

1 ENGROSSED HOUSE  
2 BILL NO. 3028

By: Bush, Pae, Waldron and  
Marti of the House

3 and

4 Montgomery and Hicks of the  
5 Senate

6  
7  
8 [ Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act -

9 authorizing certain entities to engage in harm-

10 reduction services -

11 emergency ]

12  
13  
14  
15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

16 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101, as  
17 last amended by Section 16, Chapter 428, O.S.L. 2019 (63 O.S. Supp.  
18 2019, Section 2-101), is amended to read as follows:

19 Section 2-101. As used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous  
20 Substances Act:

21 1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled  
22 dangerous substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or  
23 any other means, to the body of a patient, animal or research  
24 subject by:

1 a. a practitioner (or, in the presence of the  
2 practitioner, by the authorized agent of the  
3 practitioner), or

4 b. the patient or research subject at the direction and  
5 in the presence of the practitioner;

6 2. "Agent" means a peace officer appointed by and who acts on  
7 behalf of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and  
8 Dangerous Drugs Control or an authorized person who acts on behalf  
9 of or at the direction of a person who manufactures, distributes,  
10 dispenses, prescribes, administers or uses for scientific purposes  
11 controlled dangerous substances but does not include a common or  
12 contract carrier, public warehouse or employee thereof, or a person  
13 required to register under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous  
14 Substances Act;

15 3. "Board" means the Advisory Board to the Director of the  
16 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

17 4. "Bureau" means the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and  
18 Dangerous Drugs Control;

19 5. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine and any compound,  
20 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of coca  
21 leaves, except derivatives of coca leaves which do not contain  
22 cocaine or ecgonine;

23 6. "Commissioner" or "Director" means the Director of the  
24 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

1       7. "Control" means to add, remove or change the placement of a  
2 drug, substance or immediate precursor under the Uniform Controlled  
3 Dangerous Substances Act;

4       8. "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance or  
5 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of the Uniform  
6 Controlled Dangerous Substances Act or any drug, substance or  
7 immediate precursor listed either temporarily or permanently as a  
8 federally controlled substance. Any conflict between state and  
9 federal law with regard to the particular schedule in which a  
10 substance is listed shall be resolved in favor of state law;

11       9. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which,  
12 or the container or labeling of which without authorization, bears  
13 the trademark, trade name or other identifying marks, imprint,  
14 number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer,  
15 distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact  
16 manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance;

17       10. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or  
18 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled  
19 dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia, whether or not there is  
20 an agency relationship;

21       11. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous  
22 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject by or  
23 pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the  
24 prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding

1 necessary to prepare the substance for such distribution.

2 "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled dangerous  
3 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject;

4 12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering  
5 or dispensing a controlled dangerous substance;

6 13. "Distributor" means a commercial entity engaged in the  
7 distribution or reverse distribution of narcotics and dangerous  
8 drugs and who complies with all regulations promulgated by the  
9 federal Drug Enforcement Administration and the Oklahoma State  
10 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

11 14. "Drug" means articles:

12 a. recognized in the official United States ~~Pharmacopoeia~~  
13 Pharmacopeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of  
14 the United States, or official National Formulary, or  
15 any supplement to any of them,

16 b. intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,  
17 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other  
18 animals,

19 c. other than food, intended to affect the structure or  
20 any function of the body of man or other animals, and

21 d. intended for use as a component of any article  
22 specified in this paragraph;

23 provided, however, the term "drug" does not include devices or their  
24 components, parts or accessories;

1 15. "Drug-dependent person" means a person who is using a  
2 controlled dangerous substance and who is in a state of psychic or  
3 physical dependence, or both, arising from administration of that  
4 controlled dangerous substance on a continuous basis. Drug  
5 dependence is characterized by behavioral and other responses which  
6 include a strong compulsion to take the substance on a continuous  
7 basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the  
8 discomfort of its absence;

9 16. "Harm-reduction services" means programs established to:

10 a. reduce the spread of infectious diseases related to  
11 injection drug use,

12 b. reduce drug dependency, overdose deaths and associated  
13 complications, and

14 c. increase safe recovery and disposal of used syringes  
15 and sharp waste;

16 17. "Home care agency" means any sole proprietorship,  
17 partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which  
18 administers, offers, or provides home care services, for a fee or  
19 pursuant to a contract for such services, to clients in their place  
20 of residence;

