## LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

## ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 16**

Introduced by Briese, 41.

Read first time January 05, 2023

## Committee:

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to occupational licenses; to amend sections 2 81-2103 and 81-2120, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and 3 sections 84-933, 84-934, 84-940, and 84-947, Revised Statutes 4 Cumulative Supplement, 2022; to change requirements for membership of the State Electrical Board; to provide powers and duties for the 5 6 State Electrical Board; to define a term; to provide for federal 7 preemption; to provide for applicability of provisions; to require occupational boards to make a determination regarding an applicant 8 9 with a criminal conviction; to require occupational boards to issue occupational license or government certification based on 10 11 occupational licensure, government certification, 12 certification, or work experience in another state or in the United 13 States Military; to provide for jurisprudential examinations and 14 appeals from denial of a license; to change provisions relating to 15 preliminary applications by individuals with a criminal conviction; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original sections. 16

17 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

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1 Section 1. Section 81-2103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 2 amended to read:

3 81-2103 (1) There is hereby established an independent agency to be known as the State Electrical Division which shall be under the 4 5 administrative and operative control of the executive director of such division. The division shall include a seven-member State Electrical 6 7 Board appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Legislature. All members of the board shall be residents of the State of Nebraska. The 8 board shall direct the efforts of the executive director and set the 9 10 policy of the division. Two One of such members shall be a journeyman electricians, one of which shall be appointed in accordance with 11 subsection (2) of this section electrician, one shall be an electrical 12 13 contractor or master electrician who shall be appointed in accordance with subsection (3) of this section, one shall be a certified electrical 14 inspector, one shall be a licensed professional electrical engineer, one 15 16 shall be a representative of a public power district or rural electric 17 cooperative in the state, one shall be a representative of the municipal electric systems in the state, and, except as provided in subsection (2) 18 19 of this section, one shall be a member of any of such groups. The members of the board shall be appointed for staggered terms of five years. Any 20 vacancy occurring in the membership of the board shall be filled by the 21 Governor for the unexpired term. Each member of the board shall serve 22 23 until a his or her successor is appointed and qualified. The executive 24 director shall be the executive secretary of the board and shall be responsible for all books, records, and transcripts of proceedings of the 25 board. 26

(2) At the expiration of the term of the member serving as the member of any such groups on the effective date of this act, such member shall be one of the two journeyman electrician members, shall be affiliated with a nonprofit labor organization for electrical workers holding a certificate of exemption under 501(c)(5) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code, and shall be selected from a list of journeyman

- 2 <u>electricians recommended by such organization.</u>
- 3 (3) At the expiration of the term of the electrical contractor or
- 4 master electrician member serving on the effective date of this act, the
- 5 electrical contractor or master electrician member shall be affiliated
- 6 with a nonprofit labor organization for electrical workers holding a
- 7 certificate of exemption under 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code and
- 8 shall be selected from a list of electrical contractors or master
- 9 electricians recommended by such organization.
- 10 Sec. 2. Section 81-2120, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 11 amended to read:
- 12 81-2120 (1) To the extent that any other state which provides for
- 13 the licensing of electricians provides for similar action, the board may
- 14 grant licenses, without examination, of the same grade and class to an
- 15 electrician who has been licensed by such other state for at least one
- 16 year, upon payment by the applicant of the required fee, and upon the
- 17 board being furnished with proof that the qualifications of the applicant
- 18 are equal to the qualifications of holders of similar licenses in
- 19 Nebraska.
- 20 <u>(2)(a) Subject to subdivision (b) of this subsection, the board</u>
- 21 <u>shall issue a license to an individual upon application if:</u>
- 22 (i)(A) The applicant holds (I) a credential in another state that
- 23 <u>has a reciprocal credentialing agreement with the State of Nebraska for</u>
- 24 <u>such credential as determined by the board, (II) a military occupational</u>
- 25 specialty in the United States Military as defined in section 5 of this
- 26 <u>act, or (III) a license with a prerequisite of apprentice registration</u>
- 27 <u>and successful completion of an apprenticeship training program</u>
- 28 registered by the United States Department of Labor; and
- 29 (B) Such credential, military occupational specialty, or license is
- 30 <u>for an occupation with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the</u>
- 31 board;

