## As Introduced

**136th General Assembly** 

**Regular Session** 

2025-2026

H. B. No. 82

**Representatives Click, Johnson** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Brennan, Daniels, Hall, T., John

# A BILL

То	amend sections 4508.02, 4511.03, 4511.12,	1
	4511.132, 4511.17, 4511.20, 4511.202, 4511.204,	2
	4511.205, 4511.21, 4511.211, 4511.213, 4511.22,	3
	4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.251, 4511.26, 4511.27,	4
	4511.28, 4511.29, 4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32,	5
	4511.33, 4511.34, 4511.35, 4511.36, 4511.37,	6
	4511.38, 4511.39, 4511.41, 4511.42, 4511.43,	7
	4511.431, 4511.44, 4511.441, 4511.451, 4511.46,	8
	4511.47, 4511.54, 4511.57, 4511.58, 4511.59,	9
	4511.60, 4511.61, 4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711,	10
	4511.712, 4511.72, 4511.73, 4511.991, and	11
	5517.07 and to enact section 4511.993 of the	12
	Revised Code regarding traffic offenses in	13
	construction zones.	14

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4508.02, 4511.03, 4511.12,	15
4511.132, 4511.17, 4511.20, 4511.202, 4511.204, 4511.205,	16
4511.21, 4511.211, 4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25,	17
4511.251, 4511.26, 4511.27, 4511.28, 4511.29, 4511.30, 4511.31,	18
4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34, 4511.35, 4511.36, 4511.37, 4511.38,	19

4511.39, 4511.41, 4511.42, 4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.44, 4511.441,204511.451, 4511.46, 4511.47, 4511.54, 4511.57, 4511.58, 4511.59,214511.60, 4511.61, 4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712, 4511.72,224511.73, 4511.991, and 5517.07 be amended and section 4511.99323of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:24

Sec. 4508.02. (A) (1) The director of public safety, 25 subject to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt and 26 prescribe such rules concerning the administration and 27 enforcement of this chapter as are necessary to protect the 28 29 public. The rules shall require an assessment of the holder of a probationary instructor license. The director shall inspect the 30 school facilities and equipment of applicants and licensees and 31 examine applicants for instructor's licenses. 32

(2) The director shall adopt rules governing online driver education courses that may be completed via the internet to satisfy the classroom instruction under division (C) of this section. The rules shall do all of the following:

(a) Establish standards that an online driver training enterprise must satisfy to be licensed to offer an online driver education course via the internet, including, at a minimum, proven expertise in providing driver education and an acceptable infrastructure capable of providing secure online driver education in accord with advances in internet technology. The rules shall allow an online driver training enterprise to be affiliated with a licensed driver training school offering inperson classroom instruction, but shall not require such an affiliation.

(b) Establish content requirements that an online driver
education course must satisfy to be approved as equivalent to
twenty-four hours of in-person classroom instruction;
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(c) Establish attendance standards, including a maximum 50 number of course hours that may be completed in a twenty-four-51 hour period; 52 (d) Allow an enrolled applicant to begin the required 53 eight hours of actual behind-the-wheel instruction upon 54 completing all twenty-four hours of course instruction; 55 (e) Establish any other requirements necessary to regulate 56 online driver education. 57 (B) The director shall administer and enforce this 58 59 chapter. (C) The rules shall require twenty-four hours of completed 60 in-person classroom instruction or the completion of an 61 approved, equivalent online driver education course offered via 62 the internet by a licensed online driver training enterprise, 63 followed by eight hours of actual behind-the-wheel instruction 64 conducted on public streets and highways of this state for all 65 beginning drivers of noncommercial motor vehicles who are under 66 age eighteen. The rules also shall require the classroom 67 instruction or online driver education course for such drivers 68 to include instruction on both all of the following: 69 70 (1) The dangers of driving a motor vehicle while 71 distracted, including while using an electronic wireless communications device, or engaging in any other activity that 72 distracts a driver from the safe and effective operation of a 73 motor vehicle; 74 (2) The dangers of driving a motor vehicle while under the 75 influence of a controlled substance, prescription medication, or 76 alcohol-; 77

(3) The dangers of and requirements related to driving a 78

(D) The rules shall state the minimum hours for classroom
 and behind-the-wheel instruction required for beginning drivers
 of commercial trucks, commercial cars, buses, and commercial
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 tractors, trailers, and semitrailers.
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(E) (1) The department of public safety may charge a fee to each online driver training enterprise in an amount sufficient to pay the actual expenses the department incurs in the regulation of online driver education courses.

(2) The department shall supply to each licensed online 88 driver training enterprise certificates to be used for 89 certifying an applicant's enrollment in an approved online 90 driver education course and a separate certificate to be issued 91 upon successful completion of an approved online driver 92 education course. The certificates shall be numbered serially. 93 The department may charge a fee to each online driver training 94 enterprise per certificate supplied to pay the actual expenses 95 the department incurs in supplying the certificates. 96

(F) The director shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing an abbreviated driver training course for adults.

Sec. 4511.03. (A) The driver of any emergency vehicle or 100 public safety vehicle, when responding to an emergency call, 101 upon approaching a red or stop signal or any stop sign shall 102 slow down as necessary for safety to traffic, but may proceed 103 cautiously past such red or stop sign or signal with due regard 104 for the safety of all persons using the street or highway. 105

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever106violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,107

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within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 108 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 109 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 110 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 111 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 112 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 113 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 114 degree. 115

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 116 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 117 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 118 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 119 Revised Code. 120

If the offender commits the offense while operating a121motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section1224511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to123the additional penalties established under that section.124

Sec. 4511.12. (A) No pedestrian, driver of a vehicle, or operator of a streetcar or trackless trolley shall disobey the instructions of any traffic control device placed in accordance with this chapter, unless at the time otherwise directed by a police officer.

No provision of this chapter for which signs are required 130 shall be enforced against an alleged violator if at the time and 131 place of the alleged violation an official sign is not in proper 132 position and sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily 133 observant person. Whenever a particular section of this chapter 134 does not state that signs are required, that section shall be 135 effective even though no signs are erected or in place. 136

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(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 137 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 138 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 139 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 140 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 141 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 142 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 143 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 144 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 145 degree. 146

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 147 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 148 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 149 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 150 Revised Code. 151

If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties established under that section.

Sec. 4511.132. (A) The driver of a vehicle, streetcar, or 156 trackless trolley who approaches an intersection where traffic 157 is controlled by traffic control signals shall do all of the 158 following if the signal facing the driver exhibits no colored 159 lights or colored lighted arrows, exhibits a combination of such 160 lights or arrows that fails to clearly indicate the assignment 161 of right-of-way, or, if the vehicle is a bicycle or an electric 162 bicycle, the signals are otherwise malfunctioning due to the 163 failure of a vehicle detector to detect the presence of the 164 bicycle or electric bicycle: 165

(1) Stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, stop 166

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before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the 167 intersection, or, if none, stop before entering the 168 intersection; 169 (2) Yield the right-of-way to all vehicles, streetcars, or 170

trackless trolleys in the intersection or approaching on an 171 intersecting road, if the vehicles, streetcars, or trackless 172 trolleys will constitute an immediate hazard during the time the 173 driver is moving across or within the intersection or junction 174 of roadways; 175

(3) Exercise ordinary care while proceeding through the 176intersection. 177

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 178 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 179 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 180 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 181 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 182 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 183 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 184 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 185 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 186 degree. 187

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 188 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 189 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 190 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 191 Revised Code. 192

If the offender commits the offense while operating a193motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section1944511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to195

the additional penalties established under that section. 196 Sec. 4511.17. (A) No person, without lawful authority, 197 shall do any of the following: 198 (1) Knowingly move, deface, damage, destroy, or otherwise 199 improperly tamper with any traffic control device, any railroad 200 sign or signal, or any inscription, shield, or insignia on the 201 device, sign, or signal, or any part of the device, sign, or 202 signal; 203 (2) Knowingly drive upon or over any freshly applied 204 pavement marking material on the surface of a roadway while the 205 marking materiel is in an undried condition and is marked by 206 flags, markers, signs, or other devices intended to protect it; 207 208 (3) Knowingly move, damage, destroy, or otherwise improperly tamper with a manhole cover. 209 (B) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, 210 whoever violates division (A) (1) or (3) of this section is 211 quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. If a violation of 212 division (A)(1) or (3) of this section creates a risk of 213 physical harm to any person, the offender is quilty of a 214 misdemeanor of the first degree. If a violation of division (A) 215 (1) or (3) of this section causes serious physical harm to 216 property that is owned, leased, or controlled by a state or 217 local authority, the offender is guilty of a felony of the fifth 218 degree. 219 220 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates division (A)(2) of this section is guilty of a minor 221

misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender222previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one223predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates224

division (A)(2) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of225the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the226offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate227motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates division (A)228(2) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third229degree.230

(C) If the offender commits the offense while distracted and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4511.20. (A) No person shall operate a vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar on any street or highway in willful or wanton disregard of the safety of persons or property.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 240 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 241 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 242 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 243 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 244 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 245 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 246 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 247 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 248 degree. Whoever violates this section within a construction 249 zone, as defined in section 4511.993 of the Revised Code, is 250 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 251

Sec. 4511.202. (A) No person shall operate a motor252vehicle, trackless trolley, streetcar, agricultural tractor, or253agricultural tractor that is towing, pulling, or otherwise254

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drawing a unit of farm machinery on any street, highway, or 255 property open to the public for vehicular traffic without being 256 in reasonable control of the vehicle, trolley, streetcar, 257 agricultural tractor, or unit of farm machinery. 258

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of operating a 259
motor vehicle or agricultural tractor without being in control 260
of it, a minor misdemeanor. 261

(C) If the offender commits the offense while distracted262and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the263commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the264additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the265Revised Code.266

(D) If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties established under that section.

Sec. 4511.204. (A) No person shall operate a motor 271 vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar on any street, highway, 272 or property open to the public for vehicular traffic while 273 using, holding, or physically supporting with any part of the 274 person's body an electronic wireless communications device. 275

(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any of276the following:

(1) A person using an electronic wireless communications
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(2) A person driving a public safety vehicle while using282an electronic wireless communications device in the course of283

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the person's duties;

(3) A person using an electronic wireless communications
(3) A person using an electronic wireless communications<

(4) A person using and holding an electronic wireless
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communications device directly near the person's ear for the
purpose of making, receiving, or conducting a telephone call,
provided that the person does not manually enter letters,
numbers, or symbols into the device;
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(5) A person receiving wireless messages on an electronic 295 wireless communications device regarding the operation or 296 navigation of a motor vehicle; safety-related information, 297 including emergency, traffic, or weather alerts; or data used 298 primarily by the motor vehicle, provided that the person does 299 not hold or support the device with any part of the person's 300 body; 301

(6) A person using the speaker phone function of the
a) 302
electronic wireless communications device, provided that the
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person does not hold or support the device with any part of the
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(7) A person using an electronic wireless communications
device for navigation purposes, provided that the person does
not do either of the following during the use:
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(a) Manually enter letters, numbers, or symbols into the 309device; 310

(b) Hold or support the device with any part of the311person's body.312

(8) A person using a feature or function of the electronic	313	
wireless communications device with a single touch or single	314	
swipe, provided that the person does not do either of the		
following during the use:	316	
(a) Manually enter letters, numbers, or symbols into the	317	
device;		
(b) Hold or support the device with any part of the	319	
person's body.		
(9) A person operating a commercial truck while using a	321	
mobile data terminal that transmits and receives data;		
(10) A person operating a utility service vehicle or a	323	
vehicle for or on behalf of a utility, if the person is acting		
in response to an emergency, power outage, or circumstance that		
affects the health or safety of individuals;		
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(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications	327	
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(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications	327	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free	327 328	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the	327 328 329	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate	327 328 329 330	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the feature or function with a single touch or swipe, provided	327 328 329 330 331	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the feature or function with a single touch or swipe, provided the person does not hold or support the device with any part of	327 328 329 330 331 332	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the feature or function with a single touch or swipe, provided the person does not hold or support the device with any part of the person's body;	327 328 329 330 331 332 333	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the feature or function with a single touch or swipe, provided the person does not hold or support the device with any part of the person's body; (12) A person using technology that physically or	327 328 329 330 331 332 333 333	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the feature or function with a single touch or swipe, provided the person does not hold or support the device with any part of the person's body; (12) A person using technology that physically or electronically integrates the device into the motor vehicle,	327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335	
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the feature or function with a single touch or swipe, provided the person does not hold or support the device with any part of the person's body; (12) A person using technology that physically or electronically integrates the device into the motor vehicle, provided that the person does not do either of the following	327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336	
<pre>(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the feature or function with a single touch or swipe, provided the person does not hold or support the device with any part of the person's body;</pre>	327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337	

person's body.		
(13) A person storing an electronic wireless	342	
communications device in a holster, harness, or article of		
clothing on the person's body.		
(C)(1) On January 31 of each year, the department of	345	
public safety shall issue a report to the general assembly that	346	
specifies the number of citations issued for violations of this	347	
section during the previous calendar year.	348	
(2) If a law enforcement officer issues an offender a	349	
ticket, citation, or summons for a violation of division (A) of	350	
this section, the officer shall do both of the following:	351	
(a) Report the issuance of the ticket, citation, or	352	
summons to the officer's law enforcement agency;	353	
(b) Ensure that such report indicates the offender's race.	354	
(D) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is	355	
guilty of operating a motor vehicle while using an electronic	356	
wireless communication device, an unclassified misdemeanor, and	357	
shall be punished as provided in divisions (D)(1) to $\frac{(5)}{(6)}$ of	358	
this section.	359	
(1) The offender shall be fined, and is subject to a	360	
suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial	361	
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary	362	
license, or nonresident operating privilege, as follows:		
(a) Except as provided in divisions (D)(1)(b), (c), (d),	364	
and (2) of this section, the court shall impose upon the	365	
offender a fine of not more than one hundred fifty dollars.	366	

(b) If, within two years of the violation, the offenderhas been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one prior violation368

of this section or a substantially equivalent municipal369ordinance, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine of370not more than two hundred fifty dollars.371

(c) If, within two years of the violation, the offender 372 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more prior 373 violations of this section or a substantially equivalent 374 municipal ordinance, the court shall impose upon the offender a 375 fine of not more than five hundred dollars. The court also may 376 impose a suspension of the offender's driver's license, 377 commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit, 378 probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege for 379 ninety days. 380

(d) Notwithstanding divisions (D) (1) (a) to (c) of this section, if the offender was operating the motor vehicle at the time of the violation in a construction zone where a sign was posted in accordance with section 4511.98 of the Revised Code, the court, in addition to all other penalties provided by law, shall impose upon the offender a fine of two times the amount imposed for the violation under division (D) (1) (a), (b), or (c) of this section, as applicable.

