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### HOUSE BILL 175

### 54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019

### INTRODUCED BY

Tomás E. Salazar

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AN ACT

RELATING TO SPECIAL DISTRICTS; ENACTING THE REGIONAL WATER UTILITY AUTHORITY ACT; PROVIDING FOR THE CREATION OF REGIONAL WATER UTILITY AUTHORITIES; PROVIDING POWERS AND DUTIES; PROVIDING BONDING AUTHORITY; ALLOWING REGULATION OF WATER USE AND DOMESTIC WELLS; AMENDING A SECTION OF THE NMSA 1978 PERTAINING TO DOMESTIC WELL PERMITS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1 through 27 of this act may be cited as the "Regional Water Utility Authority Act".

SECTION 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Regional Water Utility Authority Act:

- "address" means a mailing address:
  - and street address, if within a (1)

municipality; or

- (2) and a rural route number and box number, if any, or the geographical location, using well-known landmarks, if outside a municipality;
- B. "authority" means a regional water utility authority that is established pursuant to the Regional Water Utility Authority Act and is incorporated pursuant to the laws of New Mexico;
- C. "board" means the board of directors of an authority;
  - D. "director" means a member of the board;
- E. "eligible elector" means a registered voter who is a customer of the authority and a property owner within the authority's service area;
- F. "entity" means a municipality, inter-municipal agency, county, incorporated county, mutual domestic water consumers association as defined by the Sanitary Projects Act, sanitation district, water and sanitation district or any similar district, recognized Indian nation, tribe or pueblo or other agency created pursuant to a joint powers agreement acting on behalf of one of the foregoing;
- G. "incorporating entity" means an entity that is one of the original incorporators of an authority;
- H. "joining entity" means an entity that is part of an authority, whether an incorporating entity or an entity that .211616.3

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joins the authority after incorporation; and

- I. "service area" means the area in which an authority provides water or wastewater services.
- SECTION 3. [NEW MATERIAL] PURPOSE OF REGIONAL WATER
  UTILITY AUTHORITY.--An authority may be created for the
  purposes of:
- A. planning, developing, managing, maintaining or coordinating regional water and wastewater facilities;
- B. purchasing, acquiring, establishing or constructing waterworks to supply water for domestic, commercial or industrial purposes to persons within and without the boundaries of the authority;
- C. purchasing, acquiring, establishing or constructing wastewater systems for the treatment and disposal of sewage or for the management of decentralized or on-site wastewater disposal systems; or
- D. developing infrastructure for renewable energy projects that are integral to the operation and maintenance of an authority's facilities.
- SECTION 4. [NEW MATERIAL] AUTHORITY--CREATION--ARTICLES
  OF INCORPORATION--BYLAWS.--
- A. Two or more entities may create an authority as provided in the Regional Water Utility Authority Act. An authority shall not be created unless it has at least fifteen connections or serves a population of at least twenty-five .211616.3

people.

- B. Each incorporating entity shall individually adopt a resolution signifying its intention to create an authority. The resolution shall not be adopted until reasonable notice of a public hearing has been given and the public hearing has been held.
  - C. The resolution shall state the:
- (1) proposed name and purpose of the
  authority;
  - (2) perpetual existence of the authority;
- (3) proposed service area, described with such specificity as to enable a property owner to determine whether the owner's property is within the service area;
  - (4) composition of the authority; and
- (5) lead joining entity to act as registered agent.
- D. Upon adoption of a resolution by each incorporating entity, the incorporating entities shall draw up articles of incorporation and bylaws and file them with the secretary of state. Amended bylaws shall be filed, recorded and certified by the secretary of state and shall be effective upon filing. Amended bylaws supersede all other bylaws upon the effective date of the amended bylaws.
- E. Upon the issuance of a certificate of incorporation by the secretary of state, the corporate .211616.3

existence of an authority shall begin, except as against the state in a proceeding to cancel or revoke the certificate of incorporation or for involuntary dissolution of an authority.

SECTION 5. [NEW MATERIAL] ENTITIES MERGING AFTER
INCORPORATION.--If an entity chooses to merge into an authority
after that authority has been incorporated, the entity shall
adopt a resolution signifying its intention to merge into the
authority and submit the resolution to the board.

