       (b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:         10       (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).         10	1	(a)	if the applicant is an individual:	
<ul> <li>beverages licenses issued under 16-4-213 do not count toward this limit.</li> <li>(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in</li> <li>16-1106;</li> <li>(iii) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant or any member of the applicant's</li> <li>immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of</li> <li>alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more</li> <li>manufacturer licenses;</li> <li>(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a</li> <li>business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance</li> <li>with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)</li> <li>authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax</li> <li>protestor when renewing the license;</li> <li>(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a</li> <li>felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and</li> <li>(iv) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that th</li></ul>	2	(i)	and the application is approved, the applican	t will not possess an ownership interest in more
<ul> <li>(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in</li> <li>16-1-106;</li> <li>(iii) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant or any member of the applicant's</li> <li>immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of</li> <li>alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more</li> <li>manufacturer licenses;</li> <li>(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a</li> <li>business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance.</li> <li>with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)</li> <li>authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax</li> <li>protestor when renewing the license;</li> <li>(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a</li> <li>felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and</li> <li>(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corp</li></ul>	3	than three esta	ablishments licensed under this chapter for all-b	beverages sales. However, resort retail all-
6       16-1-106;         7       (iii) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant or any member of the applicant's         8       immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of         9       alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more         10       (iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a         11       (iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a         12       business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance         13       with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)         14       authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax         15       protestor when renewing the license;         16       (v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a         17       felony, the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         19       (b) if the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         19       (b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:         20       (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection	4	beverages licenses issued under 16-4-213 do not count toward this limit.		
7       (iii) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant or any member of the applicant's         8       immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of         9       alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more         10       manufacturer licenses;         11       (iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a         12       business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance         13       with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)         14       authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax         15       protestor when renewing the license;         16       (v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a         18       (vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         19       (b) if the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         19       (b) if the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         19       (b) if the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         10       each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual         19       applicant shall designa	5	(ii)	the applicant does not possess an ownership	interest in an agency liquor store as defined in
<ul> <li>immediate family is without financing from or any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more manufacturer licenses;</li> <li>(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv) authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax protestor when renewing the license;</li> <li>(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> </ul>	6	16-1-106;		
<ul> <li>alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more manufacturer licenses;</li> <li>(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv) authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax protestor when renewing the license;</li> <li>(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and</li> <li>(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant has besection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	7	(iii)	except as provided in subsection (10), the ap	plicant or any member of the applicant's
<ul> <li>manufacturer licenses;</li> <li>(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a</li> <li>business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance</li> <li>with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)</li> <li>authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax</li> <li>protestor when renewing the license;</li> <li>(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a</li> <li>felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and</li> <li>(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	8	immediate fam	ily is without financing from or any affiliation to	a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of
11       (iv)       the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a         12       business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance         13       with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)         14       authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax         15       protestor when renewing the license;         16       (v)       the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a         18       (vi)       the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         19       (b)       if the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         12       (i)       each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual         11       applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the         13       applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).         14       (ii)       each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an         15       individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);       (ii)         14       (iii)       each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an         1	9	alcoholic beve	rages, except that an applicant's spouse may p	ossess an ownership interest in one or more
<ul> <li>business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance</li> <li>with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)</li> <li>authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax</li> <li>protestor when renewing the license;</li> <li>(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a</li> <li>felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and</li> <li>(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements</li> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	10	manufacturer l	icenses;	
<ul> <li>with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)</li> <li>authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax</li> <li>protestor when renewing the license;</li> <li>(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a</li> <li>felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and</li> <li>(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements</li> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	11	(iv)	the applicant's past record and present status	s as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a
14       authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax         15       protestor when renewing the license;         16       (v)       the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a         17       felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and         18       (vi)       the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         19       (b)       if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:         20       (i)       each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual         21       applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the         22       applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements         23       for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).         24       (ii)       each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an         25       individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);       (iii)       each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an         26       (iii)       each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an         27       individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(i	12	business perso	on and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is	likely to operate the establishment in compliance
15       protestor when renewing the license;         16       (v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a         17       felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and         18       (vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;         19       (b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:         20       (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual         21       applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the         22       applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements         23       for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).         24       (ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an         25       individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);         26       (iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an         27       individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a         28       corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of	13	with all applica	ble laws of the state and local governments; he	owever, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv)
<ul> <li>(v) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and</li> <li>(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	14	authorizes the	department to consider an applicant's tax statu	is or whether the applicant was or is an income tax
<ul> <li>felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and</li> <li>(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements</li> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	15	protestor wher	renewing the license;	
<ul> <li>(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;</li> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements</li> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	16	(v)	the applicant has not been convicted of a felo	ony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a
<ul> <li>(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:</li> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements</li> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	17	felony, the app	licant's rights have been restored; and	
<ul> <li>(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual</li> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements</li> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	18	(vi)	the applicant is not under 19 years of age;	
<ul> <li>applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the</li> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements</li> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	19	(b)	if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation	n:
<ul> <li>applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements</li> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	20	(i)	each owner of 15% or more of the outstandin	g stock meets the requirements for an individual
<ul> <li>for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).</li> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	21	applicant listed	l in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns r	nore than 15% of the outstanding stock, the
<ul> <li>(ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	22	applicant shall	designate two or more officers or board memb	ers, each of whom must meet the requirements
<ul> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);</li> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	23	for an individua	al applicant listed in subsection (2)(a).	
<ul> <li>(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an</li> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	24	(ii)	each individual who has control over the ope	ration of the license meets the requirements for an
<ul> <li>individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a</li> <li>corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of</li> </ul>	25	individual appl	icant listed in subsection (2)(a);	
corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of	26	(iii)	each person who shares in the profits or liabi	lities of a license meets the requirements for an
	27	individual appl	icant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection	ו (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a
- 18 - Authorized Print Version – HB 305	28	corporation wh	o owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock	in that corporation except that the provisions of
		[Lagislation	- 18 -	Authorized Print Version – HB 305

1 subsection (8) apply.