(2) If the offender is in the category of offenders to 389 whom division (D)(1)(a) of this section applies, in lieu of 390 payment of the fine of one hundred fifty dollars under division 391 (D) (1) (a) of this section and the assessment of points under 392 division (D)(4) of this section, the offender instead may elect 393 to attend the distracted driving safety course, as described in 394 section 4511.991 of the Revised Code. If the offender attends 395 and successfully completes the course, the offender shall be 396 issued written evidence that the offender successfully completed 397 the course. The offender shall not be required to pay the fine 398

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and shall not have the points assessed against that offender's 399 driver's license if the offender submits the written evidence to 400 the court within 90 days of the violation of division (A) of 401 this section. However, successful completion of the course does 402 not result in a dismissal of the charges for the violation, and 403 the violation is a prior offense under divisions (D)(1)(b) and 404 (c) of this section if the offender commits a subsequent 405 violation or violations of division (A) of this section within 406 two years of the offense for which the course was completed. 407 This division does not apply with respect to any offender in the 408 category of offenders to whom division (D)(1)(b), (c),  $\frac{\partial r}{\partial r}$ (d)-, 409 or (5) of this section applies. 410

(3) The court may impose any other penalty authorized
under sections 2929.21 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code. However,
the court shall not impose a fine or a suspension not otherwise
specified in division (D) (1) of this section. The court also
shall not impose a jail term or community residential sanction.

(4) Except as provided in division (D) (2) of this section,
points shall be assessed for a violation of division (A) of this
section in accordance with section 4510.036 of the Revised Code.
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(5) If the offender commits an offense established under419this section while operating a motor vehicle in a construction420zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code421applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties422established under that section.423

(6) The offense established under this section is a strict 424 liability offense and section 2901.20 of the Revised Code does 425 not apply. The designation of this offense as a strict liability 426 offense shall not be construed to imply that any other offense, 427 for which there is no specified degree of culpability, is not a 428 strict liability offense.

(E) This section shall not be construed as invalidating,
preempting, or superseding a substantially equivalent municipal
ordinance that prescribes penalties for violations of that
ordinance that are greater than the penalties prescribed in this
section for violations of this section.

(F) A prosecution for an offense in violation of this
section does not preclude a prosecution for an offense in
violation of a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance
based on the same conduct. However, the two offenses are allied
offenses of similar import under section 2941.25 of the Revised
Code.

(G) (1) A law enforcement officer does not have probable
cause and shall not stop the operator of a motor vehicle for
purposes of enforcing this section unless the officer visually
observes the operator using, holding, or physically supporting
with any part of the person's body the electronic wireless
communications device.

(2) A law enforcement officer who stops the operator of a
motor vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar for a violation
of division (A) of this section shall inform the operator that
the operator may decline a search of the operator's electronic
wireless communications device. The officer shall not do any of
the following:

(a) Access the device without a warrant, unless the
operator voluntarily and unequivocally gives consent for the
officer to access the device;
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(b) Confiscate the device while awaiting the issuance of awarrant to access the device;457

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(c) Obtain consent from the operator to access the device 458 through coercion or any other improper means. Any consent by the 459 operator to access the device shall be voluntary and unequivocal 460 before the officer may access the device without a warrant. 461 (H) As used in this section: 462 (1) "Electronic wireless communications device" includes 463 any of the following: 464 465 (a) A wireless telephone; 466 (b) A text-messaging device; (c) A personal digital assistant; 467 (d) A computer, including a laptop computer and a computer 468 tablet; 469 (e) Any device capable of displaying a video, movie, 470 broadcast television image, or visual image; 471 (f) Any other substantially similar wireless device that 472 is designed or used to communicate text, initiate or receive 473 communication, or exchange information or data. 474 An "electronic wireless communications device" does not 475 include a two-way radio transmitter or receiver used by a person 476 who is licensed by the federal communications commission to 477 participate in the amateur radio service. 478 (2) "Voice-operated or hands-free feature or function" 479 means a feature or function that allows a person to use an 480 electronic wireless communications device without the use of 481 either hand, except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the 482 feature or function with a single touch or single swipe. 483

(3) "Utility" means an entity specified in division (A), 484

(C), (D), (E), or (G) of section 4905.03 of the Revised Code. 485 (4) "Utility service vehicle" means a vehicle owned or 486 operated by a utility. 487 Sec. 4511.205. (A) No holder of a temporary instruction 488 permit who has not attained the age of eighteen years and no 489 holder of a probationary driver's license shall drive a motor 490 vehicle on any street, highway, or property used by the public 491 for purposes of vehicular traffic or parking while using in any 492 manner an electronic wireless communications device. 493 (B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to either 494 of the following: 495 (1) A person using an electronic wireless communications 496 device for emergency purposes, including an emergency contact 497 with a law enforcement agency, hospital or health care provider, 498 fire department, or other similar emergency agency or entity; 499 (2) A person using an electronic wireless communications 500 device whose motor vehicle is in a stationary position and the 501 motor vehicle is outside a lane of travel; 502 (3) A person using a navigation device in a voice-operated 503 504 or hands-free manner who does not manipulate the device while driving. 505 (C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this 506 section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be 507 fined one hundred fifty dollars. In addition, the court shall 508 impose a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's 509 license or permit for a definite period of sixty days. 510 (2) If the person previously has been adjudicated a 511

delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender for a violation

of this section, whoever violates this section shall be fined513three hundred dollars. In addition, the court shall impose a514class seven suspension of the person's driver's license or515permit for a definite period of one year.516

(3) If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties established under that section.

521 (D) The filing of a sworn complaint against a person for a violation of this section does not preclude the filing of a 522 sworn complaint for a violation of a substantially equivalent 523 municipal ordinance for the same conduct. However, if a person 524 is adjudicated a delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender 525 for a violation of this section and is also adjudicated a 526 delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender for a violation 527 of a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance for the same 528 conduct, the two offenses are allied offenses of similar import 529 under section 2941.25 of the Revised Code. 530

(E) As used in this section, "electronic wireless531communications device" includes any of the following:532

(1) A wireless telephone; 533

(2) A personal digital assistant;

(3) A computer, including a laptop computer and a computer535tablet;536

(4) A text-messaging device; 537

(5) Any other substantially similar electronic wireless
device that is designed or used to communicate via voice, image,
or written word.

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Sec. 4511.21. (A) No person shall operate a motor vehicle, 541 trackless trolley, or streetcar at a speed greater or less than 542 is reasonable or proper, having due regard to the traffic, 543 surface, and width of the street or highway and any other 544 conditions, and no person shall drive any motor vehicle, 545 trackless trolley, or streetcar in and upon any street or 546 highway at a greater speed than will permit the person to bring 547 it to a stop within the assured clear distance ahead. 548

(B) It is prima-facie lawful, in the absence of a lower
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limit declared or established pursuant to this section by the
director of transportation or local authorities, for the
operator of a motor vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar to
operate the same at a speed not exceeding the following:

(1) (a) Twenty miles per hour in school zones during school 554 recess and while children are going to or leaving school during 555 the opening or closing hours, and when twenty miles per hour 556 school speed limit signs are erected; except that, on 557 controlled-access highways and expressways, if the right-of-way 558 line fence has been erected without pedestrian opening, the 559 speed shall be governed by division (B)(4) of this section and 560 on freeways, if the right-of-way line fence has been erected 561 562 without pedestrian opening, the speed shall be governed by divisions (B) (10) and (11) of this section. The end of every 563 school zone may be marked by a sign indicating the end of the 564 zone. Nothing in this section or in the manual and 565 specifications for a uniform system of traffic control devices 566 shall be construed to require school zones to be indicated by 567 signs equipped with flashing or other lights, or giving other 568 special notice of the hours in which the school zone speed limit 569 is in effect. 570

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(b) As used in this section and in section 4511.212 of the 571 Revised Code, "school" means all of the following: 572 (i) Any school chartered under section 3301.16 of the 573 Revised Code: 574 (ii) Any nonchartered school that during the preceding 575 year filed with the department of education and workforce in 576 compliance with rule 3301-35-08 of the Ohio Administrative Code, 577 a copy of the school's report for the parents of the school's 578 pupils certifying that the school meets Ohio minimum standards 579 for nonchartered, nontax-supported schools and presents evidence 580 of this filing to the jurisdiction from which it is requesting 581 the establishment of a school zone; 582 (iii) Any special elementary school that in writing 583 requests the county engineer of the county in which the special 584 elementary school is located to create a school zone at the 585 location of that school. Upon receipt of such a written request, 586 the county engineer shall create a school zone at that location 587 by erecting the appropriate signs. 588

(iv) Any preschool education program operated by an 589 educational service center that is located on a street or 590 highway with a speed limit of forty-five miles per hour or more, 591 when the educational service center in writing requests that the 592 county engineer of the county in which the program is located 593 create a school zone at the location of that program. Upon 594 receipt of such a written request, the county engineer shall 595 create a school zone at that location by erecting the 596 appropriate signs. 597

(c) As used in this section, "school zone" means that598portion of a street or highway passing a school fronting upon599

the street or highway that is encompassed by projecting the 600 school property lines to the fronting street or highway, and 601 also includes that portion of a state highway. Upon request from 602 local authorities for streets and highways under their 603 jurisdiction and that portion of a state highway under the 604 jurisdiction of the director of transportation or a request from 605 a county engineer in the case of a school zone for a special 606 elementary school, the director may extend the traditional 607 school zone boundaries. The distances in divisions (B)(1)(c)(i), 608 (ii), and (iii) of this section shall not exceed three hundred 609 feet per approach per direction and are bounded by whichever of 610 the following distances or combinations thereof the director 611 approves as most appropriate: 612

(i) The distance encompassed by projecting the school
building lines normal to the fronting highway and extending a
distance of three hundred feet on each approach direction;
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(ii) The distance encompassed by projecting the school
property lines intersecting the fronting highway and extending a
distance of three hundred feet on each approach direction;
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(iii) The distance encompassed by the special marking of
the pavement for a principal school pupil crosswalk plus a
distance of three hundred feet on each approach direction of the
highway.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate623the director's initial action on August 9, 1976, establishing624all school zones at the traditional school zone boundaries625defined by projecting school property lines, except when those626boundaries are extended as provided in divisions (B) (1) (a) and627(c) of this section.628

(d) As used in this division, "crosswalk" has the meaning
given that term in division (LL) (2) of section 4511.01 of the
Revised Code.

The director may, upon request by resolution of the 632 legislative authority of a municipal corporation, the board of 633 trustees of a township, or a county board of developmental 634 disabilities created pursuant to Chapter 5126. of the Revised 635 Code, and upon submission by the municipal corporation, 636 township, or county board of such engineering, traffic, and 637 other information as the director considers necessary, designate 638 a school zone on any portion of a state route lying within the 639 municipal corporation, lying within the unincorporated territory 640 of the township, or lying adjacent to the property of a school 641 that is operated by such county board, that includes a crosswalk 642 customarily used by children going to or leaving a school during 643 recess and opening and closing hours, whenever the distance, as 644 measured in a straight line, from the school property line 645 nearest the crosswalk to the nearest point of the crosswalk is 646 no more than one thousand three hundred twenty feet. Such a 647 school zone shall include the distance encompassed by the 648 crosswalk and extending three hundred feet on each approach 649 direction of the state route. 650

(e) As used in this section, "special elementary school"651means a school that meets all of the following criteria:652

(i) It is not chartered and does not receive tax revenue653from any source.

(ii) It does not educate children beyond the eighth grade. 655

(iii) It is located outside the limits of a municipal656corporation.

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(iv) A majority of the total number of students enrolled 658 at the school are not related by blood. 659 (v) The principal or other person in charge of the special 660 elementary school annually sends a report to the superintendent 661 of the school district in which the special elementary school is 662 located indicating the total number of students enrolled at the 663 school, but otherwise the principal or other person in charge 664 665 does not report any other information or data to the

superintendent.

(2) Twenty-five miles per hour in all other portions of a
municipal corporation, except on state routes outside business
districts, through highways outside business districts, and
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alleys;
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(3) Thirty-five miles per hour on all state routes or through highways within municipal corporations outside business districts, except as provided in divisions (B)(4) and (6) of this section;

(4) Fifty miles per hour on controlled-access highways andexpressways within municipal corporations, except as provided indivisions (B)(12), (13), (14), (15), and (16) of this section;

(5) Fifty-five miles per hour on highways outside
municipal corporations, other than highways within island
jurisdictions as provided in division (B) (8) of this section,
highways as provided in divisions (B) (9) and (10) of this
section, and highways, expressways, and freeways as provided in
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divisions (B) (12), (13), (14), and (16) of this section;

(6) Fifty miles per hour on state routes within municipal
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(7) Fifteen miles per hour on all alleys within the 687 municipal corporation; 688 (8) Thirty-five miles per hour on highways outside 689 municipal corporations that are within an island jurisdiction; 690 (9) Thirty-five miles per hour on through highways, except 691 state routes, that are outside municipal corporations and that 692 are within a national park with boundaries extending through two 693 or more counties; 694 (10) Sixty miles per hour on two-lane state routes outside 695 municipal corporations as established by the director under 696 division (H)(2) of this section; 697 (11) Fifty-five miles per hour on freeways with paved 698 shoulders inside municipal corporations, other than freeways as 699 provided in divisions (B)(14) and (16) of this section; 700 (12) Sixty miles per hour on rural expressways with 701 traffic control signals and on all portions of rural divided 702 highways, except as provided in divisions (B)(13) and (14) of 703 this section; 704 (13) Sixty-five miles per hour on all rural expressways 705 without traffic control signals; 706 707 (14) Seventy miles per hour on all rural freeways; (15) Fifty-five miles per hour on all portions of freeways 708 or expressways in congested areas as determined by the director 709 and that are located within a municipal corporation or within an 710 interstate freeway outerbelt, except as provided in division (B) 711 (16) of this section; 712

(16) Sixty-five miles per hour on all portions of freewaysor expressways without traffic control signals in urbanized714

areas.

