ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 444–ASSEMBLYMAN OHRENSCHALL

MARCH 27, 2017

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Sets forth certain requirements relating to the search and seizure of the property of an attorney. (BDR 14-1072)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to search warrants; setting forth certain requirements relating to the search of the property of an attorney; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law sets forth the grounds upon which a search warrant may be issued 1 23456789 by a magistrate of this State. (NRS 179.025, 179.035) Section 3 of this bill sets forth additional grounds upon which a search warrant may be issued to search and seize the property of an attorney. Section 4 of this bill: (1) requires such a search warrant to be executed in a manner that minimizes the scrutiny of the property that is subject to the attorney-client privilege; and (2) authorizes a team of certain officers and attorneys to review property during the search to determine whether the property is covered by the search warrant. **Section 5** of this bill requires a district attorney or the Attorney General to ensure that any property seized during a 10 search conducted pursuant to such a search warrant is: (1) reviewed to determine 11 whether the attorney-client privilege applies; and (2) returned to the attorney from 12 whom the property was seized if the seized property is subject to the attorney-client 13 privilege.





THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Chapter 179 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 2 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 5, inclusive, of this 3 act.

4 Sec. 2. As used in sections 2 to 5, inclusive, of this act, unless 5 the context otherwise requires, "property" has the meaning 6 ascribed to it in NRS 179.015.

7 Sec. 3. 1. A search warrant may be issued by a magistrate 8 of the State of Nevada to search for and seize any property of an 9 attorney engaged in the practice of law if:

10 (a) Such a search warrant is authorized pursuant to NRS 11 179.015 to 179.115, inclusive;

12 (b) The property to be seized cannot be obtained using a 13 subpoena or other less intrusive means;

14 *(c)* The search warrant describes the property to be seized as 15 specifically as possible to minimize, to the extent possible, the 16 search and review of property that is subject to the attorney-client 17 privilege; and

18 (d) The search warrant includes a statement indicating that it 19 is the intention of the district attorney or the Attorney General that 20 the search warrant is executed in a manner to ensure that an 21 attorney-client privilege is not violated.

22 2. In determining whether a subpoena or other less intrusive 23 means can be used to obtain the property to be seized pursuant to 24 the search warrant, the magistrate shall consider whether the use 25 of a subpoena or other less intrusive means of obtaining the 26 property would likely:

(a) Compromise the criminal investigation or prosecution;

(b) Result in the obstruction or destruction of evidence; or

(c) Otherwise be ineffective.

30 Sec. 4. 1. A search warrant authorized pursuant to section 31 3 of this act must be executed in such a manner as to minimize, to 32 the greatest extent possible, the scrutiny of any property that is 33 subject to the attorney-client privilege.

2. Property which is arguably subject to the attorney-client privilege may be reviewed during a search conducted pursuant to a search warrant issued pursuant to section 3 of this act to determine whether the property is covered by the search warrant if:

39 (a) The property is reviewed by a team of officers and 40 attorneys who are designated by the district attorney or the 41 Attorney General and who are not part of the underlying criminal 42 investigation or prosecution;



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1 (b) The attorneys designated to the team described in 2 paragraph (a) do not participate in the search itself; and

3 (c) The team of officers and attorneys described in paragraph (a) do not disclose any privileged information obtained through 4 the search to the officers and attorneys who are part of the 5 underlying criminal investigation or prosecution. 6

7 Sec. 5. A district attorney or the Attorney General shall ensure that any property seized during a search conducted under a 8 search warrant issued pursuant to section 3 of this act is reviewed 9 to determine whether the attorney-client privilege applies and that 10 any seized property that is subject to the attorney-client privilege is 11 12 returned as provided in NRS 179.105 to the attorney from whom 13 the property was seized. 14

Sec. 6. NRS 179.105 is hereby amended to read as follows:

15 179.105 All property or things taken on a warrant must be 16 retained in an officer's custody, subject to the order of the court to 17 which the officer is required to return the proceedings before the 18 officer, or of any other court in which the offense in respect to 19 which the property or things are taken is triable. If it appears that the 20 property taken is not the same as that described in the warrant, for that there is no probable cause for believing the existence of the 21 22 grounds on which the warrant was issued H or that the property is determined pursuant to section 5 of this act to be subject to the 23 attorney-client privilege, the magistrate shall cause it to be restored 24 25 to the person from whom it was taken. However, no search warrant shall be quashed by any magistrate or judge within this State nor 26 27 shall any evidence based upon a search warrant be suppressed in any action or proceeding because of mere technical 28 criminal 29 irregularities which do not affect the substantial rights of the 30 accused

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