ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 7-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE NEVADA GAMING CONTROL BOARD)

Prefiled November 18, 2020

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions related to gaming. (BDR 41-279)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to gaming; revising certain definitions relating to gaming, including revising the definition of "associated equipment" to include inter-casino linked systems; revising, removing and repealing various provisions related to inter-casino linked systems; requiring certain persons involved in the manufacturing or distribution of associated equipment to register with the Nevada Gaming Control Board; requiring the amount of live entertainment tax to be displayed on tickets for admission to live entertainment at certain licensed gaming establishments; repealing provisions relating to business entities who place race book and sports pool wagers; repealing provisions concerning personnel of labor organizations for gaming casino employees; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law authorizes the Nevada Gaming Commission to issue licenses to certain persons for the operation of inter-casino linked systems. (NRS 463.170) Existing law requires an operator of an inter-casino linked system to pay an initial licensing fee of \$500 and an annual renewal fee of \$500, in addition to the proportionate share of certain other licensing fees. (NRS 463.245, 463.370, 463.3715, 463.375, 463.385, 463.3855) Existing law defines an "operator of an inter-casino linked system" as a person who under certain agreements places and operates an inter-casino linked system upon the premises of two or more licensed gaming establishments and who is authorized to share in the revenue from the linked games without needing a license to conduct gaming at the establishment. (NRS 463.01805) Moreover, existing law defines an "inter-casino linked system"





as a network of electronically interfaced similar games located at two or more licensed gaming establishments and linked to conduct gaming activities, contests or tournaments. (NRS 463.01643)

Existing law defines "associated equipment" as any equipment or certain contrivances, components or machines used remotely or directly in connection with gaming, any game, race book or sports pool that would not otherwise be classified as a gaming device. (NRS 463.0136) Existing law defines "manufacturer" to mean any person who operates, carries on, conducts or maintains any form of manufacture. (NRS 463.0172) Moreover, existing law defines "manufacture" to include: (1) manufacturing, producing, programming, designing, controlling the design of or making modifications to associated equipment; (2) directing or controlling the methods and processes used to design, develop, program, assemble, produce, fabricate, compose and combine the components and other tangible objects of associated equipment; (3) assembling, or controlling the assembly of associated equipment; or (4) assuming responsibility for any such act. (NRS 463.01715)

Section 2 of this bill revises the definition of "associated equipment" to include inter-casino linked systems, thereby making inter-casino linked systems subject to the same regulation and control as associated equipment, except that section 9 of this bill retains certain provisions related to the authority of the Commission to adopt certain regulations related to inter-casino linked systems. Sections 1, 4, 6-8, 10-13, 15-19, 21 and 23 of this bill remove or repeal all other provisions with individual references to inter-casino linked systems.

Existing law: (1) requires manufacturers and distributors of associated equipment to register with the Nevada Gaming Control Board under certain circumstances; (2) establishes a maximum fee of \$1,000 for any application, issuance or renewal of such registration; and (3) authorizes the Board to require any person who is not otherwise required to be licensed as a manufacturer or distributor of associated equipment, and who is directly or indirectly involved in the sale, transfer or offering for use or play in Nevada of associated equipment, to file an application for a finding of suitability. (NRS 463.665) Section 20 of this bill: (1) requires persons who have a significant involvement in the manufacturing or distribution of associated equipment to register with the Board under certain circumstances; (2) removes the limitation on the fee that may be charged for the application or renewal of registration for a manufacturer or distributor of associated equipment; and (3) removes the authorization for a finding of suitability for certain persons involved in the sale, transfer or offering for use or play in Nevada of associated equipment.

Existing law defines the terms "game" or "gambling game" to include a game or device approved by the Commission. (NRS 463.0152) **Section 3** of this bill revises this definition to include a game or device approved by the Board instead of the Commission.

Existing law defines the terms "associated equipment," "game" or "gambling game" and "gambling device" to include references to electromechanical contrivances, components, machines, devices, displays or units, as applicable. (NRS 463.0136, 463.0152, 463.0155) **Sections 2, 3 and 5** of this bill revise these definitions by removing certain electromechanical references.

Existing law imposes an excise tax on admission to certain facilities where there is live entertainment and provides that the rate of the tax is 9 percent of the admission charge to the facility. Existing law requires: (1) each admissions ticket to any such facility to display the admission charge on the ticket; or (2) the seller of the ticket to display the admission charge at the box office or other like place. (NRS 368A.200) Existing law defines "admission charge" as the total amount of consideration paid for the right or privilege to enter or have access to live entertainment at a facility. (NRS 368A.020) Section 22 of this bill requires the



<u>2</u>9

 $\overline{30}$



admission ticket or the seller to display the amount of the live entertainment tax, instead of the admission charge, if the ticket is for admission to a facility for live entertainment in certain licensed gaming establishments.

Existing law authorizes certain business entities to place race book and sports pool wagers under certain circumstances. Existing law also authorizes the Commission to adopt regulations governing the acceptance of such wagers. (NRS 463.800) **Section 23** of this bill repeals this provision. **Section 14** of this bill makes a conforming change to reflect the repealed section.

Existing law regulates the personnel of labor organizations for gaming casino employees. (Chapter 463A of NRS) **Section 23** repeals the provisions of chapter 463A of NRS.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 463.0129 is hereby amended to read as follows:

463.0129 1. The Legislature hereby finds, and declares to be the public policy of this state, that:

(a) The gaming industry is vitally important to the economy of the State and the general welfare of the inhabitants.

- (b) The continued growth and success of gaming is dependent upon public confidence and trust that licensed gaming and the manufacture, sale and distribution of gaming devices and associated equipment are conducted honestly and competitively, that establishments which hold restricted and nonrestricted licenses where gaming is conducted and where gambling devices are operated do not unduly impact the quality of life enjoyed by residents of the surrounding neighborhoods, that the rights of the creditors of licensees are protected and that gaming is free from criminal and corruptive elements.
- (c) Public confidence and trust can only be maintained by strict regulation of all persons, locations, practices, associations and activities related to the operation of licensed gaming establishments [.] and the manufacture, sale or distribution of gaming devices and associated equipment. [and the operation of inter casino linked systems.]
- (d) All establishments where gaming is conducted and where gaming devices are operated, and manufacturers, sellers and distributors of certain gaming devices and equipment [, and operators of inter-casino linked systems] must therefore be licensed, controlled and assisted to protect the public health, safety, morals, good order and general welfare of the inhabitants of the State, to foster the stability and success of gaming and to preserve the competitive economy and policies of free competition of the State of Nevada.





- (e) To ensure that gaming is conducted honestly, competitively and free of criminal and corruptive elements, all gaming establishments in this state must remain open to the general public and the access of the general public to gaming activities must not be restricted in any manner except as provided by the Legislature.
- 2. No applicant for a license or other affirmative Commission or Board approval has any right to a license or the granting of the approval sought. Any license issued or other Commission or Board approval granted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or chapter 464 of NRS is a revocable privilege, and no holder acquires any vested right therein or thereunder.
 - 3. This section does not:

- (a) Abrogate or abridge any common-law right of a gaming establishment to exclude any person from gaming activities or eject any person from the premises of the establishment for any reason; or
- (b) Prohibit a licensee from establishing minimum wagers for any gambling game or slot machine.

