ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 439—COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE OPERATIONS AND ELECTIONS

MARCH 25, 2013

Referred to Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing the dates for certain elections. (BDR 24-985)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to elections; revising provisions governing the dates for certain city elections; revising deadlines for the submission of certain campaign contribution and expenditure reports relating to city elections; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law authorizes the governing body of a city incorporated pursuant to general law to choose by ordinance whether to: (1) hold city elections on the statewide election cycle; or (2) hold a primary city election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April and hold a general city election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June of odd-numbered years. (NRS 293C.115, 293C.140, 293C.145, 293C.175) **Sections 4-7** of this bill require that cities be on the statewide election cycle as of the year 2016. **Sections 3, 6-12, 18 and 19** of this bill amend various other dates relating to city elections, such as the date for filing declarations of candidacy. **Section 43** of this bill provides that officials of affected cities who are elected in 2013 will hold office until the city elections are held in 2016, and that officials of such cities who are elected in 2015 will hold office until the city elections are held in 2018.

Certain cities that are created by charters hold general municipal elections in June of odd-numbered years (Boulder City, Caliente, Henderson, Las Vegas, North Las Vegas and Yerington). **Sections 20-42 and 45** of this bill amend the charters of those cities to require that the cities hold primary and general city elections on the same dates as the statewide primary and general elections. The terms of office of officials of such cities who were elected in 2011 or who will be elected in 2013, and the terms of office of municipal judges who were elected to 6-year terms in 2009, will be extended by 1 year to allow for the transition to the statewide election cycle.

Sections 13-17 of this bill make conforming changes to provisions relating to reporting campaign contributions and expenditures for city elections so that those



10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19



 reports are required to be submitted on the same dates as are required for statewide primary and general elections.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 293.059 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293.059 "General city election" means an election held pursuant to NRS [293C.115,] 293C.140 or 293C.145. The term includes a general municipal election held pursuant to the provisions of a special charter of an incorporated city.

Sec. 2. NRS 293.079 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293.079 "Primary city election" means an election held pursuant to NRS [293C.115 or] 293C.175. The term includes a primary municipal election held pursuant to the provisions of a special charter of an incorporated city.

Sec. 3. NRS 293B.354 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293B.354 1. The county clerk shall, not later than April 15 of each year in which a general election is held, submit to the Secretary of State for approval a written plan for the accommodation of members of the general public who observe the delivery, counting, handling and processing of ballots at a polling place, receiving center or central counting place.
- 2. The city clerk shall, not later than [January 1] April 15 of each year in which a general city election is held, submit to the Secretary of State for approval a written plan for the accommodation of members of the general public who observe the delivery, counting, handling and processing of the ballots at a polling place, receiving center or central counting place.
 - 3. Each plan must include:
- (a) The location of the central counting place and of each polling place and receiving center;
- (b) A procedure for the establishment of areas within each polling place and receiving center and the central counting place from which members of the general public may observe the activities set forth in subsections 1 and 2;
- (c) The requirements concerning the conduct of the members of the general public who observe the activities set forth in subsections 1 and 2; and
- (d) Any other provisions relating to the accommodation of members of the general public who observe the activities set forth in subsections 1 and 2 which the county or city clerk considers appropriate.





Sec. 4. NRS 293C.115 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293C.115 [1.] The governing body of a city incorporated pursuant to general law [may] shall by ordinance provide for a primary city election and a general city election on [-

(a) The dates set forth for primary elections and general elections pursuant to the provisions of chapter 293 of NRS; or

(b) The dates set forth for primary city elections and general city elections pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

[2. If a governing body of a city adopts an ordinance pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1, the dates set forth in NRS 293.12755, in subsections 2 to 5, inclusive, of NRS 293.165, and in NRS 293.175, 293.177, 293.345 and 293.368 apply for purposes of conducting the primary city elections and general city elections of the city.

3. If a governing body of a city adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 1:

— (a) The term of office of any elected city official may not be shortened as a result of the ordinance; and

19 — (b) Each elected city official holds office until the end of his or 20 her term and until his or her successor has been elected and 21 qualified.

Sec. 5. NRS 293C.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293C.140 1. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a] A general city election must be held in each city of population categories one and two on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in [June] November of the first [odd numbered] evennumbered year after incorporation, and [on the same day every] at each successive interval of 2 years, [thereafter as determined by law, ordinance or resolution,] at which time there must be elected the elective city officers, the offices of which are required next to be filled by election. All candidates, except as otherwise provided in NRS 266.220, at the general city election must be voted upon by the electors of the city at large.

2. [Unless the terms of office of city council members are extended by an ordinance adopted pursuant to NRS 293C.115, the] *The* terms of office are 4 years, which terms must be staggered. The council members elected to office immediately after incorporation shall decide, by lot, among themselves which of their offices expire at the next general city election, and thereafter the terms of office must be 4 years. [unless the terms are extended by an ordinance adopted pursuant to NRS 293C.115.]

Sec. 6. NRS 293C.145 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.145 1. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a] A general city election must be held in each city of population category three on the first Tuesday after the first Monday





in [June] November of the first [odd-numbered] even-numbered year after incorporation, and [on the same day every] at each successive interval of 2 years. [thereafter, as determined by ordinance.]

- 2. There must be one mayor and three or five council members, as the city council shall provide by ordinance, for each city of population category three. [Unless the terms of office of the mayor and the council members are extended by an ordinance adopted pursuant to NRS 293C.115, the] *The* terms of office of the mayor and the council members are 4 years, which terms must be staggered. The mayor and council members elected to office immediately after incorporation shall decide, by lot, among themselves which two of their offices expire at the next general city election, and thereafter the terms of office must be 4 years. [unless the terms are extended by an ordinance adopted pursuant to NRS 293C.115.] If a city council thereafter increases the number of council members, it shall, by lot, stagger the initial terms of the additional members.
- 3. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a] A candidate for any office to be voted for at the general city election must file a declaration of candidacy with the city clerk not fless than 60 days nor more than 70 days before the day of the general city election.] earlier than the first Monday in March of the year in which the general city election is to be held and not later than 5 p.m. on the second Friday after the first Monday in March. The city clerk shall charge and collect from the candidate and the candidate must pay to the city clerk, at the time of filing the declaration of candidacy, a filing fee in an amount fixed by the city council by ordinance or resolution.
- 4. Candidates for mayor must be voted upon by the electors of the city at large. Candidates for the city council must be voted upon by the electors of their respective wards to represent the wards in which they reside or by the electors of the city at large in accordance with the provisions of chapter 266 of NRS.
 - Sec. 7. NRS 293C.175 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293C.175 1. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a] A primary city election must be held in each city of population category one, and in each city of population category two that has so provided by ordinance, on the [first] second Tuesday [after the first Monday] in [April] June of every year in which a general city election is to be held, at which time there must be nominated candidates for offices to be voted for at the next general city election.
- 2. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a] A candidate for any office to be voted for at the primary city election





must file a declaration of candidacy with the city clerk not [less than 60 days or more than 70 days before the date of the primary city election.] earlier than the first Monday in March of the year in which the general city election is to be held and not later than 5 p.m. on the second Friday after the first Monday in March. The city clerk shall charge and collect from the candidate and the candidate must pay to the city clerk, at the time of filing the declaration of candidacy, a filing fee in an amount fixed by the governing body of the city by ordinance or resolution. The filing fees collected by the city clerk must be deposited to the credit of the general fund of the city.

