1	ENGROSSED		ATE A	MENDMENTS		
2	ENGROSSED	TO HOUS	SΕ			
3	BILL NO.	3286			Ву:	Rosecrants, Humphrey, Pae, Dollens and Boles of the House
4						
5						and
6						Bergstrom of the Senate
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8	]	stal	king	and protective ord	ers	- creating the
9		Homi	cide	Prevention Act - d	irec	ting law enforcement
10		to p	rovi	de copy of warning	lett	er to person accused
11		of s	talk	ing - modifying lis	t of	persons who may
12		file	a p	etition for an orde	r of	protection -
13		effe	ctiv	e date ]		
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16	AMENDMENT	NO.	1.	——————————————————————————————————————		after the word "accused" '." the words "provided that
17					t oth	nerwise request that such
18				recter not be serve	sa u <u>r</u>	on the accused
19				and when the title conform	is r	restored, amend the title to
20	AMENDMENT	NO.	2.	Page 1, restore the	e tit	cle
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1	Passed the Senate the 26th day of April, 2022.
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4	Presiding Officer of the Senate
5	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
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1	ENGROSSED HOUSE
2	BILL NO. 3286  By: Rosecrants, Humphrey, Pae,  Dollens and Boles of the  House
3	and
4	Bergstrom of the Senate
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8	[ stalking and protective orders - creating the
9	Homicide Prevention Act - directing law enforcement
10	to provide copy of warning letter to person accused
11	of stalking - modifying list of persons who may
12	file a petition for an order of protection -
13	effective date ]
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
17	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be
18	codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:
19	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Homicide
20	Prevention Act".
21	SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1173, is
22	amended to read as follows:
23	Section 1173. A. Any person who willfully, maliciously, and
24	repeatedly follows or harasses another person in a manner that:

- 1. Would cause a reasonable person or a member of the immediate family of that person as defined in subsection F of this section to feel frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested; and
- 2. Actually causes the person being followed or harassed to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested,
- shall, upon conviction, be guilty of the crime of stalking, which is a misdemeanor felony punishable by imprisonment in a county jail the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not  $\frac{more}{}$  than one (1) year to exceed three (3) years, or by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment. Any person convicted of a second violation of the provisions of this subsection shall be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not to exceed six (6) years, or by a fine not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment. Any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of the provisions of this subsection shall be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not to exceed twelve (12) years, or by a fine not to exceed Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- B. Any person who violates the provisions of subsection A of this section when:

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- 1. There is a permanent or temporary restraining order, a protective order, an emergency ex parte protective order, or an injunction in effect prohibiting the behavior described in subsection A of this section against the same party, when the person violating the provisions of subsection A of this section has actual notice of the issuance of such order or injunction;
- 2. Said person is on probation or parole, a condition of which prohibits the behavior described in subsection A of this section against the same party or under the conditions of a community or alternative punishment; or
- 3. Said person, within ten (10) years preceding the violation of subsection A of this section, completed the execution of sentence for a conviction of a crime involving the use or threat of violence against the same party, or against any member of the immediate family of such party, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not exceeding five (5) to exceed fifteen (15) years, or by a fine of not more than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) to exceed Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.
  - C. Any person who:
- 1. Commits a second act of stalking within ten (10) years of the completion of sentence for a prior conviction of stalking; or

- 2. Has a prior conviction of stalking and, after being served with a protective order that prohibits contact with an individual, knowingly makes unconsented contact with the same individual, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not exceeding five (5) to exceed twenty (20) years, or by a fine of not less than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) to exceed Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- D. Any person who commits an act of stalking within ten (10) years of the completion of execution of sentence for a prior conviction under subsection B or C of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not exceeding ten (10) years to exceed twenty-five (25) years, or by a fine of not less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) to exceed Thirty

  Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- E. Evidence that the defendant continued to engage in a course of conduct involving repeated unconsented contact, as defined in subsection F of this section, with the victim after having been requested by the victim to discontinue the same or any other form of unconsented contact, and to refrain from any further unconsented contact with the victim, shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption

- that the continuation of the course of conduct caused the victim to

  feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or

  molested.
  - F. For purposes of determining the crime of stalking, the following definitions shall apply:
  - 1. "Harasses" means a pattern or course of conduct directed toward another individual that includes, but is not limited to, repeated or continuing unconsented contact, that would cause a reasonable person to suffer emotional distress, and that actually causes emotional distress to the victim. Harassment shall include harassing or obscene phone calls as prohibited by Section 1172 of this title and conduct prohibited by Section 850 of this title. Harassment does not include constitutionally protected activity or conduct that serves a legitimate purpose;
  - 2. "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of a series of two or more separate acts over a period of time, however short or long, evidencing a continuity of purpose, including any of the following:
    - a. maintaining a visual or physical proximity to the victim,
    - b. approaching or confronting the victim in a public place or on private property,
    - <u>c.</u> appearing at the workplace of the victim or contacting the employer or coworkers of the victim,