### SECTION 6. [NEW MATERIAL] AUTHORITY--POWERS AND DUTIES.--

A. An authority is a body politic and corporate and a political subdivision of the state, subject to all statutory requirements of the state. In addition to other powers granted to an authority pursuant to the Regional Water Utility Authority Act, an authority may:

- (1) have perpetual existence;
- (2) sue and be sued and be a party to suits, actions or proceedings;
- (3) borrow money, receive grants, issue bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Regional Water Utility Authority Act or pledge or otherwise encumber the revenues or receipts of the authority or mortgage the property of the authority as security for any of the obligations of the authority;
- (4) establish rates and impose assessments, fees or charges for the delivery and collection of services .211616.3

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rendered and take action necessary for the enforcement of those rates, assessments, fees or charges;

- (5) acquire from a willing seller and hold water rights in an amount necessary to meet its reasonable needs not to exceed forty years pursuant to Section 72-1-9 NMSA 1978;
- (6) shut off, after notice, unauthorized and illegal connections or delinquent connections;
- (7) acquire and dispose of real property,
  personal property or rights of way;
- (8) condemn property pursuant to the Eminent Domain Code as a last resort and only as necessary to acquire property or rights of way for the construction, maintenance or operation of water or sewer lines or related facilities;
- (9) place a lien on property for unpaid assessments, charges or fees and enforce the lien in the manner provided in Section 16 of the Regional Water Utility Authority Act;
- (10) for the purpose of protecting ground water sources, promulgate an on-site wastewater management plan;
- (11) construct, establish and maintain facilities;
- (12) compel the connection of existing or new development within the service area pursuant to the authority's .211616.3

existing line-extension policy;

- (13) compel connection to the services of the authority for health and sanitary purposes pursuant to Section 14 of the Regional Water Utility Authority Act; and
- (14) have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental to or implied from the specific powers granted in this section; provided that the specific powers shall not be considered as a limitation upon any power necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and intent of the Regional Water Utility Authority Act.
- B. The authority shall contract with a third-party financial expert to perform rate analyses no less than every five years.
- C. All powers, privileges and duties vested in or imposed upon the authority shall be exercised and performed by the board.
- SECTION 7. [NEW MATERIAL] BOARD--APPOINTMENT--DISTRICTS-ELECTION.--
- A. An authority shall be governed by a board. The directors of the initial board shall consist of at least three directors appointed by the incorporating entities and shall be composed of, at a minimum, a president, secretary and treasurer. If an authority is incorporated in an even-numbered year, the initial directors shall serve a term of three years; and, if an authority is incorporated in an odd-numbered year,

the initial directors shall serve a term of four years. The terms of the initial directors shall end on December 31 of the odd-numbered year in which their successors are elected.

- B. The succeeding board shall be elected by districts. Each director, at the time of election, shall reside within the electoral district of the authority from which that director is elected.
- C. Terms of elected directors shall be staggered four-year terms beginning on January 1 of the year following their election; provided that those chosen at the first election shall immediately classify themselves by lot, so that at least one director serves a two-year term and at least two directors serve a four-year term; thereafter the terms shall be four years.
- D. The boundaries and the number of electoral districts shall be established by the initial board within two years of the creation of the authority. The board may in the authority's bylaws provide for redistricting upon any change in the authority's service area. After each federal decennial census, the board shall determine if the districts' populations remain the same or if redistricting is necessary to ensure as close as practicable equal representation of the authority's service area on the board.
- E. After an authority has been incorporated for at least eight years, the board may amend the authority's bylaws .211616.3

1	to allow board member candidates to run at-large rather than by					
2	district.					
3	F. Elections shall be conducted in accordance with					
4	the election procedures of the Local Election Act. An					
5	authority shall provide the clerks of the counties within the					
6	authority's service area with the voting list for the					
7	authority. Only eligible electors shall vote in an election.					
8	SECTION 8. [NEW MATERIAL] BOARDPOWERSDUTIES					
9	DELEGATION					
10	A. The board may delegate its powers by resolution					
11	to an officer, employee or agent of the authority, with the					
12	exception of the following:					
13	(1) adoption of board policies and procedures;					
14	(2) ratification of acquisition of property;					
15	(3) initiation or continuation of legal					
16	action;					
17	(4) establishment of policies regarding fees,					
18	tolls, rates or charges; and					
19	(5) issuance of bonds.					
20	B. In addition to all other powers conferred by the					
21	Regional Water Utility Authority Act, the board may:					
22	(1) adopt, amend or repeal bylaws and file the					
23	bylaws and amendments with the secretary of state;					
24	(2) adopt and use a seal;					
25	(3) fix the time and place of meetings and the					
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the Open Meetings Act;