Sec. 2. NRS 463.0136 is hereby amended to read as follows:

463.0136 "Associated equipment" means any equipment or mechanical [, electromechanical] or electronic contrivance, component or machine used remotely or directly in connection with gaming, any game, race book or sports pool that would not otherwise be classified as a gaming device, including dice, playing cards, links which connect to progressive slot machines, *intercasino linked systems*, equipment which affects the proper reporting of gross revenue, computerized systems of betting at a race book or sports pool, computerized systems for monitoring slot machines and devices for weighing or counting money.

Sec. 3. NRS 463.0152 is hereby amended to read as follows:

463.0152 "Game" or "gambling game" means any game played with cards, dice, equipment or any mechanical [, electromechanical] or electronic device or machine for money, property, checks, credit or any representative of value, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, faro, monte, roulette, keno, bingo, fan-tan, twenty-one, blackjack, seven-and-ahalf, big injun, klondike, craps, poker, chuck-a-luck, Chinese chuck-a-luck (dai shu), wheel of fortune, chemin de fer, baccarat, pai gow, beat the banker, panguingui, slot machine, any banking or percentage game or any other game or device approved by the [Commission,] Board, but does not include games played with cards in private homes or residences in which no person makes money for operating the game, except as a player, or games operated by qualified organizations that are registered by the Chair pursuant to the provisions of chapter 462 of NRS.





Sec. 4. NRS 463.0153 is hereby amended to read as follows: 463.0153 "Gaming" or "gambling" means to deal, operate, carry on, conduct, maintain or expose for play any game as defined

carry on, conduct, maintain or expose for play any game as defined in NRS 463.0152. [, or to operate an inter-casino linked system.]

- **Sec. 5.** NRS 463.0155 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.0155 "Gaming device" means any object used remotely or directly in connection with gaming or any game which affects the result of a wager by determining win or loss and which does not otherwise constitute associated equipment. The term includes, without limitation:
 - 1. A slot machine.

- 2. Mobile gaming.
- 3. A collection of two or more of the following components:
- (a) An assembled electronic circuit which cannot be reasonably demonstrated to have any use other than in a slot machine;
- (b) A cabinet with electrical wiring and provisions for mounting a coin, token or currency acceptor and provisions for mounting a dispenser of coins, tokens or anything of value;
- (c) An assembled mechanical or electromechanical display unit intended for use in gambling; or
- (d) An assembled mechanical [or electromechanical] unit which cannot be demonstrated to have any use other than in a slot machine.
- 4. Any object which may be connected to or used with a slot machine to alter the normal criteria of random selection or affect the outcome of a game.
- 5. A system for the accounting or management of any game in which the result of the wager is determined electronically by using any combination of hardware or software for computers.
 - 6. A control program.
- 7. Any combination of one of the components set forth in paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, of subsection 3 and any other component which the Commission determines by regulation to be a machine used directly or remotely in connection with gaming or any game which affects the results of a wager by determining a win or loss.
- 8. Any object that has been determined to be a gaming device pursuant to regulations adopted by the Commission.
 - 9. As used in this section:
- (a) "Control program" means any software, source language or executable code which affects the result of a wager by determining win or loss as determined pursuant to regulations adopted by the Commission.
- (b) "Mobile gaming" means the conduct of gambling games through communications devices operated solely in an establishment which holds a nonrestricted gaming license and which operates at





least 100 slot machines and at least one other game by the use of communications technology that allows a person to transmit information to a computer to assist in the placing of a bet or wager and corresponding information related to the display of the game, game outcomes or other similar information. For the purposes of this paragraph, "communications technology" means any method used and the components employed by an establishment to facilitate the transmission of information, including, without limitation, transmission and reception by systems based on wireless network, wireless fidelity, wire, cable, radio, microwave, light, optics or computer data networks. The term does not include the Internet.

Sec. 6. NRS 463.0157 is hereby amended to read as follows:

463.0157 1. "Gaming employee" means any person connected directly with an operator of a slot route, the operator of a pari-mutuel system [, the operator of an inter casino linked system] or a manufacturer, distributor or disseminator, or with the operation of a gaming establishment licensed to conduct any game, 16 or more slot machines, a race book, sports pool or pari-mutuel wagering, including:

- (a) Accounting or internal auditing personnel who are directly involved in any recordkeeping or the examination of records associated with revenue from gaming;
 - (b) Boxpersons;
 - (c) Cashiers;

- (d) Change personnel;
- (e) Counting room personnel;
- (f) Dealers;
- (g) Employees of a person required by NRS 464.010 to be licensed to operate an off-track pari-mutuel system;
- (h) Employees of a person required by NRS 463.430 to be licensed to disseminate information concerning racing and employees of an affiliate of such a person involved in assisting the person in carrying out the duties of the person in this State;
- (i) Employees whose duties are directly involved with the manufacture, repair, sale or distribution of gaming devices, associated equipment when the employer is required by NRS 463.650 to be licensed, cashless wagering systems or interactive gaming systems;
- (j) Employees of operators of slot routes who have keys for slot machines or who accept and transport revenue from the slot drop;
- (k) Employees of operators of [inter casino linked systems or] interactive gaming systems whose duties include the operational or supervisory control of the systems or the games that are part of the systems;





- (l) Employees of operators of call centers who perform, or who supervise the performance of, the function of receiving and transmitting wagering instructions;
- (m) Employees who have access to the Board's system of records for the purpose of processing the registrations of gaming employees that a licensee is required to perform pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto;
 - (n) Floorpersons;

- (o) Hosts or other persons empowered to extend credit or complimentary services;
 - (p) Keno runners;
 - (q) Keno writers;
 - (r) Machine mechanics:
 - (s) Odds makers and line setters;
 - (t) Security personnel;
 - (u) Shift or pit bosses;
 - (v) Shills;
 - (w) Supervisors or managers;
 - (x) Ticket writers:
- (y) Employees of a person required by NRS 463.160 to be licensed to operate an information service;
- (z) Employees of a licensee who have local access and provide management, support, security or disaster recovery services for any hardware or software that is regulated pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto; and
- (aa) Temporary or contract employees hired by a licensee to perform a function related to gaming.
- 2. "Gaming employee" does not include barbacks or bartenders whose duties do not involve gaming activities, cocktail servers or other persons engaged exclusively in preparing or serving food or beverages.
- 3. As used in this section, "local access" means access to hardware or software from within a licensed gaming establishment, hosting center or elsewhere within this State.
- **Sec. 7.** NRS 463.0177 is hereby amended to read as follows: 463.0177 "Nonrestricted license" or "nonrestricted operation" means:
- 1. A state gaming license for, or an operation consisting of, 16 or more slot machines;
- 2. A license for, or operation of, any number of slot machines together with any other game, gaming device, race book or sports pool at one establishment; *or*
 - 3. A license for, or the operation of, a slot machine route . [; or