21 ~~17.~~ 18. "Home care services" means skilled or personal care  
22 services provided to clients in their place of residence for a fee;

23 ~~18.~~ 19. "Hospice" means a centrally administered, nonprofit or  
24 profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program which provides

1 a continuum of home and inpatient care for the terminally ill  
2 patient and the patient's family. Such term shall also include a  
3 centrally administered, nonprofit or profit, medically directed,  
4 nurse-coordinated program if such program is licensed pursuant to  
5 the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act.  
6 A hospice program offers palliative and supportive care to meet the  
7 special needs arising out of the physical, emotional and spiritual  
8 stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness  
9 and during dying and bereavement. This care is available twenty-  
10 four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, and is provided on the  
11 basis of need, regardless of ability to pay. "Class A" Hospice  
12 refers to Medicare-certified hospices. "Class B" refers to all  
13 other providers of hospice services;

14 ~~19.~~ 20. "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that  
15 is not a controlled dangerous substance, which by dosage unit  
16 appearance, color, shape, size, markings or by representations made,  
17 would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a  
18 controlled dangerous substance. In the event the appearance of the  
19 dosage unit is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the  
20 substance is an "imitation controlled substance", the court or  
21 authority concerned should consider, in addition to all other  
22 factors, the following factors as related to "representations made"  
23 in determining whether the substance is an "imitation controlled  
24 substance":

- 1 a. statements made by an owner or by any other person in  
2 control of the substance concerning the nature of the  
3 substance, or its use or effect,  
4 b. statements made to the recipient that the substance  
5 may be resold for inordinate profit,  
6 c. whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally  
7 used for illicit controlled substances,  
8 d. evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or  
9 person in control of the substance to avoid detection  
10 by law enforcement authorities,  
11 e. prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or any other  
12 person in control of the object, under state or  
13 federal law related to controlled substances or fraud,  
14 and  
15 f. the proximity of the substances to controlled  
16 dangerous substances;

17 ~~20.~~ 21. "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the  
18 Director has found to be and by regulation designates as being the  
19 principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and  
20 which is an immediate chemical intermediary used, or likely to be  
21 used, in the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance, the  
22 control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit such  
23 manufacture;

1       ~~21.~~ 22. "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the  
2 Director as proper to be entrusted with the custody of controlled  
3 dangerous substances and the use of controlled dangerous substances  
4 for scientific and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction;

5       ~~22.~~ 23. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation,  
6 propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous  
7 substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from  
8 substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means  
9 of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical  
10 synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages,  
11 repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous  
12 substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound  
13 prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer;

14       ~~23.~~ 24. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis  
15 sativa L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin  
16 extracted from any part of such plant; and every compound,  
17 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant,  
18 its seeds or resin~~;~~; but shall not include:

- 19           a. the mature stalks of such plant or fiber produced from  
20               such stalks,  
21           b. oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,  
22               including cannabidiol derived from the seeds of the  
23               marijuana plant,

24



- 1 c. any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,  
2 mixture or preparation of such mature stalks (except  
3 the resin extracted therefrom), including cannabidiol  
4 derived from mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake,
- 5 d. the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable  
6 of germination,
- 7 e. for any person participating in a clinical trial to  
8 administer cannabidiol for the treatment of severe  
9 forms of epilepsy pursuant to Section 2-802 of this  
10 title, a drug or substance approved by the federal  
11 Food and Drug Administration for use by those  
12 participants,
- 13 f. for any person or the parents, legal guardians or  
14 caretakers of the person who have received a written  
15 certification from a physician licensed in this state  
16 that the person has been diagnosed by a physician as  
17 having Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, Dravet syndrome, also  
18 known as severe myoclonic epilepsy of infancy, or any  
19 other severe form of epilepsy that is not adequately  
20 treated by traditional medical therapies, spasticity  
21 due to multiple sclerosis or due to paraplegia,  
22 intractable nausea and vomiting, appetite stimulation  
23 with chronic wasting diseases, the substance  
24 cannabidiol, a nonpsychoactive cannabinoid, found in

1 the plant Cannabis sativa L. or any other preparation  
2 thereof, that has a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration  
3 of not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%)  
4 and that is delivered to the patient in the form of a  
5 liquid,

