

1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2 1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)

3 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4 FOR ENGROSSED
5 HOUSE BILL 2375

By: Kannady of the House

and

6 Thompson (Roger) of the
7 Senate

8
9 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

10 [workers' compensation - compensable injury -
11 accidents - exclusive nature of remedy - liability
12 for intentional acts - permanent partial disability -
13 compensation for loss of certain scheduled members -
14 computation of certain benefit amounts - beneficiary
15 payments - travel reimbursement process - claims -
16 permanent disability - Oklahoma Workers' Compensation
17 Commission - independent medical examiner - Judges of
18 Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims -
19 effective date -
20 emergency]

21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

22 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 2, is
23 amended to read as follows:

24 Section 2. As used in the Administrative Workers' Compensation
Act:

1 1. "Actually dependent" means a surviving spouse, a child or
2 any other person who receives one-half (1/2) or more of his or her
3 support from the employee;

4 2. "Carrier" means any stock company, mutual company, or
5 reciprocal or interinsurance exchange authorized to write or carry
6 on the business of workers' compensation insurance in this state.
7 Whenever required by the context, the term "carrier" shall be deemed
8 to include duly qualified self-insureds or self-insured groups;

9 3. "Case management" means the ongoing coordination, by a case
10 manager, of health care services provided to an injured or disabled
11 worker, including but not limited to systematically monitoring the
12 treatment rendered and the medical progress of the injured or
13 disabled worker; ensuring that any treatment plan follows all
14 appropriate treatment protocols, utilization controls and practice
15 parameters; assessing whether alternative health care services are
16 appropriate and delivered in a cost-effective manner based upon
17 acceptable medical standards; and ensuring that the injured or
18 disabled worker is following the prescribed health care plan;

19 4. "Case manager" means a person who is a registered nurse with
20 a current, active unencumbered license from the Oklahoma Board of
21 Nursing, or possesses one or more of the following certifications
22 which indicate the individual has a minimum number of years of case
23 management experience, has passed a national competency test and
24

1 regularly obtains continuing education hours to maintain
2 certification:

- 3 a. Certified Disability Management Specialist (CDMS),
- 4 b. Certified Case Manager (CCM),
- 5 c. Certified Rehabilitation Registered Nurse (CRRN),
- 6 d. Case Manager - Certified (CMC),
- 7 e. Certified Occupational Health Nurse (COHN), or
- 8 f. Certified Occupational Health Nurse Specialist (COHN-
9 S);

10 5. "Certified workplace medical plan" means an organization of
11 health care providers or any other entity, certified by the State
12 Commissioner of Health, that is authorized to enter into a
13 contractual agreement with an employer, group self-insurance
14 association plan, an employer's workers' compensation insurance
15 carrier, third-party administrator or an insured to provide medical
16 care under the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act. Certified
17 plans shall only include plans which provide medical services and
18 payment for services on a fee-for-service basis to medical
19 providers;

20 6. "Child" means a natural or adopted son or daughter of the
21 employee under eighteen (18) years of age; or a natural or adopted
22 son or daughter of an employee eighteen (18) years of age or over
23 who is physically or mentally incapable of self-support; or any
24 natural or adopted son or daughter of an employee eighteen (18)

1 years of age or over who is actually dependent; or any natural or
2 adopted son or daughter of an employee between eighteen (18) and
3 twenty-three (23) years of age who is enrolled as a full-time
4 student in any accredited educational institution. The term "child"
5 includes a posthumous child, a child legally adopted or one for whom
6 adoption proceedings are pending at the time of death, an actually
7 dependent stepchild or an actually dependent acknowledged child born
8 out of wedlock;

9 7. "Claimant" means a person who claims benefits for an injury
10 or occupational disease pursuant to the provisions of the
11 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act;

12 8. "Commission" means the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation
13 Commission;

14 9. a. "Compensable injury" means damage or harm to the
15 physical structure of the body, or damage or harm to
16 prosthetic appliances, including eyeglasses, contact
17 lenses, or hearing aids, of which the major cause is
18 either an accident, cumulative trauma or occupational
19 disease arising out of the course and scope of
20 employment. An "accident" means an event involving
21 factors external to the employee that:

22 (1) was unintended, unanticipated, unforeseen,
23 unplanned and unexpected,

24

- (2) occurred at a specifically identifiable time and place,
- (3) occurred by chance or from unknown causes, ~~or~~
- (4) was independent of sickness, mental incapacity, bodily infirmity or any other cause, and
- (5) was not as the result of an intentional act.

b. "Compensable injury" does not include:

- (1) injury to any active participant in assaults or combats which, although they may occur in the workplace, are the result of non-employment-related hostility or animus of one, both, or all of the combatants and which assault or combat amounts to a deviation from customary duties; provided, however, injuries caused by horseplay shall not be considered to be compensable injuries, except for innocent victims,
- (2) injury incurred while engaging in or performing or as the result of engaging in or performing any recreational or social activities for the employee's personal pleasure,
- (3) injury which was inflicted on the employee at a time when employment services were not being performed or before the employee was hired or after the employment relationship was terminated,

1 (4) injury if the accident was caused by the use of
2 alcohol, illegal drugs, or prescription drugs
3 used in contravention of physician's orders. If
4 a biological specimen is collected within twenty-
5 four (24) hours of the employee being injured or
6 reporting an injury, or if at any time after the
7 injury a biological specimen is collected by the
8 ~~Oklahoma~~ Office of the Chief Medical Examiner if
9 the injured employee does not survive for at
10 least twenty-four (24) hours after the injury and
11 the employee tests positive for intoxication, an
12 illegal controlled substance, or a legal
13 controlled substance used in contravention to a
14 treating physician's orders, or refuses to
15 undergo the drug and alcohol testing, there shall
16 be a rebuttable presumption that the injury was
17 caused by the use of alcohol, illegal drugs, or
18 prescription drugs used in contravention of
19 physician's orders. This presumption may only be
20 overcome if the employee proves by clear and
21 convincing evidence that his or her state of
22 intoxication had no causal relationship to the
23 injury,
24

1 (5) any strain, degeneration, damage or harm to, or
2 disease or condition of, the eye or
3 musculoskeletal structure or other body part
4 resulting from the natural results of aging,
5 osteoarthritis, arthritis, or degenerative
6 process including, but not limited to,
7 degenerative joint disease, degenerative disc
8 disease, degenerative
9 spondylosis/spondylolisthesis and spinal
10 stenosis, ~~or~~

11 (6) any preexisting condition except when the
12 treating physician clearly confirms an
13 identifiable and significant aggravation incurred
14 in the course and scope of employment,

15 (7) any injury resulting from an idiopathic injury or
16 condition, or

17 (8) any injury resulting from an intentional act.

18 c. Where compensation is payable for an injury resulting
19 from cumulative trauma, the last employer in whose
20 employment the employee was last injuriously exposed to
21 the trauma during a period of at least ninety (90) days
22 or more, and the insurance carrier, if any, on the risk
23 when the employee was last so exposed under such
24 employer, shall alone be liable therefor, without

1 right to contribution from any prior employer or
2 insurance carrier. If there is no employer in whose
3 employment the employee was injuriously exposed to the
4 trauma for a period of at least ninety (90) days, then
5 the last employer in whose employment the employee was
6 last injuriously exposed to the trauma and the
7 insurance carrier, if any, on the risk when such
8 employee was last so exposed under such employer,
9 shall be liable therefor, with right to contribution
10 from any prior employer or insurance carrier.

11 d. A compensable injury shall be established by medical
12 evidence supported by objective findings as defined in
13 paragraph ~~31~~ 33 of this section.

14 ~~e.~~ e. The injured employee shall prove by a preponderance
15 of the evidence that he or she has suffered a
16 compensable injury.

17 ~~f.~~ f. Benefits shall not be payable for a condition which
18 results from a non-work-related independent
19 intervening cause following a compensable injury which
20 causes or prolongs disability, aggravation, or
21 requires treatment. A non-work-related independent
22 intervening cause does not require negligence or
23 recklessness on the part of a claimant.

1 ~~f.~~ g. An employee who suffers a compensable injury shall be
2 entitled to receive compensation as prescribed in ~~this~~
3 ~~act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

4 Notwithstanding other provisions of law, if it is
5 determined that a compensable injury did not occur,
6 the employee shall not be entitled to compensation
7 under ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
8 Compensation Act;

9 10. "Compensation" means the money allowance payable to the
10 employee or to his or her dependents and includes the medical
11 services and supplies provided for in Section 50 of this title and
12 funeral expenses;

13 11. "Consequential injury" means injury or harm to a part of
14 the body that is a direct result of the injury or medical treatment
15 to the part of the body originally injured in the claim. The
16 Commission shall not make a finding of a consequential injury unless
17 it is established by objective medical evidence that medical
18 treatment for such part of the body is required;

19 12. "Continuing medical maintenance" means medical treatment
20 that is reasonable and necessary to maintain claimant's condition
21 resulting from the compensable injury or illness after reaching
22 maximum medical improvement. Continuing medical maintenance shall
23 not include diagnostic tests, surgery, injections, counseling,
24 physical therapy, or pain management devices or equipment;

1 13. "Course and scope of employment" means an activity of any
2 kind or character for which the employee was hired and that relates
3 to and derives from the work, business, trade or profession of an
4 employer, and is performed by an employee in the furtherance of the
5 affairs or business of an employer. The term includes activities
6 conducted on the premises of an employer or at other locations
7 designated by an employer and travel by an employee in furtherance
8 of the affairs of an employer that is specifically directed by the
9 employer. This term does not include:

- 10 a. an employee's transportation to and from his or her
11 place of employment,
- 12 b. travel by an employee in furtherance of the affairs of
13 an employer if the travel is also in furtherance of
14 personal or private affairs of the employee,
- 15 c. any injury occurring in a parking lot or other common
16 area adjacent to an employer's place of business
17 before the employee clocks in or otherwise begins work
18 for the employer or after the employee clocks out or
19 otherwise stops work for the employer unless the
20 employer owns or maintains exclusive control over the
21 area, or
- 22 d. any injury occurring while an employee is on a work
23 break, unless the injury occurs while the employee is
24 on a work break inside the employer's facility or in

1 an area owned by or exclusively controlled by the
2 employer and the work break is authorized by the
3 employee's supervisor;

4 14. "Cumulative trauma" means an injury to an employee that is
5 caused by the combined effect of repetitive physical activities
6 extending over a period of time in the course and scope of
7 employment. Cumulative trauma shall not mean fatigue, soreness or
8 general aches and pain that may have been caused, aggravated,
9 exacerbated or accelerated by the employee's course and scope of
10 employment. Cumulative trauma shall have resulted directly and
11 independently of all other causes;

12 15. "Death" means only death resulting from compensable injury
13 as defined in paragraph 9 of this section;

14 16. "Disability" means incapacity because of compensable injury
15 to earn, in the same or any other employment, substantially the same
16 amount of wages the employee was receiving at the time of the
17 compensable injury;

18 17. "Drive-away operations" includes every person engaged in
19 the business of transporting and delivering new or used vehicles by
20 driving, either singly or by towbar, saddle-mount or full-mount
21 method, or any combination thereof, with or without towing a
22 privately owned vehicle;

23 18. a. "Employee" means any person, including a minor, in the
24 service of an employer under any contract of hire or

1 apprenticeship, written or oral, expressed or implied,
2 but excluding one whose employment is casual and not
3 in the course of the trade, business, profession, or
4 occupation of his or her employer and excluding one
5 who is required to perform work for a municipality or
6 county or the state or federal government on having
7 been convicted of a criminal offense or while
8 incarcerated. "Employee" shall also include a member
9 of the Oklahoma National Guard while in the
10 performance of duties only while in response to state
11 orders and any authorized voluntary or uncompensated
12 worker, rendering services as a firefighter, law
13 enforcement officer or emergency management worker.
14 Travel by a police officer, fireman, or a member of a
15 first aid or rescue squad, in responding to and
16 returning from an emergency, shall be deemed to be in
17 the course of employment.