4. A license for, or the operation of, an inter-casino linked system.]

Sec. 8. NRS 463.120 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 463.120 1. The Board and the Commission shall cause to be made and kept a record of all proceedings at regular and special meetings of the Board and the Commission. These records are open to public inspection.
- 2. The Board shall maintain a file of all applications for licenses under this chapter and chapter 466 of NRS, together with a record of all action taken with respect to those applications. The file and record are open to public inspection.
- 3. The Board and the Commission may maintain such other files and records as they may deem desirable.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, all information and data:
- (a) Required by the Board or Commission to be furnished to it under chapters 462 to 466, inclusive, of NRS or any regulations adopted pursuant thereto or which may be otherwise obtained relative to the finances, earnings or revenue of any applicant or licensee:
- (b) Pertaining to an applicant's or natural person's criminal record, antecedents and background which have been furnished to or obtained by the Board or Commission from any source;
- (c) Provided to the members, agents or employees of the Board or Commission by a governmental agency or an informer or on the assurance that the information will be held in confidence and treated as confidential:
- (d) Obtained by the Board from a manufacturer, distributor or operator [, or from an operator of an inter-casino linked system,] relating to the manufacturing of gaming devices; [or the operation of an inter-casino linked system;]
- (e) Obtained by the Board from a public accommodation facility pursuant to NRS 447.345; or
- (f) Prepared or obtained by an agent or employee of the Board or Commission pursuant to an audit, investigation, determination or hearing,
- → are confidential and may be revealed in whole or in part only in the course of the necessary administration of this chapter or upon the lawful order of a court of competent jurisdiction. The Board and Commission may reveal such information and data to an authorized agent of any agency of the United States Government, any state or any political subdivision of a state or the government of any foreign country. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, such information may not be otherwise revealed without specific authorization by the Board or Commission.





- 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, any and all information and data prepared or obtained by an agent or employee of the Board or Commission relating to an application for a license, a finding of suitability or any approval that is required pursuant to the provisions of chapters 462 to 466, inclusive, of NRS or any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, are confidential and absolutely privileged and may be revealed in whole or in part only in the course of the necessary administration of such provisions and with specific authorization and waiver of the privilege by the Board or Commission. The Board and Commission may reveal such information and data to an authorized agent of any agency of the United States Government, any state or any political subdivision of a state or the government of any foreign country.
- 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, if any applicant or licensee provides or communicates any information and data to an agent or employee of the Board or Commission in connection with its regulatory, investigative or enforcement authority:
- (a) All such information and data are confidential and privileged and the confidentiality and privilege are not waived if the information and data are shared or have been shared with an authorized agent of any agency of the United States Government, any state or any political subdivision of a state or the government of any foreign country in connection with its regulatory, investigative or enforcement authority, regardless of whether such information and data are shared or have been shared either before or after being provided or communicated to an agent or employee of the Board or Commission; and
- (b) The applicant or licensee has a privilege to refuse to disclose, and to prevent any other person or governmental agent, employee or agency from disclosing, the privileged information and data.
- 7. Before the beginning of each legislative session, the Board shall submit to the Legislative Commission for its review and for the use of the Legislature a report on the gross revenue, net revenue and average depreciation of all licensees, categorized by class of licensee and geographical area and the assessed valuation of the property of all licensees, by category, as listed on the assessment rolls.
- 8. Notice of the content of any information or data furnished or released pursuant to subsection 4 may be given to any applicant or licensee in a manner prescribed by regulations adopted by the Commission.
- 9. The files, records and reports of the Board are open at all times to inspection by the Commission and its authorized agents.





- 10. All files, records, reports and other information pertaining to gaming matters in the possession of the Nevada Tax Commission must be made available to the Board and the Nevada Gaming Commission as is necessary to the administration of this chapter.
- 11. For the purposes of this section, "information and data" means all information and data in any form, including, without limitation, any oral, written, audio, visual, digital or electronic form, and the term includes, without limitation, any account, book, correspondence, file, message, paper, record, report or other type of document, including, without limitation, any document containing self-evaluative assessments, self-critical analysis or self-appraisals of an applicant's or licensee's compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements.
 - **Sec. 9.** NRS 463.15993 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.15993 1. The Commission shall adopt regulations governing the approval and operation of inter-casino linked systems and the [licensing] approval of the [operators] manufacturers and distributors of such systems.
- 2. The Commission shall include in the regulations, without limitation:
- (a) Standards for the approval and operation of an inter-casino linked system.
 - (b) Requirements for the:

- (1) [Operator] Manufacturer or distributor of an intercasino linked system to disclose to the Board, the Commission and licensees on a confidential basis the rate of progression of the primary jackpot meter; and
- (2) Establishment of a minimum rate of progression of the primary jackpot meter.
- (c) Criteria for multiple [licensing] approvals of inter-casino linked systems and the [operators] manufacturers or distributors of inter-casino linked systems.
- (d) Procedures and criteria for the regular auditing of the regulatory compliance of [an operator] a manufacturer or distributor of an inter-casino linked system.
 - **Sec. 10.** NRS 463.160 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.160 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [4] 3 and NRS 462.155 and 463.172, it is unlawful for any person, either as owner, lessee or employee, whether for hire or not, either solely or in conjunction with others:
- (a) To deal, operate, carry on, conduct, maintain or expose for play in the State of Nevada any gambling game, gaming device, [inter casino linked system,] slot machine, race book or sports pool;
 - (b) To provide or maintain any information service;
 - (c) To operate a gaming salon;





- (d) To receive, directly or indirectly, any compensation or reward or any percentage or share of the money or property played, for keeping, running or carrying on any gambling game, slot machine, gaming device, race book or sports pool;
- (e) To operate as a cash access and wagering instrument service provider; or
- (f) To operate, carry on, conduct, maintain or expose for play in or from the State of Nevada any interactive gaming system,
- without having first procured, and thereafter maintaining in effect, all federal, state, county and municipal gaming licenses or registrations as required by statute, regulation or ordinance or by the governing board of any unincorporated town.
- 2. [The licensure of an operator of an inter-casino linked system is not required if:
- (a) A gaming licensee is operating an inter-casino linked system on the premises of an affiliated licensee; or
- (b) An operator of a slot machine route is operating an intercasino linked system consisting of slot machines only.
- 3.] Except as otherwise provided in subsection [4,] 3, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to permit any gambling game, slot machine, gaming device, [inter casino linked system,] race book or sports pool to be conducted, operated, dealt or carried on in any house or building or other premises owned by the person, in whole or in part, by a person who is not licensed pursuant to this chapter, or that person's employee.
- [4.] 3. The Commission may, by regulation, authorize a person to own or lease gaming devices for the limited purpose of display or use in the person's private residence without procuring a state gaming license.
- [5.] 4. For the purposes of this section, the operation of a race book or sports pool includes making the premises available for any of the following purposes:
- (a) Allowing patrons to establish an account for wagering with the race book or sports pool;
 - (b) Accepting wagers from patrons;
 - (c) Allowing patrons to place wagers;
 - (d) Paying winning wagers to patrons; or
- (e) Allowing patrons to withdraw cash from an account for wagering or to be issued a ticket, receipt, representation of value or other credit representing a withdrawal from an account for wagering that can be redeemed for cash,
- whether by a transaction in person at an establishment or through mechanical means, such as a kiosk or similar device, regardless of whether that device would otherwise be considered associated





equipment. A separate license must be obtained for each location at which such an operation is conducted.