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1 appearing at the home of the victim or contacting the d. 2 neighbors of the victim, entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, 3 е. 4 or occupied by the victim, 5 f. contacting the victim by telephone, text message, electronic message, electronic mail, or other means of 6 7 electronic communication or causing the telephone or electronic device of the victim or the telephone or 8 9 electronic device of any other person to ring or 10 generate notifications repeatedly or continuously, 11 regardless of whether a conversation ensues, 12 photographing, videotaping, audiotaping, or, through g. 1.3 any other electronic means, monitoring or recording 14 the activities of the victim. This subparagraph 15 applies regardless of where the act occurs, 16 sending to the victim any physical or electronic h. 17 material or contacting the victim by any means, 18 including any message, comment, or other content 19 posted on any Internet site or web application, 20 sending to a family member or member of the household i. 2.1 of the victim, or any current or former employer of 22 the victim, or any current or former coworker of the 23 victim, or any friend of the victim, any physical or 24 electronic material or contacting such person by any

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means, including any message, comment, or other

content posted on any Internet site or web

application, for the purpose of obtaining information
about, disseminating information about, or

communicating with the victim,

- j. placing an object on or delivering an object to property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim,
- k. delivering an object to a family member or member of
  the household of the victim, or an employer, coworker,
  or friend of the victim, or placing an object on, or
  delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or
  occupied by such a person with the intent that the
  object be delivered to the victim, or
- causing a person to engage in any of the acts described in subparagraphs a through k of this paragraph.

Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "course of conduct";

- 3. "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering or distress that may, but does not necessarily require, medical or other professional treatment or counseling;
- 4. "Unconsented contact" means any contact with another individual that is initiated or continued without the consent of the individual, or in disregard of that individual's expressed desire

that the contact be avoided or discontinued. Constitutionally
protected activity is not included within the meaning of unconsented
contact. Unconsented contact includes but is not limited to any of
the following:

- following or appearing within the sight of that individual,
- approaching or confronting that individual in a public place or on private property,
- c. appearing at the workplace or residence of that individual,
- d. entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by that individual,
- e. contacting that individual by telephone,
- f. sending mail or electronic communications to that individual, and
- g. placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by that individual;
- 5. "Member of the immediate family", for the purposes of this section, means any spouse, parent, child, person related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity or any other person who regularly resides in the household or who regularly resided in the household within the prior six (6) months; and

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- 6. "Following" shall include the tracking of the movement or location of an individual through the use of a Global Positioning System (GPS) device or other monitoring device by a person, or person who acts on behalf of another, without the consent of the individual whose movement or location is being tracked; provided, this shall not apply to the lawful use of a GPS device or other monitoring device or to the use by a new or used motor vehicle dealer or other motor vehicle creditor of a GPS device or other monitoring device, including a device containing technology used to remotely disable the ignition of a motor vehicle, in connection with lawful action after default of the terms of a motor vehicle credit sale, loan or lease, and with the express written consent of the owner or lessee of the motor vehicle.
- SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1173.1 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Whenever a law enforcement agency receives a complaint of stalking and finds that such conduct has occurred, the law enforcement agency shall be required to provide a copy of a Stalking Warning Letter to the accused. The Stalking Warning Letter shall be served upon the accused in the same manner as a bench warrant. If the service is to be in another county, the court clerk may issue service to the sheriff by facsimile or other electronic transmission

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1	for service by the sheriff and may receive the return of service
2	from the sheriff in the same manner.
3	B. The following statutory form of the Stalking Warning Letter,
4	as required by the provisions of subsection A of this section, shall
5	be utilized by law enforcement agencies throughout the state:
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7	COUNTY, STATE OF OKLAHOMA
8	CITY OF
9	
10	RE:
11	(COMPLAINANT)
12	
13	Stalking Warning Letter served to:
14	
15	(HOME ADDRESS)
16	
17	(DATE OF BIRTH)
18	The has recently investigated a complaint
19	(LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY)
20	about your behavior towards the above-named individual.
21	The behavior you have engaged in could be interpreted as "stalking"
22	as provided for in Section 1173 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma
23	Statutes. Stalking can be described as intentionally engaging in a
24	course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a