18 b. The term "employee" shall not include:

- 19 (1) any person for whom an employer is liable under
20 any Act of Congress for providing compensation to
21 employees for injuries, disease or death arising
22 out of and in the course of employment including,
23 but not limited to, the Federal Employees'
24 Compensation Act, the Federal Employers'

1 Liability Act, the Longshore and Harbor Workers'
2 Compensation Act and the Jones Act, to the extent
3 his or her employees are subject to such acts,

4 (2) any person who is employed in agriculture,
5 ranching or horticulture by an employer who had a
6 gross annual payroll in the preceding calendar
7 year of less than One Hundred Thousand Dollars
8 (\$100,000.00) wages for agricultural, ranching or
9 horticultural workers, or any person who is
10 employed in agriculture, ranching or horticulture
11 who is not engaged in operation of motorized
12 machines. This exemption applies to any period
13 of time for which such employment exists,
14 irrespective of whether or not the person is
15 employed in other activities for which the
16 exemption does not apply. If the person is
17 employed for part of a year in exempt activities
18 and for part of a year in nonexempt activities,
19 the employer shall be responsible for providing
20 workers' compensation only for the period of time
21 for which the person is employed in nonexempt
22 activities,

23 (3) any person who is a licensed real estate sales
24 associate or broker, paid on a commission basis,

1 (4) any person employed by an employer with five or
2 fewer total employees, all of whom are related
3 within the second degree by blood or marriage to
4 the employer, all of whom are dependents living
5 in the household of the employer, or all of whom
6 are a combination of such relatives and
7 dependents. If the employer is not a natural
8 person such relative shall be related within the
9 second degree by blood or marriage to a person
10 who owns fifty percent (50%) or more of the
11 employer, or such dependent shall be in the
12 household of a person who owns fifty percent
13 (50%) or more of the employer,

14 (5) any person employed by an employer which is a
15 youth sports league which qualifies for exemption
16 from federal income taxation pursuant to federal
17 law,

18 (6) sole proprietors, members of a partnership,
19 individuals who are party to a franchise
20 agreement as set out by the Federal Trade
21 Commission franchise disclosure rule, 16 CFR
22 436.1 through 436.11, members of a limited
23 liability company who own at least ten percent
24 (10%) of the capital of the limited liability

1 company or any stockholder-employees of a
2 corporation who own ten percent (10%) or more
3 stock in the corporation, unless they elect to be
4 covered by a policy of insurance covering
5 benefits under the Administrative Workers'
6 Compensation Act,

7 (7) any person providing or performing voluntary
8 service who receives no wages for the services
9 other than meals, drug or alcohol rehabilitative
10 therapy, transportation, lodging or reimbursement
11 for incidental expenses except for volunteers
12 specifically provided for in subparagraph a of
13 this paragraph,

14 (8) a person, commonly referred to as an owner-
15 operator, who owns or leases a truck-tractor or
16 truck for hire, if the owner-operator actually
17 operates the truck-tractor or truck and if the
18 person contracting with the owner-operator is not
19 the lessor of the truck-tractor or truck.

20 Provided, however, an owner-operator shall not be
21 precluded from workers' compensation coverage
22 under the Administrative Workers' Compensation
23 Act if the owner-operator elects to participate
24 as a sole proprietor,

1 (9) a person referred to as a drive-away owner-
2 operator who privately owns and utilizes a tow
3 vehicle in drive-away operations and operates
4 independently for hire, if the drive-away owner-
5 operator actually utilizes the tow vehicle and if
6 the person contracting with the drive-away owner-
7 operator is not the lessor of the tow vehicle.
8 Provided, however, a drive-away owner-operator
9 shall not be precluded from workers' compensation
10 coverage under the Administrative Workers'
11 Compensation Act if the drive-away owner-operator
12 elects to participate as a sole proprietor, and

13 (10) any person who is employed as a domestic servant
14 or as a casual worker in and about a private home
15 or household, which private home or household had
16 a gross annual payroll in the preceding calendar
17 year of less than Fifty Thousand Dollars
18 (\$50,000.00) for such workers;

19 19. "Employer" means a natural person, partnership,
20 association, limited liability company, corporation, and the legal
21 representatives of a deceased employer, or the receiver or trustee
22 of a person, partnership, association, corporation, or limited
23 liability company, departments, instrumentalities and institutions
24 of this state and divisions thereof, counties and divisions thereof,

1 public trusts, boards of education and incorporated cities or towns
2 and divisions thereof, employing a person included within the term
3 "employee" as defined in this section. Employer may also mean the
4 employer's workers' compensation insurance carrier, if applicable.
5 Except as provided otherwise, ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
6 Compensation Act applies to all public and private entities and
7 institutions;

8 20. "Employment" includes work or labor in a trade, business,
9 occupation or activity carried on by an employer or any authorized
10 voluntary or uncompensated worker rendering services as a
11 firefighter, peace officer or emergency management worker;

12 21. "Evidence-based" means expert-based, literature-supported
13 and outcomes validated by well-designed randomized trials when such
14 information is available and which uses the best available evidence
15 to support medical decision making;

16 22. "Gainful employment" means the capacity to perform
17 employment for wages for a period of time that is not part-time,
18 occasional or sporadic;

19 23. "Idiopathic" means an injury or condition, where neither the
20 cause, nor the resulting injury bears any special relation to the
21 work or to the conditions under which the act was being performed and
22 though it occurs in the course of the employment, does not arise out
23 of the employment;

24

1 24. "Impaired self-insurer" means a private self-insurer or
2 group self-insurance association that fails to pay its workers'
3 compensation obligations, or is financially unable to do so and is
4 the subject of any proceeding under the ~~Federal~~ federal Bankruptcy
5 Reform Act of 1978, and any subsequent amendments or is the subject
6 of any proceeding in which a receiver, custodian, liquidator,
7 rehabilitator, trustee or similar officer has been appointed by a
8 court of competent jurisdiction to act in lieu of or on behalf of
9 the self-insurer;

10 ~~24.~~ 25. "Incapacity" means inadequate strength or ability to
11 perform a work-related task;

12 ~~25.~~ 26. "Insurance Commissioner" means the Insurance
13 Commissioner of the State of Oklahoma;

14 ~~26.~~ 27. "Insurance Department" means the Insurance Department
15 of the State of Oklahoma;

16 ~~27.~~ 28. "Intentional act" means an injury occurring only when
17 the employee is injured as a result of a willful, deliberate, and
18 specific intent to cause such injury and only when the act that was
19 the proximate cause of the injury was not normally within the
20 employer-employee relationship and was not an employment risk related
21 to the business of the employer. Knowledge that the injury was
22 substantially certain to result from the conduct shall not constitute
23 an intentional act;
24

1 29. "Major cause" means more than fifty percent (50%) of the
2 resulting injury, disease or illness. A finding of major cause
3 shall be established by a preponderance of the evidence. A finding
4 that the workplace was not a major cause of the injury, disease or
5 illness shall not adversely affect the exclusive remedy provisions
6 of ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act and shall
7 not create a separate cause of action outside ~~this act~~ the
8 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act;

9 ~~28.~~ 30. "Maximum medical improvement" means that no further
10 material improvement would reasonably be expected from medical
11 treatment or the passage of time;

12 ~~29.~~ 31. "Medical services" means those services specified in
13 Section 50 of this title;

14 ~~30.~~ 32. "Misconduct" shall include the following:

- 15 a. unexplained absenteeism or tardiness,
- 16 b. willful or wanton indifference to or neglect of the
17 duties required,
- 18 c. willful or wanton breach of any duty required by the
19 employer,
- 20 d. the mismanagement of a position of employment by
21 action or inaction,
- 22 e. actions or omissions that place in jeopardy the
23 health, life, or property of self or others,
- 24 f. dishonesty,

- 1 g. wrongdoing,
- 2 h. violation of a law, or
- 3 i. a violation of a policy or rule adopted to ensure
- 4 orderly work or the safety of self or others;

5 ~~31.~~

6 33. a. (1) "Objective findings" are those findings which

7 cannot come under the voluntary control of the

8 patient.

9 (2) (a) When determining permanent disability, a

10 physician, any other medical provider, an

11 administrative law judge, the Commission or

12 the courts shall not consider complaints of

13 pain.

14 (b) For the purpose of making permanent

15 disability ratings to the spine, physicians

16 shall use criteria established by the Sixth

17 Edition of the American Medical Association

18 "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent

19 Impairment".

20 (3) (a) Objective evidence necessary to prove

21 permanent disability in occupational hearing

22 loss cases may be established by medically

23 recognized and accepted clinical diagnostic

24 methodologies, including, but not limited

1 to, audiological tests that measure air and
2 bone conduction thresholds and speech
3 discrimination ability.

4 (b) Any difference in the baseline hearing
5 levels shall be confirmed by subsequent
6 testing; provided, however, such test shall
7 be given within four (4) weeks of the
8 initial baseline hearing level test but not
9 before five (5) days after being adjusted
10 for presbycusis.

11 b. Medical opinions addressing compensability and
12 permanent disability shall be stated within a
13 reasonable degree of medical certainty;

14 ~~32.~~ 34. "Official Disability Guidelines" or "ODG" means the
15 current edition of the Official Disability Guidelines and the ODG
16 Treatment in Workers' ~~Comp~~ Compensation as published by the Work
17 Loss Data Institute;

18 ~~33.~~ 35. "Permanent disability" means the extent, expressed as a
19 percentage, of the loss of a portion of the total physiological
20 capabilities of the human body as established by competent medical
21 evidence and based on the Sixth Edition of the American Medical
22 Association "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment", if
23 the impairment is contained therein;

1 ~~34.~~ 36. "Permanent partial disability" means a permanent
2 disability or loss of use after maximum medical improvement has been
3 reached ~~which prevents the injured employee, who has been released~~
4 ~~to return to work by the treating physician, from returning to his~~
5 ~~or her pre-injury or equivalent job.~~ All evaluations of permanent
6 partial disability must be supported by objective findings;

7 ~~35.~~ 37. "Permanent total disability" means, based on objective
8 findings, incapacity, based upon accidental injury or occupational
9 disease, to earn wages in any employment for which the employee may
10 become physically suited and reasonably fitted by education,
11 training, experience or vocational rehabilitation provided under
12 ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act. Loss of both
13 hands, both feet, both legs, or both eyes, or any two thereof, shall
14 constitute permanent total disability;

15 ~~36.~~ 38. "Preexisting condition" means any illness, injury,
16 disease, or other physical or mental condition, whether or not work-
17 related, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was
18 recommended or received preceding the date of injury;

19 ~~37.~~ 39. "Pre-injury or equivalent job" means the job that the
20 claimant was working for the employer at the time the injury
21 occurred or any other employment offered by the claimant's employer
22 that pays at least one hundred percent (100%) of the employee's
23 average weekly wage;

1 ~~38.~~ 40. "Private self-insurer" means a private employer that
2 has been authorized to self-insure its workers' compensation
3 obligations pursuant to ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
4 Compensation Act, but does not include group self-insurance
5 associations authorized by ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
6 Compensation Act, or any public employer that self-insures pursuant
7 to ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act;

8 ~~39.~~ 41. "Prosthetic" means an artificial device used to replace
9 a part or joint of the body that is lost or injured in an accident
10 or illness covered by ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
11 Compensation Act;

12 ~~40.~~ 42. "Scheduled member" or "member" means hands, fingers,
13 arms, legs, feet, toes, and eyes. In addition, for purposes of the
14 Multiple Injury Trust Fund only, "scheduled member" means hearing
15 impairment;

16 ~~41.~~ 43. "Scientifically based" involves the application of
17 rigorous, systematic, and objective procedures to obtain reliable
18 and valid knowledge relevant to medical testing, diagnoses and
19 treatment; is adequate to justify the general conclusions drawn; and
20 has been accepted by a peer-review journal or approved by a panel of
21 independent experts through a comparably rigorous, objective, and
22 scientific review;

23 ~~42.~~ 44. "State average weekly wage" means the state average
24 weekly wage determined by the Oklahoma Employment Security

1 Commission in the preceding calendar year. If such determination is
2 not available, the Commission shall determine the wage annually
3 after reasonable investigation;

4 ~~43.~~ 45. "Subcontractor" means a person, firm, corporation or
5 other legal entity hired by the general or prime contractor to
6 perform a specific task for the completion of a work-related
7 activity;

8 ~~44.~~ 46. "Surgery" does not include an injection, or the forcing
9 of fluids beneath the skin, for treatment or diagnosis;

10 ~~45.~~ 47. "Surviving spouse" means the employee's spouse by
11 reason of a legal marriage recognized by the State of Oklahoma or
12 under the requirements of a common law marriage in this state, as
13 determined by the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission;

14 ~~46.~~ 48. "Temporary partial disability" means an injured
15 employee who is temporarily unable to perform his or her job, but
16 may perform alternative work offered by the employer;

17 ~~47.~~ 49. "Time of accident" or "date of accident" means the time
18 or date of the occurrence of the accidental incident from which
19 compensable injury, disability, or death results; and

20 ~~48.~~ 50. "Wages" means money compensation received for
21 employment at the time of the accident, including the reasonable
22 value of board, rent, housing, lodging, or similar advantage
23 received from the employer and includes the amount of tips required
24 to be reported by the employer under Section 6053 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or the
2 amount of actual tips reported, whichever amount is greater.