- [6. As used in this section, "affiliated licensee" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 463.430.]
 - **Sec. 11.** NRS 463.170 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.170 1. Any person who the Commission determines is qualified to receive a license, to be found suitable or to receive any approval required under the provisions of this chapter, or to be found suitable regarding the operation of a charitable lottery under the provisions of chapter 462 of NRS, having due consideration for the proper protection of the health, safety, morals, good order and general welfare of the inhabitants of the State of Nevada and the declared policy of this State, may be issued a state gaming license, be found suitable or receive any approval required by this chapter, as appropriate. The burden of proving an applicant's qualification to receive any license, be found suitable or receive any approval required by this chapter is on the applicant.
- 2. An application to receive a license or be found suitable must not be granted unless the Commission is satisfied that the applicant is:
 - (a) A person of good character, honesty and integrity;
- (b) A person whose prior activities, criminal record, if any, reputation, habits and associations do not pose a threat to the public interest of this State or to the effective regulation and control of gaming or charitable lotteries, or create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair or illegal practices, methods and activities in the conduct of gaming or charitable lotteries or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental thereto; and
- (c) In all other respects qualified to be licensed or found suitable consistently with the declared policy of the State.
- 3. A license to operate a gaming establishment [or an intercasino linked system] must not be granted unless the applicant has satisfied the Commission that:
- (a) The applicant has adequate business probity, competence and experience, in gaming or generally; and
 - (b) The proposed financing of the entire operation is:
 - (1) Adequate for the nature of the proposed operation; and
 - (2) From a suitable source.
- Any lender or other source of money or credit which the Commission finds does not meet the standards set forth in subsection 2 may be deemed unsuitable.
- 4. An application to receive a license or be found suitable constitutes a request for a determination of the applicant's general character, integrity, and ability to participate or engage in, or be associated with gaming or the operation of a charitable lottery, as





appropriate. Any written or oral statement made in the course of an official proceeding of the Board or Commission by any member thereof or any witness testifying under oath which is relevant to the purpose of the proceeding is absolutely privileged and does not impose liability for defamation or constitute a ground for recovery in any civil action.

- 5. The Commission may in its discretion grant a license to:
- (a) A publicly traded corporation which has complied with the provisions of NRS 463.625 to 463.643, inclusive;
- (b) Any other corporation which has complied with the provisions of NRS 463.490 to 463.530, inclusive;
- (c) A limited partnership which has complied with the provisions of NRS 463.564 to 463.571, inclusive; and
- (d) A limited-liability company which has complied with the provisions of NRS 463.5731 to 463.5737, inclusive.
- 6. No limited partnership, except one whose sole limited partner is a publicly traded corporation which has registered with the Commission, or a limited-liability company, or business trust or organization or other association of a quasi-corporate character is eligible to receive or hold any license under this chapter unless all persons having any direct or indirect interest therein of any nature whatever, whether financial, administrative, policymaking or supervisory, are individually qualified to be licensed under the provisions of this chapter.
 - 7. The Commission may, by regulation:
- (a) Limit the number of persons who may be financially interested and the nature of their interest in any corporation, other than a publicly traded corporation, limited partnership, limited-liability company or other organization or association licensed under this chapter; and
- (b) Establish such other qualifications for licenses as it may, in its discretion, deem to be in the public interest and consistent with the declared policy of the State.
- 8. Any person granted a license or found suitable by the Commission shall continue to meet the applicable standards and qualifications set forth in this section and any other qualifications established by the Commission by regulation. The failure to continue to meet such standards and qualifications constitutes grounds for disciplinary action.
 - **Sec. 12.** NRS 463.245 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 463.245 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section:
- (a) All licenses issued to the same person, including a wholly owned subsidiary of that person, for the operation of any game, including a sports pool or race book, which authorize gaming at the same establishment must be merged into a single gaming license.





- (b) A gaming license may not be issued to any person if the issuance would result in more than one licensed operation at a single establishment, whether or not the profits or revenue from gaming are shared between the licensed operations.
- 2. A person who has been issued a nonrestricted gaming license for an operation described in subsection 1 or 2 of NRS 463.0177 may establish a sports pool or race book on the premises of the establishment only after obtaining permission from the Commission.
- 3. A person who has been issued a license to operate a sports pool or race book at an establishment may be issued a license to operate a sports pool or race book at a second establishment described in subsection 1 or 2 of NRS 463.0177 only if the second establishment is operated by a person who has been issued a nonrestricted license for that establishment. A person who has been issued a license to operate a race book or sports pool at an establishment is prohibited from operating a race book or sports pool at:
- (a) An establishment for which a restricted license has been granted; or
- (b) An establishment at which only a nonrestricted license has been granted for an operation described in subsection 3 [or 4] of NRS 463.0177.
- 4. A person who has been issued a license to operate a race book or sports pool shall not enter into an agreement for the sharing of revenue from the operation of the race book or sports pool with another person in consideration for the offering, placing or maintaining of a kiosk or other similar device not physically located on the licensed premises of the race book or sports pool, except:
 - (a) An affiliated licensed race book or sports pool; or
- (b) The licensee of an establishment at which the race book or sports pool holds or obtains a license to operate pursuant to this section.
- → This subsection does not prohibit an operator of a race book or sports pool from entering into an agreement with another person for the provision of shared services relating to advertising or marketing.
- 5. [Nothing in this section limits or prohibits an operator of an inter-casino linked system from placing and operating such a system on the premises of two or more gaming licensees and receiving, either directly or indirectly, any compensation or any percentage or share of the money or property played from the linked games in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the regulations adopted by the Commission. An inter-casino linked system must not be used to link games other than slot machines, unless such games





are located at an establishment that is licensed for games other than slot machines.

- 6.] For the purposes of this section, the operation of a race book or sports pool includes making the premises available for any of the following purposes:
- (a) Allowing patrons to establish an account for wagering with the race book or sports pool;
 - (b) Accepting wagers from patrons;

- (c) Allowing patrons to place wagers;
- (d) Paying winning wagers to patrons; or
- (e) Allowing patrons to withdraw cash from an account for wagering or to be issued a ticket, receipt, representation of value or other credit representing a withdrawal from an account for wagering that can be redeemed for cash,
- whether by a transaction in person at an establishment or through mechanical means such as a kiosk or other similar device, regardless of whether that device would otherwise be considered associated equipment.
- [7.] 6. The provisions of this section do not apply to a license to operate interactive gaming.
 - **Sec. 13.** NRS 463.305 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.305 1. Any person who operates or maintains in this State any gaming device of a specific model [,] or any gaming device which includes a significant modification [or any inter-casino linked system] which the Board or Commission has not approved for testing or for operation is subject to disciplinary action by the Board or Commission.
- 2. The Board shall maintain a list of approved gaming devices . [and inter-casino linked systems.]
- 3. If the Board suspends or revokes approval of a gaming device pursuant to the regulations adopted pursuant to subsection 4, the Board may order the removal of the gaming device from an establishment.
- 4. The Commission shall adopt regulations relating to gaming devices and their significant modification . [and inter-casino linked systems.]
 - **Sec. 14.** NRS 463.360 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.360 1. Conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction of a person for a violation of, an attempt to violate, or a conspiracy to violate any of the provisions of this chapter or of chapter 463B, 464 or 465 of NRS may act as an immediate revocation of all licenses which have been issued to the violator, and, in addition, the court may, upon application of the district attorney of the county or of the Commission, order that no new or additional license under this chapter be issued to the violator, or be issued to any person for the





room or premises in which the violation occurred, for 1 year after the date of the revocation.