5	the authority and the execution of the powers vested in the
6	authority;
7	(5) maintain offices at a place as the board
8	may designate;
9	(6) appoint, hire and retain employees,
10	agents, engineers, attorneys, accountants, financial advisers,
11	investment bankers or other consultants;
12	(7) enter into contracts for goods or services
13	to further its public purposes and other contracts and
14	agreements to implement the provisions of the Regional Water
15	Utility Authority Act;
16	(8) enter into legal agreements with other
17	governmental entities; and
18	(9) regulate, supervise and operate the
19	authority's facilities.
20	C. The board shall promulgate and adhere to
21	policies and procedures that govern its conduct in accordance
22	with state law and that provide meaningful opportunities for
23	public input. The policies shall include standards and
24	procedures for calling emergency meetings.
2.5	SECTION 9. [NEW MATERIAL] CONFLICTS OF INTERESTA

method of providing notice of the meetings in accordance with

necessary for the government and management of the affairs of

(4) make and pass orders or resolutions

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director, officer, employee or agent of the authority shall not be interested in any contract or transaction with the authority except as in an official representative capacity of the authority.

### SECTION 10. [NEW MATERIAL] OVERSIGHT BY STATE AGENCIES.--

- A. In addition to all statutory requirements of the state, an authority shall be specifically subject to the applicable rules of the department of environment, the state engineer and the department of finance and administration.
  - B. An authority is subject to the provisions of:
    - (1) the Open Meetings Act;
    - (2) the Inspection of Public Records Act;
    - (3) the Audit Act;
    - (4) the Procurement Code;
    - (5) the Governmental Conduct Act; and
    - (6) other applicable state laws.

# SECTION 11. [NEW MATERIAL] SERVICE AREA--EXCLUSIVE RIGHT TO PROVIDE SERVICE--EXCEPTIONS.--

- A. An authority has the exclusive right to provide water and wastewater services within its service area and may extend services to entities outside of its service area by contract; provided that:
- (1) a person providing water or wastewater services to customers within an authority's service area as of the date the authority is incorporated may continue to serve

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those customers who were served as of that date; and

- (2) an extension of water or wastewater services by a person described in Paragraph (1) of this subsection that is planned and fully funded as of the date an authority is incorporated and is completed within eighteen months of that date shall be excluded from the authority's service area.
- Upon the incorporation of an authority, the authority shall:
- file a plat designating the authority's (1) initial service area with the county clerk of each of the counties in which the service area is located; and
- file a change of ownership form with the (2) state engineer pursuant to Section 72-1-2.1 NMSA 1978 reflecting the change in ownership of the water rights of the incorporating entities. Upon the filing of the change of ownership form with the state engineer, the place of use of the authority's water rights shall be deemed to be the authority's service area. If the service areas of the incorporating entities are contiguous, the authority and the incorporating entities shall file an application with the state engineer to combine and commingle the water rights of the incorporating entities.
- Additions or subtractions to the authority's initial service area shall be designated in an amended plat .211616.3

filed with the county clerk of each of the counties in which the authority's service area is located.

SECTION 12. [NEW MATERIAL] ACCEPTANCE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.--An authority shall accept a transfer of services, assets and liabilities of a joining entity following the legal dissolution of that entity and subject to any and all statutory requirements for dissolution and transfer.

SECTION 13. [NEW MATERIAL] REGULATION OF WATER USE AND DOMESTIC WELLS.--

- A. To protect, preserve and prevent waste, conserve water and guarantee the supply to its customers, an authority may by resolution of the board regulate and restrict the use of domestic water within the authority's service area.
- B. An authority may by resolution of the board restrict the drilling of new domestic water wells within four hundred feet of the authority's water distribution lines, except for property that is zoned agricultural, if the total cost of extending the authority's water distribution line, meter and hookup is at or less than the estimated total cost of drilling a new domestic well and installing a pump and meter.
- C. An authority shall file with the state engineer the board's resolution restricting the drilling of new domestic water wells.
- D. If an authority fails to authorize the drilling of a new domestic water well, it shall provide domestic water .211616.3

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service to the property within ninety days pursuant to the authority's customary charges and rate schedules.

