

HOUSE BILL NO. 345

INTRODUCED BY J. HAMILTON, T. WELCH, M. THANE, J. TREBAS

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING AN EXCLUSION FROM FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME FOR PRINCIPAL AND INCOME IN A MEDICAL SAVINGS ACCOUNT; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-30-2120, 15-61-202, AND 15-61-203, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 15-30-2120, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-30-2120. (Effective January 1, 2024) Adjustments to federal taxable income to determine Montana taxable income. (1) The items in subsection (2) are added to and the items in subsection (3) are subtracted from federal taxable income to determine Montana taxable income.

(2) The following are added to federal taxable income:

(a) to the extent that it is not exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law, interest from obligations of a territory or another state or any political subdivision of a territory or another state and exempt interest dividends attributable to that interest except to the extent already included in federal taxable income;

(b) that portion of a shareholder's income under subchapter S. of Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code that has been reduced by any federal taxes paid by the subchapter S. corporation on the income;

(c) depreciation or amortization taken on a title plant as defined in 33-25-105;

(d) the recovery during the tax year of an amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that the amount recovered reduced the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;

(e) an item of income, deduction, or expense to the extent that it was used to calculate federal taxable income if the item was also used to calculate a credit against a Montana income tax liability;

(f) a deduction for an income distribution from an estate or trust to a beneficiary that was included in the federal taxable income of an estate or trust in accordance with sections 651 and 661 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 651 and 661;

2 (g) a withdrawal from a medical care savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 61, used for
3 a purpose other than an eligible medical expense or long-term care of the employee or account holder or a
4 dependent of the employee or account holder;

5 (h) a withdrawal from a first-time home buyer savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 63,
6 used for a purpose other than for eligible costs for the purchase of a single-family residence;

7 (i) for a taxpayer that deducts the qualified business income deduction pursuant to section 199A
8 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 199A, an amount equal to the qualified business income deduction
9 claimed; and

10 (j) for a taxpayer that deducts state income taxes pursuant to section 164(a)(3) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 164(a)(3), an additional amount equal to the state income tax deduction claimed, not
12 to exceed the amount required to reduce the federal itemized amount computed under section 161 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 161, to the amount of the federal standard deduction allowable under
14 section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 63(c).

15 (3) To the extent they are included as income or gain or not already excluded as a deduction or
16 expense in determining federal taxable income, the following are subtracted from federal taxable income:

17 (a) a deduction for an income distribution from an estate or trust to a beneficiary in accordance
18 with sections 651 and 661 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 651 and 661, recalculated according to the
19 additions and subtractions in subsections (2) and (3)(b) through (3)(m);

20 (b) if exempt from taxation by Montana under federal law:

21 (i) interest from obligations of the United States government and exempt-interest dividends
22 attributable to that interest; and

23 (ii) railroad retirement benefits;

24 (c) (i) salary received from the armed forces by residents of Montana who are serving on active
25 duty in the regular armed forces and who entered into active duty from Montana;

26 (ii) the salary received by residents of Montana for active duty in the national guard. For the
27 purposes of this subsection (3)(c)(ii), "active duty" means duty performed under an order issued to a national
28 guard member pursuant to:

- 1 (A) Title 10, U.S.C.; or
- 2 (B) Title 32, U.S.C., for a homeland defense activity, as defined in 32 U.S.C. 901, or a contingency
3 operation, as defined in 10 U.S.C. 101, and the person was a member of a unit engaged in a homeland
4 defense activity or contingency operation.
- 5 (iii) the amount received pursuant to 10-1-1114 or from the federal government by a service
6 member, as defined in 10-1-1112, as reimbursement for group life insurance premiums paid;
- 7 (iv) the amount received by a beneficiary pursuant to 10-1-1201; and
- 8 (v) all payments made under the World War I bonus law, the Korean bonus law, and the veterans'
9 bonus law. Any income tax that has been or may be paid on income received from the World War I bonus law,
10 Korean bonus law, and the veterans' bonus law is considered an overpayment and must be refunded upon the
11 filing of an amended return and a verified claim for refund on forms prescribed by the department in the same
12 manner as other income tax refund claims are paid.
- 13 (d) ~~interest and other income related to contributions that were made prior to January 1, 2024, that~~
14 ~~are retained principal~~ ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS and income in a medical care savings account provided for in Title
15 15, chapter 61, and any withdrawal for payment of eligible medical expenses or for the long-term care of the
16 employee or account holder or a dependent of the employee or account holder;
- 17 (e) contributions or earnings withdrawn from a family education savings account provided for in
18 Title 15, chapter 62, or from a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state as
19 provided in section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), for qualified
20 education expenses, as defined in 15-62-103, of a designated beneficiary;
- 21 (f) interest and other income related to contributions that were made prior to January 1, 2024, that
22 are retained in a first-time home buyer savings account provided for in Title 15, chapter 63, and any withdrawal
23 for payment of eligible costs for the first-time purchase of a single-family residence;
- 24 (g) for each taxpayer that has attained the age of 65, an additional subtraction of \$5,500;
- 25 (h) the amount of a scholarship to an eligible student by a student scholarship organization
26 pursuant to 15-30-3104;
- 27 (i) a payment received by a private landowner for providing public access to public land pursuant
28 to Title 76, chapter 17, part 1;