- 2. A person who willfully fails to report, pay or truthfully account for and pay over any license fee or tax imposed by the provisions of this chapter, or willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat any such license fee, tax or payment thereof is guilty of a category C felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person to pay restitution.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a person who willfully violates, attempts to violate, or conspires to violate any of the provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 463.160 [or NRS 463.800] is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 10 years, by a fine of not more than \$50,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.
- 4. A licensee who puts additional games or slot machines into play or displays additional games or slot machines in a public area without first obtaining all required licenses and approval is subject only to the penalties provided in NRS 463.270 and 463.310 and in any applicable ordinance of the county, city or town.
- 5. A person who willfully violates any provision of a regulation adopted pursuant to NRS 463.125 is guilty of a category C felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.
- 6. The violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, the penalty for which is not specifically fixed in this chapter, is a gross misdemeanor.
 - **Sec. 15.** NRS 463.370 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.370 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 463.373, the Commission shall charge and collect from each licensee a license fee based upon all the gross revenue of the licensee as follows:
- (a) Three and one-half percent of all the gross revenue of the licensee which does not exceed \$50,000 per calendar month;
- (b) Four and one-half percent of all the gross revenue of the licensee which exceeds \$50,000 per calendar month and does not exceed \$134,000 per calendar month; and
- (c) Six and three-quarters percent of all the gross revenue of the licensee which exceeds \$134,000 per calendar month.
- 2. Unless the licensee has been operating for less than a full calendar month, the Commission shall charge and collect the fee prescribed in subsection 1, based upon the gross revenue for the preceding calendar month, on or before the 15th day of the following month. Except for the fee based on the first full month of operation, the fee is an estimated payment of the license fee for the





third month following the month whose gross revenue is used as its basis.

- 3. When a licensee has been operating for less than a full calendar month, the Commission shall charge and collect the fee prescribed in subsection 1, based on the gross revenue received during that month, on or before the 15th day of the following calendar month of operation. After the first full calendar month of operation, the Commission shall charge and collect the fee based on the gross revenue received during that month, on or before the 15th day of the following calendar month. The payment of the fee due for the first full calendar month of operation must be accompanied by the payment of a fee equal to three times the fee for the first full calendar month. This additional amount is an estimated payment of the license fees for the next 3 calendar months. Thereafter, each license fee must be paid in the manner described in subsection 2. Any deposit held by the Commission on July 1, 1969, must be treated as an advance estimated payment.
- All revenue received from any game or gaming device which is operated on the premises of a licensee, regardless of whether any portion of the revenue is shared with any other person, must be attributed to the licensee for the purposes of this section and counted as part of the gross revenue of the licensee. Any other person [, including, without limitation, an operator of an inter-casino linked system, who is authorized to receive a share of the revenue from any game for gaming device for inter-casino linked system that is operated on the premises of a licensee is liable to the licensee for that person's proportionate share of the license fees paid by the licensee pursuant to this section and shall remit or credit the full proportionate share to the licensee on or before the 15th day of each calendar month. The proportionate share of an operator of an intercasino linked system must be based on all compensation and other consideration received by the operator of the inter-casino linked system, including, without limitation, amounts that accrue to the meter of the primary progressive jackpot of the inter-casino linked system and amounts that fund the reserves of such a jackpot, subject to all appropriate adjustments for deductions, credits, offsets and exclusions that the licensee is entitled to take or receive pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. A licensee is not liable to any other person authorized to receive a share of the licensee's revenue from any game [] or gaming device [or inter-casino linked system] that is operated on the premises of the licensee for that person's proportionate share of the license fees to be remitted or credited to the licensee by that person pursuant to this section.
- 5. [An operator of an inter-casino linked system shall not enter into any agreement or arrangement with a licensee that provides for



1

2

3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34 35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44



the operator of the inter-casino linked system to be liable to the licensee for less than its full proportionate share of the license fees paid by the licensee pursuant to this section, whether accomplished through a rebate, refund, charge-back or otherwise.

- 6.] Any person required to pay a fee pursuant to this section shall file with the Commission, on or before the 15th day of each calendar month, a report showing the amount of all gross revenue received during the preceding calendar month. Each report must be accompanied by:
- (a) The fee due based on the revenue of the month covered by the report; and
- (b) An adjustment for the difference between the estimated fee previously paid for the month covered by the report, if any, and the fee due for the actual gross revenue earned in that month. If the adjustment is less than zero, a credit must be applied to the estimated fee due with that report.
- [7.] 6. If the amount of license fees required to be reported and paid pursuant to this section is later determined to be greater or less than the amount actually reported and paid, the Commission shall:
- (a) Charge and collect the additional license fees determined to be due, with interest thereon until paid; or
- (b) Refund any overpayment to the person entitled thereto pursuant to this chapter, with interest thereon.
- → Interest pursuant to paragraph (a) must be computed at the rate prescribed in NRS 17.130 from the first day of the first month following the due date of the additional license fees until paid. Interest pursuant to paragraph (b) must be computed at one-half the rate prescribed in NRS 17.130 from the first day of the first month following the date of overpayment until paid.
- [8.] 7. Failure to pay the fees provided for in this section shall be deemed a surrender of the license at the expiration of the period for which the estimated payment of fees has been made, as established in subsection 2.
- [9.] 8. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 463.386, the amount of the fee prescribed in subsection 1 must not be prorated.
- [10.] 9. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 463.386, if a licensee ceases operation, the Commission shall:
- (a) Charge and collect the additional license fees determined to be due with interest computed pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection [7;] 6; or
- (b) Refund any overpayment to the licensee with interest computed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection [7,] 6,
- based upon the gross revenue of the licensee during the last 3 months immediately preceding the cessation of operation, or portions of those last 3 months.





[11.] 10. If in any month, the amount of gross revenue is less than zero, the licensee may offset the loss against gross revenue in succeeding months until the loss has been fully offset.

[12.] 11. If in any month, the amount of the license fee due is less than zero, the licensee is entitled to receive a credit against any license fees due in succeeding months until the credit has been fully offset.

Sec. 16. NRS 463.3715 is hereby amended to read as follows:

463.3715 1. In calculating gross revenue, any prizes, premiums, drawings, benefits or tickets that are redeemable for money or merchandise or other promotional allowance, except money or tokens paid at face value directly to a patron as the result of a specific wager, must not be deducted as losses from winnings at any game except a slot machine.

- 2. In calculating gross revenue, the amount of cash paid to fund periodic payments may be deducted as losses from winnings for any game.
- 3. In calculating gross revenue from slot machines, keno and bingo, the actual cost to the licensee of any personal property distributed to a patron as the result of a specific legitimate wager may be deducted as a loss, but not travel expenses, food, refreshments, lodging or services.
- 4. In calculating gross revenue from bingo, a licensee who provides a patron with additional play at bingo as the result of an initial wager may deduct as losses from winnings all money or tokens paid directly to that patron as a result of such additional play.
- [5. In calculating gross revenue, a licensee may deduct its pro rata share of a payout from a game played in an inter-casino linked system except for a payout made in conjunction with a card game. The amount of the deduction must be determined based upon the written agreement among the licensed gaming establishments participating in the inter-casino linked system and the operator of the system. All cash prizes and the value of noncash prizes awarded during a contest or tournament conducted in conjunction with an inter-casino linked system are also deductible on a pro rata basis to the extent of the compensation received for the right to participate in that contest or tournament. The deductions may be taken only by those participating licensed gaming establishments that held an active gaming license at any time during the month in which the payout was awarded.]

