1 ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2362 By: Kannady of the House 2 and 3 Simpson of the Senate 4 5 6 An Act relating to militia; authorizing the Adjutant 7 General to request certain confidential information; directing the dissemination of certain confidential information under certain circumstances; amending 44 8 O.S. 2011, Section 21, which relates to the Military 9 Department; providing Military Department composition; establishing certain command and control 10 over state military forces under certain conditions; amending 44 O.S. 2011, Section 212, which relates to action against officer or enlisted person; updating 11 citations; updating military member references; 12 eliminating liability for certain acts of defense; creating the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 13 Justice; establishing good order and discipline; defining terms; providing persons subject to the 14 Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice; establishing subject matter jurisdiction; 15 establishing primary jurisdiction; authorizing the promulgation of regulations; determining jurisdiction 16 over certain crimes; authorizing imposition of nonjudicial punishment; establishing jurisdiction for 17 certain discharged personnel; subjecting certain convicted persons to court-martial; prohibiting 18 relief from jurisdiction under certain conditions; reserving certain statutory sections; providing 19 applicability at all times and places; authorizing certain courts to convene under certain conditions; 20 requiring certain judge advocates make certain inspections; requiring certain judge advocate 21 communications; prohibiting service as a judge advocate for persons serving in certain other 22 capacities; providing for investigation and disposition of matters pertaining to the fitness of 23 military judges; listing rights of victims of certain offense; defining term; construing section; 24 authorizing victim petition for certain appeal or

1 relief; defining term; authorizing apprehension of persons reasonably believed to have committed certain 2 offenses; authorizing issuance of warrant of arrest; providing warrant of arrest content requirements; 3 directing warrant of arrest to certain peace officers; defining terms; authorizing orders of 4 arrest and confinement; authorizing certain offenders be ordered into arrest or confinement; providing 5 place of confinement; prohibiting refusal of committed prisoners; requiring report of certain prisoner information; prohibiting confinement in 6 immediate association with certain other prisoners; 7 prohibiting certain punishment before trial; authorizing delivery of certain offenders to civil authorities; directing return of certain offender 8 under certain conditions; authorizing nonjudicial 9 punishments; limiting or withholding certain authority; delegating powers; listing nonjudicial 10 punishments authorized to be imposed by certain authorities; limiting duration of nonjudical punishments; requiring notice and documentation of 11 nonjudicial punishments; providing right to certain trial for certain nonjudicial punishments; 12 authorizing certain appeal; authorizing absence from 13 drill or certain training; prohibiting the barring of certain trials; prohibiting duplicative nonjudicial 14 punishments; limiting time period to impose nonjudicial punishments; applying forfeiture of pay 15 to certain period; authorizing promulgation of rules; classifying courts-martial; defining types of courts-16 martial; establishing courts-martial jurisdiction for force components; establishing general courts-17 martial; establishing special courts-martial jurisdiction; establishing jurisdiction of summary 18 courts-martial; providing for summary courts-martial appeal procedure; authorizing certain persons to 19 convene general courts-martial; authorizing certain persons to convene special courts-martial; 20 authorizing certain persons to convene summary courts-martial; authorizing certain persons to serve 21 on courts-martial; requiring military judge for general and special courts-martial; providing for 22 military judge selection and qualifications; providing certain counsel for general and special 23 courts-martial; providing selection, gualifications and reimbursement for certain counsel; providing for 24 court reporters and interpreters for courts-martial;

1 assembling courts-martial with members; providing certain membership requirements; providing for 2 certain alternate members; requiring certain amount of members under certain circumstances; providing for charges and specifications; providing certain writing 3 contents; requiring certain notice and determination; prohibiting compulsory self-incrimination; requiring 4 disclosure of certain rights; prohibiting immaterial 5 or degrading statements or evidence; requiring preliminary hearing before referral to general courtmartial; requiring preliminary hearing be conducted 6 by an impartial hearing officer; requiring submission 7 of certain written report; requiring disclosure of certain rights; requiring preliminary hearing be recorded; providing effect of evidence of uncharged 8 offense; providing effect of certain violation; 9 defining victim; requiring disposition of certain quidance; requiring certain advice to convening 10 authority and consultations before referral for trial; defining term; requiring service of charges; determining commencement of trial; authorizing 11 continuances of certain hearings; establishing procedure for courts-martial trials; prohibiting 12 unlawful influencing action of the court; providing 13 duties of trial counsel, defense counsel and assistant counsel; authorizing military judge to call 14 court into session under certain conditions; requiring certain proceeding be conducted in certain 15 manner; authorizing continuances for parties; authorizing certain challenges; establishing 16 challenges procedures; requiring certain military officials take an oath; establishing statute of 17 limitations for military offenses; prohibiting certain second trials; providing effect of certain 18 pleas; requiring opportunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence in trials by courts-martial; making 19 refusal to appear or testify an indirect contempt offense; authorizing punishment for certain contempt 20 offenses; establishing contempt proceeding requirements; authorizing depositions be ordered; 21 establishing deposition proceeding requirements; admitting sworn testimony from records of courts of 22 inquiry into evidence; establishing affirmative defense of lack of mental responsibility; requiring 23 certain voting and rulings on military proceedings; requiring votes for conviction, sentencing and other 24 matters; requiring announcement of certain findings

1 and sentencing; authorizing certain plea agreements; requiring separate record of certain proceedings; 2 dispersing copies of proceedings; prohibiting cruel and unusual punishments; providing certain sentencing 3 quidelines; establishing effective dates of sentences; providing for execution of confinement; 4 reducing member pay grade under certain circumstances; forfeiting pay and allowances during 5 confinement; authorizing enforcement of fines or adjudication of pecuniary liability; prohibiting finding of sentence on the ground of error of law; 6 authorizing a finding of a lesser included offense; 7 providing posttrial processing requirements in general and special courts-martial; limiting authority to act on sentence in specified posttrial 8 circumstances; authorizing posttrial actions in 9 summary courts-martial and certain general and special courts-martial; authorizing entry of judgment 10 and providing content requirements; authorizing waiver to right of appeal; authorizing withdrawal of appeal; authorizing the State of Oklahoma to make 11 certain appeals; providing rehearing proceeding 12 requirements; requiring judge advocate review of finding of guilty in summary court-martial; requiring 13 transmittal and review of certain records; establishing a Military Court of Appeals for the 14 State of Oklahoma; providing appointment of appellate military judge; requiring review of certain decisions 15 by the Court of Criminal Appeals; authorizing review of certain findings and sentence by State Judge 16 Advocate; appointing certain appellate counsel; requiring hearing for vacation of the suspension of a 17 certain sentence; authorizing petition for a new trial on certain grounds; authorizing the remittance 18 and suspension of the unexecuted part of any sentence; restoring certain rights, privileges and 19 property; declaring certain proceeds, findings and sentences to be final; requiring leave to be taken 20 pending review of certain courts-martial convictions; prohibiting trial for persons lacking mental capacity 21 or mental responsibility; making certain actions those of a principal; prohibiting persons acting as 22 accessory after the fact; authorizing conviction of certain charged offenses; defining term; making an 23 attempt a punishable offense; making a conspiracy a punishable offense; making soliciting others to 24 commit an offense a punishable offense; making

1 malingering a punishable offense; making a breach of medical quarantine a punishable offense; making 2 desertion a punishable offense; making certain absences a punishable offense; making missing the 3 movement of or jumping from certain vessels a punishable offense; making certain actions of resistance, flight, breach of arrest, and escape 4 punishable offenses; making use of contemptuous words 5 against officials a punishable offense; making certain actions toward a superior commissioned officer a punishable offense; making willful 6 disobedience of a superior commissioned officer a 7 punishable offense; making certain insubordinate conduct a punishable offense; making failure to obey an order or regulation a punishable offense; making 8 cruelty and maltreatment a punishable offense; making 9 certain activities with military recruit or trainee a punishable offense; making mutiny or sedition a 10 punishable offense; making certain actions of a sentinel or lookout a punishable offense; making certain actions of disrespect toward a sentinel or 11 lookout a punishable offense; making release of prisoner without authority and drinking with prisoner 12 a punishable offense; making unlawful detention a 13 punishable offense; making misconduct as a prisoner a punishable offense; making misbehavior before the 14 enemy a punishable offense; making actions of compelling surrender a punishable offense; making 15 improper use of countersign a punishable offense; making forcing a safeguard a punishable offense; 16 making aiding the enemy a punishable offense; making unlawful disclosure of confidential information a 17 punishable offense; making certain actions related to public records a punishable offense; making certain 18 fraudulent actions a punishable offense; making unlawful enlistment, appointment or separation a 19 punishable offense; making certain false or unauthorized actions a punishable offense; making 20 wearing certain unauthorized apparel a punishable offense; making certain false statements and swearing 21 a punishable offense; making certain actions related to military property a punishable offense; making 22 certain actions related to captured or abandoned property a punishable offense; making certain actions 23 related to nonmilitary property a punishable offense; making improper hazarding of vessel or aircraft a 24 punishable offense; making drunkenness and

1 incapacitation a punishable offense; making certain actions related to controlled substances a punishable 2 offense; making certain actions related to endangerment a punishable offense; making riot and breach of peace a punishable offense; making 3 provoking speeches or gestures a punishable offense; making wrongful broadcast or distribution of intimate 4 images a punishable offense; making sexual assault a 5 punishable offense; providing certain defenses; making other sexual misconduct a punishable offense; making fraternization a punishable offense; making 6 larceny and wrongful appropriation a punishable offense; making actions of fraud against the 7 government a punishable offense; making assault a punishable offense; making stalking a punishable 8 offense; making perjury a punishable offense; making 9 subornation of perjury a punishable offense; making obstructing justice a punishable offense; making 10 concealing a serious offense a punishable offense; making wrongful refusal to testify a punishable offense; making noncompliance with procedural rules a 11 punishable offense; making wrongful interference with 12 adverse administrative proceeding a punishable offense; making retaliation a punishable offense; 13 making conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman a punishable offense; making certain general conduct 14 a punishable offense; authorizing courts of inquiry to convene under certain circumstances; providing 15 courts of inquiry proceeding requirements; authorizing administration of oaths; requiring 16 certain sections of law be explained to enlisted members; authorizing complaints of wrongdoing; 17 requiring certain redress of injuries to property; authorizing the Governor to delegate certain 18 authorities; establishing precedence of regulations; directing publication in the Oklahoma Administrative 19 Code; directing payment and collection of certain fines be deposited in certain fund; construing the 20 Code; providing immunity for certain duties; limiting jurisdiction for certain crimes; requiring certain 21 continuances for certain military service; amending 44 O.S. 2011, Section 208, which relates to 22 discrimination against officers or enlisted members; expanding discrimination prohibition to cover members 23 of the Civil Air Patrol and certain judges; authorizing all appropriate means necessary to 24 protect national security; amending 44 O.S. 2011,

1 Sections 241, 242, 243, 244, 247 and 248, which relate to the State Guard Act; updating citations; 2 modifying rule-making authority; providing applicability; requiring certain executive order; 3 updating gender-neutral references; eliminating certain jurisdiction; renaming act; amending 21 O.S. 4 2011, Section 133, which relates to military punishment; modifying applicability; amending 75 O.S. 5 2011, Sections 250.4, as last amended by Section 12, Chapter 430, O.S.L. 2014, 251, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 252, O.S.L. 2016, 255 and 256 (75 O.S. 6 Supp. 2018, Sections 250.4 and 251), which relate to 7 the Administrative Procedures Act; exempting military publications from certain provisions of the act; directing the Secretary of State to publish military 8 publications; determining certain numberings; 9 modifying contents of Oklahoma Register; providing for codification of military publications in the 10 Oklahoma Administrative Code; establishing deadline for certain publications; repealing 44 O.S. 2011, Sections 3200, 3201, 3202, 3203, 3204, 3205, 3206, 11 3207, 3211, 3212, 3213, 3214, 3215, 3216, 3217, 3218, 12 3221, 3231, 3232, 3233, 3234, 3235, 3236, 3241, 3242, 3243, 3244, 3245, 3246, 3247, 3248, 3249, 3251, 3252, 13 3253, 3254, 3255, 3256, 3261, 3262, 3263, 3264, 3265, 3266, 3267, 3268, 3269, 3270, 3271, 3272, 3273, 3274, 14 3275, 3276, 3277, 3278, 3279, 3280, 3291, 3292, 3293, 3294, 3295, 3296, 3297, 3298, 3301, 3302, 3303, 3304, 15 3305, 3306, 3307, 3308, 3309, 3310, 3311, 3312, 3313, 3314, 3315, 3316, 3317, 3318, 3319, 3320, 3321, 3331, 16 3332, 3333, 3334, 3335, 3336, 3337, 3338, 3339, 3340, 3341, 3342, 3343, 3344, 3345, 3346, 3347, 3348, 3349, 17 3350, 3351, 3352, 3353, 3354, 3355, 3356, 3357, 3358, 3359, 3360, 3361, 3362, 3363, 3364, 3365, 3366, 3367, 18 3368, 3369, 3370, 3371, 3372, 3373, 3374, 3375, 3376, 3377, 3378, 3379, 3380, 3381, 3382, 3383, 3384, 3385, 19 3386, 3387, 3388, 3389, 3390, 3391, 3392, 3393, 3394, 3395, 3396, 3397, 3399, 4000, 4001 and 4002, which 20 relate to the Uniform State Code of Military Justice; providing for codification; providing for 21 recodification; and providing an effective date. 22 23

24 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 26.2 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 The Adjutant General or the Adjutant General's designee may 5 request from a district attorney or law enforcement agency confidential criminal justice information relating to the member of 6 7 the National Guard for use in an administrative or court-martial action. Unless the district attorney or law enforcement agency 8 9 determines that dissemination of the requested confidential criminal 10 justice information would jeopardize a pending investigation or 11 other pending criminal proceeding, the district attorney or the 12 investigating law enforcement agency shall disseminate the requested 13 information to the Adjutant General or the Adjutant General's 14 designee.

15 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 21, is
16 amended to read as follows:

17 Section 21. The Military Department of the State of Oklahoma is 18 hereby established and shall be administered and controlled by under 19 the command and control of the Governor as Commander in Chief, with 20 the Adjutant General as the executive and administrative head 21 thereof. The Military Department shall be constituted of the state 22 military forces, as defined by Section 801 of this title, and is 23 hereby organized into a joint headquarters with separate branches 24 for the which shall be identified as the joint forces headquarters.

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1 The joint forces headquarters shall be jointly staffed by Army National Guard and the Air National Guard, and there personnel who, 2 3 under the authority and direction of the Adjutant General, shall 4 support and assist the Adjutant General in the exercise of command 5 and control over state military forces when not activated for federal duty under Title 10 of the United States Code. There shall 6 7 be assigned to each the joint force headquarters, officers, enlisted men personnel and civilian employees as may be considered necessary 8 9 by the Governor as Commander in Chief and as may be authorized by 10 law and Army National Guard regulations and Air National Guard 11 regulations.

12 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 212, is 13 amended to read as follows:

14 Section 212. A. If a suit or proceeding shall be commenced in 15 any court by any person against any officer or enlisted person 16 member of the military forces for any act done by such officer or 17 enlisted person the member in his or her official capacity in the 18 discharge of any duty under Sections 1 through 117, 208 through 19 235.2 237, or 241 through 250, or 800 through 946 of this title, or 20 against any soldier member of the state military forces as defined 21 in Section 801 of this title acting under the authority or order of 22 any such officer, or by virtue of any warrant issued by him or her 23 pursuant to law, it shall be the duty of the Attorney General or Judge Advocate to defend such person. 24

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1 The actual court costs of such a defense shall be a legal charge 2 against the state and shall be submitted to the Legislature for 3 payment. Before any suit or proceeding shall be filed or maintained 4 against any officer or soldier member of state military forces as 5 herein provided, the plaintiff shall be required to give security, 6 to be approved by the court in a sum not less than One Hundred 7 Dollars (\$100.00), to secure the costs. If the plaintiff fails to 8 recover judgment such costs shall be taxed and judgment rendered 9 therefor against him or her and his or her sureties. 10 B. Any officer or enlisted person of the state military forces

11 acting in his or her official capacity in the discharge of any duty 12 under Sections 1 through 117, 208 through 235.3, or 241 through 250 13 of this title, or any member of state military forces acting under 14 the authority or order of any such officer, or by virtue of any 15 warrant issued by him or her pursuant to law, shall be immune from 16 personal liability for any acts that include the use of deadly force 17 in self-defense or in defense of another person from what the member 18 reasonably believes is the imminent use of unlawful deadly force. 19 PART I. 20 GENERAL PROVISIONS

21 SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 800 of Title 44, unless there is 23 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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Sections 800 through 946 of this title shall be known and may be 1 2 cited as the "Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice". With the 3 Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, good order and discipline 4 shall be established and safequarded within state military forces 5 pursuant to Section 40 of Article V of the Oklahoma Constitution. 6 SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 801 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 8

9 ARTICLE 1. Definitions.

A. As used in the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice,
unless the context otherwise requires:

12 1. "Accuser" means a person who signs and swears to charges, 13 any person who directs that charges nominally be signed and sworn to 14 by another, and any other person who has an interest other than an 15 official interest in the prosecution of the accused;

16 "Adjutant General" means the commander and most senior 2. 17 military officer of the Oklahoma National Guard appointed by the 18 Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Adjutant 19 General exercises command and control over the Oklahoma National 20 Guard when it is not activated for federal duty under Title 10 of 21 the United States Code. The Adjutant General serves as the 22 executive and administrative head of the Military Department of the 23 State of Oklahoma as provided for in Section 21 of this title;

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3. "Administrative control (ADCON)" means the control or 1 2 exercise of authority over subordinate units and other organizations or units with respect to administration and support, including 3 4 control of resources and equipment, personnel management, unit 5 logistics, individual and unit training, readiness, mobilization, demobilization and other matters not included in the operational 6 7 missions of the subordinate units or other organizations or units. Lawfully issued orders implementing administrative control may 8 9 incorporate references to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 10 Justice (OUCMJ) for disciplinary purposes;

4. "Allowance" means an amount of money provided to members of the state military forces when adequate services or facilities are not provided by the military. Allowances are usually provided taxfree for basic housing, basic subsistence, cost of living, clothing expenses and separation from family members;

16 5. "Arrest in quarters" means moral restraint, as opposed to 17 physical restraint, limiting the liberty of an officer. The limits 18 of arrest in quarters are set by the authority imposing nonjudicial 19 punishment and may extend beyond the physical quarters of an 20 officer;

6. "Assistant Adjutant General" means an officer appointed by
the Adjutant General to assist the Adjutant General in the discharge
and performance of his or her duties. An Assistant Adjutant General
shall meet the qualifications prescribed by law for the Adjutant

General. At least one Assistant Adjutant General for the Army
 National Guard and one Assistant Adjutant General for the Air
 National Guard are customarily appointed to establish lines of
 command and administration into each component of the state military
 forces. Additional assistant adjutants general may be appointed
 pursuant to law, custom or National Guard regulations;

7 7. "Cadet" or "officer candidate" means a person who is 8 enrolled in or attending a state military academy, a regional 9 training institute, or any other formal education program for the 10 purpose of becoming a commissioned officer in the state military 11 forces;

12 8. "Classified information" means:

13 any information or material that has been determined a. 14 pursuant to federal law, by an Executive Order issued 15 by the President in execution of federal law, or a 16 lawfully promulgated federal regulation, to require 17 protection against unauthorized disclosure for reasons 18 of national security and that is so designated, and 19 b. any restricted data, as defined in Section 11(y) of 20 the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C., Section 21 2014(y);

9. "Code" means the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice (OUCMJ);

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10. "Command authority" means the authority that a commander
 2 lawfully exercises over subordinates by virtue of rank or
 3 assignment. Disciplinary authority under the OUCMJ is inherent to
 4 command authority;

5 11. "Commander" means a designated commissioned officer vested 6 with command authority pursuant to law, regulation, assignment, 7 lawful order or custom;

8 12. "Commanding officer" includes only commissioned officers of 9 the state military forces and shall include officers in charge only 10 when administering nonjudicial punishment under Section 815 (Article 11 15) of this title. "Commander" has the same meaning as "commanding 12 officer" unless the context otherwise requires;

13 13. "Component" means one of two constituent parts that make up 14 the state military forces, namely the army force responsible for 15 land-based operations and the air force responsible for aerial 16 operations and related support activities;

17 14. "Confidential information" means any information or
18 material that shall be designated as confidential pursuant to
19 Section 24A.27 of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes and any
20 information or material that may be kept confidential pursuant to
21 Section 24A.28 of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes that has not
22 previously been released by an appropriate authority;

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15. "Convening authority" includes, in addition to the person 1 2 who convened the court, a commissioned officer commanding for the time being or a successor in command to the convening authority; 3

"Day" means calendar day and is not synonymous with the 4 16. 5 term "unit training assembly". Any punishment authorized by this act which is measured in terms of days shall, when served in a 6 7 status other than annual field training, be construed to mean succeeding duty days; 8

9 17. "Court of Criminal Appeals" means the Oklahoma Court of 10 Criminal Appeals, the highest court in the State of Oklahoma with appellate jurisdiction in criminal cases. It is the court of last 11 12 resort for courts-martial conducted under the Code;

13 18. "Duty status" means duty in the state military forces under 14 an order issued by authority of law, and includes travel to and from 15 such duty;

19. "Enlisted member" means a person in an enlisted grade; 17 20. "Fatigue duty" means general labor performed by members of 18 the state military forces when unarmed, including but not limited to 19 cleaning, digging, loading, organizing, etc.;

20 21. "Fine" means a type of punishment that makes a member 21 pecuniarily liable to the State of Oklahoma for the amounts 22 specified by nonjudicial punishment or adjudged by a court-martial. 23 A fine may be paid in cash by a member, collected by deduction from 24

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1 the current pay of a member or collected by deduction on settlement 2 of the pay account of a member upon discharge;

"Forfeiture" means a loss of monetary compensation provided 3 22. 4 to members of the Oklahoma National Guard or Oklahoma State Guard 5 for performance of military duties as a result of nonjudicial punishment or as adjudged by a court-martial. A forfeiture is 6 7 applicable to basic pay and allowances if total forfeitures of pay and allowances are specifically adjudged by a general court-martial; 8 9 provided, that forfeitures other than total forfeitures shall not 10 apply to special pay, other than hardship duty pay, or proficiency 11 or incentive pay;

12 23. "Grade" means a step or degree in a graduated scale of 13 office or military rank which is established and designated as a 14 grade by law or regulation;

15 "Installation commander" means a commissioned officer 24. 16 responsible for the protection of assigned forces and assets, 17 lodging, dining and administrative reporting, regardless of the 18 command relations of the various types of forces present on the 19 installation. For purposes of this definition, an installation is 20 an Armed Forces Reserve Center, air base, armory, camp, post, 21 readiness center, office building, the joint forces headquarters or 22 other facility, location, structure or property so designated as an 23 "installation" by the Adjutant General;

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25. "Joint forces headquarters" means the joint headquarters
 provided for and established in Section 21 of this title;

"Judge advocate" means a commissioned officer of the 3 26. 4 organized state military forces who is a member in good standing of 5 the bar of the highest court of a state, and is certified or designated as a judge advocate in the Judge Advocate General's Corps 6 7 of the Army or the Air Force, or a reserve component of the same; 27. "May" is used in a permissive sense. The phrase "no person 8 9 may" means that no person is required, authorized, or permitted to 10 do the act prescribed;

11 28. "Military court" means a court-martial or a court of
12 inquiry;

13 29. "Military Court of Appeals" means the intermediate 14 appellate court of record established in Section 866 of this title 15 (Article 66) and charged with conducting an appellate review of 16 questions of law arising from general and special courts-martial 17 proceedings conducted by the state military forces and, when 18 necessary in furtherance of its jurisdiction, reviewing all 19 petitions for extraordinary relief properly brought before it;

30. "Military department" means the administrative agency established in Section 21 of this title charged with coordinating and supervising state military forces. The military department consists of a joint forces headquarters, an army component and an air force component under the command and control of the Adjutant

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1 General when not activated for federal duty under Title 10 of the 2 United States Code;

3 31. "Military judge" means a judicial officer who presides over 4 a general or special court-martial and is detailed in accordance 5 with Section 826 of this title (Article 26);

6 "Military offenses" means those offenses designated as 32. 7 punitive articles under Sections 877 (Article 77, Principals), 878 (Article 78, Accessory after the fact), 879 (Article 79, Conviction 8 9 of offense charged, lesser included offenses, and attempts), 880 10 (Article 80, Attempts), 881 (Article 81, Conspiracy), 882 (Article 11 82, Soliciting commission of offenses), 883 (Article 83, 12 Malingering), 884 (Article 84, Breach of medical quarantine), 885 13 (Article 85, Desertion), 886 (Article 86, Absence without leave), 14 887 (Article 87, Missing movement; jumping from vessel), 887A 15 (Article 87A, Resistance, flight, breach of arrest, and escape), 888 16 (Article 88, Contempt toward officials), 889 (Article 89, Disrespect 17 toward superior commissioned officer; assault of superior 18 commissioned officer), 890 (Article 90, Willfully disobeying 19 superior commissioned officer), 891 (Article 91, Insubordinate 20 conduct toward warrant officer, or noncommissioned officer), 892 21 (Article 92, Failure to obey order or regulation), 893 (Article 93, 22 Cruelty and maltreatment), 893A (Article 93A, Prohibited activities 23 with military recruit or trainee by person in position of special 24 trust), 894 (Article 94, Mutiny or sedition), 895 (Article 95,

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1 Offenses by sentinel or lookout), 895A (Article 95A, Disrespect 2 toward sentinel or lookout), 896 (Article 96, Release of prisoner without authority; drinking with prisoner), 897 (Article 97, 3 Unlawful detention), 898 (Article 98, Misconduct as prisoner), 899 4 5 (Article 99, Misbehavior before the enemy), 900 (Article 100, Subordinate compelling surrender), 901 (Article 101, Improper use of 6 7 countersign), 902 (Article 102, Forcing a safeguard), 903B (Article 103B, Aiding the enemy), 903C (Article 103C, Unlawful disclosure of 8 9 confidential information), 904 (Article 104, Public records 10 offenses), 904A (Article 104A, Fraudulent enlistment, appointment, 11 or separation), 904B (Article 104B, Unlawful enlistment, 12 appointment, or separation), 905A (Article 105A, False or 13 unauthorized pass offenses), 906A (Article 106A, Wearing 14 unauthorized insignia, decoration, badge, ribbon, device, or lapel 15 button), 907 (Article 107, False official statements; false 16 swearing), 908 (Article 108, Military property-loss, damage, 17 destruction, or wrongful disposition), 908A (Article 108A, Captured 18 or abandoned property), 909 (Article 109, Property other than 19 military property-waste, spoilage, or destruction), 910 (Article 20 110, Improper hazarding of vessel or aircraft), 912 (Article 112, 21 Drunkenness and other incapacitation offenses), 912A (Article 112A, 22 Wrongful use, possession, etc., of controlled substances), 914 23 (Article 114, Endangerment offenses), 916 (Article 116, Riot or 24 breach of peace), 917 (Article 117, Provoking speeches or gestures),

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1 917A (Article 117A, Wrongful broadcast or distribution of intimate 2 visual images), 920 (Article 120, Sexual assault generally), 920C (Article 120C, Other sexual misconduct), 920D (Article 120D, 3 Fraternization), 921 (Article 121, Larceny and wrongful 4 5 appropriation), 924 (Article 124, Frauds against the government), 6 928 (Article 128, Assault), 930 (Article 130, Stalking), 931 7 (Article 131, Perjury), 931A (Article 131A, Subornation of perjury), 931B (Article 131B, Obstructing justice), 931C (Article 131C, 8 9 Misprision of serious offense), 931D (Article 131D, Wrongful refusal 10 to testify), 931F (Article 131F, Noncompliance with procedural 11 rules), 931G (Article 131G, Wrongful interference with adverse 12 administrative proceeding), 932 (Article 132, Retaliation), 933 13 (Article 133, Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman) and 934 14 (Article 134, General article) of this title;

15 "Military publication" means a written publication of an 33. 16 administrative nature such as a regulation, instruction, pamphlet, 17 circular, permanent or general order, numbered adjutant general 18 policy memorandum or blank form promulgated or published by or under 19 the authority of the Adjutant General. An order or directive issued 20 by the Adjutant General that is operational in nature or issued in 21 execution of a military mission shall not be included within the 22 meaning of military publication. Rules of procedure published by 23 the State Judge Advocate for the Military Court of Appeals are 24 included in the meaning of military publication;

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34. "Month's pay" means the amount of basic pay that would be
 paid to a member if that member were serving on active duty;
 35. "National security" means the national defense and foreign
 relations of the United States;

5 36. "Nexus" means the appearance of a connection between a 6 nonmilitary offense and the state military forces which brings 7 discredit or dishonor to the state military forces due to 8 representations of membership in the state military forces by a 9 member. Such representations may be made directly or indirectly, 10 including but not limited to publication on social media or other 11 electronic communication platforms;

12 37. "Noncommissioned officer" means an enlisted member above 13 the pay grade of E-4 or an enlisted member in the army component of 14 state military forces holding the rank of corporal;

15 38. "Nonjudicial punishment" means punishment imposed 16 administratively by a commander or officer in charge for minor 17 offenses in lieu of a court-martial;

18 39. "Officer" means a commissioned or warrant officer;

19 40. "Officer in charge" means a commissioned or warrant officer 20 designated as such by appropriate authority;

41. "Pay" means monetary compensation provided to members of the state military forces in exchange for performance of military duties carried out pursuant to a lawful order or otherwise under the authority of law, including basic pay, special pay, proficiency pay

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1 and incentive pay. "Pay" shall not mean allowances as defined in 2 this section;

3 42. "Rank" means the order of precedence among members of the 4 state military forces;

5 43. "Record", when used in connection with the proceedings of a6 court-martial, means:

- a. an official written transcript, written summary, or
  other writing relating to the proceedings, or
- 9 b. an official audiotape, videotape, digital image or
  10 file, or similar material from which sound, or sound
  11 and visual images, depicting the proceedings may be
  12 reproduced;

13 44. "Regulation" means a written, administrative expression of 14 executive authority issued by an executive branch officer which 15 carries with it the force and effect of law due to inherent command 16 authority or express delegation of authority by the legislative 17 branch; regulations provided for in the Code are published and 18 indexed in the Oklahoma Administrative Code;

19 45. "Rehearing" means a new trial on the findings, on the 20 sentence, or on both;

21 46. "Restriction" means moral restraint, as opposed to physical 22 restraint, limiting access to physical places or participation in 23 certain activities. In comparison to arrest in quarters,

24 "restriction" is a lesser punishment;

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47. "Senior Assistant Adjutant General" means an Assistant
 Adjutant General who either possesses the most time in grade or has
 been designated in writing by the Adjutant General as the Senior
 Assistant Adjutant General for his or her force component
 irrespective of time in grade;

6 "Senior force component judge advocate" means the judge 48. 7 advocate assigned as chief legal advisor to the Senior Assistant Adjutant General of the same component of the state military forces 8 9 as the accused. Unless there is a conflict of interest, a senior 10 force component judge advocate may also serve as legal counsel to 11 the Adjutant General and may be designated as the State Judge 12 Advocate. The customary duty station of a senior force component 13 judge advocate is joint forces headquarters;

14 49. "Shall" is used in an imperative sense;

15 50. "State" means one of the several states, the District of 16 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam and the U.S. Virgin 17 Islands;

18 51. "State active duty" means full-time duty in the state 19 military forces under an order of the Governor or otherwise issued 20 by authority of law, and paid by state funds, and includes travel to 21 and from such duty;

52. "State Judge Advocate" means a member of the Oklahoma
National Guard qualified as a judge advocate, as defined in this

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section, and who is designated in writing by the Adjutant General as
 the State Judge Advocate;

3 53. "State military forces" means the National Guard of the 4 State of Oklahoma, which includes an army component and an air force 5 component, as defined in Title 32, United States Code, and Section 41 of this title; the Oklahoma State Guard, organized pursuant to 6 7 Section 109 of Title 32, United States Code, and established pursuant to the Oklahoma State Guard Act; and any other military 8 9 force organized under the Constitution and laws of the State of 10 Oklahoma when not in a status placing them under exclusive federal 11 jurisdiction pursuant to Chapter 47 of Title 10, United States Code. 12 Unless otherwise established by Oklahoma law, the unorganized 13 militia, as provided for in Section 41 of this title, or any other 14 state military force that does not meet this definition shall not be 15 considered part of the "state military forces" under the Code;

16 54. "Superior commissioned officer" means a commissioned 17 officer superior in rank or command;

18 "Supplies" means materiel, equipment and stores of all 55. 19 types possessed or lawfully controlled by state military forces; and 20 56. "Title 32 active duty" means training or other duty, other 21 than inactive duty, performed by a member of the Army National Guard 22 of the United States or the Air National Guard of the United States 23 in the member's status as a member of the Oklahoma National Guard 24 pursuant to Section 316, 502, 503, 504 or 505 of Title 32 of the

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United States Code for which the member is entitled to pay from the
 United States or for which the member has waived pay from the United
 States.

B. Other terms not specifically defined herein shall be defined
by military rules or regulations and customs and usage of the
National Guard and the Armed Forces of the United States.

7 C. If a term is not defined in either subsection A of this 8 section nor defined as provided in subsection B of this section, it 9 shall receive the construction and usage customarily accorded by 10 reference to dictionaries of the English language in existence at 11 the time of adoption of this act.

12 SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 802 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 2. Persons subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice.

A. The Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice applies to all
members of the state military forces at all times who are not in
active federal service, as defined by Title 10 of the United States
Code.

B. Subject matter jurisdiction is established if more likely
than not a nexus exists between an offense, either military or
nonmilitary, and the state military forces. Courts-martial shall

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have primary jurisdiction over military offenses as defined in the
 Code.