2 (iv) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;

3 (c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:

4 (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual 5 applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the 6 applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements 7 for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a), and the owners of 51% of the outstanding stock must meet 8 the requirements of subsection (2)(a).

9 (ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an
10 individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a);

(iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an
 individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(c)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a
 corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of

14 subsection (8) apply.

15 (iv) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;

16 (d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of
17 subsection (2)(a);

(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and
all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds 15% must meet the
requirements of subsection (2)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all
limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).

(f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose
 ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds 15% must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a). If
 no single member's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all members must meet the requirements of
 subsection (2)(a).

(3) In the case of a license that permits only off-premises consumption and subject to subsection
(8), the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for
the approval of the transfer of a license that:



1 (a) if the applicant is an individual: 2 (i) and the application is approved, the applicant will not possess an ownership interest in more 3 than three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales: 4 (ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 5 16-1-106: 6 (iii) the applicant or any member of the applicant's immediate family is without financing from or 7 any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages; 8 (iv) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a 9 felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; 10 (v) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a 11 business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance 12 with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (3)(a)(v)13 authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax 14 protestor when renewing the license; and 15 (vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age; 16 (b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation: 17 (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual 18 listed in subsection (3)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall 19 designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual 20 applicant listed in subsection (3)(a). 21 (ii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana; 22 (c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation: 23 (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual 24 applicant listed in subsection (3)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the 25 applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements 26 for an individual applicant listed in subsection (3)(a), and the owners of 51% of the outstanding stock must meet 27 the requirements of subsection (3)(a). 28 (ii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;



1 (d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of 2 subsection (3)(a); 3 if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and (e) 4 all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds 15% must meet the 5 requirements of subsection (3)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all 6 limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a). 7 (f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose 8 ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds 15% must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a). If 9 no single member's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all members must meet the requirements of 10 subsection (3)(a). 11 (4) Subject to 16-4-311, in the case of a license that permits the manufacture, importing, or 12 wholesaling of an alcoholic beverage, the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the 13 issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that: 14 if the applicant is an individual: (a) 15 (i) except as provided in subsection (10), the applicant has no ownership interest in any 16 establishment licensed under this chapter for retail alcoholic beverages sales: 17 (ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 18 16-1-106; 19 (iii) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a 20 felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; 21 (iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a 22 business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance 23 with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (4)(a)(iv) 24 authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax 25 protestor when renewing the license; 26 (v) the applicant is not under 19 years of age; and 27 (vi) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or 28 controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; - 21 -Authorized Print Version - HB 305 Legislative Services

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1 (b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation: 2 (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual 3 listed in subsection (4)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall 4 designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual 5 applicant listed in subsection (4)(a). 6 (ii) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or 7 controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; and 8 (iii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana; 9 (c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation: 10 (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual 11 applicant listed in subsection (4)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the 12 applicant must designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements 13 for an individual applicant listed in subsection (4)(a) and the owners of 51% of the outstanding stock must meet 14 the requirements of subsection (4)(a). 15 (ii) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or 16 controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; and 17 (iii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana; 18 (d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of 19 subsection (4)(a); 20 if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and (e) 21 all limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds 15% must meet the 22 requirements of subsection (4)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all 23 limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a). 24 (f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose 25 ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds 15% must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a). If 26 no single member's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all members must meet the requirements of 27 subsection (4)(a). 28 (5) In the case of a corporate applicant, the requirements of subsections (2)(b), (3)(b), and (4)(b)



1 apply separately to each class of stock.

- 2 (6) The provisions of subsection (2) do not apply to an applicant for or holder of a license pursuant 3 to 16-4-302.
- 4 (7) An applicant's source of funding must be from a suitable source. A lender or other source of 5 money or credit may be found unsuitable if the source:
- 6 (a) is a person whose prior financial or other activities or criminal record:
- 7 (i) poses a threat to the public interest of the state;
- 8 (ii) poses a threat to the effective regulation and control of alcoholic beverages; or
- 9 (iii) creates a danger of illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of the licensed

10 business; or

- (b) has been convicted of a felony offense within 5 years of the date of application or is on
   probation or parole or under deferred prosecution for committing a felony offense.
- (8) (a) An individual applying for an all-beverages license or having any ownership interest in an
  entity applying for an all-beverages license may not, if the application were to be approved, own an interest in
  more than half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in any quota area described in 16-4-201.
- (b) If two or more individuals through business or family relationship share in the profits or liabilities
  of all-beverages licenses, the aggregate number of licenses in which they share profits or liabilities may not
  exceed half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in the specific quota area in which the allbeverages licenses will be held.
- (9) (a) Except as specifically provided in this code relating to financial interests in licenses, nothing
  in this section applies or otherwise prohibits an applicant or licensee from obtaining personal financing from a
  licensed financial institution, taking advantage of consumer credit, or using a personal credit card to make
  purchases on behalf of a licensed entity if the applicant or licensee is reimbursed by the licensed entity within
  90 days. An applicant or individual may obtain multiple transactions up to an aggregate maximum of \$100,000
  with each individual transaction not to exceed \$25,000 to be used on behalf of the licensed entity.
- (b) A licensee's use of short-term financing of 90 days or less from institutional lenders and
   noninstitutional lenders does not constitute an undisclosed ownership interest in the license.
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(c) It is the intent of this subsection (9) to facilitate the efficient administration of an entity licensed



