
69th Legislature 2025 HB 50.1

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 50		
2	INTRODUCED BY R. MARSHALL		
3	BY REQUEST OF THE CHILDREN, FAMILIES, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES INTERIM COMMITTEE		
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5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROVIDING PROTECTIONS TO PARENTS AND PREGNANT		
6	WOMEN WITH SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER; REVISING THE HELP SAVE LIVES FROM OVERDOSE AC		
7	AND AMENDING SECTION 50-32-609, MCA."		
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
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11	Section 1. Section 50-32-609, MCA, is amended to read:		
12	"50-32-609. Good Samaritan <u>and parental</u> protections. (1) The provisions of 45-5-626, 45-9-102,		
13	45-9-107, and 45-10-103 do not apply to:		
14	(a) a person who, acting in good faith, seeks medical assistance for another person who is		
15	experiencing an actual or reasonably perceived drug-related overdose if the evidence supporting an arrest,		
16	charge, or prosecution was obtained as a result of the person's seeking medical assistance for another person		
17	or		
18	(b) a person who experiences a drug-related overdose and is in need of medical assistance if the		
19	evidence supporting an arrest, charge, or prosecution was obtained as a result of the drug-related overdose		
20	and the need for medical assistance.		
21	(2) The provisions of 45-9-102, 45-9-107, and 45-10-103 do not apply to a pregnant woman		
22	seeking or receiving:		
23	(a)evaluation, treatment, or support services for a substance use disorder; or		
24	(b) prenatal health care.		
25	(3) The provisions of 45-5-601(2)(a) do not apply to a person reporting a crime under 45-5-502 or		
26	45-5-503.		
27	(4) A person's pretrial release, probation, furlough, supervised release, or parole may not be		
28	revoked based on an incident for which the person would be immune from arrest, charge, or prosecution under		



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(5) A person's act of providing first aid or other medical assistance to a person who is experiencing an actual or reasonably perceived drug-related overdose may be used as a mitigating factor in a criminal prosecution for which immunity is not provided under this section.

- (6) A parent's positive drug test may not be the sole factor used to:
- 6 (a) begin a child abuse and neglect investigation under Title 41, chapter 3, part 2;
- 7 (b) place a child in protective care pursuant to Title 41, chapter 3, part 3;
- 8 (c) initiate abuse and neglect proceedings as provided for in Title 41, chapter 3, part 4; or
- 9 (d) terminate parental rights as provided for in Title 41, chapter 3, part 6.
- 10 $\frac{(6)(7)}{(6)(7)}$ This section may not be construed to:
- bar the admissibility of evidence obtained in connection with the investigation and prosecution of other crimes or violations committed by a person who otherwise qualified for limited immunity under this section;
 - (b) limit, modify, or remove immunity from liability currently available to public entities, public employees, or prosecutors or by law; or
 - (c) create a new cause of action or other source of criminal liability for a pregnant woman with a substance use disorder who does not seek or receive evaluation, treatment, or support services for a substance use disorder."

19 - END -