1	reasonable person under the same circumstances to suffer serious
2	emotional distress, or place the specific person in reasonable fear
3	of bodily injury. Your behavior has induced such fear or distress
4	in the above-named individual.
5	Oklahoma law makes stalking a crime. The
6	(LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY)
7	takes this law very seriously.
8	Please consider this a formal warning that any future conduct by you
9	towards the above-named individual could result in arrest by law
10	enforcement and prosecution by the County
11	District Attorney's Office.
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14	Print name of Chief of Law Enforcement Agency
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17	Signature of Chief of Law Enforcement Agency
18	Served in hand by
19	(DATE) (NAME OF OFFICER)
20	
21	On behalf of the
22	(LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY)
23	
24	at

1 (LOCATION)

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4 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1176, is 5 amended to read as follows:

6 Section 1176. A. Whoever, with the intent to threaten, 7 intimidate or harass, or facilitate another to threaten, intimidate 8 or harass, uses an electronic communication device to knowingly publish, post or otherwise make publicly available personally 10 identifiable information of a peace officer or, public official, or 11 crime victim, and as a result places that peace officer or, public 12 official, or crime victim in reasonable fear of death or serious 13 bodily injury shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor 14 punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to 15 exceed six (6) months, or by a fine not to exceed One Thousand 16 Dollars (\$1,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment. Upon 17 conviction for a second or subsequent violation, the person shall be 18 punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed

- B. As used in this section:
- 1. "Crime victim" shall have the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 142A-1 of this title;

one (1) year, or by a fine not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars

(\$2,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.

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- 2. "Electronic communication" shall have the same meaning as
  that term is defined in Section 1172 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma

  Statutes this title. Electronic communication does not include
  broadcast transmissions or similar communications that are not
  targeted at any specific individual;
  - 2. 3. "Electronic communication device" means any cellular telephone, facsimile, pager, computer or any device capable of electronic communication;
  - 3. 4. "Peace officer" shall have the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 99 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title;
  - 4. 5. "Personally identifiable information" means information which can identify an individual including, but not limited to, name, birth date, place of birth, mother's maiden name, biometric records, Social Security number, official state- or government-issued driver license or identification number, government passport number, employer or taxpayer identification number or any other information that is linked or linkable to an individual, such as medical, educational, financial or employment information;
  - 5. 6. "Public official" means any person elected or appointed to a state office in the executive, legislative or judicial branch of state government or other political subdivision of the state; and
- 23 6. 7. "Publish" means to circulate, deliver, distribute,
  24 disseminate, transmit or otherwise make available to another person.

SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 60.1, is amended to read as follows:

Section 60.1 As used in the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act and in the Domestic Abuse Reporting Act, Sections 40.5 through 40.7 of this title, and Section 150.12B of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes:

- 1. "Dating relationship" means intimate association, primarily characterized by affectionate or sexual involvement. For purposes of this act, a casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context shall not constitute a dating relationship;
- 2. "Domestic abuse" means any act of physical harm or the threat of imminent physical harm which is committed by an adult, emancipated minor, or minor child thirteen (13) years of age or older against another adult, emancipated minor or minor child who is currently or was previously an intimate partner or family or household member;
  - 3. "Family or household members" means:
    - a. parents, including grandparents, stepparents, adoptive parents and foster parents,
    - children, including grandchildren, stepchildren, adopted children and foster children,
    - c. persons otherwise related by blood or marriage living in the same household, and

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- d. persons otherwise related by blood or marriage;
- 4. "Foreign protective order" means any valid order of protection issued by a court of another state or a tribal court;
- 5. "Harassment" means a knowing and willful course or pattern of conduct by a family or household member or an individual who is or has been involved in a dating relationship with the person, directed at a specific person which seriously alarms or annoys the person, and which serves no legitimate purpose. The course of conduct must be such as would cause a reasonable person to suffer substantial emotional distress and must actually cause substantial distress to the person. "Harassment" shall include, but not be limited to, harassing or obscene telephone calls in violation of Section 1172 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes and fear of death or bodily injury;
  - 6. "Intimate partner" means:
    - a. current or former spouses,
    - b. persons who are or were in a dating relationship,
    - c. persons who are the biological parents of the same child, regardless of their marital status or whether they have lived together at any time, and
    - d. persons who currently or formerly lived together in an intimate way, primarily characterized by affectionate or sexual involvement. A sexual relationship may be