Sec. 17. NRS 463.375 is hereby amended to read as follows:

463.375 1. In addition to any other state gaming license fees provided for in this chapter, before issuing a state gaming license to an applicant for a nonrestricted operation, the Commission shall





charge and collect from the applicant a license fee of \$80 for each slot machine for each calendar year.

- 2. The Commission shall charge and collect the fee prescribed in subsection 1, at the rate of \$20 for each slot machine for each calendar quarter:
- (a) On or before the last day of the last month in a calendar quarter, for the ensuing calendar quarter, from a licensee whose operation is continuing.
- (b) In advance from a licensee who begins operation or puts additional slot machines into play during a calendar quarter.
- 3. Except as provided in NRS 463.386, no proration of the quarterly amount prescribed in subsection 2 may be allowed for any reason.
- 4. The operator of the location where slot machines are situated shall pay the fee prescribed in subsection 1 upon the total number of slot machines situated in that location, whether the machines are owned by one or more licensee-owners.
- 5. Any other person [, including, without limitation, an operator of an inter-casino linked system,] who is authorized to receive a share of the revenue from any slot machine that is operated on the premises of a licensee is liable to the licensee for that person's proportionate share of the license fees paid by the licensee pursuant to this section and shall remit or credit the full proportionate share to the licensee on or before the dates set forth in subsection 2. A licensee is not liable to any other person authorized to receive a share of the licensee's revenue from any slot machine that is operated on the premises of a licensee for that person's proportionate share of the license fees to be remitted or credited to the licensee by that person pursuant to this section.
 - **Sec. 18.** NRS 463.385 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.385 1. In addition to any other license fees and taxes imposed by this chapter, there is hereby imposed upon each slot machine operated in this State an annual excise tax of \$250. If a slot machine is replaced by another, the replacement is not considered a different slot machine for the purpose of imposing this tax.
 - 2. The Commission shall:
- (a) Collect the tax annually on or before June 30, as a condition precedent to the issuance of a state gaming license to operate any slot machine for the ensuing fiscal year beginning July 1, from a licensee whose operation is continuing.
- (b) Collect the tax in advance from a licensee who begins operation or puts additional slot machines into play during the fiscal year, prorated monthly after July 31.
- (c) Include the proceeds of the tax in its reports of state gaming taxes collected.





- 3. Any other person [, including, without limitation, an operator of an inter-casino linked system,] who is authorized to receive a share of the revenue from any slot machine that is operated on the premises of a licensee is liable to the licensee for that person's proportionate share of the license fees paid by the licensee pursuant to this section and shall remit or credit the full proportionate share to the licensee on or before the dates set forth in subsection 2. A licensee is not liable to any other person authorized to receive a share of the licensee's revenue from any slot machine that is operated on the premises of a licensee for that person's proportionate share of the license fees to be remitted or credited to the licensee by that person pursuant to this section.
- 4. The Commission shall pay over the tax as collected to the State Treasurer to be deposited to the credit of the State Education Fund, and of the Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education and the Special Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education, which are hereby created in the State Treasury as special revenue funds, in the amounts and to be expended only for the purposes specified in this section, or for any other purpose authorized by the Legislature if sufficient money is available in the Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education and the Special Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education on July 31 of each year to pay the principal and interest due in that fiscal year on the bonds described in subsection 6.
- 5. During each fiscal year, the State Treasurer shall deposit the tax paid over to him or her by the Commission as follows:
- (a) The first \$5,000,000 of the tax in the Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education;
- (b) Twenty percent of the tax in the Special Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education; and
 - (c) The remainder of the tax in the State Education Fund.
- 6. There is hereby appropriated from the balance in the Special Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education on July 31 of each year the amount necessary to pay the principal and interest due in that fiscal year on the bonds issued pursuant to section 5 of chapter 679, Statutes of Nevada 1979, as amended by chapter 585, Statutes of Nevada 1981, at page 1251, the bonds authorized to be issued by section 2 of chapter 643, Statutes of Nevada 1987, at page 1503, the bonds authorized to be issued by section 2 of chapter 614, Statutes of Nevada 1989, at page 1377, the bonds authorized to be issued by section 2 of chapter 718, Statutes of Nevada 1991, at page 2382, the bonds authorized to be issued by section 2 of chapter 629, Statutes of Nevada 1997, at page 3106, and the bonds authorized to be issued by section 2 of chapter 514, Statutes of Nevada 2013, at page 3391. If in any year the balance in that Fund is not sufficient for this





purpose, the remainder necessary is hereby appropriated on July 31 from the Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education. The balance remaining unappropriated in the Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education on August 1 of each year and all amounts received thereafter during the fiscal year must be transferred to the State General Fund for the support of higher education. If bonds described in this subsection are refunded and if the amount required to pay the principal of and interest on the refunding bonds in any fiscal year during the term of the bonds is less than the amount that would have been required in the same fiscal year to pay the principal of and the interest on the original bonds if they had not been refunded, there is appropriated to the Nevada System of Higher Education an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the original bonds, as if they had not been refunded. The amount required to pay the principal of and interest on the refunding bonds must be used for that purpose from the amount appropriated. The amount equal to the saving realized in that fiscal year from the refunding must be used by the Nevada System of Higher Education to defray, in whole or in part, the expenses of operation and maintenance of the facilities acquired in part with the proceeds of the original bonds.

- 7. After the requirements of subsection 6 have been met for each fiscal year, when specific projects are authorized by the Legislature, money in the Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education and the Special Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education must be transferred by the State Controller and the State Treasurer to the State Public Works Board for the construction of capital improvement projects for the Nevada System of Higher Education, including, but not limited to, capital improvement projects for the community colleges of the Nevada System of Higher Education. As used in this subsection, "construction" includes, but is not limited to, planning, designing, acquiring and construction, reconstruction, developing a site. furnishing. equipping, replacing, repairing, rehabilitating, expanding and remodeling. Any money remaining in either Fund at the end of a fiscal year does not revert to the State General Fund but remains in those Funds for authorized expenditure.
- 8. The money deposited in the State Education Fund under this section must be apportioned as provided in NRS 387.030 among the several school districts and charter schools of the State at the times and in the manner provided by law.
- 9. The Board of Regents of the University of Nevada may use any money in the Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education and the Special Capital Construction Fund for Higher Education for the payment of interest and amortization of principal on bonds and



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44



other securities, whether issued before, on or after July 1, 1979, to defray in whole or in part the costs of any capital project authorized by the Legislature.

