LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED FOURTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 176

FINAL READING

Introduced by Schilz, 47.

Read first time January 12, 2015

Committee: Agriculture

- A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Competitive Livestock Markets Act; to 1 amend sections 54-2601, 54-2602, 54-2604, and 54-2627.01, Reissue 2 Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to define terms; to change provisions 3 4 relating to prohibited acts; to change provisions relating to 5 contract swine operations; to change and eliminate provisions relating to legislative findings; to harmonize provisions; to repeal 6 the original sections; and to outright repeal section 54-2603, 7 8 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.
- 9 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 54-2601, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is

- 2 amended to read:
- 3 54-2601 Sections 54-2601 to 54-2631 <u>and section 4 of this act</u> shall
- 4 be known and may be cited as the Competitive Livestock Markets Act.
- 5 Sec. 2. Section 54-2602, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 6 amended to read:
- 7 54-2602 For purposes of the Competitive Livestock Markets Act:
- 8 (1) Animal unit means one head of cattle, three calves under four
- 9 hundred fifty pounds, or five swine;
- 10 (2) Contract swine operation means a livestock operation in which
- 11 <u>swine owned or controlled by a packer are produced according to a written</u>
- 12 <u>agreement that does not contain a confidentiality clause and that is</u>
- 13 agreed to by the packer and a person other than the packer who owns,
- 14 leases, or holds a legal interest in the livestock operation;
- 15 (3 2) Department means the Department of Agriculture;
- 16 $(4\ 3)$ Director means the Director of Agriculture or his or her
- 17 designee;
- 18 $(\underline{5} 4)$ Livestock means live cattle or swine;
- 19 (6) Livestock operation means a location, including buildings, land,
- 20 lots, yard corrals, and improvements, adapted to and utilized for the
- 21 purpose of feeding, keeping, or otherwise providing for the care and
- 22 maintenance of livestock;
- 23 (75) Packer means a person, or agent of such person, engaged in the
- 24 business of slaughtering livestock in Nebraska in excess of one hundred
- 25 fifty thousand animal units per year; and
- 26 (8 \odot) Person includes individuals, firms, associations, limited
- 27 liability companies, and corporations and officers or limited liability
- 28 company members thereof.
- 29 Sec. 3. Section 54-2604, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 30 amended to read:
- 31 54-2604 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a

- 1 packer shall not:
- 2 (a) Directly or indirectly own, control, or operate a livestock
- 3 operation in this state; or
- 4 (b) Directly or indirectly be engaged in the ownership, keeping, or
- 5 <u>feeding of livestock</u>, other than temporary ownership, keeping, and
- 6 feeding not to exceed fourteen days which is necessary and incidental to,
- 7 <u>and immediately prior to, the process of slaughter.</u>
- 8 (2) Subdivision (1)(b) of this section does not apply to the
- 9 ownership, keeping, or feeding of swine by a packer at one or more
- 10 contract swine operations in this state if the packer does not own, keep,
- 11 or feed swine in this state except for the purpose of the slaughtering of
- 12 <u>swine or the manufacturing or preparation of carcasses of swine or goods</u>
- 13 <u>originating from the carcasses in one or more processing facilities owned</u>
- 14 or controlled by the packer. Any agreement that establishes such a
- contract swine operation shall be subject to section 4 of this act.
- 16 (3) For purposes of this section, indirectly own, control, or
- 17 operate a livestock operation and indirectly be engaged in the ownership,
- 18 keeping, or feeding of livestock includes:
- 19 (a) Receiving the net revenue or a share of the net revenue derived
- 20 from a livestock operation or from a person who contracts for the care
- 21 and feeding of livestock in this state, unless the packer is not involved
- 22 in the management of the livestock operation;
- 23 (b) Assuming a morbidity or mortality production risk if the
- 24 <u>livestock</u> are fed or otherwise maintained as part of a livestock
- 25 operation in this state, unless the packer is not involved in the
- 26 management of the livestock operation; and
- 27 (c) Loaning money for or quaranteeing, acting as a surety for, or
- 28 <u>otherwise financing a livestock operation in this state or a person who</u>
- 29 contracts for the care and feeding of livestock in this state. For
- 30 purposes of this subdivision, loaning money for or guaranteeing, acting
- 31 as a surety for, or otherwise financing a livestock operation does not

- 1 include executing a contract for the purchase of livestock by a packer,
- 2 including, but not limited to, forward contracts, marketing agreements,
- 3 <u>long-term arrangements</u>, formula arrangements, other noncash sales
- 4 arrangements, contracts that contain a ledger balance unsecured by
- 5 <u>collateral of the debtor or other price-risk-sharing arrangements, or</u>
- 6 providing an open account or loan unsecured by collateral of the debtor
- 7 or a ledger balance or loan secured by collateral of the debtor so long
- 8 as the amount due from the debtor does not exceed one million dollars.
- 9 After May 27, 1999, it is unlawful for a packer to directly or
- 10 indirectly be engaged in the ownership, keeping, or feeding of livestock
- 11 for the production of livestock or livestock products, other than
- 12 temporary ownership, keeping, and feeding, not to exceed five days,
- 13 necessary and incidental to the process of slaughter.
- 14 Sec. 4. (1) For purposes of this section:
- 15 (a) Swine production contract means the agreement between a packer
- 16 and a swine production contract grower which establishes a contract swine
- 17 operation; and
- 18 <u>(b) Swine production contract grower means the person who enters</u>
- 19 <u>into a swine production contract with a packer to establish a contract</u>
- 20 <u>swine operation.</u>
- 21 (2) A swine production contract grower may cancel a swine production
- 22 contract by mailing a cancellation notice to the packer not later than
- 23 <u>the later of:</u>
- 24 (a) Three business days after the date on which the swine production
- 25 contract is executed; or
- 26 (b) Any cancellation date specified in the swine production
- 27 <u>contract.</u>
- 28 (3) A swine production contract shall clearly disclose:
- 29 <u>(a) The right of the swine production contract grower to cancel the</u>
- 30 <u>swine production contract;</u>
- 31 (b) The method by which the swine production contract grower may

