1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	2nd Session of the 55th Legislature (2016)
3	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4	FOR SENATE BILL 1214 By: Sharp and Holt of the Senate
5	and
6	Wood of the House
7	wood of the nouse
8	
9	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
10	An Act relating to verdicts; amending 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1161, which relates to acquittal on grounds
11	of insanity; modifying forms of adjudication of certain persons; authorizing imposition of certain
12	sentences for specified defendants; establishing requirements for probation of certain defendants;
13	establishing certain reporting requirements; modifying statutory references; defining terms; and
14	providing an effective date.
15	
16	
17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
18	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1161, is
19	amended to read as follows:
20	Section 1161. A. 1. An act committed by a person in a state
21	of insanity cannot be punished as a public offense, nor can the
22	person be tried, sentenced to punishment, or punished for a public
23	offense while such person is insane mental illness or mental defect
24	

<u>shall be adjudicated as guilty with mental defect or as not guilty</u>
 by reason of mental illness.

3 If a person is found quilty with mental defect or enters 2. 4 such plea which is accepted by the court, the court at the time of 5 sentencing shall impose any sentence that could be imposed by law 6 upon a person who is convicted of the same offense, and the person 7 shall serve the sentence in custody of a county jail or the Oklahoma 8 Department of Corrections. 9 3. If a person who is found guilty with mental defect is placed 10 on probation under the jurisdiction of the sentencing court as 11 provided by law, the court shall immediately issue an order for the 12 person to be examined by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services at a facility the Department has designated 13 to examine and treat forensic individuals. Upon issuance of the 14 15 order, the sheriff shall deliver the person to the designated 16 facility. Within forty-five (45) days, the Department shall provide 17 to the court a recommendation of treatment for the person, which shall be made a condition of probation. Reports as specified by the 18 trial judge shall be filed with the probation officer and the 19 sentencing court. Failure to continue treatment, except by 20 agreement with the treating agency and the sentencing court, is 21 grounds for revocation of probation. Treatment shall be provided by 22 23 an agency of the Department or, with the approval of the sentencing 24 court and at the person's expense, by private agencies, private

physicians or other mental health personnel. A psychiatric report shall be filed with the probation officer and the sentencing court every six (6) months during the period of probation.

4. When in any criminal action by indictment or information, 4 5 the defense of insanity mental illness is raised, but the defendant 6 is not acquitted on the ground that the defendant was insane 7 mentally ill at the time of the commission of the crime charged, an issue concerning such defense may be raised on appeal. If the 8 9 appellate court finds relief is required, the appellate court shall 10 not have authority to modify the judgment or sentence, but will only 11 have the authority to order a new trial or order resentencing 12 without recommendations to sentencing.

3.5. When in any criminal action by indictment or information 13 the defense of *insanity* mental illness is interposed either singly 14 or in conjunction with some other defense, the jury shall state in 15 the verdict, if it is one of acquittal, whether or not the defendant 16 is acquitted on the ground of insanity mental illness. When the 17 defendant is acquitted on the ground that the defendant was insane 18 mentally ill at the time of the commission of the crime charged, the 19 person shall not be discharged from custody until the court has made 20 a determination that the person is not presently dangerous to the 21 public peace and safety because the person and is a person requiring 22 treatment as defined in Section 1-103 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma 23 24 Statutes.

Req. No. 3046

B. 1. To assist the court in its determination, the court
 shall immediately issue an order for the person to be examined by
 the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services at a
 facility the Department has designated to examine and treat forensic
 individuals. Upon the issuance of the order, the sheriff shall
 deliver the person to the designated facility.

Within forty-five (45) days of the court entering such an 7 2. order, a hearing shall be conducted by the court to ascertain 8 9 whether the person is presently dangerous to the public peace or 10 safety because the person is a person requiring treatment as defined in Section 1-103 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes or, if not, 11 12 is in need of continued supervision as a result of unresolved symptoms of mental illness or a history of treatment noncompliance. 13 During the required period of hospitalization the Department of 14 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall have the person 15 examined by two qualified psychiatrists or one such psychiatrist and 16 one qualified clinical psychologist whose training and experience 17 enable the professional to form expert opinions regarding mental 18 illness, competency, dangerousness and criminal responsibility. 19

C. 1. Each examiner shall, within thirty-five (35) days of hospitalization, individually prepare and submit to the court, the district attorney and the person's trial counsel a report of the person's psychiatric examination findings and an evaluation

24

Req. No. 3046

concerning whether the person is presently dangerous to the public
 peace or safety.