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an indicator that a person is an intimate partner, but is never a necessary condition;

- 7. "Mutual protective order" means a final protective order or orders issued to both a plaintiff who has filed a petition for a protective order and a defendant included as the defendant in the plaintiff's petition restraining the parties from committing domestic violence, stalking, harassment or rape against each other. If both parties allege domestic abuse, violence, stalking, harassment or rape against each other, the parties shall do so by separate petition pursuant to Section 60.4 of this title;
- 8. "Rape" means rape and rape by instrumentation in violation of Sections 1111 and 1111.1 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 9. "Stalking" means the willful, malicious, and repeated following or harassment of a person by an adult, emancipated minor, or minor thirteen (13) years of age or older, in a manner that would cause a reasonable person to feel frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested and actually causes the person being followed or harassed to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed or molested. Stalking also means a course of conduct composed of a series of two or more separate acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose or unconsented contact with a person that is initiated or continued without the consent of the individual or in disregard of the expressed desire of the individual that the contact be avoided

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1 or discontinued. Unconsented contact or course of conduct includes, but is not limited to: 3 following or appearing within the sight of that a. maintaining a visual or physical proximity to the 4 5 individual, approaching or confronting that individual in a public 6 b. place or on private property, 7 appearing at the workplace or of the individual or 8 C. 9 contacting the employer or coworkers of the 10 individual, appearing at the residence of that the individual or 11 d. 12 contacting the neighbors of the individual, 1.3 entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased <del>d.</del> e. 14 or occupied by that the individual, 15 contacting that the individual by telephone, text e.f. 16 message, electronic message, electronic mail, or other 17 means of electronic communication or causing the 18 telephone or electronic device of the individual or 19 the telephone or electronic device of any other person 20 to ring or generate notifications repeatedly or 2.1 continuously, regardless of whether a conversation 22 ensues, 23 photographing, videotaping, audiotaping, or, through <del>f.</del> g. 24 any other electronic means, monitoring or recording

1 the activities of the individual. This subparagraph 2 applies regardless of where the act occurs, sending mail any physical or electronic communications 3 h. 4 to that material or contacting the individual by any 5 means, including any message, comment, or other content posted on any Internet site or web 6 application, or 7 sending to a family member or member of the household 8 <del>g.</del> i. 9 of the individual, or any current or former employer 10 of the individual, or any current or former coworker 11 of the individual, or any friend of the individual, 12 any physical or electronic material or contacting such 1.3 person by any means, including any message, comment, 14 or other content posted on any Internet site or web 15 application, for the purpose of obtaining information 16 about, disseminating information about, or 17 communicating with the individual, 18 placing an object on, or delivering an object to, j. 19 property owned, leased or occupied by that the 20 individual, 2.1 delivering an object to a family member or member of k. 22 the household of the individual, or an employer, 23 coworker, or friend of the individual, or placing an

object on, or delivering an object to, property owned,

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causing a person to engage in any of the acts 3 1. described in subparagraphs a through k of this

paragraph; and

"Victim support person" means a person affiliated with a 10. domestic violence, sexual assault or adult human sex trafficking program, certified by the Attorney General or operating under a tribal government, who provides support and assistance for a person

leased, or occupied by such a person with the intent

that the object be delivered to the individual, or

who files a petition under the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act.

SECTION 6. 22 O.S. 2021, Section 60.2, is AMENDATORY amended to read as follows:

Section 60.2 A. A victim of domestic abuse, a victim of stalking, a victim of harassment, a victim of rape, any adult or emancipated minor household member on behalf of any other family or household member who is a minor or incompetent, or any minor age sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years, or any adult victim of a crime may seek relief under the provisions of the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act.

The person seeking relief may file a petition for a protective order with the district court in the county in which the victim resides, the county in which the defendant resides, or the county in which the domestic violence occurred. If the person seeking relief is a victim of stalking but is not a family or

household member or an individual who is or has been in a dating relationship with the defendant, the person seeking relief must file a complaint against the defendant with the proper law enforcement agency before filing a petition for a protective order with the district court. The person seeking relief shall provide a copy of the complaint that was filed with the law enforcement agency at the full hearing if the complaint is not available from the law enforcement agency. Failure to provide a copy of the complaint filed with the law enforcement agency shall constitute a frivolous filing and the court may assess attorney fees and court costs against the plaintiff pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection C of this section. The filing of a petition for a protective order shall not require jurisdiction or venue of the criminal offense if either the plaintiff or defendant resides in the county. If a petition has been filed in an action for divorce or separate maintenance and either party to the action files a petition for a protective order in the same county where the action for divorce or separate maintenance is filed, the petition for the protective order may be heard by the court hearing the divorce or separate maintenance action if:

