SENATE BILL NO. 13-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT)

Prefiled October 30, 2024

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to exoneration of bail. (BDR 14-471)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to bail; requiring exoneration of a bond or undertaking for bail under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Under existing law, when a defendant is released on bail, if no formal action or proceeding is instituted against the defendant or if such an action or proceeding is dismissed, the court is required to exonerate bail, except that the court is authorized to delay exoneration of bail for a period not to exceed 30 days under certain circumstances. (NRS 178.502) **Section 1** of this bill also requires the court to exonerate bail if the defendant admitted to bail and the prosecuting attorney stipulate to the exoneration of bail.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 178.502 is hereby amended to read as follows: 178.502 1. A person required or permitted to give bail shall execute a bond for the person's appearance. The magistrate or court or judge or justice, having regard to the considerations set forth in NRS 178.4851, may require one or more sureties or may authorize the acceptance of cash or bonds or notes of the United States in an amount equal to or less than the face amount of the bond.

2. Any bond or undertaking for bail must provide that the bond or undertaking:





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- (a) Extends to any action or proceeding in a justice court, municipal court or district court arising from the charge on which bail was first given in any of these courts; and
 - (b) Remains in effect until exonerated by the court.
- This subsection does not require that any bond or undertaking extend to proceedings on appeal.
- 3. If an action or proceeding against a defendant who has been admitted to bail is transferred to another trial court, the bond or undertaking must be transferred to the clerk of the court to which the action or proceeding has been transferred.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the court shall exonerate the bond or undertaking for bail if:
- (a) The action or proceeding against a defendant who has been admitted to bail is dismissed; [or]
- (b) No formal action or proceeding is instituted against a defendant who has been admitted to bail :: or
- (c) The defendant who has been admitted to bail and the prosecuting attorney stipulate to the exoneration of the bond or undertaking for bail.
- 5. The court may delay exoneration of the bond or undertaking for bail for a period not to exceed 30 days if, at the time the action or proceeding against a defendant who has been admitted to bail is dismissed, the defendant:
- (a) Has been indicted or is charged with a public offense which is the same or substantially similar to the charge upon which bail was first given and which arises out of the same act or omission supporting the charge upon which bail was first given; or
- (b) Requests to remain admitted to bail in anticipation of being later indicted or charged with a public offense which is the same or substantially similar to the charge upon which bail was first given and which arises out of the same act or omission supporting the charge upon which bail was first given.
- → If the defendant has already been indicted or charged, or is later indicted or charged, with a public offense arising out of the same act or omission supporting the charge upon which bail was first given, the bail must be applied to the public offense for which the defendant has been indicted or charged or is later indicted or charged, and the bond or undertaking must be transferred to the clerk of the appropriate court. Within 10 days after its receipt, the clerk of the court to whom the bail is transferred shall mail or electronically transmit notice of the transfer to the surety on the bond and the bail agent who executed the bond.
- 6. Bail given originally on appeal must be deposited with the magistrate or the clerk of the court from which the appeal is taken.





1 **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.