(C) It is prima-facie unlawful for any person to exceed 716 any of the speed limitations in divisions (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), 717 (4), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of this section, or any declared or 718 established pursuant to this section by the director or local 719 authorities and it is unlawful for any person to exceed any of 720 the speed limitations in division (D) of this section. No person 721 shall be convicted of more than one violation of this section 722 for the same conduct, although violations of more than one 723 724 provision of this section may be charged in the alternative in a single affidavit. 725

(D) No person shall operate a motor vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar upon a street or highway as follows:

(1) At a speed exceeding fifty-five miles per hour, except 728 upon a two-lane state route as provided in division (B) (10) of 729 this section and upon a highway, expressway, or freeway as 730 provided in divisions (B) (12), (13), (14), and (16) of this 731 section; 732

(2) At a speed exceeding sixty miles per hour upon a twolane state route as provided in division (B)(10) of this section and upon a highway as provided in division (B)(12) of this section;

(3) At a speed exceeding sixty-five miles per hour upon an
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(4) At a speed exceeding seventy miles per hour upon a 741freeway as provided in division (B) (14) of this section; 742

(5) At a speed exceeding the posted speed limit upon a 743

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highway, expressway, or freeway for which the director has 744 determined and declared a speed limit pursuant to division (I) 745 (2) or (L)(2) of this section. 746

(E) In every charge of violation of this section the 747 affidavit and warrant shall specify the time, place, and speed 748 at which the defendant is alleged to have driven, and in charges 749 made in reliance upon division (C) of this section also the 750 speed which division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), or 751 (9) of, or a limit declared or established pursuant to, this 752 753 section declares is prima-facie lawful at the time and place of such alleged violation, except that in affidavits where a person 754 is alleged to have driven at a greater speed than will permit 755 756 the person to bring the vehicle to a stop within the assured clear distance ahead the affidavit and warrant need not specify 757 the speed at which the defendant is alleged to have driven. 758

(F) When a speed in excess of both a prima-facie 759 limitation and a limitation in division (D) of this section is 760 alleged, the defendant shall be charged in a single affidavit, 761 alleging a single act, with a violation indicated of both 762 division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), or (9) of this 763 section, or of a limit declared or established pursuant to this 764 section by the director or local authorities, and of the 765 limitation in division (D) of this section. If the court finds a 766 violation of division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), 767 or (9) of, or a limit declared or established pursuant to, this 768 section has occurred, it shall enter a judgment of conviction 769 under such division and dismiss the charge under division (D) of 770 this section. If it finds no violation of division (B)(1)(a), 771 (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), or (9) of, or a limit declared or 772 established pursuant to, this section, it shall then consider 773 whether the evidence supports a conviction under division (D) of 774

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#### this section.

(G) Points shall be assessed for violation of a limitation
(G) Points shall be assessed for violation of a limitation
(D) of this section in accordance with section
(G) 776
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(H) (1) Whenever the director determines upon the basis of 779 criteria established by an engineering study, as defined by the 780 director, that any speed limit set forth in divisions (B)(1)(a) 781 to (D) of this section is greater or less than is reasonable or 782 safe under the conditions found to exist at any portion of a 783 street or highway under the jurisdiction of the director, the 784 director shall determine and declare a reasonable and safe 785 prima-facie speed limit, which shall be effective when 786 appropriate signs giving notice of it are erected at the 787 location. 788

(2) Whenever the director determines upon the basis of criteria established by an engineering study, as defined by the director, that the speed limit of fifty-five miles per hour on a two-lane state route outside a municipal corporation is less than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at that portion of the state route, the director may determine and declare a speed limit of sixty miles per hour for that portion of the state route, which shall be effective when appropriate signs giving notice of it are erected at the location.

(3) (a) For purposes of the safe and orderly movement of
traffic upon any portion of a street or highway under the
jurisdiction of the director, the director may establish a
variable speed limit that is different than the speed limit
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established by or under this section on all or portions of
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interstate six hundred seventy, interstate two hundred seventy-

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five, and interstate ninety commencing at the intersection of 805 that interstate with interstate seventy-one and continuing to 806 the border of the state of Ohio with the state of Pennsylvania. 807 The director shall establish criteria for determining the 808 809 appropriate use of variable speed limits and shall establish variable speed limits in accordance with the criteria. The 810 director may establish variable speed limits based upon the time 811 of day, weather conditions, traffic incidents, or other factors 812 that affect the safe speed on a street or highway. The director 813 shall not establish a variable speed limit that is based on a 814 particular type or class of vehicle. A variable speed limit 815 established by the director under this section is effective when 816 appropriate signs giving notice of the speed limit are displayed 817 at the location. 818

(b) Except for variable speed limits established under 819 division (H) (3) (a) of this section, the director shall establish 820 a variable speed limit under the authority granted to the 821 director by this section on not more than two additional 822 highways and only pursuant to criteria established in rules 823 adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The 824 rules shall be based on the criteria described in division (H) 825 (3) (a) of this section. The rules also shall establish the 826 parameters of any engineering study necessary for determining 827 when variable speed limits are appropriate. 828

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit
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 the authority of the director to establish speed limits within a
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 construction zone as authorized under section 4511.98 of the
 Revised Code.
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(I) (1) Except as provided in divisions (I) (2), (J), (K),833and (N) of this section, whenever local authorities determine834

upon the basis of criteria established by an engineering study, 835 as defined by the director, that the speed permitted by 836 divisions (B)(1)(a) to (D) of this section, on any part of a 837 highway under their jurisdiction, is greater than is reasonable 838 and safe under the conditions found to exist at such location, 839 the local authorities may by resolution request the director to 840 841 determine and declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie speed limit. Upon receipt of such request the director may determine 842 and declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie speed limit at 843 such location, and if the director does so, then such declared 844 speed limit shall become effective only when appropriate signs 845 giving notice thereof are erected at such location by the local 846 authorities. The director may withdraw the declaration of a 847 prima-facie speed limit whenever in the director's opinion the 848 altered prima-facie speed limit becomes unreasonable. Upon such 849 withdrawal, the declared prima-facie speed limit shall become 850 ineffective and the signs relating thereto shall be immediately 851 removed by the local authorities. 852

(2) A local authority may determine on the basis of 853 criteria established by an engineering study, as defined by the 854 director, that the speed limit of sixty-five or seventy miles 855 per hour on a portion of a freeway under its jurisdiction is 856 greater than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to 857 exist at that portion of the freeway. If the local authority 858 makes such a determination, the local authority by resolution 859 may request the director to determine and declare a reasonable 860 and safe speed limit of not less than fifty-five miles per hour 861 for that portion of the freeway. If the director takes such 862 action, the declared speed limit becomes effective only when 863 appropriate signs giving notice of it are erected at such 864 location by the local authority. 865

(J) Local authorities in their respective jurisdictions 866 may authorize by ordinance higher prima-facie speeds than those 867 stated in this section upon through highways, or upon highways 868 or portions thereof where there are no intersections, or between 869 widely spaced intersections, provided signs are erected giving 870 notice of the authorized speed, but local authorities shall not 871 modify or alter the basic rule set forth in division (A) of this 872 section or in any event authorize by ordinance a speed in excess 873 of the maximum speed permitted by division (D) of this section 874 875 for the specified type of highway.

876 Alteration of prima-facie limits on state routes by local authorities shall not be effective until the alteration has been 877 approved by the director. The director may withdraw approval of 878 any altered prima-facie speed limits whenever in the director's 879 opinion any altered prima-facie speed becomes unreasonable, and 880 upon such withdrawal, the altered prima-facie speed shall become 881 ineffective and the signs relating thereto shall be immediately 882 removed by the local authorities. 883

(K)(1) As used in divisions (K)(1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section, "unimproved highway" means a highway consisting of any of the following:

- (a) Unimproved earth;
  - (b) Unimproved graded and drained earth;
  - (c) Gravel.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (K) (4) and
(5) of this section, whenever a board of township trustees
(5) determines upon the basis of criteria established by an
(6) engineering study, as defined by the director, that the speed
(7) of this section (B) (5) of this section on any part of an

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unimproved highway under its jurisdiction and in the 895 unincorporated territory of the township is greater than is 896 reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at the 897 location, the board may by resolution declare a reasonable and 898 safe prima-facie speed limit of fifty-five but not less than 899 twenty-five miles per hour. An altered speed limit adopted by a 900 board of township trustees under this division becomes effective 901 when appropriate traffic control devices, as prescribed in 902 section 4511.11 of the Revised Code, giving notice thereof are 903 erected at the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty 904 days after adoption of the resolution. 905

(3) (a) Whenever, in the opinion of a board of township
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trustees, any altered prima-facie speed limit established by the
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board under this division becomes unreasonable, the board may
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adopt a resolution withdrawing the altered prima-facie speed
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limit. Upon the adoption of such a resolution, the altered
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prima-facie speed limit becomes ineffective and the traffic
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control devices relating thereto shall be immediately removed.

(b) Whenever a highway ceases to be an unimproved highway 913 and the board has adopted an altered prima-facie speed limit 914 pursuant to division (K)(2) of this section, the board shall, by 915 resolution, withdraw the altered prima-facie speed limit as soon 916 as the highway ceases to be unimproved. Upon the adoption of 917 such a resolution, the altered prima-facie speed limit becomes 918 ineffective and the traffic control devices relating thereto 919 shall be immediately removed. 920

(4) (a) If the boundary of two townships rests on the
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centerline of an unimproved highway in unincorporated territory
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and both townships have jurisdiction over the highway, neither
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of the boards of township trustees of such townships may declare
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an altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant to division (K)(2) 925 of this section on the part of the highway under their joint 926 jurisdiction unless the boards of township trustees of both of 927 the townships determine, upon the basis of criteria established 928 by an engineering study, as defined by the director, that the 929 speed permitted by division (B)(5) of this section is greater 930 than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist 931 at the location and both boards agree upon a reasonable and safe 932 prima-facie speed limit of less than fifty-five but not less 933 than twenty-five miles per hour for that location. If both 934 boards so agree, each shall follow the procedure specified in 935 division (K)(2) of this section for altering the prima-facie 936 speed limit on the highway. Except as otherwise provided in 937 division (K)(4)(b) of this section, no speed limit altered 938 pursuant to division (K) (4) (a) of this section may be withdrawn 939 unless the boards of township trustees of both townships 940 determine that the altered prima-facie speed limit previously 941 adopted becomes unreasonable and each board adopts a resolution 942 withdrawing the altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant to the 943 procedure specified in division (K)(3)(a) of this section. 944

(b) Whenever a highway described in division (K) (4) (a) of 945 this section ceases to be an unimproved highway and two boards 946 of township trustees have adopted an altered prima-facie speed 947 limit pursuant to division (K)(4)(a) of this section, both 948 boards shall, by resolution, withdraw the altered prima-facie 949 speed limit as soon as the highway ceases to be unimproved. Upon 950 the adoption of the resolution, the altered prima-facie speed 951 limit becomes ineffective and the traffic control devices 952 relating thereto shall be immediately removed. 953

(5) As used in division (K)(5) of this section:

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(a) "Commercial subdivision" means any platted territory
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outside the limits of a municipal corporation and fronting a
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highway where, for a distance of three hundred feet or more, the
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frontage is improved with buildings in use for commercial
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purposes, or where the entire length of the highway is less than
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three hundred feet long and the frontage is improved with
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buildings in use for commercial purposes.
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(b) "Residential subdivision" means any platted territory 962 outside the limits of a municipal corporation and fronting a 963 highway, where, for a distance of three hundred feet or more, 964 the frontage is improved with residences or residences and 965 buildings in use for business, or where the entire length of the 966 highway is less than three hundred feet long and the frontage is 967 improved with residences or residences and buildings in use for 968 business. 969

Whenever a board of township trustees finds upon the basis 970 of criteria established by an engineering study, as defined by 971 the director, that the prima-facie speed permitted by division 972 (B) (5) of this section on any part of a highway under its 973 jurisdiction that is located in a commercial or residential 974 subdivision, except on highways or portions thereof at the 975 entrances to which vehicular traffic from the majority of 976 intersecting highways is required to yield the right-of-way to 977 vehicles on such highways in obedience to stop or yield signs or 978 traffic control signals, is greater than is reasonable and safe 979 under the conditions found to exist at the location, the board 980 may by resolution declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie 981 speed limit of less than fifty-five but not less than twenty-982 five miles per hour at the location. An altered speed limit 983 adopted by a board of township trustees under this division 984 shall become effective when appropriate signs giving notice 985

thereof are erected at the location by the township. Whenever,986in the opinion of a board of township trustees, any altered987prima-facie speed limit established by it under this division988becomes unreasonable, it may adopt a resolution withdrawing the989altered prima-facie speed, and upon such withdrawal, the altered990prima-facie speed shall become ineffective, and the signs991relating thereto shall be immediately removed by the township.992

(L) (1) The director of transportation, based upon an 993 engineering study, as defined by the director, of a highway, 994 995 expressway, or freeway described in division (B)(12), (13), (14), (15), or (16) of this section, in consultation with the 996 director of public safety and, if applicable, the local 997 authority having jurisdiction over the studied highway, 998 expressway, or freeway, may determine and declare that the speed 999 limit established on such highway, expressway, or freeway under 1000 division (B)(12), (13), (14), (15), or (16) of this section 1001 either is reasonable and safe or is more or less than that which 1002 is reasonable and safe. 1003