- a. there is no established protective order docket in such court, or
- the court finds that, in the interest of judicial
   economy, both actions may be heard together; provided,

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however, the petition for a protective order, including, but not limited to, a petition in which children are named as petitioners, shall remain a separate action and a separate order shall be entered in the protective order action. Protective orders may be dismissed in favor of restraining orders in the divorce or separate maintenance action if the court specifically finds, upon hearing, that such dismissal is in the best interests of the parties and does not compromise the safety of any petitioner.

If the defendant is a minor child, the petition shall be filed with the court having jurisdiction over juvenile matters.

- 2. When the abuse occurs when the court is not open for business, such person may request an emergency temporary order of protection as authorized by Section 40.3 of this title.
- B. The petition forms shall be provided by the clerk of the court. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall develop a standard form for the petition.
- C. 1. Except as otherwise provided by this section, no filing fee, service of process fee, attorney fees or any other fee or costs shall be charged the plaintiff or victim at any time for filing a petition for a protective order whether a protective order is granted or not granted. The court may assess court costs, service of process fees, attorney fees, other fees and filing fees against

- the defendant at the hearing on the petition, if a protective order is granted against the defendant; provided, the court shall have authority to waive the costs and fees if the court finds that the party does not have the ability to pay the costs and fees.
  - 2. If the court makes specific findings that a petition for a protective order has been filed frivolously and no victim exists, the court may assess attorney fees and court costs against the plaintiff.
  - D. The person seeking relief shall prepare the petition or, at the request of the plaintiff, the court clerk or the victim-witness coordinator, victim support person, and court case manager shall prepare or assist the plaintiff in preparing the petition.
  - E. The person seeking a protective order may further request the exclusive care, possession, or control of any animal owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held by either the petitioner, defendant or minor child residing in the residence of the petitioner or defendant. The court may order the defendant to make no contact with the animal and forbid the defendant from taking, transferring, encumbering, concealing, molesting, attacking, striking, threatening, harming, or otherwise disposing of the animal.
  - F. A court may not require the victim to seek legal sanctions against the defendant including, but not limited to, divorce, separation, paternity or criminal proceedings prior to hearing a petition for protective order.

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G. A victim of rape, forcible sodomy, a sex offense, kidnapping, assault and battery with a deadly weapon or member of the immediate family of a victim of first-degree murder, as such terms are defined in Section 40 of this title, may petition for an emergency temporary order or emergency ex parte order regardless of any relationship or scenario pursuant to the provisions of this section. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall modify the petition forms as necessary to effectuate the provisions of this subsection.

SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 60.4, is amended to read as follows:

Section 60.4 A. 1. A copy of a petition for a protective order, any notice of hearing and a copy of any emergency temporary order or emergency ex parte order issued by the court shall be served upon the defendant in the same manner as a bench warrant. In addition, if the service is to be in another county, the court clerk may issue service to the sheriff by facsimile or other electronic transmission for service by the sheriff and receive the return of service from the sheriff in the same manner. Any fee for service of a petition for protective order, notice of hearing, and emergency ex parte order shall only be charged pursuant to subsection C of Section 60.2 of this title and, if charged, shall be the same as the sheriff's service fee plus mileage expenses.

- 2. Emergency temporary orders, emergency ex parte orders and notice of hearings shall be given priority for service and can be served twenty-four (24) hours a day when the location of the defendant is known. When service cannot be made upon the defendant by the sheriff, the sheriff may contact another law enforcement officer or a private investigator or private process server to serve the defendant.
- 3. An emergency temporary order, emergency ex parte order, a petition for protective order, and a notice of hearing shall have statewide validity and may be transferred to any law enforcement jurisdiction to effect service upon the defendant. The sheriff may transmit the document by electronic means.
- 4. The return of service shall be submitted to the sheriff's office or court clerk in the court where the petition, notice of hearing or order was issued.
- 5. When the defendant is a minor child who is ordered removed from the residence of the victim, in addition to those documents served upon the defendant, a copy of the petition, notice of hearing and a copy of any temporary order or ex parte order issued by the court shall be delivered with the child to the caretaker of the place where such child is taken pursuant to Section 2-2-101 of Title 10A of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- B. 1. Within fourteen (14) days of the filing of the petition for a protective order, the court shall schedule a full hearing on

