

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 70
 2 INTRODUCED BY S. GIST
 3 BY REQUEST OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY COUNCIL
 4
 5 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING A STUDY OF STATE FIRE SUPPRESSION ISSUES,
 6 METHODS, AND COSTS; PROVIDING AN APPROPRIATION; ESTABLISHING REPORTING
 7 REQUIREMENTS; PROVIDING FOR CONTINGENT VOIDNESS; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE
 8 EFFECTIVE DATE AND A TERMINATION DATE."
 9

10 WHEREAS, since the destructive Big Burn of 1910, federal wildfire policy has been to suppress fires at
 11 all costs, resulting in forests that are overstocked with fuel; and

12 WHEREAS, wildfires now consume twice as much land each year on average than in the 1990s, a
 13 trend expected to continue; and

14 WHEREAS, more than one-third of Montana homes are exposed to moderate to high wildfire risk; and

15 WHEREAS, a variety of factors have exacerbated the risks, including regulatory red tape, incomplete
 16 government partnerships, unexplored economic benefits, and unrecognized risk sharing; and

17 WHEREAS, environmental reviews, endangered species concerns, and pernicious litigation prevent
 18 necessary mechanical treatment and prescribed burns, which could lessen ladder and canopy fuels, reduce
 19 fuel loads, and improve habitat; and

20 WHEREAS, profitable markets for shrubs and small-diameter trees may be developed in engineered-
 21 wood plants to produce oriented-strand board, biochar, or wood chips; and

22 WHEREAS, use of prescribed fires as a management tool should be encouraged, perhaps as a
 23 recognized property right, expanded liability protections, or certified burning; and

24 WHEREAS, as the number of homes in areas with moderate or high wildfire risk has doubled since
 25 1990, volunteer, local, state, and federal authorities are faced with protecting these structures; and

26 WHEREAS, improved cooperation between states, tribes, and counties can together improve forest
 27 health and reduce wildfire risk; and

28 WHEREAS, use of all resources should be examined to maximize private, local government, and state

1 fire resources; and

2 WHEREAS, the Montana Legislature, which sets policy for and pays for much of the wildland
3 firefighting on behalf of state taxpayers, has not fully examined these and other related issues since 2009.

4
5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

6
7 **NEW SECTION. Section 1. Study of state fire suppression issues, methods, and costs.** (1) The
8 environmental quality council provided for in 5-16-101 shall conduct a comprehensive fire suppression study.

9 (2) The study must include an investigation of:

10 (a) firefighting operations in Montana by the state and federal governments, including operations
11 on tribal land and private land, and the management policies affecting the success of those operations;

12 (b) the efficient use of fire suppression resources, including equipment and firefighters;

13 (c) the impact of operations on private land and the effective use of private resources to fight fires;

14 and

15 (d) state and federal forest management policies and how those policies may potentially contribute
16 to an increased number of wildfires, great safety risk to firefighters, or compromised effectiveness of fire
17 suppression efforts.

18 (3) The environmental quality council shall complete the study by September 15, 2026, and report
19 its findings and recommendations, including legislation, to the 70th legislature.

20
21 **NEW SECTION. Section 2. Appropriation.** There is appropriated \$50,000 from the general fund to
22 the legislative services division for the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, to pay for costs associated with the
23 study required under [section 1.]

24
25 **NEW SECTION. Section 3. Contingent voidness.** (1) Pursuant to Joint Rule 40-65, if [this act] does
26 not include an appropriation prior to being transmitted to the governor, then [this act] is void.

27 (2) If the appropriation in [section 2] is vetoed, then [this act] is void.

28

1 NEW SECTION. **Section 4. Effective date.** [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

2

3 NEW SECTION. **Section 5. Termination.** [This act] terminates December 31, 2026.

4

- END -