3 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 3, is
4 amended to read as follows:

5 Section 3. A. Every employer and every employee, unless
6 otherwise specifically provided in ~~this act~~ the Administrative
7 Workers' Compensation Act, shall be subject and bound to the
8 provisions of the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act and every
9 employer shall pay or provide benefits according to the provisions
10 of this act for the ~~accidental~~ compensable injury or death of an
11 employee arising out of and in the course of his or her employment,
12 without regard to fault for such injury, if the employee's contract
13 of employment was made or if the injury occurred within this state.
14 If an employee makes a claim for an injury in another jurisdiction,
15 the employee is precluded from his or her right of action under the
16 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act unless the Oklahoma
17 Workers' Compensation Commission determines that there is a change
18 in circumstances that creates a good cause to bring the claim under
19 the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act; provided, however,
20 that the employee may not receive duplicate benefits to those
21 received in the foreign jurisdiction and the employee's right to
22 bring a claim under this act shall be subject to the limitations
23 period for bringing a claim pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection A
24 of Section 69 of this title. Nothing in ~~this act~~ the Administrative

1 Workers' Compensation Act shall be construed to conflict with any
2 valid Act of Congress governing the liability of employers for
3 injuries received by their employees.

4 B. The State of Oklahoma accepts the provisions of the Acts of
5 Congress designated as 40 U.S.C., Section 3172, formerly 40 U.S.C.,
6 Section 290, and hereby extends the territorial jurisdiction of the
7 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act of this state to all lands
8 and premises within the exterior boundaries of this state which the
9 Government of the United States of America owns or holds by deed or
10 act of cession, and to all purchases, projects, buildings,
11 constructions, improvements and property within the exterior
12 boundaries of this state belonging to the Government of the United
13 States of America, in the same manner and to the same extent as if
14 the premises were under the exclusive jurisdiction of this state,
15 subject only to the limitations placed thereon by the Acts of
16 Congress.

17 C. The Administrative Workers' Compensation Act shall apply
18 only to claims for injuries and death ~~based on accidents~~ which occur
19 on or after February 1, 2014.

20 D. The Workers' Compensation Code in effect before February 1,
21 2014, shall govern all rights in respect to claims for injuries and
22 death ~~based on accidents~~ occurring before February 1, 2014.

23 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 5, is
24 amended to read as follows:

1 Section 5. A. The rights and remedies granted to an employee
2 subject to the provisions of the Administrative Workers'
3 Compensation Act shall be exclusive of all other rights and remedies
4 of the employee, his legal representative, dependents, next of kin,
5 or anyone else claiming rights to recovery on behalf of the employee
6 against the employer, or any principal, officer, director, employee,
7 stockholder, partner, or prime contractor of the employer on account
8 of injury, illness, or death. Negligent acts of a co-employee may
9 not be imputed to the employer. No role, capacity, or persona of
10 any employer, principal, officer, director, employee, or stockholder
11 other than that existing in the role of employer of the employee
12 shall be relevant for consideration for purposes of ~~this act~~ the
13 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act, and the remedies and
14 rights provided by ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation
15 Act shall be exclusive regardless of the multiple roles, capacities,
16 or personas the employer may be deemed to have.

17 B. Exclusive remedy shall not apply if:

18 1. An employer fails to secure the payment of compensation due
19 to the employee as required by ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
20 Compensation Act. An injured employee, or his or her legal
21 representative in case death results from the injury, may, at his or
22 her option, elect to claim compensation under ~~this act~~ the
23 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act or to maintain a legal
24 action in court for damages on account of the injury or death; or

1 2. The injury was caused by an intentional ~~tort~~ act committed
2 by the employer. An intentional ~~tort~~ act shall exist only when ~~the~~
3 ~~employee is injured as a result of willful, deliberate, specific~~
4 ~~intent of the employer to cause such injury. Allegations or proof~~
5 ~~that the employer had knowledge that the injury was substantially~~
6 ~~certain to result from the employer's conduct shall not constitute~~
7 ~~an intentional tort. The employee shall plead facts that show it is~~
8 ~~at least as likely as it is not that the employer acted with the~~
9 ~~purpose of injuring the employee~~ an employer who owns at least ten
10 percent (10%) of the business engages in or specifically directs the
11 act that is the proximate cause of the injury to the employee. An
12 employee or owner of less than ten percent (10%) of the business
13 shall not be released from liability pursuant to this section if he
14 or she engaged in an intentional act that was the proximate cause of
15 the injury or death. The issue of whether an act is ~~an~~ intentional
16 ~~tort~~ shall be a question of law.

17 C. The immunity from civil liability described in subsection A
18 of this section shall apply regardless of whether the injured
19 employee is denied compensation or deemed ineligible to receive
20 compensation under ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation
21 Act.

22 D. If an employer has failed to secure the payment of
23 compensation for his or her injured employee as provided for in ~~this~~
24 ~~act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act, an injured

1 employee, or his or her legal representative if death results from
2 the injury, may maintain an action in the district court for damages
3 on account of such injury.

4 E. The immunity created by the provisions of this section shall
5 not extend to action against another employer, or its employees, on
6 the same job as the injured or deceased worker where such other
7 employer does not stand in the position of an intermediate or
8 principal employer to the immediate employer of the injured or
9 deceased worker.

10 F. The immunity created by the provisions of this section shall
11 not extend to action against another employer, or its employees, on
12 the same job as the injured or deceased worker even though such
13 other employer may be considered as standing in the position of a
14 special master of a loaned servant where such special master neither
15 is the immediate employer of the injured or deceased worker nor
16 stands in the position of an intermediate or principal employer to
17 the immediate employer of the injured or deceased worker.

18 G. This section shall not be construed to abrogate the loaned
19 servant doctrine in any respect other than that described in
20 subsection F of this section. Nothing in ~~this act~~ the
21 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act shall be construed to
22 relieve the employer from any other penalty provided for in ~~this act~~
23 the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act for failure to secure
24

1 the payment of compensation under ~~this act~~ the Administrative
2 Workers' Compensation Act.

3 H. For the purpose of extending the immunity of this section,
4 any architect, professional engineer, or land surveyor shall be
5 deemed an intermediate or principal employer for services performed
6 at or on the site of a construction project, but this immunity shall
7 not extend to the negligent preparation of design plans and
8 specifications.

9 I. If the employer has failed to secure the payment of
10 compensation as provided in ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
11 Compensation Act or in the case of an intentional ~~text~~ act, the
12 injured employee or his or her legal representative may maintain an
13 action either before the Commission or in the district court, but
14 not both.

15 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 13, is
16 amended to read as follows:

17 Section 13. A. 1. A mental injury or illness is not a
18 compensable injury unless caused by a physical injury to the
19 employee, and shall not be considered an injury arising out of and
20 in the course and scope of employment or compensable unless
21 demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence; provided, however,
22 that this physical injury limitation shall not apply to any victim
23 of a crime of violence.

24

1 2. No mental injury or illness under this section shall be
2 compensable unless it is also diagnosed by a licensed psychiatrist
3 or psychologist and unless the diagnosis of the condition meets the
4 criteria established in the ~~most current issue of the~~ Diagnostic and
5 Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5).

6 B. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of ~~this act~~ the
7 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act, where a claim is for
8 mental injury or illness, the employee shall be limited to twenty-
9 six (26) weeks of disability benefits unless it is shown by clear
10 and convincing evidence that benefits should continue for a set
11 period of time, not to exceed a total of fifty-two (52) weeks.

12 2. a. In cases where death results directly from the mental
13 injury or illness within a period of one (1) year,
14 compensation shall be paid the dependents as provided
15 in other death cases under ~~this act~~ the Administrative
16 Workers' Compensation Act.

17 b. Death directly or indirectly related to the mental
18 injury or illness occurring one (1) year or more from
19 the incident resulting in the mental injury or illness
20 shall not be a compensable injury.

21 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 30, is
22 amended to read as follows:

23 Section 30. A. For the purposes of Sections 31 through 35 of
24 this title, the term "physically impaired person" means a person

1 who, as a result of accident, disease, birth, military action, or
2 any other cause, has suffered:

3 1. The loss of the sight of one eye;

4 2. The loss by amputation of the whole or a part of a member of
5 the body, or loss of use of more than thirty-five percent (35%) of a
6 member of the body proven by objective medical evidence; or

7 3. Any previous adjudications of compensable permanent partial
8 disability adjudged and determined by the Workers' Compensation
9 Court, the Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims or the
10 Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission.

11 B. This section shall apply to all adjudications of Multiple
12 Injury Trust Fund claims in which the last injury occurred on or
13 after July 1, 2019.

14 SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 32, is
15 amended to read as follows:

16 Section 32. A. If an employee who is a "physically impaired
17 person" receives an accidental personal injury compensable under the
18 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act which results in additional
19 permanent disability so that the degree of disability caused by the
20 combination of both disabilities results in disability materially
21 greater than that which would have resulted from the subsequent
22 injury alone, the employee may proceed against the Multiple Injury
23 Trust Fund for permanent total disability. ~~Only disability due to~~
24 ~~an injury to the body as a whole at a subsequent employer shall be~~

1 ~~combinable with a prior body disability, except that disability to a~~
2 ~~member may be combined with disability to the body as a whole.~~ If
3 such combined disabilities constitute permanent total disability, as
4 defined in Section 2 of this title, the employee shall receive full
5 compensation as provided by law for the disability resulting
6 directly and specifically from the subsequent injury. In addition,
7 the employee shall receive compensation for permanent total
8 disability if the combination of injuries renders the employee
9 permanently and totally disabled. The employer shall be liable only
10 for the degree of percent of disability which would have resulted
11 from the subsequent injury if there had been no preexisting
12 impairment. The compensation rate for permanent total disability
13 awards from the Multiple Injury Trust Fund shall be the compensation
14 rate for permanent partial disability paid by the employer in the
15 last combinable compensable injury.

16 B. Permanent total disability awards from the Multiple Injury
17 Trust Fund shall be payable in periodic installments for a period of
18 eight (8) years or until the employee reaches sixty-five (65) years
19 of age, whichever period is longer.

20 C. Permanent total disability awards from the Multiple Injury
21 Trust Fund shall accrue from the file date of the order of the
22 Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission finding the claimant to be
23 permanently and totally disabled.

24

1 D. Before a physically impaired person can proceed against the
2 Multiple Injury Trust Fund, the previously adjudicated compensable
3 permanent partial disability adjudged and determined by the Workers'
4 Compensation Court, the Workers' Compensation Court of Existing
5 Claims or the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission and the
6 permanent partial disability from the last injury must exceed fifty
7 percent (50%) to the body as a whole. However, amputations and loss
8 of use of a scheduled member qualifying as previous impairment under
9 paragraph 2 of subsection A of Section 30 of this title shall be
10 considered in lieu of previously adjudicated compensable permanent
11 partial disability.

12 E. Awards under this section shall abate upon the death, from
13 any cause, of the employee.

14 F. Reopening any prior claim other than the last injury claim
15 against the employer shall not give a claimant the right to
16 additional Multiple Injury Trust Fund benefits.