- **Sec. 19.** NRS 463.3855 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.3855 1. In addition to any other state license fees imposed by this chapter, the Commission shall, before issuing a state gaming license to an operator of a slot machine route, [or an operator of an inter casino linked system,] charge and collect an annual license fee of \$500.
- 2. Each such license must be issued for a calendar year beginning January 1 and ending December 31. If the operation of the licensee is continuing, the Commission shall charge and collect the fee on or before December 31 for the ensuing calendar year.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 463.386, the fee to be charged and collected under this section is the full annual fee, without regard to the date of application for or issuance of the license.
 - **Sec. 20.** NRS 463.665 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 463.665 1. The Commission shall, with the advice and assistance of the Board, adopt regulations prescribing:
- (a) The manner and method for the approval of associated equipment by the Board; and
- (b) The method and form of any application required by paragraph (a).
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, the regulations adopted pursuant to subsection 1 must:
- (a) Require persons who manufacture or distribute associated equipment for use in this State to be registered with the Board if such associated equipment:
 - (1) Is directly used in gaming;
- (2) Has the ability to add or subtract cash, cash equivalents or wagering credits to a game, gaming device or cashless wagering system;
- (3) Interfaces with and affects the operation of a game, gaming device, cashless wagering system or other associated equipment;
- (4) Is used directly or indirectly in the reporting of gross revenue; or
- (5) Is otherwise determined by the Board to create a risk to the integrity of gaming and protection of the public if not regulated;
- (b) Require persons who have a significant involvement in the manufacturing or distribution of associated equipment, as determined by the Commission, to register with the Board;





(c) Establish the degree of review an applicant for registration pursuant to this section must undergo, which level may be different for different forms of associated equipment; and

[(c)] (d) Establish fees for the application [, issuance] and renewal of the registration required pursuant to this section. [, which must not exceed \$1,000 per application, issuance or renewal of such registration.]

- 3. This section does not apply to:
- (a) A licensee; or

- (b) An affiliate of a licensee or an independent contractor as defined by NRS 463.01715.
- 4. In addition to requiring a manufacturer or distributor of associated equipment to be registered as set forth in subsections 2 and 3, a manufacturer or distributor of associated equipment who sells, transfers or offers the associated equipment for use or play in Nevada may be required by the Board to file an application for a finding of suitability to be a manufacturer or distributor of associated equipment.
- 5. [In addition to requiring a manufacturer or distributor of associated equipment to be registered as set forth in subsections 2 and 3, any person who directly or indirectly involves himself or herself in the sale, transfer or offering for use or play in Nevada of such associated equipment who is not otherwise required to be licensed as a manufacturer or distributor may be required by the Board to file an application for a finding of suitability to be a manufacturer or distributor of associated equipment.
- 6.] If an application for a finding of suitability is not submitted to the Board within 30 days after demand by the Board, it may pursue any remedy or combination of remedies provided in this chapter.
- [7.] 6. Any person who manufactures or distributes associated equipment who has complied with all applicable regulations adopted by the Commission before October 1, 2015, shall be deemed to be registered pursuant to this section.
 - **Sec. 21.** NRS 463.670 is hereby amended to read as follows: 463.670

 1. The Legislature finds and declares as facts:
- (a) That the inspection of games, gaming devices, associated equipment, cashless wagering systems [, inter-casino linked systems] and interactive gaming systems is essential to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
- (b) That the inspection of games, gaming devices, associated equipment, cashless wagering systems [, inter-casino linked systems] and interactive gaming systems is greatly facilitated by the opportunity to inspect components before assembly and to examine the methods of manufacture.





- (c) That the interest of this State in the inspection of games, gaming devices, associated equipment, cashless wagering systems [t, inter-casino linked systems] and interactive gaming systems must be balanced with the interest of this State in maintaining a competitive gaming industry in which games can be efficiently and expeditiously brought to the market.
- 2. The Commission may, with the advice and assistance of the Board, adopt and implement procedures that preserve and enhance the necessary balance between the regulatory and economic interests of this State which are critical to the vitality of the gaming industry of this State.
- 3. The Board may inspect every game or gaming device which is manufactured, sold or distributed:
- (a) For use in this State, before the game or gaming device is put into play.
- (b) In this State for use outside this State, before the game or gaming device is shipped out of this State.
- 4. The Board may inspect every game or gaming device which is offered for play within this State by a state gaming licensee.
- 5. The Board may inspect all associated equipment, every cashless wagering system [, every inter-casino linked system] and every interactive gaming system which is manufactured, sold or distributed for use in this State before the equipment or system is installed or used by a state gaming licensee and at any time while the state gaming licensee is using the equipment or system.
- 6. In addition to all other fees and charges imposed by this chapter, the Board may determine, charge and collect an inspection fee from each manufacturer, seller, distributor or independent testing laboratory which must not exceed the actual cost of inspection and investigation.
 - 7. The Commission shall adopt regulations which:
- (a) Provide for the registration of independent testing laboratories and of each person that owns, operates or has significant involvement with an independent testing laboratory, specify the form of the application required for such registration, set forth the qualifications required for such registration and establish the fees required for the application, the investigation of the applicant and the registration of the applicant.
- (b) Authorize the Board to utilize independent testing laboratories for the inspection and certification of any game, gaming device, associated equipment, cashless wagering system [, intereasino linked system] or interactive gaming system, or any components thereof.
- (c) Establish uniform protocols and procedures which the Board and independent testing laboratories must follow during an





inspection performed pursuant to subsection 3 or 5, and which independent testing laboratories must follow during the certification of any game, gaming device, associated equipment, cashless wagering system [, inter-casino linked system] or interactive gaming system, or any components thereof, for use in this State or for shipment from this State.

- (d) Allow an application for the registration of an independent testing laboratory to be granted upon the independent testing laboratory's completion of an inspection performed in compliance with the uniform protocols and procedures established pursuant to paragraph (c) and satisfaction of such other requirements that the Board may establish.
- (e) Provide the standards and procedures for the revocation of the registration of an independent testing laboratory.
- (f) Provide the standards and procedures relating to the filing of an application for a finding of suitability pursuant to this section and the remedies should a person be found unsuitable.
- (g) Provide any additional provisions which the Commission deems necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions of this section and which are consistent with the public policy of this State pursuant to NRS 463.0129.
- 8. The Commission shall retain jurisdiction over any person registered pursuant to this section and any regulation adopted thereto, in all matters relating to a game, gaming device, associated equipment, cashless wagering system [, inter casino linked system] or interactive gaming system, or any component thereof or modification thereto, even if the person ceases to be registered.
- 9. A person registered pursuant to this section is subject to the investigatory and disciplinary proceedings that are set forth in NRS 463.310 to 463.318, inclusive, and shall be punished as provided in those sections.
- 10. The Commission may, upon recommendation of the Board, require the following persons to file an application for a finding of suitability:
 - (a) A registered independent testing laboratory.
 - (b) An employee of a registered independent testing laboratory.
- (c) An officer, director, partner, principal, manager, member, trustee or direct or beneficial owner of a registered independent testing laboratory or any person that owns or has significant involvement with the activities of a registered independent testing laboratory.
- 11. If a person fails to submit an application for a finding of suitability within 30 days after a demand by the Commission pursuant to this section, the Commission may make a finding of unsuitability. Upon written request, such period may be extended by





the Chair of the Commission, at the Chair's sole and absolute discretion.