1	under this code.
2	(10) (a) A PERSON WITH AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN A licensed brewery or LICENSED winery may hold
3	complete ownership of up to A COMBINED TOTAL OF three retail licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-104 16-4-105 or
4	16-4-201. The owner of a retail license issued pursuant to 16-4-104 16-4-105 or 16-4-201 may hold complete
5	ownership of brewery or winery licenses. The first of these licenses must be a colocated license.
6	(b) A PERSON WITH AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN A licensed distillery may hold complete ownership of
7	up to three retail licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-201. The owner of a retail license issued pursuant to 16-4-
8	201 may hold complete ownership of distillery licenses. The first of these licenses must be a colocated license.
9	(c) A person who holds a license WITH AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN A RETAIL LICENSE issued pursuant
10	to 16-4-104 16-4-105 may not also hold-HAVE AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN a distillery license.
11	(d) To hold both a manufacturing license and a retail license pursuant to this subsection (10), a
12	licensee:
13	(i) must maintain both the manufacturing license and the retail license on the same premises for
14	the first of these licenses, known as a colocated premises;
15	(ii) must have 100% of the same ownership between the manufacturing license and the retail
16	license; and
17	(iii) must provide and serve through the colocated retail license alcohol produced by other
18	manufacturers that are not affiliated or financially interested, either directly or indirectly, in the conduct or
19	operation of the business in which the license was issued pursuant to 16-4-104 16-4-105 and 16-4-201, or the
20	licensed brewery, winery, or distillery.
21	(e) Colocated licensees may transfer beer manufactured, liquor distilled, or wine produced by the
22	licensee between the colocated manufacturing licenses LICENSE and THE retail licenses LICENSE without it being
23	considered distributed or delivered as provided in this code.
24	(f) For the purposes of this code, the following definitions apply:
25	(i) "Colocated license" means a manufacturing license and a retail license owned completely by a
26	person-LICENSEE and that are operated at one premises.
27	(ii) "Colocated premises" means a premises where a manufacturing license and a retail license are
00	

28 both located."



**Division** 

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	SECTION 12 SECTION 16 4 420 MCA ID AMENDED TO DEAD	
3	SECTION 12. SECTION 16-4-420, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:	
4	"16-4-420. Restaurant beer and wine license competitive bidding rulemaking. (1) The	
5	department shall issue a restaurant beer and wine license to an applicant whenever the department determines	
6	that the applicant, in addition to satisfying the requirements of this section, meets the following qualifications	
7	and conditions:	
8	(a) the applicant complies with the licensing criteria provided in 16-4-401 for an on-premises	
9	consumption license;	
10	(b) the applicant operates a restaurant at the location where the restaurant beer and wine license	
11	will be used or satisfies the department that:	
12	(i) the applicant intends to open a restaurant that will meet the requirements of subsection (6) and	
13	intends to operate the restaurant so that at least 65% of the restaurant's gross income during its first year of	
14	operation is expected to be the result of the sale of food;	
15	(ii) the restaurant beer and wine license will be used in conjunction with that restaurant, that the	
16	restaurant will serve beer and wine only to a patron who orders food, and that beer and wine purchases will be	
17	stated on the food bill; and	
18	(iii) the restaurant will serve beer and wine from a service bar, as service bar is defined by the	
19	department by rule;	
20	(c) the applicant understands and acknowledges in writing on the application that this license	
21	prohibits the applicant from being licensed to conduct any gaming or gambling activity or operate any gambling	
22	machines and that if any gaming or gambling activity or machine exists at the location where the restaurant	
23	beer and wine license will be used, the activity must be discontinued or the machines must be removed before	
24	the restaurant beer and wine license takes effect; and	
25	(d) the applicant states the planned seating capacity of the restaurant, if it is to be built, or the	
26	current seating capacity if the restaurant is operating.	
27	(2) (a) A restaurant that has an existing retail license for the sale of beer, wine, or any other	
28	alcoholic beverage may not be considered for a restaurant beer and wine license at the same location.	
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(b) (i) An on-premises retail licensee who sells the licensee's existing retail license may not apply
 for a license under this section for a period of 1 year from the date that license is transferred to a new
 purchaser.

4 (ii) A person, including an individual, with an ownership interest in an existing on-premises retail 5 license that is being transferred to a new purchaser may not attain an ownership interest in a license applied for 6 under this section for a period of 1 year from the date that the existing on-premises retail license is transferred 7 to a new purchaser.

8 (3) A completed application for a license under this section and the appropriate application fee, as 9 provided in subsection (11), must be submitted to the department. The department shall investigate the items 10 relating to the application as described in subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b). Based on the results of the investigation 11 and the exercise of its sound discretion, the department shall determine whether:

12 (a) the applicant is qualified to receive a license; and

13 (b) (i) the applicant's premises are suitable for the carrying on of the business;

14 (ii) the applicant is qualified to receive a license prior to a determination that the applicant's

15 premises are suitable for carrying on with the business in accordance with 16-4-417; or

(iii) if the applicant has already been issued a license, the proposed premises are suitable for the
 carrying on of the business and the seating capacity stated on the application is correct.

