Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1030

Introduced by

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Legislative Management

(Judiciary Committee)

1	A BILL for an Act to amo	end and reenac	t subdivision i o	f subsection 1	of section	12.1-32-02
---	--------------------------	----------------	-------------------	----------------	------------	------------

- 2 sections 15.1-19-13 and 19-03.1-23, subsection 6 of section 19-03.4-03, subsection 17 of
- 3 section 27-20.2-01, subsection 26 of section 27-20.4-01, subdivision c of subsection 4 of
- 4 section 27-20.4-17, subsection 4 of section 27-20.4-26, subsection 5 of section 29-26-22,
- 5 section 39-06-36.1, subsection 9 of section 39-06.1-11, subdivision f of subsection 5 of section
- 6 39-08-01, and sections 39-08-01.5 and 54-12-27.1 of the North Dakota Century Code relating to
- 7 changing drug court to treatment court.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 9 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 12.1-32-02 of the North 10 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - i. DrugTreatment court program. A drugtreatment court is a district court supervised treatment program approved by the supreme court which combines judicial supervision with alcohol and drug testing and substance use disorder treatment in a licensed treatment program. The supreme court may adopt rules, including rules of procedure, for drugtreatment court programs.
 - **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-19-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 15.1-19-13. Alcohol or controlled substance Use or possession by student Notification of principal Exception.

If a teacher knows or has reason to believe that a student is using, is in possession of, or is delivering alcohol or a controlled substance while the student is on school property, involved in a school-related activity, or in attendance at a school-sponsored event, the teacher shall notify the student's principal. The notification requirement in this section does not apply to a teacher or administrator who participates in a juvenile drugtreatment court program and receives

- confidential information regarding a student as a result of participation in the program. This section does not prevent a teacher or any other school employee from reporting to a law enforcement agency any violation of law occurring on school property, at a school-related activity, or at a school-sponsored event.
- **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 19-03.1-23 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

19-03.1-23. Prohibited acts - Penalties.

- 1. Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for a person to willfully, as defined in section 12.1-02-02, manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance, or to deliver, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance by means of the internet, but a person who violates section 12-46-24 or 12-47-21 may not be prosecuted under this subsection. A person who violates this subsection with respect to:
 - A controlled substance classified in schedule I or II which is a narcotic drug, or methamphetamine, is guilty of a class B felony.
 - Any other controlled substance classified in schedule I, II, or III, or a controlled substance analog, except marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol is guilty of a class B felony.
 - c. Marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or a substance classified in schedule IV, is guilty of a class C felony.
 - d. A substance classified in schedule V, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 2. A prior misdemeanor conviction under subsection 7 or a prior conviction under subsection 3 or 4 of section 19-03.4-03 may not be considered a prior offense under subsection 1.
- 3. Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to willfully, as defined in section 12.1-02-02, create, deliver, distribute, or dispense a counterfeit substance by means of the internet or any other means, or possess with intent to deliver, a counterfeit substance by means of the internet or any other means, but any person who violates section 12-46-24 or 12-47-21 may not be prosecuted under this subsection. Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:

- a. A counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, II, or III, is guilty of a class B
 felony.
 - b. A counterfeit substance classified in schedule IV, is guilty of a class C felony.
 - c. A counterfeit substance classified in schedule V, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
 - 4. A person at least eighteen years of age who solicits, induces, intimidates, employs, hires, or uses a person under eighteen years of age to aid or assist in the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance for the purpose of receiving consideration or payment for the manufacture or delivery of any controlled substance is guilty of a class B felony. It is not a defense to a violation of this subsection that the defendant did not know the age of a person protected under this subsection.
 - 5. Except for a prior conviction equivalent to a misdemeanor violation of subsection 7 or a prior conviction under subsection 3 or 4 of section 19-03.4-03, a violation of this title or a law of another state or the federal government which is equivalent to an offense with respect to the manufacture, delivery, or intent to deliver a controlled substance under this title committed while the offender was an adult and which resulted in a plea or finding of guilt must be considered a prior offense under subsection 1. The prior offense must be alleged in the complaint, information, or indictment. The plea or finding of guilt for the prior offense must have occurred before the date of the commission of the offense or offenses charged in the complaint, information, or indictment.
 - 6. It is unlawful for a person to willfully, as defined in section 12.1-02-02:
 - a. Serve as an agent, intermediary, or other entity that causes the internet to be used to bring together a buyer and seller to engage in the delivery, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance in a manner not authorized by this chapter; or
 - Offer to fill or refill a prescription for a controlled substance based solely on a consumer's completion of an online medical questionnaire.