- 12. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires, "independent testing laboratory" means a private laboratory that is registered by the Board to inspect and certify games, gaming devices, associated equipment, cashless wagering systems [, inter-casino linked systems] or interactive gaming systems, and any components thereof and modifications thereto, and to perform such other services as the Board and Commission may request.
 - **Sec. 22.** NRS 368A.200 is hereby amended to read as follows: 368A.200 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section,

there is hereby imposed an excise tax on admission to any facility in this State where live entertainment is provided and on the charge for live entertainment provided by an escort at one or more locations in this State. The rate of the tax is:

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), for admission to a facility in this State where live entertainment is provided, 9 percent of the admission charge to the facility.
- (b) For live entertainment provided by an escort who is escorting one or more persons at a location or locations in this State, 9 percent of the total amount, expressed in terms of money, of consideration paid for the live entertainment provided by the escort.
 - 2. Amounts paid for:

1 2

- (a) Admission charges collected and retained by a nonprofit religious, charitable, fraternal or other organization that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c), or by a nonprofit corporation organized or existing under the provisions of chapter 82 of NRS, are not taxable pursuant to this section, only if the number of tickets to the live entertainment which are offered for sale or other distribution to patrons, either directly or indirectly through a partner, subsidiary, client, affiliate or other collaborator, is less than 7,500.
- (b) Gratuities directly or indirectly remitted to persons employed at a facility where live entertainment is provided are not taxable pursuant to this section.
- (c) Fees imposed, collected and retained by an independent financial institution in connection with the use of credit cards or debit cards to pay the admission charge to a facility where live entertainment is provided are not taxable pursuant to this section. As used in this paragraph, "independent financial institution" means a financial institution that is not the taxpayer or an owner or operator of the facility where the live entertainment is provided or an affiliate of any of those persons.





- 3. The tax imposed by this section must be added to and collected from the purchaser at the time of purchase, whether or not the admission for live entertainment is purchased for resale. [Each]
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, each ticket for admission to a facility where live entertainment is provided must show on its face the admission charge or the seller of the admission shall prominently display a notice disclosing the admission charge at the box office or other place where the charge is made.
- [4.] 5. If live entertainment is provided at a licensed gaming establishment and is subject to the tax imposed by subsection I, each ticket for admission to a facility where live entertainment is provided in the licensed gaming establishment must show on its face the tax imposed by subsection I or the seller of the admission shall prominently display a notice disclosing the tax imposed by subsection I at the box office or other place where the charge is made.
 - **6.** The tax imposed by subsection 1 does not apply to:
- (a) Live entertainment that this State is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution, laws or treaties of the United States or the Nevada Constitution.
- (b) Live entertainment that is governed by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association pursuant to chapter 385B of NRS or is provided or sponsored by an elementary school, junior high school, middle school or high school, if only pupils or faculty provide the live entertainment.
- (c) An athletic contest, event, tournament or exhibition provided by an institution of the Nevada System of Higher Education, if students of such an institution are contestants in the contest, event, tournament or exhibition.
- (d) Live entertainment that is provided by or entirely for the benefit of a nonprofit religious, charitable, fraternal or other organization that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c), or a nonprofit corporation organized or existing under the provisions of chapter 82 of NRS, only if the number of tickets to the live entertainment which are offered for sale or other distribution to patrons, either directly or indirectly through a partner, subsidiary, client, affiliate or other collaborator, is less than 7,500.
- (e) Any boxing contest or exhibition governed by the provisions of chapter 467 of NRS.
- (f) Live entertainment that is not provided at a licensed gaming establishment if the facility in which the live entertainment is provided has a maximum occupancy of less than 200 persons.
- (g) Live entertainment that is provided at a licensed gaming establishment that is licensed for less than 51 slot machines, less than 6 games, or any combination of slot machines and games





within those respective limits, if the facility in which the live entertainment is provided has a maximum occupancy of less than 200 persons.

- (h) Live entertainment that is provided at a trade show.
- (i) Music performed by musicians who move constantly through the audience if no other form of live entertainment is afforded to the patrons.
- (j) Live entertainment that is provided at a licensed gaming establishment at private meetings or dinners attended by members of a particular organization or by a casual assemblage if the purpose of the event is not primarily for entertainment.
- (k) Live entertainment that is provided in the common area of a shopping mall, unless the entertainment is provided in a facility located within the mall.
- (l) Food and product demonstrations provided at a shopping mall, a craft show or an establishment that sells grocery products, housewares, hardware or other supplies for the home.
- (m) Live entertainment that is incidental to an amusement ride, a motion simulator or a similar digital, electronic, mechanical or electromechanical attraction. For the purposes of this paragraph, live entertainment shall be deemed to be incidental to an amusement ride, a motion simulator or a similar digital, electronic, mechanical or electromechanical attraction if the live entertainment is:
 - (1) Not the predominant element of the attraction; and
- (2) Not the primary purpose for which the public rides, attends or otherwise participates in the attraction.
- (n) A race scheduled at a race track in this State and sanctioned by the National Association for Stock Car Auto Racing, if two or more such races are held at that race track during the same calendar year.
- (o) An athletic contest, event or exhibition conducted by a professional team based in this State if the professional team based in this State is a participant in the contest, event or exhibition.
 - [5.] 7. As used in this section:
 - (a) "Affiliate" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 463.0133.
- (b) "Maximum occupancy" means, in the following order of priority:
- (1) The maximum occupancy of the facility in which live entertainment is provided, as determined by the State Fire Marshal or the local governmental agency that has the authority to determine the maximum occupancy of the facility;
- (2) If such a maximum occupancy has not been determined, the maximum occupancy of the facility designated in any permit required to be obtained in order to provide the live entertainment; or



1

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

41

42

43



- (3) If such a permit does not designate the maximum occupancy of the facility, the actual seating capacity of the facility in which the live entertainment is provided.
- (c) "Operator" includes, without limitation, a person who operates a facility where live entertainment is provided or who presents, produces or otherwise provides live entertainment.

Sec. 23. NRS 463.01805, 463.306, 463.800, 463A.010, 463A.020, 463A.030, 463A.040, 463A.050, 463A.060, 463A.070, 463A.080, 463A.090, 463A.100, 463A.110, 463A.120, 463A.130, 463A.140, 463A.150, 463A.160, 463A.170, 463A.180, 463A.190, 463A.200, 463A.210, 463A.220, 463A.230, 463A.240, 463A.250

12 and 463A.260 are hereby repealed.

1

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

Sec. 24. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2021.

LEADLINES OF REPEALED SECTIONS

463.01805 "Operator of an inter-casino linked system" defined.

463.306 Availability of inter-casino linked system to certain nonrestricted licensees.

463.800 Requirements; records of business entity; prohibited acts; regulations.

463A.010 Legislative findings and declaration.

463A.020 Definitions.

463A.030 Information concerning certain personnel of labor organization to be filed with Board; regulations of Commission.

463A.040 Grounds for disqualification of personnel of labor organization.

463A.050 Investigation of personnel of labor organization: Powers of Board; costs; consultants; recommendations.

463A.060 Disqualification of personnel of labor organization: Notice of recommendation and reasons; notice of defense.

463A.070 Notice of defense: Time for filing; contents.

463A.080 Right to hearing; waiver.

463A.090 Notice of hearing.

463A.100 Subpoenas; witness fees; depositions; affidavits.

463A.110 Hearing: Procedures.

463A.120 Hearing: Official notice.

463A.130 Hearing: Amended and supplemental notices and statements.





463A.140 Hearing: Contempt.

463A.150 Failure to file notice of defense or appear. 463A.160 Disqualification: Written decision; notice.

463A.170 Rehearing.

463A.180 Judicial review: Petition; intervention; stay of enforcement.

463A.190 Judicial review: Record on review.

463A.200 Judicial review: Additional evidence taken by Commission.

463A.210 Judicial review: Review confined to record.

463A.220 Judicial review: Court may affirm, remand or reverse.

463A.230 Judicial review: Appeal to appellate court.

463A.240 Judicial review: Exclusive method of review.

463A.250 Injunction; fine.

463A.260 Rights of collective bargaining and concerted action not impaired if representative not disqualified.