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- the petition, if the court finds sufficient grounds within the scope of the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act stated in the petition to hold such a hearing, regardless of whether an emergency temporary order or ex parte order has been previously issued, requested or denied. Provided, however, when the defendant is a minor child who has been removed from the residence pursuant to Section 2-2-101 of Title 10A of the Oklahoma Statutes, the court shall schedule a full hearing on the petition within seventy-two (72) hours, regardless of whether an emergency temporary order or ex parte order has been previously issued, requested or denied.
  - 2. The court may schedule a full hearing on the petition for a protective order within seventy-two (72) hours when the court issues an emergency temporary order or ex parte order suspending child visitation rights due to physical violence or threat of abuse.
  - 3. If service has not been made on the defendant at the time of the hearing, the court shall, at the request of the petitioner, issue a new emergency order reflecting a new hearing date and direct service to issue.
  - 4. A petition for a protective order shall, upon the request of the petitioner, renew every fourteen (14) days with a new hearing date assigned until the defendant is served. A petition for a protective order shall not expire unless the petitioner fails to appear at the hearing or fails to request a new order. A petitioner

- may move to dismiss the petition and emergency or final order at any time; however, a protective order must be dismissed by court order.
- 5. Failure to serve the defendant shall not be grounds for dismissal of a petition or an ex parte order unless the victim requests dismissal or fails to appear for the hearing thereon.
- 6. A final protective order shall be granted or denied within six (6) months of service on the defendant unless all parties agree that a temporary protective order remain in effect; provided, a victim shall have the right to request a final protective order hearing at any time after the passage of six (6) months.
- C. 1. At the hearing, the court may impose any terms and conditions in the protective order that the court reasonably believes are necessary to bring about the cessation of domestic abuse against the victim or stalking or harassment of the victim or the immediate family of the victim but shall not impose any term and condition that may compromise the safety of the victim including, but not limited to, mediation, couples counseling, family counseling, parenting classes or joint victim-offender counseling sessions. The court may order the defendant to obtain domestic abuse counseling or treatment in a program certified by the Attorney General at the expense of the defendant pursuant to Section 644 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- 2. If the court grants a protective order and the defendant is a minor child, the court shall order a preliminary inquiry in a

- juvenile proceeding to determine whether further court action
  pursuant to the Oklahoma Juvenile Code should be taken against a
  juvenile defendant.
  - D. Final protective orders authorized by this section shall be on a standard form developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
  - E. 1. After notice and hearing, protective orders authorized by this section may require the defendant to undergo treatment or participate in the court-approved counseling services necessary to bring about cessation of domestic abuse against the victim pursuant to Section 644 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes but shall not order any treatment or counseling that may compromise the safety of the victim including, but not limited to, mediation, couples counseling, family counseling, parenting classes or joint victim-offender counseling sessions.
  - 2. The defendant may be required to pay all or any part of the cost of such treatment or counseling services. The court shall not be responsible for such cost.
  - 3. Should the plaintiff choose to undergo treatment or participate in court-approved counseling services for victims of domestic abuse, the court may order the defendant to pay all or any part of the cost of such treatment or counseling services if the court determines that payment by the defendant is appropriate.

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- F. When necessary to protect the victim and when authorized by the court, protective orders granted pursuant to the provisions of this section may be served upon the defendant by a peace officer, sheriff, constable, or policeman or other officer whose duty it is to preserve the peace, as defined by Section 99 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
  - G. 1. Any protective order issued on or after November 1, 2012, pursuant to subsection C of this section shall be:
    - a. for a fixed period not to exceed a period of five (5) years unless extended, modified, vacated or rescinded upon motion by either party or if the court approves any consent agreement entered into by the plaintiff and defendant; provided, if the defendant is incarcerated, the protective order shall remain in full force and effect during the period of incarceration. The period of incarceration, in any jurisdiction, shall not be included in the calculation of the five-year time limitation, or
    - b. continuous upon a specific finding by the court of one of the following:
      - (1) the person has a history of violating the orders of any court or governmental entity,
      - (2) the person has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense,

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- (3) the person has a previous felony conviction for stalking as provided in Section 1173 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or
  - (4) a court order for a final Victim Protection Order has previously been issued against the person in this state or another state, or
  - (5) the victim provides proof that a continuous protective order is necessary for his or her protection.

Further, the court may take into consideration whether the person has a history of domestic violence or a history of other violent acts. The protective order shall remain in effect until modified, vacated or rescinded upon motion by either party or if the court approves any consent agreement entered into by the plaintiff and defendant. If the defendant is incarcerated, the protective order shall remain in full force and effect during the period of incarceration.