(2) If the established speed limit for a highway, 1004 expressway, or freeway studied pursuant to division (L)(1) of 1005 this section is determined to be more or less than that which is 1006 reasonable and safe, the director of transportation, in 1007 consultation with the director of public safety and, if 1008 applicable, the local authority having jurisdiction over the 1009 studied highway, expressway, or freeway, shall determine and 1010 declare a reasonable and safe speed limit for that highway, 1011 expressway, or freeway. 1012

(M) (1) (a) If the boundary of two local authorities rests
on the centerline of a highway and both authorities have
jurisdiction over the highway, the speed limit for the part of
1015

the highway within their joint jurisdiction shall be either one of the following as agreed to by both authorities: 1017 (i) Either prima-facie speed limit permitted by division 1018 (B) of this section; 1019 (ii) An altered speed limit determined and posted in 1020 accordance with this section. 1021 (b) If the local authorities are unable to reach an 1022 agreement, the speed limit shall remain as established and 1023 posted under this section. 1024 (2) Neither local authority may declare an altered prima-1025 facie speed limit pursuant to this section on the part of the 1026 highway under their joint jurisdiction unless both of the local 1027 authorities determine, upon the basis of criteria established by 1028 an engineering study, as defined by the director, that the speed 1029

permitted by this section is greater than is reasonable or safe 1030 under the conditions found to exist at the location and both 1031 authorities agree upon a uniform reasonable and safe prima-facie 1032 speed limit of less than fifty-five but not less than twenty-1033 five miles per hour for that location. If both authorities so 1034 agree, each shall follow the procedure specified in this section 1035 for altering the prima-facie speed limit on the highway, and the 1036 speed limit for the part of the highway within their joint 1037 jurisdiction shall be uniformly altered. No altered speed limit 1038 may be withdrawn unless both local authorities determine that 1039 the altered prima-facie speed limit previously adopted becomes 1040 unreasonable and each adopts a resolution withdrawing the 1041 altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant to the procedure 1042 specified in this section. 1043

(N) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation 1044

or township in which a boarding school is located, by resolution	1045
or ordinance, may establish a boarding school zone. The	1046
legislative authority may alter the speed limit on any street or	1047
highway within the boarding school zone and shall specify the	1048
hours during which the altered speed limit is in effect. For	1049
purposes of determining the boundaries of the boarding school	1050
zone, the altered speed limit within the boarding school zone,	1051
and the hours the altered speed limit is in effect, the	1052
legislative authority shall consult with the administration of	1053
the boarding school and with the county engineer or other	1054
appropriate engineer, as applicable. A boarding school zone	1055
speed limit becomes effective only when appropriate signs giving	1056
notice thereof are erected at the appropriate locations.	1057
(O) As used in this section:	1058
(1) "Interstate system" has the same meaning as in 23	1059
(1) "Interstate system" has the same meaning as in 23 U.S.C. 101.	1059 1060
U.S.C. 101.	1060
U.S.C. 101. (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for	1060 1061
U.S.C. 101. (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for carrying more than nine passengers and used for the	1060 1061 1062
U.S.C. 101. (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for carrying more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.	1060 1061 1062 1063
<pre>U.S.C. 101.     (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for     carrying more than nine passengers and used for the     transportation of persons for compensation.     (3) "Noncommercial bus" includes but is not limited to a</pre>	1060 1061 1062 1063 1064
<pre>U.S.C. 101.     (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for carrying more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.     (3) "Noncommercial bus" includes but is not limited to a school bus or a motor vehicle operated solely for the</pre>	1060 1061 1062 1063 1064 1065
<pre>U.S.C. 101.     (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for carrying more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.     (3) "Noncommercial bus" includes but is not limited to a school bus or a motor vehicle operated solely for the transportation of persons associated with a charitable or</pre>	1060 1061 1062 1063 1064 1065 1066
<pre>U.S.C. 101.     (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for carrying more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.     (3) "Noncommercial bus" includes but is not limited to a school bus or a motor vehicle operated solely for the transportation of persons associated with a charitable or nonprofit organization.</pre>	1060 1061 1062 1063 1064 1065 1066 1067
<pre>U.S.C. 101.     (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for carrying more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.     (3) "Noncommercial bus" includes but is not limited to a school bus or a motor vehicle operated solely for the transportation of persons associated with a charitable or nonprofit organization.     (4) "Outerbelt" means a portion of a freeway that is part</pre>	1060 1061 1062 1063 1064 1065 1066 1067 1068
<pre>U.S.C. 101.     (2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for carrying more than nine passengers and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.     (3) "Noncommercial bus" includes but is not limited to a school bus or a motor vehicle operated solely for the transportation of persons associated with a charitable or nonprofit organization.     (4) "Outerbelt" means a portion of a freeway that is part of the interstate system and is located in the outer vicinity of</pre>	1060 1061 1062 1063 1064 1065 1066 1067 1068 1069

 within urbanized areas where the roadway characteristics remain 1074 mostly unchanged from those outside the urbanized areas. 1075 (6) "Urbanized area" has the same meaning as in 23 U.S.C. 1076 101. 1077 (7) "Divided" means a roadway having two or more travel 1078 lanes for vehicles moving in opposite directions and that is 1079 separated by a median of more than four feet, excluding turn 1080 1081 lanes. (P) (1) A violation of any provision of this section is one 1082 of the following: 1083 (a) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (P)(1)(b), 1084 (1) (c), (2), and (3) of this section, a minor misdemeanor; 1085 (b) If, within one year of the offense, the offender 1086 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two 1087 violations of any provision of this section or of any provision 1088 of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any 1089 provision of this section, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree; 1090 (c) If, within one year of the offense, the offender 1091

(c) II, within one year of the offense, the offender1091previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or1092more violations of any provision of this section or of any1093provision of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar1094to any provision of this section, a misdemeanor of the third1095degree.1096

(2) If the offender operated a motor vehicle faster than
thirty-five miles an hour in a business district of a municipal
corporation, faster than fifty miles an hour in other portions
of a municipal corporation, or faster than thirty-five miles an
hour in a school zone during recess or while children are going
to or leaving school during the school's opening or closing

hours, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. Division (P)(2) of 1103 this section does not apply if penalties may be imposed under 1104 division (P)(1)(b) or (c) of this section. 1105

(3) Notwithstanding division (P)(1) of this section, if
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the offender operated a motor vehicle in a construction zone
where a sign was then posted in accordance with section 4511.98
of the Revised Code, the both of the following apply:
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(a) The court, in addition to all other penalties provided 1110 by law, shall impose upon the offender a fine of two times the 1111 usual amount imposed for the violation. No court shall impose a 1112 fine of two times the usual amount imposed for the violation 1113 upon an offender if the offender alleges, in an affidavit filed 1114 with the court prior to the offender's sentencing, that the 1115 offender is indigent and is unable to pay the fine imposed 1116 pursuant to this division and if the court determines that the 1117 offender is an indigent person and unable to pay the fine. 1118

(b) If division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised1119Code also applies, the offender is subject to the additional1120penalties established under that section.1121

(4) If the offender commits the offense while distracted
and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the
Revised Code.

Sec. 4511.211. (A) The owner of a private road or driveway1127located in a private residential area containing twenty or more1128dwelling units may establish a speed limit on the road or1129driveway by complying with all of the following requirements:1130

(1) The speed limit is not less than twenty-five miles per 1131

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hour and is indicated by a sign that is in a proper position, is1132sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily observant1133person, and meets the specifications for the basic speed limit1134sign included in the manual adopted by the department of1135transportation pursuant to section 4511.09 of the Revised Code;1136

(2) The owner has posted a sign at the entrance of the
private road or driveway that is in plain view and clearly
informs persons entering the road or driveway that they are
entering private property, a speed limit has been established
for the road or driveway, and the speed limit is enforceable by
law enforcement officers under state law.

(B) No person shall operate a vehicle upon a private road
or driveway as provided in division (A) of this section at a
speed exceeding any speed limit established and posted pursuant
to that division.

(C) When a speed limit is established and posted in 1147 accordance with division (A) of this section, any law 1148 enforcement officer may apprehend a person violating the speed 1149 limit of the residential area by utilizing any of the means 1150 described in section 4511.091 of the Revised Code or by any 1151 other accepted method of determining the speed of a motor 1152 vehicle and may stop and charge the person with exceeding the 1153 1154 speed limit.

(D) Points shall be assessed for violation of a speed
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 limit established and posted in accordance with division (A) of
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 this section in accordance with section 4510.036 of the Revised
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 Code.

(E) As used in this section: 1159

(1) "Owner" includes but is not limited to a person who 1160

holds title to the real property in fee simple, a condominium1161owners' association, a property owner's association, the board1162of directors or trustees of a private community, and a nonprofit1163corporation governing a private community.1164

(2) "Private residential area containing twenty or more 1165
dwelling units" does not include a Chautauqua assembly as 1166
defined in section 4511.90 of the Revised Code. 1167

(F)(1) A violation of division (B) of this section is one 1168 of the following: 1169

(a) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (F) (1) (b)and (c) of this section, a minor misdemeanor;1171

(b) If, within one year of the offense, the offender
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two
violations of division (B) of this section or of any municipal
ordinance that is substantially similar to division (B) of this
section, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree;

(c) If, within one year of the offense, the offender
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or
more violations of division (B) of this section or of any
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to division
(B) of this section, a misdemeanor of the third degree.

(2) If the offender commits the offense while distracted
and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the
Revised Code.

(3) If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1187
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1188
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1189

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## the additional penalties established under that section.

Sec. 4511.213. (A) The driver of a motor vehicle, upon 1191 approaching a stationary public safety vehicle, emergency 1192 vehicle, road service vehicle, waste collection vehicle, vehicle 1193 used by the public utilities commission to conduct motor vehicle 1194 inspections in accordance with sections 4923.04 and 4923.06 of 1195 the Revised Code, or a highway maintenance vehicle that is 1196 displaying the appropriate visual signals by means of flashing, 1197 oscillating, or rotating lights, as prescribed in section 1198 4513.17 of the Revised Code, shall do either of the following: 1199

(1) If the driver of the motor vehicle is traveling on a 1200 highway that consists of at least two lanes that carry traffic 1201 in the same direction of travel as that of the driver's motor 1202 vehicle, the driver shall proceed with due caution and, if 1203 possible and with due regard to the road, weather, and traffic 1204 conditions, shall change lanes into a lane that is not adjacent 1205 to that of the stationary public safety vehicle, emergency 1206 vehicle, road service vehicle, waste collection vehicle, vehicle 1207 used by the public utilities commission to conduct motor vehicle 1208 inspections in accordance with sections 4923.04 and 4923.06 of 1209 the Revised Code, or a highway maintenance vehicle. 1210

(2) If the driver is not traveling on a highway of a type
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described in division (A) (1) of this section, or if the driver
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is traveling on a highway of that type but it is not possible to
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change lanes or if to do so would be unsafe, the driver shall
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proceed with due caution, reduce the speed of the motor vehicle,
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and maintain a safe speed for the road, weather, and traffic
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conditions.

(B) This section does not relieve the driver of a public1218safety vehicle, emergency vehicle, road service vehicle, waste1219

collection vehicle, vehicle used by the public utilities1220commission to conduct motor vehicle inspections in accordance1221with sections 4923.04 and 4923.06 of the Revised Code, or a1222highway maintenance vehicle from the duty to drive with due1223regard for the safety of all persons and property upon the1224highway.1225

(C) No person shall fail to drive a motor vehicle in
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compliance with division (A) (1) or (2) of this section when so
required by division (A) of this section.
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1229 (D) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. 1230 If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has 1231 been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor 1232 vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is 1233 quilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one 1234 year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted 1235 of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, 1236 whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 1237 1238 third degree.

(2) Notwithstanding section 2929.28 of the Revised Code,
upon a finding that a person operated a motor vehicle in
violation of division (C) of this section, the court, in
addition to all other penalties provided by law, shall impose a
fine of two times the usual amount imposed for the violation.

(3) If the offender commits the offense while distracted
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and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the
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commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the
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additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the
Revised Code.