17 G. The Multiple Injury Trust Fund shall have authority to
18 compromise a claim for less than the indicated amount of permanent
19 total disability. Orders shall be paid in periodic installments
20 beginning on the date of the award, unless commuted to a lump-sum
21 payment or payments, by agreement of the claimant and the Multiple
22 Injury Trust Fund. All offers made by the Multiple Injury Trust
23 Fund pursuant to this section shall be conveyed by the claimant's
24

1 attorney to the claimant within five (5) days of receipt of the
2 offer.

3 H. If an order is entered finding an employee to be permanently
4 totally disabled as a result of combined disability, and such order
5 is the result of a compromised settlement, the employee is
6 thereafter prohibited from making an additional claim against the
7 Multiple Injury Trust Fund. An attorney for a claimant against the
8 Multiple Injury Trust Fund shall be entitled to a fee equal to
9 twenty percent (20%) of permanent disability benefits awarded. The
10 attorney fee shall be paid in periodic installments by the attorney
11 receiving every fifth check. All benefits awarded to the attorney
12 shall be vested at the time the award becomes final.

13 I. In the event a claimant receiving benefits for permanent and
14 total disability from the Multiple Injury Trust Fund dies as a
15 result of his or her injury before the award has been fully paid,
16 payments shall continue to the surviving spouse for five (5) years
17 or upon remarriage, whichever occurs first. In no event shall
18 payments to the surviving spouse extend beyond the period of
19 benefits awarded to the claimant.

20 SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 35, is
21 amended to read as follows:

22 Section 35. A. 1. Every employer shall secure compensation as
23 provided under ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act
24 to its employees for compensable injuries without regard to fault.

1 2. There shall be no liability for compensation under ~~this act~~
2 the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act where the injury or
3 death was ~~substantially occasioned by the willful intention as a~~
4 result of an intentional act of the injured employee ~~to bring about~~
5 ~~such compensable injury or death.~~

6 B. The primary obligation to pay compensation is on the
7 employer, and the procurement of a policy of insurance by an
8 employer to cover the obligation in respect to ~~this act~~ the
9 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act shall not relieve the
10 employer of the obligation.

11 SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 40, is
12 amended to read as follows:

13 Section 40. A. 1. Any employer who fails to secure
14 compensation required under the Administrative Workers' Compensation
15 Act, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject
16 to a fine of up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) to be deposited
17 in the Workers' Compensation Commission Revolving Fund.

18 2. This subsection shall not affect any other liability of the
19 employer under the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

20 B. 1. Whenever the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission
21 has reason to believe that any employer required to secure the
22 payment of compensation under the Administrative Workers'
23 Compensation Act has failed to do so, the Commission shall serve on
24 the employer a proposed judgment declaring the employer to be in

1 violation of the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act and
2 containing the amount, if any, of the civil penalty to be assessed
3 against the employer under paragraph 5 of this subsection.

4 2. a. An employer may contest a proposed judgment of the
5 Commission issued under paragraph 1 of this subsection
6 by filing with the Commission, within twenty (20) days
7 of receipt of the proposed judgment, a written request
8 for a hearing.

9 b. The request for a hearing does not need to be in any
10 particular form but shall specify the grounds on which
11 the person contests the proposed judgment, the
12 proposed assessment, or both.

13 c. If a written request for hearing is not filed with the
14 Commission within the time specified in subparagraph a
15 of this paragraph, the proposed judgment, the proposed
16 penalty or both, shall be a final judgment of the
17 Commission ~~and shall not be subject to further review~~
18 ~~by any court, except if the employer shows good cause~~
19 ~~why it did not timely contest the judgment or penalty~~
20 and terms of the proposed judgment shall be reflected
21 in an order signed by an administrative law judge of
22 the Commission.

23 d. ~~A proposed judgment by the Commission under this~~
24 ~~section shall be prima facie correct, and the burden~~

1 ~~is on the employer to prove that the proposed judgment~~
2 ~~is incorrect~~ If the employer objects to the proposed
3 judgment and requests a hearing, the Commission shall
4 prove by a preponderance of evidence each and every
5 allegation of law and fact contained in the proposed
6 judgment. The administrative law judge shall make
7 specific findings of fact and law.

8 3. a. If the employer alleges that a carrier has contracted
9 to provide its workers' compensation insurance coverage
10 for the period in question, the employer shall include
11 the allegation in its request for hearing and shall
12 name the carrier.

13 b. The Commission shall promptly notify the carrier of
14 the employer's allegation and of the date of hearing.

15 c. The carrier shall promptly, and no later than five (5)
16 days before the hearing, respond in writing to the
17 employer's allegation by providing evidence of
18 coverage for the period in question or by
19 affirmatively denying the employer's allegation.

20 4. Hearings under this section shall be procedurally conducted
21 as provided in Sections 69 through 78 of this title.

22 5. The Commission may assess a fine against an employer who
23 fails to secure the payment of compensation in an amount up to One
24 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per day of violation payable to the

1 Workers' Compensation Commission Revolving Fund, not to exceed a
2 total of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) for the first
3 violation.

4 6. If an employer fails to secure the payment of compensation
5 or pay any civil penalty assessed against the employer after a
6 judgment issued under this section has become final by operation of
7 law or on appeal, the Commission may petition ~~the Oklahoma County~~
8 ~~District Court~~ or the district court of the county where the
9 employer's principal place of business is located for an order
10 enjoining the employer from engaging in further employment until
11 such time as the employer secures the payment of compensation or
12 makes full payment of all civil penalties.

13 7. Upon any penalty becoming final under this section, the
14 Commission may institute collection proceedings against any assets
15 of the employer independently or in district court including, but
16 not limited to, an asset hearing, garnishment of income and wages,
17 judgment lien or an intercept of an income tax refund consistent
18 with Section 205.2 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The
19 collection proceedings shall be filed in the county in which the
20 principal office of the employer is located. The clerk of the
21 Commission shall have the authority to certify a final order in
22 which a penalty has been assessed. Such certification shall be
23 necessary to invoke the jurisdiction of the district court.

24

1 8. Information subject to subsection A or B of Section 4-508 of
2 Title 40 of the Oklahoma Statutes may be disclosed to the employees
3 of the Commission for purposes of investigation and enforcement of
4 workers' compensation coverage requirements pursuant to this title,
5 and such information shall be admissible in any hearing before an
6 administrative law judge of the Commission.

7 9. Litigation files and investigatory reports of the Commission
8 arising from enforcement of the provisions of this section shall be
9 confidential pursuant to Section 24A.12 of Title 51 of the Oklahoma
10 Statutes.

11 SECTION 9. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 45, is
12 amended to read as follows:

13 Section 45. A. Temporary Total Disability.

14 1. If the injured employee is temporarily unable to perform his
15 or her job or any alternative work offered by the employer, he or
16 she shall be entitled to receive compensation equal to seventy
17 percent (70%) of the injured employee's average weekly wage, but not
18 to exceed the state average weekly wage, for one hundred fifty-six
19 (156) weeks. Provided, there shall be no payment for the first
20 three (3) days of the initial period of temporary total disability.
21 If an administrative law judge finds that a consequential injury has
22 occurred and that additional time is needed to reach maximum medical
23 improvement, temporary total disability may continue for a period of
24 not more than an additional fifty-two (52) weeks. Such finding

1 shall be based upon a showing of medical necessity by clear and
2 convincing evidence. An employer shall have the right to recover
3 any overpayment of temporary total disability payments from a
4 subsequent permanent partial disability award if the offset is
5 deemed justified by the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission.

6 2. When the injured employee is released from active medical
7 treatment by the treating physician for all body parts found by the
8 Commission to be injured, or in the event that the employee, without
9 a valid excuse, misses three consecutive medical treatment
10 appointments, fails to comply with medical orders of the treating
11 physician, or otherwise abandons medical care, the employer shall be
12 entitled to terminate temporary total disability by notifying the
13 employee, or if represented, his or her counsel. If, however, an
14 objection to the termination is filed by the employee within ten
15 (10) days of termination, the Commission shall set the matter within
16 twenty (20) days for a determination if temporary total disability
17 compensation shall be reinstated. The temporary total disability
18 shall remain terminated until such time as the employee complies
19 with medical orders of the treating physician. Notwithstanding the
20 provisions of this paragraph, benefits under this subsection shall
21 be permanently terminated by order of the Commission if the employee
22 is noncompliant or abandons treatment for sixty (60) days, or if
23 benefits under this subsection have been suspended under this
24 paragraph at least two times. The administrative law judge may

1 appoint an independent medical examiner to determine if further
2 medical treatment is reasonable and necessary. The independent
3 medical examiner shall not provide treatment to the injured worker,
4 unless agreed upon by the parties.

5 B. Temporary Partial Disability.

6 1. If the injured employee is temporarily unable to perform his
7 or her job, but may perform alternative work offered by the
8 employer, he or she shall be entitled to receive compensation equal
9 to seventy percent (70%) of the difference between the injured
10 employee's average weekly wage before the injury and his or her
11 weekly wage for performing alternative work after the injury, but
12 only if his or her weekly wage for performing the alternative work
13 is less than the temporary total disability rate. The injured
14 employee's actual earnings plus temporary partial disability
15 compensation shall not exceed the temporary total disability rate.

16 2. Compensation under this subsection may not exceed fifty-two
17 (52) weeks.

18 3. If the employee refuses to perform the alternative work
19 offered by the employer, he or she shall not be entitled to benefits
20 under subsection A of this section or under this section.

21 C. Permanent Partial Disability.

22 1. A permanent partial disability award or combination of
23 awards granted an injured worker may not exceed a permanent partial
24 disability rating of one hundred percent (100%) to any body part or

1 to the body as a whole. The determination of permanent partial
2 disability shall be the responsibility of the Commission through its
3 administrative law judges. Any claim by an employee for
4 compensation for permanent partial disability must be supported by
5 competent medical testimony of a medical doctor, osteopathic
6 physician, or chiropractor, and shall be supported by objective
7 medical findings, as defined in ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
8 Compensation Act. The opinion of the physician shall include
9 employee's percentage of permanent partial disability and whether or
10 not the disability is job-related and caused by the accidental
11 injury or occupational disease. A physician's opinion of the nature
12 and extent of permanent partial disability to parts of the body
13 other than scheduled members must be based solely on criteria
14 established by the Sixth Edition of the American Medical
15 Association's "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment". A
16 copy of any written evaluation shall be sent to both parties within
17 seven (7) days of issuance. Medical opinions addressing
18 compensability and permanent disability must be stated within a
19 reasonable degree of medical certainty. Any party may submit the
20 report of an evaluating physician.

21 2. Permanent partial disability shall not be allowed to a part
22 of the body for which no medical treatment has been received. A
23 determination of permanent partial disability made by the Commission
24 or administrative law judge which is not supported by objective

1 medical findings provided by a treating physician who is a medical
2 doctor, doctor of osteopathy, chiropractor or a qualified
3 independent medical examiner shall be considered an abuse of
4 discretion.

5 3. The examining physician shall not deviate from the Guides
6 except as may be specifically provided for in the Guides.

7 4. In cases of permanent partial disability, the compensation
8 shall be seventy percent (70%) of the employee's average weekly
9 wage, not to exceed Three Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$350.00) per week
10 which shall increase to Three Hundred Sixty Dollars (\$360.00) per
11 week on July 1, 2021~~7~~. Beginning on or after January 1, 2024,
12 compensation for permanent partial disability shall be seventy
13 percent (70%) of the employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed an
14 amount equal to forty percent (40%) of the state's average weekly
15 wage, rounded to the nearest dollar. Rates are to be subsequently
16 adjusted January 1, annually for injuries occurring on or after the
17 date of the adjustment. Rates shall be established for each claim
18 based upon the date of injury for a term not to exceed a total of
19 three hundred sixty (360) weeks for the body as a whole.

20 5. Assessments pursuant to Sections 31, 98 and 122 of this
21 title shall be calculated based upon the amount of the permanent
22 partial disability award.