- 3. All candidates, except as otherwise provided in NRS 266.220, must be voted upon by the electors of the city at large.
- 4. If, in a primary city election held in a city of population category one or two, one candidate receives more than a majority of votes cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the candidate must be declared elected to the office and the candidate's name must not be placed on the ballot for the general city election. If, in the primary city election, no candidate receives a majority of votes cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the names of the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes must be placed on the ballot for the general city election.
- Sec. 8. NRS 293C.185 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.185 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS [293C.115] and] 293C.190, a name may not be printed on a ballot to be used at a primary city election unless the person named has filed a declaration of candidacy or an acceptance of candidacy and has paid the fee established by the governing body of the city not earlier than [70] days before the primary city election and not later than 5 p.m. on the 60th day before the primary city election.] the first Monday in March of the year in which the general city election is to be held and not later than 5 p.m. on the second Friday after the first Monday in March.
- 2. A declaration of candidacy required to be filed by this section must be in substantially the following form:

DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY OF FOR THE
OFFICE OF
State of Nevada
City of





1	For the purpose of having my name placed on the official ballot as a
2	candidate for the office of, I,, the
3	undersigned do swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that I
4	actually, as opposed to constructively, reside at, in the
5	City or Town of, County of, State of
6	Nevada; that my actual, as opposed to constructive, residence in the
7	city, township or other area prescribed by law to which the office
8	pertains began on a date at least 30 days immediately preceding the
9	date of the close of filing of declarations of candidacy for this
10	office; that my telephone number is, and the address at
11	which I receive mail, if different than my residence, is
12	that I am a qualified elector pursuant to Section 1 of Article 2 of the
13	Constitution of the State of Nevada; that if I have ever been
14	convicted of treason or a felony, my civil rights have been restored
15	by a court of competent jurisdiction; that if nominated as a candidate
16	at the ensuing election I will accept the nomination and not
17	withdraw; that I will not knowingly violate any election law or any
18	law defining and prohibiting corrupt and fraudulent practices in
19	campaigns and elections in this State; that I will qualify for the
20	office if elected thereto, including, but not limited to, complying
21	with any limitation prescribed by the Constitution and laws of this
22	State concerning the number of years or terms for which a person
23	may hold the office; and my name will appear on all ballots as
24	designated in this declaration.
25	8 8
26	
27	(Designation of name)
28	(6
29	
30	(Signature of candidate for office)
31	(8
32	Subscribed and sworn to before me
33	this day of the month of of the year
34	
35	
36	Notary Public or other person
37	authorized to administer an oath

3. The address of a candidate that must be included in the declaration or acceptance of candidacy pursuant to subsection 2 must be the street address of the residence where the candidate actually, as opposed to constructively, resides in accordance with NRS 281.050, if one has been assigned. The declaration or acceptance of candidacy must not be accepted for filing if:





- (a) The candidate's address is listed as a post office box unless a street address has not been assigned to the residence; or
 - (b) The candidate does not present to the filing officer:
- (1) A valid driver's license or identification card issued by a governmental agency that contains a photograph of the candidate and the candidate's residential address; or
- (2) A current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, or document issued by a governmental entity, including a check which indicates the candidate's name and residential address, but not including a voter registration card issued pursuant to NRS 293.517.
- 4. The filing officer shall retain a copy of the proof of identity and residency provided by the candidate pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 3. Such a copy:
 - (a) May not be withheld from the public; and
- (b) Must not contain the social security number or driver's license or identification card number of the candidate.
- 5. By filing the declaration or acceptance of candidacy, the candidate shall be deemed to have appointed the city clerk as his or her agent for service of process for the purposes of a proceeding pursuant to NRS 293C.186. Service of such process must first be attempted at the appropriate address as specified by the candidate in the declaration or acceptance of candidacy. If the candidate cannot be served at that address, service must be made by personally delivering to and leaving with the city clerk duplicate copies of the process. The city clerk shall immediately send, by registered or certified mail, one of the copies to the candidate at the specified address, unless the candidate has designated in writing to the city clerk a different address for that purpose, in which case the city clerk shall mail the copy to the last address so designated.
- 6. If the city clerk receives credible evidence indicating that a candidate has been convicted of a felony and has not had his or her civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction, the city clerk:
- (a) May conduct an investigation to determine whether the candidate has been convicted of a felony and, if so, whether the candidate has had his or her civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction; and
- (b) Shall transmit the credible evidence and the findings from such investigation to the city attorney.
- 7. The receipt of information by the city attorney pursuant to subsection 6 must be treated as a challenge of a candidate pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 of NRS 293C.186. If the ballots are printed before a court of competent jurisdiction makes a determination that a candidate has been convicted of a felony and has not had his or her civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction, the city





clerk must post a notice at each polling place where the candidate's name will appear on the ballot informing the voters that the candidate is disqualified from entering upon the duties of the office for which the candidate filed the declaration of candidacy or acceptance of candidacy.

Sec. 9. NRS 293C.190 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293C.190 1. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a] A vacancy occurring in a nomination for a city office after the close of filing and on or before 5 p.m. [of] on the [first] second Tuesday [after the first Monday in March in a year in which a general city election is held] in April must be filled by filing a nominating petition that is signed by at least 1 percent of the persons who are registered to vote and who voted for that office at the last preceding general city election. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, the] The petition must be filed not earlier than the [third] first Tuesday in [February] March and not later than the [third] fourth Tuesday [after the third Monday] in [March.] April. A candidate nominated pursuant to the provisions of this subsection may be elected only at a general city election, and the candidate's name must not appear on the ballot for a primary city election.

- 2. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a] A vacancy occurring in a nomination for a city office after 5 p.m. [off] on the [first] second Tuesday [after the first Monday in March] in April and on or before 5 p.m. [off] on the [second] first Tuesday after the [second Monday in April] primary city election must be filled by the person who received the next highest vote for the nomination in the primary city election.
- 3. [Except to place a candidate nominated pursuant to subsection 1 on the ballot and except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, no] No change may be made on the ballot for the general city election after 5 p.m. [of] on the [second] first Tuesday after the [second Monday in April of the year in which the general] primary city election. [is held.] If a nominee dies after that time and date, the nominee's name must remain on the ballot for the general city election and, if elected, a vacancy exists.
- 4. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, all] All designations provided for in this section must be filed on or before 5 p.m. on the [second] first Tuesday after the [second Monday in April of the year in which the general] primary city election. [is held.] The filing fee must be paid and an acceptance of the designation must be filed on or before 5 p.m. on that date.

Sec. 10. NRS 293C.291 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.291 If a candidate whose name appears on the ballot at a primary city election or general city election dies after the applicable date set forth in !:





—1.1 NRS 293C.370 ; or

 NRS 293.368, if the governing body of the city has adopted an ordinance pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 293C.115.

but before the time of the closing of the polls on the day of the election, the city clerk shall post a notice of the candidate's death at each polling place where the candidate's name will appear on the ballot for the primary city election or general city election.

Sec. 11. NRS 293C.345 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.345 [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, the] The city clerk shall mail to each registered voter in each mailing precinct and in each absent ballot mailing precinct, before 5 p.m. on the [third Thursday in March and before 5 p.m. on the fourth Tuesday in May of any year in which a general city election is held,] last business day preceding the first day of the period for early voting for a primary city election or general city election, an official mailing ballot to be voted by the voter at the election.

Sec. 12. NRS 293C.370 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.370 [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115:]

- 1. Whenever a candidate whose name appears upon the ballot at a primary city election dies after 5 p.m. [of] on the [first] second Tuesday [after the first Monday] in [March,] April, the deceased candidate's name must remain on the ballot and the votes cast for the deceased candidate must be counted in determining the nomination for the office for which the decedent was a candidate.
- 2. If the deceased candidate on the ballot at the primary city election receives the number of votes required to receive the nomination to the office for which he or she was a candidate, the nomination is filled as provided in subsection 2 of NRS 293C.190.
 - 3. Whenever a candidate whose name appears upon the ballot at a general city election dies after 5 p.m. [off] on the [second Tuesday after the second Monday in April,] fourth Friday in June of the year in which the primary city election was held, the votes cast for the deceased candidate must be counted in determining the results of the general city election for the office for which the decedent was a candidate.
- 4. If the deceased candidate on the ballot at the general *city* election receives the majority of the votes cast for the office, the deceased candidate shall be deemed elected and the office to which he or she was elected shall be deemed vacant at the beginning of the term for which he or she was elected. The vacancy created must be filled in the same manner as if the candidate had died after taking office for that term.





Sec. 13. NRS 294A.140 is hereby amended to read as follows: 294A.140 1. Every person who is not under the direction or control of a candidate for office at a primary election, primary city election, general election or general city election, of a group of such candidates or of any person involved in the campaign of that candidate or group who makes an expenditure on behalf of the candidate or group which is not solicited or approved by the candidate or group, and every committee for political action, political party and committee sponsored by a political party which receives contributions in excess of \$100 or makes an expenditure on behalf of such a candidate or group of candidates shall, not later than January 15 of each year that the provisions of this subsection apply to the person, committee or political party, for the period from January 1 of the previous year through December 31 of the previous year, report each campaign contribution in excess of \$100 received during the period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$100. The provisions of this subsection apply to the person, committee or political party beginning the year of the general election or general city election for that office through the year immediately preceding the next general election or general city election for that office.