1 (ii) The applicant has held the credential, military occupational

- 2 specialty, or license for at least one year;
- 3 (iii) To obtain such credential, military occupational specialty, or
- 4 license, the applicant was required to pass an examination or meet
- 5 education, training, or experience standards;
- 6 (iv) The applicant does not have a disqualifying criminal record as
- 7 determined by the State Electrical Board;
- 8 <u>(v) No board in any state or in the United States Military nor any</u>
- 9 apprenticeship training program has revoked the applicant's credential,
- 10 <u>military occupational specialty, or license because of negligence or</u>
- 11 <u>intentional misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation;</u>
- 12 <u>(vi) The applicant did not surrender a credential, military</u>
- 13 <u>occupational specialty, or license because of negligence or intentional</u>
- 14 misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation in any
- 15 state, in the United States Military, or in an apprenticeship training
- 16 program;
- 17 <u>(vii) The applicant does not have a complaint, allegation, or</u>
- 18 investigation pending before a board in any state or in the United States
- 19 Military or an apprenticeship training program that relates to
- 20 <u>unprofessional conduct or an alleged crime. If such a complaint,</u>
- 21 allegation, or investigation is pending, the State Electrical Board shall
- 22 not issue or deny a license to the applicant until the complaint,
- 23 allegation, or investigation is resolved or the applicant otherwise meets
- 24 the criteria for a license to the satisfaction of the board; and
- 25 (viii) The applicant has paid all applicable fees required for
- 26 issuance of the license in this state.
- 27 (b) Prior to issuance of a license under this subsection, the board
- 28 may require an applicant to pass a jurisprudential examination specific
- 29 to relevant state statutes and administrative rules and regulations that
- 30 <u>regulate the occupation if a license in this state requires a person to</u>
- 31 pass such an examination.

1 (c)(i) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (ii) of this

- 2 subdivision, the board shall approve or deny a license under this
- 3 subsection in writing within sixty days after receiving a complete
- 4 application under this subsection or within five business days after the
- 5 next meeting of the board that is held after receiving a complete
- 6 application under this subsection, whichever is sooner.
- 7 <u>(ii) The board may delay the approval or denial of a license under</u>
- 8 this subsection past the deadline prescribed in subdivision (i) of this
- 9 subdivision if the approval or denial is delayed because of the
- 10 <u>requirement to complete a criminal background check or a disciplinary</u>
- 11 <u>history review, but the board shall approve or deny such license in</u>
- 12 <u>writing within five business days after receiving the results of the</u>
- 13 <u>background check and the disciplinary history review or within five</u>
- 14 business days after the next meeting of the board after receiving such
- 15 results, whichever is sooner. The board shall document in writing each
- 16 <u>case in which approval or denial of an application is not provided within</u>
- 17 sixty days after receipt of the complete application.
- 18 (d) The board shall recognize and provide credit toward requirements
- 19 for a license for completion of any portion of an apprenticeship training
- 20 program registered by the United States Department of Labor for a license
- 21 <u>that has a prerequisite of apprentice registration.</u>
- 22 (e) An applicant may appeal the denial of a license under this
- 23 <u>subsection</u>. The appeal shall be in accordance with the Administrative
- 24 <u>Procedure Act.</u>
- 25 (f) A license issued pursuant to this subsection is valid only in
- 26 this state and does not make the individual eligible to work in another
- 27 <u>state or in the United States Military under an interstate compact or</u>
- 28 <u>reciprocity agreement unless otherwise provided by law.</u>
- 29 Sec. 3. Section 84-933, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 30 2022, is amended to read:
- 31 84-933 Sections 84-933 to 84-948 and sections 5 to 9 of this act

1 shall be known and may be cited as the Occupational Board Reform Act.