23 6. Previous Disability: The fact that an employee has suffered
24 previous disability or received compensation therefor shall not

1 preclude the employee from compensation for a later accidental
2 personal injury or occupational disease. In the event there exists
3 a previous permanent partial disability, including a previous non-
4 work-related injury or condition which produced permanent partial
5 disability and the same is aggravated or accelerated by an
6 accidental personal injury or occupational disease, compensation for
7 permanent partial disability shall be only for such amount as was
8 caused by such accidental personal injury or occupational disease
9 and no additional compensation shall be allowed for the preexisting
10 disability or impairment. Any such reduction shall not apply to
11 temporary total disability, nor shall it apply to compensation for
12 medical treatment. If workers' compensation benefits have
13 previously been awarded through settlement or judicial or
14 administrative determination in Oklahoma, the percentage basis of
15 the prior settlement or award shall conclusively establish the
16 amount of permanent partial disability determined to be preexisting.
17 If workers' compensation benefits have not previously been awarded
18 through settlement or judicial or administrative determination in
19 Oklahoma, the amount of preexisting permanent partial disability
20 shall be established by competent evidence and determined by the
21 Commission.

22 7. No payments on any permanent partial disability order shall
23 begin until payments on any preexisting permanent partial disability
24 orders have been completed.

1 8. The whole body shall represent a maximum of three hundred
2 sixty (360) weeks.

3 9. The permanent partial disability rate of compensation for
4 amputation or permanent total loss of use of a scheduled member
5 specified in Section 46 of this title shall be seventy percent (70%)
6 of the employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed Three Hundred
7 Fifty Dollars (\$350.00), with an increase to Three Hundred Sixty
8 Dollars (\$360.00) ~~on July 1, 2021,~~ Beginning on or after January 1,
9 2024, compensation for permanent partial disability shall be seventy
10 percent (70%) of the employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed an
11 amount equal to forty percent (40%) of the state's average weekly
12 wage, rounded to the nearest dollar. Rates are to be subsequently
13 adjusted January 1, annually for injuries occurring on or after the
14 date of the adjustment. Rates shall be established for each claim
15 based upon the date of injury and multiplied by the number of weeks
16 set forth for the member in Section 46 of this title, regardless of
17 whether the injured employee is able to return to his or her pre-
18 injury or equivalent job.

19 10. An injured employee who is eligible for permanent partial
20 disability under this subsection shall be entitled to receive
21 vocational rehabilitation services provided by a technology center
22 or public secondary school offering vocational-technical education
23 courses, or a member institution of The Oklahoma State System of
24 Higher Education, which shall include retraining and job placement

1 to restore the employee to gainful employment. Vocational
2 rehabilitation services or training shall not extend for a period of
3 more than fifty-two (52) weeks.

4 D. Permanent Total Disability.

5 1. In case of total disability adjudged to be permanent,
6 seventy percent (70%) of the employee's average weekly wages, but
7 not in excess of the state's average weekly wage, shall be paid to
8 the employee during the continuance of the disability until such
9 time as the employee reaches the age of maximum Social Security
10 retirement benefits or for a period of fifteen (15) years, whichever
11 is longer. In the event the claimant dies of causes unrelated to
12 the injury or illness, benefits shall cease on the date of death.
13 Provided, however, any person entitled to revive the action shall
14 receive a one-time lump-sum payment equal to twenty-six (26) weeks
15 of weekly benefits for permanent total disability awarded the
16 claimant. If more than one person is entitled to revive the claim,
17 the lump-sum payment shall be evenly divided between or among such
18 persons. In the event the Commission awards both permanent partial
19 disability and permanent total disability benefits, the permanent
20 total disability award shall not be due until the permanent partial
21 disability award is paid in full. If otherwise qualified according
22 to the provisions of ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
23 Compensation Act, permanent total disability benefits may be awarded
24 to an employee who has exhausted the maximum period of temporary

1 total disability even though the employee has not reached maximum
2 medical improvement.

3 2. The Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission shall annually
4 review the status of any employee receiving benefits for permanent
5 total disability against the last employer. The Commission shall
6 require the employee to annually file an affidavit under penalty of
7 perjury stating that he or she is not and has not been gainfully
8 employed and is not capable of gainful employment. Failure to file
9 such affidavit shall result in suspension of benefits; provided,
10 however, reinstatement of benefits may occur after proper hearing
11 before the Commission.

12 E. 1. The Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission may hire
13 or contract for a Vocational Rehabilitation Director to oversee the
14 vocational rehabilitation program of the Commission.

15 2. Upon the request of either party, an administrative law
16 judge shall determine if it is appropriate for a claimant to receive
17 vocational rehabilitation training or services. If appropriate, the
18 administrative law judge shall refer the employee to a qualified
19 expert for evaluation of the practicability of, need for and kind of
20 rehabilitation services or training necessary and appropriate in
21 order to restore the employee to gainful employment. The cost of
22 the evaluation shall be paid by the employer.

23 3. Upon receipt of such report, and after affording all parties
24 an opportunity to be heard, the administrative law judge shall order

1 that any rehabilitation services or training, recommended in the
2 report, or such other rehabilitation services or training as the
3 administrative law judge may deem necessary, provided the employee
4 elects to receive such services, shall be provided at the expense of
5 the employer. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
6 refusal to accept rehabilitation services by the employee shall in
7 no way diminish any benefits allowable to an employee.

8 4. The administrative law judge may order vocational
9 rehabilitation before the injured employee reaches maximum medical
10 improvement, if the treating physician believes that it is likely
11 that the employee's injury will prevent the employee from returning
12 to his or her former employment. In granting early benefits for
13 vocational rehabilitation, the Commission shall consider temporary
14 restrictions and the likelihood that such rehabilitation will return
15 the employee to gainful employment earlier than if such benefits are
16 granted after the permanent partial disability hearing in the claim.

17 5. Vocational rehabilitation services or training shall not
18 extend for a period of more than fifty-two (52) weeks. A request
19 for vocational rehabilitation services or training shall be filed
20 with the Commission by an interested party not later than sixty (60)
21 days from the date of receiving permanent disability that prevents
22 the injured employee from returning to his or her pre-injury or
23 equivalent position.

24

1 6. If rehabilitation requires residence at or near the facility
2 or institution which is away from the employee's customary
3 residence, reasonable cost of the employee's board, lodging, travel,
4 tuition, books and necessary equipment in training shall be paid for
5 by the insurer in addition to weekly compensation benefits to which
6 the employee is otherwise entitled under the Administrative Workers'
7 Compensation Act.

8 7. During the period when an employee is actively and in good
9 faith being evaluated or participating in a retraining or job
10 placement program for purposes of evaluating permanent total
11 disability status, the employee shall be entitled to receive
12 benefits at the same rate as the employee's temporary total
13 disability benefits for an additional fifty-two (52) weeks. All
14 tuition related to vocational rehabilitation services shall be paid
15 by the employer or the employer's insurer on a periodic basis
16 directly to the facility providing the vocational rehabilitation
17 services or training to the employee.

18 F. Disfigurement.

19 1. If an injured employee incurs serious and permanent
20 disfigurement to any part of the body, the Commission may award
21 compensation to the injured employee in an amount not to exceed
22 Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00).

23

24

1 2. No award for disfigurement shall be entered until twelve
2 (12) months after the injury unless the treating physician deems the
3 wound or incision to be fully healed.

4 3. An injured employee shall not be entitled to compensation
5 under this subsection if he or she receives an award for permanent
6 partial disability to the same part of the body.

7 G. Benefits for a single-event injury shall be determined by
8 the law in effect at the time of injury. Benefits for a cumulative
9 trauma injury or occupational disease or illness shall be determined
10 by the law in effect at the time the employee knew or reasonably
11 should have known that the injury, occupational disease or illness
12 was related to work activity. Benefits for death shall be
13 determined by the law in effect at the time of death.

14 SECTION 10. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 46, is
15 amended to read as follows:

16 Section 46. A. An injured employee who is entitled to receive
17 permanent partial disability compensation under Section 45 of this
18 title shall receive compensation for each part of the body in
19 accordance with the number of weeks for the scheduled loss set forth
20 below.

21 1. Arm amputated at the elbow, or between the elbow and
22 shoulder, two hundred seventy-five (275) weeks;

23 2. Arm amputated between the elbow and wrist, two hundred
24 twenty (220) weeks;

- 1 3. Leg amputated at the knee, or between the knee and the hip,
2 two hundred seventy-five (275) weeks;
- 3 4. Leg amputated between the knee and the ankle, two hundred
4 twenty (220) weeks;
- 5 5. Hand amputated, two hundred twenty (220) weeks;
- 6 6. Thumb amputated, sixty-six (66) weeks;
- 7 7. First finger amputated, thirty-nine (39) weeks;
- 8 8. Second finger amputated, thirty-three (33) weeks;
- 9 9. Third finger amputated, twenty-two (22) weeks;
- 10 10. Fourth finger amputated, seventeen (17) weeks;
- 11 11. Foot amputated, two hundred twenty (220) weeks;
- 12 12. Great toe amputated, thirty-three (33) weeks;
- 13 13. Toe other than great toe amputated, eleven (11) weeks;
- 14 14. Eye enucleated, in which there was useful vision, two
15 hundred seventy-five (275) weeks;
- 16 15. Loss of hearing of one ear, one hundred ten (110) weeks;
- 17 16. Loss of hearing of both ears, three hundred thirty (330)
18 weeks; and
- 19 17. Loss of one testicle, fifty-three (53) weeks; loss of both
20 testicles, one hundred fifty-eight (158) weeks.

21 B. The permanent partial disability rate of compensation for
22 amputation or permanent total loss of use of a scheduled member
23 specified in this section shall be seventy percent (70%) of the
24 employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed Three Hundred Fifty

1 Dollars (\$350.00) with an increase to Three Hundred Sixty Dollars
2 (\$360.00) on July 1, 2021~~7~~. Beginning on or after January 1, 2024,
3 compensation for permanent partial disability shall be seventy
4 percent (70%) of the employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed
5 an amount equal to forty percent (40%) of the state's average weekly
6 wage, rounded to the nearest dollar. Rates are to be subsequently
7 adjusted January 1, annually for injuries occurring on or after the
8 date of the adjustment. Rates shall be established for each claim
9 based upon the date of injury and multiplied by the number of weeks
10 as set forth in this section, regardless of whether or not the
11 injured employee is able to return to his or her pre-injury job.

12 C. Other cases: In cases in which the Oklahoma Workers'
13 Compensation Commission finds an injury to a part of the body not
14 specifically covered by the foregoing provisions of this section,
15 the employee may be entitled to compensation for permanent partial
16 disability. The compensation ordered paid shall be seventy percent
17 (70%) of the employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed Three
18 Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$350.00) with an increase to Three Hundred
19 Sixty Dollars (\$360.00) on July 1, 2021~~7~~. Beginning January 1,
20 2024, an amount equal to forty percent (40%) of the state's average
21 weekly wage, rounded to the nearest whole dollar. Rates are to be
22 subsequently adjusted January 1, annually, for injuries occurring on
23 or after the date of the adjustment for the number of weeks which
24

1 the partial disability of the employee bears to ~~three hundred fifty~~
2 ~~(350)~~ three hundred sixty (360) weeks.

3 D. 1. Compensation for amputation of the first phalange of a
4 digit shall be one-half (1/2) of the compensation for the amputation
5 of the entire digit.

6 2. Compensation for amputation of more than one phalange of a
7 digit shall be the same as for amputation of the entire digit.

8 E. 1. Compensation for the permanent loss of eighty percent
9 (80%) or more of the vision of an eye shall be the same as for the
10 loss of an eye.

11 2. In all cases of permanent loss of vision, the use of
12 corrective lenses may be taken into consideration in evaluating the
13 extent of loss of vision.

14 F. Compensation for amputation or loss of use of two or more
15 digits or one or more phalanges of two or more digits of a hand or a
16 foot may be proportioned to the total loss of use of the hand or the
17 foot occasioned thereby but shall not exceed the compensation for
18 total loss of a hand or a foot.

19 G. Compensation for permanent total loss of use of a member
20 shall be the same as for amputation of the member.

21 H. The sum of all permanent partial disability awards,
22 excluding awards against the Multiple Injury Trust Fund, shall not
23 exceed ~~three hundred fifty (350)~~ three hundred sixty (360) weeks.