6 g. any federal Food-and-Drug-Administration-approved  
7 cannabidiol drug or substance, or

8 h. industrial hemp, from the plant Cannabis sativa L. and  
9 any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a  
10 delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more  
11 than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry  
12 weight basis which shall not be grown anywhere in the  
13 State of Oklahoma but may be shipped to Oklahoma  
14 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph e or f of  
15 this paragraph;

16 ~~24.~~ 25. "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize a  
17 controlled dangerous substance for physical or mental treatment, for  
18 diagnosis, or for the prevention of a disease condition not in  
19 violation of any state or federal law and not for the purpose of  
20 satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;

21 ~~25.~~ 26. "Mid-level practitioner" means an Advanced Practice  
22 Registered Nurse as defined and within parameters specified in  
23 Section 567.3a of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a certified  
24 animal euthanasia technician as defined in Section 698.2 of Title 59

1 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or an animal control officer registered by  
2 the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control  
3 under subsection B of Section 2-301 of this title within the  
4 parameters of such officer's ~~duty~~ duties under Sections 501 through  
5 508 of Title 4 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

6 ~~26.~~ 27. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether  
7 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of  
8 vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis,  
9 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

- 10 a. opium, coca leaves and opiates,
- 11 b. a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or  
12 preparation of opium, coca leaves or opiates,
- 13 c. cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and  
14 salts of isomers,
- 15 d. ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and  
16 salts of isomers, and
- 17 e. a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt,  
18 derivative or preparation thereof, which is chemically  
19 identical with any of the substances referred to in  
20 subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, except  
21 that the words "narcotic drug" as used in Section 2-  
22 101 et seq. of this title shall not include  
23 decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves,  
24 which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;

1       ~~27.~~ 28. "Opiate" or "opioid" means any Schedule II, III, IV or  
2 V substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining  
3 liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a  
4 drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining  
5 liability. The terms do not include, unless specifically designated  
6 as controlled under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act,  
7 the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methyl-morphinan and its  
8 salts (dextromethorphan). The terms do include the racemic and  
9 levorotatory forms;

10       ~~28.~~ 29. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *Papaver*  
11 *somniferum* L., except the seeds thereof;

12       ~~29.~~ 30. "Peace officer" means a police officer, sheriff, deputy  
13 sheriff, district attorney's investigator, investigator from the  
14 Office of the Attorney General, or any other person elected or  
15 appointed by law to enforce any of the criminal laws of this state  
16 or of the United States;

17       ~~30.~~ 31. "Person" means an individual, corporation, government  
18 or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate,  
19 trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity;

20       ~~31.~~ 32. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the  
21 opium poppy, after mowing;

22       ~~32.~~ 33. "Practitioner" means:

- 23           a.   (1) a medical doctor or osteopathic physician,  
24               (2) a dentist,

- 1 (3) a podiatrist,  
2 (4) an optometrist,  
3 (5) a veterinarian,  
4 (6) a physician assistant or Advanced Practice  
5 Registered Nurse under the supervision of a  
6 licensed medical doctor or osteopathic physician,  
7 (7) a scientific investigator, or  
8 (8) any other person,  
9 licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to  
10 prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with  
11 respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer  
12 a controlled dangerous substance in the course of  
13 professional practice or research in this state, or  
14 b. a pharmacy, hospital, laboratory or other institution  
15 licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to  
16 distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect  
17 to, use for scientific purposes or administer a  
18 controlled dangerous substance in the course of  
19 professional practice or research in this state;

20 ~~33.~~ 34. "Production" includes the manufacture, planting,  
21 cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous  
22 substance;

23 ~~34.~~ 35. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state  
24 of the United States;

1       ~~35.~~ 36. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a  
2 controlled dangerous substance for the person's own use or for the  
3 use of a member of the person's household or for administration to  
4 an animal owned by the person or by a member of the person's  
5 household;

6       ~~36.~~ 37. "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and  
7 materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or fashioned  
8 specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing,  
9 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,  
10 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging,  
11 storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or  
12 otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled dangerous  
13 substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous  
14 Substances Act including, but not limited to:

- 15           a. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically  
16           for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing  
17           or harvesting of any species of plant which is a  
18           controlled dangerous substance or from which a  
19           controlled dangerous substance can be derived,
- 20           b. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically  
21           for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting,  
22           producing, processing or preparing controlled  
23           dangerous substances,

- 1 c. isomerization devices used, intended for use, or  
2 fashioned specifically for use in increasing the  
3 potency of any species of plant which is a controlled  
4 dangerous substance,
- 5 d. testing equipment used, intended for use, or fashioned  
6 specifically for use in identifying, or in analyzing  
7 the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled  
8 dangerous substances,
- 9 e. scales and balances used, intended for use, or  
10 fashioned specifically for use in weighing or  
11 measuring controlled dangerous substances,
- 12 f. diluents and adulterants, such as quinine  
13 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and  
14 lactose, used, intended for use, or fashioned  
15 specifically for use in cutting controlled dangerous  
16 substances,
- 17 g. separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or  
18 fashioned specifically for use in removing twigs and  
19 seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining,  
20 marijuana,
- 21 h. blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices  
22 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for  
23 use in compounding controlled dangerous substances,  
24

- 1 i. capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers  
2 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for  
3 use in packaging small quantities of controlled  
4 dangerous substances,
- 5 j. containers and other objects used, intended for use,  
6 or fashioned specifically for use in parenterally  
7 injecting controlled dangerous substances into the  
8 human body,
- 9 k. hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used,  
10 intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in  
11 parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances  
12 into the human body except as authorized by Section 3  
13 of this act,
- 14 l. objects used, intended for use, or fashioned  
15 specifically for use in ingesting, inhaling or  
16 otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or  
17 hashish oil into the human body, such as:
- 18 (1) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or  
19 ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent  
20 screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls,  
21 (2) water pipes,  
22 (3) carburation tubes and devices,  
23 (4) smoking and carburation masks,  
24



1 (5) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning  
2 material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has  
3 become too small or too short to be held in the  
4 hand,  
5 (6) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials,  
6 (7) chamber pipes,  
7 (8) carburetor pipes,  
8 (9) electric pipes,  
9 (10) air-driven pipes,  
10 (11) chillums,  
11 (12) bonges, or  
12 (13) ice pipes or chillers,  
13 m. all hidden or novelty pipes, and  
14 n. any pipe that has a tobacco bowl or chamber of less  
15 than one-half (1/2) inch in diameter in which there is  
16 any detectable residue of any controlled dangerous  
17 substance as defined in this section or any other  
18 substances not legal for possession or use;  
19 provided, however, the term "drug paraphernalia" shall not include  
20 separation gins intended for use in preparing tea or spice, clamps  
21 used for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for  
22 ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an illegal substance  
23 is found or pipes designed and used solely for smoking tobacco,  
24

1 traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal religious ceremony,  
2 or antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of age or older;

3 ~~37.~~

4 38. a. "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance:

5 (1) the chemical structure of which is substantially  
6 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled  
7 dangerous substance in Schedule I or II,

8 (2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or  
9 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous  
10 system that is substantially similar to or  
11 greater than the stimulant, depressant or  
12 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous  
13 system of a controlled dangerous substance in  
14 Schedule I or II, or

15 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such  
16 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,  
17 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the  
18 central nervous system that is substantially  
19 similar to or greater than the stimulant,  
20 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the  
21 central nervous system of a controlled dangerous  
22 substance in Schedule I or II.

23 b. The designation of gamma butyrolactone or any other  
24 chemical as a precursor, pursuant to Section 2-322 of

1 this title, does not preclude a finding pursuant to  
2 subparagraph a of this paragraph that the chemical is  
3 a synthetic controlled substance.

4 c. "Synthetic controlled substance" does not include:

5 (1) a controlled dangerous substance,

6 (2) any substance for which there is an approved new  
7 drug application,

8 (3) with respect to a particular person any  
9 substance, if an exemption is in effect for  
10 investigational use, for that person under the  
11 provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food,  
12 Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United  
13 States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct  
14 with respect to such substance is pursuant to  
15 such exemption, or

16 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for  
17 human consumption before such an exemption takes  
18 effect with respect to that substance.