3 С. The civilian courts shall have primary jurisdiction over 4 nonmilitary offenses when an act or omission violates both the Code 5 and local criminal law. In such a case, a court-martial may be initiated only after the civilian authority has declined to 6 7 prosecute or has dismissed the charge, provided jeopardy has not attached. When a member is not in a duty status under Title 32 of 8 9 the United States Code or on state active duty orders, there shall 10 be a rebuttable presumption that subject matter jurisdiction does 11 not exist under the Code. The Governor or Adjutant General may 12 promulgate additional regulations prescribing how a convening 13 authority shall determine the existence of a nexus between a 14 nonmilitary offense and state military forces.

D. Jurisdiction over attempted crimes, conspiracy crimes,
solicitation and accessory crimes shall be determined by the
underlying offense.

E. If a commander or officer in charge determines that a nexus exists between a nonmilitary offense and the state military forces, for purposes of administrative action, the commander or officer in charge may impose nonjudicial punishment regardless of whether courts-martial jurisdiction is then possessed or later acquired by the state military forces.

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1SECTION 7.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified2in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 803 of Title 44, unless there is3created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 3. Jurisdiction to try certain personnel.

5 Α. Each person discharged from the state military forces who is later charged with having fraudulently obtained a discharge is, 6 7 subject to Section 904A of this title, subject to trial by courtmartial on that charge and is, after apprehension, subject to the 8 9 Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice while in custody under the 10 direction of the state military forces for that trial. Upon 11 conviction of the charge, the person shall be subject to trial by 12 court-martial for all offenses under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of 13 Military Justice committed before the fraudulent discharge.

B. No person who has deserted from the state military forces
shall be relieved from amenability to the jurisdiction of the
Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice by virtue of a separation
from any later period of service.

18 SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 19 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 804 of Title 44, unless there is 20 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

21 RESERVED.

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22 SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 805 of Title 44, unless there is 24 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 5. Territorial applicability of Oklahoma Uniform Code
 of Military Justice.

The Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice applies at all times and in all places. Courts-martial and courts of inquiry may be convened while state military forces are deployed outside the state with the same jurisdiction and powers as if the proceedings were held inside the state, and offenses committed outside the state may be tried and punished either inside or outside of the state.

9 SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 806 of Title 44, unless there is 11 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 ARTICLE 6. Judge advocates.

A. The senior force component judge advocates in each of the state's military force components or those judge advocates' delegates shall make frequent inspections in the field in supervision of the administration of military justice in that force component.

B. Convening authorities shall at all times communicate directly with their judge advocates in matters relating to the administration of military justice. The judge advocate of any command is entitled to communicate directly with the judge advocate of a superior or subordinate command, or with the State Judge Advocate.

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C. No person who, with respect to a case, serves in a capacity
 specified in subsection D of this section may later serve as a judge
 advocate to any reviewing or convening authority upon the same case.

D. The capacities referred to in subsection C of this section
are, with respect to the case involved, any of the following:

6 1. Preliminary hearing officer, court member, military judge,
7 military magistrate, or appellate judge; or

8 2. Counsel who have acted in the same case or appeared in any
 9 proceeding before a military judge, preliminary hearing officer, or
 10 appellate court.

11 SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 806A of Title 44, unless there 13 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 ARTICLE 6A. Investigation and disposition of matters pertaining 15 to the fitness of military judges.

The Adjutant General shall promulgate regulations prescribing procedures for the investigation and disposition of charges, allegations, or information pertaining to the fitness of a military judge to perform the duties of the judge's position. To the extent practicable, the procedures shall be uniform for both force components.

22 SECTION 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 806B of Title 44, unless there 24 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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1	ARTICLE 6B. Rights of the victim of an offense under the
2	Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice.
3	A. A victim of an offense under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of
4	Military Justice has the following rights:
5	1. The right to be reasonably protected from the accused;
6	2. The right to reasonable, accurate and timely notice of any
7	of the following:
8	a. a public hearing concerning the continuation of
9	confinement prior to trial of the accused,
10	b. a preliminary hearing under Section 832 of this title
11	(Article 32) relating to the offense,
12	c. a court-martial relating to the offense,
13	d. a public proceeding of the parole board relating to
14	the offense, and
15	e. the release or escape of the accused;
16	3. The right not to be excluded from any public hearing or
17	proceeding described in paragraph 2 of this subsection unless the
18	military judge or preliminary hearing officer, as applicable, after
19	receiving clear and convincing evidence, determines that testimony
20	by the victim of an offense under the Code would be materially
21	altered if the victim heard other testimony at that hearing or
22	proceeding;
23	4. The right to be reasonably heard at any of the following:
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1 a public hearing concerning the continuation of a. 2 confinement prior to trial of the accused, a sentencing hearing relating to the offense, and 3 b. 4 a public proceeding of the parole board relating to с. 5 the offense; The reasonable right to confer with the counsel representing 6 5. 7 the government at any proceeding described in paragraph 2 of this subsection; 8 9 6. The right to receive restitution as provided in law; 10 7. The right to proceedings free from unreasonable delay; and The right to be treated with fairness and with respect for 11 8. the dignity and privacy of the victim of an offense under the Code. 12 13 в. In this section, the term "victim of an offense under the 14 Code" means an individual who has suffered direct physical, 15 emotional, or pecuniary harm as a result of the commission of an 16 offense under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice. 17 С. Nothing in this section shall be construed: 18 1. To authorize a cause of action for damages; or 19 To create, to enlarge, or to imply any duty or obligation to 2. 20 any victim of an offense under the Code or other person for the 21

22 employees could be held liable in damages.

breach of which the State of Oklahoma or any of its officers or

23 D. Enforcement by Military Court of Appeals.

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1 1. If the victim of an offense under the Code believes that a 2 preliminary hearing ruling under Section 832 of this title (Article 32) or a court-martial ruling violates the rights of the victim 3 4 afforded by paragraph 4 of subsection A of this section, the victim 5 may petition the Military Court of Appeals for a writ of mandamus to require the preliminary hearing officer or the court-martial to 6 7 comply with the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection A of this 8 section.

9 2. If the victim of an offense under the Code is subject to an 10 order to submit to a deposition, notwithstanding the availability of 11 the victim to testify at the court-martial trying the accused for 12 the offense, the victim may petition the Military Court of Appeals 13 for a writ of mandamus to quash such order.

A petition for a writ of mandamus described in this
subsection shall be forwarded directly to the Military Court of
Appeals, by such means as may be prescribed by regulations
promulgated by the Adjutant General, and, to the extent practicable,
shall have priority over all other proceedings before the court.

19 4. Paragraph 1 of this subsection applies with respect to the20 protections afforded by the following:

21

a. this section,

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b. Section 832 (Article 32) of the Code,

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1	c. Military Rule of Evidence 412, relating to the	
2	admission of evidence regarding a victim's sexual	
3	background,	
4	d. Military Rule of Evidence 513, relating to the	
5	psychotherapist-patient privilege,	
6	e. Military Rule of Evidence 514, relating to the victim	
7	advocate-victim privilege,	
8	f. Military Rule of Evidence 615, relating to the	
9	exclusion of witnesses.	
10	PART II.	
11	APPREHENSION AND RESTRAINT	
12	SECTION 13. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified	
13	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 807 of Title 44, unless there is	3
14	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:	
15	ARTICLE 7. Apprehension.	
16	A. Apprehension is the taking of a person into custody.	
17	B. Any person authorized by the Oklahoma Uniform Code of	
18	Military Justice or by Chapter 47 of Title 10 of the United States	
19	Code, or by regulations issued under either, to apprehend persons	
20	subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, any	
21	marshal of a court-martial appointed pursuant to the provisions of	
22	the Code, and any civil officer or peace officer having authority to	С
23	apprehend offenders under the laws of the United States or of a	
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state, may do so upon reasonable belief that an offense has been
 committed and that the person apprehended committed it.

C. Commissioned officers, warrant officers and noncommissioned officers have authority to quell quarrels, frays, and disorders among persons subject to the Code and to apprehend persons subject to the Code who take part therein.

7 SECTION 14. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 808 of Title 44, unless there is
9 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 ARTICLE 8. Warrant of arrest, issuance, contents, service.

A. A warrant of arrest for the purposes of securing the
presence of an accused at any court-martial proceedings or in
execution of a sentence of confinement may be issued by a general or
special court-martial convening authority.

15 B. The warrant issued under this section shall:

Be in writing and in the name of the State of Oklahoma;
 State the date when issued and the municipality or county
 where issued;

State the name and rank of the person to be arrested;
 State the offense charged against the person to be arrested;
 Scommand that the person against whom the complaint was made
 be arrested, conducted to a designated civil or military facility
 under the control of the state or federal government, placed in
 custody as directed, and booked;

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6. Be signed by an authorized officer of the armed forces of
 this state; and

7. Specify the amount of bail.

C. The warrant shall be directed to all peace officers in the
state or federal government and the provost marshal of the Oklahoma
National Guard. Such officers shall have the power and authority to
conduct the arrested person to the designated facility without
regard to territorial jurisdiction.

9 SECTION 15. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 809 of Title 44, unless there is
11 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 ARTICLE 9. Imposition of restraint.

A. Arrest is the restraint of a person by an order, not imposed as a punishment for an offense, directing that person to remain within certain specified limits. Confinement is the physical restraint of a person.

B. An enlisted member may be ordered into arrest or confinement
by any commissioned officer by an order, oral or written, delivered
in person or through other persons subject to the Oklahoma Uniform
Code of Military Justice. A commanding officer may authorize
warrant officers or noncommissioned officers to order enlisted
members of his or her command or subject to his or her authority
into arrest or confinement.

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C. A commissioned officer or a warrant officer may be ordered
 into arrest or confinement only by a commanding officer to whose
 authority he or she is subject, by an order, oral or written,
 delivered in person, or by another commissioned officer. The
 authority to order such persons into arrest or confinement shall not
 be delegated.

7 D. No person may be ordered into arrest or confinement except
8 for probable cause.

9 E. Nothing in this section limits the authority of persons 10 authorized to apprehend offenders to secure the custody of an 11 alleged offender until proper authority may be notified.

12 SECTION 16. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 810 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 10. Restraint of persons charged.

A. 1. Unless otherwise provided in paragraph 2 of this
subsection, any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of
Military Justice who is charged with an offense under the Code may
be ordered into arrest or confinement, as the circumstances require.

20 2. When a person subject to the Code is charged only with an 21 offense that is normally tried by summary court-martial, the person 22 ordinarily shall not be ordered into confinement.

B. 1. When a person subject to the Code is ordered into arrest
or confinement before trial, immediate steps shall be taken:

- a. to inform the person of the specific offense of which
   the person is accused, and
- 3 b. to try the person or to dismiss the charges and4 release the person.

5 2. To facilitate compliance with paragraph 1 of this 6 subsection, the Adjutant General shall promulgate regulations 7 setting forth procedures relating to referral for trial, including 8 procedures for prompt forwarding of the charges and specifications 9 and, if applicable, the preliminary hearing report submitted under 10 Section 832 of this title (Article 32).

11 SECTION 17. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 811 of Title 44, unless there is 13 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 ARTICLE 11. Place of confinement, reports and receiving of 15 prisoners.

16 A. Persons confined before or during trial by court-martial 17 shall be confined in any place of confinement under the control of 18 any of the armed forces, in any county jail or in any penal or 19 correctional facility under the control of the Oklahoma Department 20 of Corrections.

B. No provost marshal, commander of a guard, master at arms, warden, keeper, or officer of a place of confinement designated in subsection A of this section shall refuse to receive or keep any prisoner committed to his or her charge, when the committing person furnishes a statement, signed by him or her, of the offense charged
 against the prisoner.

3 C. Every commander of a quard, master at arms, warden, keeper, 4 or officer of a place of confinement designated in subsection A of 5 this section, to whose charge a prisoner is committed shall, within twenty-four (24) hours after that commitment or as soon as he or she 6 7 is relieved from guard, report to the commanding officer of the prisoner the name of the prisoner, the offense charged against him 8 9 or her, and the name of the person who ordered or authorized the 10 commitment.

SECTION 18. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 812 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 ARTICLE 12. Prohibition of confinement of members of the state 15 military forces with enemy prisoners and certain others.

No member of the state military forces shall be placed in confinement in immediate association with:

18 1. Enemy prisoners; or

19 2. Other individuals:

a. who are detained under the law of war and are foreign
nationals, and

b. who are not members of the armed forces.

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1SECTION 19.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified2in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 813 of Title 44, unless there is3created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 13. Punishment prohibited before trial.

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5 No person, while being held for trial, shall be subjected to 6 punishment or penalty other than arrest or confinement upon the 7 charges pending against him or her, nor shall the arrest or 8 confinement imposed upon him or her be any more rigorous than the 9 circumstances required to insure his or her presence, but he or she 10 may be subjected to minor punishment during that period for 11 infractions of discipline.

12 SECTION 20. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 814 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 14. Delivery of offenders to civil authorities.

16 A. Under such regulations as the Adjutant General may 17 prescribe, a person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 18 Justice who is in a duty status and who is accused of an offense 19 against civil authority may be delivered, upon request, to the civil 20 authority for trial.

B. When delivery under this section is made to any civil authority of a person undergoing sentence of a court-martial, the delivery, if followed by conviction in a civil tribunal, interrupts the execution of the sentence of the court-martial, and the

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offender, after having answered to the civil authorities of his or her offense shall, upon the request of competent military authority, be returned to the place of original custody for the completion of his or her sentence.

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# PART III.

# NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENT

7 SECTION 21. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 815 of Title 44, unless there is
9 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 ARTICLE 15. Commanding officer's nonjudicial punishment.

A. Except as provided in subsection B of this section, any
commanding officer and, for purposes of this section, any officer in
charge, may impose disciplinary punishments for minor offenses
arising under the punitive articles of the Oklahoma Uniform Code of
Military Justice without the intervention of a court-martial.

B. Any superior commander may limit or withhold the exercise of nonjudicial punishment authority by subordinate commanders, including limiting authority over certain categories of military personnel or offenses. Likewise, individual cases may be reserved by a superior commander. A superior authority may limit or withhold any power that a subordinate might otherwise exercise under this article.

C. Except as provided in subsection K of this section, the
Governor, the Adjutant General, or a general officer in command may

delegate the powers established under this section to a principal 1 2 assistant who is a member of the state military forces and is also a 3 member of the same force component as the accused. 4 Any commanding officer may impose upon enlisted members of D. the officer's command: 5 6 1. An admonition; 7 2. A reprimand; 3. The withholding of privileges for not more than six (6) 8 9 months which need not be consecutive; 10 4. The forfeiture of pay of not more than seven (7) days' pay; 5. 11 A fine of not more than seven (7) days' pay; 12 6. A reduction to the next inferior pay grade, if the grade 13 from which demoted is within the promotion authority of the officer 14 imposing the reduction or any officer subordinate to the one who 15 imposes the reduction; 16 7. Extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for not 17 more than fourteen (14) days, which need not be consecutive; and 18 8. Restriction to certain specified limits, with or without 19 suspension from duty, for not more than fourteen (14) days, which 20 need not be consecutive. 21 Ε. Any commanding officer of the grade of major or above may 22 impose upon enlisted members of the officer's command: 23 1. An admonition; 24 2. A reprimand;

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3. The withholding of privileges for not more than six (6)
 months which need not be consecutive;

3 4. The forfeiture of not more than one-half (1/2) of one (1)
4 month's pay per month for two (2) months;

5 5. A fine of not more than one (1) month's pay;

6 A reduction to the lowest or any intermediate pay grade, if
7 the grade from which demoted is within the promotion authority of
8 the officer imposing the reduction or any officer subordinate to the
9 one who imposes the reduction, but an enlisted member in a pay grade
10 above E-4 shall not be reduced more than two pay grades;

11 7. Extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for not 12 more than forty-five (45) days which need not be consecutive; and

13 8. Restriction to certain specified limits, with or without 14 suspension from duty, for not more than sixty (60) days which need 15 not be consecutive.

16 F. The Governor, the Adjutant General, an officer exercising 17 general or special court-martial convening authority, or a general 18 officer in command may impose:

19 1. Upon officers of the officer's command:

a. any punishment authorized in subsection E of this
section, except for the punishments provided in
paragraphs 6 and 7 of subsection E of this section,
and

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b. arrest in quarters for not more than thirty (30) days
 which need not be consecutive; and

Upon enlisted members of the officer's command, any
 punishment authorized in subsection E of this section.
 Admonitions or reprimands given as nonjudicial punishment to
 commissioned officers and warrant officers shall be administered in
 writing. In all other cases, unless otherwise prescribed by
 regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General, such punishments
 may be administered either orally or in writing.

G. Whenever any punishments are combined to run consecutively, the total length of the combined punishment shall not exceed the authorized duration of the longest punishment included in the combination, and there shall be an apportionment of punishments so that no single punishment in the combination exceeds its authorized length under this section.

16 Once the commander has determined that nonjudicial Η. 17 punishment is appropriate, the commander shall provide reasonable 18 notice to the member of his or her intent to impose nonjudicial 19 punishment. At the time the commander provides notification as 20 required in this subsection, the member shall be entitled to examine 21 all statements and other evidence that the commander has examined 22 and intends to rely upon as the basis for punishment. The member 23 shall be provided a copy of the documentary evidence unless it is 24 privileged, classified, or otherwise restricted by law, regulation,

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or instruction. At the time the commander provides notification as required in this subsection, the commander shall also inform the member as to the quantum of punishment potentially to be imposed. While a member undergoing nonjudicial punishment is not entitled to representation by a duly appointed defense counsel, the member may seek legal advice from any judge advocate available for this purpose.

I. The right to demand trial by court-martial in lieu of 8 9 nonjudicial punishment shall arise only when arrest in quarters or 10 restriction will be considered as punishments. If the commanding 11 officer determines that arrest in quarters or restriction will be 12 considered as punishments, prior to the offer of nonjudicial 13 punishment the accused shall be notified in writing of the right to 14 demand trial by court-martial. Should the commanding officer 15 determine that the punishment options will not include arrest in 16 quarters or restriction, the accused shall be notified that there is 17 no right to trial by court-martial in lieu of nonjudicial 18 punishment. Upon notification by the commander or officer in charge 19 of his or her intent to impose nonjudicial punishment that includes 20 arrest in quarters or restriction, the accused shall be afforded a 21 reasonable amount of time to confer with legal counsel and to 22 prepare a response.

J. A person punished under this section who considers the punishment unjust or disproportionate to the offense may, through

1 his or her chain of command, appeal to the Senior Assistant Adjutant 2 General of the same component of the state military forces as the 3 accused within fifteen (15) days after the punishment is announced 4 to the accused. The officer exercising appellate authority may, at 5 his or her discretion, extend the deadline for an appeal. The appeal shall be promptly forwarded and decided, and the member shall 6 7 not be punished until the appeal is decided. The Senior Assistant Adjutant General exercising appellate authority may exercise the 8 9 same powers with respect to the punishment imposed as may be 10 exercised under subsection I of this section by the officer who imposed the punishment. Before acting on an appeal from a 11 12 punishment, the Senior Assistant Adjutant General shall refer the 13 case to a judge advocate for consideration and advice.

14 Except for nonjudicial punishment imposed by the Governor or Κ. 15 the Adjutant General, the final appellate authority for nonjudicial 16 punishment imposed within state military forces is the Adjutant 17 General. A person punished under this article whose appeal was 18 previously denied by a Senior Assistant Adjutant General may lodge 19 an additional appeal with the Adjutant General within five (5) days 20 after the appeal is denied. In the event the officer imposing 21 nonjudicial punishment is the Senior Assistant Adjutant General, an 22 appeal thereof shall be addressed directly to the Adjutant General. 23 In the event the officer imposing nonjudicial punishment is the 24 Adjutant General, an appeal thereof shall be addressed directly to

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1 the Governor. An appeal offered pursuant to this subsection shall 2 be made only in writing. Neither the Governor nor the Adjutant 3 General shall delegate his or her duties as an appellate authority 4 under this subsection.

5 L. Whenever nonjudicial punishment is imposed under this 6 article:

7 1. After adjudication and while the punishment is being carried 8 out or while the adjudged punishment is pending before the appellate 9 authority, the commander or officer in charge who imposed the 10 nonjudicial punishment, upon the request of the accused, may:

- a. excuse the accused from attendance at scheduled unit
   training assemblies, or
- b. arrange for the accused to drill on alternate dates
  and in alternate locations; or

15 2. If necessary to maintain good order and discipline within 16 the unit, the commander or officer in charge who imposed the 17 nonjudicial punishment may order the accused to drill on alternate 18 dates and in alternate locations. The order shall be reduced to 19 writing and shall become part of the record of nonjudicial 20 punishment.

M. The imposition and enforcement of disciplinary punishment under this section for any act or omission shall not be a bar to trial by court-martial or a civilian court of competent jurisdiction for a crime or offense arising out of the same act or omission; but

the fact that a disciplinary punishment has been enforced may be demonstrated by the accused upon trial and, when so demonstrated, it shall be considered in determining the measure of punishment to be adjudged in the event of a finding or verdict of guilty. Nonjudicial punishment shall not be imposed for an offense previously tried by a civilian court unless so authorized by regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General.

When nonjudicial punishment has been imposed for an offense, 8 Ν. 9 punishment shall not again be imposed for the same offense under 10 this section. Once nonjudicial punishment has been imposed, it may 11 not be increased, upon appeal or otherwise. When a commander or 12 officer in charge determines that nonjudicial punishment is 13 appropriate for a particular member, all known offenses determined 14 to be appropriate for disposition by nonjudicial punishment and 15 ready to be considered at that time, including all offenses arising 16 from a single incident or course of conduct, shall be considered 17 together and shall not be made the basis for multiple punishments. 18 This subsection shall in no way restrict the right of a commander to 19 prefer court-martial charges for an offense previously punished 20 under the provisions of this article.

O. In accordance with subsection B of Section 843 of this title
(Article 43, subsection B), a person accused of an offense is not
liable to be punished under this section if the offense was
committed more than two (2) years before the imposition of

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1 punishment. Periods in which the accused is absent without 2 authority shall be excluded in computing the period of limitation 3 prescribed in this section.

P. Whenever a punishment of forfeiture of pay is imposed under
this section, the forfeiture shall not apply to pay accruing before
the date that punishment is imposed, but only pay accruing on or
after the date that punishment is imposed.

Q. The Adjutant General may promulgate regulations prescribing the type and form of records to be kept of proceedings conducted pursuant to this section. The Adjutant General may promulgate any other regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

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### PART IV.

### COURTS-MARTIAL JURISDICTION

SECTION 22. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 816 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

18 ARTICLE 16. Courts-martial classified.

19 A. The three kinds of courts-martial in the state military20 forces are the following:

21 1. General courts-martial, as described in subsection B of this 22 section;

23 2. Special courts-martial, as described in subsection C of this
24 section; and

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3. Summary courts-martial, as described in subsection D of this
 section.

3 B. General courts-martial. General courts-martial are of the 4 following two types:

1. A general court-martial consisting of a military judge and
eight members, subject to paragraph 3 of subsection E of Section 825
and Section 829 of this title (Article 25, subsection E, paragraph
3, and Article 29); and

9 2. A general court-martial consisting of a military judge 10 alone, if, before the court is assembled, the accused, knowing the 11 identity of the military judge and after consultation with defense 12 counsel, requests, orally on the record or in writing, a court 13 composed of a military judge alone and the military judge approves 14 the request.

15 C. Special courts-martial. Special courts-martial are of the 16 following two types:

A special court-martial consisting of a military judge and
 four members, subject to paragraph 3 of subsection E of Section 825
 and Section 829 of this title (Article 25, subsection E, paragraph
 3, and Article 29); and

21 2. A special court-martial consisting of a military judge22 alone:

a. if the case is so referred by the convening authority,
subject to Section 819 of this title (Article 19) and

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1 such limitations as may be prescribed by regulations 2 promulgated by the Adjutant General, or 3 b. if the case is referred under paragraph 1 of this 4 subsection and, before the court is assembled, the 5 accused, knowing the identity of the military judge and after consultation with defense counsel, requests, 6 7 orally on the record or in writing, a court composed of a military judge alone and the military judge 8 approves the request. 9

D. Summary court-martial. A summary court-martial consists of one commissioned officer.

12 SECTION 23. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 817 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 17. Jurisdiction of courts-martial in general.

16 A. Each force component shall have court-martial jurisdiction 17 over all persons subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 18 Justice. The exercise of jurisdiction by one force component over 19 personnel of the other force component shall be in accordance with 20 regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General.

B. In all cases, the force component review after that by the officer with authority to convene a general court-martial for the command which held the trial, where that review is required under

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1 the Code, shall be carried out by the same force component of which 2 the accused is a member.

3 SECTION 24. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 818 of Title 44, unless there is 5 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 ARTICLE 18. General courts-martial.

Subject to Section 817 of this title (Article 17), general courts-martial shall have jurisdiction to try persons subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice for any offense made punishable by the Code and may, under such limitations as the Governor or Adjutant General may prescribe by regulation, adjudge any punishment not forbidden by the Code.

SECTION 25. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 819 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 ARTICLE 19. Jurisdiction of special courts-martial.

A. Subject to Section 817 of this title (Article 17), special courts-martial have jurisdiction to try persons subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice for any offense made punishable by the Code and may, under such limitations prescribed by regulation promulgated by the Governor or Adjutant General, adjudge any punishment not forbidden by the Code except dishonorable discharge, dismissal, confinement for more than one (1) year,

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1 forfeiture of pay exceeding two-thirds (2/3) pay per month, or 2 forfeiture of pay for more than one (1) year.

B. Neither confinement for more than six (6) months, nor
forfeiture of pay for more than six (6) months may be adjudged if
charges and specifications are referred to a special court-martial
consisting of a military judge alone under subparagraph a of
paragraph 2 of subsection C of Section 816 of this title (Article
16, subsection C, paragraph 2, subparagraph a).

9 SECTION 26. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 820 of Title 44, unless there is
11 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 ARTICLE 20. Jurisdiction and appeals of summary courts-martial.

13 Subject to Section 817 of this title (Article 17), summary Α. 14 courts-martial have jurisdiction to try persons subject to the 15 Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, except officers, cadets 16 and officer candidates for any offense made punishable by the Code 17 under such limitations as may be prescribed by regulation 18 promulgated by the Governor or Adjutant General. No person with 19 respect to whom summary courts-martial have jurisdiction shall be 20 brought to trial before a summary court-martial if he or she objects 21 thereto. If objection to trial by summary court-martial is made by 22 an accused, trial may be ordered by special or general court-martial 23 as may be appropriate. Summary courts-martial may, under such 24 limitations as may be prescribed by regulation promulgated by the

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Governor or Adjutant General, adjudge any punishment not forbidden by the Code except dismissal, dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge, confinement for more than one (1) month, hard labor without confinement for more than forty-five (45) days, restriction to specified limits for more than two (2) months, or forfeiture of more than two-thirds (2/3) of one (1) month's pay.

B. A summary court-martial is a noncriminal forum. A finding
of guilty at a summary court-martial does not constitute a criminal
conviction.

10 C. Regular appeals. A person found guilty at a summary courtmartial who considers the punishment unjust or disproportionate to 11 12 the offense may appeal to the Senior Assistant Adjutant General of 13 the same component of the state military forces as the accused 14 within thirty (30) calendar days after the date the accused receives 15 written notice from the convening authority that the convening 16 authority has complied with the requirements of subsection B of 17 Section 860C of this title (Article 860C, subsection B). Before 18 acting on an appeal submitted pursuant to this subsection, the 19 Senior Assistant Adjutant General shall refer the case to a judge 20 advocate for consideration and advice.

D. Appeals in certain instances. Except for summary courtsmartial convened by the Governor or the Adjutant General, the final appellate authority for summary courts-martial convened pursuant to this Code shall be the Adjutant General. A person found guilty at a

1 summary court-martial whose appeal was previously denied by the Senior Assistant Adjutant General may lodge an additional appeal 2 3 with the Adjutant General within fifteen (15) calendar days after 4 the appeal is denied. In the event the officer who convened the 5 summary court-martial is the Senior Assistant Adjutant General, an appeal thereof shall be addressed directly to the Adjutant General. 6 7 In the event the officer who convened the summary court-martial is the Adjutant General, an appeal thereof shall be addressed directly 8 9 to the Governor. An appeal offered pursuant to this subsection 10 shall be made only in writing. Neither the Governor nor the 11 Adjutant General shall delegate his or her duties as an appellate 12 authority under this subsection.

E. The Adjutant General may promulgate regulations prescribing
the type and form of records to be kept of appellate proceedings
undertaken pursuant to subsections C and D of this section.

16 SECTION 27. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 821 of Title 44, unless there is 18 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19 RESERVED.

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# COMPOSITION OF COURTS-MARTIAL

PART V.

22 SECTION 28. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 822 of Title 44, unless there is 24 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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1 ARTICLE 22. Who may convene general courts-martial. General courts-martial may be convened by: 2 Α. 3 1. The Governor; 4 2. The Adjutant General; 5 3. Any other commanding officer in the state military forces designated by the Adjutant General; or 6 7 Any other commanding officer in the state military forces 4. designated by the Governor. 8 9 Β. If any such officer is an accuser, the court shall be 10 convened by superior competent authority, and may in any case be 11 convened by such authority if considered desirable by that superior 12 authority. 13 SECTION 29. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 823 of Title 44, unless there is 15 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 16 ARTICLE 23. Who may convene special courts-martial. 17 Special courts-martial may be convened by: Α. 18 Any person who may convene a general court-martial; 1. 19 The Senior Assistant Adjutant General of the same component 2. 20 of the state military forces as the accused; 21 The officer designated as the army land component commander 3. 22 when the accused is a member of the army component of state military 23 forces; 24

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4. The officer designated as the air component commander when
 the accused is a member of the air component of state military
 forces;

5. The commanding officer of a brigade in the army component of
5 state military forces;

6 6. The commanding officer of a wing in the air component of7 state military forces; or

8 7. Any other commanding officer designated by the Adjutant9 General.

B. If any such officer is an accuser, the court shall be convened by superior competent authority, and may in any case be convened by such authority if considered desirable by that superior authority.

14 SECTION 30. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 824 of Title 44, unless there is 16 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 ARTICLE 24. Who may convene summary courts-martial.

18 A. Summary courts-martial may be convened by:

19 1. Any person who may convene a general or special court-20 martial;

21 2. The commanding officer of a battalion in the army component 22 of state military forces;

3. The commanding officer of a group in the air component ofstate military forces; or

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4. Any other commanding officer designated by the Adjutant
 2 General.

B. If any such officer is an accuser, the court shall be
convened by superior competent authority, and may in any case be
convened by such authority if considered desirable by that superior
authority.

7 SECTION 31. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 825 of Title 44, unless there is
9 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 ARTICLE 25. Who may serve on courts-martial.

A. Any commissioned officer who is a member of the same force component as the accused is eligible to serve on all courts-martial for the trial of any person who may lawfully be brought before such courts for trial.

B. Any warrant officer who is a member of the same force
component as the accused is eligible to serve on general and special
courts-martial for the trial of any person, other than a
commissioned officer, who may lawfully be brought before such courts
for trial.

C. 1. Any enlisted member from the same force component as the accused is eligible to serve on a general or special court-martial for the trial of an enlisted member.

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2. Before a court-martial with a military judge and members is
 assembled for trial, an enlisted member who is an accused may
 personally request, orally on the record or in writing, that:

- 4 a. the membership of the court-martial be comprised
  5 entirely of officers, or
- b. enlisted members comprise at least one-third (1/3) of
  the membership of the court-martial, regardless of
  whether enlisted members have been detailed to the
  court-martial.

3. After such a request, the accused may not be tried by a general or special court-martial if the membership of the courtmartial is inconsistent with the request.

D. The accused in a court-martial with a military judge and members may, after the findings are announced and before any matter is presented in the sentencing phase, request, orally on the record or in writing, sentencing by members.

E. 1. No person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of
Military Justice may be tried by a court-martial any member of which
is junior to him or her in rank or grade.

20 2. When convening a court-martial, the convening authority 21 shall detail as members thereof such members of the same force 22 component as the accused as, in his or her opinion, are best 23 qualified for the duty by reason of age, education, training, 24 experience, length of service, and judicial temperament. No member

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of the state military force is eligible to serve as a member of a general or special court-martial when he or she is the accuser or a witness or has acted as preliminary hearing officer or as counsel in the same case.

5 3. The convening authority shall detail not less than the 6 number of members necessary to impanel the court-martial under 7 Section 829 of this title (Article 29).

8 F. Before a court-martial is assembled for the trial of a case, 9 the convening authority may excuse a member of the court from 10 participating in the case. Under regulations promulgated by the 11 Adjutant General, the convening authority may delegate his or her 12 authority under this subsection to his or her staff judge advocate, 13 to an assistant staff judge advocate or to any other principal 14 assistant.

SECTION 32. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 826 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

18 ARTICLE 26. Military judge of a general or special court-19 martial.

A. A military judge shall be detailed to each general and special court-martial. The Adjutant General shall promulgate regulations prescribing the manner of selection, certification and detailing of military judges for such general and special courts-

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martial. The military judge shall preside over each open session of
 the court-martial to which he or she has been detailed.

3 B. A military judge shall be a member of the bar of the highest4 court of a state, or a member of the bar of a federal court.