2. Every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 which makes an expenditure on behalf of the candidate for office at a primary election [, primary eity election,] or general election [or general city election] or on behalf of a group of such candidates shall, if the general election [or general city election] for the office for which the candidate or a candidate in the group of candidates seeks election is held on or after January 1 and before the July 1 immediately following that January 1, not later than:

(a) Twenty-one days before the primary election [or primary eity election] for that office, for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary election [or primary eity election] through 25 days before the primary election; [or primary eity election:]

(b) Four days before the primary election [or primary eity election] for that office, for the period from 24 days before the primary election [or primary eity election] through 5 days before the primary election; [or primary eity election;]

(c) Twenty-one days before the general election for general eity election for that office, for the period from 4 days before the primary election for primary eity election through 25 days before the general election; for general eity election; and

(d) Four days before the general election for general eity election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the





general election [or general city election] through 5 days before the general election, [or general city election,]

report each campaign contribution in excess of \$100 received during the period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$100. The report must be completed on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.

3. The name and address of the contributor and the date on which the contribution was received must be included on the report for each contribution in excess of \$100 and contributions which a contributor has made cumulatively in excess of \$100 since the beginning of the current reporting period.

4. Every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 which makes an expenditure on behalf of a candidate for office at a primary election, primary city election, general election or general city election or on behalf of a group of such candidates shall, if the general election or general city election for the office for which the candidate or a candidate in the group of candidates seeks election is held on or after July 1 and before the January 1 immediately following that July 1, not later than:

(a) Twenty-one days before the primary election or primary city election for that office, for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary election or primary city election through 25 days before the primary election or primary city election;

(b) Four days before the primary election or primary city election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the primary election or primary city election through 5 days before the primary election or primary city election;

(c) Twenty-one days before the general election or general city election for that office, for the period from 4 days before the primary election or primary city election through 25 days before the general election or general city election; and

(d) Four days before the general election or general city election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the general election or general city election through 5 days before the general election or general city election,

report each campaign contribution in excess of \$100 received during the period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$100. The report must be completed on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be





signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.

5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 which makes an expenditure on behalf of a candidate for office at a special election or on behalf of a group of such candidates shall, not later than:

- (a) Seven days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election for the office for which the candidate or a candidate in the group of candidates seeks election, for the period from the nomination of the candidate through 12 days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election; and
- (b) Thirty days after the special election, for the remaining period through the special election,
- report each campaign contribution in excess of \$100 received during the period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$100. The report must be completed on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 6. Every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 which makes an expenditure on behalf of a candidate for office at a special election to determine whether a public officer will be recalled or on behalf of a group of candidates for offices at such special elections shall report each contribution in excess of \$100 received during the period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$100. The report must be completed on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373 and signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury, 30 days after:
- (a) The special election, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the special election; or
- (b) If the special election is not held because a district court determines that the petition for recall is legally insufficient pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 306.040, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the date of the district court's decision.





A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.

7. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 294A.3737, the reports of contributions required pursuant to this section must be

filed electronically with the Secretary of State.

8. A report shall be deemed to be filed on the date that it was received by the Secretary of State.

9. Every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 shall file a report required by this section even if the person, committee or political party receives no contributions.

Sec. 14. NRS 294A.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

294A.150 1. Every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of a question or group of questions on the ballot at a primary election, primary city election, general election or general city election shall, not later than January 15 of each year that the provisions of this subsection apply to the committee for political action, for the period from January 1 of the previous year through December 31 of the previous year, report each campaign contribution in excess of \$1,000 received during that period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$1,000. The report must be completed on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury. The provisions of this subsection apply to the committee for political action:

(a) Each year in which an election or city election is held for each question for which the committee for political action advocates passage or defeat; and

(b) The year after the year described in paragraph (a).

2. If a question is on the ballot at a primary election for primary eity election and the general election for general eity election immediately following that primary election for primary eity election is held on or after January 1 and before the July 1 immediately following that January 1, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of the question or a group of questions that includes the question shall comply with the requirements of this subsection. If a question is on the ballot at a general election for general city election held on or after January 1 and before the July 1 immediately following that January 1, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of the question or a group of questions that includes the question shall





comply with the requirements of this subsection. A committee for political action described in this subsection shall, not later than:

- (a) Twenty-one days before the primary election, [or primary eity election,] for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary election [or primary eity election] through 25 days before the primary election; [or primary eity election;]
- (b) Four days before the primary election, for primary eity election, for the period from 24 days before the primary election for primary eity election through 5 days before the primary election; for primary eity election;
- (c) Twenty-one days before the general election, [or general eity election,] for the period from 4 days before the primary election [or primary eity election] through 25 days before the general election; [or general eity election;] and
- (d) Four days before the general election, for general eity election, for the period from 24 days before the general election for general election for general election, for general election for general elect
- report each campaign contribution in excess of \$1,000 received during the period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$1,000. The report must be completed on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373 and signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 3. The name and address of the contributor and the date on which the contribution was received must be included on the report for each contribution in excess of \$1,000 and contributions which a contributor has made cumulatively in excess of that amount since the beginning of the current reporting period.
- 4. If a question is on the ballot at a primary election or primary city election and the general election or general city election immediately following that primary election or primary city election is held on or after July 1 and before the January 1 immediately following that July 1, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of the question or a group of questions that includes the question shall comply with the requirements of this subsection. If a question is on the ballot at a general election or general city election held on or after July 1 and before the January 1 immediately following that July 1, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of the question or a group of questions that includes the question shall





comply with the requirements of this subsection. A committee for political action described in this subsection shall, not later than:

- (a) Twenty-one days before the primary election or primary city election, for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary election or primary city election through 25 days before the primary election or primary city election;
- (b) Four days before the primary election or primary city election, for the period from 24 days before the primary election or primary city election through 5 days before the primary election or primary city election;
- (c) Twenty-one days before the general election or general city election, for the period from 4 days before the primary election or primary city election through 25 days before the general election or general city election; and
- (d) Four days before the general election or general city election, for the period from 24 days before the general election or general city election through 5 days before the general election or general city election,
- report each campaign contribution in excess of \$1,000 received during the period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$1,000. The report must be completed on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of a question or group of questions on the ballot at a special election shall, not later than:
- (a) Seven days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election, for the period from the date that the question qualified for the ballot through 12 days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election; and
- (b) Thirty days after the special election, for the remaining period through the special election,
- report each campaign contribution in excess of \$1,000 received during the period and contributions received during the period from a contributor which cumulatively exceed \$1,000. The report must be completed on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the





form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.

- 6. Every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of a question or group of questions on the ballot at a special election to determine whether a public officer will be recalled shall report each of the contributions received on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373 and signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury, 30 days after:
- (a) The special election, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the special election; or
- (b) If the special election is not held because a district court determines that the petition for recall is legally insufficient pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 306.040, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the date of the district court's decision.
- → A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 7. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 294A.3737, the reports required pursuant to this section must be filed electronically with the Secretary of State.
- 8. A report shall be deemed to be filed on the date that it was received by the Secretary of State.
- 9. If the committee for political action is advocating passage or defeat of a group of questions, the reports must be itemized by question or petition.
 - **Sec. 15.** NRS 294A.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 294A.210 1. Every person who is not under the direction or control of a candidate for an office at a primary election, primary city election, general election or general city election, of a group of such candidates or of any person involved in the campaign of that candidate or group who makes an expenditure on behalf of the candidate or group, and every committee for political action, political party or committee sponsored by a political party which receives contributions in excess of \$100 or makes an expenditure on behalf of such a candidate or group of candidates shall, not later than January 15 of each year that the provisions of this subsection apply to the person, committee or political party, for the period from January 1 of the previous year through December 31 of the previous year, report each expenditure made during the period on behalf of the candidate, the group of candidates or a candidate in the group of





candidates in excess of \$100 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury. The provisions of this subsection apply to the person, committee or political party beginning the year of the general election or general city election for that office through the year immediately preceding the next general election or general city election for that office.

- 2. Every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 which makes an expenditure on behalf of a candidate for office at a primary election [, primary city election,] or general election [or general city election] or a group of such candidates shall, if the general election [or general city election] for the office for which the candidate or a candidate in the group of candidates seeks election is held on or after January 1 and before the July 1 immediately following that January 1, not later than:
- (a) Twenty-one days before the primary election [or primary eity election] for that office, for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary election [or primary eity election] through 25 days before the primary election; [or primary eity election;]
- (b) Four days before the primary election [or primary city election] for that office, for the period from 24 days before the primary election [or primary city election] through 5 days before the primary election; [or primary city election;]
- (c) Twenty-one days before the general election for general city election for that office, for the period from 4 days before the primary election for primary city election through 25 days before the general election; for general city election; and
- (d) Four days before the general election [or general city election] for that office, for the period from 24 days before the general election [or general city election] through 5 days before the general election, [or general city election,]
- report each expenditure made during the period on behalf of the candidate, the group of candidates or a candidate in the group of candidates in excess of \$100 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.