19 d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing  
20 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or  
21 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a  
22 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a  
23 synthetic controlled substance;  
24

1       ~~38.~~ 39. "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means all substances that have  
2 been chemically synthesized to emulate the tetrahydrocannabinols of  
3 marijuana;

4       ~~39.~~ 40. "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in  
5 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title and paragraph 4  
6 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title. As used in  
7 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title, "isomer" means  
8 the optical, positional or geometric isomer. As used in paragraph 4  
9 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title, the term "isomer"  
10 means the optical or geometric isomer;

11       ~~40.~~ 41. "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid,  
12 liquid or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic or plant  
13 life, and the disposal of which materials is controlled by state or  
14 federal guidelines;

15       ~~41.~~ 42. "Anhydrous ammonia" means any substance that exhibits  
16 cryogenic evaporative behavior and tests positive for ammonia;

17       ~~42.~~ 43. "Acute pain" means pain, whether resulting from  
18 disease, accidental or intentional trauma or other cause, that the  
19 practitioner reasonably expects to last only a short period of time.  
20 "Acute pain" does not include chronic pain, pain being treated as  
21 part of cancer care, hospice or other end-of-life care, or pain  
22 being treated as part of palliative care;

23       ~~43.~~ 44. "Chronic pain" means pain that persists beyond the  
24 usual course of an acute disease or healing of an injury. "Chronic

1 pain" may or may not be associated with an acute or chronic  
2 pathologic process that causes continuous or intermittent pain over  
3 months or years;

4 ~~44.~~ 45. "Initial prescription" means a prescription issued to a  
5 patient who:

6 a. has never previously been issued a prescription for  
7 the drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent in the past  
8 year, or

9 b. requires a prescription for the drug or its  
10 pharmaceutical equivalent due to a surgical procedure  
11 or new acute event and has previously had a  
12 prescription for the drug or its pharmaceutical  
13 equivalent within the past year.

14 When determining whether a patient was previously issued a  
15 prescription for a drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent, the  
16 practitioner shall consult with the patient and review the medical  
17 record and prescription monitoring information of the patient;

18 ~~45.~~ 46. "Patient-provider agreement" means a written contract  
19 or agreement that is executed between a practitioner and a patient,  
20 prior to the commencement of treatment for chronic pain using an  
21 opioid drug as a means to:

22 a. explain the possible risk of development of physical  
23 or psychological dependence in the patient and prevent  
24 the possible development of addiction,

- 1           b.    document the understanding of both the practitioner  
2                    and the patient regarding the patient-provider  
3                    agreement of the patient,
- 4           c.    establish the rights of the patient in association  
5                    with treatment and the obligations of the patient in  
6                    relation to the responsible use, discontinuation of  
7                    use, and storage of opioid drugs, including any  
8                    restrictions on the refill of prescriptions or the  
9                    acceptance of opioid prescriptions from practitioners,
- 10          d.    identify the specific medications and other modes of  
11                    treatment, including physical therapy or exercise,  
12                    relaxation or psychological counseling, that are  
13                    included as a part of the patient-provider agreement,
- 14          e.    specify the measures the practitioner may employ to  
15                    monitor the compliance of the patient including, but  
16                    not limited to, random specimen screens and pill  
17                    counts, and
- 18          f.    delineate the process for terminating the agreement,  
19                    including the consequences if the practitioner has  
20                    reason to believe that the patient is not complying  
21                    with the terms of the agreement.  Compliance with the  
22                    "consent items" shall constitute a valid, informed  
23                    consent for opioid therapy.  The practitioner shall be  
24                    held harmless from civil litigation for failure to

1            treat pain if the event occurs because of nonadherence  
2            by the patient with any of the provisions of the  
3            patient-provider agreement;

4        ~~46.~~ 47. "Serious illness" means a medical illness or physical  
5 injury or condition that substantially affects quality of life for  
6 more than a short period of time. "Serious illness" includes, but  
7 is not limited to, Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, lung  
8 disease, cancer, heart failure, renal failure, liver failure or  
9 chronic, unremitting or intractable pain such as neuropathic pain;  
10 and

11        ~~47.~~ 48. "Surgical procedure" means a procedure that is  
12 performed for the purpose of structurally altering the human body by  
13 incision or destruction of tissues as part of the practice of  
14 medicine. This term includes the diagnostic or therapeutic  
15 treatment of conditions or disease processes by use of instruments  
16 such as lasers, ultrasound, ionizing, radiation, scalpels, probes or  
17 needles that cause localized alteration or transportation of live  
18 human tissue by cutting, burning, vaporizing, freezing, suturing,  
19 probing or manipulating by closed reduction for major dislocations  
20 or fractures, or otherwise altering by any mechanical, thermal,  
21 light-based, electromagnetic or chemical means.