18 (4) An application for a beer and wine license submitted under this section is subject to the 19 provisions of 16-4-203, 16-4-207, and 16-4-405.

20 (5) If a premises proposed for licensing under this section is a new or remodeled structure, then 21 the department may issue a license prior to completion of the premises based on reasonable evidence,

including a statement from the applicant's architect or contractor confirming that the seating capacity stated on

23 the application is correct, that the premises will be suitable for the carrying on of business as a bona fide

restaurant, as defined in subsection (6). If a license is issued without a premises, the license will immediately

be placed on nonuse status until the premises are approved subject to 16-4-417.

26

(6) (a) For purposes of this section, "restaurant" means a public eating place:

27 (i) where individually priced meals are prepared and served for on-premises consumption;

28 (ii) where at least 65% of the restaurant's annual gross income from the operation must be from



the sale of food and not from the sale of alcoholic beverages. Each year after a license is issued, the applicant shall file with the department a statement, in a form approved by the department, attesting that at least 65% of the gross income of the restaurant during the prior year resulted from the sale of food.

4 (iii) that has a dining room, a kitchen, and the number and kinds of employees necessary for the 5 preparation, cooking, and serving of meals in order to satisfy the department that the space is intended for use 6 as a full-service restaurant; and

7 (iv) that serves an evening dinner meal at least 4 days a week for at least 2 hours a day between 8 the hours of 5 p.m. and 11 p.m. The provisions of subsection (6)(b) and this subsection (6)(a)(iv) do not apply to 9 a restaurant for which a restaurant beer and wine license is in effect as of April 9, 2009, or to subsequent 10 renewals of that license.

(b) The term does not mean a fast-food restaurant that, excluding any carry-out business, serves a
 majority of its food and drink in throw-away containers not reused in the same restaurant.

(7) (a) A restaurant beer and wine license not issued through a competitive bidding process as
 provided in 16-4-430 may be transferred, on approval by the department, from the original applicant to a new
 owner of the restaurant only after 1 year of use by the original owner, unless that transfer is due to the death of
 an owner.

17 (b) A license issued under this section may be jointly owned, and the license may pass to the 18 surviving joint tenant upon the death of the other tenant. However, the license may not be transferred to any 19 other person or entity by operation of the laws of inheritance or succession or any other laws allowing the 20 transfer of property upon the death of the owner in this state or in another state.

(c) An estate may, upon the sale of a restaurant that is property of the estate and with the approval
of the department, transfer a restaurant beer and wine license to a new owner.

23

(8) (a) The department shall issue a restaurant beer and wine license to a qualified applicant:

24 (i) except as provided in subsection (8)(c), for a restaurant located in a quota area with a

25 population of 5,000 persons or fewer, as the quota area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of

restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in that quota area is equal to or less than 80% of the number of beer

27 licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant to 16-4-105;

28

(ii) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 5,001 to 20,000 persons, as the



quota area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in
that quota area is equal to or less than 160% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota
area pursuant to 16-4-105;

4 (iii) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 20,001 to 60,000 persons, as the 5 quota area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in 6 that quota area is equal to or less than 100% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota 7 area pursuant to 16-4-105;

8 (iv) for a restaurant located in a quota area with a population of 60,001 persons or more, as the 9 quota area population is determined in 16-4-105, if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in 10 that quota area is equal to or less than 80% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota 11 area pursuant to 16-4-105; and

(v) for a restaurant located in a quota area that is also a resort community, as defined in 7-6-1501,
if the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses issued in the quota area that is also a resort community is
equal to or less than 200% of the number of beer licenses that may be issued in that quota area pursuant to 164-105.

(b) In determining the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses that may be issued under this
subsection (8) based on the percentage amounts described in subsections (8)(a)(i) through (8)(a)(v), the
department shall round to the nearer whole number.

(c) If the department has issued the number of restaurant beer and wine licenses authorized for a
 quota area under subsection (8)(a)(i), there must be a one-time adjustment of four additional licenses for that
 quota area.

(d) (i) When the 5-mile boundary of one incorporated city or incorporated town overlaps the 5-mile
boundary of another incorporated city or incorporated town, the quota area for each city or town terminates in a
straight line equidistant between each city or town. A license that is restricted by quota limitations in this section
may not be located farther than:

(A) the county boundary within which the incorporated city or incorporated town is located; or
(B) the line that separates the incorporated city's or incorporated town's boundary from another
incorporated city or incorporated town as specified in this section.