C. A military judge shall be qualified, by reason of education,
training, experience, and judicial temperament, for duty as a
military judge and shall be one of the following:

8 1. A commissioned officer of the state military forces who is a
9 member of the bar of the highest court of a state, or a member of
10 the bar of a federal court, and who is certified to be qualified for
11 such duty by the State Judge Advocate;

12 2. A retired commissioned officer of the state military forces 13 who is a member of the bar of the highest court of a state, or a 14 member of the bar of a federal court, and who is certified to be 15 qualified for such duty by the State Judge Advocate;

16 3. A judge advocate in any department of the Armed Forces of 17 the United States serving on active duty within the meaning of Title 18 10 of the United States Code who is certified to be qualified for 19 duty as a military judge by the Judge Advocate General of the armed 20 force of which such military judge is a member;

4. A judge presently serving in any judicial district within
the State of Oklahoma who possesses at least one (1) year of trial
experience and who currently serves or previously served as a judge

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advocate in any department of the Armed Forces of the United States,
 to include reserve components of the same;

5. A retired judge or justice who served in any judicial capacity within the judicial department of the State of Oklahoma and who previously served as a judge advocate in any department of the Armed Forces of the United States, to include reserve components of the same;

6. A federal district court judge presently serving in any
9 federal judicial district within the State of Oklahoma who possesses
10 at least one (1) year of trial experience and who previously served
11 as a judge advocate in any department of the Armed Forces of the
12 United States, to include reserve components of the same; or

13 7. A retired federal district court judge or retired federal 14 appellate court judge who previously served as a judge advocate in 15 any department of the Armed Forces of the United States, to include 16 reserve components of the same.

D. 1. In accordance with regulations prescribed under subsection A of this section, a military judge of a general or special court-martial shall be designated for detail by the senior force component judge advocate of the same force component as the accused.

22 2. Neither the convening authority nor any member of the staff 23 of the convening authority shall prepare or review any report 24 concerning the effectiveness, fitness, or efficiency of the military

1 judge so detailed, which relates to the military judge's performance 2 of duty as a military judge.

3 3. A commissioned officer of the state military forces who is 4 certified to be qualified for duty as a military judge of a general 5 court-martial:

may perform such duties only when the officer is 6 a. 7 assigned and directly responsible to the senior force component judge advocate of the force component of 8 9 which the military judge is a member, and 10 b. may perform duties of a judicial or nonjudicial nature 11 other than those relating to the officer's primary 12 duty as a military judge of a general court-martial 13 only when such duties are assigned to the officer by 14 or with the approval of that senior force component 15 judge advocate.

16 4. A commissioned officer of any department of the Armed Forces 17 of the United States serving on active duty within the meaning of 18 Title 10 of the United States Code who, pursuant to the Oklahoma 19 Uniform Code of Military Justice and the regulations promulgated 20 pursuant to subsection A of this section, is certified to be 21 qualified for duty as a military judge of a general court-martial 22 shall not be assigned other duties of a judicial or nonjudicial 23 nature other than those relating to the officer's primary duty as a 24 military judge of a general court-martial, except when such duties

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are assigned to the officer by or with the approval of the Judge
 Advocate General of the armed force of which the military judge is a
 member.

5. In accordance with regulations promulgated by the Adjutant
General, assignments of military judges under this Article who are
members of the state military forces shall be for appropriate
minimum periods, subject to such exceptions as may be authorized in
the regulations.

9 E. No person is eligible to act as military judge in a case if 10 he or she is the accuser, a witness or has acted as preliminary 11 hearing officer or a counsel in the same case.

F. The military judge of a court-martial may not consult with the members of the court except in the presence of the accused, trial counsel, and defense counsel, nor may he or she vote with the members of the court.

G. A military judge who is a commissioned officer in the state military forces may be detailed under subsection A of this section to a court-martial or a proceeding under subsection A of Section 830 of this title (Article 30, subsection A) that is convened in a different force component of the state military forces, when so permitted by the senior force component judge advocate of the force component of which the military judge is a member.

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SECTION 33. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 826 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 RESERVED.

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5 SECTION 34. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 827 of Title 44, unless there is 7 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 27. Detail of trial counsel and defense counsel.

9 Α. 1. Trial counsel and defense counsel shall be detailed for 10 each general and special court-martial. Assistant trial counsel and 11 assistant and associate defense counsel may be detailed for each 12 general and special court-martial. The Adjutant General shall 13 promulgate regulations providing for the manner in which counsel are 14 detailed for such courts-martial and for the persons who are 15 authorized to detail counsel for such courts-martial.

16 2. No person who, with respect to a case, has served as a 17 preliminary hearing officer, court member, military judge, military 18 magistrate, or appellate judge, may later serve as trial counsel, 19 assistant trial counsel, or, unless expressly requested by the 20 accused, as defense counsel or assistant or associate defense 21 counsel in the same case. No person who has acted for the 22 prosecution may act later in the same case for the defense, nor may 23 any person who has acted for the defense act later in the same case 24 for the prosecution.

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B. Trial counsel, defense counsel, or assistant defense counsel
 detailed for a general or a special court-martial:

3 1. Shall be a judge advocate who is a graduate of an accredited 4 law school or is a member of the bar of a federal court or of the 5 highest court of a state; and

2. Shall be certified as competent to perform such duties by
the senior force component judge advocate of the same force
component of the state military forces of which he or she is a
member.

C. Any costs arising from the detailing of a military defense
 counsel from a National Guard organization other than the Oklahoma
 National Guard may be reimbursed out of funds available in the
 Military Justice Fund established in Section 941 of this title.

14 SECTION 35. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 828 of Title 44, unless there is 16 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 ARTICLE 28. Detail or employment of reporters and interpreters. 18 Under such regulations as the Adjutant General may prescribe, 19 the convening authority of a court-martial or court of inquiry shall 20 detail or employ qualified court reporters, who shall record the 21 proceedings of and testimony taken before that court. Under like 22 regulations the convening authority of a court-martial or court of 23 inquiry may detail or employ interpreters who shall interpret for 24 the court.

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1 SECTION 36. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 829 of Title 44, unless there is 3 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 4 ARTICLE 29. Assembly and impaneling of members; detail of new 5 members and military judges. 6 The military judge shall announce the assembly of a general Α. 7 or special court-martial with members. After such a court-martial is assembled, no member may be absent, unless the member is excused: 8 9 1. As a result of a challenge; 10 2. Under subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section; or 11 3. By order of the military judge or the convening authority 12 13 for disability or other good cause. 14 1. Under rules promulgated by the Adjutant General, the В. 15 military judge of a general or special court-martial with members 16 shall: 17 after determination of challenges, impanel the courta. 18 martial, and 19 excuse the members who, having been assembled, are not b. 20 impaneled. 21 2. In a general court-martial, the military judge shall impanel 22 eight members. 23 3. In a special court-martial, the military judge shall impanel 24 four members.

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1 C. In addition to members specified in subsection B of this 2 section, the military judge shall impanel alternate members, if the 3 convening authority authorizes alternate members. 4 D. 1. If, after members are impaneled, the membership of the 5 court-martial is reduced to: fewer than six members with respect to a general 6 a. 7 court-martial, or fewer than four members with respect to a special 8 b. 9 court-martial, 10 the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority details new members and, from among the members so detailed, the military judge 11 12 impanels new members sufficient in number to provide the membership 13 specified in paragraph 2 of this subsection. 14 2. The membership referred to in paragraph 1 of this subsection 15 is as follows: 16 at least six but not more than eight members with a. 17 respect to a general court-martial, and 18 b. four members with respect to a special court-martial. 19 If the military judge is unable to proceed with the trial Е. 20 because of disability or otherwise, a new military judge shall be 21 detailed to the court-martial. 22 In the case of new members detailed under subsection D F. 1. 23 of this section, the trial may proceed with the new members present 24 after the evidence previously introduced is read or, in the case of

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audiotape, videotape, or similar recording, is played, in the
 presence of the new members, the military judge, the accused, and
 counsel for both sides.

2. In the case of a new military judge under subsection E of
this section, the trial shall proceed as if no evidence had been
introduced, unless the evidence previously introduced is read or, in
the case of audiotape, videotape, or similar recording, is played,
in the presence of the new military judge, the accused, and counsel
for both sides.

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# PART VI.

### PRETRIAL PROCEDURE

12 SECTION 37. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 830 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 30. Charges and specifications.

16 A. Charges and specifications:

May be preferred only by a person subject to the Oklahoma
 Uniform Code of Military Justice; and

Shall be preferred by presentment in writing, signed under
 oath before a commissioned officer of the armed forces who is
 authorized to administer oaths.

B. The writing specified in paragraph 2 of subsection A of this
section shall state that the signer:

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Has personal knowledge of, or has investigated, the matters
 set forth in the charges and specifications; and

3 2. The matters set forth in the charges and specifications are4 true, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the signer.

C. When charges and specifications are preferred under
subsection A of this section, the proper authority shall, as soon as
practicable:

8 1. Inform the person accused of the charges and specifications;9 and

Determine what disposition should be made of the charges and
 specifications in the interest of justice and discipline.

12 SECTION 38. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 831 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 31. Compulsory self-incrimination prohibited.

A. No person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
Justice shall compel any person to incriminate himself or herself or
to answer any question the answer to which may tend to incriminate
him or her.

B. No person subject to the Code shall interrogate or request any statement from an accused or a person suspected of an offense without first informing that person of the nature of the accusation and advising that person that the person does not have to make any statement regarding the offense of which the person is accused or

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suspected and that any statement made by the person may be used as
 evidence against the person in an administrative board proceeding,
 in nonjudicial punishment, or in a trial by court-martial.

C. No person subject to the Code shall compel any person to
make a statement or produce evidence in the course of an
administrative board proceeding, nonjudicial punishment or before
any military court if the statement or evidence is not material to
the issue and may tend to degrade the person.

9 D. No statement obtained from any person in violation of this 10 section or through the use of coercion, unlawful influence, or 11 unlawful inducement may be received in evidence against the person 12 in an administrative board proceeding, in nonjudicial punishment or 13 in a trial by court-martial.

14 SECTION 39. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 832 of Title 44, unless there is 16 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 ARTICLE 32. Preliminary hearing required before referral to18 general court-martial.

19 A. In general.

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1. a. Except as provided in subparagraph b of this
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- by the convening authority in accordance with
   subsection B of this section.
- b. Under regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General,
  a preliminary hearing need not be held if the accused
  submits a written waiver to the convening authority
  and the convening authority determines that a hearing
  is not required.
- 8 2. The purpose of the preliminary hearing shall be limited to9 determining the following:
- a. whether or not the specification alleges an offense
  under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice,
  b. whether or not there is probable cause to believe that
  the accused committed the offense charged,
  c. whether or not the convening authority has courtmartial jurisdiction over the accused and over the
- 16 offense, and
- 17 d. a recommendation as to the disposition that should be
  18 made of the case.
- B. Hearing officer.

20 1. A preliminary hearing under this section shall be conducted 21 by an impartial hearing officer, who shall be a judge advocate who 22 is certified under paragraph 2 of subsection B of Section 827 of 23 this title (Article 27, subsection B, paragraph 2).

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2. Whenever practicable, the hearing officer shall be equal in
 grade or senior in grade to military counsel who are detailed to
 represent the accused or the government at the preliminary hearing.

C. Report to convening authority. After a preliminary hearing
under this section, the hearing officer shall submit to the
convening authority a written report, accompanied by a recording of
the preliminary hearing as required under subsection E of this
section, that includes the following:

9 1. For each specification, a statement of the reasoning and 10 conclusions of the hearing officer with respect to determinations 11 under paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section, including a 12 summary of relevant witness testimony and documentary evidence 13 presented at the hearing and any observations of the hearing officer 14 concerning the testimony of witnesses and the availability and 15 admissibility of evidence at trial;

16 2. Recommendations for any necessary modifications to the form 17 of the charges or specifications;

18 3. An analysis of any additional information submitted after 19 the hearing by the parties or by a victim of an offense that, under 20 such rules as the Adjutant General may promulgate, is relevant to 21 disposition under Sections 830 and 834 of this title (Articles 30 22 and 34); and

4. A statement of action taken on evidence adduced with respect
to uncharged offenses, as described in subsection F of this section.

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D. Rights of accused.

The accused shall be advised of the charges against the
 accused and of the accused's right to be represented by counsel at
 the preliminary hearing under this section. The accused has the
 right to be represented at the preliminary hearing as provided in
 Section 838 of this title (Article 38) and in regulations prescribed
 under that article.

8 2. The accused may cross-examine witnesses who testify at the 9 preliminary hearing and present additional evidence that is relevant 10 to the issues for determination under paragraph 2 of subsection A of 11 this section.

12 3. The presentation of evidence and examination, including 13 cross-examination, of witnesses at a preliminary hearing shall be 14 limited to the matters relevant to determinations under paragraph 2 15 of subsection A of this section.

E. Effect of evidence of uncharged offense. If evidence adduced in a preliminary hearing conducted under subsection A of this section indicates that the accused committed an uncharged offense, the hearing officer may consider the subject matter of that offense without the accused having first been charged with the offense if the accused:

Is present at the preliminary hearing;

23 2. Is informed of the nature of each uncharged offense24 considered; and

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3. Is afforded the opportunities for representation, cross examination, and presentation consistent with subsection D of this
 section.

F. Effect of violation. The requirements of this section are binding on all persons administering the Code, but failure to follow the requirements does not constitute jurisdictional error. A defect in a report under subsection C of this section is not a basis for relief if the report is in substantial compliance with subsection C of this section.

10 SECTION 40. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 833 of Title 44, unless there is 12 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

13 ARTICLE 33. Disposition guidance.

14 The Adjutant General shall issue nonbinding guidance regarding 15 factors that commanders, convening authorities, staff judge 16 advocates, and judge advocates should take into account when 17 exercising their duties with respect to disposition of charges and 18 specifications in the interest of justice and discipline under 19 Sections 830 and 834 of this title (Articles 30 and 34). Such 20 quidance shall take into account, with appropriate consideration of 21 military requirements, the principles contained in official guidance 22 of the United States Attorney General to attorneys for the 23 government with respect to disposition of federal criminal cases in

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accordance with the principle of fair and evenhanded administration
 of federal criminal law.

3 SECTION 41. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 834 of Title 44, unless there is 5 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 ARTICLE 34. Advice to convening authority before referral for 7 trial.

A. General court-martial.

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9 1. Staff judge advocate advice required before referral. 10 Before referral of charges and specifications to a general court-11 martial for trial, the convening authority shall submit the matter 12 to the staff judge advocate for advice, which the staff judge 13 advocate shall provide to the convening authority in writing. The 14 convening authority may not refer a specification under a charge to 15 a general court-martial unless the staff judge advocate advises the 16 convening authority in writing that:

17 a. the specification alleges an offense under the

18 Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice,

b. there is probable cause to believe that the accusedcommitted the offense charged, and

c. a court-martial would have jurisdiction over the
 accused and the offense.

23 2. Staff judge advocate recommendation as to disposition.
24 Together with the written advice provided under paragraph 1 of this

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subsection, the staff judge advocate shall provide a written
 recommendation to the convening authority as to the disposition that
 should be made of the specification in the interest of justice and
 discipline.

5 3. Staff judge advocate advice and recommendation to accompany 6 referral. When a convening authority makes a referral for trial by 7 general court-martial, the written advice of the staff judge 8 advocate under paragraph 1 of this subsection and the written 9 recommendation of the staff judge advocate under paragraph 2 of this 10 subsection with respect to each specification shall accompany the 11 referral.

B. Special court-martial; convening authority consultation with judge advocate. Before referral of charges and specifications to a special court-martial for trial, the convening authority shall consult a judge advocate on relevant legal issues.

16 C. General and special courts-martial; correction of charges 17 and specifications before referral. Before referral for trial by 18 general court-martial or special court-martial, changes may be made 19 to charges and specifications:

20 1. To correct errors in form; and

21 2. When applicable, to conform to the substance of the evidence
22 contained in a report under subsection C of Section 832 of this
23 title (Article 32, subsection C).

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D. Referral defined. In this section, the term "referral"
 means the order of a convening authority that charges and
 specifications against an accused be tried by a specified court martial.

5 SECTION 42. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 835 of Title 44, unless there is 7 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 ARTICLE 35. Service of charges; commencement of trial.

9 A. In general. Trial counsel detailed for a court-martial
10 under Section 827 of this title (Article 27) shall cause to be
11 served upon the accused a copy of the charges and specifications
12 referred for trial.

13 B. Commencement of trial.

Subject to paragraph 2 of this subsection, no trial or other
 proceeding of a general court-martial or a special court-martial,
 including any session under subsection A of Section 839 of this
 title (Article 39, subsection A) may be held over the objection of
 the accused:

a. with respect to a general court-martial, from the time
 of service through the fifth day after the date of
 service, or

b. with respect to a special court-martial, from the time
of service through the third day after the date of
service.

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1 2. An objection under paragraph 1 of this subsection may be 2 raised only at the first session of the trial or other proceeding and only if the first session occurs before the end of the 3 applicable periods under subparagraph a or b of paragraph 1 of this 4 5 subsection. If the first session occurs before the end of the applicable period, the military judge shall, at that session, 6 7 inquire as to whether the defense objects under this subsection. C. Continuances. Upon a showing of good cause, the military 8 9 judge in a general or special court-martial may grant a continuance 10 of any hearing in which the presence of the accused is required. 11 PART VII. 12 TRIAL PROCEDURE 13 SECTION 43. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 836 of Title 44, unless there is 15 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 16 ARTICLE 36. Procedure for courts-martial. 17 The procedure, in all cases tried by courts-martial under Α. 18 the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, shall be the federal 19 Rules for Courts-Martial, as prescribed in the most recent edition 20 of the Manual for Courts-Martial, United States, including all 21 amendments thereto adopted from time to time, except when such rules 22 are contrary to or inconsistent with the Code. 23 The federal Military Rules of Evidence shall govern the Β. 24 modes of proof in all cases tried by courts-martial under the Code,

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1 as prescribed in the most recent edition of the Manual for Courts-2 Martial, United States, including all amendments thereto adopted 3 from time to time, except when such rules are contrary to or 4 inconsistent with the Code.

C. The Governor or Adjutant General may promulgate additional
regulations applicable to courts-martial procedure. All regulations
made under this article shall be uniform insofar as practicable.

8 SECTION 44. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 837 of Title 44, unless there is 10 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 ARTICLE 37. Unlawfully influencing action of court.

12 Α. No authority convening a general, special, or summary court-13 martial nor any other commanding officer, or officer serving on the 14 staff thereof, shall censure, reprimand, or admonish the court or 15 any member, military judge, or counsel thereof, with respect to the 16 findings or sentence adjudged by the court, or with respect to any 17 other exercise of its or his or her functions in the conduct of the 18 proceeding. No person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of 19 Military Justice shall attempt to coerce or, by an unauthorized 20 means, influence the action of the court-martial or any other 21 military tribunal or any member thereof, in reaching the findings or 22 sentence in any case, or the action of any convening, approving, or 23 reviewing authority with respect to his or her judicial acts. The

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1 foregoing provisions of this subsection shall not apply with respect
2 to:

General instructional or informational courses in military
 justice if such courses are designed solely for the purpose of
 instructing members of a command in the substantive and procedural
 aspects of courts-martial; or

7 2. To statements and instructions given in open court by the8 military judge or counsel.

9 Β. In the preparation of an effectiveness, fitness, or 10 efficiency report or any other report or document used in whole or 11 in part for the purpose of determining whether a member of the state 12 military forces is qualified to be advanced in grade, or in 13 determining the assignment or transfer of a member of the state 14 military forces, or in determining whether a member of the state 15 military forces should be retained, no person subject to the Code 16 may, in preparing any such report:

Consider or evaluate the performance of duty of any such
 member as a member of a court-martial; or

19 2. Give a less favorable rating or evaluation of any member of 20 the state military forces because of the zeal with which such 21 member, as counsel, represented any accused before a court-martial. 22 SECTION 45. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 838 of Title 44, unless there is 24 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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1 ARTICLE 38. Duties of trial counsel and defense counsel. 2 The trial counsel of a general or special court-martial Α. 3 shall prosecute in the name of the State of Oklahoma, and shall, 4 under the direction of the court, prepare the record of the 5 proceedings. 6 The accused has the right to be represented in his or Β. 1. her defense before a general or special court-martial or at a 7 preliminary hearing under Section 832 of this title (Article 32) as 8 9 provided in this subsection. 10 2. The accused may be represented by civilian counsel if provided by the accused. 11 12 3. The accused may be represented: 13 by military counsel detailed under Section 827 of this a. 14 title (Article 27), or 15 by military counsel of his or her own selection if b. 16 that counsel is reasonably available as determined 17 under regulations prescribed under paragraph 7 of this 18 subsection. 19 If the accused is represented by civilian counsel, military 4.

20 counsel detailed or selected under paragraph 3 of this subsection 21 shall act as associate counsel unless excused at the request of the 22 accused.

23 5. Except as provided under paragraph 6 of this subsection, if
24 the accused is represented by military counsel of his or her own

selection under subparagraph b of paragraph 3 of this subsection,
 any military counsel detailed under subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of
 this subsection shall be excused.

6. The accused is not entitled to be represented by more than
one military counsel. However, the person authorized under
regulations prescribed under Section 827 of this title (Article 27)
to detail counsel, in his or her sole discretion:

8 a. may detail additional military counsel as assistant
9 defense counsel, and

b. if the accused is represented by military counsel of
his or her own selection under subparagraph b of
paragraph 3 of this subsection, may approve a request
from the accused that military counsel detailed under
subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of this subsection, act
as associate defense counsel.

16 The Adjutant General shall, by regulation, define 7. 17 "reasonably available" for the purpose of subparagraph b of 18 paragraph 3 of this subsection, and establish procedures for 19 determining whether the military counsel selected by an accused 20 under that paragraph is reasonably available. Such regulations may 21 not prescribe any limitation based on the reasonable availability of 22 counsel solely on the grounds that the counsel selected by the 23 accused is from a force component other than the one of which the 24 accused is a member. To the maximum extent practicable, such

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regulations shall establish uniform policies between the force
 components of the state military forces while recognizing the
 differences in the circumstances and needs of both force components.

4 C. In any court-martial proceeding resulting in a conviction,5 the defense counsel:

1. May forward for attachment to the record of proceedings a
brief of such matters as he or she determines should be considered
in behalf of the accused on review (including any objection to the
contents of the record which he or she considers appropriate);

10 2. May assist the accused in the submission of any matter under 11 Section 860, 860A or 860B of this title (Article 60, 60A or 60B); 12 and

May take other action authorized by the Oklahoma Uniform
 Code of Military Justice.

D. An assistant trial counsel of a general court-martial may, under the direction of the trial counsel or when he or she is qualified to be a trial counsel as required by Section 827 of this title (Article 27), perform any duty imposed by law, regulation, or the custom of the service upon the trial counsel of the court. An assistant trial counsel of a special court-martial may perform any duty of the trial counsel.

E. An assistant defense counsel of a general or special courtmartial may perform any duty imposed by law, regulation, or the custom of the service upon counsel for the accused.

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SECTION 46. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 839 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 39. Sessions.

A. At any time after the service of charges which have been referred for trial to a court-martial composed of a military judge and members, the military judge may, subject to Section 835 of this title (Article 35), call the court into session without the presence of the members for the purpose of:

10 1. Hearing and determining motions raising defenses or 11 objections which are capable of determination without trial of the 12 issues raised by a plea of not guilty;

Hearing and ruling upon any matter which may be ruled upon
 by the military judge under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
 Justice, whether or not the matter is appropriate for later
 consideration or decision by the members of the court;

17 3. Holding the arraignment and receiving the pleas of the18 accused;

4. Conducting a sentencing proceeding and sentencing the
accused under paragraph 1 of subsection B of Section 853 of this
title (Article 53, subsection B, paragraph 1); and

5. Performing any other procedural function which may be performed by the military judge under the Code or under rules 24

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prescribed pursuant to Section 836 of this title (Article 36) and
 which does not require the presence of the members of the court.

Proceedings under subsection A of this section shall be 3 в. 4 conducted in the presence of the accused, the defense counsel, and 5 the trial counsel and shall be made a part of the record. These proceedings may be conducted notwithstanding the number of members 6 7 of the court and without regard to Section 829 of this title (Article 29). If authorized by regulations promulgated by the 8 9 Adjutant General, and if at least one defense counsel is physically 10 in the presence of the accused, the presence required by this 11 subsection may otherwise be established by audiovisual technology, 12 such as video-teleconferencing technology.

C. When the members of a court-martial deliberate or vote, only the members may be present. All other proceedings, including any other consultation of the members of the court with counsel or the military judge, shall be made a part of the record and shall be in the presence of the accused, the defense counsel, the trial counsel, and the military judge.

D. The findings, holdings, interpretations, and other precedents of military commissions under Chapter 47A of Title 10 of the United States Code:

22 1. May not be introduced or considered in any hearing, trial, 23 or other proceeding of a court-martial under the Code; and

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2. May not form the basis of any holding, decision, or other
 determination of a court-martial.

3 SECTION 47. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 840 of Title 44, unless there is 5 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 ARTICLE 40. Continuances.

7 The military judge or a summary court-martial may, for 8 reasonable cause, grant a continuance to any party for such time, 9 and as often, as may appear to be just.

10 SECTION 48. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 841 of Title 44, unless there is 12 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

13 ARTICLE 41. Challenges.

14 The military judge and members of a general or special Α. 1. 15 court-martial may be challenged by the accused or the trial counsel 16 for cause stated to the court. The military judge shall determine 17 the relevancy and validity of challenges for cause, and may not 18 receive a challenge to more than one person at a time. Challenges 19 by the trial counsel shall ordinarily be presented and decided 20 before those by the accused are offered.

21 2. If exercise of a challenge for cause reduces the court below 22 the number of members required by Section 816 of this title (Article 23 16), all parties shall, notwithstanding Section 829 of this title 24 (Article 29), either exercise or waive any challenge for cause then 1 apparent against the remaining members of the court before
2 additional members are detailed to the court. However, peremptory
3 challenges shall not be exercised at that time.

B. 1. Each accused and the trial counsel are entitled
initially to one peremptory challenge of the members of the court.
The military judge may not be challenged except for cause.

7 2. If exercise of a peremptory challenge reduces the court
8 below the number of members required by Section 816 of this title
9 (Article 16), the parties shall, notwithstanding Section 829 of this
10 title (Article 29), either exercise or waive any remaining
11 peremptory challenge (not previously waived) against the remaining
12 members of the court before additional members are detailed to the
13 court.

C. Whenever additional members are detailed to the court, and after any challenges for cause against such additional members are presented and decided, each accused and the trial counsel are entitled to one peremptory challenge against members not previously subject to peremptory challenge.

SECTION 49. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 842 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 ARTICLE 42. Oaths.

A. Before performing their respective duties, military judges,
 members of general and special courts-martial, trial counsel,

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1 assistant trial counsel, defense counsel, assistant or associate defense counsel, reporters, and interpreters shall take an oath to 2 3 perform their duties faithfully. The form of the oath, the time and 4 place of the taking thereof, the manner of recording the same, and 5 whether the oath shall be taken for all cases in which these duties are to be performed or for a particular case, shall be as prescribed 6 7 in regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General. These regulations may provide that an oath to perform faithfully duties as 8 9 a military judge, trial counsel, assistant trial counsel, defense 10 counsel, or assistant or associate defense counsel may be taken at 11 any time by any judge advocate or other person certified to be 12 qualified or competent for the duty, and if such an oath is taken it 13 need not again be taken at the time the judge advocate, or other 14 person is detailed to that duty.

B. Each witness before a court-martial shall be examined onoath.

SECTION 50. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 843 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 ARTICLE 43. Statute of limitations.

A. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person charged with a military offense is not liable to be tried by courtmartial if the offense was committed more than three (3) years

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before the receipt of sworn charges and specifications by an officer
 exercising summary court-martial jurisdiction over the command.

B. A person accused of an offense is not liable to be punished
under Section 815 of this title (Article 15) if the offense was
committed more than two (2) years before the imposition of
punishment.

7 C. Periods in which the accused is absent without authority or
8 fleeing from justice shall be excluded in computing the period of
9 limitation prescribed in this article.

D. Periods in which the accused was absent from territory in which the State of Oklahoma has the authority to apprehend him or her, or in the custody of civil authorities, or on active duty within the meaning of Title 10 of the United States Code, or in the hands of the enemy, shall be excluded in computing the periods of limitation prescribed in this article.

E. When the United States is at war, the running of any statute of limitations applicable to any offense under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice:

Involving fraud or attempted fraud against the United
 States, the State of Oklahoma, or any agency of the foregoing in any
 manner, whether by conspiracy or not;

22 2. Committed in connection with the acquisition, care,
23 handling, custody, control, or disposition of any real or personal
24 property of the United States, or the State of Oklahoma; or

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1 3. Committed in connection with the negotiation, procurement, 2 award, performance, payment, interim financing, cancellation, or 3 other termination or settlement, of any contract, subcontract, or 4 purchase order which is connected with or related to the prosecution 5 of the war, or with any disposition of termination inventory by any war contractor or government agency, 6 is suspended until three (3) years after the termination of 7 hostilities as proclaimed by the President of the United States or 8 9 by a joint resolution of Congress. 10 F. Defective or insufficient charges. 11 1. If charges or specifications are dismissed as defective or 12 insufficient for any cause and the period prescribed by the 13 applicable statute of limitations: 14 has expired, or a. 15 will expire within one hundred eighty (180) days after b. 16 the date of dismissal of the charges and 17 specifications, 18 trial and punishment under new charges and specifications are not 19 barred by the statute of limitations if the conditions specified in 20 paragraph 2 of this subsection are met. 21 2. The conditions referred to in paragraph 1 of this subsection 22 are that the new charges and specifications shall: 23 be received by an officer exercising summary courta. 24 martial jurisdiction over the command within one

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hundred eighty (180) days after the dismissal of the charges or specifications, and

3 b. allege the same acts or omissions that were alleged in 4 the dismissed charges or specifications (or allege 5 acts or omissions that were included in the dismissed 6 charges or specifications).

7 G. A person charged with fraudulent enlistment or fraudulent appointment under Section 904A of this title (Article 104A) may be 8 9 tried by court-martial if the sworn charges and specifications are 10 received by an officer exercising summary court-martial jurisdiction 11 with respect to that person, as follows:

In the case of an enlisted member, during the period of the 12 1. 13 enlistment or five (5) years, whichever provides a longer period; 14 and

15 2. In the case of an officer, during the period of the 16 appointment or five (5) years, whichever provides a longer period.

17 Η. If deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) testing implicates an 18 identified person in the commission of an offense punishable by 19 confinement for more than one (1) year, no statute of limitations 20 that would otherwise preclude prosecution of the offense shall 21 preclude such prosecution until a period of time following the 22 implication of the person by DNA testing has elapsed that is equal 23 to the otherwise applicable limitation period.

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1 SECTION 51. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 844 of Title 44, unless there is 3 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 4 ARTICLE 44. Former jeopardy. 5 A. No person may, without his or her consent, be tried a second time for the same offense. 6 7 B. No proceeding in which an accused has been found guilty by court-martial upon any charge or specification is a trial in the 8 9 sense of this article until the finding of guilty has become final 10 after review of the case has been fully completed. 11 C. 1. A court-martial with a military judge alone is a trial for the purposes of this section if, without fault of the accused: 12 13 after introduction of evidence, and a. 14 before announcement of findings under Section 853 of b. 15 this title (Article 53), 16 the case is dismissed or terminated by the convening authority or on 17 motion of the prosecution for failure of available evidence or 18 witnesses. 19 2. A court-martial with a military judge and members is a trial 20 in the sense of this section if, without fault of the accused: 21 after the members, having taken an oath as members a. 22 under Section 842 of this title (Article 42) and after 23 completion of challenges under Section 841 of this 24 title (Article 41), are impaneled, and

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 b. before announcement of findings under Section 853 of this title (Article 53),

3 the case is dismissed or terminated by the convening authority or on 4 motion of the prosecution for failure of available evidence or 5 witnesses.

6 SECTION 52. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 845 of Title 44, unless there is 8 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 ARTICLE 45. Pleas of the accused.

10 Α. Irregular and similar pleas. If an accused after 11 arraignment makes an irregular pleading, or after a plea of guilty 12 sets up matter inconsistent with the plea, or if it appears that he 13 or she has entered the plea of guilty improvidently or through lack 14 of understanding of its meaning and effect, or if he or she fails or 15 refuses to plead, a plea of not guilty shall be entered in the 16 record, and the court shall proceed as though he or she had pleaded 17 not guilty.

B. Pleas of guilty. With respect to any charge or specification to which a plea of guilty has been made by the accused and accepted by the military judge, a finding of guilty of the charge or specification may be entered immediately without vote. This finding shall constitute the finding of the court unless the plea of guilty is withdrawn prior to announcement of the sentence,

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in which event the proceedings shall continue as though the accused
 had pleaded not guilty.

3 C. Harmless error. A variance from the requirements of this 4 article is harmless error if the variance does not materially 5 prejudice the substantial rights of the accused.

6 SECTION 53. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 846 of Title 44, unless there is 8 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 ARTICLE 46. Opportunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence
10 in trials by court-martial.

A. Opportunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence. In a case referred for trial by court-martial, the trial counsel, the defense counsel, and the court-martial shall have equal opportunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence in accordance with such regulations as may be promulgated by the Adjutant General.