22        SECTION 2.        AMENDATORY        63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101.1, is  
23 amended to read as follows:

1 Section 2-101.1 In determining whether an object is "drug  
2 paraphernalia", a court or jury shall consider, in addition to all  
3 other logically relevant factors, the following:

4 1. Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object  
5 concerning its use;

6 2. The proximity of the object, in time and space, to a direct  
7 violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;

8 3. The proximity of the object to controlled dangerous  
9 substances;

10 4. The existence of any residue of controlled dangerous  
11 substances on the object;

12 5. Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner,  
13 or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to any person  
14 who intends to use the object to facilitate a violation of the  
15 Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act. The innocence of an  
16 owner, or of anyone in control of the object, as to a direct  
17 violation of this act shall not prevent a finding that the object is  
18 intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use, as drug  
19 paraphernalia;

20 6. Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object  
21 which either state directly or imply that the object is to be used  
22 for the consumption of controlled dangerous substances;



1 7. Descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain  
2 or depict its use as an object for the consumption of controlled  
3 dangerous substances;

4 8. The manner in which the object is displayed for sale;

5 9. Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a  
6 legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such  
7 as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;

8 10. Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of  
9 the object or objects to the total sales of the business enterprise;

10 11. The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object  
11 in the community; and

12 12. Expert testimony concerning its use.

13 Provided, nothing in this section shall apply to objects in the  
14 possession of harm-reduction services providers as authorized by  
15 Section 3 of this act.

16 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-1101 of Title 63, unless there  
18 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

19 A. Until July 1, 2025, the following are hereby authorized to  
20 engage in harm-reduction services:

21 1. Government entities including, but not limited to, the State  
22 Department of Health and the Oklahoma Department of Mental Health  
23 and Substance Abuse Services; provided, no state dollars shall be  
24 used to purchase hypodermic needles;

- 1        2. Religious institutions or churches;
- 2        3. Nonprofit organizations;
- 3        4. For-profit companies;
- 4        5. Nongovernment entities partnering with a governmental
- 5 agency; and
- 6        6. Tribal governments.

7        B. Those offering harm-reduction services shall register with  
8 the State Department of Health and may engage in the following  
9 activities in order to reduce the use of drugs, prevent outbreaks of  
10 infectious diseases and reduce morbidity among people who use  
11 injection drugs:

12        1. Offer referrals and resources to treat substance use  
13 disorders;

14        2. Provide education on the risk of transmission of infectious  
15 diseases, including human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and viral  
16 hepatitis;

17        3. Rapid testing for HIV, hepatitis C and sexually transmitted  
18 infections (STIs);

19        4. Referrals for medical and mental health services;

20        5. Collect used hypodermic needles for safe disposal;

21        6. Possess and distribute hypodermic needles, cleaning kits,  
22 test kits and opioid antagonists; and

23

24

1 7. Rapid substance testing products used, intended for use, or  
2 fashioned specifically for the use in identifying or analyzing the  
3 potency or toxicity of unknown substances.

4 C. Registered providers of harm-reduction services shall report  
5 at least quarterly to the State Department of Health:

6 1. The number of clients served, including basic demographic  
7 information;

8 2. Number and type of referrals provided;

9 3. Number of syringes, test kits and antagonists distributed;

10 4. Number of used syringes collected; and

11 5. Number of rapid HIV and viral hepatitis tests performed,  
12 including the number of reactive test results.

13 D. The State Department of Health shall promulgate rules for  
14 the implementation of this section.

15 SECTION 4. It being immediately necessary for the preservation  
16 of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby  
17 declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and  
18 be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

1 Passed the House of Representatives the 11th day of March, 2020.

2  
3 \_\_\_\_\_  
4 Presiding Officer of the House  
of Representatives

5 Passed the Senate the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2020.

6  
7  
8 \_\_\_\_\_  
9 Presiding Officer of the Senate