- Sec. 4. Section 84-934, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 3 2022, is amended to read:
- 4 84-934 For purposes of the Occupational Board Reform Act, the
- 5 definitions in sections 84-935 to 84-944 and section 5 of this act apply.
- 6 Sec. 5. United States Military means any active duty or reserve
- 7 duty component of the armed forces of the United States, any state of the
- 8 <u>United States</u>, or any territory of the United States.
- 9 Sec. 6. To the extent that an occupational board or lawful
- 10 occupation is also governed by federal law, federal law shall take
- 11 <u>precedence over the Occupational Board Reform Act. The act shall not be</u>
- 12 <u>construed to preempt federal law governing lawful occupations in this</u>
- 13 state.
- 14 Sec. 7. Section 84-947 and sections 8 and 9 of this act do not
- 15 apply to an occupation regulated by the Supreme Court, the Department of
- 16 Banking and Finance, the Board of Engineers and Architects, the State
- 17 Electrical Board, the State Real Estate Commission, or the Nebraska
- 18 Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice or a credential issued
- 19 for a certified public accountant pursuant to the Public Accountancy Act,
- 20 a viatical settlement broker pursuant to the Viatical Settlements Act, an
- 21 insurance consultant pursuant to sections 44-2606 to 44-2635, an
- 22 insurance producer pursuant to the Insurance Producers Licensing Act, a
- 23 managing general agent pursuant to the Managing General Agents Act, a
- 24 utilization review agent pursuant to the Utilization Review Act, a
- 25 surplus lines producer pursuant to the Surplus Lines Insurance Act, a
- 26 reinsurance intermediary-broker or reinsurance intermediary-manager
- 27 <u>pursuant to the Reinsurance Intermediary Act, or a public adjuster</u>
- 28 pursuant to the Public Adjusters Licensing Act.
- 29 Sec. 8. (1) An individual who has a criminal conviction may submit
- 30 to the appropriate occupational board an application for an occupational
- 31 <u>license</u>, government certification, or state recognition of the

1 individual's personal qualifications and may include with the application

- 2 <u>additional information about the individual's current circumstances</u>,
- 3 mitigating factors, and other evidence of rehabilitation, including:
- 4 (a) The age of the individual when the individual committed the
- 5 offense;
- 6 (b) The time elapsed since the offense;
- 7 (c) The circumstances and nature of the offense;
- 8 (d) The completion of the criminal sentence;
- 9 (e) The completion of, or active participation in, rehabilitative
- 10 drug or alcohol treatment;
- 11 (f) Testimonials and recommendations, which may include a progress
- 12 <u>report from the individual's probation or parole officer;</u>
- 13 (g) Other evidence of rehabilitation;
- 14 (h) Education and training;
- 15 (i) Employment history;
- 16 (j) Employment aspirations;
- 17 (k) Family responsibilities at the time of application;
- 18 <u>(1) Whether the individual is required to be bonded in the</u>
- 19 <u>occupation; and</u>
- 20 <u>(m) Other information the individual submits to the appropriate</u>
- 21 <u>occupational board.</u>
- 22 (2) Upon receipt of the application pursuant to subsection (1) of
- 23 this section and any applicable fees, the appropriate occupational board
- 24 shall make a determination of whether the individual's criminal
- 25 conviction disqualifies the individual from obtaining such occupational
- 26 <u>license, government certification, or state recognition of the</u>
- 27 individual's personal qualifications from that occupational board. In
- 28 making such determination, an individual's criminal history disqualifies
- 29 the individual from obtaining an occupational license, government
- 30 certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal
- 31 qualifications only if:

1 (a) The individual's conviction directly and specifically relates to

- 2 the duties and responsibilities of the occupation;
- 3 (b) The individual obtaining such license, certification, or state
- 4 recognition would pose a direct and substantial risk to public safety
- 5 <u>because the individual has not been rehabilitated, as evidenced by</u>
- 6 information described in subsection (1) of this section, to safely
- 7 perform the duties and responsibilities of the occupation; and
- 8 (c) Beginning January 1, 2025, the individual has a felony
- 9 conviction expressly listed as a disqualifying offense in the statutes
- 10 governing the occupation.
- 11 (3) An individual shall not be required to disclose nor shall
- 12 consideration be given in a determination under this section to the
- 13 <u>following:</u>
- 14 (a) A deferred adjudication, participation in a diversion program,
- or an arrest not followed by a conviction;
- 16 (b) A conviction of an offense for which no sentence of
- incarceration is statutorily authorized;
- 18 (c) A conviction that has been sealed, annulled, dismissed,
- 19 <u>expunged</u>, or pardoned;
- 20 <u>(d) A juvenile adjudication;</u>
- 21 <u>(e) A nonviolent misdemeanor;</u>
- 22 (f) A conviction older than three years for which the individual was
- 23 <u>not incarcerated; or</u>
- 24 (q) A conviction for which the individual's incarceration ended more
- 25 than three years before the date of the application except for a
- 26 <u>conviction of a felony related to:</u>
- 27 <u>(i) Murder as provided in sections 28-303, 28-304, and 28-306;</u>
- 28 <u>(ii) Manslaughter as provided in section 28-305;</u>
- 29 (iii) Assault in the first or second degree as provided in sections
- 30 <u>28-308 and 28-309;</u>
- 31 (iv) Kidnapping as provided in section 28-313;

1 (v) A sexual act subject to criminal penalties as provided in

- 2 <u>sections 28-317 to 28-322.05;</u>
- 3 <u>(vi) Robbery as provided in section 28-324;</u>
- 4 (vii) Arson as provided in sections 28-502, 28-503, and 28-504;
- 5 (viii) Fraud subject to criminal penalties as provided in sections
- 6 <u>28-505</u>, <u>28-631</u>, <u>28-638</u>, <u>28-639</u>, <u>28-640</u>, and <u>28-935</u>;
- 7 (ix) Theft as provided in section 28-511; or
- 8 (x) Child abuse as provided in section 28-707.
- 9 (4) The individual may appeal the determination of the occupational
- 10 board. The appeal shall be in accordance with the Administrative
- 11 <u>Procedure Act.</u>
- Sec. 9. (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section and except as
- 13 otherwise provided in section 7 of this act or an occupational licensing
- 14 <u>compact:</u>
- 15 <u>(a) An occupational board shall issue an occupational license or</u>
- 16 government certification to an individual upon application if:
- 17 (i) The applicant holds a credential in another state or a military
- 18 occupational specialty in the United States Military for an occupation
- 19 with a similar scope of practice, as determined by the occupational
- 20 board;
- 21 (ii) The applicant has held the credential or military occupational
- 22 specialty for at least one year;
- 23 <u>(iii) To obtain such credential or specialty, the applicant was</u>
- 24 required to pass an examination or meet education, training, or
- 25 experience standards;
- 26 <u>(iv) The applicant does not have a disqualifying criminal record as</u>
- 27 determined by the occupational board;
- 28 (v) No board in any state or in the United States Military has
- 29 revoked the applicant's credential or military occupational specialty
- 30 because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the
- 31 applicant's work in the occupation;