- 1 (ii) If there are more than two overlapping quota areas, the quota area for each city or town 2 terminates from the center of the overlap in a straight line to the intersecting exterior point of overlap. Licenses 3 existing as of November 24, 2017, will be designated as belonging to whichever quota area they are in as a 4 result of the straight line equidistant between each city or town, except for the following:
- 5 (A) In the Helena and East Helena previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn 6 connecting the two outermost edges of the Helena corporate boundaries and extend outward to the quota area 7 boundaries. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, with a physical address of Helena will become a 8 Helena license or with a physical address of East Helena will become an East Helena license, regardless of 9 where it falls in the new quota areas.
- (B) In the Pinesdale and Hamilton previously combined quota area, the straight line will be drawn
   along Mill Creek road to the quota area boundaries.
- (C) In the Polson and Ronan quota areas, the straight line will be drawn from U.S. highway 93 west
  on Pablo West road to the quota area boundary and east on Clairmont road extending out to the quota area
  boundary. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017, within the Polson quota area will become a Polson
  license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas. Any license existing as of November 24, 2017,
  within the Ronan quota area will become a Ronan license, regardless of where it falls in the new quota areas.
- (9) (a) For a period of 12 years after November 24, 2017, existing licenses or licenses that resulted
  from applications in process as of November 24, 2017, in either of two quota areas that were established as
  provided in 16-4-105 and subsection (8)(d) of this section may be transferred between the two quota areas if
  they were part of the combined quota area prior to November 24, 2017.
- (b) If any new restaurant beer and wine licenses are allowed by separating a combined quota area
  that existed as of November 24, 2017, as provided in 16-4-105 and subsection (9)(a) of this section, the
  department shall publish the availability of no more than one new restaurant beer and wine license a year until
  the quota has been reached.
- (c) If any new restaurant beer and wine licenses are allowed by license transfers as provided in
  subsection (9)(a), the department may publish the availability of more than one new license a year until the
  quota has been reached.

28

(10) Except as provided in subsection (9)(b), when more than one new restaurant beer and wine



license becomes available at the same time in the same quota area, the department shall conduct a separate
 competitive bidding process at separate times for each available license.

3 (11) When a restaurant beer and wine license becomes available by the initial issuance of licenses 4 under this section or as the result of an increase in the population in a quota area, the nonrenewal of a 5 restaurant beer and wine license, or the lapse or revocation of a license by the department, then the 6 department shall advertise the availability of the license in the quota area for which it is available.

7 (12) When the department determines that a quota area is eligible for a new restaurant beer and
8 wine license under subsection (9) or (11), the department shall use a competitive bidding process as provided
9 in 16-4-430 to determine the party afforded the opportunity to apply for a new license.

(13) (a) Except as provided in subsection (13)(b), beer and wine may be sold for off-premises
consumption, including curbside pickup, during the hours of 11 a.m. and 11 p.m. in original packaging,
prepared servings, or growlers. If offering off-premises sales, food must also be ordered, the beer or wine must
be stated on the food bill, and the sales must count toward the 65% limit as provided in this section.

(b) A restaurant beer and wine licensee may apply to the department and pay a fee for an
endorsement to, with the licensee's own employees 21 years of age or older, deliver beer and wine in original
packaging if the delivery includes food that is prepared by the licensee at the licensee's premises. The
purchase price of the delivered beer and wine may not exceed the purchase price of the delivered food.

18 (14)An application for a restaurant beer and wine license must be accompanied by a fee equal to 19 20% of the initial licensing fee. If the department does not decide either to grant or to deny the license within 4 20 months of receipt of a complete application, the department shall pay interest on the application fee at the rate 21 of 1% a month until a license is issued or the application is denied. Interest may not accrue during any period 22 that the processing of an application is delayed by reason of a protest filed pursuant to 16-4-203 or 16-4-207. If 23 the department denies an application, the application fee, plus any interest, less a processing fee established 24 by rule, must be refunded to the applicant. Upon the issuance of a license, the licensee shall pay the balance of 25 the initial licensing fee. The amount of the initial licensing fee is determined according to the following schedule:

26 (a) \$5,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 60 persons or fewer;

27 (b) \$10,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 61 to 100 persons; or

28 (c) \$20,000 for restaurants with a stated seating capacity of 101 persons or more.



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HB0305.3

1	(15)	The annual fee for a restaurant beer and wine license is \$400.
2	(16)	If a restaurant licensed under this part increases the stated seating capacity of the licensed
3	restaurant or if	the department determines that a licensee has increased the stated seating capacity of the
4	licensed resta	urant, then the licensee shall pay to the department the difference between the fees paid at the
5	time of filing th	e original application and issuance of a license and the applicable fees for the additional seating.
6	(17)	The number of beer and wine licenses issued to restaurants with a stated seating capacity of
7	101 persons o	r more may not exceed 25% of the total licenses issued.
8	(18)	Possession of a restaurant beer and wine license is not a qualification for licensure of any
9	gaming or gan	nbling activity. A gaming or gambling activity may not occur on the premises of a restaurant with a
10	restaurant bee	r and wine license.
11	<u>(19)</u>	A PERSON LICENSED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY POSSESS AND USE LIQUOR IN THE KITCHEN OF THE
12	LICENSED PREM	IISES ONLY FOR THE PREPARATION OF FOOD AND AS LONG AS THE ALCOHOL CONTENT IS COOKED OUT OF
13	THE FOOD AT TH	HE TIME OF SERVING. NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION AUTHORIZES A LICENSEE TO CONSUME, SELL, SERVE,
14	OR GIVE AWAY L	JQUOR.
15	<u>(20)</u> T	he department may adopt rules to implement this section."
15 16	<u>(20)</u> T	he department may adopt rules to implement this section."
		The department may adopt rules to implement this section."
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16 17 18	COOF BILL NO. 75, AN THE SECTIONS /	EDINATION SECTION. SECTION 13. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF HOUSE BILL NO. 242, SENATE NO. 244, SENATE NO. 244
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16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<u>COOF</u> <u>BILL NO. 75, AN</u> <u>THE SECTIONS //</u> " <u>16-4-</u> <u>COLOCATED LIC</u> not a right to w (2) (8), <del>in the case</del>	ADINATION SECTION. SECTION 13. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF HOUSE BILL NO. 242, SENATE ID [THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED AND ALL CONTAIN A SECTION THAT AMENDS 16-4-401, THEN AMENDING 16-4-401 ARE VOID AND 16-4-401 MUST BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS: 401. LICENSE AS PRIVILEGE CRITERIA FOR DECISION ON APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS CENSES. (1) A license under this code is a privilege that the state may grant to an applicant and is thich any applicant is entitled. Except as provided in 16-4-311 and subsection (6) (5) of this section and subject to subsection
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<u>COOF</u> <u>BILL NO. 75, AN</u> <u>THE SECTIONS //</u> " <u>16-4-</u> <u>COLOCATED LIC</u> not a right to w (2) (8), <del>in the case</del>	ADINATION SECTION, SECTION 13. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF HOUSE BILL NO. 242, SENATE AD [THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED AND ALL CONTAIN A SECTION THAT AMENDS 16-4-401, THEN AMENDING 16-4-401 ARE VOID AND 16-4-401 MUST BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS: 401. LICENSE AS PRIVILEGE CRITERIA FOR DECISION ON APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS CENSES. (1) A license under this code is a privilege that the state may grant to an applicant and is which any applicant is entitled. Except as provided in 16-4-311 and subsection (6) (5) of this section and subject to subsection an order for the issuance of a new license, or the approval of the transfer of a license, or the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	COOF BILL NO. 75, AN THE SECTIONS / "16-4- COLOCATED LIC not a right to w (2) (8), in the case which it makes	ADINATION SECTION, SECTION 13. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF HOUSE BILL NO. 242, SENATE AD [THIS ACT] ARE PASSED AND APPROVED AND ALL CONTAIN A SECTION THAT AMENDS 16-4-401, THEN AMENDING 16-4-401 ARE VOID AND 16-4-401 MUST BE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS: 401. LICENSE AS PRIVILEGE CRITERIA FOR DECISION ON APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS CENSES. (1) A license under this code is a privilege that the state may grant to an applicant and is which any applicant is entitled. Except as provided in 16-4-311 and subsection (6) (5) of this section and subject to subsection an order for the issuance of a new license, or the approval of the transfer of a license, or the