(4) If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1249
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1250
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1251
the additional penalties established under that section.	1252
(E) The offense established under this section is a strict	1253
liability offense and section 2901.20 of the Revised Code does	1254
not apply. The designation of this offense as a strict liability	1255
offense shall not be construed to imply that any other offense,	1256
for which there is no specified degree of culpability, is not a	1257
strict liability offense.	1258
Sec. 4511.22. (A) No person shall stop or operate a	1259
vehicle, trackless trolley, or street car at such an	1260
unreasonably slow speed as to impede or block the normal and	1261
reasonable movement of traffic, except when stopping or reduced	1262
speed is necessary for safe operation or to comply with law.	1263
(B) Whenever the director of transportation or local	1264
authorities determine on the basis of an engineering and traffic	1265
investigation that slow speeds on any part of a controlled-	1266
access highway, expressway, or freeway consistently impede the	1267
normal and reasonable movement of traffic, the director or such	1268
local authority may declare a minimum speed limit below which no	1269
person shall operate a motor vehicle, trackless trolley, or	1270
street car except when necessary for safe operation or in	1271
compliance with law. No minimum speed limit established	1272
hereunder shall be less than thirty miles per hour, greater than	1273
fifty miles per hour, nor effective until the provisions of	1274
section 4511.21 of the Revised Code, relating to appropriate	1275
signs, have been fulfilled and local authorities have obtained	1276
the approval of the director.	1277

(C) In a case involving a violation of this section, the 1278

trier of fact, in determining whether the vehicle was being1279operated at an unreasonably slow speed, shall consider the1280capabilities of the vehicle and its operator.1281

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1282 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1283 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1284 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1285 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1286 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1287 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1288 1289 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1290 degree. 1291

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and1292the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1293commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1294additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1295Revised Code.1296

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1297motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section12984511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1299the additional penalties established under that section.1300

Sec. 4511.23. (A) No person shall operate a vehicle,1301trackless trolley, or streetcar over any bridge or other1302elevated structure constituting a part of a highway at a speed1303which is greater than the maximum speed that can be maintained1304with safety to such bridge or structure, when such structure is1305posted with signs as provided in this section.1306

The department of transportation upon request from any

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local authority shall, or upon its own initiative may, conduct 1308 an investigation of any bridge or other elevated structure 1309 constituting a part of a highway, and if it finds that such 1310 structure cannot with safety withstand traffic traveling at the 1311 speed otherwise permissible under sections 4511.01 to 4511.85 1312 and 4511.98-4511.993 of the Revised Code, the department shall 1313 determine and declare the maximum speed of traffic which such 1314 structure can withstand, and shall cause or permit suitable 1315 signs stating such maximum speed to be erected and maintained at 1316 a distance of at least one hundred feet before each end of such 1317 structure. 1318

Upon the trial of any person charged with a violation of 1319 this section, proof of said determination of the maximum speed 1320 by the department and the existence of said signs shall 1321 constitute prima-facie evidence of the maximum speed which can 1322 be maintained with safety to such bridge or structure. 1323

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1324 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1325 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1326 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1327 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1328 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1329 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1330 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1331 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1332 degree. 1333

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 1334 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1335 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 1336 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 1337

Revised Code.	1338
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1339
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1340
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1341
the additional penalties established under that section.	1342
Sec. 4511.25. (A) Upon all roadways of sufficient width, a	1343
vehicle or trackless trolley shall be driven upon the right half	1344
of the roadway, except as follows:	1345
(1) When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding	1346
in the same direction, or when making a left turn under the	1347
rules governing such movements;	1348
(2) When an obstruction exists making it necessary to	1349
drive to the left of the center of the highway; provided, any	1350
person so doing shall yield the right of way to all vehicles	1351
traveling in the proper direction upon the unobstructed portion	1352
of the highway within such distance as to constitute an	1353
immediate hazard;	1354
(3) When driving upon a roadway divided into three or more	1355
marked lanes for traffic under the rules applicable thereon;	1356
(4) When driving upon a roadway designated and posted with	1357
signs for one-way traffic;	1358
(5) When otherwise directed by a police officer or traffic	1359
control device.	1360
(B)(1) Upon all roadways any vehicle or trackless trolley	1361
proceeding at less than the prevailing and lawful speed of	1362
traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then	1363
existing shall be driven in the right-hand lane then available	1364
for traffic, and far enough to the right to allow passing by	1365

faster vehicles if such passing is safe and reasonable, except 1366 under any of the following circumstances: 1367 (a) When overtaking and passing another vehicle or 1368 trackless trolley proceeding in the same direction; 1369 (b) When preparing for a left turn; 1370 (c) When the driver must necessarily drive in a lane other 1371 than the right-hand lane to continue on the driver's intended 1372 route. 1373 (2) Nothing in division (B)(1) of this section requires a 1374 driver of a slower vehicle to compromise the driver's safety to 1375 allow overtaking by a faster vehicle. 1376 (C) Upon any roadway having four or more lanes for moving 1377 traffic and providing for two-way movement of traffic, no 1378 vehicle or trackless trolley shall be driven to the left of the 1379 center line of the roadway, except when authorized by official 1380 traffic control devices designating certain lanes to the left of 1381 the center of the roadway for use by traffic not otherwise 1382 permitted to use the lanes, or except as permitted under 1383 division (A)(2) of this section. 1384

This division shall not be construed as prohibiting the1385crossing of the center line in making a left turn into or from1386an alley, private road, or driveway.1387

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever
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violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,
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within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or
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traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or

more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1395 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1396 degree. 1397

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and1398the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1399commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1400additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1401Revised Code.1402

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1403motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section14044511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1405the additional penalties established under that section.1406

Sec. 4511.251. (A) As used in this section and section 4510.036 of the Revised Code:

(1) "Street racing" means the operation of two or more 1409 vehicles from a point side by side at accelerating speeds in a 1410 competitive attempt to out-distance each other or the operation 1411 of one or more vehicles over a common selected course, from the 1412 same point to the same point, wherein timing is made of the 1413 1414 participating vehicles involving competitive accelerations or speeds. The operation of two or more vehicles side by side 1415 either at speeds in excess of prima-facie lawful speeds 1416 established by divisions (B)(1)(a) to (B)(9) of section 4511.21 1417 of the Revised Code or rapidly accelerating from a common 1418 starting point to a speed in excess of such prima-facie lawful 1419 speeds shall be prima-facie evidence of street racing. 1420

(2) "Burnout" means a maneuver performed while operating a
vehicle whereby the vehicle is kept in a stationary position,
but the wheels of the vehicle are spun, which may cause the
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tires of the vehicle to become heated and emit smoke from the 1424 friction. 1425

(3) "Doughnut" means a maneuver performed while operating
a vehicle whereby the front or rear of the vehicle is rotated
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around the opposite set of wheels in a continuous motion, which
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may cause a circular skid-mark pattern of rubber on the driving
surface, or the tires of the vehicle to become heated and emit
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smoke from the friction, or both.

(4) "Drifting" means a maneuver performed while operating
a vehicle whereby the vehicle is driven in a manner that causes
a controlled, sideways skid during a turn, with the front wheels
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pointing in a direction that is the opposite of the direction of
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the turn.

(5) "Wheelie" means a maneuver performed while operating a
vehicle whereby the front wheel or wheels of the vehicle are
raised off of the ground or whereby two wheels that are on the
same side of the vehicle are raised off of the ground.

(6) "Stunt driving" means performing or engaging in
burnouts, doughnuts, drifting, or wheelies, or allowing a
passenger to ride either partially or fully outside of the
vehicle while operating that vehicle.

(7) "Street takeover" means blocking or impeding the 1445
regular flow of vehicle or pedestrian traffic on a public road, 1446
street, or highway or on private property that is open to the 1447
general public for the purpose of street racing or stunt 1448
driving. 1449

(B) No person shall knowingly participate in street
racing, stunt driving, or street takeover upon any public road,
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street, or highway, or on private property that is open to the
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general	public.
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(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of street	1454
racing, stunt driving, or street takeover, a misdemeanor of the	1455
first degree. In addition to any other sanctions, the court	1456
shall suspend the offender's driver's license, commercial	1457
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary	1458
license, or nonresident operating privilege for not less than	1459
thirty days or more than three years. No judge shall suspend the	1460
first thirty days of any suspension of an offender's license,	1461
permit, or privilege imposed under this division.	1462

(D) Persons rendering assistance in any manner to street 1463racing, stunt driving, or street takeover shall be equally 1464charged as the participants. 1465

(E) This section does not apply to the competitive 1466
operation of vehicles on public or private property when the 1467
political subdivision with jurisdiction of the location or owner 1468
of the property knowingly permits such operation thereon. 1469

(F) If the offender commits the offense while operating a1470motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section14714511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1472the additional penalties established under that section.1473

Sec. 4511.26. (A) Operators of vehicles and trackless 1474 trolleys proceeding in opposite directions shall pass each other 1475 to the right, and upon roadways having width for not more than 1476 one line of traffic in each direction, each operator shall give 1477 to the other one-half of the main traveled portion of the 1478 roadway or as nearly one-half as is reasonable possible. 1479

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever1480violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,1481

within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1482 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1483 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1484 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1485 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1486 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1487 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1488 1489 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 1490 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1491 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 1492 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 1493 Revised Code. 1494

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1495motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section14964511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1497the additional penalties established under that section.1498

Sec. 4511.27. (A) The following rules govern the1499overtaking and passing of vehicles or trackless trolleys1500proceeding in the same direction:1501

(1) The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley 1502 overtaking another vehicle or trackless trolley proceeding in 1503 the same direction shall, except as provided in division (A)(3) 1504 of this section, signal to the vehicle or trackless trolley to 1505 be overtaken, shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance, 1506 and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until 1507 safely clear of the overtaken vehicle or trackless trolley. When 1508 a motor vehicle or trackless trolley overtakes and passes a 1509 bicycle or electric bicycle, three feet or greater is considered 1510 a safe passing distance. 1511

(2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is 1512 permitted, the operator of an overtaken vehicle shall give way 1513 to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle at the latter's 1514 audible signal, and the operator shall not increase the speed of 1515 the operator's vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking 1516 vehicle. 1517

(3) The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley 1518 overtaking and passing another vehicle or trackless trolley 1519 proceeding in the same direction on a divided highway as defined 1520 in section 4511.35 of the Revised Code, a limited access highway 1521 as defined in section 5511.02 of the Revised Code, or a highway 1522 with four or more traffic lanes, is not required to signal 1523 audibly to the vehicle or trackless trolley being overtaken and 1524 passed. 1525

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1526 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1527 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1528 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1529 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1530 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1531 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1532 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1533 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1534 1535 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and1536the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1537commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1538additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1539Revised Code.1540

If the offender commits the offense while operating a 1541

motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1542
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1543
the additional penalties established under that section.	1544
Sec. 4511.28. (A) The driver of a vehicle or trackless	1545
trolley may overtake and pass upon the right of another vehicle	1546
or trackless trolley only under the following conditions:	1547
	1 = 4 0
(1) When the vehicle or trackless trolley overtaken is	1548
making or about to make a left turn;	1549
(2) Upon a roadway with unobstructed pavement of	1550
sufficient width for two or more lines of vehicles moving	1551
lawfully in the direction being traveled by the overtaking	1552
vehicle.	1553
(B) The driver of a vehicle or trackless trolley may	1554
overtake and pass another vehicle or trackless trolley only	1555
under conditions permitting such movement in safety. The	1556
movement shall not be made by driving off the roadway.	1557
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1558
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1559
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1560
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1561
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1562
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1563
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1564
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1565
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1566
degree.	1567
	1 5 6 0
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1568

the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1569 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 1570

additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1571
Revised Code.	1572
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1573
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1574
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1575
the additional penalties established under that section.	1576
Sec. 4511.29. (A) No vehicle or trackless trolley shall be	1577
driven to the left of the center of the roadway in overtaking	1578
and passing traffic proceeding in the same direction, unless	1579
such left side is clearly visible and is free of oncoming	1580
traffic for a sufficient distance ahead to permit such	1581
overtaking and passing to be completely made, without	1582
interfering with the safe operation of any traffic approaching	1583
from the opposite direction or any traffic overtaken. In every	1584
event the overtaking vehicle or trackless trolley must return to	1585
an authorized lane of travel as soon as practicable and in the	1586
event the passing movement involves the use of a lane authorized	1587
for traffic approaching from the opposite direction, before	1588
coming within two hundred feet of any approaching vehicle.	1589
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1590
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1591

violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1591 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1592 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1593 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1594 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1595 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1596 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1597 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1598 degree. 1599

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 1600

the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1601 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 1602 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 1603 Revised Code. 1604 If the offender commits the offense while operating a 1605 motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 1606 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to 1607 the additional penalties established under that section. 1608 Sec. 4511.30. (A) No vehicle or trackless trolley shall be 1609 driven upon the left side of the roadway under the following 1610 conditions: 1611 (1) When approaching the crest of a grade or upon a curve 1612 in the highway, where the operator's view is obstructed within 1613 such a distance as to create a hazard in the event traffic might 1614 approach from the opposite direction; 1615 (2) When the view is obstructed upon approaching within 1616 one hundred feet of any bridge, viaduct, or tunnel; 1617 (3) When approaching within one hundred feet of or 1618 traversing any intersection or railroad grade crossing. 1619 (B) This section does not apply to vehicles or trackless 1620 trolleys upon a one-way roadway, upon a roadway where traffic is 1621 lawfully directed to be driven to the left side, or under the 1622 conditions described in division (A)(2) of section 4511.25 of 1623 the Revised Code. 1624 (C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1625 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1626 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1627 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1628 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1629

misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1630 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1631 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1632 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1633 degree. 1634

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and1635the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1636commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1637additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1638Revised Code.1639

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1640motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section16414511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1642the additional penalties established under that section.1643

Sec. 4511.31. (A) The department of transportation may 1644 determine those portions of any state highway where overtaking 1645 and passing other traffic or driving to the left of the center 1646 or center line of the roadway would be especially hazardous and 1647 may, by appropriate signs or markings on the highway, indicate 1648 the beginning and end of such zones. When such signs or markings 1649 are in place and clearly visible, every operator of a vehicle or 1650 trackless trolley shall obey the directions of the signs or 1651 markings, notwithstanding the distances set out in section 1652 4511.30 of the Revised Code. 1653

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(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply when all1654of the following apply:1655
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(1) The slower vehicle is proceeding at less than half thespeed of the speed limit applicable to that location.1657

(2) The faster vehicle is capable of overtaking and 1658

passing the slower vehicle without exceeding the speed limit.1659(3) There is sufficient clear sight distance to the left1660of the center or center line of the roadway to meet the1661overtaking and passing provisions of section 4511.29 of the1662Revised Code, considering the speed of the slower vehicle.1663

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1664 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1665 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1666 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1667 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1668 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1669 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1670 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1671 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1672 degree. 1673

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 1674 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1675 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 1676 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 1677 Revised Code. 1678

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1679motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section16804511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1681the additional penalties established under that section.1682

Sec. 4511.32. (A) The department of transportation may1683designate any highway or any separate roadway under its1684jurisdiction for one-way traffic and shall erect appropriate1685signs giving notice thereof.1686

Upon a roadway designated and posted with signs for one- 1687

way traffic a vehicle shall be driven only in the direction 1688 designated.