1 (vi) The applicant did not surrender a credential or military

- 2 <u>occupational specialty because of negligence or intentional misconduct</u>
- 3 related to the applicant's work in the occupation in any state or in the
- 4 United States Military;
- 5 (vii) The applicant does not have a complaint, allegation, or
- 6 investigation pending before a board in any state or in the United States
- 7 Military that relates to unprofessional conduct or an alleged crime. If
- 8 such a complaint, allegation, or investigation is pending, the
- 9 occupational board shall not issue or deny an occupational license or
- 10 government certification to the applicant until the complaint,
- 11 <u>allegation</u>, or investigation is resolved or the applicant otherwise meets
- 12 <u>the criteria for an occupational license or government certification to</u>
- 13 <u>the satisfaction of the occupational board; and</u>
- 14 (viii) The applicant has paid all applicable fees required for
- 15 <u>issuance of the occupational license or government certification in this</u>
- 16 state;
- 17 <u>(b) If an applicant has work experience for an occupation in a state</u>
- 18 or in the United States Military that does not use a credential similar
- 19 to an occupational license, a government certification, or a military
- 20 <u>occupational specialty to regulate an occupation with a similar scope of</u>
- 21 practice to an occupation for which this state requires an occupational
- 22 license or government certification to regulate such occupation, as
- 23 determined by the occupational board, the occupational board shall issue
- 24 an occupational license or government certification to an individual upon
- 25 application based on work experience in another state or in the United
- 26 States Military if:
- (i) The applicant worked for at least three years in the occupation;
- 28 (ii) No board in any state or in the United States Military has
- 29 <u>revoked the applicant's credential or military occupational specialty</u>
- 30 because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the
- 31 applicant's work in the occupation;

1 (iii) The applicant did not surrender a credential or military

- 2 <u>occupational specialty because of negligence or intentional misconduct</u>
- 3 related to the applicant's work in the occupation in any state or in the
- 4 United States Military;
- 5 (iv) The applicant does not have a complaint, allegation, or
- 6 <u>investigation pending before a board in any state or in the United States</u>
- 7 Military that relates to unprofessional conduct or an alleged crime. If
- 8 such a complaint, allegation, or investigation is pending, the
- 9 occupational board shall not issue or deny an occupational license or
- 10 government certification to the applicant until the complaint,
- 11 <u>allegation</u>, or investigation is resolved or the applicant otherwise meets
- 12 <u>the criteria for an occupational license or government certification to</u>
- 13 <u>the satisfaction of the occupational board; and</u>
- 14 <u>(v) The applicant has paid all applicable fees required for issuance</u>
- of the occupational license or government certification in this state;
- 16 and
- 17 <u>(c) If an applicant holds a private certification and has work</u>
- 18 <u>experience for an occupation in a state or in the United States</u> Military
- 19 that does not use an occupational license, a government certification, or
- 20 a military occupational specialty to regulate an occupation with a
- 21 similar scope of practice to an occupation for which this state requires
- 22 an occupational license or government certification to regulate such
- 23 occupation, as determined by the occupational board, the occupational
- 24 board shall issue an occupational license or government certification to
- 25 an individual upon application based on such certification and work
- 26 experience in another state or in the United States Military if:
- 27 (i) The applicant worked for at least two years in the occupation;
- 28 (ii) The applicant holds a private certification in the occupation;
- 29 <u>(iii) The provider of such certification holds the applicant in good</u>
- 30 <u>standing;</u>
- 31 (iv) No board in any state or in the United States Military nor any

1 other entity has revoked the applicant's credential, military

- 2 <u>occupational specialty, or private certification because of negligence or</u>
- 3 intentional misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation;
- 4 (v) The applicant did not surrender a credential, military
- 5 occupational specialty, or private certification because of negligence or
- 6 intentional misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation
- 7 in any state or in the United States Military;
- 8 <u>(vi) The applicant does not have a complaint, allegation, or</u>
- 9 <u>investigation pending before a board in any state or in the United States</u>
- 10 Military or another entity that relates to unprofessional conduct or an
- 11 <u>alleged crime</u>. If such a complaint, allegation, or investigation is
- 12 <u>pending, the occupational board shall not issue or deny an occupational</u>
- 13 <u>license or government certification to the applicant until the complaint,</u>
- 14 allegation, or investigation is resolved or the applicant otherwise meets
- 15 the criteria for an occupational license or government certification to
- 16 the satisfaction of the occupational board; and
- 17 (vii) The applicant has paid all applicable fees required for
- 18 <u>issuance of the occupational license or government certification in this</u>
- 19 state.
- 20 (2) Prior to issuance of an occupational license or government
- 21 certification under subsection (1) of this section, an occupational board
- 22 may require an applicant to pass a jurisprudential examination specific
- 23 to relevant state statutes and administrative rules and regulations that
- 24 regulate the occupation if an occupational license or government
- 25 certification in this state requires a person to pass such an
- 26 examination.
- 27 (3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b) of this
- 28 subsection, an occupational board shall approve or deny an occupational
- 29 license or government certification in writing within sixty days after
- 30 receiving a complete application under subsection (1) of this section or
- 31 within five business days after the next meeting of the occupational