- 3. Every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 which makes an expenditure on behalf of a candidate for office at a primary election, primary city election, general election or general city election or on behalf of a group of such candidates shall, if the general election or general city election for the office for which the candidate or a candidate in the group of candidates seeks election is held on or after July 1 and before the January 1 immediately following that July 1, not later than:
- (a) Twenty-one days before the primary election or primary city election for that office, for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary election or primary city election through 25 days before the primary election or primary city election;
- (b) Four days before the primary election or primary city election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the primary election or primary city election through 5 days before the primary election or primary city election;
- (c) Twenty-one days before the general election or general city election for that office, for the period from 4 days before the primary election or primary city election through 25 days before the general election or general city election; and
- (d) Four days before the general election or general city election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the general election or general city election through 5 days before the general election or general city election,
- report each expenditure made during the period on behalf of the candidate, the group of candidates or a candidate in the group of candidates in excess of \$100 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 which makes an expenditure on behalf of a candidate for office at a special election or on behalf of a group of such candidates shall, not later than:
- (a) Seven days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election for the office for which the candidate or a candidate in the group of candidates seeks election, for the period from the nomination of the candidate through 12 days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election; and





- (b) Thirty days after the special election, for the remaining period through the special election,
- report each expenditure made during the period on behalf of the candidate, the group of candidates or a candidate in the group of candidates in excess of \$100 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 5. Every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 which makes an expenditure on behalf of a candidate for office at a special election to determine whether a public officer will be recalled or on behalf of a group of such candidates shall list each expenditure made on behalf of the candidate, the group of candidates or a candidate in the group of candidates in excess of \$100 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373 and signed by the person or a representative of the committee or political party under an oath to God or penalty of perjury, 30 days after:
- (a) The special election, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the special election: or
- (b) If the special election is not held because a district court determines that the petition for recall is legally insufficient pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 306.040, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the date of the district court's decision.
- → A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 6. Expenditures made within the State or made elsewhere but for use within the State, including expenditures made outside the State for printing, television and radio broadcasting or other production of the media, must be included in the report.
- 7. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 294A.3737, the reports must be filed electronically with the Secretary of State.
- 8. If an expenditure is made on behalf of a group of candidates, the reports must be itemized by the candidate.
- 9. A report shall be deemed to be filed on the date that it was received by the Secretary of State. Every person, committee or political party described in subsection 1 shall file a report required by this section even if the person, committee or political party receives no contributions.





Sec. 16. NRS 294A.220 is hereby amended to read as follows: 294A.220 1. Every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of a question or group of questions on the ballot at a primary election, primary city election, general election or general city election shall, not later than January 15 of each year that the provisions of this subsection apply to the committee for political action, for the period from January 1 of the previous year through December 31 of the previous year, report each expenditure made during the period on behalf of or against the question, the group of questions or a question in the group of questions on the ballot in excess of \$1,000 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury. The provisions of this subsection apply to the committee for political action:

(a) Each year in which an election or city election is held for a question for which the committee for political action advocates passage or defeat; and

(b) The year after the year described in paragraph (a).

2. If a question is on the ballot at a primary election [or primary city election] and the general election [or general city election] immediately following that primary election [or primary city election] is held on or after January 1 and before the July 1 immediately following that January 1, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of the question or a group of questions that includes the question shall comply with the requirements of this subsection. If a question is on the ballot at a general election [or general city election] held on or after January 1 and before the July 1 immediately following that January 1, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of the question or a group of questions that includes the question shall comply with the requirements of this subsection. A committee for political action described in this subsection shall, not later than:

(a) Twenty-one days before the primary election, [or primary eity election,] for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary election [or primary eity election] through 25 days before the primary election; [or primary eity election;]

(b) Four days before the primary election, for primary eity election, for the period from 24 days before the primary election for primary eity election through 5 days before the primary election; for primary eity election;





- (c) Twenty-one days before the general election, [or general eity election,] for the period from 4 days before the primary election [or primary eity election] through 25 days before the general election; [or general city election;] and
- (d) Four days before the general election, for general eity election, for the period from 24 days before the general election for general eity election through 5 days before the general election, for general eity election,
- report each expenditure made during the period on behalf of or against the question, the group of questions or a question in the group of questions on the ballot in excess of \$1,000 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373 and signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 3. If a question is on the ballot at a primary election or primary city election and the general election or general city election immediately following that primary election or primary city election is held on or after July 1 and before the January 1 immediately following that July 1, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of the question or a group of questions that includes the question shall comply with the requirements of this subsection. If a question is on the ballot at a general election or general city election held on or after July 1 and before the January 1 immediately following that July 1, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of the question or a group of questions that includes the question shall comply with the requirements of this subsection. A committee for political action described in this subsection shall, not later than:
- (a) Twenty-one days before the primary election or primary city election, for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary election or primary city election through 25 days before the primary election or primary city election;
- (b) Four days before the primary election or primary city election, for the period from 24 days before the primary election or primary city election through 5 days before the primary election or primary city election;
- (c) Twenty-one days before the general election or general city election, for the period from 4 days before the primary election or primary city election through 25 days before the general election or general city election; and
- (d) Four days before the general election or general city election, for the period from 24 days before the general election or general





city election through 5 days before the general election or general city election,

report each expenditure made during the period on behalf of or against the question, the group of questions or a question in the group of questions on the ballot in excess of \$1,000 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.

- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of a question or group of questions on the ballot at a special election shall, not later than:
- (a) Seven days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election, for the period from the date the question qualified for the ballot through 12 days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election; and
- (b) Thirty days after the special election, for the remaining period through the special election,
- report each expenditure made during the period on behalf of or against the question, the group of questions or a question in the group of questions on the ballot in excess of \$1,000 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373. The form must be signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury. A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 5. Every committee for political action that advocates the passage or defeat of a question or group of questions on the ballot at a special election to determine whether a public officer will be recalled shall list each expenditure made during the period on behalf of or against the question, the group of questions or a question in the group of questions on the ballot in excess of \$1,000 on the form designed and made available by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 294A.373 and signed by a representative of the committee for political action under an oath to God or penalty of perjury, 30 days after:
- (a) The special election, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the special election; or





- (b) If the special election is not held because a district court determines that the petition for recall is legally insufficient pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 306.040, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the date of the district court's decision.
- A person who signs the form under an oath to God is subject to the same penalties as if the person had signed the form under penalty of perjury.
- 6. Expenditures made within the State or made elsewhere but for use within the State, including expenditures made outside the State for printing, television and radio broadcasting or other production of the media, must be included in the report.
- 7. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 294A.3737, reports required pursuant to this section must be filed electronically with the Secretary of State.
- 8. If an expenditure is made on behalf of a group of questions, the reports must be itemized by question or petition.
- 9. A report shall be deemed to be filed on the date that it was received by the Secretary of State.
 - Sec. 17. NRS 294Å.360 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 294A.360 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 294A.3733, every candidate for city office at a primary city election or general city election shall file the reports in the manner required by NRS 294A.120, 294A.128 and 294A.200 for other offices not later than January 15 of each year, for the period from January 1 of the previous year through December 31 of the previous year. The provisions of this subsection apply to the candidate:
- (a) Beginning the year of the general city election for that office through the year immediately preceding the next general city election for that office; and
- (b) Each year immediately succeeding a calendar year during which the candidate disposes of contributions pursuant to NRS 294A.160 or subsection 4 of NRS 294A.286.
- 2. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 294A.3733, every candidate for city office at a primary city election or general city election, if the general city election for the office for which he or she is a candidate is held on or after January 1 and before the July 1 immediately following that January 1, shall file the reports in the manner required by NRS 294A.120, 294A.128 and 294A.200 for other offices not later than:
- (a) Twenty one days before the primary city election for that office, for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary city election through 25 days before the primary city election;





(b) Four days before the primary city election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the primary city election through 5 days before the primary city election;

(c) Twenty one days before the general city election for that office, for the period from 4 days before the primary city election through 25 days before the general city election; and

— (d) Four days before the general city election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the general city election through 5 days before the general city election.