- An applicant for a domestic water well located within the service area of an authority that has adopted a resolution pursuant to Subsection B of this section shall obtain a permit from the authority to drill the well subsequent to the issuance of a domestic well permit by the state engineer pursuant to Section 72-12-1.1 NMSA 1978.
- An authority shall act upon a new domestic water well permit application within thirty days of receipt of the request.
- An authority shall notify the state engineer of all permit denials for domestic well authorization.
- An applicant may appeal the decision of an authority to the district court in the judicial district in which the authority is located.
- Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of the state engineer to administer water rights as provided by law, and the provisions of this section shall be implemented consistent with the rules of the state engineer.
- The state engineer shall not be liable for J. actions taken in accordance with an authority's resolution authorizing restriction of domestic well drilling within the service area of the authority.
- An authority shall adopt a water conservation .211616.3

plan within its service area.

SECTION 14. [NEW MATERIAL] HEALTH AND SAFETY--ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS.--For health and sanitary purposes, the board may, by resolution, exercise the power to compel owners of inhabited property within four hundred feet of the authority's service area to connect to the services of the authority.

- SECTION 15. [NEW MATERIAL] FILING OF ANNUAL REPORT-INITIAL REPORT--SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT.--
- A. An authority shall file with the secretary of state an annual report setting forth:
- (1) the name of the authority and the laws under which it is incorporated;
- (2) the address of the authority's registered office and the name and address of its registered agent;
- (3) a brief statement of the character of the affairs that the authority is actually conducting; and
- $\qquad \qquad \text{(4)} \quad \text{the names and addresses of the directors} \\$  and officers of the authority.
- B. The annual report shall be signed and sworn to by any two of an authority's directors or officers. If an authority is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, the report shall be executed on behalf of the authority by the receiver or trustee. A copy of the report shall be maintained at an authority's principal place of business as contained in the

report and shall be made available to the general public for inspection during regular business hours.

- C. The annual report shall be delivered to the secretary of state on or before the fifteenth day of the fifth month following the end of an authority's taxable year, except that an authority's first annual report shall be filed within thirty days of the date on which its certificate of incorporation or its certificate of authority was issued by the secretary of state.
- D. If the information required to be reported pursuant to Subsection A of this section materially changes after the filing of an annual report, an authority shall file a supplemental report with the secretary of state.

### SECTION 16. [NEW MATERIAL] LIENS AND FORECLOSURE. --

- A. If an authority places a lien on property for nonpayment of money owed, the authority shall file in the office of the county clerk of the county or counties in which the property is located a notice of lien, which shall include:
- (1) identification of the outstanding debt to the authority;
  - (2) the fact that a lien is established;
  - (3) the general purpose of the lien;
- (4) the name of the owner of the property against which the lien is established as determined from the records of the county assessor;

- (5) a description of the property against which the lien is established;
  - (6) the amount of the lien; and
- (7) if the lien is for more than one period of time, the date for which the lien is established.
- B. A lien for multiple charges or assessments on a property owner may be included in the same notice of lien, and it shall not be necessary to file separate liens against the separate properties owned by the same property owner. The lien shall be attested in the name of the authority. The principal amount of any lien imposed for a charge or assessment shall bear interest at the rate of twelve percent per year from the date of filing the notice of lien, unless otherwise provided by law.
- C. After the filing of the notice of lien in the office of the county clerk, an authority shall have a lien upon the property described in the notice of lien. The filing of the notice of lien shall be notice to all the world of the existence of the lien and of the contents of the notice of lien. A lien shall not affect the title or rights to or in any real estate, of any purchaser, mortgagee in good faith or judgment lien creditor, without knowledge of the existence of the lien, unless the notice of lien is filed in accordance with this section in the office of the county clerk of the county in which the property is situated. All authority liens shall be

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first and prior liens on the property subject only to a lien of federal, state or county taxes. An authority may release a lien against any specific property by:

- entering and signing a receipt of payment (1) upon the notice of lien filed in the office of the county clerk; or
- (2) issuing a separate receipt that recites that payment of the lien with any accrued interest and penalty has been made.
- An authority may, in a single suit, foreclose the liens against all persons named in a notice of liens or against the property if the owners are unknown. The complaint filed shall:
  - expressly name each defendant, if known; (1)
- describe the property against which the (2) lien is established; and
  - set forth the amount of the lien.
- A judgment or decree rendered in a suit to foreclose liens shall be several against the named defendants and against the several properties for the amounts decreed to be due by each. A lien against real estate may be foreclosed in the same manner that mortgages or other liens against real estate are foreclosed with like rights of redemption. foreclosure of any lien created by an authority, reasonable attorney fees may be ordered by the court as part of the costs .211616.3

in favor of the prevailing party.

- F. An authority shall prepare and sign a notice of foreclosure, which shall also bear the signature and mailing address of an attorney representing the authority. The proceeds of the sale of the property by an authority pursuant to a foreclosure sale on a lien shall be applied as follows:
- (1) first, to the payment of costs in giving notice of the sale and of conducting the sale;
- (2) second, to the indebtedness claimed under a lien on the property for federal, state, county, municipal or ad valorem taxes;
- (3) third, to the indebtedness claimed under the lien of the authority;
- (4) fourth, to all other special assessments having a lien on the property; and
- (5) fifth, after all costs, liens, assessments and taxes are paid, to the former owner, mortgage holder or parties having an interest in the tract or parcel upon such persons providing satisfactory proof to the court of such interest and upon approval of the court.
- SECTION 17. [NEW MATERIAL] REVENUE BONDS--AUTHORITY TO ISSUE--PLEDGE OF REVENUES--LIMITATION ON TIME OF ISSUANCE.--
- A. Revenue bonds may be issued by an authority for acquiring real and personal property needed for an authority project, including the purchase of water rights; planning,

designing, constructing, extending, enlarging, bettering, repairing or otherwise improving a water or wastewater project; or for any combination of those purposes. An authority may pledge irrevocably any or all of the net revenues from the operation of the water or wastewater system for payment of the interest on and principal of the revenue bonds.

- B. Except for the purpose of refunding previous revenue bond issues, an authority shall not sell revenue bonds payable from pledged revenues after the expiration of two years from the date of the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds. However, any period of time during which a particular revenue bond issue is in litigation shall not be counted in determining the expiration date of that issue.
- C. An authority shall not impair the rights of any holders of bonds or other obligations payable from the net revenues of the water or wastewater system previously issued or incurred by an authority or its member entities.
- D. If required by the terms, covenants and provisions of revenue bonds or other obligations previously issued by an authority or its joining entities, all additional bonds or other obligations issued or incurred by an authority pursuant to the Regional Water Utility Authority Act shall contain any required terms, covenants or provisions required to avoid impairment of the previously issued or incurred bonds or other obligations.

1	SECTION 18. [NEW MATERIAL] REVENUE BONDSTERMSRevenue
2	bonds:
3	A. may have interest, appreciated principal value
4	or any part of interest and appreciated principal value payable
5	at intervals or at maturity as may be determined by an
6	authority;
7	B. may be subject to prior redemption at an
8	authority's option at such time or times and upon such terms
9	and conditions with or without the payment of such premium or
10	premiums as may be determined by the authority;
11	C. may mature at any time or times not exceeding
12	forty years after the date of issuance;
13	D. may be serial in form and maturity or may
14	consist of one bond payable at one time or in installments or
15	may be in such other form as may be determined by an authority;
16	E. shall be sold for cash at above or below par and
17	at a price that results in a net effective interest rate that
18	does not exceed the maximum permitted by the Public Securities
19	Act; and
20	F. may be sold at public or negotiated sale.
21	SECTION 19. [NEW MATERIAL] EXEMPTION FROM TAXATIONThe
22	bonds authorized by the Regional Water Utility Authority Act
23	and the income from the bonds shall be exempt from all taxation
24	by the state or any political subdivision of the state.
25	SECTION 20. [NEW MATERIAL] RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING REVENUE