B. Subpoena and other process generally. Any subpoena or other process issued under this section:

Shall be similar to that which courts of the State of
 Oklahoma having criminal jurisdiction may issue pursuant to Title 22
 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

2. Shall be executed in accordance with regulations promulgatedby the Adjutant General; and

3. Shall run to any part of the State of Oklahoma.

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1	1 C. Subpoena and other process for wit	nesses. A subpoena or	
2	other process may be issued to compel a witness to appear and		
3	testify:		
4	4 1. Before a court-martial or court of	inquiry;	
5	5 2. At a deposition under Section 849	of this title (Article	
6	49); or		
7	7 3. As otherwise authorized under the	Oklahoma Uniform Code Of	
8	8 Military Justice.	Military Justice.	
9	9 D. Subpoena and other process for evi	dence.	
10	0 1. In general. A subpoena or other p	rocess may be issued to	
11	compel the production of evidence:		
12	.2 a. for a court-martial or court	of inquiry,	
13	b. for a deposition under Secti	on 849 of this title	
14	(Article 49),		
15	c. for an investigation of an o	ffense under the Code, or	
16	d. as otherwise authorized unde	r the Code.	
17	2. Investigative subpoena. An invest	igative subpoena under	
18	.8 subparagraph c of paragraph 1 of this subs	ection may be issued	
19	9 before referral of charges to a court-mart	ial only if a general	
20	20 court-martial convening authority has auth	orized counsel for the	
21	government to issue such a subpoena or a m	ilitary judge issues such	
22	a subpoena pursuant to subsection A of Section 830 of this title		
23	(Article 30, subsection A).	(Article 30, subsection A).	
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1 3. Warrant or order for wire or electronic communications. 2 With respect to an investigation of an offense under the Code, a military judge detailed in accordance with Section 826 or subsection 3 A of Section 830 of this title (Article 26 or Article 30, subsection 4 5 A) may issue warrants or court orders for the contents of, and records concerning, wire or electronic communications in the same 6 7 manner as such warrants and orders may be issued by a district court of the State of Oklahoma under the provisions of Title 22 of the 8 9 Oklahoma Statutes, subject to such limitations as may be prescribed 10 by regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General.

11 Е. Request for relief from subpoena or other process. If a 12 person requests relief from a subpoena or other process under this 13 section (article) on grounds that compliance is unreasonable or 14 oppressive or is prohibited by law, a military judge detailed in 15 accordance with Section 826 or subsection A of Section 830 of this 16 title (Article 26 or Article 30, subsection A) shall review the 17 request and shall:

Order that the subpoena or other process be modified or
 withdrawn, as appropriate; or

20 2. Order the person to comply with the subpoena or other 21 process.

22 SECTION 54. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 847 of Title 44, unless there is 24 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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1 ARTICLE 47. Refusal to appear or testify.

A. In general.

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3 Any person described in paragraph 2 of this subsection who: 1. 4 willfully neglects or refuses to appear, or a. 5 b. willfully refuses to qualify as a witness or to testify or to produce any evidence which that person 6 7 is required to produce, shall be guilty of indirect contempt of the court-martial or court 8 9 of inquiry from which the subpoena issued. 10 2. The persons referred to in paragraph 1 of this subsection 11 are the following: 12 any person not subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of a. 13 Military Justice who: 14 is issued a subpoena or other process described (1)15 in subsection C of Section 846 of this title 16 (Article 46, subsection C), and 17 (2)is provided a means for payment of fees and 18 mileage pursuant to subsection D of this section, 19 and 20 b. any person not subject to the Code who is issued a 21 subpoena or other process described in subsection D of 22 Section 846 of this title (Article 46, subsection D). 23 24

B. Any person who commits indirect contempt shall be punished
 in accordance with Sections 566, 567 and 568 of Title 21 of the
 Oklahoma Statutes.

C. The district attorney exercising jurisdiction in the county
where the court-martial or court of inquiry is convened, shall, upon
the certification of the facts to him or her by the military court,
court of inquiry or convening authority, file an information against
and prosecute any person violating this article.

9 D. The fees and mileage of witnesses shall be paid as follows: 10 1. Any civilian witness, who is not a federal employee, 11 appearing in obedience to an order, subpoena, or other lawful 12 compulsion at any stage of a general or special court-martial or 13 court of inquiry where the party seeking the attendance of the 14 witness is the trial counsel, the defense counsel or the defendant 15 appearing pro se, shall be paid from any monies available in the 16 Military Justice Fund established in Section 941 of Title 44 of the 17 Oklahoma Statutes, the fees and mileage at the rate prescribed by 18 Section 81 of Title 28 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

19 2. Any witness appearing in obedience to an order, subpoena, or 20 other lawful compulsion at any stage of a court-martial for which no 21 provision in this subsection is applicable, shall be paid at the 22 discretion of the military judge presiding over a general or special 23 court-martial proceeding from any monies available in the Military 24 Justice Fund established in Section 941 of Title 44 of the Oklahoma

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Statutes, the fees and mileage at the rate prescribed by Section 81
 of Title 28 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

3 3. The comptroller of the military department, or any other 4 person designated by the Adjutant General, shall, upon proof of 5 claim, issue to witnesses, summoned pursuant to this subsection, 6 certificates showing the names of witnesses, number of days' 7 attendance, distance traveled and the amount of such fees and 8 mileage; and

9 4. The Adjutant General may promulgate additional regulations 10 governing the method and process for payment of fees and mileage to 11 a civilian witness, who is not a federal employee, appearing in 12 obedience to an order, subpoena, or other lawful compulsion at any 13 stage of a general, special or summary court-martial or court of 14 inquiry.

SECTION 55. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 848 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

18 ARTICLE 48. Contempt.

19 A. Authority to punish.

With respect to any proceeding under the Oklahoma Uniform
 Code of Military Justice, a judicial officer specified in paragraph
 of this subsection may punish for contempt any person who:

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1 uses any menacing word, sign, or gesture in the a. 2 presence of the judicial officer during the 3 proceeding, 4 b. disturbs the proceeding by any riot or disorder, or 5 с. willfully disobeys a lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree, or command issued with respect to the 6 7 proceeding. 2. A judicial officer referred to in paragraph 1 of this 8 9 subsection is either of the following: 10 any military judge detailed to a court-martial, a. 11 b. the chief judge of the Military Court of Appeals, or 12 the president of a court of inquiry. с. 13 Opportunity to be heard and warning. A judicial officer, as Β. 14 specified in paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section, may punish 15 a person cited for contempt after an opportunity to be heard has 16 been given. Censure shall be imposed by the judicial officer only 17 if: 18 It is clear from the identity of the offender and the 1. 19 character of his or her acts that disruptive conduct is willfully 20 contemptuous; or 21 2. The conduct warranting the sanction is preceded by a clear 22 warning that the conduct is impermissible and that specified 23 sanctions may be imposed for its repetition. 24

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1 C. Notification of contempt proceedings. The judicial officer, 2 as specified in paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section, as soon as practicable after he or she is satisfied that courtroom 3 4 misconduct requires contempt proceedings, should inform the alleged 5 offender of his or her intention to institute said proceedings.

6 D. Notice and opportunity to provide evidence or testimony. 7 Before imposing any punishment for contempt, the judicial officer shall give the offender notice of the charges and an opportunity to 8 9 adduce evidence or argument relevant to guilt or punishment.

10 Ε. Imposition of sanctions. The judicial officer before whom 11 the misconduct occurs may impose appropriate sanctions including 12 punishment for contempt.

13 F. Punishment. The punishment for contempt under subsection A 14 of this section shall not exceed the punishments provided in 15 subsection A of Section 566 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes. 16

G. Review. A punishment under this section:

17 1. If imposed by a military judge, may be reviewed by the 18 Military Court of Appeals in accordance with the uniform rules of 19 procedure for the Military Court of Appeals under subsection L of Section 866 of this title (Article 66, subsection L); 20

21 If imposed by the chief judge of the Military Court of 2. 22 Appeals, shall constitute a judgment of the court, subject to review 23 under the applicable provisions of Section 867 of this title 24 (Article 67); and

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3. If imposed by a court of inquiry, shall be subject to review
 by the convening authority in accordance with regulations
 promulgated by the Adjutant General.

4 SECTION 56. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 5 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 849 of Title 44, unless there is 6 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

7 ARTICLE 49. Depositions.

8 A. In general.

9 1. Subject to paragraph 2 of this subsection, a convening
10 authority or a military judge may order depositions at the request
11 of any party.

12 2. A deposition may be ordered under paragraph 1 of this 13 subsection only if the requesting party demonstrates that, due to 14 exceptional circumstances, it is in the interest of justice that the 15 testimony of a prospective witness be preserved for use at a court-16 martial or court of inquiry.

3. A party who requests a deposition under this section shall
give to every other party reasonable written notice of the time and
place for the deposition.

4. A deposition under this section shall be taken before, and
authenticated by, an impartial officer, as follows:

a. whenever practicable, by an impartial judge advocate
certified under subsection B of Section 827 of this
title (Article 27, subsection B), and

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b. in exceptional circumstances, by an impartial military or civil officer authorized to administer oaths by:
(1) the laws of the United States, or

(2) the laws of the place where the deposition is taken.

6 Representation by counsel. Representation of the parties Β. 7 with respect to a deposition shall be by counsel detailed in the same manner as trial counsel and defense counsel are detailed under 8 9 Section 827 of this title (Article 27). In addition, the accused 10 shall have the right to be represented by civilian or military 11 counsel in the same manner as such counsel is provided for in 12 subsection B of Section 838 of this title (Article 38, subsection 13 B).

C. Admissibility and use as evidence. A deposition order under subsection A of this section does not control the admissibility of the deposition in a court-martial or other proceeding under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice. A party may use all or part of a deposition as provided by the federal Military Rules of Evidence.

20 SECTION 57. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 850 of Title 44, unless there is 22 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 50. Admissibility of sworn testimony from records of courts of inquiry.

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1 A. Use as evidence by any party. In any case not extending to 2 the dismissal of a commissioned officer, the sworn testimony, 3 contained in the duly authenticated record of proceedings of a court 4 of inquiry, of a person whose oral testimony cannot be obtained, 5 may, if otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence, be read in evidence by any party before a court-martial if the accused was a 6 7 party before the court of inquiry and if the same issue was involved or if the accused consents to the introduction of such evidence. 8

9 B. Use as evidence by defense. Such testimony may be read in
10 evidence only by the defense in cases extending to the dismissal of
11 a commissioned officer.

12 C. Use in courts of inquiry and military boards. Such 13 testimony may also be read in evidence before a court of inquiry or 14 an administrative board.

15 D. Audiotape or videotape. Sworn testimony that:

Is recorded by audiotape, videotape, or similar method; and
 Is contained in the duly authenticated record of proceedings
 of a court of inquiry,

19 shall be admissible before a court-martial, court of inquiry, or 20 military board, to the same extent as sworn testimony may be read in 21 evidence before any such body under this section.

22 SECTION 58. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 850A of Title 44, unless there 24 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 50A. Defense of lack of mental responsibility. A. It is an affirmative defense in a trial by court-martial that, at the time of the commission of the acts constituting the offense, the accused, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect, was unable to appreciate the nature and quality or the wrongfulness of the acts. Mental disease or defect does not otherwise constitute a defense.

8 B. The accused has the burden of proving the defense of lack of9 mental responsibility by clear and convincing evidence.

10 C. Whenever lack of mental responsibility of the accused with 11 respect to an offense is properly at issue, the military judge shall 12 instruct the members of the court as to the defense of lack of 13 mental responsibility under this article and shall charge them to 14 find the accused:

15 1. Guilty;

16 2. Not guilty; or

Not guilty only by reason of lack of mental responsibility.
D. Subsection C of this section does not apply to a courtmartial composed of a military judge only. In the case of a courtmartial composed of a military judge only, whenever lack of mental
responsibility of the accused with respect to an offense is properly
at issue, the military judge shall find the accused:

23 1. Guilty;

24 2. Not guilty; or

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Not guilty only by reason of lack of mental responsibility.
 E. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 852 of this title
 (Article 52), the accused shall be found not guilty only by reason
 of lack of mental responsibility if:

5 1. A majority of the members of the court-martial present at 6 the time the vote is taken determines that the defense of lack of 7 mental responsibility has been established; or

8 2. In the case of a court-martial composed of a military judge
9 only, the military judge determines that the defense of lack of
10 mental responsibility has been established.

SECTION 59. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 851 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 ARTICLE 51. Voting and rulings.

A. Voting by members of a general or special court-martial on the findings and on the sentence shall be by secret written ballot. The junior member of the court shall count the votes. The count shall be checked by the president, who shall forthwith announce the result of the ballot to the members of the court.

B. The military judge shall rule upon all questions of law and all interlocutory questions arising during the proceedings. Any such ruling made by the military judge upon any question of law or any interlocutory question other than the factual issue of mental responsibility of the accused is final and constitutes the ruling of

1 the court, except that the military judge may change a ruling at any 2 time during trial.

C. Before a vote is taken on the findings, the military judge shall, in the presence of the accused and counsel, instruct the members of the court as to the elements of the offense and charge them:

7 1. That the accused shall be presumed to be innocent until his 8 or her guilt is established by legal and competent evidence beyond 9 reasonable doubt;

10 2. That in the case being considered, if there is a reasonable 11 doubt as to the guilt of the accused, the doubt shall be resolved in 12 favor of the accused and he or she shall be acquitted;

13 3. That, if there is reasonable doubt as to the degree of 14 guilt, the finding shall be in a lower degree as to which there is 15 no reasonable doubt; and

4. That the burden of proof to establish the guilt of theaccused beyond reasonable doubt is upon the government.

D. This section does not apply to a court-martial composed of a military judge only. The military judge of such a court-martial shall determine all questions of law and fact arising during the proceedings and, if the accused is convicted, adjudge an appropriate sentence. The military judge of such a court-martial shall make a general finding and shall in addition on request find the facts

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specially. If an opinion or memorandum of decision is filed, it
 will be sufficient if the findings of fact appear therein.

3 SECTION 60. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 852 of Title 44, unless there is 5 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 52. Votes required for conviction, sentencing and othermatters.

8 A. In general. No person may be convicted of an offense in a9 general or special court-martial, other than:

10 1. After a plea of guilty under subsection B of Section 845 of 11 this title (Article 45, subsection B);

12 2. By a military judge in a court-martial with a military judge 13 alone, under Section 816 of this title (Article 16); or

14 3. In a court-martial with members under Section 816 of this 15 title (Article 16), by the concurrence of at least three-fourths 16 (3/4) of the members present when the vote is taken.

17 B. Level of concurrence required.

18 1. In general. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of subsection 19 A of this section, all matters to be decided by members of a general 20 or special court-martial shall be determined by a majority vote, but 21 a reconsideration of a finding of guilty or reconsideration of a 22 sentence, with a view toward decreasing the sentence, may be made by 23 any lesser vote which indicates that the reconsideration is not

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1 opposed by the number of votes required for that finding or 2 sentence.

2. Sentencing. All sentences imposed by members under the
Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice shall be determined by the
concurrence of at least three-fourths (3/4) of the members present
when the vote is taken.

SECTION 61. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 853 of Title 44, unless there is
created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 ARTICLE 53. Findings and sentencing.

A. A court-martial shall announce its findings and sentence to the parties as soon as determined.

13 B. Sentencing generally.

14 1. General and special courts-martial.

- a. Sentencing by military judge. Except as provided in
  subparagraph b of this paragraph, if the accused is
  convicted of an offense in a trial by general or
  special court-martial, the military judge shall
  sentence the accused.
- b. Sentencing by members. If the accused is convicted of
  an offense by general or special court-martial
  consisting of a military judge and members and the
  accused elects sentencing by members under Section 825

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1 of this title (Article 25), the members shall sentence 2 the accused.

3 c. Sentence of the accused. The sentence determined
4 pursuant to this paragraph constitutes the sentence of
5 the accused.

6 2. Summary courts-martial. If the accused is convicted of an
7 offense in a trial by summary court-martial, the court-martial shall
8 sentence the accused.

9 SECTION 62. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 853A of Title 44, unless there
11 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
12 ARTICLE 53A. Plea agreements.

13 A. In general.

At any time before the announcement of findings under
 Section 853 of this title (Article 53), the convening authority and
 the accused may enter into a plea agreement with respect to such
 matters as:

18 the manner in which the convening authority will a. 19 dispose of one or more charges and specifications, and 20 b. limitations on the sentence that may be adjudged for 21 one or more charges and specifications. 22 2. The military judge of a general or special court-martial may 23 not participate in discussions between the parties concerning 24 prospective terms and conditions of a plea agreement.

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B. Limitation on acceptance of plea agreements. The military judge of a general or special court-martial shall reject a plea agreement that:

Contains a provision that has not been accepted by both
 parties; or

2. Contains a provision that is not understood by the accused.
C. Binding effect of plea agreement. Upon acceptance by the
military judge of a general or special court-martial, a plea
agreement shall bind the parties and the court-martial.

10 SECTION 63. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 854 of Title 44, unless there is 12 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

13 ARTICLE 54. Record of trial.

A. General and special courts-martial. Each general or special court-martial shall keep a separate record of the proceedings in each case brought before it. The record shall be certified by a court reporter, except that in the case of death, disability, or absence of a court reporter, the record shall be certified by an official selected as the Adjutant General may prescribe by regulation.

B. Summary courts-martial. Each summary court-martial shall keep a separate record of the proceedings in each case, and the record shall be certified in the manner required by such regulations as the Adjutant General may prescribe.

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C. Contents of record.

2 1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this subsection, the 3 record shall contain such matters as the Adjutant General may 4 prescribe by regulation.

2. In accordance with regulations prescribed by the Adjutant
General, a complete record of proceedings and testimony shall be
prepared in any case of a sentence of dismissal, discharge,
confinement for more than six (6) months, or forfeiture of pay for
more than six (6) months.

D. A copy to the accused. A copy of the record of the proceedings of each general and special court-martial shall be given to the accused as soon as it is certified.

E. Copy to victim. In the case of a general or special courtmartial upon request, a copy of all prepared records of the proceedings of the court-martial shall be given to the victim of the offense if the victim testified during the proceedings. The record of the proceedings shall be provided without charge and as soon as the records are certified. The victim shall be notified of the opportunity to receive the records of the proceedings.

20 21

## PART VIII.

## SENTENCES

22 SECTION 64. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 855 of Title 44, unless there is 24 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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1 ARTICLE 55. Cruel and unusual punishments prohibited. 2 Punishment by flogging, or by branding, marking, or tattooing on 3 the body, or any other cruel or unusual punishment, may not be 4 adjudged by any court-martial or inflicted upon any person subject 5 to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice. The use of irons, single or double, except for the purpose of safe custody, is 6 prohibited. 7

SECTION 65. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 8 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 856 of Title 44, unless there is 10 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 ARTICLE 56. Sentencing.

12 Sentence maximums. The punishment which a court-martial may Α. 13 direct for an offense may not exceed such limits as the Governor or 14 Adjutant General may prescribe for that offense.

15 Β.

Imposition of sentence.

16 In general. In sentencing an accused under Section 853 of 1. 17 this title (Article 53), a court-martial shall impose punishment 18 that is sufficient, but not greater than necessary, to promote 19 justice and to maintain good order and discipline in the state 20 military forces, taking into consideration:

21 the nature and circumstances of the offense and the a. 22 history and characteristics of the accused, 23

b. the impact of the offense on:

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1	(1) the financial, social, psychological, or medical
2	well-being of any victim of the offense, and
3	(2) the mission, discipline, or efficiency of the
4	command of the accused and any victim of the
5	offense,
6	c. the need for the sentence:
7	(1) to reflect the seriousness of the offense,
8	(2) to promote respect for the law,
9	(3) to provide just punishment for the offense,
10	(4) to promote adequate deterrence of misconduct,
11	(5) to protect others from further crimes by the
12	accused,
13	(6) to rehabilitate the accused, and
14	(7) to provide, in appropriate cases, the opportunity
15	for retraining and return to duty to meet the
16	needs of the service, and
17	d. the sentences available under this chapter.
18	2. Sentencing by military judge. In announcing the sentence in
19	a general or special court-martial in which the accused is sentenced
20	by a military judge alone under Section 853 of this title (Article
21	53), the military judge shall, with respect to each offense of which
22	the accused is found guilty, specify the term of confinement, if
23	any, and the amount of the fine, if any. If the accused is
24	sentenced to confinement for more than one offense, the military

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1 judge shall specify whether the terms of confinement are to run 2 consecutively or concurrently.

3 3. Sentencing by members. In a general or special court4 martial in which the accused has elected sentencing by members, the
5 court-martial shall announce a single sentence for all of the
6 offenses of which the accused was found guilty.

C. Appeal of sentence by the State of Oklahoma.

8 1. With the approval of the State Judge Advocate and consistent 9 with standards and procedures set forth in regulations prescribed by 10 the Governor or the Adjutant General, the government may appeal a 11 sentence to the Military Court of Appeals, on the grounds that:

12 a. the sentence violates the law, or

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b. the sentence is plainly unreasonable, as determined in
accordance with standards and procedures prescribed by
the Governor or the Adjutant General.

16 2. An appeal under this subsection shall be filed within sixty 17 (60) days after the date on which the judgment of a court-martial is 18 entered into the record under Section 860C of this title (Article 19 60C).

20 SECTION 66. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 857 of Title 44, unless there is 22 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

23 ARTICLE 57. Effective date of sentences.

A. Execution of sentences. A court-martial sentence shall be

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1 executed and take effect as follows:

Forfeiture and reduction. A forfeiture of pay or allowances
 shall be applicable to pay and allowances accruing on and after the
 date on which the sentence takes effect. Any forfeiture of pay or
 allowances or reduction in grade that is included in a sentence of a
 court-martial takes effect on the earlier of:

a. the date that is fourteen (14) days after the date on
which the sentence is adjudged, or

9 b. in the case of a summary court-martial, the date on
10 which the sentence is approved by the convening
11 authority;

12 2. Confinement. Any period of confinement included in a 13 sentence of a court-martial begins to run from the date the sentence 14 is adjudged by the court-martial, but periods during which the 15 sentence to confinement is suspended or deferred shall be excluded 16 in computing the service of the term of confinement;

17 3. Approval of dismissal. If in the case of a commissioned 18 officer, or cadet, the sentence of a court-martial extends to 19 dismissal, that part of the sentence providing for dismissal may not 20 be executed until approved by the Adjutant General or by the Senior 21 Assistant Adjutant General of the same component as the accused if 22 such authority is so delegated by the Adjutant General. In such a 23 case, the Adjutant General, or Senior Assistant Adjutant General, as 24 the case may be, may commute, remit, or suspend the sentence, or any part of the sentence, as the Adjutant General or Senior Assistant Adjutant General sees fit. In time of war or national emergency he or she may commute a sentence of dismissal to reduction to any enlisted grade. A person so reduced may be required to serve for the duration of the war or emergency and six (6) months thereafter;

6 4. Completion of appellate review. If a sentence extends to
7 dismissal, or a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge, that part of
8 the sentence extending to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-conduct
9 discharge may be executed, in accordance with applicable
10 regulations, after completion of appellate review and, with respect
11 to dismissal, approval under paragraph 3 of this subsection, as
12 appropriate; and

13 5. Other sentences. Except as otherwise provided in this 14 subsection, a general or special court-martial sentence is effective 15 upon entry of judgment and a summary court-martial sentence is 16 effective when the convening authority acts on the sentence.

17 B. Deferral of sentences.

18 In general. On application by an accused, the convening 1. 19 authority or, if the accused is no longer under his or her 20 jurisdiction, the officer exercising general court-martial 21 jurisdiction over the command to which the accused is currently 22 assigned, may, in his or her sole discretion, defer the effective 23 date of a sentence of confinement, reduction, or forfeiture. The 24 deferment shall terminate upon entry of judgment or, in the case of 1 a summary court-martial, when the convening authority acts on the 2 sentence. The deferment may be rescinded at any time by the officer 3 who granted it or, if the accused is no longer under his or her 4 jurisdiction, by the officer exercising general court-martial 5 jurisdiction over the command to which the accused is currently 6 assigned.

7 2. Deferral of certain persons sentenced to confinement. In
8 any case in which a court-martial sentences a person referred to in
9 paragraph 3 of this subsection to confinement, the convening
10 authority may defer the service of the sentence to confinement,
11 without the consent of that person, until after the person has been
12 permanently released to the state military forces by a state or
13 foreign country referred to in that paragraph.

14 3. Covered persons. Paragraph 2 of this subsection applies to 15 a person subject to this chapter who:

16a. while in the custody of a state or foreign country is17temporarily returned by that state or foreign country18to the state military forces for trial by court-19martial, and

20 b. after the court-martial, is returned to that state or 21 foreign country under the authority of a mutual 22 agreement or treaty, as the case may be.

4. State defined. In this subsection, the term "state"
includes the District of Columbia and any commonwealth, territory,

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1 or possession of the United States.

3 court-martial sentences a person to confinement, but in which 4 of the case under subsection A of Section 867 of this title (A 5 67, subsection A) is pending, the Adjutant General may defer f	rticle urther
	urther
5 67, subsection A) is pending, the Adjutant General may defer f	
	ndina
6 service of the sentence to confinement while that review is pe	narng.
7 C. Appellate review.	
8 1. Completion of appellate review. Appellate review is	
9 complete under this section when:	
10 a. a review under Section 865 of this title (Articl	e 65)
11 is completed, or	
12 b. a review under Section 866 of this title (Articl	e 66)
13 is completed by the Military Court of Appeals an	d:
14 (1) the time for the accused to file a Petition	for
15 Review by the Court of Criminal Appeals has	
16 expired and the accused has not filed a tim	ely
17 petition for such review and the case is no	t
18 otherwise under review by that Court,	
19 (2) such a petition is rejected by the Court of	
20 Criminal Appeals, or	
21 (3) review is completed in accordance with the	
22 judgment of the Court of Criminal Appeals.	
23 2. Completion as final judgment of legality of proceeding	s.
24 The completion of appellate review shall constitute a final ju	dgment

1 as to the legality of the proceedings.

2 SECTION 67. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 3 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 858 of Title 44, unless there is 4 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 58. Execution of confinement.

Under such regulations as the Governor or Adjutant General 6 Α. 7 may prescribe, a sentence of confinement adjudged by a courtmartial, whether or not the sentence includes discharge or 8 9 dismissal, and whether or not the discharge or dismissal has been 10 executed, may be carried into execution by confinement in any place 11 of confinement under the control of the state military forces or in 12 any penal or correctional institution used or under the control of 13 the Oklahoma Department of Corrections. Persons so confined in a 14 penal or correctional institution not under the control of the state 15 military forces are subject to the same discipline and treatment as 16 persons confined or committed by the courts of this state.

B. No confinement ordered by a court-martial shall include hardlabor.

19SECTION 68.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified20in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 858A of Title 44, unless there21is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:22ARTICLE 58A.21Sentences: reduction in enlisted grade.

A. A court-martial sentence of an enlisted member in a pay
grade above E-1, as set forth in the judgment of the court-martial

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1 entered into the record under Section 860C of this title (Article
2 60C), that includes:

3

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1. A dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge; or

2. Confinement,

5 reduces that member to pay grade E-1, if such a reduction is authorized by regulation prescribed by the Governor or Adjutant 7 General. The reduction in pay grade shall take effect on the date 8 on which the judgment is so entered.

9 Β. If the sentence of a member who is reduced in pay grade 10 under subsection A of this section is set aside or reduced, or, as finally affirmed, does not include any punishment named in 11 12 paragraphs 1 or 2 of subsection A of this section, the rights and 13 privileges of which he or she was deprived because of that reduction 14 shall be restored to him or her and he or she is entitled to the pay 15 and allowances to which he or she would have been entitled, for the 16 period the reduction was in effect, had he or she not been so 17 reduced.

SECTION 69. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 858B of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

21 ARTICLE 58B. Sentences: forfeiture of pay and allowances during 22 confinement.

A. 1. A court-martial sentence described in paragraph 2 of
 this subsection shall result in the forfeiture of pay, or of pay and

1 allowances, due that member during any period of confinement or parole. The forfeiture pursuant to this article shall take effect 2 on the date determined under Section 857 of this title (Article 57) 3 and may be deferred as provided in that article. The pay and 4 5 allowances forfeited, in the case of a general court-martial, shall be all pay and allowances due that member during such period and, in 6 7 the case of a special court-martial, shall be two-thirds (2/3) of all pay due that member during such period. 8

9 2. A sentence covered by this section is any sentence that10 includes:

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- 12

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confinement for more than six (6) months; or confinement for six (6) months or less and a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge or dismissal.

14 In a case involving an accused who has dependents, the в. 15 convening authority or other person acting under Section 860A or 16 860B of this title (Article 60A or 60B) may waive any or all of the 17 forfeitures of pay and allowances required by subsection A of this 18 section for a period not to exceed six (6) months. Any amount of 19 pay or allowances that, except for a waiver under this subsection, 20 would be forfeited shall be paid, as the convening authority or 21 other person taking action directs, to the dependents of the 22 accused.

C. If the sentence of a member who forfeits pay and allowances
 under subsection A of this section is set aside or disapproved or,

a.

b.

1 as finally approved, does not provide for a punishment referred to 2 in paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section, the member shall be 3 paid the pay and allowances which the member would have been paid, 4 except for the forfeiture, for the period which the forfeiture was 5 in effect.

6 SECTION 70. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 858C of Title 44, unless there 8 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 ARTICLE 58C. Enforcement of fines or adjudication of pecuniary10 liability.

When a sentence, including a fine, or a finally approved 11 12 adjudication of pecuniary liability under a report of survey or 13 financial liability investigation of property loss (FLIPL) has been 14 ordered executed pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Adjutant 15 General, the collection of the fine or the adjudication of pecuniary 16 liability may be made executory and enforced by the Oklahoma 17 Attorney General, or his or her designee, in the judicial district 18 as described in Section 22 of Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes in 19 which the court martial was held or in the district court judicial 20 district, where nonjudicial punishment was decided or district court 21 judicial district of residence of the accused or person against whom 22 the pecuniary charge was raised in the same manner as a money 23 judgment in a civil case or by the withholding of any funds due the 24 accused from the state or any of its agencies in accordance with

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1	regulations prescribed by the Adjutant General. To the extent not
2	prohibited by federal law or regulation, a fine may be enforced by
3	withholding federal funds due the accused.
4	PART IX.
5	POSTTRIAL PROCEDURE AND REVIEW OF COURTS-MARTIAL
6	SECTION 71. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
7	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 859 of Title 44, unless there is
8	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
9	ARTICLE 59. Error of law; lesser included offense.
10	A. A finding or sentence of court-martial may not be held
11	incorrect on the ground of an error of law unless the error
12	materially prejudices the substantial rights of the accused.
13	B. Any reviewing authority with the power to approve or affirm
14	a finding of guilty may approve or affirm, instead, so much of the
15	finding as includes a lesser included offense.
16	SECTION 72. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
17	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 860 of Title 44, unless there is
18	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
19	ARTICLE 60. Posttrial processing in general and special courts-
20	martial.
21	A. Statement of trial results.
22	1. The military judge of a general or special court-martial
23	shall enter into the record of trial a document entitled "Statement
24	of Trial Results", which shall set forth:

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a. each plea and finding,

b. the sentence, if any, and

3 c. such other information as the Adjutant General may 4 prescribe by regulation.

2. Copies of the Statement of Trial Results shall be provided
promptly to the convening authority, the accused, and any victim of
the offense.

B. Posttrial motions. In accordance with regulations
prescribed by the Adjutant General, the military judge in a general
or special court-martial shall address all posttrial motions and
other posttrial matters that:

12 1. May affect a plea, a finding, the sentence, the Statement of 13 Trial Results, the record of trial, or any posttrial action by the 14 convening authority; and

15 2. Are subject to resolution by the military judge before entry16 of judgment.

SECTION 73. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 860A of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 ARTICLE 60A. Limited authority to act on sentence in specified 21 posttrial circumstances.

22 A. In general.

23 1. The convening authority of a general or special court-24 martial described in paragraph 2 of this subsection:

1 may act on the sentence of the court-martial only as a. 2 provided in subsection B, C or D of this section, and 3 may not act on the findings of the court-martial. b. 4 2. The courts-martial referred to in paragraph 1 of this 5 subsection are the following: a general or special court-martial in which the 6 a. 7 maximum sentence of confinement established under subsection A of Section 856 of this title (Article 56, 8 9 subsection A) for any offense of which the accused is 10 found guilty is more than two (2) years, 11 b. a general or special court-martial in which the total 12 of the sentences of confinement imposed, running 13 consecutively, is more than six (6) months, and 14 a general or special court-martial in which the с. 15 sentence imposed includes a dismissal, dishonorable

17 3. Except as provided in subsection D of this section, the 18 convening authority may act under this section only before entry of 19 judgment.

discharge, or bad-conduct discharge.

4. Under regulations prescribed by the Adjutant General, a
commissioned officer commanding for the time being, a successor in
command, or any person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction
may act under this section in place of the convening authority.

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B. Reduction, commutation, and suspension of sentences
 generally.

3 1. Except as provided in subsection C or D of this section, the 4 convening authority may not reduce, commute, or suspend any of the 5 following sentences:

a. a sentence of confinement, if the total period of
confinement imposed for all offenses involved, running
consecutively, is greater than six (6) months, and
b. a sentence of dismissal, dishonorable discharge, or
bad-conduct discharge.

2. The convening authority may reduce, commute, or suspend anysentence not specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection.

13 C. Suspension of certain sentences upon recommendation of 14 military judge.

15 1. Upon recommendation of the military judge, as included in 16 the Statement of Trial Results, together with an explanation of the 17 facts supporting the recommendation, the convening authority may 18 suspend:

a. a sentence of confinement, in whole or in part, or
b. a sentence of dismissal, dishonorable discharge, or
bad-conduct discharge.

22 2. The convening authority may not, under paragraph 1 of this
23 subsection:

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a. suspend a mandatory minimum sentence, or

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b. suspend a sentence to an extent in excess of the suspension recommended by the military judge.

D. Reduction of sentence for substantial assistance by accused.
Upon a recommendation by the trial counsel, if the accused,
after sentencing and before entry of judgment, provides substantial
assistance in the investigation or prosecution of another person,
the convening authority may reduce, commute, or suspend a sentence,
in whole or in part, including any mandatory minimum sentence.