24

1 SECTION 11. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 47, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 Section 47. A. Time of death. If death does not result within
4 one (1) year from the date of the accident or within the first three
5 (3) years of the period for compensation payments fixed by the
6 compensation judgment, a rebuttable presumption shall arise that the
7 death did not result from the injury.

8 B. Common law spouse. A common law spouse shall not be
9 entitled to benefits under this section unless he or she obtains an
10 order from the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission ruling that
11 a common law marriage existed between the decedent and the surviving
12 spouse. The ruling by the Commission shall be exclusive in regard
13 to benefits under this section regardless of any district court
14 decision regarding the probate of the decedent's estate.

15 C. Beneficiaries - Amounts. If an injury or occupational
16 illness causes death, weekly income benefits shall be payable as
17 follows:

18 1. If there is a surviving spouse, a lump-sum payment of One
19 Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) and seventy percent (70%) of
20 the lesser of the deceased employee's average weekly wage and the
21 state average weekly wage. In addition to the benefits theretofore
22 paid or due, two (2) years' indemnity benefit in one lump sum shall
23 be payable to a surviving spouse upon remarriage;

24

1 2. If there is a surviving spouse and a child or children, a
2 lump-sum payment of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) and
3 fifteen percent (15%) of the lesser of the deceased employee's
4 average weekly wage and the state average weekly wage to each child.
5 If there are more than two children, each child shall receive a pro
6 rata share of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) and thirty percent
7 (30%) of the deceased employee's average weekly wage;

8 3. If there is a child or children and no surviving spouse, a
9 lump-sum payment of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) and
10 fifty percent (50%) of the lesser of the deceased employee's average
11 weekly wage and the state average weekly wage to each child. If
12 there are more than two children, each child shall receive a pro
13 rata share of one hundred percent (100%) of the lesser of the
14 deceased employee's average weekly wage and the state average weekly
15 wage. With respect to the lump-sum payment, if there are more than
16 six children, each child shall receive a pro rata share of One
17 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00);

18 4. ~~If there is no surviving spouse or children, each legal~~
19 ~~guardian, if financially dependent on the employee at the time of~~
20 ~~death, shall receive twenty-five percent (25%) of the lesser of the~~
21 ~~deceased employee's average weekly wage and the state average weekly~~
22 ~~wage until the earlier of death, becoming eligible for Social~~
23 ~~Security, obtaining full-time employment, or five (5) years from the~~
24 ~~date benefits under this section begin~~ If there is no surviving

1 spouse or children, Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) shall be paid
2 to the parents and shall be divided to share and share alike;

3 5. If there is no surviving spouse, children, or parents, to
4 the brothers, sisters, grandparents, and grandchildren shall be paid
5 Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). If there should be more than one
6 of such dependents, the total benefits payable for the benefit of
7 such dependents shall be divided to share and share alike;

8 6. If there is no surviving spouse, children, parents,
9 brothers, sisters, grandparents, or grandchildren, to each legal
10 guardian, if financially dependent on the employee at the time of
11 death and upon proof of pecuniary loss shall receive an amount not
12 to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00); and

13 ~~5.~~ 7. The employer shall pay the actual funeral expenses, not
14 exceeding the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00).

15 D. The weekly income benefits payable to the surviving spouse
16 under this section shall continue while the surviving spouse remains
17 unmarried. In no event shall this spousal weekly income benefit be
18 diminished by the award to other beneficiaries. The weekly income
19 benefits payable to any child under this section shall terminate on
20 the earlier of death, marriage, or reaching the age of eighteen
21 (18). However, if the child turns eighteen (18) and is:

22 1. Enrolled as a full-time student in high school or is being
23 schooled by other means pursuant to the Oklahoma Constitution;

1 2. Enrolled as a full-time student in any accredited
2 institution of higher education or vocational or technology
3 education; or

4 3. Physically or mentally incapable of self-support,
5 then he or she may continue to receive weekly income benefits under
6 this section until the earlier of reaching the age of twenty-three
7 (23) or, with respect to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, no
8 longer being enrolled as a student, and with respect to paragraph 3
9 of this subsection, becoming capable of self-support.

10 E. If any member of the class of beneficiaries who receive a
11 pro rata share of weekly income benefits becomes ineligible to
12 continue to receive benefits, the remaining members of the class
13 shall receive adjusted weekly income benefits equal to the new class
14 size.

15 F. To receive benefits under this section, a beneficiary ~~or his~~
16 ~~or her guardian, if applicable,~~ shall file a proof of loss form with
17 the Commission. All questions of dependency shall be determined as
18 of the time of the injury. The employer shall initiate payment of
19 benefits within fifteen (15) days of the Commission's determination
20 of the proper beneficiaries. The Commission shall appoint a
21 guardian ad litem to represent known and unknown minor children and
22 the guardian ad litem shall be paid a reasonable fee for his or her
23 services.

24

1 SECTION 12. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 50, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 Section 50. A. The employer shall promptly provide an injured
4 employee with medical, surgical, hospital, optometric, podiatric,
5 ~~chiropractic~~ and nursing services, along with any medicine,
6 crutches, ambulatory devices, artificial limbs, eyeglasses, contact
7 lenses, hearing aids, and other apparatus as may be reasonably
8 necessary in connection with the injury received by the employee.
9 The employer shall have the right to choose the treating physician
10 ~~or chiropractor~~.

11 B. If the employer fails or neglects to provide medical
12 treatment within five (5) days after actual knowledge is received of
13 an injury, the injured employee may select a physician ~~or~~
14 ~~chiropractor~~ to provide medical treatment at the expense of the
15 employer; provided, however, that the injured employee, or another
16 in the employee's behalf, may obtain emergency treatment at the
17 expense of the employer where such emergency treatment is not
18 provided by the employer.

19 C. Diagnostic tests shall not be repeated sooner than six (6)
20 months from the date of the test unless agreed to by the parties or
21 ordered by the Commission for good cause shown.

22 D. Unless recommended by the treating doctor ~~or chiropractor~~ at
23 the time claimant reaches maximum medical improvement or by an
24 independent medical examiner, continuing medical maintenance shall

1 not be awarded by the Commission. The employer or insurance carrier
2 shall not be responsible for continuing medical maintenance or pain
3 management treatment that is outside the parameters established by
4 the Physician Advisory Committee or ODG. The employer or insurance
5 carrier shall not be responsible for continuing medical maintenance
6 or pain management treatment not previously ordered by the
7 Commission or approved in advance by the employer or insurance
8 carrier.

9 E. An employee claiming or entitled to benefits under ~~the~~
10 ~~Administrative Workers' Compensation Act~~ this act, shall, if ordered
11 by the Commission or requested by the employer or insurance carrier,
12 submit himself or herself for medical examination. If an employee
13 refuses to submit himself or herself to examination, his or her
14 right to prosecute any proceeding under ~~the Administrative Workers'~~
15 ~~Compensation Act~~ this act shall be suspended, and no compensation
16 shall be payable for the period of such refusal.

17 F. For compensable injuries resulting in the use of a medical
18 device, ongoing service for the medical device shall be provided in
19 situations including, but not limited to, medical device battery
20 replacement, ongoing medication refills related to the medical
21 device, medical device repair, or medical device replacement.

22 G. The employer shall reimburse the employee for the actual
23 mileage in excess of twenty (20) miles round trip to and from the
24 employee's home to the location of a medical service provider for

1 all reasonable and necessary treatment, for an evaluation of an
2 independent medical examiner and for any evaluation made at the
3 request of the employer or insurance carrier. The rate of
4 reimbursement for such travel expense shall be the official
5 reimbursement rate as established by the State Travel Reimbursement
6 Act. In no event shall the reimbursement of travel for medical
7 treatment or evaluation exceed six hundred (600) miles round trip.

8 H. Fee Schedule.

9 1. The Commission shall conduct a review and update of the
10 Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) in the Fee Schedule every two
11 (2) years pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 14 of this
12 subsection. The Fee Schedule shall establish the maximum rates that
13 medical providers shall be reimbursed for medical care provided to
14 injured employees including, but not limited to, charges by
15 physicians, chiropractors, dentists, counselors, hospitals,
16 ambulatory and outpatient facilities, clinical laboratory services,
17 diagnostic testing services, and ambulance services, and charges for
18 durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies.
19 The most current Fee Schedule established by the Administrator of
20 the Workers' Compensation Court prior to February 1, 2014, shall
21 remain in effect, unless or until the Legislature approves the
22 Commission's proposed Fee Schedule.

23 2. Reimbursement for medical care shall be prescribed and
24 limited by the Fee Schedule. The director of the Employees Group

1 Insurance Division of the Office of Management and Enterprise
2 Services shall provide the Commission such information as may be
3 relevant for the development of the Fee Schedule. The Commission
4 shall develop the Fee Schedule in a manner in which quality of
5 medical care is assured and maintained for injured employees. The
6 Commission shall give due consideration to additional requirements
7 for physicians treating an injured worker under the Administrative
8 Workers' Compensation Act, including, but not limited to,
9 communication with claims representatives, case managers, attorneys,
10 and representatives of employers, and the additional time required
11 to complete forms for the Commission, insurance carriers, and
12 employers.

13 3. In making adjustments to the Fee Schedule, the Commission
14 shall use, as a benchmark, the reimbursement rate for each Current
15 Procedural Terminology (CPT) code provided for in the fee schedule
16 published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the
17 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for use in Oklahoma
18 (Medicare Fee Schedule) on the effective date of this section,
19 workers' compensation fee schedules employed by neighboring states,
20 the latest edition of "Relative Values for Physicians" (RVP), usual,
21 customary and reasonable medical payments to workers' compensation
22 health care providers in the same trade area for comparable
23 treatment of a person with similar injuries, and all other data the
24 Commission deems relevant. For services not valued by CMS, the

1 Commission shall establish values based on the usual, customary and
2 reasonable medical payments to health care providers in the same
3 trade area for comparable treatment of a person with similar
4 injuries.

5 a. No reimbursement shall be allowed for any magnetic
6 resonance imaging (MRI) unless the MRI is provided by
7 an entity that meets Medicare requirements for the
8 payment of MRI services or is accredited by the
9 American College of Radiology, the Intersocietal
10 Accreditation Commission or the Joint Commission ~~on~~
11 ~~Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations~~. For all
12 other radiology procedures, the reimbursement rate
13 shall be the lesser of the reimbursement rate allowed
14 by the 2010 Oklahoma Fee Schedule and two hundred
15 seven percent (207%) of the Medicare Fee Schedule.

16 b. For reimbursement of medical services for Evaluation
17 and Management of injured employees as defined in the
18 Fee Schedule adopted by the Commission, the
19 reimbursement rate shall not be less than one hundred
20 fifty percent (150%) of the Medicare Fee Schedule.

21 c. Any entity providing durable medical equipment,
22 prosthetics, orthotics or supplies shall be accredited
23 by a CMS-approved accreditation organization. If a
24 physician provides durable medical equipment,

1 prosthetics, orthotics, prescription drugs, or
2 supplies to a patient ancillary to the patient's
3 visit, reimbursement shall be no more than ten percent
4 (10%) above cost.

5 d. The Commission shall develop a reasonable stop-loss
6 provision of the Fee Schedule to provide for adequate
7 reimbursement for treatment for major burns, severe
8 head and neurological injuries, multiple system
9 injuries, and other catastrophic injuries requiring
10 extended periods of intensive care. An employer or
11 insurance carrier shall have the right to audit the
12 charges and question the reasonableness and necessity
13 of medical treatment contained in a bill for treatment
14 covered by the stop-loss provision.

15 4. The right to recover charges for every type of medical care
16 for injuries arising out of and in the course of covered employment
17 as defined in the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act shall lie
18 solely with the Commission. When a medical care provider has
19 brought a claim to the Commission to obtain payment for services, a
20 party who prevails in full on the claim shall be entitled to
21 reasonable attorney fees.

22 5. Nothing in this section shall prevent an employer, insurance
23 carrier, group self-insurance association, or certified workplace
24 medical plan from contracting with a provider of medical care for a

1 reimbursement rate that is greater than or less than limits
2 established by the Fee Schedule.