- 3.] Except as otherwise provided in NRS 294A.3733, every candidate for city office at a primary city election or general city election [, if the general city election for the office for which he or she is a candidate is held on or after July 1 and before the January 1 immediately following that July 1,] shall file the reports in the manner required by NRS 294A.120, 294A.128 and 294A.200 for other offices not later than:
- (a) Twenty-one days before the primary city election for that office, for the period from the January 1 immediately preceding the primary city election through 25 days before the primary city election;
- (b) Four days before the primary city election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the primary city election through 5 days before the primary city election;
- (c) Twenty-one days before the general city election for that office, for the period from 4 days before the primary city election through 25 days before the general city election; and
- (d) Four days before the general city election for that office, for the period from 24 days before the general city election through 5 days before the general city election.
- [4.] 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [5,] 4, every candidate for city office at a special election shall so file those reports:
- (a) Seven days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election, for the period from the candidate's nomination through 12 days before the beginning of early voting by personal appearance for the special election; and
- (b) Thirty days after the special election, for the remaining period through the special election.
- [5.] 4. Every candidate for city office at a special election to determine whether a public officer will be recalled shall so file those reports 30 days after:
- (a) The special election, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the special election; or





- (b) If the special election is not held because a district court determines that the petition for recall is legally insufficient pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 306.040, for the period from the filing of the notice of intent to circulate the petition for recall through the date of the district court's decision.
 - **Sec. 18.** NRS 266.405 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 266.405 1. In addition to the mayor and city council, there must be in each city of population category one or two a city clerk, a city treasurer, or if those offices are combined pursuant to subsection 4, a city clerk and treasurer, a municipal judge and a city attorney. The offices of city clerk, city treasurer, municipal judge and city attorney may be either elective or appointive offices, as provided by city ordinance. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, and unless the terms of those elected officers are extended by an ordinance adopted pursuant to NRS 293C.115, the elected officers shall hold their respective offices for 4 years and until their successors are elected and qualified. The cities of population category three may by ordinance provide that the mayor and city council members must be elected and shall hold office for 2 years. Junless the terms of office of the mayor and city council members are extended by an ordinance adopted pursuant to NRS 293C.115.1
- 2. In each city of population category one or two, in which the officers are appointed pursuant to ordinance, the mayor, with the advice and consent of the city council, shall appoint all of the officers.
- 3. In cities of population category three, the mayor, with the advice and consent of the city council, may appoint any officers as may be deemed expedient.
- 4. The city council may provide by ordinance for the office of city clerk and the office of city treasurer to be combined into the office of city clerk and treasurer.
 - **Sec. 19.** NRS 267.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 267.110 1. Any city having adopted a charter pursuant to the provisions of NRS 267.010 to 267.140, inclusive, has pursuant to the charter:
- (a) All of the powers enumerated in the general laws of the State for the incorporation of cities.
- (b) Such other powers necessary and not in conflict with the Constitution and laws of the State of Nevada to carry out the commission form of government.
 - 2. The charter, when submitted, must:
- (a) Fix the number of commissioners, their terms of office and their duties and compensation.



2

4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40 41

42

43



- (b) Provide for all necessary appointive and elective officers for the form of government therein provided, and fix their salaries and emoluments, duties and powers.
- (c) Fix, in accordance with the provisions of NRS 293C.140 and 293C.175 or with the provisions of NRS 293C.145, [or with the provisions of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 293C.115,] the time for the first and subsequent elections for all elective officers. After the first election and the qualification of the officers who were elected, the old officers and all boards or offices and their emoluments must be abolished.
- **Sec. 20.** Section 4 of the Charter of Boulder City is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Section 4. Number; selection; [and term;] eligibility for office; recall.
 - 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 96, the City Council shall have four Council Members and a Mayor elected from the City at large in the manner provided in Article IX. [, for terms of four years and until their successors have been elected and have taken office as provided in section 16.] No Council Member shall represent any particular constituency or district of the City, and each Council Member shall represent the entire City. (Amd. 2; 6-4-1991; Add. 17; Amd. 1; 11-5-1996)
 - 2. (Repealed by Amd. 1; 6-4-1991)
 - 3. No person may be elected to the office of Mayor who has served in that office for 12 years or more, unless the permissible number of terms or duration of service is otherwise specified in the Nevada Constitution. (Add. 26; Amd. 4; 11-2-2010)
 - 4. No person may be elected to the office of Council Member who has served in that office for 12 years or more, unless the permissible number of terms or duration of service is otherwise specified in the Nevada Constitution. (Add. 26; Amd. 4; 11-2-2010)
 - 5. The Council Members and the Mayor are subject to recall as provided in section 111.5.
- **Sec. 21.** Section 96 of the Charter of Boulder City is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 96. Conduct of municipal elections.

1. All municipal elections must be nonpartisan in character and must be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the general election laws of the State of Nevada and any ordinance regulations as adopted by the City Council which are consistent with law and this Charter. (1959 Charter)





2. [All] The Mayor and the two Council Members elected at the general municipal election held in June 2011 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors pursuant to subsection 4.

3. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June 2013, there must be elected by the qualified voters in the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, two Council Members who shall hold office until their successors have been elected and qualified pursuant to subsection 5.

- 4. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2016, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Mayor and two Council Members who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- 5. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2018, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, two Council Members who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- 6. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3, all full terms of office in the City Council are 4 years, and Council Members must be elected at large without regard to precinct residency. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 8, two full term Council Members and the Mayor are to be elected in each year immediately preceding a federal presidential election, and two full term Council Members are to be elected in each year immediately following a federal presidential election.] In each election, the candidates receiving the greatest number of votes must be declared elected to the vacant full-term positions. (Add. 17; Amd. 1; 11-5-1996)
- [3.] 7. In the event one or more 2-year term positions on the Council will be available at the time of a municipal election as provided in section 12, candidates must file specifically for such position(s). Candidates receiving the greatest respective number of votes must be declared elected to the respective available 2-year positions. (Add. 15; Amd. 2; 6-4-1991)
 - [4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 8, a]





- 8. A primary municipal election must be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April of each odd-numbered year and a general municipal election must be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June of each odd-numbered year.
- $\frac{-5.}{}$ date fixed by the election laws of this State for statewide elections.
- 9. A primary municipal election must not be held if no more than double the number of Council Members to be elected file as candidates. A primary municipal election must not be held for the office of Mayor if no more than two candidates file for that position. The primary municipal election must be held for the purpose of eliminating candidates in excess of a figure double the number of Council Members to be elected. (Add. 17; Amd. 1; 11-5-1996)
- [6.] 10. If, in the primary municipal election, a candidate receives votes equal to a majority of voters casting ballots in that election, he or she shall be considered elected to one of the vacancies and his or her name shall not be placed on the ballot for the general municipal election. (Add. 10; Amd. 7; 6-2-1981)
- [7.] 11. In each primary and general municipal election, voters are entitled to cast ballots for candidates in a number equal to the number of seats to be filled in the municipal elections. (Add. 11; Amd. 5; 6-7-1983)
- [8. The City Council may by ordinance provide for a primary municipal election and general municipal election on the dates set forth for primary elections and general elections pursuant to the provisions of chapter 293 of NRS.
- 9. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 8, the dates set forth in NRS 293.12755, in subsections 2 to 5, inclusive, of NRS 293.165 and in NRS 293.175, 293.177, 293.345 and 293.368 apply for the purposes of conducting the primary municipal elections and general municipal elections.
- 10. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 8, the ordinance must not affect the term of office of any elected official of the City serving in office on the effective date of the ordinance. The next succeeding term for that office may be shortened but may not be lengthened as a result of the ordinance.
- 11.] 12. The conduct of all municipal elections must be under the control of the City Council, which shall adopt by ordinance all regulations which it considers desirable and consistent with law and this Charter. Nothing in this Charter





shall be construed as to deny or abridge the power of the City Council to provide for supplemental regulations for the prevention of fraud in such elections and for the recount of ballots in cases of doubt or fraud. (Add. 24; Amd. 1; 6-3-2003)

Sec. 22. The Charter of the City of Caliente, being chapter 31, Statutes of Nevada 1971, at page 55, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be designated as section 5.120, immediately following section 5.110, to read as follows:

Sec. 5.120 Continuation of certain officers.

The two Council Members elected at the general municipal election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June 2011 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors pursuant to subsection 2 of section 5.010.