9 2. Upon a recommendation by a trial counsel, designated in
10 accordance with regulations prescribed by the Adjutant General, if
11 the accused, after entry of judgment, provides substantial
12 assistance in the investigation or prosecution of another person, a
13 convening authority, designated under such regulations, may reduce,
14 commute, or suspend a sentence, in whole or in part, including any
15 mandatory minimum sentence.

16 3. In evaluating whether the accused has provided substantial
17 assistance under this subsection, the convening authority may
18 consider the presentence assistance of the accused.

19 E. Submissions by accused and victim.

I. In accordance with regulations prescribed by the Adjutant General, in determining whether to act under this section, the convening authority shall consider matters submitted in writing by the accused or any victim of an offense. Such rules shall include:

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- a. procedures for notice of the opportunity to make such
   submissions,
- 3 b. the deadlines for such submissions, and
- c. procedures for providing the accused and any victim of
  an offense with a copy of the recording of any open
  sessions of the court-martial and copies of, or access
  to, any admitted, unsealed exhibits.

8 2. The convening authority shall not consider under this 9 section any submitted matters that relate to the character of a 10 victim unless such matters were presented as evidence at trial and 11 not excluded at trial.

12 F. Decision of convening authority.

The decision of the convening authority under this section
 shall be forwarded to the military judge, with copies provided to
 the accused and to any victim of the offense.

16 2. If, under this section, the convening authority reduces, 17 commutes, or suspends the sentence, the decision of the convening 18 authority shall include a written explanation of the reasons for 19 such action.

3. If, under paragraph 2 of subsection D of this section, the convening authority reduces, commutes, or suspends the sentence, the decision of the convening authority shall be forwarded to the military judge for appropriate modification of the entry of

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1 judgment, which shall be transmitted to the State Judge Advocate for 2 appropriate action.

3	SECTION 74. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
4	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 860B of Title 44, unless there
5	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
6	ARTICLE 60B. Posttrial actions in summary courts-martial and
7	certain general and special courts-martial.
8	A. In general.
9	1. In a court-martial not specified in paragraph 2 of
10	subsection A of Section 860A of this title (Article 60A, subsection
11	A, paragraph 2), the convening authority may:
12	a. dismiss any charge or specification by setting aside
13	the finding of guilty,
14	b. change a finding of guilty to a charge or
15	specification to a finding of guilty to a lesser
16	included offense,
17	c. disapprove the findings and the sentence and dismiss
18	the charges and specifications,
19	d. disapprove the findings and the sentence and order a
20	rehearing as to the findings and the sentence,
21	e. disapprove, commute, or suspend the sentence, in whole
22	or in part, or
23	f. disapprove the sentence and order a rehearing as to
24	the sentence.

2. In a summary court-martial, the convening authority shall
 approve the sentence or take other action on the sentence under
 paragraph 1 of this subsection.

3. Except as provided in paragraph 4 of this subsection, the
convening authority may act under this section only before entry of
judgment.

7 The convening authority may act under this section after 4. entry of judgment in a general or special court-martial in the same 8 9 manner as the convening authority may act under paragraph 2 of 10 subsection D of Section 860A of this title (Article 60A, subsection 11 D, paragraph 2). Such action shall be forwarded to the military 12 judge, who shall ensure appropriate modification to the entry of 13 judgment and shall transmit the entry of judgment to the State Judge 14 Advocate for appropriate action.

15 5. Under regulations prescribed by the Adjutant General, a
16 commissioned officer commanding for the time being, a successor in
17 command, or any person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction
18 may act under this section in place of the convening authority.

B. Limitations on rehearings. The convening authority may notorder a rehearing under this section:

21 1. As to the findings, if there is insufficient evidence in the 22 record to support the findings;

23 2. To reconsider a finding of not guilty of any specification
24 or a ruling which amounts to a finding of not guilty; or

3. To reconsider a finding of not guilty of any charge, unless
 there has been a finding of guilty under a specification laid under
 that charge, which sufficiently alleges a violation of some section
 of the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice.

5 C. Submissions by accused and victim. In accordance with 6 regulations prescribed by the Adjutant General, in determining 7 whether to act under this section, the convening authority shall 8 consider matters submitted in writing by the accused or any victim 9 of the offense. Such rules shall include the matter required by 10 subsection E of Section 860A of this title (Article 60A, subsection 11 E).

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D. Decision of convening authority.

13 1. In a general or special court-martial, the decision of the 14 convening authority under this section shall be forwarded to the 15 military judge, with copies provided to the accused and to any 16 victim of the offense.

17 2. If the convening authority acts on the findings or the 18 sentence under paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section, the 19 decision of the convening authority shall include a written 20 explanation of the reasons for such action.

21 SECTION 75. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 860C of Title 44, unless there 23 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 60C. Entry of judgment.

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1 Entry of judgment of general or special court-martial. Α. 2 In accordance with regulations prescribed by the Adjutant 1. General, in a general or special court-martial, the military judge 3 4 shall enter into the record of trial the judgment of the court. The 5 judgment of the court shall consist of the following: 6 the Statement of Trial Results under Section 860 of a. 7 this title (Article 60), b. any modifications of, or supplements to, the Statement 8 9 of Trial Results by reason of: 10 (1)any posttrial action by the convening authority, 11 or 12 (2) any ruling, order, or other determination of the 13 military judge that affects a plea, a finding, or 14 the sentence. 15 2. Under regulations prescribed by the Adjutant General, the 16 judgment under paragraph 1 of this subsection shall be: 17 provided to the accused and to any victim of the a. 18 offense, and 19 made available to the public. b. 20 Summary court-martial judgment. The findings and sentence Β. 21 of a summary court-martial, as modified by any posttrial action by 22 the convening authority under Section 860B of this title (Article 23 60B), constitutes the judgment of the court-martial and shall be 24

recorded and distributed under regulations prescribed by the
 Adjutant General.

A new section of law to be codified 3 SECTION 76. NEW LAW in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 861 of Title 44, unless there is 4 5 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 6 ARTICLE 61. Waiver of right to appeal; withdrawal of appeal. 7 Waiver of right to appeal. After entry of judgment in a Α. general or special court-martial, under regulations promulgated by 8 9 the Adjutant General, the accused may waive the right to appellate 10 review in each case subject to such review under Section 866 of this 11 title (Article 66). Such a waiver shall be: 12 1. Signed by the accused and by defense counsel; and 13 2. Attached to the record of trial. 14 Withdrawal of appeal. In a general or special courtв. 15 martial, the accused may withdraw an appeal at any time. 16 C. Waiver or withdrawal as bar. A waiver or withdrawal under 17 this section bars review under Section 866 of this title (Article 18 66). 19 SECTION 77. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 862 of Title 44, unless there is 21 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 22 ARTICLE 62. Appeal by the State of Oklahoma. 23 24

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1	A. 1. I	n a trial by general or special court-martial, or in a
2	pretrial proc	eeding under Section 830A of this title (Article 30A),
3	the State of	Oklahoma may appeal the following:
4	a.	an order or ruling of the military judge which
5		terminates the proceedings with respect to a charge or
6		specification,
7	b.	an order or ruling which excludes evidence that is
8		substantial proof of a fact material in the
9		proceeding,
10	с.	an order or ruling which directs the disclosure of
11		classified or confidential information,
12	d.	an order or ruling which imposes sanctions for
13		nondisclosure of classified or confidential
14		information,
15	e.	a refusal of the military judge to issue a protective
16		order sought by the State of Oklahoma to prevent the
17		disclosure of classified or confidential information,
18	f.	a refusal by the military judge to enforce an order
19		described in subparagraph e of this paragraph that has
20		previously been issued by appropriate authority, and
21	g.	an order or ruling of the military judge entering a
22		finding of not guilty with respect to a charge or
23		specification following the return of a finding of
24		guilty by the members.

1 2. An appeal of an order or ruling may not be taken a. 2 unless the trial counsel provides the military judge 3 with written notice of appeal from the order or ruling 4 within seventy-two (72) hours of the order or ruling. 5 Such notice shall include a certification by the trial counsel that the appeal is not taken for the purpose 6 7 of delay and (if the order or ruling appealed is one which excludes evidence) that the evidence excluded is 8 9 substantial proof of a fact material in the 10 proceeding.

b. An appeal of an order or ruling may not be taken when
prohibited by Section 844 of this title (Article 44).
3. An appeal under this section shall be diligently prosecuted
by appellate government counsel.

B. An appeal under this section shall be forwarded by a means prescribed under regulations of the Adjutant General directly to the Military Court of Appeals and shall, whenever practicable, have priority over all other proceedings before that court. In ruling on an appeal under this section, the Military Court of Appeals may act only with respect to matters of law.

C. Any period of delay resulting from an appeal under this section shall be excluded in deciding any issue regarding denial of a speedy trial unless an appropriate authority determines that the

appeal was filed solely for the purpose of delay with the knowledge
 that it was totally frivolous and without merit.

3 D. The provisions of this section shall be liberally construed4 to effect its purposes.

5 SECTION 78. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 863 of Title 44, unless there is 7 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 ARTICLE 63. Rehearings.

9 Each rehearing under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Α. 10 Justice shall take place before a court-martial composed of members 11 who were not members of the court-martial which first heard the 12 case. Upon a rehearing the accused may not be tried for any offense 13 of which he or she was found not guilty by the first court-martial, 14 and no sentence in excess of or more severe than the original 15 sentence may be adjudged, unless the sentence is based upon a 16 finding of guilty of an offense not considered upon the merits in 17 the original proceedings, or unless the sentence prescribed for the 18 offense is mandatory.

B. If the sentence adjudged by the first court-martial was in accordance with a plea agreement under Section 853A of this title (Article 53A) and the accused at the rehearing does not comply with the agreement, or if a plea of guilty was entered for an offense at the first court-martial and a plea of not guilty was entered at the rehearing, the sentence as to those charges or specifications may

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include any punishment not in excess of that which could have been
 adjudged at the first court-martial, subject to such limitations as
 the Adjutant General may prescribe by regulation.

4 C. If, after appeal by the government under subsection C of 5 Section 856 of this title (Article 56, subsection C), the sentence adjudged is set aside and a rehearing on sentence is ordered by the 6 7 Military Court of Appeals or Court of Criminal Appeals, the courtmartial may impose any sentence that is in accordance with the order 8 9 or ruling setting aside the adjudged sentence, subject to such 10 limitations as the Adjutant General may prescribe by regulation. 11 SECTION 79. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 864 of Title 44, unless there is 13 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 ARTICLE 64. Judge advocate review of finding of guilty in 15 summary court-martial.

16 In general. Under regulations prescribed by the Adjutant Α. 17 General, each summary court-martial in which there is a finding of 18 quilty shall be reviewed by a judge advocate. A judge advocate may 19 not review a case under this subsection if the judge advocate has 20 acted in the same case as an accuser, preliminary hearing officer, 21 member of the court, military judge, or counsel or has otherwise 22 acted on behalf of the prosecution or defense. The judge advocate's 23 review shall be in writing and shall contain the following:

24 1. Conclusions as to whether:

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- a. the court had jurisdiction over the accused and the
   offense,
- b. the charge and specification stated an offense, and
  c. the sentence was within the limits prescribed as a
  matter of law;

6 2. A response to each allegation of error made in writing by7 the accused; and

3. If the case is sent for action under subsection B of this
9 section, a recommendation as to the appropriate action to be taken
10 and an opinion as to whether corrective action is required as a
11 matter of law.

B. Record. The record of trial and related documents in each case reviewed under subsection A of this section shall be sent for action to the person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction over the accused at the time the court was convened (or to that person's successor in command) if:

The judge advocate who reviewed the case recommends
 corrective action; or

Such action is otherwise required by regulations of the
 Adjutant General.

C. 1. The person to whom the record of trial and related
documents are sent under subsection B of this section may:

a. disapprove or approve the findings or sentence, in
whole or in part,

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- b. remit, commute, or suspend the sentence in whole or in
   part,
- c. except where the evidence was insufficient at the
  trial to support the findings, order a rehearing on
  the findings, on the sentence, or on both, or
  d. dismiss the charges.

7 2. If a rehearing is ordered but the convening authority finds
8 a rehearing impracticable, he or she shall dismiss the charges.

9 3. If the opinion of the judge advocate in the judge advocate's review under subsection A of this section is that corrective action 10 11 is required as a matter of law and if the person required to take 12 action under subsection B does not take action that is at least as 13 favorable to the accused as that recommended by the judge advocate, 14 the record of trial and action thereon shall be sent to the State 15 Judge Advocate for review under Section 869 of this title (Article 16 69).

SECTION 80. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 865 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 ARTICLE 65. Transmittal and review of records.

21 A. Transmittal of records.

1. Finding of guilty in general or special court-martial. If the judgment of a general or special court-martial entered under 24

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Section 860C of this title (Article 60C) includes a finding of
 guilty, the record shall be transmitted to the State Judge Advocate.
 Other cases. In all other cases, records of trial by court martial and related documents shall be transmitted and disposed of
 as the Adjutant General may prescribe by regulation.

6 B. Cases for direct appeal.

7 1. Automatic review. If the judgment includes a sentence of 8 dismissal of a commissioned officer, or cadet, dishonorable 9 discharge or bad-conduct discharge, or confinement for two (2) years 10 or more, the State Judge Advocate shall forward the record of trial 11 to the Military Court of Appeals for review under paragraph 3 of 12 subsection F of Section 866 of this title (Article 66, subsection F, 13 paragraph 3).

2. Cases eligible for direct appeal review.

15 a. In general. If the case is eligible for direct review
16 under paragraph 1 of subsection F of Section 866 of
17 this title (Article 66, subsection F, paragraph 1),
18 the State Judge Advocate shall:

(1) forward a copy of the record of trial to an appellate defense counsel who shall be detailed to review the case and, upon request of the accused, to represent the accused before the Military Court of Appeals, and

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- (2) upon written request of the accused, forward a
   copy of the record of trial to civilian counsel
   provided by the accused.
- 4 b. Inapplicability. Subparagraph a of this paragraph
  5 shall not apply if the accused:
- 6 (1) waives the right to appeal under Section 861 of 7 this title (Article 61), or
- 8 (2) declines in writing the detailing of appellate
  9 defense counsel under division (1) of
  10 subparagraph a of this paragraph.
- 11 C. Notice of right to appeal.

12 In general. The State Judge Advocate shall provide notice 1. 13 to the accused of the right to file an appeal under paragraph 1 of 14 subsection F of Section 866 of this title (Article 66, subsection F, 15 paragraph 1) by means of depositing in the United States mail for 16 delivery by first-class certified mail to the accused at an address 17 provided by the accused or, if no such address has been provided by 18 the accused, at the latest address listed for the accused in the 19 official service record of the accused.

20 2. Inapplicability upon waiver of appeal. Paragraph 1 of this
21 subsection shall not apply if the accused waives the right to appeal
22 under Section 861 of this title (Article 61).

D. Review by State Judge Advocate.

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1	1. By whom. A review conducted under this subsection may be
2	conducted by an attorney within the Office of the State Judge
3	Advocate or another attorney designated under regulations prescribed
4	by the Adjutant General.
5	2. Review of cases not eligible for direct appeal.
6	a. In general. A review under subparagraph b of this
7	paragraph shall be completed in each general and
8	special court-martial that is not eligible for direct
9	appeal under paragraph 1 or 3 of subsection F of
10	Section 866 of this title (Article 66, subsection F,
11	paragraph 1 or 3).
12	b. Scope of review. A review referred to in subparagraph
13	a of this paragraph shall include a written decision
14	providing each of the following:
15	(1) a conclusion as to whether the court had
16	jurisdiction over the accused and the offense,
17	(2) a conclusion as to whether the charge and
18	specification stated an offense,
19	(3) a conclusion as to whether the sentence was
20	within the limits prescribed as a matter of law,
21	and
22	(4) a response to each allegation of error made in
23	writing by the accused.
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1	3.	Review when direct appeal is waived, withdrawn, or not
2	filed.	
3		a. In general. A review under subparagraph b of this
4		paragraph shall be completed in each general and
5		special court-martial if:
6		(1) the accused waives the right to appeal or
7		withdraws appeal under Section 861 of this title
8		(Article 61), or
9		(2) the accused does not file a timely appeal in a
10		case eligible for direct appeal under
11		subparagraph a, b or c of paragraph 1 of
12		subsection F of Section 866 of this title
13		(Article 66, subsection F, paragraph 1,
14		subparagraph a, b or c).
15		b. Scope of review. A review referred to in subparagraph
16		a of this paragraph shall include a written decision
17		limited to providing conclusions on the matters
18		specified in divisions (1), (2) and (3) of
19		subparagraph b of paragraph 2 of this subsection.
20	E.	Remedy.
21	1.	In general. If, after a review of a record under subsection
22	D of th	is section, the attorney conducting the review believes
23	correct	ive action may be required, the record shall be forwarded to
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1 the State Judge Advocate, who may set aside the findings or 2 sentence, in whole or in part.

2. Rehearing. In setting aside findings or sentence, the State
Judge Advocate may order a rehearing, except that a rehearing may
not be ordered in violation of Section 844 of this title (Article
44).

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3. Remedy without rehearing.

a. Dismissal when no rehearing ordered. If the State
Judge Advocate sets aside findings and sentence and
does not order a rehearing, the State Judge Advocate
shall dismiss the charges.

b. Dismissal when rehearing impractical. If the State
Judge Advocate sets aside findings and orders a
rehearing and the convening authority determines that
a rehearing would be impractical, the convening
authority shall dismiss the charges.

SECTION 81. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 866 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 ARTICLE 66. Military Court of Appeals for state military 21 forces.

A. Military Court of Appeals. There is hereby established a
Military Court of Appeals for the state military forces of the State
of Oklahoma. The Military Court of Appeals shall be a court of

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1 record and except as provided in Section 867 of this title (Article 2 67), the appellate jurisdiction of the Military Court of Appeals 3 shall be exclusive in all courts-martial cases convened by state 4 military forces regardless of whether a court-martial was conducted 5 within or without the physical boundaries of the State of Oklahoma.

6 B. Composition and method of appointment. The Military Court 7 of Appeals shall be composed of one panel of not less than three appellate military judges. At the time the Military Court of 8 9 Appeals is initially constituted and each time thereafter when a 10 vacancy shall occur or is certain to occur on the Court, the State 11 Judge Advocate shall choose and submit to the Governor at least one 12 nominee for a vacant seat, certified by the State Judge Advocate as 13 qualified, by reason of education, training, experience, and 14 judicial temperament, for duty as an appellate military judge. 15 Prior to submission of a nominee to the Governor, the nominee shall 16 have previously notified the State Judge Advocate in writing that he 17 or she will serve as an appellate military judge if appointed. The 18 Governor shall appoint one nominee to fill the vacancy, but if the 19 Governor fails to do so within sixty (60) days after the State Judge 20 Advocate submits the nominee to the Governor or the Governor does 21 not affirmatively reject in writing the nominee so submitted, the 22 State Judge Advocate shall appoint one nominee, the appointment to 23 be certified by the Secretary of State. No person so nominated and 24 appointed by the Governor or by the State Judge Advocate shall take

1 his or her seat on the Military Court of Appeals without first receiving the approbation of the Senate through advice and consent; 2 3 provided that, in the case of any vacancy that occurs while the 4 Legislature is not in regular session within the meaning of Section 5 26 of Article V of the Oklahoma Constitution, the Governor, or the State Judge Advocate as provided in this subsection, shall appoint a 6 7 person who satisfies the requirements established in subsection C of this section to serve as an appellate military judge. 8 If the 9 interim nomination of the appellate military judge is not approved 10 by the Senate during the first regular session following its 11 submission, it shall be deemed rejected.

12 C. Qualifications. An appellate military judge who is 13 appointed to the Military Court of Appeals shall be a licensed 14 practicing attorney or judge of a court of record, or both, in 15 Oklahoma for one (1) year preceding his or her appointment and shall 16 continue to be a duly licensed attorney while in office to be 17 eligible to hold the office. No appellate military judge shall be 18 appointed to the Military Court of Appeals who did not previously 19 serve as a judge advocate in any department of the Armed Forces of 20 the United States, to include reserve components of the same. The 21 Military Court of Appeals shall include at least one appellate 22 military judge who previously served in the United States Army or a 23 reserve component of the same. The Military Court of Appeals shall 24

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include at least one appellate military judge who previously served
 in the United States Air Force or a reserve component of the same.

Term of office and causes for removal or retirement. 3 D. Each 4 appellate military judge appointed pursuant to this section shall, 5 unless removed for cause, serve out the term for which he or she is appointed. Appellate military judges appointed pursuant to this 6 7 section shall serve for fixed terms of office of appropriate minimum periods which shall be prescribed by regulations promulgated by the 8 9 Adjutant General. The appellate military judges of the Military 10 Court of Appeals, exercising judicial power under the provisions of 11 the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, shall be subject to 12 removal from office, or to compulsory retirement from office, by 13 proceedings in the Court on the Judiciary, for:

Gross neglect of duty, corruption in office, habitual
 drunkenness, commission while in office of any offense involving
 moral turpitude, gross partiality in office, oppression in office,
 mental or physical disability preventing the proper performance of
 official duty or incompetence to perform the duties of the office;
 or

20 2. Other reasons arising from military customs and practices
 21 defined in regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General.

E. Compensation. Appellate military judges shall receive compensation calculated on the basis of the current basic pay received by a member in active federal service at the grade of 0-6

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with twenty (20) years of time in service. The Adjutant General shall promulgate regulations establishing the method of calculating compensation for less than full-time service by members of the Military Court of Appeals. Appellate military judges may be paid such actual and necessary expenses as may be provided for in regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General.

F. Review.

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8 1. Appeals by accused. The Military Court of Appeals shall 9 have jurisdiction over a timely appeal from the judgment of a court-10 martial, entered into the record under Section 860C of this title 11 (Article 60C), as follows:

12	a.	on appeal by the accused in a case in which the
13		sentence extends to confinement for more than six (6)
14		months and the case is not subject to automatic review
15		under paragraph 3 of this subsection,

b. on appeal by the accused in a case in which the
government previously filed an appeal under Section
862 of this title (Article 62),

19 c. on appeal by the accused in a case that the State 20 Judge Advocate has sent to the Military Court of 21 Appeals for review of the sentence under subsection C 22 of Section 856 of this title (Article 56, subsection 23 C),

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d. in a case in which the accused filed an application for review with the Court under subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of subsection D of Section 869 of this title (Article 69, subsection D, paragraph 1, subparagraph b) and the application has been granted by the Court.

Review of certain sentences. The Military Court of Appeals
shall have jurisdiction over all cases that the State Judge Advocate
orders sent to the Court for review under subsection C of Section
856 of this title (Article 56, subsection C).

3. Automatic review. The Military Court of Appeals shall have jurisdiction over a court-martial in which the judgment entered into the record under Section 860C of this title (Article 60C) includes a sentence of dismissal of a commissioned officer, cadet, dishonorable discharge or bad-conduct discharge, or confinement for two (2) years or more.

17 G. Timeliness. An appeal under paragraph 1 of subsection F of18 this section is timely if it is filed as follows:

In the case of an appeal by the accused under subparagraph a
 or b of paragraph 1 of subsection F of this section, if filed before
 the later of:

a. the end of the ninety-day period beginning on the date
 the accused is provided notice of appellate rights
 24

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1 under subsection C of Section 865 of this title 2 (Article 65, subsection C), or 3 b. the date set by the Military Court of Appeals by rule 4 or order; and 5 2. In the case of an appeal by the accused under paragraph 1 of subsection C of Section 865 of this title (Article 65, subsection C, 6 7 paragraph 1), if filed before the later of: the end of the ninety-day period beginning on the date 8 a. 9 the accused is notified that the application for 10 review has been granted by letter placed in the United States mail for delivery by first-class certified mail 11 12 to the accused at an address provided by the accused 13 or, if no such address has been provided by the 14 accused, at the latest address listed for the accused 15 in his or her official service record, or 16 the date set by the Military Court of Appeals by rule b. 17 or order.

18 H. Duties.

19 1. Cases appealed by accused. In any case before the Military 20 Court of Appeals under subsection F of this section, the Court may 21 act only with respect to the findings and sentence as entered into 22 the record under Section 860C of this title (Article 60C). The 23 Court may affirm only such findings of guilty, and the sentence or 24

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such part or amount of the sentence, as the Court finds correct on
 the basis of applicable law.

2. Error or excessive delay. In any case before the Military Court of Appeals under subsection F of this section, the Court may provide appropriate relief if the accused demonstrates error or excessive delay in the processing of the court-martial after the judgment was entered into the record under Section 860C of this title (Article 60C).

9 I. Consideration of appeal of sentence by the State of10 Oklahoma.

11 1. In general. In considering a sentence on appeal or review as provided in subsection C of Section 856 of this title (Article 12 13 56, subsection C), the Military Court of Appeals may consider: 14 whether the sentence violates the law, and a. 15 whether the sentence is plainly unreasonable. b. 16 2. Record on appeal or review. In an appeal or review under 17 this subsection or subsection C of Section 856 of this title 18 (Article 56, subsection C), the record on appeal or review shall

19 consist of:

a. any portion of the record in the case that is
designated as pertinent by either of the parties,
b. the information submitted during the sentencing
proceeding, and

24

1	с.	any information required by regulations promulgated by
2		the Adjutant General or by rule or order of the
3		Military Court of Appeals.
4	J. Limit	s of authority.
5	1. Set a	side of findings.
6	a.	In general. If the Military Court of Appeals sets
7		aside the findings, the Court:
8		(1) may affirm any lesser included offense, and
9		(2) may, except when prohibited by Section 844 of
10		this title (Article 44), order a rehearing.
11	b.	Dismissal when no rehearing ordered. If the Military
12		Court of Appeals sets aside the findings and does not
13		order a rehearing, the Court shall order that the
14		charges be dismissed.
15	с.	Dismissal when rehearing impracticable. If the
16		Military Court of Appeals orders a rehearing on a
17		charge and the convening authority finds a rehearing
18		impracticable, the convening authority may dismiss the
19		charge.
20	2. Set a	side of sentence. If the Military Court of Appeals
21	sets aside the	e sentence, the Court may:
22	a.	modify the sentence to a lesser sentence, or
23	b.	order a rehearing.

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3. Additional proceedings. If the Military Court of Appeals
 determines that additional proceedings are warranted, the Court may
 order a hearing as may be necessary to address a substantial issue,
 subject to such limitations as the Court may direct and under such
 regulations as the Adjutant General may prescribe.

K. Action in accordance with decisions of courts. The State
Judge Advocate shall, unless there is to be further action by the
Governor, the Adjutant General, or the Oklahoma Court of Criminal
Appeals, instruct the appropriate authority to take action in
accordance with the decision of the Military Court of Appeals.

11 L. Rules of procedure and designation of chief judge. The State Judge Advocate shall prescribe uniform rules of procedure for 12 13 the Military Court of Appeals which shall be published as a military 14 publication and shall meet periodically to formulate policies and 15 procedure in regard to review of court-martial cases in the office 16 of the State Judge Advocate and by the Military Court of Appeals. 17 The State Judge Advocate shall designate as chief judge one of the 18 appellate military judges of the Military Court of Appeals.

M. Prohibition on evaluation of other members of courts. No member of the Military Court of Appeals shall be required, or on his or her own initiative be permitted, to prepare, approve, disapprove, review, or submit, with respect to any other member of the Military Court of Appeals, an effectiveness, fitness, or efficiency report, or any other report or document used in whole or in part for the

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purpose of determining whether a member of the state military forces is qualified to be advanced in grade, or in determining the assignment or transfer of a member of the state military forces, or in determining whether a member of the state military forces should be retained as a member of the state military forces.

N. Ineligibility of members of courts to review records of
cases involving certain prior member service. No member of the
Military Court of Appeals shall be eligible to review the record of
any trial if such member served as investigating officer in the case
or served as a member of the court-martial before which such trial
was conducted, or served as military judge, trial or defense
counsel, or reviewing officer of such trial.

SECTION 82. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 867 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 ARTICLE 67. Review by the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals. 17 Α. Powers as court of last resort. The Oklahoma Court of 18 Criminal Appeals shall be the court of last resort for all general 19 and special courts-martial convened by the state military forces. 20 In reviewing petitions or appeals granted pursuant to this section, 21 the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals shall have and shall exercise 22 all powers granted to the Court under the Oklahoma Statutes and the 23 Oklahoma Constitution.

24

1 B. Petition for Review. Except as provided in subsection C of 2 this section for appeals arising from a guilty plea, a decision of the Military Court of Appeals may be reviewed by the Oklahoma Court 3 4 of Criminal Appeals upon the filing of an appeal in the form of a 5 Petition for Review if a majority of judges on the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals directs that such Petition for Review shall be 6 7 granted. Decisions of the Military Court of Appeals shall be final unless a Petition for Review is granted by the Oklahoma Court of 8 9 Criminal Appeals or a writ of certiorari is granted pursuant to 10 subsection C of this section.

11 C. Appeals arising from guilty plea. All appeals taken from 12 any conviction on a plea of guilty shall first be decided by the 13 Military Court of Appeals. In the event the conviction arising from 14 a plea of guilty is upheld by the Court of Military Appeals, an 15 appeal may be taken by petition for writ of certiorari to the 16 Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals, as provided in subsection D of 17 this section; provided, such petition must be filed within ninety 18 (90) days from the date of said conviction. The Oklahoma Court of 19 Criminal Appeals may take jurisdiction of any case for the purpose 20 of correcting the appeal records when the same do not disclose 21 judgment and sentence; such jurisdiction shall be for the sole 22 purpose of correcting such defect or defects.

D. Procedures established by court rules. The procedures for
filing a Petition for Review or appeal made pursuant to subsection B

or C of this section shall be as provided in the Rules of the Court
 of Criminal Appeals; and the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals
 shall provide by court rules, which shall have the force of statute:

The procedure to be followed by the courts-martial in the
 preparation and authentication of transcripts and records in cases
 appealed under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice;

7 2. The procedure to be followed by the Court of Military
8 Appeals in the preparation of the record in cases brought up on
9 appeal to the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals under the Code;

10 3. The procedure to be followed for the completion and 11 submission of the Petition for Review or such other appeals lodged 12 pursuant to the Code; and

13 4. The procedure to be followed for filing a petition for and14 the issuance of a writ of certiorari.

E. Scope of review on certiorari. The scope of review to be afforded on certiorari shall be prescribed by the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals.

F. Additional proceedings. If the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals determines that additional proceedings are warranted, the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals may order a hearing, rehearing or other proceedings in accordance with the Rules of the Court of Criminal Appeals.

G. Action in accordance with decisions of the Oklahoma Court of
 Criminal Appeals. The State Judge Advocate shall instruct the

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appropriate authority to take action in accordance with the decision
 of the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals.

3 SECTION 83. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 867A of Title 44, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 RESERVED.

7 SECTION 84. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 868 of Title 44, unless there is
9 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 RESERVED

11 SECTION 85. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 869 of Title 44, unless there is 13 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 ARTICLE 69. Review by State Judge Advocate.

A. In general. Upon application by the accused and subject to subsections B, C and D of this section, the State Judge Advocate may modify or set aside, in whole or in part, the findings and sentence in a court-martial that is not reviewed under Section 866 of this title (Article 66).

B. Timing. To qualify for consideration, an application under subsection A of this section shall be submitted to the State Judge Advocate not later than one (1) year after the date of completion of review under Section 864 or 865 of this title (Article 64 or 65), as the case may be. The State Judge Advocate may, for good cause

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1 shown, extend the period for submission of an application, but may 2 not consider an application submitted more than three (3) years 3 after such completion date.

C. Scope.

4

In a case reviewed under Section 864 or subsection B 5 1. a. of Section 865 of this title (Article 64 or Article 6 7 65, subsection B), the State Judge Advocate may set aside the findings or sentence, in whole or in part, 8 9 on the grounds of newly discovered evidence, fraud on 10 the court, lack of jurisdiction over the accused or 11 the offense, error prejudicial to the substantial 12 rights of the accused, or the appropriateness of the 13 sentence.

- b. In setting aside findings or sentence, the State Judge
  Advocate may order a rehearing, except that a
  rehearing may not be ordered in violation of Section
  844 of this title (Article 44).
- c. If the State Judge Advocate sets aside findings and
   sentence and does not order a rehearing, the State
   Judge Advocate shall dismiss the charges.
- d. If the State Judge Advocate sets aside findings and
   orders a rehearing and the convening authority
   determines that a rehearing would be impractical, the
   convening authority shall dismiss the charges.

1 2. In a case reviewed under subsection B of Section 865 of this 2 title (Article 65, subsection B), review under this section is limited to the issue of whether the waiver or withdrawal of an 3 4 appeal was invalid under the law. If the State Judge Advocate 5 determines that the waiver or withdrawal of an appeal was invalid, 6 the State Judge Advocate shall order appropriate corrective action 7 under regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General. Military Court of Appeals. 8 D. 9 1. The Military Court of Appeals may review the action taken by 10 the State Judge Advocate under subsection C of this section: 11

11a. in a case sent to the Military Court of Appeals by12order of the State Judge Advocate, or13b. in a case submitted to the Military Court of Appeals

by the accused in an application for review.
The Military Court of Appeals may grant an application under
subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of this subsection only if:

17a.the application demonstrates a substantial basis for18concluding that the action on review under subsection19C of this section constituted prejudicial error, and20b.the application is filed not later than the earlier21of:

(1) sixty (60) days after the date on which the
 accused is notified of the decision of the State
 Judge Advocate, or

1 (2) sixty (60) days after the date on which a copy of 2 the decision of the State Judge Advocate is 3 deposited in the United States mail for delivery 4 by first-class certified mail to the accused at 5 an address provided by the accused or, if no such address has been provided by the accused, at the 6 7 latest address listed for the accused in his or her official service record. 8

9 3. The submission of an application for review under this
10 subsection does not constitute a proceeding before the Military
11 Court of Appeals for purposes of paragraph 1 of subsection C of
12 Section 870 of this title (Article 70, subsection C, paragraph 1).