A vehicle passing around a rotary traffic island shall be 1690 driven only to the right of the rotary traffic island. 1691

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1692 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1693 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1694 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1695 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1696 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1697 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1698 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1699 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1700 degree. 1701

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and1702the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1703commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1704additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1705Revised Code.1706

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1707motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section17084511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1709the additional penalties established under that section.1710

Sec. 4511.33. (A) Whenever any roadway has been divided 1711 into two or more clearly marked lanes for traffic, or wherever 1712 within municipal corporations traffic is lawfully moving in two 1713 or more substantially continuous lines in the same direction, 1714 the following rules apply: 1715

(1) A vehicle or trackless trolley shall be driven, as 1716

nearly as is practicable, entirely within a single lane or line 1717 of traffic and shall not be moved from such lane or line until 1718 the driver has first ascertained that such movement can be made 1719 with safety. 1720

(2) Upon a roadway which is divided into three lanes and 1721 provides for two-way movement of traffic, a vehicle or trackless 1722 trolley shall not be driven in the center lane except when 1723 overtaking and passing another vehicle or trackless trolley 1724 where the roadway is clearly visible and such center lane is 1725 clear of traffic within a safe distance, or when preparing for a 1726 left turn, or where such center lane is at the time allocated 1727 exclusively to traffic moving in the direction the vehicle or 1728 trackless trolley is proceeding and is posted with signs to give 1729 notice of such allocation. 1730

(3) Official signs may be erected directing specified
traffic to use a designated lane or designating those lanes to
be used by traffic moving in a particular direction regardless
of the center of the roadway, or restricting the use of a
particular lane to only buses during certain hours or during all
hours, and drivers of vehicles and trackless trolleys shall obey
the directions of such signs.

(4) Official traffic control devices may be installed
prohibiting the changing of lanes on sections of roadway and
drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of every such
device.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever
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violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been
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convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or
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traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a

misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1747 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1748 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1749 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1750 degree. 1751

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and1752the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1753commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1754additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1755Revised Code.1756

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1757motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section17584511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1759the additional penalties established under that section.1760

Sec. 4511.34. (A) The operator of a motor vehicle, 1761 streetcar, or trackless trolley shall not follow another 1762 vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley more closely than is 1763 reasonable and prudent, having due regard for the speed of such 1764 vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley, and the traffic upon 1765 and the condition of the highway. 1766

The driver of any truck, or motor vehicle drawing another 1767 vehicle, when traveling upon a roadway outside a business or 1768 residence district shall maintain a sufficient space, whenever 1769 conditions permit, between such vehicle and another vehicle 1770 ahead so an overtaking motor vehicle may enter and occupy such 1771 space without danger. This paragraph does not prevent overtaking 1772 and passing nor does it apply to any lane specially designated 1773 for use by trucks. 1774

Outside a municipal corporation, the driver of any truck,

1775

or motor vehicle when drawing another vehicle, while ascending 1776 to the crest of a grade beyond which the driver's view of a 1777 roadway is obstructed, shall not follow within three hundred 1778 feet of another truck, or motor vehicle drawing another vehicle. 1779 This paragraph shall not apply to any lane specially designated 1780 for use by trucks. 1781

Motor vehicles being driven upon any roadway outside of a1782business or residence district in a caravan or motorcade, shall1783maintain a sufficient space between such vehicles so an1784overtaking vehicle may enter and occupy such space without1785danger. This paragraph shall not apply to funeral processions.1786

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1787 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1788 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1789 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1790 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1791 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1792 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1793 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1794 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1795 1796 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and1797the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1798commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1799additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1800Revised Code.1801

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1802motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section18034511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1804the additional penalties established under that section.1805

Sec. 4511.35. (A) Whenever any highway has been divided 1806 into two roadways by an intervening space, or by a physical 1807 barrier, or clearly indicated dividing section so constructed as 1808 to impede vehicular traffic, every vehicle shall be driven only 1809 upon the right-hand roadway, and no vehicle shall be driven 1810 over, across, or within any such dividing space, barrier, or 1811 section, except through an opening, crossover, or intersection 1812 established by public authority. This section does not prohibit 1813 the occupancy of such dividing space, barrier, or section for 1814 the purpose of an emergency stop or in compliance with an order 1815 of a police officer. 1816

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1817 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1818 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1819 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1820 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1821 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1822 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1823 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1824 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1825 degree. 1826

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and1827the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1828commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1829additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1830Revised Code.1831

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1832motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section18334511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1834the additional penalties established under that section.1835

Sec. 4511.36. (A) The driver of a vehicle intending to1836turn at an intersection shall be governed by the following1837rules:1838

(1) Approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be
 made as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of
 1840
 the roadway.

(2) At any intersection where traffic is permitted to move 1842 in both directions on each roadway entering the intersection, an 1843 approach for a left turn shall be made in that portion of the 1844 right half of the roadway nearest the center line thereof and by 1845 passing to the right of such center line where it enters the 1846 intersection and after entering the intersection the left turn 1847 shall be made so as to leave the intersection to the right of 1848 the center line of the roadway being entered. Whenever 1849 practicable the left turn shall be made in that portion of the 1850 intersection to the left of the center of the intersection. 1851

(3) At any intersection where traffic is restricted to one 1852 direction on one or more of the roadways, the driver of a 1853 vehicle intending to turn left at any such intersection shall 1854 approach the intersection in the extreme left-hand lane lawfully 1855 available to traffic moving in the direction of travel of such 1856 vehicle, and after entering the intersection the left turn shall 1857 be made so as to leave the intersection, as nearly as 1858 practicable, in the left-hand lane of the roadway being entered 1859 lawfully available to traffic moving in that lane. 1860

(B) The operator of a trackless trolley shall comply with
divisions (A) (1), (2), and (3) of this section wherever
practicable.

(C) The department of transportation and local authorities 1864

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in their respective jurisdictions may cause markers, buttons, or 1865 signs to be placed within or adjacent to intersections and 1866 thereby require and direct that a different course from that 1867 specified in this section be traveled by vehicles, streetcars, 1868 or trackless trolleys, turning at an intersection, and when 1869 markers, buttons, or signs are so placed, no operator of a 1870 vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley shall turn such 1871 vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley at an intersection 1872 other than as directed and required by such markers, buttons, or 1873 signs. 1874

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1875 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1876 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1877 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1878 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 1879 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1880 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1881 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1882 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1883 degree. 1884

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 1885 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1886 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 1887 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 1888 Revised Code. 1889

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1890motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section18914511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1892the additional penalties established under that section.1893

Sec. 4511.37. (A) Except as provided in section 4511.13 of 1894

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the Revised Code and division (B) of this section, no vehicle1895shall be turned so as to proceed in the opposite direction upon1896any curve, or upon the approach to or near the crest of a grade,1897if the vehicle cannot be seen within five hundred feet by the1898driver of any other vehicle approaching from either direction.1899

(B) The driver of an emergency vehicle or public safety 1900 vehicle, when responding to an emergency call, may turn the 1901 vehicle so as to proceed in the opposite direction. This 1902 division applies only when the emergency vehicle or public 1903 safety vehicle is responding to an emergency call, is equipped 1904 with and displaying at least one flashing, rotating, or 1905 oscillating light visible under normal atmospheric conditions 1906 from a distance of five hundred feet to the front of the 1907 vehicle, and when the driver of the vehicle is giving an audible 1908 signal by siren, exhaust whistle, or bell. This division does 1909 not relieve the driver of an emergency vehicle or public safety 1910 vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of 1911 all persons and property upon the highway. 1912

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1913 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1914 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1915 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1916 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1917 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1918 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1919 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1920 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1921 degree. 1922

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 1923 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1924

degree.

Revised Code. 1927 If the offender commits the offense while operating a 1928 motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 1929 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to 1930 the additional penalties established under that section. 1931 Sec. 4511.38. (A) No person shall start a vehicle, 1932 streetcar, or trackless trolley which is stopped, standing, or 1933 parked until such movement can be made with reasonable safety. 1934 Before backing, operators of vehicle, streetcars, or 1935 trackless trolleys shall give ample warning, and while backing 1936 they shall exercise vigilance not to injure person or property 1937 on the street or highway. 1938 No person shall back a motor vehicle on a freeway, except: 1939 in a rest area; in the performance of public works or official 1940 duties; as a result of an emergency caused by an accident or 1941 breakdown of a motor vehicle. 1942 (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 1943 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 1944 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 1945 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 1946 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 1947 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 1948 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 1949 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 1950 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 1951

commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the

additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 1953

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the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the1954commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the1955additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the1956Revised Code.1957

If the offender commits the offense while operating a1958motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section19594511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to1960the additional penalties established under that section.1961

Sec. 4511.39. (A) No person shall turn a vehicle or1962trackless trolley or move right or left upon a highway unless1963and until such person has exercised due care to ascertain that1964the movement can be made with reasonable safety nor without1965giving an appropriate signal in the manner hereinafter provided.1966

When required, a signal of intention to turn or move right 1967 or left shall be given continuously during not less than the 1968 last one hundred feet traveled by the vehicle or trackless 1969 trolley before turning, except that in the case of a person 1970 operating a bicycle or electric bicycle, the signal shall be 1971 made not less than one time but is not required to be 1972 continuous. A bicycle or electric bicycle operator is not 1973 required to make a signal if the bicycle or electric bicycle is 1974 in a designated turn lane, and a signal shall not be given when 1975 the operator's hands are needed for the safe operation of the 1976 bicycle or electric bicycle. 1977

No person shall stop or suddenly decrease the speed of a 1978 vehicle or trackless trolley without first giving an appropriate 1979 signal in the manner provided herein to the driver of any 1980 vehicle or trackless trolley immediately to the rear when there 1981 is opportunity to give a signal. 1982

Any stop or turn signal required by this section shall be 1983 given either by means of the hand and arm, or by signal lights 1984 that clearly indicate to both approaching and following traffic 1985 intention to turn or move right or left, except that any motor 1986 vehicle in use on a highway shall be equipped with, and the 1987 required signal shall be given by, signal lights when the 1988 distance from the center of the top of the steering post to the 1989 left outside limit of the body, cab, or load of such motor 1990 vehicle exceeds twenty-four inches, or when the distance from 1991 the center of the top of the steering post to the rear limit of 1992 the body or load thereof exceeds fourteen feet, whether a single 1993 vehicle or a combination of vehicles. 1994

The signal lights required by this section shall not be 1995 flashed on one side only on a disabled vehicle or trackless 1996 trolley, flashed as a courtesy or "do pass" signal to operators 1997 of other vehicles or trackless trolleys approaching from the 1998 rear, nor be flashed on one side only of a parked vehicle or 1999 trackless trolley except as may be necessary for compliance with 2000 this section. 2001

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2002 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2003 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2004 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2005 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2006 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2007 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2008 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2009 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2010 2011 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2012

the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2013 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2014 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2015 Revised Code. 2016 If the offender commits the offense while operating a 2017 motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 2018 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to 2019 2020 the additional penalties established under that section. 2021 Sec. 4511.41. (A) When two vehicles, including any trackless trolley or streetcar, approach or enter an 2022 intersection from different streets or highways at approximately 2023 the same time, the driver of the vehicle on the left shall yield 2024 the right-of-way to the vehicle on the right. 2025 (B) The right-of-way rule declared in division (A) of this 2026 section is modified at through highways and otherwise as stated 2027 in Chapter 4511. of the Revised Code. 2028 (C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2029 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2030 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2031 2032 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2033 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2034 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2035 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2036 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2037 degree. 2038 If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2039

the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2040 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2041

Revised Code.

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additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2042
Revised Code.	2043
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2044
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2045
	2045
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	
the additional penalties established under that section.	2047
Sec. 4511.42. (A) The operator of a vehicle, streetcar, or	2048
trackless trolley intending to turn to the left within an	2049
intersection or into an alley, private road, or driveway shall	2050
yield the right of way to any vehicle, streetcar, or trackless	2051
trolley approaching from the opposite direction, whenever the	2052
approaching vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley is within	2053
the intersection or so close to the intersection, alley, private	2054
road, or driveway as to constitute an immediate hazard.	2055
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2056
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2057
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2058
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2050
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2000
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2061
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2062
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2063
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2064
degree.	2065
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2066
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2067
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2068

additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the

If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2071
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2072
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2073
the additional penalties established under that section.	2074

Sec. 4511.43. (A) Except when directed to proceed by a law 2075 enforcement officer, every driver of a vehicle or trackless 2076 trolley approaching a stop sign shall stop at a clearly marked 2077 stop line, but if none, before entering the crosswalk on the 2078 near side of the intersection, or, if none, then at the point 2079 nearest the intersecting roadway where the driver has a view of 2080 approaching traffic on the intersecting roadway before entering 2081 it. After having stopped, the driver shall yield the right-of-2082 way to any vehicle in the intersection or approaching on another 2083 roadway so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard during 2084 the time the driver is moving across or within the intersection 2085 or junction of roadways. 2086

(B) The driver of a vehicle or trackless trolley 2087 approaching a yield sign shall slow down to a speed reasonable 2088 for the existing conditions and, if required for safety to stop, 2089 shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, before 2090 entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection, or, 2091 if none, then at the point nearest the intersecting roadway 2092 where the driver has a view of approaching traffic on the 2093 intersecting roadway before entering it. After slowing or 2094 stopping, the driver shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle 2095 or trackless trolley in the intersection or approaching on 2096 another roadway so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard 2097 during the time the driver is moving across or within the 2098 intersection or junction of roadways. Whenever a driver is 2099 involved in a collision with a vehicle or trackless trolley in 2100 the intersection or junction of roadways, after driving past a 2101

yield sign without stopping, the collision shall be prima-facie 2102 evidence of the driver's failure to yield the right-of-way. 2103

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2104 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2105 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2106 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2107 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2108 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2109 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2110 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2111 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2112 2113 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2114 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2115 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2116 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2117 Revised Code. 2118

If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties established under that section.