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- At a regular or special meeting called for the purpose of issuing revenue bonds, a board may adopt a resolution that:
- declares the necessity for issuing revenue bonds; and
- (2) authorizes the issuance of revenue bonds by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of all directors.
- Revenue bonds and the resolution authorizing their issuance shall be subject to approval by the state board of finance.
- SECTION 21. [NEW MATERIAL] REVENUE BONDS NOT GENERAL OBLIGATIONS -- AUTHENTICATION . --
- Revenue bonds or refunding revenue bonds issued as authorized in the Regional Water Utility Authority Act are:
- (1) not general obligations of the state or a political subdivision of the state; and
- (2) collectible only from the pledged revenue of the services provided by an authority, and each bond shall state that it is payable solely from the pledged revenue of the services provided by the authority and that the bondholders may not look to any other fund of the state or political subdivision of the state for the payment of the interest and principal of the bond.
- The bonds shall be executed by the chair of the .211616.3

board and may be authenticated by the secretary of the board or any public or private transfer agent or registrar or its successor that shall be named or otherwise designated by the board. The bonds may be executed as provided under the Uniform Facsimile Signature of Public Officials Act.

SECTION 22. [NEW MATERIAL] REVENUE BONDS--MANDATORY RATES

FOR THE WATER OR WASTEWATER SYSTEM--MANDAMUS--IMPAIRMENT OF

PAYMENT.--

- A. An authority shall establish rates for water or wastewater services rendered by the authority to provide revenue sufficient to meet the following requirements, and the rates shall remain in effect until the bond issue is liquidated. Revenue shall be sufficient to:
- (1) pay all reasonable expenses of operation of the water or wastewater system;
- (2) pay all interest and principal on the water or wastewater system revenue bonds as they come due; and
- (3) provide a sinking fund adequate to discharge the revenue bonds as they mature.
- B. In the event that an authority fails or refuses to establish rates for the water or wastewater system as required in this section, any bondholder may apply to the district court for a mandatory order requiring the authority to establish rates that will provide revenues adequate to meet the requirements of this section.

C. A law that authorizes the pledge of any or all
of the pledged water or wastewater system revenue to the
payment of revenue bonds issued pursuant to the Regional Water
Utility Authority Act or that affects the pledged revenue of
the water or wastewater system, or any law supplemental to or
otherwise appertaining to that act, shall not be repealed or
amended or otherwise directly or indirectly modified in such a
manner as to adversely impair any outstanding revenue bonds,
unless the outstanding revenue bonds have been discharged in
full or provision has been fully made for payment of the bonds.

- D. As a condition or covenant in connection with the issuance of any revenue bonds authorized by the Regional Water Utility Authority Act, an authority may pledge and agree to impose rates higher than those required by the provisions of this section.
- SECTION 23. [NEW MATERIAL] REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS-AUTHORIZATION.--
- A. An authority may issue refunding revenue bonds to refinance, pay and discharge all or any part of outstanding bonds or other obligations payable from the net revenues of the water or wastewater system previously issued or incurred by the authority.
- B. An authority may pledge irrevocably for the payment of interest and principal on refunding bonds the pledged revenues of the water or wastewater system.

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C. Bonds for refunding and bonds for any other
purpose allowed by the Regional Water Utility Authority Act may
be issued separately or issued in combination in one series or
more.

# SECTION 24. [NEW MATERIAL] REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS-TERMS.--Refunding revenue bonds:

- A. may have interest, appreciated principal value or any part thereof payable at intervals or at maturity as may be determined by an authority;
- B. may be subject to prior redemption at an authority's option at such time or times and upon such terms and conditions with or without the payment of premium or premiums as may be determined by the authority;
- C. may mature at any time or times not exceeding forty years after the date of issuance;
- D. may be serial in form and maturity or may consist of a single bond payable in one or more installments or may be in such other form as may be determined by an authority; and
- E. shall be exchanged for the bonds and any matured unpaid interest being refunded at not less than par or sold at public or negotiated sale, at above or below par and at a price that results in a net effective interest rate that does not exceed the maximum permitted by the Public Securities Act.

SECTION 25. [NEW MATERIAL] REFUNDING BONDS--ESCROW-.211616.3

### DETAIL. --

A. Refunding bonds issued pursuant to the Regional Water Utility Authority Act shall be authorized by resolution. Any bonds that are refunded pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be paid at maturity or on any permitted prior redemption date in the amounts, at the times and places and, if called prior to maturity, in accordance with applicable notice provisions, as provided in the proceedings authorizing the issuance of the refunded bonds or otherwise appertaining to the bonds, except for any such bond that is voluntarily surrendered for exchange or payment by the holder or owner.