E. Action only on matters of law. Notwithstanding Section 866
of this title (Article 66), in any case reviewed by the Military
Court of Appeals under subsection D of this section, the Court may
take action only with respect to matters of law.

SECTION 86. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 870 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 ARTICLE 70. Appellate counsel.

A. The State Judge Advocate shall detail in his or her office one or more commissioned officers as appellate government counsel, and one or more commissioned officers as appellate defense counsel,

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who are qualified under paragraph 1 of subsection B of Section 827
 of this title (Article 27, subsection B, paragraph 1).

B. Appellate government counsel shall represent the State of
Oklahoma before the Military Court of Appeals or the Court of
Criminal Appeals when directed to do so by the State Judge Advocate.

C. Appellate defense counsel shall represent the accused before
the Military Court of Appeals, or the Court of Criminal Appeals:

8 1. When requested by the accused;

9 2. When the State of Oklahoma is represented by counsel; or
10 3. When the State Judge Advocate has sent the case to the
11 Military Court of Appeals.

D. The accused has the right to be represented before the Military Court of Appeals, or the Court of Criminal Appeals by civilian counsel if provided by him or her.

E. Military appellate counsel shall also perform such other functions in connection with the review of court-martial cases as the State Judge Advocate directs.

18 F. As provided in regulations promulgated by the Adjutant 19 General, if needed, the State Judge Advocate may employ civilian 20 appellate counsel for the government and for the defense.

21 SECTION 87. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 871 of Title 44, unless there is 23 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

24 RESERVED.

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SECTION 88. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 872 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 72. Vacation of suspension.

5 Α. Before the vacation of the suspension of a special courtmartial sentence which as approved includes a bad-conduct discharge, 6 7 or of any general court-martial sentence, the officer having special court-martial jurisdiction over the probationer shall hold a hearing 8 9 on the alleged violation of probation. The State Judge Advocate 10 shall detail a judge advocate, who is certified under subsection B 11 of Section 827 of this title (Article 27, subsection B), to conduct 12 the hearing. The probationer shall be represented at the hearing by 13 counsel if the probationer so desires.

B. The record of the hearing and the recommendation of the officer having special court-martial jurisdiction shall be sent for action to the Adjutant General. If the Adjutant General vacates the suspension, any unexecuted part of the sentence shall be executed, subject to applicable restrictions in Section 857 of this title (Article 57).

20 C. The suspension of any other sentence may be vacated by any 21 authority competent to convene, for the command in which the accused 22 is serving or assigned, a court of the kind that imposed the 23 sentence.

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SECTION 89. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 873 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 73. Petition for a new trial.

5 At any time within three (3) years after the date of the entry of judgment under Section 860C of this title (Article 60C), the 6 7 accused may petition the State Judge Advocate for a new trial on the grounds of newly discovered evidence or fraud on the court. If the 8 9 accused's case is pending before the Military Court of Appeals or 10 before the Court of Criminal Appeals, the State Judge Advocate shall refer the petition to the appropriate court for action. Otherwise, 11 12 the State Judge Advocate shall act upon the petition.

SECTION 90. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 874 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 ARTICLE 74. Remission and suspension.

A. The Adjutant General and, when designated by him or her, a Senior Assistant Adjutant General, the State Judge Advocate, or commanding officer may remit or suspend any part or amount of the unexecuted part of any sentence, including all uncollected forfeitures other than a sentence approved by the Governor.

B. The Adjutant General may, for good cause, substitute an
administrative form of discharge for a discharge or dismissal
executed in accordance with the sentence of a court-martial.

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SECTION 91. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 875 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 75. Restoration.

A. Under such regulations as the Adjutant General may promulgate, all rights, privileges, and property affected by an executed part of a court-martial sentence which has been set aside or disapproved, except an executed dismissal or discharge, shall be restored unless a new trial or rehearing is ordered and such executed part is included in a sentence imposed upon the new trial or rehearing.

B. If a previously executed sentence of dishonorable or badconduct discharge is not imposed on a new trial, the Adjutant General shall substitute therefor a form of discharge authorized for administrative issuance unless the accused is to serve out the remainder of his or her enlistment.

17 С. If a previously executed sentence of dismissal is not 18 imposed on a new trial, the Adjutant General shall substitute 19 therefor a form of discharge authorized for administrative issue, 20 and the commissioned officer dismissed by that sentence may be 21 reappointed pursuant to Sections 875 and 12203 of Title 10 of the 22 United States Code and any applicable regulations prescribed 23 thereunder by the President of the United States or the Secretary 24 concerned.

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SECTION 92. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 876 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 76. Finality of proceedings, findings, and sentences. 5 The appellate review of records of trial provided by the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, the proceedings, 6 7 findings, and sentences of courts-martial as approved, reviewed, or affirmed as required by the Code, and all dismissals and discharges 8 9 carried into execution under sentences by courts-martial following 10 approval, review, or affirmation as required by the Code, are final 11 and conclusive. Orders publishing the proceedings of courts-martial 12 and all action taken pursuant to those proceedings are binding upon 13 all departments, courts, agencies, and officers of the State of 14 Oklahoma, subject only to action upon a petition for a new trial as 15 provided in Section 873 of this title (Article 73) and to action by 16 the Adjutant General as provided in Section 874 of this title 17 (Article 74) and the authority of the Governor.

SECTION 93. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 876A of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 76A. Leave required to be taken pending review of certain court-martial convictions.

23 Under regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General, an 24 accused who has been sentenced by a court-martial may be required to 1 take leave pending completion of action under this part if the sentence includes an unsuspended dismissal or an unsuspended 2 3 dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge. The accused may be required 4 to begin such leave on the date of the entry of judgment under 5 Section 860C of this title (Article 60C) or at any time after such date, and such leave may be continued until the date on which action 6 7 under this part is completed or may be terminated at any earlier 8 time.

9 SECTION 94. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 876B of Title 44, unless there 11 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 ARTICLE 76B. Lack of mental capacity or mental responsibility. 13 No person accused of violating a punitive section under the Α. 14 Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice shall be brought to trial 15 by a general or special court-martial if that person is presently 16 suffering from a mental disease or defect rendering him or her 17 mentally incompetent to the extent that he or she is unable to 18 understand the nature of the proceedings against him or her or to 19 conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case.

B. A person is presumed to have the capacity to stand trialunless the contrary is established.

C. The procedure for determining mental competence shall be
 established in regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General.

24

PART X.

1	PUNITIVE ARTICLES
2	SECTION 95. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
3	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 877 of Title 44, unless there is
4	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
5	ARTICLE 77. Principals.
6	Any person punishable under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of
7	Military Justice who:
8	1. Commits an offense punishable by the Oklahoma Uniform Code
9	of Military Justice, or aids, abets, counsels, commands, or procures
10	its commission; or
11	2. Causes an act to be done which if directly performed by him
12	or her would be punishable by this chapter,
13	shall be a principal.
14	SECTION 96. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
15	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 878 of Title 44, unless there is
16	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
17	ARTICLE 78. Accessory after the fact.
18	Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
19	Justice who, knowing that an offense punishable by the Code has been
20	committed, receives, comforts, or assists the offender in order to
21	hinder or prevent his or her apprehension, trial, or punishment
22	shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
23	
24	

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1 SECTION 97. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 879 of Title 44, unless there is 3 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 4 ARTICLE 79. Conviction of offense charged, lesser included 5 offenses. 6 In general. An accused may be found guilty of any of the Α. 7 following: 1. The offense charged; 8 9 2. A lesser included offense; 10 3. An attempt to commit the offense charged; and 11 4. An attempt to commit a lesser included offense, if the 12 attempt is an offense in its own right. 13 Β. Lesser included offense defined. In this section, the term 14 "lesser included offense" means: 15 1. An offense that is necessarily included in the offense 16 charged; and 17 2. Any lesser included offense so designated by regulation 18 prescribed by the Adjutant General. 19 C. Regulatory authority. Any designation of a lesser-included 20 offense in a regulation referred to in subsection B of this section 21 shall be reasonably included in the greater offense. 22 A new section of law to be codified SECTION 98. NEW LAW 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 880 of Title 44, unless there is 24 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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- ARTICLE 80. Attempts.

A. An act, done with specific intent to commit an offense under
the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, amounting to more
than mere preparation and tending, even though failing, to effect
its commission, shall be an attempt to commit that offense.

B. Any person subject to the Code who attempts to commit any
offense punishable by the Code shall be punished as a court-martial
may direct, unless otherwise specifically prescribed.

9 C. Any person subject to the Code may be convicted of an 10 attempt to commit an offense although it appears on the trial that 11 the offense was consummated.

12 SECTION 99. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 881 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 81. Conspiracy.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who conspires with any other person to commit an offense under the Code shall, if one or more of the conspirators does an act to effect the object of the conspiracy, be punished as a courtmartial may direct.

21 SECTION 100. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 882 of Title 44, unless there is 23 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 82. Soliciting commission of offenses.

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A. Soliciting commission of offenses generally. Any person
 subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who
 solicits or advises another to commit an offense under the Code,
 other than an offense specified in subsection B of this section,
 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

B. Soliciting desertion, mutiny, sedition, or misbehavior
before the enemy. Any person subject to the Code who solicits or
advises another to violate Section 885 of this title (Article 85),
Section 894 of this title (Article 94), or Section 899 of this title
(Article 99):

11 1. If the offense solicited or advised is attempted or is 12 committed, shall be punished with the punishment provided for the 13 commission of the offense; and

If the offense solicited or advised is not attempted or
 committed, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

16 SECTION 101. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 883 of Title 44, unless there is 18 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19 ARTICLE 83. Malingering.

20 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 21 Justice who, with the intent to avoid work, duty, or service:

22 1. Feigns illness, physical disablement, mental lapse, or 23 mental derangement; or

Intentionally inflicts self-injury,

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1 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

2 SECTION 102. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 3 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 884 of Title 44, unless there is 4 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

5 ARTICLE 84. Breach of medical quarantine.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of MilitaryJustice:

8 1. Who is ordered into medical quarantine by a person
9 authorized to issue such order; and

10 2. Who, with knowledge of the quarantine and the limits of the 11 quarantine, goes beyond those limits before being released from the 12 quarantine by proper authority,

13 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

14 SECTION 103. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 15 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 885 of Title 44, unless there is 16 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

17 ARTICLE 85. Desertion.

18 A. Any member of the state military forces who:

Without authority goes or remains absent from his or her
 unit, organization, or place of duty with intent to remain away
 therefrom permanently;

22 2. Quits his or her unit, organization, or place of duty with 23 intent to avoid hazardous duty or to shirk important service; or 24

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3. Without being regularly separated from one of the force
 components of state military forces enlists or accepts an
 appointment in the same or another one of the armed forces without
 fully disclosing the fact that he or she has not been regularly
 separated, or enters any foreign armed service except when
 authorized by the United States,

7 is guilty of desertion.

B. Any commissioned officer of the state military forces who,
after tender of his or her resignation and before notice of its
acceptance, quits his or her post or proper duties without leave and
with intent to remain away therefrom permanently is guilty of
desertion.

C. Any person found guilty of desertion or attempt to desert shall be punished, if the offense is committed in time of war, by confinement of not more than ten (10) years or such other punishment as a court-martial may direct, but if the desertion or attempt to desert occurs at any other time, by such punishment as a courtmartial may direct.

SECTION 104. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 886 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 ARTICLE 86. Absence without leave.

Any member of the state military forces who, without authority:

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Fails to go to his or her appointed place of duty at the
 time prescribed;

2. Goes from that place; or

3

3. Absents himself or herself or remains absent from his or her
unit, organization, or place of duty at which he or she is required
to be at the time prescribed,

7 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

8 SECTION 105. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 887 of Title 44, unless there is 10 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 ARTICLE 87. Missing movement; jumping from vessel.

A. Missing movement. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, through neglect or design, misses the movement of a ship, aircraft, or unit with which the person is required in the course of duty to move shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

B. Jumping from vessel into the water. Any person subject to the Code who wrongfully and intentionally jumps into the water from a vessel in use by the armed forces shall be punished as a courtmartial may direct.

21 SECTION 106. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 887A of Title 44, unless there 23 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 87A. Resistance, flight, breach of arrest, and escape.

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Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
 Justice who:

3 1. Resists apprehension;

4 2. Flees from apprehension;

5 3. Breaks arrest; or

6 4. Escapes from custody or confinement,

7 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

8 SECTION 107. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 887B of Title 44, unless there 10 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 RESERVED.

12 SECTION 108. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 888 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 88. Contempt toward officials.

Any commissioned officer who uses contemptuous words against the President, the Vice President, Congress, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of a military department, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Governor of the State of Oklahoma, or the Oklahoma Legislature shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

21 SECTION 109. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 889 of Title 44, unless there is 23 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 89. Disrespect toward superior commissioned officer;
 assault of superior commissioned officer.

A. Disrespect. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who behaves with disrespect toward that person's superior commissioned officer shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

7 Assault. Any person subject to the Code who strikes that Β. person's superior commissioned officer or draws or lifts up any 8 9 weapon or offers any violence against that officer while the officer 10 is in the execution of the officer's office shall be punished, if 11 the offense is committed in time of declared war, by confinement of 12 not more than ten (10) years or such other punishment as a court-13 martial may direct, and if the offense is committed at any other 14 time, by such punishment as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 110. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 890 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 90. Willfully disobeying superior commissioned officer. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who willfully disobeys a lawful command of that person's superior commissioned officer shall be punished, if the offense is committed in time of declared war, by confinement of not more than ten (10) years or such other punishment as a court-martial may

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1 direct, and if the offense is committed at any other time, by such 2 punishment as a court-martial may direct.

3 SECTION 111. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 891 of Title 44, unless there is 5 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 91. Insubordinate conduct toward warrant officer, ornoncommissioned officer.

Any warrant officer or enlisted member who:

9 1. Strikes or assaults a warrant officer, or noncommissioned 10 officer, while that officer is in the execution of his or her 11 office;

12 2. Willfully disobeys the lawful order of a warrant officer, or 13 noncommissioned officer; or

3. Treats with contempt or is disrespectful in language or
deportment toward a warrant officer, or noncommissioned officer,
while that officer is in the execution of his or her office,
shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 112. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 892 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

21 ARTICLE 92. Failure to obey order or regulation.

22 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 23 Justice who:

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Violates or fails to obey any lawful general order or
 regulation;

3 2. Having knowledge of any other lawful order issued by a 4 member of the state military forces, which it is his or her duty to 5 obey, fails to obey the order; or

6 3. Is derelict in the performance of his or her duties,7 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

8 SECTION 113. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 893 of Title 44, unless there is 10 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 ARTICLE 93. Cruelty and maltreatment.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who is guilty of cruelty toward, or oppression or maltreatment of, any person subject to his or her orders shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

16 SECTION 114. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 893A of Title 44, unless there 18 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 93A. Prohibited activities with military recruit or trainee by person in position of special trust.

A. Abuse of training leadership position. Any person subject
to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice:

23 1. Who is an officer, or a noncommissioned officer;

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1 2. Who is in a training leadership position with respect to a 2 specially protected junior member of the state military forces; and 3. Who engages in prohibited sexual activity with such 3 4 specially protected junior member of the state military forces, 5 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. 6 B. Abuse of position as military recruiter. Any person subject 7 to the Code: 1. Who is a military recruiter and engages in prohibited sexual 8 9 activity with an applicant for military service; or 10 2. Who is a military recruiter and engages in prohibited sexual activity with a specially protected junior member of the state 11 12 military forces who is enlisted under a delayed entry program, 13 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. 14 C. Consent. Consent is not a defense for any conduct at issue 15 in a prosecution under this section (article). 16 Definitions. In this section (article): D. 17 Specially protected junior member of the state military 1. 18 forces. The term "specially protected junior member of the state 19 military forces" means: 20 a member of the state military forces who is assigned a. 21 to, or is awaiting assignment to, basic training or 22 other initial active duty for training, including a 23 member who is enlisted under a delayed entry program, 24

1 b. a member of the state military forces who is a cadet, 2 an officer candidate, or a student in any other 3 officer qualification program, and a member of the state military forces in any program 4 с. 5 that, by regulation prescribed by the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of the Air Force or the Adjutant 6 7 General, is identified as a training program for initial career qualification; 8 9 2. Training leadership position. The term "training leadership 10 position" means, with respect to a specially protected junior member of the state military forces, any of the following: 11 12 any drill instructor position or other leadership a. 13 position in a basic training program, an officer 14 candidate school, a reserve officers' training corps 15 unit, a training program for entry into the state 16 military forces, or any program that, by regulation 17 prescribed by the Secretary of the Army or the 18 Secretary of the Air Force or the Adjutant General, 19 and 20 b. faculty and staff of any officer candidate school 21 organized under the authority of the Adjutant General; 22 3. Applicant for military service. The term "applicant for

24 by the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of the Air Force or

military service" means a person who, under regulations prescribed

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1 the Adjutant General, is an applicant for original enlistment or 2 appointment in the state military forces;

4. Military recruiter. The term "military recruiter" means a
person who, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the
Army or the Secretary of the Air Force or the Adjutant General, has
the primary duty to recruit persons for service in the state
military forces; and

5. Prohibited sexual activity. The term "prohibited sexual
activity" means, as specified in regulations prescribed by the
Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of the Air Force or the
Adjutant General, inappropriate physical intimacy under
circumstances described in such regulations.

SECTION 115. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 894 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 ARTICLE 94. Mutiny or sedition.

17 A. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military18 Justice who:

With intent to usurp or override lawful military authority,
 refuses, in concert with any other person, to obey orders or
 otherwise do his or her duty or creates any violence or disturbance
 is guilty of mutiny;

23 2. With intent to cause the overthrow or destruction of lawful
24 civil authority, creates, in concert with any other person, revolt,

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1 violence, or other disturbance against that authority is guilty of 2 sedition;

3 3. Fails to do his or her utmost to prevent and suppress a
4 mutiny or sedition being committed in his or her presence, or fails
5 to take all reasonable means to inform his or her superior
6 commissioned officer or commanding officer of a mutiny or sedition
7 which he or she knows or has reason to believe is taking place, is
8 guilty of a failure to suppress or report a mutiny or sedition.

9 B. A person who is found guilty of attempted mutiny, mutiny,
10 sedition, or failure to suppress or report a mutiny or sedition
11 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

12 SECTION 116. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 895 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 95. Offenses by sentinel or lookout.

A. Drunk or sleeping on post, or leaving post before being relieved. Any sentinel or lookout who is drunk on post, who sleeps on post, or who leaves post before being regularly relieved, shall be punished, if the offense is committed in time of war, by confinement of not more than ten (10) years or other punishment as a court-martial may direct, but if the offense is committed at any other time, by such punishment as a court-martial may direct.

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B. Loitering or wrongfully sitting on post. Any sentinel or
 lookout who loiters or wrongfully sits down on post shall be
 punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 117. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 895A of Title 44, unless there
is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
ARTICLE 95A. Disrespect toward sentinel or lookout.

Disrespectful language toward sentinel or lookout. 8 Α. Any 9 person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, 10 knowing that another person is a sentinel or lookout, uses wrongful 11 and disrespectful language that is directed toward and within the 12 hearing of the sentinel or lookout, who is in the execution of 13 duties as a sentinel or lookout, shall be punished as a court-14 martial may direct.

B. Disrespectful behavior toward sentinel or lookout. Any person subject to the Code who, knowing that another person is a sentinel or lookout, behaves in a wrongful and disrespectful manner that is directed toward and within the sight of the sentinel or lookout, who is in the execution of duties as a sentinel or lookout, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 118. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 896 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 96. Release of prisoner without authority; drinking
 with prisoner.

3 A. Release of prisoner without authority. Any person subject4 to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice:

5 1. Who, without authority to do so, releases a prisoner; or

2. Who, through neglect or design, allows a prisoner to escape,
shall be punished as a court-martial may direct, whether or not the
prisoner was committed in strict compliance with the law.

9 B. Drinking with prisoner. Any person subject to the Code who
10 unlawfully drinks any alcoholic beverage with a prisoner shall be
11 punished as a court-martial may direct.

12 SECTION 119. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 897 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 97. Unlawful detention.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, except as provided by law, apprehends, arrests, or confines any person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. SECTION 120. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 898 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 ARTICLE 98. Misconduct as prisoner.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, while in the hands of the enemy in time of war:

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1 1. For the purpose of securing favorable treatment by his or 2 her captors acts without proper authority in a manner contrary to 3 law, custom, or regulation, to the detriment of others of whatever 4 nationality held by the enemy as civilian or military prisoners; or 5 2. While in a position of authority over such persons maltreats them without justifiable cause, 6 7 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. SECTION 121. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 8 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 899 of Title 44, unless there is 10 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 11 ARTICLE 99. Misbehavior before the enemy. 12 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 13 Justice who before or in the presence of the enemy: 14 1. Runs away; 15 Shamefully abandons, surrenders, or delivers up any command, 2. 16 unit, place, or military property which it is his or her duty to 17 defend: 18 Through disobedience, neglect, or intentional misconduct 3. 19 endangers the safety of any such command, unit, place, or military 20 property; 21 4. Casts away his or her arms or ammunition; 22 Is guilty of cowardly conduct; 5. 23 6. Quits his or her place of duty to plunder or pillage; 24

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7. Causes false alarms in any command, unit, or place under
 control of the armed forces of the United States or the state
 military forces;

8. Willfully fails to do his or her utmost to encounter,
engage, capture, or destroy any enemy troops, combatants, vessels,
aircraft, or any other thing, which it is his or her duty so to
encounter, engage, capture, or destroy; or

9. Does not afford all practicable relief and assistance to any
9 troops, combatants, vessels, or aircraft of the armed forces
10 belonging to the United States or their allies, to the State of
11 Oklahoma, or to any other state, when engaged in battle,
12 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 122. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 900 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 ARTICLE 100. Subordinate compelling surrender.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who compels or attempts to compel the commander of any place, vessel, aircraft, or other military property, or of any body of members of the state military forces, to give it up to an enemy or to abandon it, or who strikes the colors or flag to an enemy without proper authority, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

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SECTION 123. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 901 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 101. Improper use of countersign.

5 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 6 Justice who in time of war discloses the parole or countersign to 7 any person not entitled to receive it or who gives to another who is 8 entitled to receive and use the parole or countersign a different 9 parole or countersign from that which, to his or her knowledge, he 10 or she was authorized and required to give, shall be punished as a 11 court-martial may direct.

12 SECTION 124. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 902 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 ARTICLE 102. Forcing a safeguard.

16 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 17 Justice who forces a safeguard shall be punished as a court-martial 18 may direct.

SECTION 125. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 903 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- 22 RESERVED.
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1 SECTION 126. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 903A of Title 44, unless there 3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 4 RESERVED. 5 SECTION 127. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 903B of Title 44, unless there 6 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 7 ARTICLE 103B. Aiding the enemy. 8 9 Any person who: 10 1. Aids, or attempts to aid, the enemy with arms, ammunition, 11 supplies, money, or other things; or 2. Without proper authority, knowingly harbors or protects or 12 13 gives intelligence to, or communicates or corresponds with or holds 14 any intercourse with the enemy, either directly or indirectly, 15 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. 16 SECTION 128. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 903C of Title 44, unless there 18 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 19 ARTICLE 103C. Unlawful disclosure of confidential information. 20 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 21 Justice who, with intent or reason to believe that it is to be used 22 in the commission of a crime or act of terrorism under Oklahoma law, 23 communicates, delivers or transmits, or attempts to communicate, 24 deliver or transmit confidential information, directly or

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1 indirectly, to any other person shall be punished as a court-martial
2 may direct.

3 SECTION 129. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 904 of Title 44, unless there is 5 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 ARTICLE 104. Public records offenses.

7 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who willfully and unlawfully alters, conceals, removes, 8 9 mutilates, obliterates, destroys, or takes with the intent to alter, 10 conceal, remove, mutilate, obliterate, or destroy, a certain public 11 record, and whose conduct, under the circumstances, was to the 12 prejudice of good order and discipline in the armed forces or was of 13 a nature to bring discredit upon the armed forces, shall be punished 14 as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 130. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 904A of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: ARTICLE 104A. Fraudulent enlistment, appointment, or

19 separation.

20 Any person who:

Procures his or her own enlistment or appointment in the
 state military forces by knowingly false representation or
 deliberate concealment as to his or her qualifications for that

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1 enlistment or appointment and receives pay or allowances thereunder; 2 or

2. Procures his or her own separation from the state military
forces by knowingly false representation or deliberate concealment
as to his or her eligibility for that separation,

6 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

7 SECTION 131. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 904B of Title 44, unless there 9 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 ARTICLE 104B. Unlawful enlistment, appointment, or separation.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who effects an enlistment or appointment in or a separation from the state military forces of any person who is known to him or her to be ineligible for that enlistment, appointment, or separation because it is prohibited by law, regulation, or order shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 132. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 905 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 RESERVED.

21 SECTION 133. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 905A of Title 44, unless there 23 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 105A. False or unauthorized pass offenses.

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A. Wrongful making, altering, etc. Any person subject to the
 Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, wrongfully and
 falsely, makes, alters, counterfeits, or tampers with a military or
 official pass, permit, discharge certificate, or identification card
 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

B. Wrongful sale, etc. Any person subject to the Code who
wrongfully sells, gives, lends, or disposes of a false or
unauthorized military or official pass, permit, discharge
certificate, or identification card, knowing that the pass, permit,
discharge certificate, or identification card is false or
unauthorized, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

C. Wrongful use or possession. Any person subject to the Code who wrongfully uses or possesses a false or unauthorized military or official pass, permit, discharge certificate, or identification card, knowing that the pass, permit, discharge certificate, or identification card is false or unauthorized, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 134. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 906 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

21 RESERVED.

22 SECTION 135. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 906A of Title 44, unless there 24 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 106A. Wearing unauthorized insignia, decoration, badge,
 ribbon, device, or lapel button.

3 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 4 Justice:

5 1. Who is not authorized to wear an insignia, decoration,
6 badge, ribbon, device, or lapel button; and

7 2. Who wrongfully wears such insignia, decoration, badge,
8 ribbon, device, or lapel button upon the person's uniform or
9 civilian clothing,

10 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 136. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 907 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 ARTICLE 107. False official statements; false swearing.

A. False official statements. Any person subject to the
Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, with intent to
deceive:

Signs any false record, return, regulation, order, or other
 official document, knowing it to be false; or

20 2. Makes any other false official statement knowing it to be 21 false,

22 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

B. False swearing. Any person subject to the Code:

24 1. Who takes an oath that:

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1	a. is administered in a matter in which such oath is
2	required or authorized by law, and
3	b. is administered by a person with authority to do so;
4	and
5	2. Who, upon such oath, makes or subscribes to a statement,
6	if the statement is false and at the time of taking the oath, the
7	person does not believe the statement to be true,
8	shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
9	SECTION 137. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
10	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 907A of Title 44, unless there
11	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
12	RESERVED.
13	SECTION 138. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
14	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 908 of Title 44, unless there is
15	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
16	ARTICLE 108. Military property-loss, damage, destruction, or
17	wrongful disposition.
18	Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
19	Justice who, without proper authority:
20	1. Sells or otherwise disposes of;
21	2. Willfully or through neglect damages, destroys, or loses; or
22	3. Willfully or through neglect suffers to be lost, damaged,
23	destroyed, sold, or wrongfully disposed of,
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any military property of the United States, the State of Oklahoma,
 or any other state, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
 SECTION 139. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 908A of Title 44, unless there
 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 ARTICLE 108A. Captured or abandoned property.

A. All persons subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice shall secure all public property taken for the service of the United States, or the State of Oklahoma, or another state, and shall give notice and turn over to the proper authority without delay all captured or abandoned property in their possession, custody, or control.

13 B. Any person subject to the Code who:

14 1. Fails to carry out the duties prescribed in subsection A of 15 this section;

2. Buys, sells, trades, or in any way deals in or disposes of
captured or abandoned property, whereby he or she receives or
expects any profit, benefit, or advantage to himself or herself or
another directly or indirectly connected with himself or herself; or
3. Engages in looting or pillaging,

21 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

22 SECTION 140. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 909 of Title 44, unless there is 24 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 109. Property other than military property-waste,
 spoilage, or destruction.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who willfully or recklessly wastes, spoils, or otherwise willfully and wrongfully destroys or damages any property other than military property of the United States or of the State of Oklahoma or of any other state shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

9 SECTION 141. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 909A of Title 44, unless there
11 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
12 RESERVED.

SECTION 142. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 910 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

16 ARTICLE 110. Improper hazarding of vessel or aircraft.

A. Willful and wrongful hazarding. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, willfully and wrongfully, hazards or suffers to be hazarded any vessel or aircraft of the armed forces of the United States, the state military forces, or of the military forces of any other state shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

B. Negligent hazarding. Any person subject to the Code who
 negligently hazards or suffers to be hazarded any vessel or aircraft

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of the armed forces of the United States, the state military forces,
 or of the military forces of any other state shall be punished as a
 court-martial may direct.

4 SECTION 143. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 5 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 911 of Title 44, unless there is 6 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

7 RESERVED.

8 SECTION 144. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 912 of Title 44, unless there is 10 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 ARTICLE 112. Drunkenness and other incapacitation offenses.

A. Drunk on duty. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, other than a sentinel or lookout, who is drunk on duty shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

B. Incapacitation for duty from drunkenness or drug use. Any
person subject to the Code who, as a result of indulgence in any
alcoholic beverage or any drug, is incapacitated for the proper
performance of duty shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

C. Drunk prisoner. Any person subject to the Code who is a prisoner and, while in such status, is drunk shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

22 SECTION 145. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 912A of Title 44, unless there 24 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 112A. Wrongful use, possession, etc., of controlled
 substances.

3 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Α. 4 Justice who wrongfully uses, possesses, manufactures, distributes, 5 imports into the customs territory of the United States, exports from the United States, or introduces into an installation, vessel, 6 7 vehicle, or aircraft used by or under the control of the armed forces of the United States or of the state military forces a 8 9 substance described in subsection B of this section shall be 10 punished as a court-martial may direct.

B. The substances referred to in subsection A of this section are the following:

Opium, heroin, cocaine, amphetamine, lysergic acid
 diethylamide, methamphetamine, phencyclidine, barbituric acid, and
 marijuana and any compound or derivative of any such substance;

2. Any substance not specified in paragraph 1 of this
subsection that is listed on a schedule of controlled substances
prescribed by the President for the purposes of the Uniform Code of
Military Justice, Title 10 of the United States Code, Section 801,
et seq.; and

3. Any other substance not specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection or contained on a list prescribed by the President under paragraph 2 of this subsection that is listed in schedules I through 24

V of article 202 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21 of the
 United States Code, Section 812.

3 SECTION 146. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 913 of Title 44, unless there is 5 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 RESERVED.

7 SECTION 147. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 914 of Title 44, unless there is 9 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 ARTICLE 114. Endangerment offenses.

A. Reckless endangerment. Any person subject to the Oklahoma
 Uniform Code of Military Justice who engages in conduct that:

13 1. Is wrongful and reckless or is wanton; and

14 2. Is likely to produce death or grievous bodily harm to 15 another person,

16 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

17 B. Dueling. Any person subject to the Code:

Who fights or promotes, or is concerned in or connives at
 fighting, a duel; or

20 2. Who, having knowledge of a challenge sent or about to be
21 sent, fails to report the facts promptly to the proper authority,
22 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

C. Firearm discharge, endangering human life. Any person
subject to the Code who, willfully and wrongly, discharges a

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1 firearm, under circumstances such as to endanger human life shall be
2 punished as a court-martial may direct.

D. State active duty, personal firearms. Any person subject to the Code and in a state active duty status who carries a personal firearm openly or concealed on or about his or her person without the authorization of the Adjutant General or pursuant to the state rules for the use of force then in effect shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

9 E. Carrying concealed weapon. Any person subject to the Code 10 who unlawfully carries a dangerous weapon concealed on or about his 11 or her person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

12 SECTION 148. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 915 of Title 44, unless there is 14 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 RESERVED.

16 SECTION 149. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 916 of Title 44, unless there is 18 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19 ARTICLE 116. Riot or breach of peace.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who causes or participates in any riot or breach of the peace shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

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SECTION 150. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 917 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 117. Provoking speeches or gestures.

5 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 6 Justice who uses provoking or reproachful words or gestures towards 7 any other person subject to the Code shall be punished as a court-8 martial may direct.

9 SECTION 151. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 917A of Title 44, unless there 11 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 ARTICLE 117A. Wrongful broadcast or distribution of intimate 13 visual images.

A. Prohibition. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform
Code of Military Justice:

16 1. Who knowingly and wrongfully broadcasts or distributes an 17 intimate visual image of another person or a visual image of 18 sexually explicit conduct involving a person who:

a. is at least eighteen (18) years of age at the time the
 intimate visual image or visual image of sexually
 explicit conduct was created,

b. is identifiable from the intimate visual image or
visual image of sexually explicit conduct itself, or
from information displayed in connection with the

1 intimate visual image or visual image of sexually
2 explicit conduct, and

3 c. does not explicitly consent to the broadcast or 4 distribution of the intimate visual image or visual 5 image of sexually explicit conduct;

6 2. Who knows or reasonably should have known that the intimate 7 visual image or visual image of sexually explicit conduct was made 8 under circumstances in which the person depicted in the intimate 9 visual image or visual image of sexually explicit conduct retained a 10 reasonable expectation of privacy regarding any broadcast or 11 distribution of the intimate visual image or visual image of 12 sexually explicit conduct;

3. Who knows or reasonably should have known that the broadcast or distribution of the intimate visual image or visual image of sexually explicit conduct is likely:

- 16a.to cause harm, harassment, intimidation, emotional17distress, or financial loss for the person depicted in18the intimate visual image or visual image of sexually19explicit conduct, or
- b. to harm substantially the depicted person with respect
  to that person's health, safety, business, calling,
  career, financial condition, reputation, or personal
  relationships; and
- 24

4. Whose conduct, under the circumstances, had a reasonably
 direct and palpable connection to a military mission or military
 environment,

4 is guilty of wrongful distribution of intimate visual images or 5 visual images of sexually explicit conduct and shall be punished as 6 a court-martial may direct.