- 2. The court shall notify the parties at the time of the issuance of the protective order of the duration of the protective order.
- 3. Upon the filing of a motion by either party to modify,
  extend, or vacate a protective order, a hearing shall be scheduled
  and notice given to the parties. At the hearing, the issuing court
  may take such action as is necessary under the circumstances.

- 4. If a child has been removed from the residence of a parent or custodial adult because of domestic abuse committed by the child, the parent or custodial adult may refuse the return of such child to the residence unless, upon further consideration by the court in a juvenile proceeding, it is determined that the child is no longer a threat and should be allowed to return to the residence.
- H. 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly and willfully seek a protective order against a spouse or ex-spouse pursuant to the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act for purposes of harassment, undue advantage, intimidation, or limitation of child visitation rights in any divorce proceeding or separation action without justifiable cause.
- 2. The violator shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding one (1) year or by a fine not to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- 3. A second or subsequent conviction under this subsection shall be a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a period not to exceed two (2) years, or by a fine not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- I. 1. A protective order issued under the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act shall not in any manner affect title to real property, purport to grant to the parties a divorce or otherwise

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- purport to determine the issues between the parties as to child custody, visitation or visitation schedules, child support or division of property or any other like relief obtainable pursuant to Title 43 of the Oklahoma Statutes, except child visitation orders may be temporarily suspended or modified to protect from threats of abuse or physical violence by the defendant or a threat to violate a custody order. Orders not affecting title may be entered for good cause found to protect an animal owned by either of the parties or any child living in the household.
  - 2. When granting any protective order for the protection of a minor child from violence or threats of abuse, the court shall allow visitation only under conditions that provide adequate supervision and protection to the child while maintaining the integrity of a divorce decree or temporary order.
  - J. 1. In order to ensure that a petitioner can maintain an existing wireless telephone number or household utility account, the court, after providing notice and a hearing, may issue an order directing a wireless service provider or public utility provider to transfer the billing responsibility for and rights to the wireless telephone number or numbers of any minor children in the care of the petitioning party or household utility account to the petitioner if the petitioner is not the wireless service or public utility account holder.

- 2. The order transferring billing responsibility for and rights to the wireless telephone number or numbers or household utility account to the petitioner shall list the name and billing telephone number of the account holder, the name and contact information of the person to whom the telephone number or numbers or household utility account will be transferred and each telephone number or household utility to be transferred to that person. The court shall ensure that the contact information of the petitioner is not provided to the account holder in proceedings held under this subsection.
- 3. Upon issuance, a copy of the final order of protection shall be transmitted, either electronically or by certified mail, to the registered agent of the wireless service provider or public utility provider listed with the Secretary of State or Corporation Commission of Oklahoma or electronically to the email address provided by the wireless service provider or public utility provider. Such transmittal shall constitute adequate notice for the wireless service provider or public utility provider.
- 4. If the wireless service provider or public utility provider cannot operationally or technically effectuate the order due to certain circumstances, the wireless service provider or public utility provider shall notify the petitioner. Such circumstances shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
  - a. the account holder has already terminated the account,

- b. the differences in network technology prevent the functionality of a mobile device on the network, or
- c. there are geographic or other limitations on network or service availability.
- 5. Upon transfer of billing responsibility for and rights to a wireless telephone number or numbers or household utility account to the petitioner under the provisions of this subsection by a wireless service provider or public utility provider, the petitioner shall assume all financial responsibility for the transferred wireless telephone number or numbers or household utility account, monthly service and utility billing costs and costs for any mobile device associated with the wireless telephone number or numbers. The wireless service provider or public utility provider shall have the right to pursue the original account holder for purposes of collecting any past due amounts owed to the wireless service provider or public utility provider.
- 6. The provisions of this subsection shall not preclude a wireless service provider or public utility provider from applying any routine and customary requirements for account establishment to the petitioner as part of this transfer of billing responsibility for a household utility account or for a wireless telephone number or numbers and any mobile devices attached to that number including, but not limited to, identification, financial information and customer preferences.