Sec. 4511.431. (A) The driver of a vehicle or trackless 2123 trolley emerging from an alley, building, private road, or 2124 driveway within a business or residence district shall stop the 2125 vehicle or trackless trolley immediately prior to driving onto a 2126 sidewalk or onto the sidewalk area extending across the alley, 2127 building entrance, road, or driveway, or in the event there is 2128 no sidewalk area, shall stop at the point nearest the street to 2129 be entered where the driver has a view of approaching traffic 2130 thereon. 2131

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## H. B. No. 82 As Introduced

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2132 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2133 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2134 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2135 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2136 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2137 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2138 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2139 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2140 degree. 2141

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2142 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2143 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2144 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2145 Revised Code. 2146

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2147motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section21484511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2149the additional penalties established under that section.2150

Sec. 4511.44. (A) The operator of a vehicle, streetcar, or2151trackless trolley about to enter or cross a highway from any2152place other than another roadway shall yield the right of way to2153all traffic approaching on the roadway to be entered or crossed.2154

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2155 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2156 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2157 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2158 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2159 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2160 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2161

more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2162 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2163 degree. 2164

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and2165the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the2166commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the2167additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the2168Revised Code.2169

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2170motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section21714511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2172the additional penalties established under that section.2173

Sec. 4511.441. (A) The driver of a vehicle shall yield the 2174
right-of-way to any pedestrian on a sidewalk. 2175

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2176 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2177 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2178 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2179 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2180 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2181 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2182 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2183 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2184 2185 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2186 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2187 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2188 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2189 Revised Code. 2190

If the offender commits the offense while operating a 2191 motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 2192 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to 2193 the additional penalties established under that section. 2194 Sec. 4511.451. (A) As used in this section, "funeral 2195 procession" means two or more vehicles accompanying the cremated 2196 remains or the body of a deceased person in the daytime when 2197 each of the vehicles has its headlights lighted and is 2198 displaying a purple and white or an orange and white pennant 2199 attached to each vehicle in such a manner as to be clearly 2200 2201 visible to traffic approaching from any direction. 2202 (B) Excepting public safety vehicles proceeding in accordance with section 4511.45 of the Revised Code or when 2203 directed otherwise by a police officer, pedestrians and the 2204

operators of all vehicles, street cars, and trackless trolleys 2205 shall yield the right of way to each vehicle that is a part of a 2206 funeral procession. Whenever the lead vehicle in a funeral 2207 procession lawfully enters an intersection, the remainder of the 2208 vehicles in the procession may continue to follow the lead 2209 vehicle through the intersection notwithstanding any traffic 2210 control devices or right of way provisions of the Revised Code, 2211 2212 provided that the operator of each vehicle exercises due care to avoid colliding with any other vehicle or pedestrian. 2213

(C) No person shall operate any vehicle as a part of a 2214 funeral procession without having the headlights of the vehicle 2215 lighted and without displaying a purple and white or an orange 2216 and white pennant in such a manner as to be clearly visible to 2217 traffic approaching from any direction. 2218

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever2219violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,2220

within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2221 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2222 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2223 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2224 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2225 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2226 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2227 2228 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and2229the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the2230commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the2231additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the2232Revised Code.2233

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2234motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section22354511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2236the additional penalties established under that section.2237

Sec. 4511.46. (A) When traffic control signals are not in place, not in operation, or are not clearly assigning the rightof-way, the driver of a vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar shall yield the right of way, slowing down or stopping if need be to so yield or if required by section 4511.132 of the Revised Code, to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within a crosswalk when the pedestrian is upon the half of the roadway upon which the vehicle is traveling, or when the pedestrian is approaching so closely from the opposite half of the roadway as to be in danger.

(B) No pedestrian shall suddenly leave a curb or other
place of safety and walk or run into the path of a vehicle,
trackless trolley, or streetcar which is so close as to
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constitute an immediate hazard.

(C) Division (A) of this section does not apply under the 2252conditions stated in division (B) of section 4511.48 of the 2253Revised Code. 2254

(D) Whenever any vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar
 is stopped at a marked crosswalk or at any unmarked crosswalk at
 an intersection to permit a pedestrian to cross the roadway, the
 driver of any other vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar
 approaching from the rear shall not overtake and pass the
 stopped vehicle.

2261 (E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2262 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2263 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2264 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2265 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2266 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2267 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2268 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2269 2270 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2271 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2272 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2273 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2274 Revised Code. 2275

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2276motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section22774511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2278the additional penalties established under that section.2279

## H. B. No. 82 As Introduced

Sec. 4511.47. (A) As used in this section "blind person" 2280 or "blind pedestrian" means a person having not more than 20/200 2281 visual acuity in the better eye with correcting lenses or visual 2282 acuity greater than 20/200 but with a limitation in the fields 2283 of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field 2284 subtends an angle no greater than twenty degrees. 2285

The driver of every vehicle shall yield the right of way 2286 to every blind pedestrian guided by a guide dog, or carrying a 2287 cane which is predominantly white or metallic in color, with or 2288 without a red tip. 2289

(B) No person, other than a blind person, while on any 2290public highway, street, alley, or other public thoroughfare 2291shall carry a white or metallic cane with or without a red tip. 2292

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2293 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2294 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2295 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2296 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2297 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2298 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2299 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2300 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2301 degree. 2302

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2303 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2304 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2305 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2306 Revised Code. 2307

If the offender commits the offense while operating a 2308

4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2310
the additional penalties established under that section.	2311
Sec. 4511.54. (A) No person riding upon any bicycle,	2312
electric bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled, skateboard, or	2313
toy vehicle shall attach the same or self to any streetcar,	2314
trackless trolley, or vehicle upon a roadway.	2315
No operator shall knowingly permit any person riding upon	2316
any bicycle, electric bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled,	2317
skateboard, or toy vehicle to attach the same or self to any	2318
streetcar, trackless trolley, or vehicle while it is moving upon	2319
a roadway.	2320
This section does not apply to the towing of a disabled	2321
vehicle.	2322
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2323
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2324
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2325
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2326
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2327
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2328
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2329
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2330
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2331
degree.	2332
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2333
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2334
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2335
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2336
Revised Code.	2337

motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section

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If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2338
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2339
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2340
the additional penalties established under that section.	2341
Sec. 4511.57. (A) The driver of a vehicle shall not	2342
overtake and pass upon the left nor drive upon the left side of	2343
any streetcar proceeding in the same direction, whether such	2344
streetcar is in motion or at rest, except:	2345
(1) When so directed by a police officer or traffic	2346
control device;	2347
(2) When upon a one-way street;	2348
(3) When upon a street where the tracks are so located as	2349
to prevent compliance with this section;	2350
(4) When authorized by local authorities.	2351
(B) The driver of any vehicle when permitted to overtake	2352
and pass upon the left of a streetcar which has stopped for the	2353
purpose of receiving or discharging any passenger shall accord	2354
pedestrians the right of way.	2355
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2356
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2357
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2358
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2359
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2360
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2361
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2362
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2363
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2364
degree.	2365

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2366 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2367 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2368 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2369 Revised Code. 2370

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2371motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section23724511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2373the additional penalties established under that section.2374

Sec. 4511.58. (A) The driver of a vehicle overtaking upon 2375 the right any streetcar stopped for the purpose of receiving or 2376 discharging any passenger shall stop such vehicle at least five 2377 feet to the rear of the nearest running board or door of such 2378 streetcar and remain standing until all passengers have boarded 2379 such streetcar, or upon alighting therefrom have reached a place 2380 of safety, except that where a safety zone has been established, 2381 a vehicle need not be brought to a stop before passing any such 2382 streetcar or any trackless trolley, but may proceed past such 2383 streetcar or trackless trolley at a speed not greater than is 2384 reasonable and proper considering the safety of pedestrians. 2385

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2386 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2387 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2388 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2389 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 2390 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2391 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2392 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2393 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2394 2395 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2396 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2397 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2398 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2399 Revised Code. 2400

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2401motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section24024511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2403the additional penalties established under that section.2404

Sec. 4511.59. (A) The driver of any vehicle proceeding 2405 upon any streetcar tracks in front of a streetcar shall remove 2406 such vehicle from the track as soon as practicable after signal 2407 from the operator of said streetcar. 2408

The driver of a vehicle upon overtaking and passing a streetcar shall not turn in front of such streetcar unless such movement can be made in safety.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2412 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2413 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2414 2415 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2416 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2417 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2418 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2419 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2420 degree. 2421

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and2422the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the2423commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the2424

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additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2425
Revised Code.	2426
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2427
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2428
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2429
the additional penalties established under that section.	2430
Sec. 4511.60. (A) No vehicle shall at any time be driven	2431
through or within a safety zone.	2432
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2433
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2434
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2435
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2436
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2437
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2438
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2439
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2440
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2441
degree.	2442
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2443
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2444
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2445
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2446
Revised Code.	2447
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2448
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2449
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2450
the additional penalties established under that section.	2451
Sec. 4511.61. (A) As used in this section, "active grade	2452

crossing warning device" means signs, signals, gates, or other 2453

protective devices erected or installed at a public highway-2454railway crossing at common grade and activated by an electrical2455circuit.2456

(B) The department of transportation and local authorities 2457
in their respective jurisdictions, with the approval of the 2458
department, may designate dangerous highway crossings over 2459
railroad tracks whether on state, county, or township highways 2460
or on streets or ways within municipal corporations, and erect 2461
stop signs thereat. 2462

(C) (1) The department and local authorities shall erect 2463stop signs at a railroad highway grade crossing in either of the 2464following circumstances: 2465

(a) New warning devices that are not active grade crossing
 2466
 warning devices are being installed at the grade crossing, and
 2467
 railroad crossbucks were the only warning devices at the grade
 2468
 crossing prior to the installation of the new warning devices.

(b) The grade crossing is constructed after July 1, 2013, 2470
and only warning devices that are not active grade crossing 2471
warning devices are installed at the grade crossing. 2472

(2) Division (C) (1) of this section does not apply to a
railroad highway grade crossing that the director of
transportation has exempted from that division because of
traffic flow or other considerations or factors.

(D) When stop signs are erected pursuant to division (B)
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or (C) of this section, the operator of any vehicle, streetcar,
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or trackless trolley shall stop within fifty, but not less than
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fifteen, feet from the nearest rail of the railroad tracks and
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shall exercise due care before proceeding across such grade
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crossing.

## H. B. No. 82 As Introduced

(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2483 violates division (D) of this section is quilty of a minor 2484 misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender 2485 previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to one 2486 predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates 2487 this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 2488 If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has 2489 been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic 2490 offenses, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 2491 misdemeanor of the third degree. 2492

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2493 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2494 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2495 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2496 Revised Code. 2497

If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties established under that section.

Sec. 4511.64. (A) No person shall operate or move any 2502 crawler-type tractor, steam shovel, derrick, roller, or any 2503 equipment or structure having a normal operating speed of six or 2504 less miles per hour or a vertical body or load clearance of less 2505 than nine inches above the level surface of a roadway, upon or 2506 across any tracks at a railroad grade crossing without first 2507 complying with divisions (A) (1) and (2) of this section. 2508

(1) Before making any such crossing, the person operating
(1) Before making any such crossing, the person operating
(1) Before making any such crossing, the person operating
(1) Before making any such crossing, the person operating
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(1) Before making any such crossing, the person operating
(2) State operating
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signals indicating the approach of a train, and shall proceed 2513 only upon exercising due care. 2514

(2) No such crossing shall be made when warning is given
by automatic signal or crossing gates or a flagperson or
otherwise of the immediate approach of a railroad train or car.
2515

(B) If the normal sustained speed of such vehicle, 2518 equipment, or structure is not more than three miles per hour, 2519 the person owning, operating, or moving the same shall also give 2520 notice of such intended crossing to a station agent or 2521 superintendent of the railroad, and a reasonable time shall be 2522 given to such railroad to provide proper protection for such 2523 crossing. Where such vehicles or equipment are being used in 2524 constructing or repairing a section of highway lying on both 2525 sides of a railroad grade crossing, and in such construction or 2526 repair it is necessary to repeatedly move such vehicles or 2527 equipment over such crossing, one daily notice specifying when 2528 such work will start and stating the hours during which it will 2529 be prosecuted is sufficient. 2530

(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2531 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2532 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2533 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2534 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 2535 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2536 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2537 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2538 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2539 degree. 2540

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and2541the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the2542

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## commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2543 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2544 Revised Code. 2545 If the offender commits the offense while operating a 2546 motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 2547 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to 2548 the additional penalties established under that section. 2549 Sec. 4511.71. (A) No person shall drive upon, along, or 2550 across a street or highway, or any part of a street or highway 2551 that has been closed in the process of its construction, 2552 reconstruction, or repair, and posted with appropriate signs by 2553 the authority having jurisdiction to close such highway. 2554 (B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2555 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2556 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2557 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2558 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2559 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2560 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2561 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2562 violates this section is quilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2563 degree. 2564 If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2565 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2566 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2567 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2568 Revised Code. 2569 2570

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2570motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section2571

4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2572
the additional penalties established under that section.	2573
Sec. 4511.711. (A) No person shall drive any vehicle,	2574
other than a bicycle or an electric bicycle if the motor is not	2575
engaged, upon a sidewalk or sidewalk area except upon a	2576
permanent or duly authorized temporary driveway.	2577
This prohibition does not apply to a law enforcement	2578
officer, or other person sworn to enforce the criminal and	2579
traffic laws of the state, using an electric bicycle with the	2580
motor engaged while in the performance of the officer's duties.	2581
Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting	2582
local authorities from regulating the operation of bicycles or	2583
electric bicycles within their respective jurisdictions, except	2584
that no local authority may require that bicycles or electric	2585
bicycles be operated on sidewalks.	2586
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2587
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2588
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2589
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2590
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2591
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2592
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2593
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2594
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2595
degree.	2596
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2597
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2598
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2599
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2600

Revised Code.