1 three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales. However, resort retail all-beverages 2 licenses issued under 16-4-213 do not count toward this limit. 3 (ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1-<del>106</del>÷ 4 5 (iii) the applicant or any member of the applicant's immediate family is without financing from or any 6 affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's 7 spouse may possess an ownership interest in one or more manufacturer licenses; 8 (i) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a 9 business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance 10 with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (2)(a)(iv) 11 authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax 12 protestor when renewing the license; 13 the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a (ii) 14 felony, the applicant's rights have been restored; and 15 (iii) the applicant is not under 19 years of age; 16 (b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation: 17 (i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual 18 applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the 19 applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements 20 for an individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). 21 (ii) each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an 22 individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a); and 23 (iii) each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an 24 individual applicant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(b)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a 25 corporation who owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of 26 subsection (8) apply. 27 <u>(iii)</u> the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana; 28 if the applicant is a privately held corporation, all of the following must apply: (c)



1	(i)	each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual
2	applicant listed	in subsection (2)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the
3	applicant shall	designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements
4	for an individua	al applicant listed in subsection (2)(a), and the owners of 51% of the outstanding stock must meet
5	the requiremer	nts of subsection (2)(a).
6	(ii)	each individual who has control over the operation of the license meets the requirements for an
7	individual appl	icant listed in subsection (2)(a);
8	(iii)	each person who shares in the profits or liabilities of a license meets the requirements for an
9	individual appl	icant listed in subsection (2)(a). This subsection (2)(c)(iii) does not apply to a shareholder of a
10	corporation wh	no owns less than 15% of the outstanding stock in that corporation except that the provisions of
11	subsection <del>(8)</del>	<u>(7)</u> apply.
12	(iv)	the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
13	(d)	if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of
14	subsection (2)	(a);
15	(e)	if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and
16	all limited partr	ners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds 15% must meet the
17	requirements o	of subsection (2)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all
18	limited partners	s must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
19	(f)	if the applicant is a limited liability company, :
20	<u>(i)</u>	_all managing members and those members whose ownership interest in the company equals
21	or exceeds 15	% must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a). If no single member's interest equals or
22	exceeds 15%,	then 51% of all members must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
23	<u>(II)</u>	THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY IS AUTHORIZED TO DO BUSINESS IN MONTANA;
24	<u>(G)</u>	IF THE APPLICANT IS A TRUST, THE TRUSTEE MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (2)(A);
25	<u>(H)</u>	IF THE APPLICANT IS A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION:
26	<u>(I)</u>	THE APPLICANT SHALL DESIGNATE TWO OR MORE OFFICERS OR BOARD MEMBERS, EACH OF WHOM
27	MUST MEET THE	REQUIREMENTS FOR AN INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT LISTED IN SUBSECTION (2)(A); AND
28	<u>(II)</u>	THE NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION IS AUTHORIZED TO DO BUSINESS IN MONTANA;