A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a class C felony.

1	7.	a.	It is	unlaw	ful for any person to willfully, as defined in section 12.1-02-02, possess
2			a co	ontrolle	ed substance or a controlled substance analog unless the substance
3			was	obtai	ned directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a
4			prac	ctitione	er while acting in the course of the practitioner's professional practice, or
5			exce	ept as	otherwise authorized by this chapter, but any person who violates
6			sect	tion 12	2-46-24 or 12-47-21 may not be prosecuted under this subsection.
7		b.	Exc	ept as	otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who violates this
8			sub	sectio	n is guilty of a class A misdemeanor for the first offense under this
9			sub	sectio	n and a class C felony for a second or subsequent offense under this
10			sub	sectio	n.
11		C.	If, a	t the ti	ime of the offense the person is in or on the real property comprising a
12			pub	lic or p	private elementary or secondary school or a public career and technical
13			edu	cation	school, the person is guilty of a class B felony, unless the offense
14			invo	lves n	narijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol.
15		d.	Аре	erson	who violates this subsection by possessing:
16			(1)	Mari	juana:
17				(a)	In an amount of less than one-half ounce [14.175 grams] is guilty of
18					an infraction.
19				(b)	At least one-half ounce [14.175 grams] but not more than 500 grams
20					of marijuana is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
21				(c)	More than 500 grams of marijuana is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
22			(2)	Tetra	ahydrocannabinol:
23				(a)	In an amount less than two grams is guilty of an infraction.
24				(b)	At least two grams but not more than six grams of
25					tetrahydrocannabinol is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
26				(c)	More than six grams of tetrahydrocannabinol is guilty of a class A
27					misdemeanor.
28		e.	If ar	n indiv	idual is sentenced to the legal and physical custody of the department
29			of c	orrecti	ions and rehabilitation under this subsection, the department may place
30			the	indivic	lual in a drug and alcohol treatment program designated by the
31			dep	artme	nt. Upon the successful completion of the drug and alcohol treatment

29

30

- 1 program, the department shall release the individual from imprisonment to begin 2 any court-ordered period of probation. 3 f. If the individual is not subject to any court-ordered probation, the court shall order 4 the individual to serve the remainder of the sentence of imprisonment on 5 supervised probation subject to the terms and conditions imposed by the court. 6 Probation under this subsection may include placement in another facility, g. 7 treatment program, drugtreatment court, mental health court, or veterans 8 treatment docket. If an individual is placed in another facility or treatment 9 program upon release from imprisonment, the remainder of the sentence must be 10 considered as time spent in custody. 11 An individual incarcerated under this subsection as a result of a second probation h. 12 revocation is not eligible for release from imprisonment upon the successful 13 completion of treatment. 14 A person who violates this subsection regarding possession of five or fewer 15 capsules, pills, or tablets of a schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substance or 16 controlled substance analog is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. 17 8. Except as provided by section 19-03.1-45, a court may order a person who violates 18 this chapter or chapter 19-03.4 to undergo a drug addiction evaluation by a licensed 19 addiction counselor. The evaluation must indicate the prospects for rehabilitation and 20 whether addiction treatment is required. If ordered, the evaluation must be submitted 21 to the court before imposing punishment for a felony violation or a misdemeanor 22 violation. 23 If a person pleads guilty or is found guilty of a first offense regarding possession of 9. 24 one ounce [28.35 grams] or less of marijuana or two grams or less of 25 tetrahydrocannabinol and a judgment of guilt is entered, a court, upon motion, shall 26 seal the court record of that conviction if the person is not subsequently convicted 27 within two years of a further violation of this chapter. Once sealed, the court record
 - 10. Upon successful completion of a <u>drugtreatment</u> court program, mental health court program, or veterans treatment docket, a person who has been convicted of a felony

may not be opened even by order of the court.