7 B. Definitions. In this section:

8 1. Broadcast. The term "broadcast" means to electronically
9 transmit a visual image with the intent that it be viewed by a
10 person or persons;

11 2. Distribute. The term "distribute" means to deliver to the 12 actual or constructive possession of another person, including 13 transmission by mail or electronic means;

14 3. Intimate visual image. The term "intimate visual image"
15 means a visual image that depicts a private area of a person;

16 4. Private area. The term "private area" means the naked or 17 underwear-clad genitalia, anus, buttocks, or female areola or 18 nipple;

19 5. Reasonable expectation of privacy. The term "reasonable 20 expectation of privacy" means circumstances in which a reasonable 21 person would believe that a private area of the person, or sexually 22 explicit conduct involving the person, would not be visible to the 23 public;

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1 6. Sexually explicit conduct. The term "sexually explicit 2 conduct" means actual or simulated genital-genital contact, oral-3 genital contact, anal-genital contact, or oral-anal contact, whether 4 between persons of the same or opposite sex, bestiality, 5 masturbation, or sadistic or masochistic abuse; and 6 7. Visual image. The term "visual image" means the following: 7 any developed or undeveloped photograph, picture, a. film, or video, 8 9 b. any digital or computer image, picture, film, or video 10 made by any means, including those transmitted by any 11 means, including streaming media, even if not stored 12 in a permanent format, 13 any digital or electronic data capable of conversion с. 14 into a visual image. 15 NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified SECTION 152. 16 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 918 of Title 44, unless there is 17 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 18 RESERVED. 19 SECTION 153. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 919 of Title 44, unless there is 21 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 22 RESERVED. 23 24

1 SECTION 154. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 919A of Title 44, unless there 3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 4 RESERVED. 5 SECTION 155. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 919B of Title 44, unless there 6 7 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 8 RESERVED. 9 SECTION 156. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 920 of Title 44, unless there is 11 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 12 ARTICLE 120. Sexual assault generally. 13 Sexual assault. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Α. 14 Code of Military Justice who: 15 Commits a sexual act upon another person by: 1. 16 threatening or placing that other person in fear, a. 17 b. making a fraudulent representation that the sexual act 18 serves a professional purpose, or 19 inducing a belief by any artifice, pretense, or с. 20 concealment that the person is another person; 21 2. Commits a sexual act upon another person: 22 without the consent of the other person, or a. 23 24

1 b. when the person knows or reasonably should know that 2 the other person is asleep, unconscious, or otherwise 3 unaware that the sexual act is occurring; or 4 3. Commits a sexual act upon another person when the other 5 person is incapable of consenting to the sexual act due to: impairment by any drug, intoxicant, or other similar 6 a. 7 substance, and that condition is known or reasonably should be known by the person, or 8 9 b. a mental disease or defect, or physical disability, 10 and that condition is known or reasonably should be 11 known by the person, is guilty of sexual assault and shall be punished as a court-martial 12

12 is guilty of sexual assault and shall be punished as a court-martial
13 may direct.

B. Aggravated sexual contact. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who commits or causes sexual contact upon or by another person, if to do so would violate Section 1111 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, had the sexual contact been a sexual act as defined in subsection F of this section, is guilty of aggravated sexual contact and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

C. Abusive sexual contact. Any person subject to the Code who commits or causes sexual contact upon or by another person, if to do so would violate subsection A of this section had the sexual contact

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1 been a sexual act, is guilty of abusive sexual contact and shall be
2 punished as a court-martial may direct.

D. Proof of threat. In a prosecution under this section, in proving that a person made a threat, it need not be proven that the person actually intended to carry out the threat or had the ability to carry out the threat.

E. Defenses. An accused may raise any applicable defenses available under the Code or the Rules for Court-Martial contained in the most recent edition of the Manual for Courts-Martial, United States, including all amendments thereto adopted from time to time, except when such rules are contrary to or inconsistent with the Code. Marriage is not a defense for any conduct in issue in any prosecution under this section.

14 F. Definitions. In this section:

15 1. Sexual act. The term "sexual act" means:

- a. the penetration, however slight, of the penis into the
  vulva or anus or mouth,
- b. contact between the mouth and the penis, vulva,scrotum, or anus, or
- c. the penetration, however slight, of the vulva or penis
  or anus of another by any part of the body or any
  object, with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass, or
  degrade any person or to arouse or gratify the sexual
  desire of any person;

2. Sexual contact. The term "sexual contact" means touching,
 or causing another person to touch, either directly or through the
 clothing, the vulva, penis, scrotum, anus, groin, breast, inner
 thigh, or buttocks of any person, with an intent to abuse,
 humiliate, harass, or degrade any person or to arouse or gratify the
 sexual desire of any person. Touching may be accomplished by any
 part of the body or an object;

3. Grievous bodily harm. The term "grievous bodily harm" means
9 serious bodily injury. It includes fractured or dislocated bones,
10 deep cuts, torn members of the body, serious damage to internal
11 organs, and other severe bodily injuries. It does not include minor
12 injuries such as a black eye or a bloody nose;

- 13 4. Force. The term "force" means:
- 14 a. the use of a weapon,
- b. the use of such physical strength or violence as is
  sufficient to overcome, restrain, or injure a person,
  or
- c. inflicting physical harm sufficient to coerce or
  compel submission by the victim;

20 5. Unlawful force. The term "unlawful force" means an act of 21 force done without legal justification or excuse;

6. Threatening or placing that other person in fear. The term
"threatening or placing that other person in fear" means a
communication or action that is of sufficient consequence to cause a

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1 reasonable fear that noncompliance will result in the victim or 2 another person being subjected to the wrongful action contemplated 3 by the communication or action;

7. Consent.

4

5 a. the term "consent" means a freely given agreement to the conduct at issue by a competent person. 6 An 7 expression of lack of consent through words or conduct means there is no consent. Lack of verbal or physical 8 9 resistance does not constitute consent. Submission 10 resulting from the use of force, threat of force, or 11 placing another person in fear also does not 12 constitute consent. A current or previous dating or 13 social or sexual relationship by itself or the manner 14 of dress of the person involved with the accused in 15 the conduct at issue does not constitute consent, 16 a sleeping, unconscious, or incompetent person cannot b. 17 consent. A person cannot consent to force causing or 18 likely to cause death or grievous bodily harm or to 19 being rendered unconscious. A person cannot consent 20 while under threat or in fear or under the 21 circumstances described in subparagraph b or c of 22 paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section, 23 all the surrounding circumstances are to be considered с. 24 in determining whether a person gave consent; and

8. Incapable of consenting. The term "incapable of consenting" 2 means the person is: 3 incapable of appraising the nature of the conduct at a. 4 issue, or 5 b. physically incapable of declining participation in, or communicating unwillingness to engage in, the sexual 6 7 act at issue. SECTION 157. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 8 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 920A of Title 44, unless there 10 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 11 RESERVED. 12 A new section of law to be codified SECTION 158. NEW LAW 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 920B of Title 44, unless there 14 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 15 RESERVED. 16 SECTION 159. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 920C of Title 44, unless there 18 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 19 ARTICLE 120C. Other sexual misconduct. 20 Indecent viewing, visual recording, or broadcasting. Any Α. 21 person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, 22 without legal justification or lawful authorization: 23 24 ENGR. H. B. NO. 2362 Page 209

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1. Knowingly and wrongfully views the private area of another
 2 person, without that other person's consent and under circumstances
 3 in which that other person has a reasonable expectation of privacy;

2. Knowingly photographs, videotapes, films, or records by any
means the private area of another person, without that other
person's consent and under circumstances in which that other person
has a reasonable expectation of privacy; or

8 3. Knowingly broadcasts or distributes any such recording that 9 the person knew or reasonably should have known was made under the 10 circumstances proscribed in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, 11 is guilty of an offense under this section and shall be punished as 12 a court-martial may direct.

B. Forcible pandering. Any person subject to the Code who compels another person to engage in an act of prostitution with any person is guilty of forcible pandering and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

17 C. Indecent exposure. Any person subject to the Code who 18 intentionally exposes, in an indecent manner, the genitalia, anus, 19 buttocks, or female areola or nipple is guilty of indecent exposure 20 and shall by punished as a court-martial may direct.

21 D. Definitions. In this section:

1. Act of prostitution. The term "act of prostitution" means a sexual act or sexual contact, as defined in subsection F of Section 24

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1 920 of this title (Article 120, subsection F), on account of which 2 anything of value is given to, or received by, any person;

3 2. Private area. The term "private area" means the naked or 4 underwear-clad genitalia, anus, buttocks, or female areola or 5 nipple;

3. Reasonable expectation of privacy. The term "under
7 circumstances in which that other person has a reasonable
8 expectation of privacy" means:

9 а. circumstances in which a reasonable person would 10 believe that he or she could disrobe in privacy, 11 without being concerned that an image of a private 12 area of the person was being captured, or circumstances in which a reasonable person would 13 b. 14 believe that a private area of the person would not be 15 visible to the public;

16 4. Broadcast. The term "broadcast" means to electronically 17 transmit a visual image with the intent that it be viewed by a 18 person or persons;

19 5. Distribute. The term "distribute" means delivering to the 20 actual or constructive possession of another, including transmission 21 by electronic means;

6. Indecent manner. The term "indecent manner" means conduct that amounts to a form of immorality relating to sexual impurity which is grossly vulgar, obscene, and repugnant to common propriety,

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1 and tends to excite sexual desire or deprave morals with respect to
2 sexual relations.

3 SECTION 160. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 920D of Title 44, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 ARTICLE 120D. Fraternization.

7 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
8 Justice who is a commissioned officer, warrant officer or
9 noncommissioned officer and:

Who fraternizes on terms of military equality with one or
 more certain enlisted members in a certain manner;

Who then knows the person or persons to be an enlisted
 person or persons;

3. Who, through such fraternization, knowingly violates the customs of the United States Army, if a member of the army component of the state military forces, or the customs of the United States Air Force, if a member of the air force component of the state military forces, that officers shall not fraternize with enlisted members on terms of equality; and

4. Under the circumstances, the conduct of the accused was to the prejudice of good order and discipline in the state military forces or was of a nature to bring discredit upon the state military forces,

24 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

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SECTION 161. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 921 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 121. Larceny and wrongful appropriation.

A. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
Justice who wrongfully takes, obtains, or withholds, by any means,
from the possession of the owner or of any other person any money,
personal property, or article of value of any kind:

9 1. With intent permanently to deprive or defraud another person 10 of the use and benefit of property or to appropriate it to his or 11 her own use or the use of any person other than the owner, steals 12 that property and is guilty of larceny; or

13 2. With intent temporarily to deprive or defraud another person 14 of the use and benefit of property or to appropriate it to his or 15 her own use or the use of any person other than the owner, is guilty 16 of wrongful appropriation.

B. Any person found guilty of larceny or wrongful appropriationshall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 162. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 921A of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: RESERVED.

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1 SECTION 163. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 921B of Title 44, unless there 3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 4 RESERVED. 5 SECTION 164. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 922 of Title 44, unless there is 6 7 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 8 RESERVED. 9 SECTION 165. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 922A of Title 44, unless there 11 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 12 RESERVED. 13 SECTION 166. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 923 of Title 44, unless there is 15 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 16 RESERVED. 17 SECTION 167. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 18 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 923A of Title 44, unless there 19 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 20 RESERVED. 21 A new section of law to be codified SECTION 168. NEW LAW 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 924 of Title 44, unless there is 23 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 24 ARTICLE 124. Frauds against the government.

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Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
 Justice:

3	1. Who, knowing it to be false or fraudulent:
4	a. makes any claim against the United States, the State
5	of Oklahoma, or any officer thereof, or
6	b. presents to any person in the civil or military
7	service thereof, for approval or payment, any claim
8	against the United States, the State of Oklahoma, or
9	any officer thereof;
10	2. Who, for the purpose of obtaining the approval, allowance,
11	or payment of any claim against the United States, the State of
12	Oklahoma, or any officer thereof:
13	a. makes or uses any writing or other paper knowing it to
14	contain any false or fraudulent statements,
15	b. makes any oath, affirmation or certification to any
16	fact or to any writing or other paper knowing the
17	oath, affirmation or certification to be false, or
18	c. forges or counterfeits any signature upon any writing
19	or other paper, or uses any such signature knowing it
20	to be forged or counterfeited;
21	3. Who, having charge, possession, custody, or control of any
22	money, or other property of the United States or the State of
23	Oklahoma, furnished or intended for the armed forces of the United

24 States or the state military forces, knowingly delivers to any

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person having authority to receive it, any amount thereof less than
 that for which he or she receives a certificate or receipt; or

4. Who, being authorized to make or deliver any paper
certifying the receipt of any property of the United States or the
State of Oklahoma, furnished or intended for the armed forces of the
United States or the state military forces, makes or delivers to any
person such writing without having full knowledge of the truth of
the statements therein contained and with intent to defraud the
United States or the State of Oklahoma,

10 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

11SECTION 169.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified12in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 924A of Title 44, unless there13is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

14 RESERVED.

15 SECTION 170. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 16 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 924B of Title 44, unless there 17 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

18 RESERVED.

19SECTION 171.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified20in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 925 of Title 44, unless there is21created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 RESERVED.

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SECTION 172. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 926 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 RESERVED.

5 SECTION 173. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 927 of Title 44, unless there is 7 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 RESERVED.

9 SECTION 174. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 928 of Title 44, unless there is 11 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 ARTICLE 128. Assault.

A. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who attempts or offers with unlawful force or violence to do bodily harm to another person, whether or not the attempt or offer is consummated, is guilty of assault and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

18 B. Any person subject to the Code who:

Commits an assault with a dangerous weapon or other means or
 force likely to produce death or grievous bodily harm; or

21 2. Commits an assault and intentionally inflicts grievous
22 bodily harm with or without a weapon,

23 is guilty of aggravated assault and shall be punished as a court-24 martial may direct.

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1 SECTION 175. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 928A of Title 44, unless there 3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 4 RESERVED. 5 SECTION 176. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 928B of Title 44, unless there 6 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 7 8 RESERVED. 9 SECTION 177. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 929 of Title 44, unless there is 11 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 12 RESERVED. 13 SECTION 178. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 14 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 929A of Title 44, unless there 15 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 16 RESERVED. 17 SECTION 179. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 18 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 930 of Title 44, unless there is 19 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 20 ARTICLE 130. Stalking. 21 In general. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code Α. 22 of Military Justice: 23 1. Who wrongfully engages in a course of conduct directed at a 24 specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear death

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1 or bodily harm, including sexual assault, to himself or herself, to 2 a member of his or her immediate family, or to his or her intimate 3 partner;

2. Who has knowledge, or should have knowledge, that the
specific person will be placed in reasonable fear of death or bodily
harm, including sexual assault, to himself or herself, to a member
of his or her immediate family, or to his or her intimate partner;
and

9 3. Whose conduct induces reasonable fear in the specific person 10 of death or bodily harm, including sexual assault, to himself or 11 herself, to a member of his or her immediate family, or to his or 12 her intimate partner,

13 is guilty of stalking and shall be punished as a court-martial may 14 direct.

15 B. Definitions. In this section:

16 1. The term "conduct" means conduct of any kind, including use 17 of surveillance, the mails, an interactive computer service, an 18 electronic communication service, or an electronic communication 19 system;

20
2. The term "course of conduct" means:
21
a. a repeated maintenance of visual or physical proximity
22
23
b. a repeated conveyance of verbal threats, written
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2specific person, or3c. a pattern of conduct composed of repeated acts4evidencing a continuity of purpose;53. The term "repeated", with respect to conduct, means two or6more occasions of such conduct;74. The term "immediate family", in the case of a specific8person, means:9a. that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister,10child, or other person to whom he or she stands in11loco parentis, or12b. any other person living in his or her household and13related to him or her by blood or marriage; and145. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific15person, means:16a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who17shares a child in common with the specific person, or18a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a19spouse with the specific person, or20b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a21romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,22as determined by the length of the relationship, the23type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction24between the persons involved in the relationship.	1			combination of such threats, directed at or toward a
<ul> <li>evidencing a continuity of purpose;</li> <li>The term "repeated", with respect to conduct, means two or</li> <li>more occasions of such conduct;</li> <li>The term "immediate family", in the case of a specific</li> <li>person, means:</li> <li>a. that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister,</li> <li>child, or other person to whom he or she stands in</li> <li>loco parentis, or</li> <li>b. any other person living in his or her household and</li> <li>related to him or her by blood or marriage; and</li> <li>5. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific</li> <li>person, means:</li> <li>a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who</li> <li>shares a child in common with the specific person, or</li> <li>a person who chabits with or has cohabited as a</li> <li>spouse with the specific person, or</li> <li>b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a</li> <li>romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,</li> <li>as determined by the length of the relationship, the</li> <li>type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction</li> </ul>	2			specific person, or
<ul> <li>3. The term "repeated", with respect to conduct, means two or</li> <li>more occasions of such conduct;</li> <li>4. The term "immediate family", in the case of a specific</li> <li>person, means: <ul> <li>a. that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister,</li> <li>child, or other person to whom he or she stands in</li> <li>loco parentis, or</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. any other person living in his or her household and</li> <li>related to him or her by blood or marriage; and</li> <li>5. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific</li> <li>person, means: <ul> <li>a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who shares a child in common with the specific person, or</li> <li>a person who chabits with or has cohabited as a spouse with the specific person, or</li> <li>b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the specific person, as determined by the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3		C.	a pattern of conduct composed of repeated acts
6       more occasions of such conduct;         7       4. The term "immediate family", in the case of a specific         8       person, means:         9       a. that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister,         10       child, or other person to whom he or she stands in         11       loco parentis, or         12       b. any other person living in his or her household and         13       related to him or her by blood or marriage; and         14       5. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific         15       person, means:         16       a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who         17       shares a child in common with the specific person, or         18       a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a         19       b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a         20       b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a         21       commantic or intimate nature with the specific person,         22       as determined by the length of the relationship, the         23       type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	4			evidencing a continuity of purpose;
74. The term "immediate family", in the case of a specific person, means:9a. that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister, child, or other person to whom he or she stands in loco parentis, or11loco parentis, or12b. any other person living in his or her household and related to him or her by blood or marriage; and145. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific person, means:16a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who shares a child in common with the specific person, or a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a spouse with the specific person, or19b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the specific person, as determined by the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	5	3.	The	term "repeated", with respect to conduct, means two or
<ul> <li>8 person, means:</li> <li>9 a. that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister,</li> <li>10 child, or other person to whom he or she stands in</li> <li>11 loco parentis, or</li> <li>12 b. any other person living in his or her household and</li> <li>13 related to him or her by blood or marriage; and</li> <li>14 5. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific</li> <li>15 person, means:</li> <li>16 a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who</li> <li>17 shares a child in common with the specific person, or</li> <li>18 a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a</li> <li>19 b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a</li> <li>21 romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,</li> <li>22 as determined by the length of the relationship, the</li> <li>23 type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction</li> </ul>	6	more occasions of such conduct;		
<ul> <li>a. that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister,</li> <li>child, or other person to whom he or she stands in</li> <li>loco parentis, or</li> <li>b. any other person living in his or her household and</li> <li>related to him or her by blood or marriage; and</li> <li>5. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific</li> <li>person, means:</li> <li>a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who</li> <li>shares a child in common with the specific person, or</li> <li>a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a</li> <li>spouse with the specific person, or</li> <li>b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a</li> <li>romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,</li> <li>as determined by the length of the relationship, the</li> <li>type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction</li> </ul>	7	4.	The	term "immediate family", in the case of a specific
10child, or other person to whom he or she stands in11loco parentis, or12b. any other person living in his or her household and13related to him or her by blood or marriage; and145. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific15person, means:16a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who17shares a child in common with the specific person, or18a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a19b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a20b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a21comantic or intimate nature with the specific person,22as determined by the length of the relationship, the23type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	8	person,	mear	ns:
11loco parentis, or12b. any other person living in his or her household and13related to him or her by blood or marriage; and145. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific15person, means:16a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who17shares a child in common with the specific person, or18a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a19b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a20b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a21romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,22as determined by the length of the relationship, the23type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	9		a.	that person's spouse, parent, brother or sister,
12b. any other person living in his or her household and13related to him or her by blood or marriage; and145. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific15person, means:16a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who17shares a child in common with the specific person, or18a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a19b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a20b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a21romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,22as determined by the length of the relationship, the23type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	10			child, or other person to whom he or she stands in
related to him or her by blood or marriage; and 5. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific person, means: a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who shares a child in common with the specific person, or a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a spouse with the specific person, or b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the specific person, as determined by the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	11			loco parentis, or
<ul> <li>14</li> <li>5. The term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific</li> <li>15 person, means:</li> <li>16 <ul> <li>a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who</li> <li>shares a child in common with the specific person, or</li> <li>a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a</li> <li>spouse with the specific person, or</li> </ul> </li> <li>20 <ul> <li>b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a</li> <li>romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,</li> <li>as determined by the length of the relationship, the</li> <li>type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	12		b.	any other person living in his or her household and
person, means: a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who shares a child in common with the specific person, or a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a spouse with the specific person, or b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the specific person, as determined by the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	13			related to him or her by blood or marriage; and
16a. a former spouse of the specific person, a person who17shares a child in common with the specific person, or18a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a19spouse with the specific person, or20b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a21romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,22as determined by the length of the relationship, the23type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	14	5.	The	term "intimate partner", in the case of a specific
17 shares a child in common with the specific person, or 18 a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a 19 spouse with the specific person, or 20 b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a 21 romantic or intimate nature with the specific person, 22 as determined by the length of the relationship, the 23 type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	15	person,	mear	ns:
18a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a19spouse with the specific person, or20b.a person who has been in a social relationship of a21romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,22as determined by the length of the relationship, the23type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	16		a.	a former spouse of the specific person, a person who
19 spouse with the specific person, or 20 b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a 21 romantic or intimate nature with the specific person, 22 as determined by the length of the relationship, the 23 type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	17			shares a child in common with the specific person, or
<ul> <li>b. a person who has been in a social relationship of a</li> <li>romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,</li> <li>as determined by the length of the relationship, the</li> <li>type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction</li> </ul>	18			a person who cohabits with or has cohabited as a
romantic or intimate nature with the specific person, as determined by the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	19			spouse with the specific person, or
22 as determined by the length of the relationship, the 23 type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	20		b.	a person who has been in a social relationship of a
23 type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction	21			romantic or intimate nature with the specific person,
	22			as determined by the length of the relationship, the
24 between the persons involved in the relationship.	23			type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction
	24			between the persons involved in the relationship.

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2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 931 of Title 44, unless there is 3 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 4 ARTICLE 131. Perjury. 5 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who in a judicial proceeding or court of inquiry or in a 6 7 course of justice willfully and corruptly: 1. Upon a lawful oath or in any form allowed by law to be 8 9 substituted for an oath, gives any false testimony material to the 10 issue or matter of inquiry; or 11 2. In any declaration, certificate, verification, or statement 12 under penalty of perjury subscribes any false statement material to 13 the issue or matter of inquiry, 14 is guilty of perjury and shall be punished as a court-martial may 15 direct. 16 SECTION 181. A new section of law to be codified NEW LAW 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 931A of Title 44, unless there 18 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 19 ARTICLE 131A. Subornation of perjury. 20 In general. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code Α. 21 of Military Justice who induces and procures another person: 22 To take an oath; and 1. 23 2. To falsely testify, depose, or state upon such oath, 24 ENGR. H. B. NO. 2362 Page 221

SECTION 180. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified

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shall, if the conditions specified in subsection B are satisfied, be
 punished as a court-martial may direct.

3 B. Conditions. The conditions referred to in subsection A are4 the following:

5 1. The oath is administered with respect to a matter for which
6 such oath is required or authorized by law;

7 2. The oath is administered by a person having authority to do 8 so;

9 3. Upon the oath, the other person willfully makes or
10 subscribes a statement;

11 4. The statement is material;

12 5. The statement is false; and

6. When the statement is made or subscribed, the person subject
to the Code and the other person do not believe that the statement
is true.

16 SECTION 182. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 931B of Title 44, unless there 18 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19 ARTICLE 131B. Obstructing justice.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who engages in conduct in the case of a certain person against whom the accused had reason to believe there were or would be criminal or disciplinary proceedings pending, with intent to

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1 influence, impede, or otherwise obstruct the due administration of justice, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. 2 3 SECTION 183. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 931C of Title 44, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: ARTICLE 131C. Misprision of serious offense. 6 7 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice: 8 9 1. Who knows that another person has committed a serious 10 offense; and 11 2. Wrongfully conceals the commission of the offense and fails to make the commission of the offense known to civilian or military 12 13 authorities as soon as possible, 14 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. 15 A new section of law to be codified SECTION 184. NEW LAW 16 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 931D of Title 44, unless there 17 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 18 ARTICLE 131D. Wrongful refusal to testify. 19 Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military 20 Justice who, in the presence of a court-martial, a board of 21 officers, a court of inquiry, a preliminary hearing, or an officer 22 taking a deposition, of or for the State of Oklahoma, wrongfully 23 refuses to qualify as a witness or to answer a question after having 24

been directed to do so by the person presiding shall be punished as
 a court-martial may direct.

3 SECTION 185. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 931E of Title 44, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 RESERVED.

7 SECTION 186. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 931F of Title 44, unless there 9 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 ARTICLE 131F. Noncompliance with procedural rules.

Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who:

Is responsible for unnecessary delay in the disposition of
 any case of a person accused of an offense under the Code; or

15 2. Knowingly and intentionally fails to enforce or comply with 16 any provision of the Code regulating the proceedings before, during, 17 or after trial of an accused,

18 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

19SECTION 187.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified20in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 931G of Title 44, unless there21is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 131G. Wrongful interference with adverse administrative proceeding.

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Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
 Justice who, having reason to believe that an adverse administrative
 proceeding is pending against any person subject to the Code,
 wrongfully acts with the intent:

5 1. To influence, impede, or obstruct the conduct of the6 proceeding; or

7 2. Otherwise to obstruct the due administration of justice,8 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

9 SECTION 188. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 932 of Title 44, unless there is 11 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 ARTICLE 132. Retaliation.

A. In general. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice who, with the intent to retaliate against any person for reporting or planning to report a criminal offense, or making or planning to make a protected communication, or with the intent to discourage any person from reporting a criminal offense or making or planning to make a protected communication:

Wrongfully takes or threatens to take an adverse personnel
 action against any person; or

21 2. Wrongfully withholds or threatens to withhold a favorable
22 personnel action with respect to any person,

23 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

24 B. Definitions. In this section:

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1	1. The term "protected communication" means the following:
2	a. a lawful communication to a Member of Congress or a
3	Member of the Oklahoma Legislature or an Inspector
4	General, and
5	b. a communication to a covered individual or
6	organization in which a member of the state military
7	forces complains of, or discloses information that the
8	member reasonably believes constitutes evidence of,
9	any of the following:
10	(1) a violation of law or regulation, including a law
11	or regulation prohibiting sexual harassment or
12	unlawful discrimination, or
13	(2) gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an
14	abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific
15	danger to public health or safety;
16	2. The term "Inspector General" has the meaning given that term
17	in Section 1034(j) of Title 10 of the United States Code;
18	3. The term "covered individual or organization" means any
19	recipient of a communication specified in clauses (i) through $(v)$ of
20	Section 1034(b)(1)(B) of Title 10 of the United States Code; and
21	4. The term "unlawful discrimination" means discrimination on
22	the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
23	
24	

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SECTION 189. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 933 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 133. Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.
Any commissioned officer, cadet, or officer candidate who is
convicted of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman shall be
punished as a court-martial may direct.

8 SECTION 190. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 934 of Title 44, unless there is 10 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 ARTICLE 134. General article.

12 Though not specifically mentioned in the Oklahoma Uniform Code 13 of Military Justice, all disorders and neglects to the prejudice of 14 good order and discipline in the state military forces, all conduct 15 of a nature to bring discredit upon the state military forces, and 16 crimes and offenses not capital, of which persons subject to the 17 Code may be guilty, shall be taken cognizance of by a general, 18 special, or summary court-martial, according to the nature and 19 degree of the offense, and shall be punished at the discretion of 20 that court. However, where a crime constitutes an offense that 21 violates both the Code and the criminal laws of the State of 22 Oklahoma, jurisdiction over the offense shall be determined in 23 accordance with Section 802 of this title (Article 2).

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PART XI.

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## MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

2 A new section of law to be codified SECTION 191. NEW LAW in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 935 of Title 44, unless there is 3 4 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 5 ARTICLE 135. Courts of inquiry. A. Courts of inquiry to investigate any matter of concern to 6 7 the state military forces may be convened by any person authorized to convene a general court-martial or by any other person designated 8 9 by the Adjutant General for that purpose, whether or not the persons 10 involved have requested such an inquiry. 11 B. A court of inquiry consists of three or more commissioned 12 officers. For each court of inquiry, the convening authority shall 13 also appoint counsel for the court. 14 C. 1. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of 15 Military Justice whose conduct is subject to inquiry shall be 16 designated as a party. 17 2. Any person subject to the Code and employed by the Oklahoma 18 Military Department, and who has a direct interest in the subject of 19 inquiry, has the right to be designated as a party upon request to

20 the court.

3. Any person designated as a party shall be given due notice and has the right to be present, to be represented by counsel, to cross-examine witnesses, and to introduce evidence.

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D. Members of a court of inquiry may be challenged by a party,
 but only for cause stated to the court.

E. The members, counsel, the reporter, and interpreters of courts of inquiry shall take an oath to faithfully perform their duties.

F. Witnesses may be summoned to appear and testify and beexamined before courts of inquiry, as provided for courts-martial.

G. Courts of inquiry shall make findings of fact but may not
express opinions or make recommendations unless required to do so by
the convening authority.

H. Each court of inquiry shall keep a record of its proceedings, which shall be authenticated by the signatures of the president and counsel for the court and forwarded to the convening authority. If the record cannot be authenticated by the president, it shall be signed by a member in lieu of the president. If the record cannot be authenticated by the counsel for the court, it shall be signed by a member in lieu of the court, it

18 SECTION 192. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 19 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 936 of Title 44, unless there is 20 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

21 ARTICLE 136. Authority to administer oaths.

A. The following persons may administer oaths for the purposes
of military administration, including military justice:

24 1. All judge advocates;

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2. All summary courts-martial;

All adjutants, assistant adjutants, acting adjutants, and
 personnel adjutants;

4 4. All commanding officers of the state military forces;
5 5. All staff judge advocates, and acting or assistant staff
6 judge advocates; or

7 6. All other persons designated by regulations of the armed8 forces of the United States or by statute.

9 B. The following persons on active duty or performing inactive-10 duty training may administer oaths necessary in the performance of 11 their duties:

The military judge, trial counsel, and assistant trial
 counsel for all general and special courts-martial;

14 2. The president and the counsel for the court of any court of 15 inquiry;

16 3. All officers designated to take a deposition;

17 4. All persons detailed to conduct an investigation;

18 5. All recruiting officers;

All other persons designated by regulations of the armed
 forces of the United States or by statute.

C. Each judge and the senior judge of the Military Court of Appeals shall have the powers relating to oaths, affirmations, and acknowledgments provided to justices and judges of the State of Oklahoma.

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D. The signature without seal of any such person, together with the title of his or her office, is prima facie evidence of the authority of that person.

4 SECTION 193. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 5 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 937 of Title 44, unless there is 6 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

7 ARTICLE 137. Articles to be explained.

A. 1. The sections of the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military
Justice specified in paragraph 3 of this subsection shall be
carefully explained to each enlisted member at the time of, or
within thirty (30) days after, the member's initial entrance into a
duty status with the state military forces.

13 2. Such articles shall be explained again:

14 a. after the member has completed basic or recruit15 training, and

16 b. at the time when the member reenlists.

17 3. This subsection applies with respect to Sections 802, 803,
18 807-815, 825, 827, 831, 837, 838, 855, 877-934, and 937-939 of this
19 title (Articles 2, 3, 7-15, 25, 27, 31, 37, 38, 55, 77-134, and 13720 139).

B. The text of the code and of the regulations prescribed under such code shall be made available to a member of the state military forces, upon request by the member, for the member's personal examination.

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SECTION 194. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 938 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 138. Complaints of wrongs.

5 Any member of the state military forces who believes himself or herself wronged by a commanding officer, and who, upon due 6 7 application to that commanding officer, is refused redress, may complain to any superior commissioned officer, who shall forward the 8 9 complaint to the officer exercising special court-martial 10 jurisdiction over the officer against whom it is made. The officer 11 exercising special court-martial jurisdiction shall examine into the 12 complaint and take proper measures for redressing the wrong 13 complained of; and shall, as soon as possible, send to the Adjutant 14 General a true statement of that complaint, with the proceedings had 15 thereon.

16 SECTION 195. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 939 of Title 44, unless there is 18 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19 ARTICLE 139. Redress of injuries to property.

A. Whenever a complaint is made to any commanding officer that willful damage has been done to the property of any person or that the person's property has been wrongfully taken by members of the state military forces, the commanding officer, under such regulations promulgated by the Adjutant General, shall convene a

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1 board to investigate the complaint. The board shall consist of from one to three commissioned officers and, for the purpose of that 2 3 investigation, it has power to summon witnesses and examine them 4 upon oath, to receive depositions or other documentary evidence, and 5 to assess the damages sustained against the responsible parties. The assessment of damages made by the board is subject to the 6 7 approval of the commanding officer, and in the amount approved by that officer shall be charged against the pay of the offenders. The 8 9 order of the commanding officer directing charges herein authorized 10 is conclusive on any disbursing officer for payment to the injured 11 parties of the damages so assessed and approved.