Sec. 23. Section 2.010 of the Charter of the City of Caliente, being chapter 31, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 954, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 2.010 City Council: Qualifications; election; term of office; salary.

- 1. The legislative power of the City is vested in a City Council consisting of five Council Members, including the Mayor.
 - 2. The Mayor and each Council Member must be:
- (a) Bona fide residents of the City for at least 2 years immediately prior to their election.
 - (b) Qualified electors within the City.
- 3. All Council Members, including the Mayor, must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large and shall serve for terms of 4 years except as otherwise provided in **[section]** sections 5.010 **[.]** and 5.120.
- 4. The Mayor and Council Members shall receive a salary in an amount fixed by the City Council. Such salary must not be increased or diminished during the term of the recipient.
- **Sec. 24.** Section 5.010 of the Charter of the City of Caliente, being chapter 31, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 954, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5.010 [Municipal] General municipal elections.

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2:
- (a) On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June 1973, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that





purpose, a Mayor and one Council Member who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.

(b) On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June [1975, and at each successive interval of 4 years thereafter,] 2013, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Mayor and two Council Members who shall hold office [for a period of 4 years and] until their successors have been elected and qualified [-

(c) On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June 1975, there shall be elected by the qualified voters of the City at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose one Council Member who shall hold office for a period of 2 years and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified.

(d) pursuant to subsection 3.

- 2. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2016, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, two Council Members who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- 3. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in [June 1977,] November 2018, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Mayor and two Council Members, who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- [2. The City Council may by ordinance provide for a primary municipal election and general municipal election on the dates set forth for primary elections and general elections pursuant to the provisions of chapter 293 of NRS.
- 3. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 2, the dates set forth in NRS 293.12755, in subsections 2 to 5, inclusive, of NRS 293.165 and in NRS 293.175, 293.177, 293.345 and 293.368 apply for the purposes of conducting the primary municipal elections and general municipal elections.
- 4. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 2, the term of office of any elected official may be shortened but may not be lengthened as a result of the ordinance.





Sec. 25. The Charter of the City of Henderson, being chapter 266, Statutes of Nevada 1971, at page 402, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be designated as section 5.120, immediately following section 5.110, to read as follows:

Sec. 5.120 Continuation of certain officers.

- 1. The three Council Members elected at the general municipal election held in June 2011 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors pursuant to subsection 2 of section 5.020.
- 2. The Municipal Judge for Department 2 elected at the general municipal election held in June 2009 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of his or her successor pursuant to subsection 3 of section 5.020.
- 3. The Municipal Judge for Department 3 elected at the general municipal election held in June 2011 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of his or her successor pursuant to subsection 5 of section 5.020.
- **Sec. 26.** Section 2.010 of the Charter of the City of Henderson, being chapter 266, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 955, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 2.010 City Council: Qualifications; election; term of office; salary.
 - 1. The legislative power of the City is vested in a City Council consisting of four Council Members and the Mayor.
 - 2. The Mayor must be:
 - (a) A bona fide resident of the territory which is established by the boundaries of the City for the 12 months immediately preceding the last day for filing a declaration of candidacy for the office.
 - (b) A qualified elector within the City.
 - 3. Each Council Member must be:
 - (a) A bona fide resident of the territory which is established by the boundaries of the City for the 12 months immediately preceding the last day for filing a declaration of candidacy for the office.
 - (b) A qualified elector within the ward which he or she represents.
 - (c) A resident of the ward which he or she represents for at least 30 days immediately preceding the last day for filing a declaration of candidacy for the office, except that changes in ward boundaries pursuant to the provisions of section 1.040 do not affect the right of any elected Council Member





to continue in office for the term for which he or she was elected.

- 4. All Council Members, including the Mayor, must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large and, except as otherwise provided in [section] sections 5.020 [3] and 5.120, shall serve for terms of 4 years.
- 5. The Mayor and Council Members are entitled to receive a salary in an amount fixed by the City Council. The City Council shall not adopt an ordinance which increases or decreases the salary of the Mayor or the Council Members during the term for which they have been elected or appointed.
- **Sec. 27.** Section 4.015 of the Charter of the City of Henderson, being chapter 231, Statutes of Nevada 1991, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 955, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 4.015 Municipal Court.

- 1. There is a Municipal Court of the City which consists of at least one department. Each department must be presided over by a Municipal Judge and has such power and jurisdiction as is prescribed in, and is, in all respects which are not inconsistent with this Charter, governed by, the provisions of chapters 5 and 266 of NRS which relate to municipal courts.
- 2. The City Council may from time to time establish additional departments of the Municipal Court and shall appoint an additional Municipal Judge for each.
- 3. At the first primary or general municipal election which follows the appointment of an additional Municipal Judge to a newly created department of the Municipal Court, the successor to that Municipal Judge must be elected for a term of not more than 5 years, as determined by the City Council, in order that, as nearly as practicable, one-third of the number of Municipal Judges be elected every 2 years.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, each Municipal Judge must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large and, except as otherwise provided in **[section]** sections 5.020 **[3]** and 5.120, shall serve for a term of 6 years.
- 5. The respective departments of the Municipal Court must be numbered 1 through the appropriate Arabic number, as additional departments are approved by the City Council. A Municipal Judge must be elected for each department by number.





6. The Senior Municipal Judge is selected by a majority of the sitting judges for a term of 2 years. If no Municipal Judge receives a majority of the votes, the Senior Municipal Judge is the Municipal Judge who has continuously served as a Municipal Judge for the longest period.

Sec. 28. Section 5.010 of the Charter of the City of Henderson, being chapter 266, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 956, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5.010 Primary municipal election.

- 1. [Except as otherwise provided in section 5.020, a] A primary municipal election must be held on the [Tuesday after the first Monday in April of each odd numbered year,] date fixed by the election laws of this State for statewide elections, at which time there must be nominated candidates for offices to be voted for at the next general municipal election.
- 2. A candidate for any office to be voted for at any primary municipal election must file a declaration of candidacy as provided by the election laws of this State.
- 3. All candidates for elective office must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large.
- 4. If in the primary municipal election no candidate receives a majority of votes cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the names of the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes must be placed on the ballot for the general municipal election. If in the primary municipal election, regardless of the number of candidates for an office, one candidate receives a majority of votes cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, he or she must be declared elected and no general municipal election need be held for that office.
- **Sec. 29.** Section 5.020 of the Charter of the City of Henderson, being chapter 266, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 957, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 5.020 General municipal election.
 - 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2:
 - (a) A general municipal election must be held in the City on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June of each odd-numbered year and on the same day every 2 years thereafter, at which time the registered voters of the City shall elect city officers to fill the available elective positions.
 - (b) All candidates for the office of Mayor, Council Member and Municipal Judge must be voted upon by the





registered voters of the City at large. The term of office for members of the City Council and the Mayor is 4 years. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of section 4.015, the term of office for a Municipal Judge is 6 years.

(e) On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June 2013, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose:

(a) A Mayor and one Council Member who shall hold office until their successors have been elected and qualified pursuant to subsection 4; and

(b) A Municipal Judge for Department 1 who shall hold office until his or her successor has been elected and qualified pursuant to subsection 6.

2. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2016, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election held for that purpose, three Council Members who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.

3. On the Tuesday after the first Monday in [June 2001,] November 2016, and [every] at each successive interval of 6 years, [thereafter,] there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Municipal Judge for Department [1] 2 who will hold office for a period of 6 years and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified.

[(d)] 4. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2018, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election held for that purpose, a Mayor and one Council Member who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.

5. On the Tuesday after the first Monday in [June 2003] November 2018 and [every] at each successive interval of 6 years, [thereafter,] there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Municipal Judge for Department [2] 3 who will hold office for a period of 6 years and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified.

[(e) On the Tuesday after the first Monday in June 2005, and every 6 years thereafter, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to





be held for that purpose, a Municipal Judge for Department 3 who will hold office until his or her successor has been elected and qualified.