28

29

- 1 under this section and sentenced to drugtreatment court, mental health court, or 2 veterans treatment docket is deemed to have been convicted of a misdemeanor. 3 If a person convicted of a misdemeanor under this section is sentenced to 11. 4 drugtreatment court, mental health court, or veterans treatment docket and 5 successfully completes a drugtreatment court program, mental health court, or 6 veterans treatment docket, the court shall dismiss the case and seal the file in 7 accordance with section 12.1-32-07.2. 8 12. If an individual under the age of twenty-one pleads guilty or is found guilty of a first 9 offense regarding possession of one-half ounce [14.175 grams] or less of marijuana, 10 the court also may sentence the individual to an evidence-based alcohol and drug 11 education program operated under rules adopted by the department of health and 12 human services under section 50-06-44. For a second or subsequent offense 13 regarding possession of one-half ounce [14.175 grams] or less of marijuana, the court 14 also shall sentence the individual to an evidence-based alcohol and drug education 15 program operated under rules adopted by the department of health and human 16 services under section 50-06-44. 17 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 6 of section 19-03.4-03 of the North Dakota 18 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 19 Probation under this section may include placement in another facility, treatment 20 program, or drugtreatment court. If the person is placed in another facility or treatment 21 program upon release from imprisonment, the remainder of the sentence must be 22 considered as time spent in custody. 23 SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 17 of section 27-20.2-01 of the North Dakota 24 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 25 17. "Juvenile drugtreatment court" means a program established by the supreme court 26 which is a post-petition or post-adjudication program aimed at intervening in substance
 - **SECTION 6. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 26 of section 27-20.4-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

use disorders through intense supervision and participation in recovery services.

1	26.	"Juvenile drugtreatment court" means a program established by the supreme court					
2		which is a post-petition or post-adjudication program aimed at intervening in substance					
3		use disorders through intense supervision and participation in recovery services.					
4	SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Subdivision c of subsection 4 of section 27-20.4-17 of the						
5	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:						
6		c. Order the child's participation in a juvenile drugtreatment court program.					
7	SECTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subsection 4 of section 27-20.4-26 of the North Dakota						
8	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:						
9	4.	If the juvenile court requires the child to participate in a juvenile drugtreatment court					
0		program, the juvenile court may waive the participation in the twenty-four seven					
11		sobriety program requirements of this section.					
2	SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Subsection 5 of section 29-26-22 of the North Dakota Century						
3	Code is	amended and reenacted as follows:					
4	5.	Upon successful completion of an approved adult drugtreatment court program, a					
5		court may waive all unpaid fines, fees, and costs imposed in the criminal judgment					
6		sentencing the defendant to the <u>drugtreatment</u> court program, except for restitution.					
7		For purposes of this subsection, "approved drugtreatment court program" means a					
8		district court-supervised treatment program approved by the supreme court.					
9	SEC	CTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06-36.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
20	amende	d and reenacted as follows:					
21	39-0	06-36.1. Restoration of revoked or suspended licenses - Successful completion of					
22	drugtre	atment court.					
23	Upon an individual's successful completion of an approved adult drugtreatment court						
24	program, if ordered by the district court, the director shall reinstate the driving privileges of the						
25	individual for any noncommercial license suspension or revocation imposed under law. A						
26	reinstatement fee is not required for reinstatement of driving privileges under this section.						
27	SEC	CTION 11. AMENDMENT. Subsection 9 of section 39-06.1-11 of the North Dakota					
28	Century	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:					
29	9.	If an offender is participating in an approved drugtreatment court program, the court					
RΩ		may order issuance of a temporary restricted license. Upon application by the					

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

- offender, the director shall issue a temporary restricted license to the participant subject to conditions specified by the court.
 - a. The application must be accompanied by proof of financial responsibility, the court's order, and the designated reinstatement fee.
 - b. For purposes of this subsection, "approved drugtreatment court program" means a district court-supervised treatment program approved by the supreme court.

SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Subdivision f of subsection 5 of section 39-08-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

If the offense is subject to subdivision a or b, a municipal court or district court may not suspend a sentence, but may convert each day of a term of imprisonment to ten hours of community service for an offense subject to paragraph 2 of subdivision a. If the offense is subject to subdivision c, the district court may suspend a sentence, except for sixty days' imprisonment, under subsection 3 of section 12.1-32-02 on the condition that the defendant first undergo and complete an evaluation for alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. If the offense is subject to subdivision d, the district court may suspend a sentence, except for one year's imprisonment, under subsection 3 of section 12.1-32-02 on the condition that the defendant first undergo and complete an evaluation for alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. If the defendant is found to be in need of alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation, the district court may order the defendant placed under the supervision and management of the department of corrections and rehabilitation and is subject to the conditions of probation under section 12.1-32-07. The district court may require the defendant to complete alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation under the direction of the drugtreatment court program as a condition of probation in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court. The district court may terminate probation under this section when the defendant completes the drug treatment program. If the district court finds that a defendant has failed to undergo an evaluation or complete treatment or has violated any condition of probation, the district court

amended and reenacted as follows:

	U	•				
1		shall revoke the defendant's probation and shall sentence the defendant in				
2	accordance with this subsection.					
3	SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 39-08-01.5 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
4	amended and reenacted as follows:					
5	39-0	-01.5. Partial suspension of sentence for drug treatment court program, mental				
6	health o	urt program, or veterans treatment docket completion.				
7	1.	Notwithstanding section 39-08-01:				
8		a. All but ten days of the minimum mandatory sentence required for a defendant				
9		charged with a third or subsequent violation of section 39-08-01 may be				
10		suspended on the condition the defendant successfully completes a				
11		drugtreatment court program, mental health court program, or veterans treatment				
12		docket approved by the supreme court.				
13		o. If the drugtreatment court determines a defendant participating in a				
14		drugtreatment court program has substantially complied with the requirements of				
15		the drugtreatment court program, the drugtreatment court may suspend the				
16		defendant's electronic alcohol monitoring and sobriety breath testing requirement				
17		under the twenty-four seven sobriety program for the six months preceding				
18		completion of the <u>drugtreatment</u> court program.				
19	2.	Jpon successful completion of a drugtreatment court program, mental health court				
20		program, or veterans treatment docket, a defendant convicted of a felony under				
21		section 39-08-01 and sentenced to drugtreatment court, mental health court, or				
22		veterans treatment docket is deemed to have been convicted of a misdemeanor.				
23	3.	f a defendant convicted of a misdemeanor under section 39-08-01 is sentenced to				
24		drugtreatment court, mental health court, or veterans treatment docket and				
25		successfully completes a drugtreatment court program, mental health court, or				
26		veterans treatment docket, the court shall dismiss the case and seal the file in				
27		accordance with section 12.1-32-07.2.				
28	SEC	TION 14. AMENDMENT. Section 54-12-27.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is				

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

1 54-12-27.1. Twenty-four seven sobriety program - Partial suspension for

2 drugtreatment court program participants.

- 1. For purposes of this section, "approved drugtreatment court program" means a district court-supervised treatment program approved by the supreme court.
- 2. A district court may suspend any ordered period of participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program, including mandatory participation required by law, for an offender participating in an approved drugtreatment court program while under supervised probation with the department of corrections and rehabilitation.
- 3. A district court suspending participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program shall issue a certificate of waiver of twenty-four seven sobriety program participation.
- 4. For purposes of issuance of a temporary restricted operator's license under section 39-06.1-11, the director of the department of transportation shall treat a court certificate of waiver of twenty-four seven sobriety program participation as if the offender was participating in the twenty-four seven sobriety program.

Page No. 10