Revised Code.	2601
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2602
motor vehicle in a construction zone, the offender is subject to	2603
the additional penalties established under section 4511.993 of	2604
the Revised Code.	2605
Sec. 4511.712. (A) No driver shall enter an intersection	2606
or marked crosswalk or drive onto any railroad grade crossing	2607
unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the	2608
intersection, crosswalk, or grade crossing to accommodate the	2609
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley the driver is operating	2610
without obstructing the passage of other vehicles, streetcars,	2611
trackless trolleys, pedestrians, or railroad trains,	2612
notwithstanding any traffic control signal indication to	2613
proceed.	2614
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2615
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2616
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2617
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2618
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2619

more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever2622violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third2623degree.2624If the offender commits the offense while distracted and2625the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the2626commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the2627additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the2628

misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the

offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or

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If the offender commits the offense while operating a2630motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section26314511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2632the additional penalties established under that section.2633

Sec. 4511.72. (A) The driver of any vehicle, other than an 2634 emergency vehicle or public safety vehicle on official business, 2635 shall not follow any emergency vehicle or public safety vehicle 2636 traveling in response to an alarm closer than five hundred feet, 2637 or drive into or park such vehicle within the block where fire 2638 apparatus has stopped in answer to a fire alarm, unless directed 2639 to do so by a police officer or a firefighter. 2640

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2641 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2642 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2643 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2644 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2645 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2646 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2647 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2648 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2649 2650 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and2651the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the2652commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the2653additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the2654Revised Code.2655

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2656motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section26574511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2658the additional penalties established under that section.2659

Sec. 4511.73. (A) No streetcar, trackless trolley, or 2660 vehicle shall, without the consent of the fire department 2661 official in command, be driven over any unprotected hose of a 2662 fire department that is laid down on any street, private 2663 driveway, or streetcar track to be used at any fire or alarm of 2664 fire. 2665

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2666 violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2667 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2668 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2669 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 2670 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2671 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2672 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2673 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2674 2675 degree.

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2676 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 2677 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 2678 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 2679 Revised Code. 2680

If the offender commits the offense while operating a2681motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section26824511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to2683the additional penalties established under that section.2684

Sec. 4511.991. (A) As used in this section and each2685section referenced in division (B) of this section, all of the2686following apply:2687

(1) "Distracted" means doing either of the following while

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operating a vehicle: 2689 (a) Using an electronic wireless communications device, as 2690 defined in section 4511.204 of the Revised Code, in violation of 2691 that section: 2692 (b) Engaging in any activity that is not necessary to the 2693 operation of a vehicle and impairs, or reasonably would be 2694 expected to impair, the ability of the operator to drive the 2695 vehicle safely. 2696 (2) "Distracted" does not include operating a motor 2697 vehicle while wearing an earphone or earplug over or in both 2698 ears at the same time. A person who so wears earphones or 2699 earplugs may be charged with a violation of section 4511.84 of 2700 the Revised Code. 2701 (3) "Distracted" does not include conducting any activity 2702 while operating a utility service vehicle or a vehicle for or on 2703 behalf of a utility, provided that the driver of the vehicle is 2704 acting in response to an emergency, power outage, or a 2705 circumstance affecting the health or safety of individuals. 2706 As used in division (A)(3) of this section: 2707 (a) "Utility" means an entity specified in division (A), 2708 (C), (D), (E), or (G) of section 4905.03 of the Revised Code. 2709 (b) "Utility service vehicle" means a vehicle owned or 2710 operated by a utility. 2711 (B) If an offender violates section 4511.03, 4511.051, 2712 4511.12, 4511.121, 4511.132, 4511.17, 4511.202, 4511.21, 2713 4511.211, 4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.26, 4511.27, 2714 4511.28, 4511.29, 4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34, 2715 4511.35, 4511.36, 4511.37, 4511.38, 4511.39, 4511.40, 4511.41, 2716

4511.42, 4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.44, 4511.441, 4511.451, 2717 4511.46, 4511.47, 4511.54, 4511.55, 4511.57, 4511.58, 4511.59, 2718 4511.60, 4511.61, 4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712, 2719 4511.713, 4511.72, or 4511.73 of the Revised Code while 2720 distracted and the distracting activity is a contributing factor 2721 to the commission of the violation, the offender is subject to 2722 the applicable penalty for the violation and, notwithstanding 2723 section 2929.28 of the Revised Code, is subject to an additional 2724 fine of not more than one hundred dollars as follows: 2725

(1) Subject to Traffic Rule 13, if a law enforcement 2726 officer issues an offender a ticket, citation, or summons for a 2727 violation of any of the aforementioned sections of the Revised 2728 Code that indicates that the offender was distracted while 2729 committing the violation and that the distracting activity was a 2730 contributing factor to the commission of the violation, the 2731 offender may enter a written plea of guilty and waive the 2732 offender's right to contest the ticket, citation, or summons in 2733 a trial provided that the offender pays the total amount of the 2734 fine established for the violation and pays the additional fine 2735 of one hundred dollars. 2736

In lieu of payment of the additional fine of one hundred 2737 dollars, the offender instead may elect to attend a distracted 2738 driving safety course, the duration and contents of which shall 2739 be established by the director of public safety. If the offender 2740 attends and successfully completes the course, the offender 2741 shall be issued written evidence that the offender successfully 2742 completed the course. The offender shall be required to pay the 2743 total amount of the fine established for the violation, but 2744 shall not be required to pay the additional fine of one hundred 2745 dollars, so long as the offender submits to the court both the 2746 offender's payment in full and such written evidence within 2747

ninety days of the underlying violation that resulted in the 2748 imposition of the additional fine under division (B) of this 2749 section. 2750

(2) If the offender appears in person to contest the
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ticket, citation, or summons in a trial and the offender pleads
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guilty to or is convicted of the violation, the court, in
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addition to all other penalties provided by law, may impose the
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applicable penalty for the violation and may impose the
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additional fine of not more than one hundred dollars.

If the court imposes upon the offender the applicable 2757 penalty for the violation and an additional fine of not more 2758 than one hundred dollars, the court shall inform the offender 2759 that, in lieu of payment of the additional fine of not more than 2760 one hundred dollars, the offender instead may elect to attend 2761 the distracted driving safety course described in division (B) 2762 (1) of this section. If the offender elects the course option 2763 and attends and successfully completes the course, the offender 2764 shall be issued written evidence that the offender successfully 2765 completed the course. The offender shall be required to pay the 2766 total amount of the fine established for the violation, but 2767 shall not be required to pay the additional fine of not more 2768 than one hundred dollars, so long as the offender submits to the 2769 court the offender's payment and such written evidence within 2770 ninety days of the underlying violation that resulted in the 2771 imposition of the additional fine under division (B) of this 2772 section. 2773

(C) If a law enforcement officer issues an offender a
ticket, citation, or summons for a violation of any of the
sections of the Revised Code listed in division (B) of this
section that indicates that the offender was distracted while
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committing the violation and that the distracting activity was a 2778 contributing factor to the commission of the violation, the 2779 officer shall do both of the following: 2780 (1) Report the issuance of the ticket, citation, or 2781 summons to the officer's law enforcement agency; 2782 (2) Ensure that such report indicates the offender's race. 2783 Sec. 4511.993. (A) As used in this section, "construction 2784 zone" means that lane or portion of street or highway open to 2785 vehicular traffic and adjacent to a lane, berm, or shoulder of a 2786 street or highway within which lane, berm, or shoulder 2787 construction, reconstruction, resurfacing, or any other work of 2788 a repair or maintenance nature, including public utility work, 2789 is being conducted, commencing with the point where the first 2790 sign indicating work is occurring and ending where the last sign 2791 specifying the end of the construction zone is located. 2792 (B) Subject to division (C) of this section, if an 2793 operator of a motor vehicle violates section 4511.03, 4511.12, 2794 4511.132, 4511.202, 4511.204, 4511.205, 4511.21, 4511.211, 2795 4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.251, 4511.26, 4511.27, 2796 4511.28, 4511.29, 4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34, 2797 4511.35, 4511.36, 4511.37, 4511.38, 4511.39, 4511.41, 4511.42, 2798 4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.44, 4511.441, 4511.451, 4511.46, 2799 4511.47, 4511.54, 4511.57, 4511.58, 4511.59, 4511.60, 4511.61, 2800 4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712, 4511.72, or 4511.73 of the 2801 Revised Code while driving in a construction zone, the operator 2802 is subject to the applicable penalty for the violation and, 2803 notwithstanding section 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the 2804 following: 2805

(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) or (3) of this

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section, a mandatory completion of a driving safety course	2807
approved by the director of public safety to be completed by the	2808
operator within thirty days after the conviction for the	2809
underlying offense;	2810
(2) Except as provided in division (B)(3) of this section,	2811
if, within five years of the violation, the operator has	2812
previously been penalized under this section, a driver's license	2813
suspension of ninety days, which shall be in addition to any	2814
driver's license suspension imposed for the underlying offense,	2815
and mandatory completion of a driving safety course approved by	2816
the director of public safety to be completed by the operator	2817
within thirty days after the conviction for the underlying	2818
offense;	2819
(3) If, within five years of the violation, an offender	2820
has previously been penalized two or more times under this	2821
section, a driver's license suspension of one year, which shall	2822
be in addition to any driver's license suspension imposed for	2823
the underlying offense, and mandatory completion of a driving	2824
safety course approved by the director of public safety to be	2825
completed by the operator within thirty days after the	2826
conviction for the underlying offense.	2827
(C) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the	2828
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contrary, the court shall only impose additional penalties as	
specified under division (B) of this section when all of the	2830
following apply:	2831
(1) The offense occurs within a construction zone in which	2832
a sign is posted in accordance with the rules adopted by the	2833
director of transportation under section 5501.27 of the Revised	2834
Code.	2835

(2) The underlying violation occurs when a construction 2836 worker is present in the construction zone. 2837 (D) If an offender does not complete the mandatory driving 2838 safety course required under division (B) of this section within 2839 the applicable thirty days, the court shall impose an additional 2840 fine of four hundred dollars on the offender, which shall be in 2841 addition to any fine imposed for the underlying offense. 2842 (E) The director of public safety shall approve driving 2843 safety courses for purposes of this section and shall list 2844 approved courses on the web site of the department of public 2845 safety. 2846 (F) (1) If a law enforcement agency receives a report from 2847 any person, including a law enforcement officer, that a 2848 violation of one of the traffic offenses listed in division (B) 2849 of this section has occurred in a construction zone, that agency 2850 may conduct an investigation to attempt to determine or confirm 2851 the following: 2852 (a) The license plate number, the color, and the make and 2853 model of the vehicle used in the alleged violation; 2854 (b) The date, approximate time, and location of the 2855 2856 alleged violation; (c) The identity of the operator of the vehicle at the 2857 time of the alleged violation. 2858 (2) A law enforcement agency may request and use any 2859 sufficiently clear image, images, or video captured by a video 2860 camera installed pursuant to section 5517.07 of the Revised Code 2861 to determine or confirm the information specified in division 2862

(F)(1) of this section.

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(3) Any images or video obtained by a law enforcement	2864
agency pursuant to an investigation in accordance with division	2865
(F) of this section is prima facie evidence of the facts	2866
contained therein and is admissible in a criminal or traffic	2867
prosecution.	2868
Sec. 5517.07. (A) (1) If not already present, the	2869
department of transportation shall install signs and other	2870
traffic control devices designed to slow down the flow of	2871
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traffic in construction and similar work zones. The signs and	2872
devices may include arrow boards, channelizing devices,	2873
temporary raise pavement markers, portable changeable message	2874
signs, temporary traffic barriers, screens, rumble strips, and	2875
any other signs or devices the director of transportation	2876
determines are appropriate for the highway and local conditions.	2877
(2) A private contractor performing construction work in a	2878
construction zone, after consulting with the department or local	2879
jurisdiction, as applicable, may install speed monitoring	2880
devices in the construction zone that display the speed of	2881
passing traffic and that include flashing lights.	2882
(B) The department may install video cameras in a	2883
construction zone to monitor and record the flow of traffic. The	2884
following parameters apply to any video camera installed in a	2885
construction zone:	2886
(1) The department shall allow a law enforcement agency	2887
investigating a possible traffic violation in a construction	2888
zone in accordance with division (F) of section 4511.993 of the	2889
Revised Code to obtain a copy of any video or image captured by	2890
the video camera at the time of the alleged violation.	2891
(2) The department may cooperate with a local	2892

assist in installing video cameras in a construction zone in 2894 that local jurisdiction. 2895 (C) The department shall ensure that the placement and 2896 specifications for the signs and devices under this section 2897 conform to the department's manual of uniform traffic control 2898 devices as adopted under section 4511.09 of the Revised Code. 2899 Section 2. That existing sections 4508.02, 4511.03, 2900 4511.12, 4511.132, 4511.17, 4511.20, 4511.202, 4511.204, 2901 4511.205, 4511.21, 4511.211, 4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 2902 4511.25, 4511.251, 4511.26, 4511.27, 4511.28, 4511.29, 4511.30, 2903 4511.31, 4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34, 4511.35, 4511.36, 4511.37, 2904 4511.38, 4511.39, 4511.41, 4511.42, 4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.44, 2905 4511.441, 4511.451, 4511.46, 4511.47, 4511.54, 4511.57, 4511.58, 2906 4511.59, 4511.60, 4511.61, 4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712, 2907 4511.72, 4511.73, 4511.991, and 5517.07 of the Revised Code are 2908 hereby repealed. 2909 Section 3. The General Assembly, applying the principle 2910 stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 2911 amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 2912 simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, 2913 presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended 2914 by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the 2915 sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections 2916 as presented in this act: 2917 Section 4511.132 of the Revised Code as amended by H.B. 9, 2918 H.B. 26, H.B. 95, and H.B. 250, all of the 132nd General 2919 Assembly. 2920

jurisdiction, at the request of that local jurisdiction, to

Section 4511.213 of the Revised Code as amended by both

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H.B. 95 and S.B. 127 of the 132nd General Assembly.
Section 4511.27 of the Revised Code as amended by both
H.B. 95 and H.B. 250 of the 132nd General Assembly.
Section 4511.39 of the Revised Code as amended by both
L.B. 95 and H.B. 250 of the 132nd General Assembly.
Section 4511.61 of the Revised Code as amended by both
L.B. 26 and H.B. 95 of the 132nd General Assembly.
L.B. 2928