3 6. A treating physician may not charge more than Four Hundred
4 Dollars (\$400.00) per hour for preparation for or testimony at a
5 deposition or appearance before the Commission in connection with a
6 claim covered by the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

7 7. The Commission's review of medical and treatment charges
8 pursuant to this section shall be conducted pursuant to the Fee
9 Schedule in existence at the time the medical care or treatment was
10 provided. The judgment approving the medical and treatment charges
11 pursuant to this section shall be enforceable by the Commission in
12 the same manner as provided in the Administrative Workers'
13 Compensation Act for the enforcement of other compensation payments.

14 8. Charges for prescription drugs dispensed by a pharmacy shall
15 be limited to ninety percent (90%) of the average wholesale price of
16 the prescription, plus a dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) per
17 prescription. "Average wholesale price" means the amount determined
18 from the latest publication designated by the Commission.
19 Physicians shall prescribe and pharmacies shall dispense generic
20 equivalent drugs when available. If the National Drug Code, or
21 "NDC", for the drug product dispensed is for a repackaged drug, then
22 the maximum reimbursement shall be the lesser of the original
23 labeler's NDC and the lowest-cost therapeutic equivalent drug
24 product. Compounded medications shall be billed by the compounding

1 pharmacy at the ingredient level, with each ingredient identified
2 using the applicable NDC of the drug product, and the corresponding
3 quantity. Ingredients with no NDC area are not separately
4 reimbursable. Payment shall be based on a sum of the allowable fee
5 for each ingredient plus a dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00)
6 per prescription.

7 9. When medical care includes prescription drugs dispensed by a
8 physician or other medical care provider and the NDC for the drug
9 product dispensed is for a repackaged drug, then the maximum
10 reimbursement shall be the lesser of the original labeler's NDC and
11 the lowest-cost therapeutic equivalent drug product. Payment shall
12 be based upon a sum of the allowable fee for each ingredient plus a
13 dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) per prescription. Compounded
14 medications shall be billed by the compounding pharmacy.

15 10. Implantables are paid in addition to procedural
16 reimbursement paid for medical or surgical services. A
17 manufacturer's invoice for the actual cost to a physician, hospital
18 or other entity of an implantable device shall be adjusted by the
19 physician, hospital or other entity to reflect, at the time
20 implanted, all applicable discounts, rebates, considerations and
21 product replacement programs and shall be provided to the payer by
22 the physician or hospital as a condition of payment for the
23 implantable device. If the physician, or an entity in which the
24 physician has a financial interest other than an ownership interest

1 of less than five percent (5%) in a ~~publically~~ publicly traded
2 company, provides implantable devices, this relationship shall be
3 disclosed to patient, employer, insurance company, third-party
4 commission, certified workplace medical plan, case managers, and
5 attorneys representing claimant and defendant. If the physician, or
6 an entity in which the physician has a financial interest other than
7 an ownership interest of less than five percent (5%) in a publicly
8 traded company, buys and resells implantable devices to a hospital
9 or another physician, the markup shall be limited to ten percent
10 (10%) above cost.

11 11. Payment for medical care as required by the Administrative
12 Workers' Compensation Act shall be due within forty-five (45) days
13 of the receipt by the employer or insurance carrier of a complete
14 and accurate invoice, unless the employer or insurance carrier has a
15 good-faith reason to request additional information about such
16 invoice. Thereafter, the Commission may assess a penalty up to
17 twenty-five percent (25%) for any amount due under the Fee Schedule
18 that remains unpaid on the finding by the Commission that no good-
19 faith reason existed for the delay in payment. If the Commission
20 finds a pattern of an employer or insurance carrier willfully and
21 knowingly delaying payments for medical care, the Commission may
22 assess a civil penalty of not more than Five Thousand Dollars
23 (\$5,000.00) per occurrence.

24

1 12. If an employee fails to appear for a scheduled appointment
2 with a physician or chiropractor, the employer or insurance company
3 shall pay to the physician or chiropractor a reasonable charge, to
4 be determined by the Commission, for the missed appointment. In the
5 absence of a good-faith reason for missing the appointment, the
6 Commission shall order the employee to reimburse the employer or
7 insurance company for the charge.

8 13. Physicians or chiropractors providing treatment under the
9 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act shall disclose under
10 penalty of perjury to the Commission, on a form prescribed by the
11 Commission, any ownership or interest in any health care facility,
12 business, or diagnostic center that is not the physician's or
13 chiropractor's primary place of business. The disclosure shall
14 include any employee leasing arrangement between the physician or
15 chiropractor and any health care facility that is not the
16 physician's or chiropractor's primary place of business. A
17 physician's or chiropractor's failure to disclose as required by
18 this section shall be grounds for the Commission to disqualify the
19 physician or chiropractor from providing treatment under the
20 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

21 14. a. Beginning on May 28, 2019, the Commission shall
22 conduct an evaluation of the Fee Schedule, which shall
23 include an update of the list of Current Procedural
24 Terminology (CPT) codes, a line item adjustment or

1 renewal of all rates, and amendment as needed to the
2 rules applicable to the Fee Schedule.

3 b. The Commission shall contract with an external
4 consultant with knowledge of workers' compensation fee
5 schedules to review regional and nationwide
6 comparisons of Oklahoma's Fee Schedule rates and date
7 and market for medical services. The consultant shall
8 receive written and oral comment from employers,
9 workers' compensation medical service and insurance
10 providers, self-insureds, group self-insurance
11 associations of this state and the public. The
12 consultant shall submit a report of its findings and a
13 proposed amended Fee Schedule to the Commission.

14 c. The Commission shall adopt the proposed amended Fee
15 Schedule in whole or in part and make any additional
16 updates or adjustments. The Commission shall submit a
17 proposed updated and adjusted Fee Schedule to the
18 President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of
19 the House of Representatives and the Governor. The
20 proposed Fee Schedule shall become effective on July 1
21 following the legislative session, if approved by
22 Joint Resolution of the Legislature during the session
23 in which a proposed Fee Schedule is submitted.

24

1 d. Beginning on May 28, 2019, an external evaluation
2 shall be conducted and a proposed amended Fee Schedule
3 shall be submitted to the Legislature for approval
4 during the 2020 legislative session. Thereafter, an
5 external evaluation shall be conducted and a proposed
6 amended Fee Schedule shall be submitted to the
7 Legislature for approval every two (2) years.

8 I. Formulary. The Commission by rule shall adopt a closed
9 formulary. Rules adopted by the Commission shall allow an appeals
10 process for claims in which a treating doctor determines and
11 documents that a drug not included in the formulary is necessary to
12 treat an injured employee's compensable injury. The Commission by
13 rule shall require the use of generic pharmaceutical medications and
14 clinically appropriate over-the-counter alternatives to prescription
15 medications unless otherwise specified by the prescribing doctor, in
16 accordance with applicable state law.

17 SECTION 13. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 67, is
18 amended to read as follows:

19 Section 67. A. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
20 notice of disability resulting from an occupational disease or
21 cumulative trauma shall be the same as in cases of accidental
22 injury.

23 B. Written notice shall be given to the employer of an
24 occupational disease or cumulative trauma by the employee, or a

1 representative of the employee in the case of incapacity or death,
2 within six (6) months after the first distinct manifestation of the
3 disease or cumulative trauma or within six (6) months after death.

4 C. The date of injury for cumulative trauma shall be the last
5 date of injurious exposure prior to the filing date of the
6 Employee's First Notice of Claim for Compensation.

7 SECTION 14. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 69, is
8 amended to read as follows:

9 Section 69. A. Time for Filing. 1. A claim for benefits
10 under ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act, other
11 than an occupational disease, shall be barred unless it is filed
12 with the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission within one (1)
13 year from the date of the injury or, if the employee has received
14 benefits under this title for the injury, six (6) months from the
15 date of the last ~~issuance of such benefits~~ payment of indemnity
16 benefits or date of service for medical treatment, whichever is
17 later. For purposes of this section, the date of the injury ~~shall~~
18 ~~be defined as~~ means the date an injury is caused by an accident as
19 set forth in paragraph 9 of Section 2 of this title, and date of
20 issuance of medical benefits means the date of service of the
21 medical benefit.

22 2. a. A claim for compensation for disability on account of
23 injury which is either an occupational disease or
24 occupational infection shall be barred unless filed

1 with the Commission within two (2) years from the date
2 of the last injurious exposure to the hazards of the
3 disease or infection.

4 b. A claim for compensation for disability on account of
5 silicosis or asbestosis shall be filed with the
6 Commission within one (1) year after the time of
7 disablement, and the disablement shall occur within
8 three (3) years from the date of the last injurious
9 exposure to the hazard of silicosis or asbestosis.

10 c. A claim for compensation for disability on account of
11 a disease condition caused by exposure to X-rays,
12 radioactive substances, or ionizing radiation only
13 shall be filed with the Commission within two (2)
14 years from the date the condition is made known to an
15 employee following examination and diagnosis by a
16 medical doctor.

17 3. A claim for compensation on account of death shall be barred
18 unless filed with the Commission within two (2) years of the date of
19 such a death.

20 4. If a claim for benefits has been timely filed ~~under~~
21 ~~paragraph 1 of this subsection~~ and the employee claimant does not:

22 a. make a good-faith request for a hearing to resolve a
23 dispute regarding the right to receive benefits,
24

1 including medical treatment, under this title within
2 six (6) months of the date the claim is filed, or
3 b. receive or seek benefits, including medical treatment,
4 under this title for a period of six (6) months,
5 then on motion by the employer, the claim shall be dismissed ~~with~~
6 without prejudice.

7 B. Failure to File. Failure to file a claim within the period
8 prescribed in subsection A of this section shall not be a bar to the
9 right to benefits hereunder unless objection to the failure is made
10 at the first hearing on the claim in which all parties in interest
11 have been given a reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard by
12 the Commission.

13 C. Persons under Disability.

14 1. Notwithstanding any statute of limitation provided for in
15 this act, when it is established that failure to file a claim by an
16 injured employee or his or her dependents was induced by fraud, the
17 claim may be filed within one (1) year from the time of the
18 discovery of the fraud.

19 2. Subsection A of this section shall not apply to a mental
20 incompetent or minor so long as the person has no guardian or
21 similar legal representative. The limitations prescribed in
22 subsection A of this section shall apply to the mental incompetent
23 or minor from the date of the appointment of a guardian or similar
24 legal representative for that person, and when no guardian or

1 similar representative has been appointed, to a minor on reaching
2 the age of majority.

3 D. A latent injury or condition shall not delay or toll the
4 limitation periods specified in this section. This subsection shall
5 not apply to the limitation period for occupational diseases
6 specified in paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section.

7 SECTION 15. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 80, is
8 amended to read as follows:

9 Section 80. A. A final order for permanent disability is a
10 final adjudication of all issues pending in the claim unless
11 reserved in the order or by operation of law. Except where a joint
12 petition settlement has been approved, the Oklahoma Workers'
13 Compensation Commission may review any compensation judgment, award,
14 or decision.

15 1. Such review may be done upon application for a change of
16 condition for the worse at any time within six (6) months from the
17 date of the last order in which monetary benefits were awarded or
18 active medical treatment was provided, ~~on the Commission's own~~
19 ~~motion or on the application of any party in interest,~~ and unless
20 filed within such period of time shall be forever barred. On
21 review, the Commission may make a judgment or award ~~terminating,~~
22 continuing, decreasing, or increasing for the future the
23 compensation previously awarded, subject to the maximum limits
24 provided for in this title. An order denying an application to

1 reopen a claim shall not extend the period of time set out in this
2 title for reopening the claim. A failure to comply with a medical
3 treatment plan ordered by the Commission shall bar the reopening of
4 a claim.

5 2. The Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission may review any
6 compensation judgment, award, or decision at any time and without
7 limitation upon a filing of an application for a finding of a change
8 of condition for the better. Such review may be filed for good
9 cause shown. On review, the Commission may make a judgment or award
10 terminating, continuing, or decreasing for the future the
11 compensation previously awarded, subject to the limits provided for
12 in this act.

13 B. The review and subsequent award shall be made in accordance
14 with the procedure prescribed in Sections 69 through 78 of this
15 title. No review shall affect any compensation paid under a prior
16 order, judgment or award.