- 2. The City Council may by ordinance provide for a primary municipal election and general municipal election on the dates set forth for primary elections and general elections pursuant to the provisions of chapter 293 of NRS.
- 3. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 2, the dates set forth in NRS 293.12755, in subsections 2 to 5, inclusive, of NRS 293.165 and in NRS 293.175, 293.177, 293.345 and 293.368 apply for the purposes of conducting the primary municipal elections and general municipal elections.
- 4. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 2, the ordinance must not affect the term of office of any elected official of the City serving in office on the effective date of the ordinance. The next succeeding term for that office may be shortened but may not be lengthened as a result of the ordinance.
- 6. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2020, and at each successive interval of 6 years, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election held for that purpose, a Municipal Judge for Department 1 who shall hold office for a period of 6 years and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified.
- **Sec. 30.** The Charter of the City of Las Vegas, being chapter 517, Statutes of Nevada 1983, at page 1391, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be designated as section 5.140, immediately following section 5.130, to read as follows:

Sec. 5.140 Continuation of certain officers.

- 1. The Mayor and Council Members from oddnumbered wards elected at the general municipal election held in June 2011 shall continue in office until the general municipal election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors pursuant to subsection 2 of section 5.020.
- 2. The Municipal Judges for Departments 1, 4 and 6 elected at the general municipal election held in June 2009 shall continue in office until the general municipal election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors pursuant to subsection 3 of section 5.020.
- 3. The Municipal Judges for Departments 2, 3 and 5 elected at the general municipal election held in June 2011 shall continue in office until the general municipal election,





and qualification thereafter, of their successors pursuant to subsection 5 of section 5.020.

Sec. 31. Section 1.140 of the Charter of the City of Las Vegas, being chapter 517, Statutes of Nevada 1983, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 958, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1.140 Elective offices.

- 1. The elective officers of the City consist of:
- (a) A Mayor.

- (b) One Council Member from each ward.
- (c) Municipal Judges.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in [section] sections 5.020 [and 5.140, the terms of office of the Mayor and Council Members are 4 years.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of section 4.010 and [section] sections 5.020 [3] and 5.140, the term of office of a Municipal Judge is 6 years.
- **Sec. 32.** Section 1.160 of the Charter of the City of Las Vegas, being chapter 517, Statutes of Nevada 1983, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 958, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 1.160 Elective offices: Vacancies. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 268.325:
 - 1. A vacancy in the office of Mayor, Council Member or Municipal Judge must be filled by the majority vote of the entire City Council within 30 days after the occurrence of that vacancy. A person may be selected to fill a prospective vacancy before the vacancy occurs. In such a case, each member of the Council, except any member whose term of office expires before the occurrence of the vacancy, may participate in any action taken by the Council pursuant to this section. The appointee must have the same qualifications as are required of the elective official, including, without limitation, any applicable residency requirement.
 - 2. Except as otherwise provided in section 5.010, no appointment extends beyond the first regular meeting of the City Council that follows the next general municipal election, at that election the office must be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term, or beyond the first regular meeting of the City Council after the Tuesday after the first Monday in the next succeeding [June] November in an [odd-numbered] even-numbered] year, if no general municipal election is held in that year.





- **Sec. 33.** Section 5.010 of the Charter of the City of Las Vegas, being chapter 517, Statutes of Nevada 1983, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 959, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 5.010 Primary municipal elections. [Except as otherwise provided in section 5.020:
 - 1. On the Tuesday after the first Monday in April 2001, and at each successive interval of 4 years, al
 - 1. A primary municipal election must be held in the City [at which time candidates for half of the offices of Council Member and for Municipal Judge, Department 2, must be nominated.
 - 2. On the Tuesday after the first Monday in April 2003, and at each successive interval of 4 years, a primary municipal election must be held in the City at which time candidates for Mayor, for the other half of the offices of Council Member and for Municipal Judge, Department 1, must be nominated.
 - $\frac{3.1}{}$ on the date fixed by the election laws of this State for statewide elections.
 - 2. In the primary municipal elections:
 - (a) The candidates for Council Member who are to be nominated [as provided in subsections 1 and 2] must be nominated and voted for separately according to the respective wards. [The candidates from each even numbered ward must be nominated as provided in subsection 1, and the candidates from each odd numbered ward must be nominated as provided in subsection 2.
 - department or departments of the Municipal Court pursuant to section 4.010 and, as a result, more than one office of Municipal Judge is to be filled at any election, the candidates for those offices must be nominated and voted upon separately according to the respective departments.
 - [5.] 3. Each candidate for [the municipal offices which are provided for in subsections 1, 2 and 4] municipal office must file a declaration of candidacy with the City Clerk. All filing fees collected by the City Clerk must be paid into the City Treasury.
 - [6.] 4. If, in the primary municipal election, regardless of the number of candidates for an office, one candidate receives a majority of votes which are cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, he or she must be declared elected for the term which commences on the day of the first regular meeting of the City Council next





succeeding the meeting at which the canvass of the returns is made, and no general municipal election need be held for that office. If, in the primary municipal election, no candidate receives a majority of votes which are cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the names of the two candidates who receive the highest number of votes must be placed on the ballot for the general municipal election.

Sec. 34. Section 5.020 of the Charter of the City of Las Vegas, being chapter 517, Statutes of Nevada 1983, as amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 960, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5.020 General municipal election.

- 1. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2,] On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June 2013, there must be elected at a general municipal election [must be] held [in the City on the Tuesday after the first Monday in June of each odd-numbered year and on the same day every 2 years thereafter, at which time there must be elected those officers whose offices are required to be filled by election in that year.
- 2. The City Council may by ordinance provide for a primary municipal election and general municipal election on the dates set forth for primary elections and general elections pursuant to the provisions of chapter 293 of NRS.
- 3. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 2, the dates set forth in NRS 293.12755, in subsections 2 to 5, inclusive, of NRS 293.165 and in NRS 293.175, 293.177, 293.345 and 293.368 apply for the purposes of conducting the primary municipal elections and general municipal elections.
- 4. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 2, the ordinance must not affect the term of office of any elected official of the City serving in office on the effective date of the ordinance. The next succeeding term for that office may be shortened but may not be lengthened as a result of the ordinance.
- —5.] for that purpose, the Council Members from evennumbered wards who shall hold office until their successors have been elected and qualified pursuant to subsection 4.
- 2. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2016, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected, at a general municipal election held for that purpose, the Mayor and Council Members from odd-numbered wards who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.





- 3. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2016, and at each successive interval of 6 years, there must be elected, at a general municipal election held for that purpose, Municipal Judges for Departments 1, 4 and 6 who shall hold office for a period of 6 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- 4. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2018, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected, at a general municipal election held for that purpose, the Council Members from even-numbered wards who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- 5. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2018, and at each successive interval of 6 years, there must be elected, at a general municipal election held for that purpose, Municipal Judges for Departments 2, 3 and 5 who shall hold office for a period of 6 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- **6.** All candidates for elective office, except the office of Council Member, must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large.
- **Sec. 35.** The Charter of the City of North Las Vegas, being chapter 573, Statutes of Nevada 1971, at page 1210, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be designated as section 5.100, immediately following section 5.090, to read as follows:

Sec. 5.100 Continuation of certain officers.

- 1. The two Council Members elected at the general municipal election held in June 2011 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors pursuant to subsection 2 of section 5.010.
- 2. The Municipal Judge for Department 2 elected at the general municipal election held in June 2009 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of his or her successor pursuant to subsection 3 of section 5.010.
- 3. The Municipal Judge for Department 1 elected at the general municipal election held in June 2011 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of his or her successor pursuant to subsection 5 of section 5.010.





- **Sec. 36.** Section 2.010 of the Charter of the City of North Las Vegas, being chapter 573, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 961, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 2.010 City Council: Qualifications; election; term of office; salary.
 - 1. The legislative power of the City is vested in a City Council consisting of four Council Members and a Mayor.
 - 2. The Mayor must be:

- (a) A bona fide resident of the City for at least 6 months immediately preceding his or her election.
 - (b) A qualified elector within the City.
 - 3. Each Council Member:
- (a) Must be a qualified elector who has resided in the ward which he or she represents for at least 30 days immediately preceding the last day for filing a declaration of candidacy for his or her office.
- (b) Must continue to live in the ward he or she represents, except that changes in ward boundaries made pursuant to section 1.045 will not affect the right of any elected Council Member to continue in office for the term for which he or she was elected.
- 4. At the time of filing, if so required by an ordinance duly enacted, candidates for the office of Mayor and Council Member shall produce evidence in satisfaction of any or all of the qualifications provided in subsection 2 or 3, whichever is applicable.
- 5. Each Council Member must be voted upon only by the registered voters of the ward that he or she seeks to represent, and except as otherwise provided in sections 5.010 and [5.025,] 5.100, his or her term of office is 4 years.
- 6. The Mayor must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large, and except as otherwise provided in [sections] section 5.010, [and 5.025,] his or her term of office is 4 years.
- 7. The Mayor and Council Members are entitled to receive a salary in an amount fixed by the City Council.
- **Sec. 37.** Section 4.005 of the Charter of the City of North Las Vegas, being chapter 215, Statutes of Nevada 1997, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 962, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 4.005 Municipal Court.
 - 1. There is a Municipal Court of the City which consists of at least one department. Each department must be presided over by a Municipal Judge and has such power and





jurisdiction as is prescribed in, and is, in all respects which are not inconsistent with this Charter, governed by the provisions of chapters 5 and 266 of NRS which relate to municipal courts.