B. If the offenders cannot be ascertained, but the organization or detachment to which they belong is known, charges totaling the amount of damages assessed and approved may be made in such proportion as may be considered just upon the individual members thereof who are shown to have been present at the scene at the time the damages complained of were inflicted, as determined by the approved findings of the board.

SECTION 196. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 940 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 ARTICLE 140. Delegation by the Governor.

The Governor may delegate any authority vested in the Governor under the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, and provide for the subdelegation of any such authority, except the powers given the Governor by Section 822 and subsection K of Section 815 of this title (Article 22 and Article 15, subsection K). Any delegations of authority carried out pursuant to this section shall be published as an executive order which the Adjutant General shall cause to be published as a military publication.

7 SECTION 197. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 940A of Title 44, unless there 9 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 ARTICLE 140A. Precedence of regulations.

11 When both the Governor and Adjutant General are authorized under 12 the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice to promulgate 13 regulations governing the same matter, if such regulations conflict, 14 the regulations promulgated by the Governor shall take precedence. 15 A new section of law to be codified SECTION 198. NEW LAW 16 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 940B of Title 44, unless there 17 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

18 ARTICLE 140B. Publication in administrative code.

Military publications promulgated or published by or under the authority of the Adjutant General shall be provided to the Secretary of State to be published and indexed as part of the "Oklahoma Administrative Code". In the event state or federal law restricts access to a military publication, the requirements of this subsection shall not be applicable. Military publications

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promulgated or published by a previous Adjutant General shall remain in effect following appointment of the next Adjutant General by the Governor until otherwise modified or rescinded in writing by the newly appointed Adjutant General.

5 SECTION 199. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 942 of Title 44, unless there is 7 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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ARTICLE 142. Payment and collection of fines.

9 A. Fines imposed by a military court or through imposition of 10 nonjudicial punishment shall be paid to the State of Oklahoma and 11 delivered to the convening authority or his or her designee or in 12 the case of nonjudicial punishment, the imposing officer. Fines may 13 be collected in the following manner:

14 1. By cash or money order;

15 2. By retention of any pay or allowances due or to become due16 to the person fined from any state or the United States; or

By garnishment or levy, together with costs, on the wages,
goods, and chattels of a person delinquent in paying a fine, as
provided by law.

B. Any sum so received or retained shall be deposited in the Military Justice Fund, except that the court may direct that the sum so received or retained be provided to a victim or victims as restitution.

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SECTION 200. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 943 of Title 44, unless there is
 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 ARTICLE 143. Uniformity of interpretation.

The Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice shall be so
construed as to effectuate its general purpose to make it uniform,
so far as practical, with the Uniform Code of Military Justice,
Chapter 47 of Title 10 of the United States Code.

9 SECTION 201. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 944 of Title 44, unless there is 11 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

12 ARTICLE 144. Immunity for duties performed under Code.

Any person acting under the provisions of the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, whether as a member of the military or as a civilian, shall be immune from personal liability for any of the acts or omissions which he or she did or failed to do as part of his or her duties under the Code.

SECTION 202. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 945 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

21 ARTICLE 145. Jurisdiction not extended to certain crimes.

Though not specifically mentioned in the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice, all disorders and neglects to the prejudice of good order and discipline in the state military forces, of which

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persons subject to the Code may be guilty, shall be taken cognizance 1 2 of by a general, special, or summary court-martial according to the 3 nature and degree of the offense and shall be punished at the 4 discretion of that court. However, cognizance may not be taken of, 5 and jurisdiction shall not be extended to, the crimes of murder, manslaughter, rape, rape and sexual assault of a child, child 6 7 endangerment, death or injury of an unborn child, kidnapping, domestic violence, arson, robbery, maiming, arson, extortion, 8 9 burglary, parole violations or housebreaking, jurisdiction of which 10 is reserved to civil courts.

11 SECTION 203. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 946 of Title 44, unless there is 13 created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

ARTICLE 146. Continuances for military service.

15 It shall be the duty of any justice, judge, judicial Α. 16 referee, corporation commissioner, administrative law judge or 17 hearing officer presiding over any civil, criminal or administrative 18 proceeding in this state to continue any trial, hearing or other 19 action pending before the court or an administrative forum when a 20 party to the pending action or the primary counsel representing a 21 party to the pending action is not present at the time the case or 22 matter in question is reached on the docket or schedule by reason of 23 participation in:

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Active federal service, as defined in Title 10 of the United
 States Code;

3 2. Title 32 active duty, as defined in Section 801 of this 4 title (Article 1);

3. Service in other reserve components of the Armed Forces of
the United States, as defined in Title 10 of the United States Code;
or

8 4. State active duty, as defined in Section 801 of this title9 (Article 1).

B. The trial, hearing or other pending action may proceed if the party, without the presence of his or her primary counsel, or the primary counsel, without the presence of the party, declares that the case or matter in question is nevertheless ready to proceed at the scheduled time.

C. If the primary counsel of a party to the pending action is not present due to military service pursuant to subsection A of this section, the party so affected shall declare under oath that he or she cannot properly proceed with the trial, hearing or other action pending before the court or administrative forum without the presence of the primary counsel.

D. If a party to the pending action is not present due to military service pursuant to subsection A of this section, his or her legal counsel shall appear and shall state in his or her place

that the case or matter in question cannot properly proceed without
 the presence of the absent party.

3 Continuances granted pursuant to this section shall remain Ε. 4 in effect no longer than ninety (90) calendar days. The justice, 5 judge, judicial referee, corporation commissioner, administrative law judge or hearing officer may, at his or her discretion, continue 6 7 the proceeding in question in order to carry out the administration of justice. The protections provided to service members in this 8 9 section shall be available in addition to any protections afforded 10 to service members under Section 208.1 of this title.

11SECTION 204.AMENDATORY44 O.S. 2011, Section 208, is12amended to read as follows:

13 Section 208. No person shall discriminate against any officer 14 or enlisted member of the National Guard or Civil Air Patrol or a 15 judge carrying out his or her duties as a member of the Military 16 Court of Appeals because of his or her membership therein. No 17 person shall prohibit or refuse entrance to any officer or enlisted 18 member of the United States Armed Forces, or of the military forces 19 of this state, into any public entertainment or place of amusement 20 because such officer or enlisted member is wearing a uniform of the 21 organization to which he or she belongs. No employer, officer or 22 agent of any corporation, company, firm or other person, shall 23 discharge any person from employment because of being an officer, 24 warrant officer or enlisted member of the military forces of the

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state, or hinder or prevent him or her from performing any military service he or she may be called upon to perform by proper authority, in respect to his or her employment, trade or business. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section, shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not to exceed thirty (30) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

8 SECTION 205. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 231b of Title 44, unless there 10 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 Α. Subject to the conditions and limitations established in 12 regulations promulgated by the Governor, the state military forces 13 may use all appropriate means necessary to protect assets vital to 14 national security classified as such pursuant to the rules, 15 regulations or instructions promulgated by the United States 16 Department of Defense or the military departments of the United 17 States Department of Defense or as otherwise ordered by the 18 Governor.

B. Any regulations promulgated by the Governor pursuant to this
section shall be published by the Adjutant General as a military
publication as defined in Section 801 of this title.

22 SECTION 206. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 241, is 23 amended to read as follows:

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Section 241. The Governor, pursuant to the authority granted 1 2 the states by the Act of Congress of October 21, 1940 Section 109 of 3 Title 32 of the United States Code or a successor provision, and 4 under such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe for 5 discipline in training, is hereby authorized to enlist, organize, maintain, equip and discipline such military forces other than the 6 7 National Guard as he or she may deem necessary to defend the state. Such forces shall be uniformed and subject to Sections 1 through 8 9 117, <del>192 through 195.8,</del> Sections 208 through <del>235.2</del> 237, and <del>2101</del> 10 through 3113 Sections 800 through 946 of this title unless in 11 conflict with such sections, insofar as such sections do not 12 conflict with Sections 241 through 250 of this title.

13SECTION 207.AMENDATORY44 O.S. 2011, Section 242, is14amended to read as follows:

15 Section 242. Such military forces shall be designated as the 16 "Oklahoma State Guard" and shall be composed of officers 17 commissioned or assigned, and such able-bodied male citizens of the 18 state as shall volunteer for service therein. They shall be 19 additional to and distinct from the National Guard organized under 20 existing law of the State of Oklahoma, as defined in Title 32 of the 21 United States Code. They shall not be required to serve outside the 22 boundaries of this state the State of Oklahoma.

23SECTION 208.AMENDATORY44 O.S. 2011, Section 243, is24amended to read as follows:

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1 Section 243. A. The Governor is hereby authorized to prescribe 2 rules and regulations governing the enlistment, organization, administration, equipment, discipline and discharge of the personnel 3 of such military forces; to requisition from the Secretary of 4 5 Defense such arms and equipment as may be in the possession of and can be spared by the Department of Defense and to extend thereto the 6 7 facilities of state armories, Armed Forces Reserve Centers, readiness centers, logistics, aviation, and training facilities, 8 9 warehouses and their equipment and such other state premises and 10 property as may be available for the purpose of drill and instruction. Insofar as applicable the procedure for the 11 12 enlistment, organization, pay, maintenance, equipment and 13 disciplining of such forces shall be in conformity with the law and 14 the rules and regulations governing and pertaining to the National 15 Guard; provided, that the officers and enlisted men personnel in the 16 Oklahoma State Guard shall not receive any compensation or monetary 17 allowances from the state except when called into active service 18 activated for state active duty, as defined in Section 801 of this 19 title, by order of the Governor. 20 B. Members of the Oklahoma State Guard shall be considered part 21 of state military forces as defined in Section 801 of this title and 22 shall be subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice. 23 C. When prescribing the rules and regulations governing 24 enlistment, organization, administration, equipment, discipline and

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1 discharge of the personnel of the Oklahoma State Guard, the Governor 2 shall issue such rules and regulations in the form of an executive 3 order or in a series of such orders which shall be published in the 4 Oklahoma Administrative Code. For purposes of the Administrative 5 Procedures Act, the executive order prescribing the rules and regulations governing enlistment, organization, administration, 6 7 equipment, discipline and discharge of the personnel of the Oklahoma State Guard shall be considered a military publication and shall be 8 9 published and indexed as part of the Oklahoma Administrative Code. 10 SECTION 209. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 244, is 11 amended to read as follows: 12 Section 244. Nothing in this act the Oklahoma State Guard Act 13 shall be construed as authorizing such forces, or any part thereof 14 to be called, ordered or in any manner drafted, as such into the 15 military service of the United States, but no person shall by reason 16 of his or her enlistment or commission in any such forces be 17 exempted from military service under any law of the United States. 18 SECTION 210. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 247, is 19 amended to read as follows: 20 Section 247. No person shall be enlisted for more than one (1) 21 year, but such enlistment may be renewed. The oath to be taken upon 22 enlistment in such forces shall be substantially in the form 23 prescribed for enlisted men members of the National Guard, 24 substituting the words "Oklahoma State Guard" where necessary.

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1SECTION 211.AMENDATORY44 O.S. 2011, Section 248, is2amended to read as follows:

Section 248. (a) Whenever such forces or any part thereof
shall be ordered out for active service the Articles of War of the
United States applicable to members of the National Guard of this
state in relation to courts-martial, their jurisdiction and the
limits of punishment and the rules and regulations prescribed
thereunder shall be in full force and effect with respect to "the

10 (b) No officer or enlisted man person of such forces the 11 Oklahoma State Guard shall be arrested on any warrant, except for 12 treason or felony, while going to, remaining at, or returning from a 13 place where he <u>or she</u> is ordered to attend for military duty. Every 14 officer and enlisted man <u>member</u> of such forces shall, during his <u>or</u> 15 <u>her</u> service therein, be exempt from service upon any posse comitatus 16 and from jury duty.

17 SECTION 212. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 250, is 18 amended to read as follows:

Section 250. This act may be cited as the <u>Oklahoma</u> State Guard Act.

21 SECTION 213. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 133, is 22 amended to read as follows:

23 Section 133. This chapter does not affect any power conferred 24 by law upon any court martial or other military authority or officer

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to impose or inflict punishment upon offenders; nor any power conferred by law upon any public body, tribunal, or officer, to impose or inflict punishment for a contempt; nor any provisions of the laws relating to apprentices, bastards, disorderly persons, <u>Indians and vagrants</u> behavior or vagrancy.

6 SECTION 214. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 250.4, as 7 last amended by Section 12, Chapter 430, O.S.L. 2014 (75 O.S. Supp. 8 2018, Section 250.4), is amended to read as follows:

9 Section 250.4 A. 1. Except as is otherwise specifically
10 provided in this subsection, each agency is required to comply with
11 Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act.

12 2. The Corporation Commission shall be required to comply with 13 the provisions of Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act 14 except for subsections A, B, C and E of Section 303 of this title 15 and Section 306 of this title. To the extent of any conflict or 16 inconsistency with Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act, 17 pursuant to Section 35 of Article IX of the Oklahoma Constitution, 18 it is expressly declared that Article I of the Administrative 19 Procedures Act is an amendment to and alteration of Sections 18 20 through 34 of Article IX of the Oklahoma Constitution.

3. The Oklahoma Military Department shall be exempt from the provisions of Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act to the extent it exercises its responsibility for military affairs.

24 Military publications, as defined in Section 801 of Title 44 of the

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Oklahoma Statutes, shall be exempt from the provisions of Article I
 and Article II of the Administrative Procedures Act, except as
 provided in Section 251 of this title.

4 4. The Oklahoma Ordnance Works Authority, the Northeast
5 Oklahoma Public Facilities Authority, the Oklahoma Office of
6 Homeland Security and the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma College
7 Savings Plan shall be exempt from Article I of the Administrative
8 Procedures Act.

9 5. The Transportation Commission and the Department of
10 Transportation shall be exempt from Article I of the Administrative
11 Procedures Act to the extent they exercise their authority in
12 adopting standard specifications, special provisions, plans, design
13 standards, testing procedures, federally imposed requirements and
14 generally recognized standards, project planning and programming,
15 and the operation and control of the State Highway System.

16 6. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall be
17 exempt from Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act with
18 respect to:

19

prescribing standards of higher education,

- 20 b. prescribing functions and courses of study in each
  21 institution to conform to the standards,
- c. granting of degrees and other forms of academic
   recognition for completion of the prescribed courses,
- d. allocation of state-appropriated funds, and

a.

e. fees within the limits prescribed by the Legislature.
 7. Institutional governing boards within The Oklahoma State
 System of Higher Education shall be exempt from Article I of the
 Administrative Procedures Act.

5 8. a. The Commissioner of Public Safety shall be exempt from Sections 303.1, 304, 307.1, 308 and 308.1 of this 6 7 title insofar as it is necessary to promulgate rules pursuant to the Oklahoma Motor Carrier Safety and 8 9 Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, to maintain a 10 current incorporation of federal motor carrier safety 11 and hazardous material regulations, or pursuant to 12 Chapter 6 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to 13 maintain a current incorporation of federal commercial 14 driver license regulations, for which the Commissioner 15 has no discretion when the state is mandated to 16 promulgate rules identical to federal rules and 17 regulations.

b. Such rules may be adopted by the Commissioner and
shall be deemed promulgated twenty (20) days after
notice of adoption is published in "The Oklahoma
Register". Such publication need not set forth the
full text of the rule but may incorporate the federal
rules and regulations by reference.

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- c. Such copies of promulgated rules shall be filed with
   the Secretary as required by Section 251 of this
   title.
- 4 d. For any rules for which the Commissioner has
  5 discretion to allow variances, tolerances or
  6 modifications from the federal rules and regulations,
  7 the Commissioner shall fully comply with Article I of
  8 the Administrative Procedures Act.

9 9. The Council on Judicial Complaints shall be exempt from 10 Section 306 of Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act, with 11 respect to review of the validity or applicability of a rule by an 12 action for declaratory judgment, or any other relief based upon the 13 validity or applicability of a rule, in the district court or by an 14 appellate court. A party aggrieved by the validity or applicability 15 of a rule made by the Council on Judicial Complaints may petition 16 the Court on the Judiciary to review the rules and issue opinions 17 based upon them.

18 10. The Department of Corrections, State Board of Corrections,
 19 county sheriffs and managers of city jails shall be exempt from
 20 Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act with respect to:
 21 a. prescribing internal management procedures for the

22 management of the state prisons, county jails and city 23 jails and for the management, supervision and control 24 of all incarcerated prisoners, and

1 b. prescribing internal management procedures for the 2 management of the probation and parole unit of the 3 Department of Corrections and for the supervision of 4 probationers and parolees. 5 11. The State Board of Education shall be exempt from Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act with respect to prescribing 6 7 subject matter standards as provided for in Section 11-103.6a of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes. 8 9 B. As specified, the following agencies or classes of agency 10 activities are not required to comply with the provisions of Article 11 II of the Administrative Procedures Act: The Oklahoma Tax Commission; 12 1. 13 2. The Commission for Human Services; 14 3. The Oklahoma Ordnance Works Authority; 15 The Corporation Commission; 4. 16 5. The Pardon and Parole Board; The Midwestern Oklahoma Development Authority; 17 6. 18 7. The Grand River Dam Authority; 19 8. The Northeast Oklahoma Public Facilities Authority; 20 9. The Council on Judicial Complaints; 21 10. The Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma College Savings Plan; 22 The supervisory or administrative agency of any penal, 11. 23 mental, medical or eleemosynary institution, only with respect to 24 the institutional supervision, custody, control, care or treatment

1 of inmates, prisoners or patients therein; provided, that the provisions of Article II shall apply to and govern all 2 administrative actions of the Oklahoma Alcohol Prevention, Training, 3 4 Treatment and Rehabilitation Authority; 5 12. The Board of Regents or employees of any university, college, or other institution of higher learning; 6 7 The Oklahoma Horse Racing Commission, its employees or 13. agents only with respect to hearing and notice requirements on the 8 9 following classes of violations which are an imminent peril to the 10 public health, safety and welfare: 11 a. any rule regarding the running of a race, any violation of medication laws and rules, 12 b. 13 any suspension or revocation of an occupation license с. 14 by any racing jurisdiction recognized by the 15 Commission, 16 d. any assault or other destructive acts within 17 Commission-licensed premises, 18 any violation of prohibited devices, laws and rules, e. 19 or 20 f. any filing of false information; 21 14. The Commissioner of Public Safety only with respect to 22 driver license hearings and hearings conducted pursuant to the 23 provisions of Section 2-115 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes; 24

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2 respect to hearings conducted pursuant to provisions of the Oklahoma Take-over Disclosure Act of 1985; 3 4 Hearings conducted by a public agency pursuant to Section 16. 5 962 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes; The Oklahoma Military Department; 6 17. 7 The University Hospitals Authority, including all hospitals 18. or other institutions operated by the University Hospitals 8 9 Authority; 10 19. The Oklahoma Health Care Authority Board and the 11 Administrator of the Oklahoma Health Care Authority; and 12 20. The Oklahoma Office of Homeland Security. 13 SECTION 215. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 251, as 14 amended by Section 1, Chapter 252, O.S.L. 2016 (75 O.S. Supp. 2018, 15 Section 251), is amended to read as follows: 16 Section 251. A. 1. Upon the request of the Secretary, each 17 agency shall furnish to the Office a complete set of its permanent 18 rules in such form as is required by the Secretary or as otherwise 19 provided by law. 20 The Secretary shall promulgate rules to ensure the effective 2. 21 administration of the provisions of Article I of the Administrative 22 Procedures Act. The rules shall include, but are not limited to,

The Administrator of the Department of Securities only with

rules prescribing paper size, numbering system, and the format of documents required to be filed pursuant to the provisions of the

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15.

Administrative Procedures Act or such other requirements as deemed
 necessary by the Secretary to implement the provisions of the
 Administrative Procedures Act.

B. 1. Each agency shall file the number of copies specified by
the Secretary of all new rules, and all amendments, revisions or
revocations of existing rules attested to by the agency, pursuant to
the provisions of Section 254 of this title, with the Office within
thirty (30) calendar days after they become finally adopted.

9 2. An agency filing rules pursuant to the provisions of this10 subsection:

- a. shall prepare the rules in plain language which can be
  easily understood,
- 13 b. shall not unnecessarily repeat statutory language. 14 Whenever it is necessary to refer to statutory 15 language in order to effectively convey the meaning of 16 a rule interpreting that language, the reference shall 17 clearly indicate the portion of the language which is 18 statutory and the portion which is the agency's 19 amplification or interpretation of that language, 20 shall indicate whether a rule is new, amends an с. 21 existing permanent rule or repeals an existing 22 permanent rule. If a rule amends an existing rule, 23 the rule shall indicate the language to be deleted
- 24

typed with a line through the language and language to 1 2 be inserted typed with the new language underscored, 3 d. shall state if the rule supersedes an existing 4 emergency rule, 5 e. shall include a reference to any rule requiring a new or revised form in a note to the rule. The Secretary 6 7 shall insert that reference in "The Oklahoma Register" as a notation to the affected rule, 8 9 f. shall prepare, in plain language, a statement of the 10 gist of the rule and an analysis of new or amended 11 rules. The analysis shall include but not be limited 12 to a reference to any statute that the rule 13 interprets, any related statute or any related rule, 14 may include with its rules, brief notes, q. 15 illustrations, findings of facts, and references to 16 digests of Supreme Court cases, other court decisions, 17 or Attorney General's opinions, and other explanatory 18 material. Such material may be included if the 19 material is labeled or set forth in a manner which 20 clearly distinguishes it from the rules, 21 shall include other information, in such form and in h. 22 such manner as is required by the Secretary, and 23 may change the format of existing rules without any i. 24 rulemaking action by the agency in order to comply

with the standard provisions established by the Secretary for "Code" and "The Oklahoma Register" publication so long as there is no substantive change to the rule.

5 C. The Secretary is authorized to determine a numbering system 6 and other standardized format for documents to be filed and may 7 refuse to accept for publication any document that does not 8 substantially conform to the promulgated rules of the Secretary.

9 D. In order to avoid unnecessary expense, an agency may use the 10 published standards established by organizations and technical 11 societies of recognized national standing, other state agencies, or 12 federal agencies by incorporating the standards or rules in its 13 rules or regulations by reference to the specific issue or issues of 14 publications in which the standards are published, without 15 reproducing the standards in full. The standards shall be readily 16 available to the public for examination at the administrative 17 offices of the agency. In addition, a copy of such standards shall 18 be kept and maintained by the agency pursuant to the provisions of 19 the Preservation of Essential Records Act.

E. The Secretary shall provide for the publication of all
Executive Orders received pursuant to the provisions of Section 664
of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

F. The Secretary may authorize or require the filing of rules
or Executive Orders by or through electronic data or machine

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readable equipment in such form and manner as is required by the
 Secretary.

3	G. The Secretary shall provide for the publication of all
4	military publications received as defined in Section 801 of Title 44
5	of the Oklahoma Statutes. This subsection shall only apply to
6	military publications promulgated after November 1, 2019.
7	H. In consultation with the Adjutant General, the Secretary is
8	authorized to determine a numbering system and other standardized
9	format for military documents to be filed and may authorize or
10	require the filing of military publications by or through electronic
11	data or machine-readable equipment in such form and manner as is
12	required by the Secretary.
13	SECTION 216. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 255, is
14	amended to read as follows:
15	Section 255. A. 1. The Secretary is hereby authorized,
16	directed, and empowered to publish "The Oklahoma Register" not less
17	than monthly for the publication of new rules, any amendment,
18	revision or revocation of an existing rule, emergency rules, any
19	notices of such rulemaking process, military publications and
20	Executive Orders as are required by law to be published in "The
21	Oklahoma Register". Said rules or amendments, revisions, or
22	revocations of existing rules shall be published in the first issue
23	of "The Oklahoma Register" published pursuant to Sections 251, 253,
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256, 303, 303.1, 303.2 and 308 of this title after the date of
 acceptance by the Secretary.

2. The Secretary shall cause a copy of each publication of "The
Oklahoma Register" to be sent to those county clerks who request it,
to members of the Legislature upon request, and to such other
agencies, libraries, and officials as the Secretary may select. The
Secretary may charge recipients of the publication a cost sufficient
to defray the cost of publication and mailing.

9 3. The Secretary shall cause a copy of all rules, all new
10 rules, and all amendments, revisions, or revocations of existing
11 rules to be on file and available for public examination in the
12 Office during normal office hours.

4. The Secretary shall promulgate rules to systematize the
designations of rules. To establish said system or to preserve
uniformity of designations, the Secretary may require the agency to
change the title or numbering of any rule or any amendment,
revision, or revocation thereof.

B. The Secretary is authorized to provide for the publication of rules in summary form when the rules are of such length that publication of the full text would be too costly. The summary shall be prepared by the agency submitting the rules and shall state where the full text of the rule may be obtained.

C. The notice required pursuant to the provisions of Section
303 of this title shall be published in "The Oklahoma Register"

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1 prior to the adoption of a new rule, or amendment, revision or 2 revocation of any existing rule. The notice shall include the 3 information required by Section 303 of this title.

4 SECTION 217. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 256, is 5 amended to read as follows:

Section 256. A. 1. The Secretary shall provide for the
codification, compilation, indexing and publication of agency rules,
<u>military publications, as defined by Section 801 of Title 44 of the</u>
<u>Oklahoma Statutes,</u> and Executive Orders in a publication which shall
be known as the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" in the following
manner:

12 a. On or before January 1, 1992, the Secretary shall 13 compile Executive Orders which are effective pursuant 14 to paragraph 3 of subsection B of this section, and 15 agency rules which have been submitted pursuant to the 16 agency schedule of compliance and have been accepted 17 as properly codified, as set forth in this section, 18 and rules promulgated by the Secretary. Such 19 compilation shall be maintained by the Office of 20 Administrative Rules and shall be updated by agencies, 21 in a manner prescribed by the Secretary, to reflect 22 subsequent permanent rulemaking. Prior to publication 23 of the first "Code", as set forth in subparagraph b of 24 this paragraph, the compilation shall constitute the

1 official permanent rules of the state. Effective 2 January 1, 1992, any permanent rule not included in 3 such compilation shall be void and of no effect-, On or before December 1, 1992, the Secretary shall 4 b. 5 have indexed and published the "Oklahoma Administrative Code". To effectuate this provision, 6 7 the Secretary may contract for the publishing and indexing, or both, of the "Oklahoma Administrative 8 9 Code". Any permanent rule not published in the "Code" 10 shall be void and of no effect. A finally adopted 11 rule filed and published in "The Oklahoma Register" 12 may be valid until publication of the next succeeding 13 "Code" or "Code" supplement following the date of its 14 final adoption. Provided, a permanent rule which is 15 finally adopted after the closing date for publication 16 in a "Code" or "Code" supplement as announced by the 17 Secretary may be valid until publication of the next 18 succeeding "Code" or "Code" supplement. A permanent 19 rule which is published in "The Oklahoma Register" 20 after the closing date for publication in the first 21 "Code", as announced by the Secretary, shall be void 22 and of no effect upon publication of the next 23 succeeding "Code" or "Code" supplement, if not 24 published in the "Code" or "Code" supplement, and

1c.on or before January 1, 2021, the Secretary shall2compile, index and publish in the Oklahoma3Administrative Code the military publications provided4by the Adjutant General pursuant to the Oklahoma5Uniform Code of Military Justice and the Oklahoma6State Guard Act.

Compilations or revisions of the "Code" or any part thereof
shall be supplemented or revised annually. The "Code" shall be
organized by state agency and shall be arranged, indexed and printed
in a manner to permit separate publications of portions thereof
relating to individual agencies.

3. Annual supplements to the "Code" shall be cumulative.
Emergency rules shall not be published in the "Code" or in any
supplements thereto.

4. The "Code" and the supplements shall include a general subject index and an agency index of all rules and Executive Orders contained therein. "The Oklahoma Register" shall also include a sections-affected index of the "Code". The "Code" and supplements shall contain such notes, cross references and explanatory materials as required by the Secretary.

5. The Secretary in preparing such rules for publication in the "Code" or supplements shall omit all material shown in canceled type. The Secretary shall not prepare any rule for publication in the "Code" which amends or revises a rule unless the rule so

amending or revising conforms to the provisions of the
 Administrative Procedures Act.

6. The Secretary is authorized to determine a numbering system
and other standardized format for documents to be filed and may
refuse to accept for publication any document that does not
substantially conform to the promulgated rules of the Secretary.

B. 1. Rules submitted and accepted for publication in the
"Code" by August 15 of each year shall be published in the next
succeeding "Code" or supplement thereto.

10 2. As soon as possible after August 15 of each year, the 11 Secretary shall assemble all rules and Executive Orders, except 12 emergency rules, promulgated after the publication of the preceding 13 "Code" or "Code" supplement in accordance with the provisions of the 14 Administrative Procedures Act for publication in the "Oklahoma 15 Administrative Code". The "Code" or supplements thereto should be 16 published as soon as possible after August 30 of each year.

17 3. Executive Orders of previous gubernatorial administrations 18 shall terminate ninety (90) calendar days following the inauguration of the next Governor unless otherwise terminated or continued during 19 20 that time by Executive Order. Copies of all Executive Orders shall 21 be published and indexed in the "Oklahoma Administrative Code". All 22 Executive Orders placing agencies or employees under the State Merit 23 System of Personnel Administration shall remain in effect unless 24 otherwise modified by action of the Legislature.

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C. The Secretary is hereby authorized and empowered to publish or to contract to publish the "Oklahoma Administrative Code", and to publish or contract to publish such annual cumulative supplements so as to keep the "Code" current. All such agreements shall provide that the publisher shall make such publications in such form and arrangement as shall be approved by the Secretary. The Secretary may publish or authorize the publication of the "Code" in part.

D. The Secretary is authorized to correct spelling errors in
rules submitted for publication in the "Code" or any such
supplements or in "The Oklahoma Register". Any other errors in
rules submitted for publication in the "Code" may be noted in
editorial notes provided by the Secretary.

E. The Secretary shall make copies of the "Code" generally available at a cost sufficient to defray the cost of publication and mailing. Except as otherwise provided by Section 257.1 of this title, the Secretary is authorized to sell or otherwise distribute the "Code" and its supplements.

18 The codification system, derivations, cross references, F. 1. 19 notes of decisions, source notes, authority notes, numerical lists, 20 and codification guides, other than the actual text of rules, 21 indexes, tables and other aids relevant to the publication of the 22 "Oklahoma Administrative Code" and "The Oklahoma Register" shall be 23 the property of the state and may be reproduced only with the 24 written consent of the Secretary. The information which appears on

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the same page with the text of a rule may be reproduced incidentally 1 with the reproduction of the rule, if the reproduction is for the 2 private use of the individual and not for resale. No person shall 3 4 attempt to copyright or publish the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" 5 or "The Oklahoma Register", in printed or electronic media, without expressed written consent of the Secretary of State. The Secretary 6 7 shall notify the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate of any requests to copyright or 8 9 publish the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" or "The Oklahoma 10 Register", prior to consent by the Secretary.

11 2. The Secretary may provide for the electronic access to the 12 "Oklahoma Administrative Code" and "The Oklahoma Register" by:

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a. subscription, or

b. an exclusive or a nonexclusive contract for public and
 private access.

16 3. Publications of rules by agencies are not official
17 publications.

4. The sale or resale of the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" or
any part thereof by the Secretary of State shall be exempt from any
requirement mandating acquisition of a resale number and payment of
sales tax.

SECTION 218. RECODIFICATION 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3398, shall be recodified as Section 941 of Title 44 of the Oklahoma Statutes, unless there is created a duplication in numbering.

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1	SI	ECTION	219.	REI	PEALER	44	1 O.S.	2011,	Sectio	ons 320	00, 3201,
2	3202,	3203,	3204,	3205,	3206,	3207,	3211,	3212,	3213,	3214,	3215,
3	3216,	3217,	3218,	3221,	3231,	3232,	3233,	3234,	3235 <b>,</b>	3236,	3241,
4	3242,	3243,	3244,	3245,	3246,	3247,	3248,	3249,	3251 <b>,</b>	3252,	3253,
5	3254,	3255,	3256,	3261,	3262,	3263,	3264,	3265,	3266,	3267,	3268,
6	3269,	3270,	3271,	3272,	3273,	3274,	3275,	3276,	3277,	3278,	3279,
7	3280,	3291,	3292,	3293,	3294,	3295,	3296,	3297,	3298,	3301,	3302,
8	3303,	3304,	3305,	3306,	3307,	3308,	3309,	3310,	3311,	3312,	3313,
9	3314,	3315,	3316,	3317,	3318,	3319,	3320,	3321,	3331,	3332,	3333,
10	3334,	3335,	3336,	3337,	3338,	3339,	3340,	3341,	3342,	3343,	3344,
11	3345,	3346,	3347,	3348,	3349,	3350,	3351,	3352,	3353,	3354,	3355,
12	3356,	3357,	3358,	3359,	3360,	3361,	3362,	3363,	3364,	3365,	3366,
13	3367,	3368,	3369,	3370,	3371,	3372,	3373,	3374,	3375,	3376,	3377,
14	3378,	3379,	3380,	3381,	3382,	3383,	3384,	3385,	3386,	3387,	3388,
15	3389,	3390,	3391,	3392,	3393,	3394,	3395,	3396,	3397,	3399,	4000,
16	4001 a	and 400	)2, are	e herek	by repe	ealed.					
17	SI	ECTION	220.	This a	act sha	all bed	come ei	ffectiv	ve Nove	ember 1	1, 2019.
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1	Passed the House of Representatives the 7th day of March, 2019.
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4	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
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6	Passed the Senate the day of, 2019.
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8	Presiding Officer of the Senate
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