- B. Provision shall be made for paying the bonds refunded at the time or times provided in Subsection A of this section. The principal amount of the refunding bonds may exceed the principal amount of the refunded bonds and may also be less than or the same as the principal amount of the bonds being refunded so long as provision is duly and sufficiently made for the payment of the refunded bonds.
- C. The proceeds of refunding bonds, including any accrued interest and premium appertaining to the sale of refunding bonds, shall either be immediately applied to the retirement of the bonds being refunded or be placed in escrow in a commercial bank or trust company that possesses and is exercising trust powers and that is a member of the federal deposit insurance corporation, to be applied to the payment of

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the principal of, interest on and any prior redemption premium due in connection with the bonds being refunded; provided that such refunding bond proceeds, including any accrued interest and any premium appertaining to a sale of refunding bonds, may be applied to the establishment and maintenance of a reserve fund and to the payment of expenses incidental to the refunding and the issuance of the refunding bonds, the interest on the bonds and the principal of the bonds or both interest and principal as an authority may determine.

Nothing in this section requires the establishment of an escrow if the refunded bonds become due and payable within one year from the date of the refunding bonds and if the amounts necessary to retire the refunded bonds within that time are deposited with the paying agent for the refunded bonds. Such escrow shall not necessarily be limited to proceeds of refunding bonds but may include other money available for its purpose. Any proceeds in escrow pending such use may be invested or reinvested in bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes or bonds that are direct obligations of or the principal and interest of which obligations are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America or in certificates of deposit of banks that are members of the federal deposit insurance corporation, the par value of which certificates of deposit is collateralized by a pledge of obligations of or the payment of which is unconditionally

guaranteed by the United States of America, the par value of which obligations is at least seventy-five percent of the par value of the certificates of deposit. Such proceeds and investments in escrow together with any interest or other income to be derived from any such investment shall be in an amount at all times sufficient as to principal, interest, any prior redemption premium due and any charges of the escrow agent payable therefrom to pay the bonds being refunded as they become due at their respective maturities or due at any designated prior redemption date or dates in connection with which an authority shall exercise a prior redemption option. A purchaser of a refunding bond is in no manner responsible for the application of the proceeds of the bonds by an authority or any of its officers, employees or agents.

E. Refunding bonds may bear additional terms and provisions as may be determined by an authority, and the refunding bonds are not subject to the provisions of any other statute except as may be incorporated by reference in the Regional Water Utility Authority Act.

SECTION 26. [NEW MATERIAL] REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS-RESOLUTION.--At any regular or special meeting called for the
purpose of issuing refunding revenue bonds, the authority may
adopt a resolution authorizing the issuance of the refunding
revenue bonds by a two-thirds' vote of all directors.

SECTION 27. [NEW MATERIAL] PUBLIC REGULATION COMMISSION .211616.3

JURISDICTION. --

A. An authority organized under the provisions of the Regional Water Utility Authority Act is not subject to the jurisdiction of the public regulation commission or the terms and provisions of the Public Utility Act except as provided in this section.

B. An authority may elect by resolution adopted by the board to become subject to the jurisdiction of the public regulation commission and to the terms and provisions of the Public Utility Act; provided, however, that in no event shall Sections 62-9-1 through 62-9-7 NMSA 1978 apply to an authority making such an election.

SECTION 28. Section 72-12-1.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 298, Section 2) is amended to read:

"72-12-1.1. UNDERGROUND WATERS--DOMESTIC USE--PERMIT.--A person [firm or corporation] desiring to use public underground waters described in this section for irrigation of not to exceed one acre of noncommercial trees, lawn or garden or for household or other domestic use shall make application to the state engineer for a well on a form to be prescribed by the state engineer. Upon the filing of each application describing the use applied for, the state engineer shall issue a permit to the applicant to use the underground waters applied for; provided that permits for domestic water use within:

 $\underline{\text{A.}}$  municipalities shall be conditioned to require .211616.3

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and									

B. regional water utility authorities shall be conditioned to require the permittee to comply with all applicable resolutions adopted by an authority pursuant to the Regional Water Utility Authority Act."

**SECTION 29.** EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2019.

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