1 board that is held after receiving a complete application under

- 2 <u>subsection (1) of this section, whichever is sooner.</u>
- 3 (b) An occupational board may delay the approval or denial of an
- 4 occupational license or government certification past the deadline
- 5 prescribed in subdivision (a) of this subsection if the approval or
- 6 denial is delayed because of the requirement to complete a criminal
- 7 background check or a disciplinary history review, but such board shall
- 8 approve or deny an occupational license or government certification in
- 9 writing within five business days after receiving the results of the
- 10 background check and the disciplinary history review or within five
- 11 business days after the next meeting of the occupational board after
- 12 <u>receiving such results, whichever is sooner. Each occupational board</u>
- 13 <u>shall document in writing each case in which approval or denial of an</u>
- 14 application is not provided within sixty days after receipt of the
- 15 <u>complete application</u>.
- 16 (4) An applicant may appeal the denial of an occupational license or
- 17 government certification under this section. The appeal shall be in
- 18 accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.
- 19 (5)(a) An occupational license or government certification issued
- 20 pursuant to this section is valid only in this state and does not make
- 21 the individual eligible to work in another state or in the United States
- 22 Military under an interstate compact or reciprocity agreement unless
- 23 otherwise provided by law.
- 24 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent this state
- 25 from entering into a licensing compact or reciprocity agreement with
- 26 <u>another state, foreign province, or foreign country.</u>
- 27 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent this state
- 28 from recognizing an occupational credential issued by a private
- 29 certification organization, foreign province, foreign country,
- 30 <u>international organization</u>, or other entity.
- 31 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a private

1 certification organization to grant or deny private certification to any

- 2 <u>individual</u>.
- 3 <u>(e) This section provides a method of obtaining an occupational</u>
- 4 <u>license or government certification in addition to and not in conflict</u>
- 5 <u>with other methods under other provisions of law.</u>
- 6 (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require an
- 7 occupational board to issue an occupational credential in a manner that
- 8 violates federal law.
- 9 Sec. 10. Section 84-940, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 10 2022, is amended to read:
- 11 84-940 (1) Occupational regulation means a statute, rule,
- 12 regulation, practice, policy, or other state law requiring an individual
- 13 to possess certain personal qualifications or to comply with registration
- 14 requirements to use an occupational title or work in a lawful occupation.
- 15 (2) Occupational regulation includes any government certification,
- 16 registration, and occupational license except as otherwise provided in
- 17 the Occupational Board Reform Act.
- 18 (3) Occupational regulation does not include (a) business licensure,
- 19 facility licensure, building permit requirements, or zoning and land-use
- 20 regulation except to the extent that the same state laws that require a
- 21 business license, a facility license, a building permit, or zoning and
- 22 land-use regulation also regulate an individual's personal qualifications
- 23 to perform a lawful occupation, or (b) an occupational license
- 24 administered by the Supreme Court, or (c) an occupational credential
- 25 regulated by the Nebraska Commission on Law Enforcement and Criminal
- 26 Justice.
- 27 Sec. 11. Section 84-947, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 28 2022, is amended to read:
- 29 84-947 (1) The fundamental right of an individual to pursue an
- 30 occupation includes the right of an individual with a criminal history to
- 31 obtain an occupational license, government certification, or state

1 recognition of the individual's personal qualifications.