1	(I) IF THE APPLICANT IS A COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION:
2	(I) THE APPLICANT SHALL DESIGNATE TWO OR MORE OFFICERS OR BOARD MEMBERS, EACH OF WHOM
3	MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR AN INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT LISTED IN SUBSECTION (2)(A); AND
4	(II) THE COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION IS AUTHORIZED TO DO BUSINESS IN MONTANA.
5	(3) In the case of a license that permits only off-premises consumption and subject to subsection (8),
6	the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the issuance of a new license or for the
7	approval of the transfer of a license that:
8	(a) if the applicant is an individual:
9	(i) and the application is approved, the applicant will not possess an ownership interest in more than
10	three establishments licensed under this chapter for all-beverages sales;
11	(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1-
12	<del>106 ;</del>
13	(iii) the applicant or any member of the applicant's immediate family is without financing from or any
14	affiliation to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages;
15	(iv) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony,
16	the applicant's rights have been restored;
17	(v) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a
18	business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance
19	with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (3)(a)(v)
20	authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax
21	protestor when renewing the license; and
22	(vi) the applicant is not under 19 years of age;
23	(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:
24	(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual listed
25	in subsection (3)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall
26	designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual
27	applicant listed in subsection (3)(a).
28	(ii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;



1	(c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:
2	(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual
3	applicant listed in subsection (3)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the
4	applicant shall designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements
5	for an individual applicant listed in subsection (3)(a), and the owners of 51% of the outstanding stock must meet
6	the requirements of subsection (3)(a).
7	(ii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
8	(d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of subsection
9	<del>(3)(a);</del>
10	(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and all
11	limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds 15% must meet the
12	requirements of subsection (3)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all
13	limited partners must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a).
14	(f) if the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose
15	ownership interest in the company equals or exceeds 15% must meet the requirements of subsection (3)(a). If
16	no single member's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all members must meet the requirements of
17	subsection (3)(a).
18	(4) Subject to 16-4-311, in the case of a license that permits the manufacture, importing, or
19	wholesaling of an alcoholic beverage, the department shall find in every case in which it makes an order for the
20	issuance of a new license or for the approval of the transfer of a license that:
21	(a) if the applicant is an individual:
22	(i) the applicant has no ownership interest in any establishment licensed under this chapter for retail
23	alcoholic beverages sales;
24	(ii) the applicant does not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1-
25	<del>106</del> <del>;</del>
26	(iii) the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or, if the applicant has been convicted of a felony,
27	the applicant's rights have been restored;
28	(iv) the applicant's past record and present status as a purveyor of alcoholic beverages and as a



1	business person and citizen demonstrate that the applicant is likely to operate the establishment in compliance
2	with all applicable laws of the state and local governments; however, nothing in this subsection (4)(a)(iv)
3	authorizes the department to consider an applicant's tax status or whether the applicant was or is an income tax
4	protestor when renewing the license;
5	(v) the applicant is not under 19 years of age; and
6	(vi) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or
7	controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage;
8	(b) if the applicant is a publicly traded corporation:
9	(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual listed
10	in subsection (4)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the applicant shall
11	designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements for an individual
12	applicant listed in subsection (4)(a).
13	(ii) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or
14	controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; and
15	(iii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
16	(c) if the applicant is a privately held corporation:
17	(i) each owner of 15% or more of the outstanding stock meets the requirements for an individual
18	applicant listed in subsection (4)(a). If no single owner owns more than 15% of the outstanding stock, the
19	applicant must designate two or more officers or board members, each of whom must meet the requirements
20	for an individual applicant listed in subsection (4)(a) and the owners of 51% of the outstanding stock must meet
21	the requirements of subsection (4)(a).
22	(ii) an applicant for a wholesale license is not a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or
23	controlled by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage; and
24	(iii) the corporation is authorized to do business in Montana;
25	(d) if the applicant is a general partnership, each partner must meet the requirements of subsection
26	<del>(4)(a);</del>
27	(e) if the applicant is a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, each general partner and all
28	limited partners whose ownership interest in the partnership equals or exceeds 15% must meet the



1	requirements of	of subsection (4)(a). If no single limited partner's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all
2	limited partner	s must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a).
3	<del>(f) if</del>	the applicant is a limited liability company, all managing members and those members whose
4	ownership inte	prest in the company equals or exceeds 15% must meet the requirements of subsection (4)(a). If
5	<del>no single mem</del>	ber's interest equals or exceeds 15%, then 51% of all members must meet the requirements of
6	subsection (4)	<del>(a).</del>
7	<u>(3)</u>	THE APPLICANT AND ANY INDIVIDUAL OF THE APPLICANT WHO MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF
8	<u>(2)(A) MUST BE</u>	CURRENT ON ALL TAX FILINGS, TAXES, INTEREST, AND PENALTIES DUE TO THE STATE; HOWEVER,
9	NOTHING IN THI	S SUBSECTION AUTHORIZES THE DEPARTMENT TO CONSIDER AN APPLICANT'S TAX STATUS OR WHETHER
10	THE APPLICANT	WAS OR IS AN INCOME TAX PROTESTOR WHEN RENEWING THE LICENSE.
11	<u>(4)</u>	In the case of a corporate applicant, the requirements of subsections (2)(b), (3)(b), and (4)(b) or
12	<u>(2)(c)</u> apply se	parately to each class of stock.
13	<u>(5)</u>	The provisions of subsection (2) do not apply to an applicant for or holder of a license pursuant
14	to 16-4-302 <u>or</u>	an applicant for registration under 16-4-101 or 16-4-107.
15	<u>(6)</u>	An applicant's source of funding must be from a suitable source. A lender or other source of
16	money or cred	it may be found unsuitable if the source:
17	(a)	is a person whose prior financial or other activities or criminal record:
18	(i)	poses a threat to the public interest of the state;
19	(ii)	poses a threat to the effective regulation and control of alcoholic beverages; or
20	(iii)	creates a danger of illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of the licensed
21	business; or	
22	(b)	has been convicted of a felony offense within 5 years of the date of application or is on
23	probation or pa	arole or under deferred prosecution for committing a felony offense.
24	<del>(8) (</del>	a) An individual applying for an all-beverages license or having any ownership interest in an
25	entity applying	for an all-beverages license may not, if the application were to be approved, own an interest in
26	more than half	the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in any quota area described in 16-4-201 -
27	<del>(b) If</del>	two or more individuals through business or family relationship share in the profits or liabilities of
28	all-beverages	licenses, the aggregate number of licenses in which they share profits or liabilities may not