- 7. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the ability of the court to apportion the assets and debts of the parties as provided for in law or the ability to determine the temporary use, possession and control of personal property.
- 8. No cause of action shall lie against any wireless service provider or public utility provider, its officers, employees or agents for actions taken in accordance with the terms of a court order issued under the provisions of this subsection.
  - 9. As used in this subsection:
    - a. "wireless service provider" means a provider of commercial mobile service under Section 332(d) of the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996,
    - b. "public utility provider" means every corporation organized or doing business in this state that owns, operates or manages any plant or equipment for the manufacture, production, transmission, transportation, delivery or furnishing of water, heat or light with gas or electric current for heat, light or power, for public use in this state, and
    - c. "household utility account" shall include utility services for water, heat, light, power or gas that are provided by a public utility provider.
  - K. 1. A court shall not issue any mutual protective orders.

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- 2. If both parties allege domestic abuse by the other party,
  the parties shall do so by separate petitions. The court shall
  review each petition separately in an individual or a consolidated
  hearing and grant or deny each petition on its individual merits.

  If the court finds cause to grant both motions, the court shall do
  so by separate orders and with specific findings justifying the
  issuance of each order.
  - 3. The court may only consolidate a hearing if:
    - a. the court makes specific findings that:
      - (1) sufficient evidence exists of domestic abuse, stalking, harassment or rape against each party, and
      - (2) each party acted primarily as aggressors,
    - b. the defendant filed a petition with the court for a protective order no less than three (3) days, not including weekends or holidays, prior to the first scheduled full hearing on the petition filed by the plaintiff, and
    - c. the defendant had no less than forty-eight (48) hours of notice prior to the full hearing on the petition filed by the plaintiff.
  - L. The court may allow a plaintiff or victim to be accompanied by a victim support person at court proceedings. A victim support person shall not make legal arguments; however, a victim support

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- person who is not a licensed attorney may offer the plaintiff or victim comfort or support and may remain in close proximity to the plaintiff or victim.
- 4 SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 60.11, is 5 amended to read as follows:
  - Section 60.11 In addition to any other provisions required by the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act, or otherwise required by law, each ex parte or final protective order issued pursuant to the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act shall have a statement printed in bold-faced type or in capital letters containing the following information:
  - 1. The filing or nonfiling of criminal charges and the prosecution of the case shall not be determined by a person who is protected by the protective order, but shall be determined by the prosecutor;
    - 2. No person, including a person who is protected by the order, may give permission to anyone to ignore or violate any provision of the order. During the time in which the order is valid, every provision of the order shall be in full force and effect unless a court changes the order;
- 3. The order shall be in effect for a fixed period of five (5)
  years unless extended, modified, vacated or rescinded by the court
  or shall be continuous upon a specific finding by the court as
  provided in subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of subsection G of Section

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- 1 60.4 of this title unless modified, vacated or rescinded by the 2 court;
  - 4. The order shall be entered into the National Crime

    Information Center (NCIC) database;
  - 5. A violation of the order is punishable by a fine of up to One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisonment for up to one (1) year in the county jail, or by both such fine and imprisonment. A violation of the order which causes injury is punishable by imprisonment for twenty (20) days to one (1) year in the county jail or a fine of up to Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment; and
  - 5. 6. Possession of a firearm or ammunition by a defendant while an order is in effect may subject the defendant to prosecution for a violation of federal law even if the order does not specifically prohibit the defendant from possession of a firearm or ammunition;
  - 7. The defendant must avoid the residence of the petitioner or any premises temporarily occupied by the petitioner;
  - 8. The defendant must avoid contact that harasses or intimidates the petitioner. Contact includes, but is not limited to, contact at the home, work, or school of the petitioner, public places, in person, by phone, in writing, by electronic communication or device, or in any other manner;

1	9. The defendant shall not impersonate or adopt the
2	personification of the petitioner by pretending to be the
3	petitioner, ordering items, posting information or making inquiries,
4	or publishing photographs of the petitioner, by use of social media,
5	or by use of computer, telephone, texting, emailing, or by use of
6	any electronic means;
7	10. The defendant must refrain from removing, hiding, damaging,
8	harming, mistreating, or disposing of a household pet;
9	11. The defendant must allow the petitioner or a family member
10	or household member of the petitioner acting on his or her behalf to
11	retrieve a household pet;
12	12. The defendant must avoid contacting the petitioner or
13	causing any person other than an attorney for the petitioner or law
14	enforcement officer to contact the petitioner unless the petitioner
15	consents in writing; and
16	13. The sheriff will accompany the petitioner and assist in
17	placing the petitioner in physical possession of his or her
18	residence, if requested.
19	SECTION 9. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.
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1	Passed the House of Representatives the 23rd day of March, 2022.
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4	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
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6	Passed the Senate the day of, 2022.
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8	Presiding Officer of the Senate
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