17 C. The Commission may correct any clerical error in any
18 compensation judgment or award within one (1) year from the date of
19 its issuance.

20 D. Aging and the effects of aging on a compensable injury are
21 not to be considered in determining whether there has been a change
22 in physical condition. Aging or the effect of aging on a
23 compensable injury shall not be considered in determining permanent
24

1 disability under this section or any other section in ~~this act~~ the
2 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

3 SECTION 16. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 112, is
4 amended to read as follows:

5 Section 112. A. The Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission
6 shall create, maintain and review a list of licensed physicians who
7 shall serve as independent medical examiners from a list of licensed
8 physicians who have completed such course study as the Commission
9 may require. An independent medical examiner must agree to examine
10 an employee within forty-five (45) days of appointment. The
11 Commission shall, to the best of its ability, include the most
12 experienced and competent physicians in the specific fields of
13 expertise utilized most often in the treatment of injured employees.
14 The period of qualification shall be two (2) years. Physicians may
15 be qualified for successive two-year periods. Physicians serving as
16 independent medical examiners on ~~the effective date of this act~~
17 February 1, 2014, shall serve the remainder of their respective two-
18 year qualification periods and may reapply for successive
19 qualification periods. The Commission may remove an independent
20 medical examiner from the list for cause.

21 B. An administrative law judge may appoint an independent
22 medical examiner to assist in determining any issue before the
23 Commission. In the event surgery is recommended by a treating
24 physician, upon request of the employer or employee, an independent

1 medical examiner shall be appointed to determine the reasonableness
2 and necessity of the recommended surgery. The request of the
3 employer or employee for an independent medical examiner, and a
4 request for a deposition of the treating physician, shall be filed
5 within fifteen (15) days of the receipt of the recommendation for
6 surgery, or the recommended surgery shall be approved by the
7 Commission. The Commission shall set a request for an independent
8 medical examiner that is timely filed on an accelerated prehearing
9 docket within ten (10) days of the filing of the request. The
10 appointment with the independent medical examiner regarding the
11 reasonableness and necessity of a recommended surgery shall occur
12 within thirty (30) days of the appointment. Such independent
13 medical examiner shall be qualified to perform the type of surgery
14 recommended. In the event the independent medical examiner agrees
15 with the treating physician's recommendation for surgery, the
16 employer shall pay to the employee the sum of One Thousand Dollars
17 (\$1,000.00) for the delay in medical treatment in addition to other
18 benefits provided for in this act. If the employer fails to
19 schedule a requested deposition of either the treating physician or
20 the independent medical examiner within twenty (20) days of filing a
21 request for deposition, the employer shall pay to the employee the
22 sum of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the delay in medical
23 treatment in addition to other benefits provided for in this act.
24

1 C. An independent medical examiner shall be selected from the
2 list of independent medical examiners within ten (10) days when the
3 employer or the employee petitions the Commission for the selection
4 of an independent medical examiner. The independent medical
5 examiner shall be certified by a recognized specialty board in the
6 area or areas appropriate to the condition under review.

7 D. The Commission shall, to the best of its ability, maintain a
8 geographic balance of independent medical examiners.

9 E. Counsel for the employee and employer are responsible for
10 transmittal of the employee's medical records to the independent
11 medical examiner within ten (10) days of appointment.

12 F. After a physical examination and review of medical records
13 and other appropriate information, including depositions and
14 surveillance video, the independent medical examiner shall submit a
15 verified written report to the Commission and to the parties. In
16 the event the independent medical examiner determines that more
17 medical treatment is necessary, the employer shall designate a
18 treating physician to provide the indicated treatment.

19 G. Any independent medical examiner selected pursuant to the
20 provisions of this section shall be reimbursed for the medical
21 examination, reports and fees in a reasonable and customary amount
22 set by the Commission, and these costs shall be borne by the
23 employer.

24

1 H. The Commission shall create a review process to oversee on a
2 continuing basis the quality of performance and the timeliness of
3 the submission of medical findings by independent medical examiners.

4 I. If the Commission does not follow the opinion of the
5 independent medical examiner on any issue, the administrative law
6 judge or member of the Board of Review shall set out its reasons for
7 deviating from the opinion of the independent medical examiner. The
8 opinion of the independent medical examiner shall be followed unless
9 there is clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.

10 J. Upon receipt of an independent medical examiner's report,
11 any party shall have the right to object to the introduction of the
12 report into evidence. The objection and any request for a
13 deposition of the independent medical examiner must be made by
14 giving written notification to all parties and to the Commission
15 within ten (10) days after receipt of the report, subject to the
16 limitations set forth in subsection B of this section. The employer
17 shall be responsible for the reasonable charges of the physician for
18 such testimony, preparation time, and the expense of the deposition.

19 SECTION 17. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 400, is
20 amended to read as follows:

21 Section 400. A. The Workers' Compensation Court shall be
22 renamed the Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims for the
23 purpose of hearing disputes relating to claims that ~~arise~~ arose
24 before February 1, 2014. The Court shall ~~consist of the existing~~

1 ~~judges for the remainder of his or her term. Each judge of the~~
2 ~~Court shall continue to serve as the appointment to a designated~~
3 ~~position on the Court. The terms of the judges by position number~~
4 ~~shall expire on the following dates:~~

5 ~~Position 4 shall expire 7-1-20.~~

6 ~~Position 5 shall expire 7-1-20.~~

7 ~~Position 8 shall expire 7-1-20.~~

8 ~~Position 9 shall expire 7-1-20.~~

9 B. Effective July 1, 2020, the Workers' Compensation Court of
10 Existing Claims shall consist of one judge to be appointed by the
11 Governor, with confirmation by the Senate. The term of the judge
12 ~~shall be appointed for a term to expire~~ serving on July 1, 2022, is
13 hereby extended to July 1, 2027. ~~The Governor shall select the~~
14 ~~judge from a list of three applicants submitted to the Governor by~~
15 ~~the Judicial Nominating Commission. If the list is not acceptable~~
16 ~~to the Governor, the Governor may request from the Judicial~~
17 ~~Nominating Commission a list of names of three additional~~
18 ~~applicants. Any present judge of the Court of Existing Claims may~~
19 ~~apply to the Judicial Nominating Commission for appointment to fill~~
20 ~~any position authorized by this section.~~

21 C. A The judge may be removed for cause by the Court on the
22 Judiciary prior to the expiration of his or her term.

23 D. ~~Each~~ The judge shall receive a salary equal to that paid to
24 a district judge of this state, and shall devote full time to his or

1 her duties and shall not engage in the private practice of law
2 during the term in office.

3 E. If a vacancy occurs on the Court ~~of Existing Claims~~, the
4 Governor shall appoint a judge to serve the remainder of the term
5 ~~from a list of three applicants submitted to the Governor by the~~
6 ~~Judicial Nominating Commission, with confirmation of the State~~
7 advice and consent of the Senate. ~~If the list is not acceptable to~~
8 ~~the Governor, the Governor may request from the Judicial Nominating~~
9 ~~Commission a list of the names of three additional applicants.~~

10 F. 1. ~~Effective January 1, 2020, the~~ The Governor shall
11 appoint an Administrator of the Court of Existing Claims, who shall
12 serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The Administrator shall be
13 appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
14 The compensation for the Administrator shall be set at ninety
15 percent (90%) of the compensation of a district court judge.

16 2. The Administrator shall employ and supervise the work of
17 employees of the Court and shall have the authority to expend funds
18 and contract on behalf of the Court. The Administrator may contract
19 with the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission to provide
20 support services or personnel needs necessary to carry out the
21 purposes of the Court and shall supervise the work of any such
22 personnel as necessary to maintain the Court as a Court of Record.

23 G. The Court of Existing Claims shall contract with the
24 Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission to integrate its case

1 management and records Information Technology System into the system
2 of the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Commission with such
3 integration to be completed on or before July 1, 2022. The Court
4 shall be entitled to any fees generated for the retrieval of such
5 data.

6 H. The Court shall operate by the rules adopted by the Workers'
7 Compensation Court prior to February 1, 2014.

8 I. The Court is hereby designated and confirmed as a court of
9 record, with respect to any matter within the limits of its
10 jurisdiction, and within such limits the judges thereof shall
11 possess the powers and prerogatives of the judges of the other
12 courts of record of this state including the power to punish for
13 contempt those persons who disobey a subpoena, or refuse to be sworn
14 or to answer as a witness, when lawfully ordered to do so.

15 J. The principal office of the Court shall be situated in the
16 City of Oklahoma City in quarters assigned by the Office of
17 Management and Enterprise Services. The Court may hold hearings in
18 any city of this state.

19 K. All county commissioners and presiding district judges of
20 this state shall make quarters available for the conducting of
21 hearings by a judge of the Court upon request by the Court.

22 L. Judges of the Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims
23 may punish for direct contempt pursuant to Sections 565, 565.1 and
24 566 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

1 M. The Court shall be vested with jurisdiction over all claims
2 filed pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Code or previous statute
3 in effect on the date of an injury that occurred before February 1,
4 2014. All claims so filed shall be heard by the judge sitting
5 without a jury. The Court shall have full power and authority to
6 determine all questions in relation to payment of claims for
7 compensation under the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Code
8 or previous statute in effect on the date of an injury that occurred
9 before February 1, 2014. The Court, upon application of either
10 party, shall order a hearing. Upon a hearing, either party may
11 present evidence and be represented by counsel. The decision of the
12 Court shall be final as to all questions of fact and law; provided,
13 the decision of the Court may be appealed to the Court en banc or
14 the Supreme Court as provided by the Workers' Compensation Code or
15 previous statute in effect on the date of an injury that occurred
16 before February 1, 2014. In the event that an insufficient number
17 of active judges are available to comprise the three-judge en banc
18 panel, retired or former judges of the district court, Workers'
19 Compensation Court or Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims
20 may be designated by the Presiding Judge of the Court of Existing
21 Claims as eligible to serve on such panel. The Governor shall
22 provide to the Court of Existing Claims a list of designated judges
23 eligible for service on the Court en banc. The decision of the
24 Court shall be issued within thirty (30) days following the

1 submission of the case by the parties. The power and jurisdiction
2 of the Court over each case shall be continuing and it may, from
3 time to time, make such modifications or changes with respect to
4 former findings or orders relating thereto if, in its opinion, it
5 may be justified.

6 N. For an injury occurring before February 1, 2014, all
7 benefits and procedures to obtain benefits shall be determined by
8 the workers' compensation law of this state in effect on the date of
9 the injury.

10 O. All accrued rights and penalties incurred pursuant to a
11 final order of the Workers' Compensation Court shall be preserved.
12 No accrued right, penalty incurred, or proceeding begun by virtue of
13 a statute repealed by ~~this act~~ the Administrative Workers'
14 Compensation Act shall be abrogated by the terms of ~~this act~~ the
15 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

16 P. Annually, on or before the first day of July, commencing
17 with July 2019, the Administrator shall prepare and submit a report
18 for the prior calendar year to the Governor, the Chief Justice of
19 the Supreme Court, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the
20 Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the
21 Senate and House judiciary committees, which shall include a
22 statement of the number of awards made and the causes of the
23 accidents leading to the injuries for which the awards were made,
24 total work load data of the Court, a detailed report of the work

1 load of the judges of the Court, a detailed statement of the
2 expenses of the office of the Administrator of Workers' Compensation
3 Court of Existing Claims, the number of disposition dockets held,
4 the number of remaining claims, together with any other matter which
5 the Administrator deems proper to report to the Governor including
6 any recommendations he or she may desire to make.

7 Q. Subject to the availability of funds, the Judge of the Court
8 of Existing Claims may employ one at-will full- or part-time special
9 workers' compensation judge with jurisdiction to hear cases as set
10 forth in subsection M of this section and as may be assigned by the
11 Judge. The special workers' compensation judge shall receive
12 compensation for such services in accordance with the provisions of
13 Section 92.1A of Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

14 SECTION 18. Sections 1 through 12 of this act shall become
15 effective November 1, 2023.

16 SECTION 19. It being immediately necessary for the preservation
17 of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby
18 declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and
19 be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

20
21 59-1-2115 RD 4/11/2023 11:39:27 AM

22
23
24