1 (j) the amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this state or
2 any other taxing jurisdiction to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purposes but not
3 previously allowed as a deduction for Montana income tax purposes;

4 (k) the recovery during the tax year of any amount deducted in any prior tax year to the extent that
5 the recovered amount did not reduce the taxpayer's Montana income tax in the year deducted;

6 (l) an amount equal to 30% of net-long term capital gains, as defined in section 1222 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1222, if and to the extent such gain is taken into account in computing
8 federal taxable income; and

9 (m) the amount of the gain recognized from the sale or exchange of a mobile home park as
10 provided in 15-31-163.

11 (4) (a) A taxpayer who, in determining federal taxable income, has reduced the taxpayer's
12 business deductions:

13 (i) by an amount for wages and salaries for which a federal tax credit was elected under sections
14 38 and 51(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 38 and 51(a), is allowed to deduct the amount of the
15 wages and salaries paid regardless of the credit taken; or

16 (ii) for which a federal tax credit was elected under the Internal Revenue Code is allowed to
17 deduct the amount of the business expense paid when there is no corresponding state income tax credit or
18 deduction, regardless of the credit taken.

19 (b) The deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made in the year that the wages, salaries, or
20 business expenses were used to compute the credit. In the case of a partnership or small business corporation,
21 the deductions in subsection (4)(a) must be made to determine the amount of income or loss of the partnership
22 or small business corporation.

23 (5) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana
24 family education savings program or to a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state
25 as provided in section 529(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 529(b)(1)(A)(ii), may reduce
26 taxable income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of married taxpayers, each
27 spouse is entitled to a reduction, not in excess of \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions to the accounts.
28 Spouses may jointly elect to treat half of the total contributions made by the spouses as being made by each

1 spouse. The reduction in taxable income under this subsection (5)(a) applies only with respect to contributions
2 to an account of which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's child or
3 stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of subsection (2)(d) do not
4 apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced federal taxable income.

5 (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (5) are subject to the recapture tax provided for
6 in 15-62-208.

7 (6) (a) An individual who contributes to one or more accounts established under the Montana
8 achieving a better life experience program or to a qualified program established and maintained by another
9 state may reduce taxable income by the lesser of \$3,000 or the amount of the contribution. In the case of
10 married taxpayers, each spouse is entitled to a reduction, not to exceed \$3,000, for the spouses' contributions
11 to the accounts. Spouses may jointly elect to treat one-half of the total contributions made by the spouses as
12 being made by each spouse. The reduction in taxable income under this subsection (6)(a) applies only with
13 respect to contributions to an account for which the account owner is the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or
14 the taxpayer's child or stepchild if the taxpayer's child or stepchild is a Montana resident. The provisions of
15 subsection (2)(d) do not apply with respect to withdrawals of contributions that reduced taxable income.

16 (b) Contributions made pursuant to this subsection (6) are subject to the recapture tax provided in
17 53-25-118.

18 (7) By November 1 of each year, the department shall multiply the subtraction from federal taxable
19 income for a taxpayer that has attained the age of 65 contained in subsection (3)(g) by the inflation factor for
20 that tax year, rounding the result to the nearest \$10. The resulting amount is effective for that tax year and must
21 be used as the basis for the subtraction from federal taxable income determined under subsection (3)(g)."