- 1 cancel the swine production contract; and
- 2 (c) The deadline for canceling the swine production contract.
- 3 (4) A swine production contract shall contain on the first page a
- 4 statement identified as the Additional Capital Investments Disclosure
- 5 Statement, which shall conspicuously state that additional large capital
- 6 <u>investments</u> may be required of the swine production contract grower
- 7 during the term of the swine production contract. This subsection shall
- 8 apply to any swine production contract entered into, amended, altered,
- 9 modified, renewed, or extended after the effective date of this act.
- 10 (5) The forum for resolving any dispute among the parties to a swine
- 11 production contract shall be a court of competent jurisdiction within the
- 12 <u>state in which the principal part of the performance takes place under</u>
- 13 <u>the swine production contract.</u>
- 14 (6) Any swine production contract that contains a provision
- 15 requiring the use of arbitration to resolve any controversy that may
- 16 arise under the contract shall contain a provision that allows a swine
- 17 production contract grower, prior to entering the contract, to decline to
- 18 be bound by the arbitration provision.
- 19 (7) Any swine production contract grower that declines a requirement
- 20 <u>of arbitration pursuant to subsection (6) of this section has the right</u>
- 21 to seek to resolve any controversy that may arise under the swine
- 22 production contract using arbitration if, after the controversy arises,
- 23 both parties consent in writing to use arbitration to settle the
- 24 <u>controversy.</u>
- 25 (8) Subsections (6) and (7) of this section shall apply to any swine
- 26 production contract entered into, amended, altered, modified, renewed, or
- 27 <u>extended after the effective date of this act.</u>
- 28 (9) A swine production contract shall not contain any obligations of
- 29 <u>confidentiality</u>, or any other provisions, that limit a swine production
- 30 contract grower from sharing and reviewing the swine production contract
- 31 with anyone, including, but not limited to, his or her business partners,

- 1 employees, or agents, his or her financial and legal advisors, and his or
- 2 <u>her spouse and family members.</u>
- 3 <u>(10) Whenever the Attorney General has reason to believe that a</u>
- 4 packer is violating this section, he or she shall commence an action in
- 5 district court to enjoin the violation. The court, upon determination
- 6 that such packer is in violation of this section, shall assess the packer
- 7 a fine of not less than one thousand dollars for each day of violation.
- 8 (11) The Department of Agriculture may adopt and promulgate such
- 9 rules and regulations regarding swine production contracts as are needed
- 10 <u>to further protect swine production contract growers from unfair business</u>
- 11 practices and coercion.
- Sec. 5. Section 54-2627.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 13 amended to read:
- 14 54-2627.01 (1) Sections 54-2607 to 54-2627 are preempted by the
- 15 federal Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999, 7 U.S.C. 1635 to
- 16 1636h, when such federal act is in effect.
- 17 (2) The Legislature finds that the mandatory reporting of price and
- 18 other terms in negotiated or contract procurement of livestock that has
- 19 been in place under the federal Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999
- 20 <u>is an important reform of livestock markets that contributes to greater</u>
- 21 market transparency, enhances the ability of livestock sellers to more
- 22 competently and confidently market livestock, and lessens the existence
- 23 <u>of conditions under which market price manipulation and unfair preference</u>
- 24 or advantage in packer procurement practices can occur. It is a purpose
- 25 of the Competitive Livestock Markets Act to provide for the continuation
- 26 of mandatory price reporting for the benefit of Nebraska producers and
- 27 protection of the integrity of livestock markets in Nebraska in the event
- 28 of termination of the federal Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999
- 29 <u>and its preemption of similar state price reporting laws as well as to</u>
- 30 provide for an orderly implementation of the state price reporting system
- 31 authorized by the Competitive Livestock Markets Act, should Congress fail

- 1 to reauthorize the federal Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999.
- 2 $(\underline{3} \ 2)(a)$ If Congress does not reauthorize the federal Livestock
- 3 Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999 before December 1, 2006, the director
- 4 shall, on December 1, 2006, or as soon before or after as practicable,
- 5 prepare a budget and an appropriation request from the General Fund, from
- 6 the Competitive Livestock Markets Cash Fund, or from other cash funds
- 7 under the control of the director, for submission to the Legislature in
- 8 an amount sufficient to enable the department to carry out its duties
- 9 under sections 54-2607 to 54-2627, and such sections shall become
- 10 applicable on October 1, 2007.
- 11 (b) If, on or after December 1, 2006, Congress does not reauthorize
- 12 the federal Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999, the director shall
- 13 prepare such budget and appropriation request on or before a date that is
- 14 twelve calendar months after the date such federal act expires or is
- 15 terminated, and sections 54-2607 to 54-2627 shall become applicable on
- 16 the first day of the calendar quarter that is eighteen months after the
- 17 date such sections are not preempted by the federal act. No General Funds
- 18 shall be appropriated for implementation of sections 54-2607 to 54-2627
- 19 after the date of commencement provided for in this section of reporting
- 20 of price and other data regarding livestock transactions pursuant to
- 21 sections 54-2613 and 54-2623. It is the intent of the Legislature that
- 22 any General Funds appropriated for purposes of this section shall be
- 23 reimbursed to the General Fund.
- 24 Sec. 6. Original sections 54-2601, 54-2602, 54-2604, and
- 25 54-2627.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.
- Sec. 7. The following section is outright repealed: Section
- 27 54-2603, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.