1	exceed half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in the specific quota area in which the all-
2	beverages licenses will be held unless the person's rights have been restored.
3	(7) (a) Except as specifically provided in this code relating to financial interests in licenses, nothing
4	in this section applies or otherwise prohibits an applicant or licensee from obtaining personal financing from a
5	licensed financial institution, taking advantage of consumer credit, or using a personal credit card to make
6	purchases on behalf of a licensed entity if the applicant or licensee is reimbursed by the licensed entity within
7	90 days. An applicant or individual may obtain multiple transactions up to an aggregate maximum of \$100,000
8	with each individual transaction not to exceed \$25,000 to be used on behalf of the licensed entity.
9	(b) A licensee's use of short-term financing of 90 days or less from institutional lenders and
10	noninstitutional lenders does not constitute an undisclosed ownership interest in the license.
11	(c) It is the intent of this subsection $(9)$ (7) to facilitate the efficient administration of an entity
12	licensed under this code.
13	(8) (a) An individual applying for an all-beverages license or having any ownership interest in an
14	entity applying for an all-beverages license may not, if the application were to be approved, own an interest in
15	more than half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in any quota area described in 16-4-201.
16	(b) If two or more individuals through a business or family relationship share in the profits or
17	liabilities of all-beverages licenses, the aggregate number of licenses in which they share in the profits or
18	liabilities may not exceed half the total number of allowable all-beverages licenses in the specific quota area in
19	which the all-beverages licenses will be held.
20	(c) An applicant applying for an all-beverages license and any individual of the applicant who must
21	meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a) may not, if the application were to be approved, possess an
22	ownership interest in more than the limit established in 16-4-205 for establishments licensed under this chapter
23	for all-beverages sales. However, resort retail all-beverages licenses issued under 16-4-213 do not count
24	toward this limit.
25	(d) An applicant and any individual of the applicant who must meet the requirements of subsection
26	(2)(a) may not possess an ownership interest in an agency liquor store as defined in 16-1-106.
27	(e) Except as provided in subsection (9), an applicant for an on-premises consumption license or
28	any member of the applicant's immediate family must be without financing from and may not have any affiliation



1	to a manufacturer, importer, bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages, except that an applicant's spouse may
2	possess an ownership interest in one or more manufacturer licenses. This prohibition also applies to any
3	individual of the applicant who must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
4	(f) An applicant for an off-premises consumption license or any member of the applicant's
5	immediate family must be without financing from and may not have any affiliation to a manufacturer, importer,
6	bottler, or distributor of alcoholic beverages. This prohibition also applies to any individual of the applicant who
7	must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a).
8	(g) Except as provided in subsection (9), an applicant for a manufacturing, importing, or
9	wholesaling license and any individual of the applicant who must meet the requirements of subsection (2)(a)
10	may not possess an ownership interest in any establishment licensed under this chapter for retail alcoholic
11	beverage sales.
12	(h) An applicant for a wholesale license and any individual of the applicant who must meet the
13	requirements of subsection (2)(a) may not be a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage or owned or controlled
14	by a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage.
15	(9) (a) A person with an ownership interest in a licensed brewery or licensed winery may hold
16	complete ownership of up to a combined total of three retail licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-105 or 16-4-201.
17	The owner of a retail license issued pursuant to 16-4-105 or 16-4-201 may hold complete ownership of brewery
18	or winery licenses. The first of these licenses must be a colocated license.
19	(b) A person with an ownership interest in a licensed distillery may hold complete ownership of up
20	to three retail licenses issued pursuant to 16-4-201. The owner of a retail license issued pursuant to 16-4-201
21	may hold complete ownership of distillery licenses. The first of these licenses must be a colocated license.
22	(c) A person with an ownership interest in a retail license issued pursuant to 16-4-105 may not
23	also have an ownership interest in a distillery license.
24	(d) To hold both a manufacturing license and a retail license pursuant to this subsection (9), a
25	licensee:
26	(i) must maintain both the manufacturing license and the retail license on the same premises for
27	the first of these licenses, known as a colocated premises;
28	(ii) must have 100% of the same ownership between the manufacturing license and the retail



license; and
(iii) must provide and serve through the retail license alcohol produced by other manufacturers that
are not affiliated or financially interested, either directly or indirectly, in the conduct or operation of the business
in which the license was issued pursuant to 16-4-105 and 16-4-201, or the licensed brewery, winery, or
distillery.
(e) Colocated licenses may transfer beer manufactured, liquor distilled, or wine produced by the
licensee between the colocated manufacturing license and the retail license without it being considered
distributed or delivered as provided in this code.
(f) For the purposes of this code, the following definitions apply:
(i) "Colocated license" means a manufacturing license and a retail license owned completely by a
licensee and that are operated at one premises.
(ii) "Colocated premises" means a premises where a manufacturing license and a retail license are
both located."
NEW SECTION. Section 14. Saving clause. [This act] does not affect rights and duties that
matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the effective date of this act].
NEW SECTION. Section 15. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2023.
- END -