22

23 **Section 2.** Section 15-61-202, MCA, is amended to read:

24 "~~15-61-202. (Temporary) Tax exemption -- conditions.~~ (1) Except as provided in this section, the
25 amount of principal provided for in subsection (2) contributed annually by an employee or account holder to an
26 account and all interest or other income on that principal may be excluded from the adjusted gross income of
27 the employee or account holder and are exempt from taxation, in accordance with 15-30-2110(2)(j), as long as
28 the principal and interest or other income is contained within the account, distributed to an immediate family

1 member as provided in subsection (6), or withdrawn only for payment of eligible medical expenses or for paying
2 the expenses of administering the account. Any part of the principal or income, or both, withdrawn from an
3 account may not be excluded under subsection (2) and this subsection if the amount is withdrawn from the
4 account and used for a purpose other than an eligible medical expense or for paying the expenses of
5 administering the account.

6 ~~(2) (a) An employee or account holder may annually contribute not more than:~~

7 ~~(i) \$3,500 in tax year 2018;~~

8 ~~(ii) \$4,000 in tax year 2019;~~

9 ~~(iii) an amount determined for each subsequent tax year by multiplying the amount in subsection~~
10 ~~(2)(a)(ii) by an inflation factor determined by dividing the consumer price index for June of the previous tax year~~
11 ~~by the consumer price index for June 2018 and rounding the resulting figure to the nearest \$500 increment.~~

12 ~~(b) There is no limitation on the amount of funds and interest or other income on those funds that may~~
13 ~~be retained tax-free within an account.~~

14 ~~(3) A deduction pursuant to 15-30-2131 is not allowed to an employee or account holder for an~~
15 ~~amount contributed to an account. An employee or account holder may not deduct pursuant to 15-30-2131 or~~
16 ~~exclude pursuant to 15-30-2110 an amount representing a loss in the value of an investment contained in an~~
17 ~~account.~~

18 ~~(4) The transfer of money in an account owned by one employee or account holder to the account of~~
19 ~~another employee or account holder who is an immediate family member of the first employee or account~~
20 ~~holder does not subject either employee or account holder to tax liability under this section. Amounts contained~~
21 ~~within the account of the receiving employee or account holder are subject to the requirements and limitations~~
22 ~~provided in this section.~~

23 ~~(5) The employee or account holder who establishes the account is the owner of the account. An~~
24 ~~employee or account holder may withdraw money in an account and deposit the money in another account with~~
25 ~~a different or with the same account administrator without incurring tax liability.~~

26 ~~(6) Within 30 days of being furnished proof of the death of the employee or account holder, the~~
27 ~~account administrator shall distribute the principal and accumulated interest or other income in the account to~~
28 ~~the estate of the employee or account holder or to a designated pay-on-death beneficiary as provided in 72-6-~~

1 ~~223. An immediate family member who receives the distribution provided for in this subsection becomes the~~
2 ~~account holder and may:~~

3 ~~(a) within 1 year of the death of the employee or account holder from which the account was~~
4 ~~inherited, withdraw funds for eligible medical expenses incurred by the deceased; and~~

5 ~~(b) contribute to the account, retain money in the account tax free, and withdraw funds from the~~
6 ~~account as provided in this chapter.~~

7 **15-61-202. (Effective January 1, 2024) Tax exemption -- conditions.** (1) Except as provided in this
8 section, the amount of principal provided for in subsection (2) contributed annually by an employee or account
9 holder to an account and all interest or other income on the principal that was contributed to a medical care
10 savings account prior to January 1, 2024, may be excluded from the Montana taxable income of the employee
11 or account holder and is are exempt from taxation, in accordance with 15-30-2120, as long as the principal and
12 interest or other income is contained within the account, distributed to an immediate family member as provided
13 in subsection (6), or withdrawn only for payment of eligible medical expenses or for paying the expenses of
14 administering the account. Any part of the principal or income, or both, withdrawn from an account may not be
15 excluded under subsection (2) and this subsection if the amount is withdrawn from the account and used for a
16 purpose other than an eligible medical expense or for paying the expenses of administering the account.

17 (2) (a) An employee or account holder may contribute annually not more than:

18 (i) \$4,500 in tax year 2023; and

19 (ii) an amount determined for each subsequent tax year by multiplying the amount in subsection
20 (2)(a)(i) by an inflation factor determined by dividing the consumer price index for June of the previous tax year
21 by the consumer price index for June 2018 and rounding the resulting figure to the nearest \$500 increment.