- 2. The City Council may, from time to time, by ordinance, establish additional departments of the Municipal Court and shall appoint an additional Municipal Judge for each additional department.
- 3. At the first primary or general municipal election that follows the appointment of an additional Municipal Judge to a newly created department of the Municipal Court, the successor to that Municipal Judge must be elected for an initial term of not more than 6 years, as determined by the City Council, in order that, as nearly as practicable, one-third of the number of Municipal Judges be elected every 2 years.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided by the ordinance establishing an additional department, each Municipal Judge must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large and, except as otherwise provided in sections 5.010 and [5.025,] 5.100, holds office for a period of 6 years and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified.
- 5. The respective departments of the Municipal Court must be numbered 1 through the appropriate Arabic numeral, as additional departments are approved by the City Council. A Municipal Judge must be elected for each department by number.
- **Sec. 38.** Section 5.010 of the Charter of the City of North Las Vegas, being chapter 573, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 962, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 5.010 General municipal elections.
 - 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 5.025:
 - (a) On the Tuesday after the first Monday in June [1977, and at each successive interval of 4 years thereafter,] 2013, there must be elected, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Mayor and two Council Members, who shall hold office [for a period of 4 years and] until their successors have been elected and qualified [-
 - (b) On the Tuesday after the first Monday in June 1975, and at each successive interval of 4 years thereafter, there must be elected, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, two Council Members, who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
 - -2. pursuant to subsection 4.





- 2. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2016, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, two Council Members who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- 3. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2016, and at each successive interval of 6 years, there must be elected, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Municipal Judge for Department 2 who shall hold office for a period of 6 years and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified.
- 4. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2018, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Mayor and two Council Members who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
- 5. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2018, and at each successive interval of 6 years, there must be elected, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Municipal Judge for Department 1 who shall hold office for a period of 6 years and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified.
 - **6.** In a general municipal election:
- (a) A candidate for the office of City Council Member must be elected only by the registered voters of the ward that he or she seeks to represent.
- (b) Candidates for all other elective offices must be elected by the registered voters of the City at large.
- **Sec. 39.** Section 5.020 of the Charter of the City of North Las Vegas, being chapter 573, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 963, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 5.020 Primary municipal elections; declaration of candidacy.
 - 1. The City Council shall provide by ordinance for candidates for elective office to declare their candidacy and file the necessary documents. The seats for City Council Members must be designated by the numbers one through four, which numbers must correspond with the wards the candidates for City Council Members will seek to represent. A candidate for the office of City Council Member shall include in his or her declaration of candidacy the number of the ward which he or she seeks to represent. Each candidate





for City Council must be designated as a candidate for the City Council seat that corresponds with the ward that he or she seeks to represent.

- 2. [Except as otherwise provided in section 5.025, a] A primary municipal election must be held on the [Tuesday following the first Monday in April preceding the general municipal election,] date fixed by the election laws of this State for statewide elections, at which time there must be nominated candidates for offices to be voted for at the next general municipal election. In the primary municipal election:
- (a) A candidate for the office of City Council Member must be voted upon only by the registered voters of the ward that he or she seeks to represent.

(b) Candidates for all other elective offices must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large.

- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, after the primary municipal election, the names of the two candidates who receive the highest number of votes must be placed on the ballot for the general municipal election.
- 4. If, regardless of the number of candidates for an office, one candidate receives a majority of the total votes cast for that office in the primary municipal election, he or she must be declared elected to that office and no general municipal election need be held for that office.
- **Sec. 40.** The Charter of the City of Yerington, being chapter 465, Statutes of Nevada 1971, at page 901, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be designated as section 5.110, immediately following section 5.100, to read as follows:

Sec. 5.110 Continuation of certain officers.

The Mayor and two Council Members elected at the general municipal election held in June 2011 shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors pursuant to subsection 2 of section 5.010.

- **Sec. 41.** Section 2.010 of the Charter of the City of Yerington, being chapter 465, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 963, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 2.010 City Council: Qualifications; election; term of office; salary.
 - 1. The legislative power of the City is vested in a City Council consisting of four Council Members.
 - 2. The Council Members must be:
 - (a) Bona fide residents of the City for at least 6 months immediately preceding their election.
 - (b) Qualified electors in the City.





- 3. All Council Members must be voted upon by the registered voters of the City at large and, except as otherwise provided in [section] sections 5.010 [,] and 5.110, shall serve for terms of 4 years.
- 4. The Council Members shall receive a salary in an amount fixed by the City Council.
- **Sec. 42.** Section 5.010 of the Charter of the City of Yerington, being chapter 465, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as amended by chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 964, is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 5.010 [Municipal] General municipal elections.
 - 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2:
 - (a) On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June [1975, and at each successive interval of 4 years,] 2013, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, [a Mayor and] two Council Members, who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified [-
 - (b) pursuant to subsection 3.
 - 2. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in [June 1977,] November 2016, and at each successive interval of 4 years, [thereafter,] there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, a Mayor and two Council Members, who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.
 - [2. The City Council may by ordinance provide for a primary municipal election and general municipal election on the dates set forth for primary elections and general elections pursuant to the provisions of chapter 293 of NRS.
 - 3. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 2, the dates set forth in NRS 293.12755, in subsections 2 to 5, inclusive, of NRS 293.165 and in NRS 293.175, 293.177, 293.345 and 293.368 apply for the purposes of conducting the primary municipal elections and general municipal elections.
 - 4. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 2, the term of office of any elected official may be shortened but may not be lengthened as a result of the ordinance.
 - 3. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2018, and at each successive interval of 4 years, there must be elected by the qualified voters of the City, at a general municipal election to be held for that purpose, two





Council Members, who shall hold office for a period of 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified.

- **Sec. 43.** Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if a city incorporated pursuant to general law holds a general city election in:
- 1. June 2013, the elective city officers who are elected at such general city election shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors in the general city election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2016.
- 2. June 2015, the elective city officers who are elected at such general city election shall continue in office until the election, and qualification thereafter, of their successors in the general city election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 2018.
- **Sec. 44.** Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if the term of any elective city officer whose term of office expires in 2015, 2017 or 2019 is not otherwise extended or shortened pursuant to sections 1 to 43, inclusive, of this act, the person or entity designated by law to fill vacancies that occur on the city council of the city shall appoint the incumbent elective city officer to serve as city council member, mayor, municipal judge or other elective city officer, as applicable, in that office until his or her successor is elected and qualified at the general election in 2016, 2018 or 2020, as applicable, if that person is willing to serve in that capacity. If the person is not willing to serve in that capacity, the position must be filled in the same manner as if a vacancy occurred in the position.
- Sec. 45. Section 5.025 of the Charter of the City of North Las Vegas, being chapter 218, Statutes of Nevada 2011, at page 961, is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 46. 1. This section and sections 20 to 45, inclusive, of this act become effective upon passage and approval.
- 2. Sections 1 to 12, inclusive, 18 and 19 of this act become effective on July 1, 2015.
- 37 3. Sections 13 to 17, inclusive, of this act become effective on January 19, 2016.



1 2



TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

Sec. 5.025 City Council authorized to provide for primary and general municipal elections in even-numbered years.

1. The City Council may by ordinance provide for a primary municipal election and general municipal election on the dates set forth for primary elections and general elections pursuant to the provisions of chapter 293 of NRS.

2. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 1, the dates set forth in NRS 293.12755, in subsections 2 to 5, inclusive, of NRS 293.165 and in NRS 293.175, 293.177, 293.345 and 293.368 apply for the purposes of conducting the primary municipal elections and general municipal elections.

3. If the City Council adopts an ordinance pursuant to subsection 1, the ordinance must not affect the term of office of any elected official of the City serving in office on the effective date of the ordinance. The next succeeding term for that office may be shortened but may not be lengthened as a result of the ordinance.