- 2 (2)(a) An individual who has a criminal conviction may submit to the
- 3 appropriate occupational board a preliminary application for an
- 4 occupational license, government certification, or state recognition of
- 5 the individual's personal qualifications for a determination as to
- 6 whether the individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the
- 7 individual from obtaining the occupational license, government
- 8 certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal
- 9 qualifications from that occupational board. The preliminary application
- 10 may be submitted at any time, including prior to obtaining required
- 11 education or paying any fee, other than the fee for the preliminary
- 12 application under subsection (9) (7) of this section.
- 13 (b) The individual may include with the preliminary application
- 14 additional information about the individual's current circumstances,
- 15 mitigating factors, and other evidence of rehabilitation, including:
- 16 including the time since the offense, completion of the criminal
- 17 sentence, other evidence of rehabilitation, testimonials, employment
- 18 history, and employment aspirations.
- 19 <u>(i) The age of the individual when the individual committed the</u>
- 20 offense;
- 21 (ii) The time elapsed since the offense;
- 22 (iii) The circumstances and nature of the offense;
- 23 (iv) The completion of the criminal sentence;
- 24 (v) The completion of, or active participation in, rehabilitative
- 25 drug or alcohol treatment;
- 26 <u>(vi) Testimonials and recommendations, which may include a progress</u>
- 27 report from the individual's probation or parole officer;
- 28 (vii) Other evidence of rehabilitation;
- 29 <u>(viii) Education and training;</u>
- 30 <u>(ix) Employment history;</u>
- 31 (x) Employment aspirations;

- 1 (xi) Family responsibilities at the time of the application;
- 2 (xii) Whether the individual is required to be bonded in the
- 3 occupation; and
- 4 (xiii) Other information the individual submits to the board.
- 5 (3) Upon receipt of a preliminary application under subsection (2)
- 6 of this section and a fee if required under subsection (9) <del>(7)</del> of this
- 7 section, the appropriate occupational board shall make a determination of
- 8 whether the individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the
- 9 individual from obtaining an occupational license, government
- 10 certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal
- 11 qualifications from that occupational board<u>in accordance with subsection</u>
- 12 (4) of this section. In making such determination, an individual's
- 13 <u>criminal history disqualifies the individual from obtaining an</u>
- 14 <u>occupational license</u>, government certification, or state recognition of
- 15 the individual's personal qualifications only if: -
- 16 <u>(a) The individual's conviction directly and specifically relates to</u>
- 17 the duties and responsibilities of the occupation;
- 18 <u>(b) The individual obtaining such license, certification, or state</u>
- 19 <u>recognition would pose a direct and substantial risk to public safety</u>
- 20 because the individual has not been rehabilitated, as evidenced by
- 21 information described in subdivision (2)(b) of this section, to safely
- 22 perform the duties and responsibilities of the occupation; and
- 23 (c) Beginning January 1, 2025, the individual has a felony
- 24 conviction expressly listed as a disqualifying offense in the statutes
- 25 governing the occupation.
- 26 (4) In determining whether an individual's criminal history is
- 27 disqualifying under subsection (3) of this section, the occupational
- 28 board shall only make an adverse determination after:
- 29 <u>(a) The executive director or employee designee of the occupational</u>
- 30 board issues a preliminary adverse determination after completing the
- 31 following actions:

LB16 2023

1 (i) Providing an opportunity for an informal meeting with the

- 2 <u>individual</u>, which shall be held in-person, by remote video, or by
- 3 <u>teleconference within sixty days after receiving an application for</u>
- 4 consideration. The individual shall be allowed to include character
- 5 witnesses at such informal meeting. The executive director or employee
- 6 designee shall not make an adverse determination based on an individual's
- 7 decision not to attend an informal meeting or not to include character
- 8 witnesses; and
- 9 (ii) Issuing and submitting a written preliminary determination to
- 10 the appropriate occupational board for consideration and ratification
- 11 <u>within sixty days after receiving the preliminary application for</u>
- 12 <u>consideration or after the informal meeting, whichever is later. A</u>
- 13 preliminary adverse decision shall not become final without consideration
- 14 and ratification by the appropriate occupational board; and
- 15 (b) The occupational board ratifies the preliminary adverse
- 16 <u>determination and issues a final adverse determination in writing within</u>
- 17 <u>ninety days after the issuance of the preliminary adverse determination.</u>
- 18 <u>(5)</u> (4) The <u>determination of the occupational board shall issue its</u>
- 19 determination in writing within ninety days after receiving a preliminary
- 20 application under subsection (2) of this section. The determination shall
- 21 include findings of fact and conclusions of law, including clear and
- 22 convincing evidence for any adverse determination made by the
- 23 occupational board. If the occupational board determines that the
- 24 individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the individual, the
- 25 occupational board may advise the individual of any action the individual
- 26 may take to remedy the disqualification. If the occupational board finds
- 27 that the individual has been convicted of a subsequent criminal
- 28 conviction, the occupational board may rescind a determination upon
- 29 finding that the subsequent criminal conviction would be disqualifying
- 30 under subsection (3) of this section.
- 31 (6) An individual shall not be required to disclose nor shall

1 consideration be given in a determination under this section to the

- 2 <u>following:</u>
- 3 (a) A deferred adjudication, participation in a diversion program,
- 4 or an arrest not followed by a conviction;
- 5 (b) A conviction of an offense for which no sentence of
- 6 incarceration is statutorily authorized;
- 7 (c) A conviction that has been sealed, annulled, dismissed,
- 8 expunged, or pardoned;
- 9 <u>(d) A juvenile adjudication;</u>
- 10 (e) A nonviolent misdemeanor;
- 11 (f) A conviction older than three years for which the individual was
- 12 <u>not incarcerated; or</u>
- 13 (g) A conviction for which the individual's incarceration ended more
- 14 than three years before the date of the application except for a
- 15 conviction of a felony related to:
- 16 (i) Murder as provided in sections 28-303, 28-304, and 28-306;
- 17 (ii) Manslaughter as provided in section 28-305;
- 18 (iii) Assault in the first or second degree as provided in sections
- 19 28-308 and 28-309;
- 20 (iv) Kidnapping as provided in section 28-313;
- 21 (v) A sexual act subject to criminal penalties as provided in
- 22 sections 28-317 to 28-322.05;
- 23 (vi) Robbery as provided in section 28-324;
- 24 (vii) Arson as provided in sections 28-502, 28-503, and 28-504;
- 25 (viii) Fraud subject to criminal penalties as provided in sections
- 26 28-505, 28-631, 28-638, 28-639, 28-640, and 28-935;
- 27 <u>(ix) Theft as provided in section 28-511; or</u>
- 28 (x) Child abuse as provided in section 28-707.
- 29 (7) (5) The individual may appeal the determination of the
- 30 occupational board. The appeal shall be in accordance with the
- 31 Administrative Procedure Act.

- 1 (8) (6) An individual shall not file another preliminary application under this section with the same occupational board within two years 2 3 after the final decision on the previous preliminary application, except that if the individual has taken action to remedy the disgualification as 4 advised by the occupational board, the individual may file another 5 preliminary application under this section with the same occupational 6 7 board at any time after six months following after the final decision on 8 the previous preliminary application.
- 9 (9) (7) An occupational board may charge a fee not to exceed one hundred dollars for each preliminary application filed pursuant to this 10 section. The fee is intended to offset the administrative costs incurred 11 under this section. If an individual's income at the time of the 12 preliminary application is at or below three hundred percent of the 13 federal poverty level, such individual may submit with the preliminary 14 application a request for a waiver of the fee along with supporting 15 16 documentation to show such individual's income. If the occupational board determines that the individual's income is at or below three hundred 17 percent of the federal poverty level, the occupational board shall waive 18 19 the fee.
- Sec. 12. Original sections 81-2103 and 81-2120, Reissue Revised
  Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 84-933, 84-934, 84-940, and 84-947,
  Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022, are repealed.