22 ~~(2)(b)~~ For contributions that were made prior to January 1, 2024, there ~~There~~ is no limitation on the
23 amount of funds and interest or other income on those funds that may be retained tax-free within an account.

24 (3) The transfer of money in an account owned by one employee or account holder to the account
25 of another employee or account holder who is an immediate family member of the first employee or account
26 holder does not subject either employee or account holder to tax liability under this section. Amounts contained
27 within the account of the receiving employee or account holder are subject to the requirements and limitations
28 provided in this section.

1 (4) The employee or account holder who establishes the account is the owner of the account. An
2 employee or account holder may withdraw money in an account and deposit the money in another account with
3 a different or with the same account administrator without incurring tax liability.

4 (5) Within 30 days of being furnished proof of the death of the employee or account holder, the
5 account administrator shall distribute the principal and accumulated interest or other income in the account to
6 the estate of the employee or account holder or to a designated pay-on-death beneficiary as provided in 72-6-
7 223. An immediate family member who receives the distribution provided for in this subsection becomes the
8 account holder and may:

9 (a) within 1 year of the death of the employee or account holder from which the account was
10 inherited, withdraw funds for eligible medical expenses incurred by the deceased; and

11 (b) contribute to the account, retain money in the account tax-free, and withdraw funds from the
12 account as provided in this chapter."
13

14 **Section 3.** Section 15-61-203, MCA, is amended to read:

15 "~~15-61-203. (Temporary) Withdrawal of funds from account for purposes other than eligible~~
16 ~~medical expenses. (1) An employee or account holder may withdraw money from the individual's medical care~~
17 ~~savings account for any purpose other than an eligible medical expense or for paying the expenses of~~
18 ~~administering the account only on the last business day of the account administrator's business year. Money~~
19 ~~withdrawn from an account pursuant to this subsection must be taxed as ordinary income of the employee or~~
20 ~~account holder.~~

21 ~~(2) There is a penalty equal to 10% of the amount of a withdrawal for a withdrawal other than for~~
22 ~~eligible medical expenses or for expenses of administering the account or other than on the last business day~~
23 ~~of the account administrator's business year. The administrator may withhold the penalty from the amount of~~
24 ~~the withdrawal and, on behalf of the employee or account holder, pay the penalty to the department of revenue.~~
25 ~~Payments made to the department pursuant to this section must be deposited in the general fund. Money~~
26 ~~withdrawn from an account pursuant to this subsection must be taxed as ordinary income of the employee or~~
27 ~~account holder.~~

28 ~~(3) For the purposes of this section, "last business day of the account administrator's business year",~~

1 as applied to an account administrator who is also the account holder or an employee, means the last weekday
2 in December.

3 **15-61-203. (~~Effective January 1, 2024~~) Withdrawal of funds from account for purposes other**
4 **than eligible medical expenses.** (1) An employee or account holder may withdraw money from the individual's
5 medical care savings account for any purpose other than an eligible medical expense or for paying the
6 expenses of administering the account only on the last business day of the account administrator's business
7 year. Money withdrawn from an account pursuant to this subsection ~~that had been excluded from taxation~~ must
8 be taxed as ordinary income of the employee or account holder.

9 (2) There is a penalty equal to 10% of the amount of a withdrawal for a withdrawal other than for
10 eligible medical expenses or for expenses of administering the account or other than on the last business day
11 of the account administrator's business year. The administrator may withhold the penalty from the amount of
12 the withdrawal and, on behalf of the employee or account holder, pay the penalty to the department. Payments
13 made to the department pursuant to this section must be deposited in the general fund. Money withdrawn from
14 an account pursuant to this subsection must be taxed as ordinary income of the employee or account holder ~~if it~~
15 ~~had been excluded from taxation.~~

16 (3) For the purposes of this section, "last business day of the account administrator's business
17 year", as applied to an account administrator who is also the account holder or an employee, means the last
18 weekday in December."
19

20 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [this act] is
21 effective on passage and approval.

22 (2) [Sections 1 through 3] are effective January 1, 2024.
23

24 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Applicability. [This act] applies to income tax years beginning after
25 December 31, 2023.

26 - END -