If the court is dissatisfied with the reports or if a 3 2. disagreement on the issue of mental illness and dangerousness exists 4 5 between the two examiners, the court may designate one or more additional examiners and have them submit their findings and 6 7 evaluations as specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection. Within ten (10) days after the reports are filed, the 8 3. a. 9 court must conduct a hearing to determine the person's 10 present condition as to the issue of whether: 11 (1)the person is presently dangerous to the public 12 peace or safety because the person is a person 13 requiring treatment as defined in Section 1-103 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, or 14 15 (2) if not believed to be presently dangerous to the public peace or safety, the person is in need of 16 17 continued supervision as a result of unresolved symptoms of mental illness or a history of 18 treatment noncompliance. 19 b. The district attorney must establish the foregoing by 20 a preponderance of the evidence. At this hearing the 21 person shall have the assistance of counsel and may 22

23 present independent evidence.

24

D. 1. If the court finds that the person is not presently dangerous to the public peace or safety because the person is a person requiring treatment as defined in Section 1-103 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes and is not in need of continued supervision as a result of unresolved symptoms of mental illness or a history of treatment noncompliance, it shall immediately discharge the person from hospitalization.

8 2. If the court finds that the person is presently dangerous to 9 the public peace and safety, it shall commit the person to the 10 custody of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse 11 Services. The person shall then be subject to discharge pursuant to 12 the procedure set forth in Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes.

13 During the period of hospitalization, the Department a. of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services may 14 administer or cause to be administered to the person 15 such psychiatric, medical or other therapeutic 16 treatment as in its judgment should be administered. 17 b. The person shall be subject to discharge or 18 conditional release pursuant to the procedures set 19 forth in this section. 20

E. If at any time the court finds the person is not presently
dangerous to the public peace or safety because the person is a
person requiring treatment pursuant to the provisions of Section 1103 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, but is in need of

continued supervision as a result of unresolved symptoms of mental
 illness or a history of treatment noncompliance, the court may:

3 1. Discharge the person pursuant to the procedure set forth in
4 Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes;

Discharge the person, and upon the court's or the district
attorney's motion commence civil involuntary commitment proceedings
against the person pursuant to the provisions of Title 43A of the
Oklahoma Statutes; or

9 3. Order conditional release, as set forth in subsection F of10 this section.

11 F. There is hereby created a Forensic Review Board to be composed of seven (7) members appointed by the Governor with the 12 13 advice and consent of the Senate. The Board members shall serve for a term of five (5) years except that for members first appointed to 14 the Board: one shall serve for a term ending December 31, 2008, two 15 shall serve for a term ending December 31, 2009, two shall serve a 16 17 term ending December 31, 2010, and two shall serve for a term ending December 31, 2011. 18

19 1. The Board shall be composed of:

a. four licensed mental health professionals with
experience in treating mental illness, at least one of
whom is licensed as a Doctor of Medicine, a Doctor of
Osteopathy, or a licensed clinical psychologist and
shall be appointed from a list of seven names

Req. No. 3046

submitted to the Governor by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services,

- b. one member who shall be an attorney licensed to
 practice in this state and shall be appointed from a
 list of not less than three names submitted to the
 Governor by the Board of Governors of the Oklahoma Bar
 Association,
- 8 c. one member who shall be a retired judge licensed to 9 practice in this state and shall be appointed from a 10 list of not less than three names submitted to the 11 Governor by the Judicial Nominating Committee, and 12 d. one at-large member.

13 The attorney and retired judge members of the Board shall be 14 prohibited from representing in the courts of this state persons 15 charged with felony offenses while serving on the Board.

The Board shall meet as necessary to determine which
 individuals confined with the Department of Mental Health and
 Substance Abuse Services are eligible for therapeutic visits,
 conditional release or discharge and whether the Board wishes to
 make such a recommendation to the court of the county where the
 individual was found not guilty by reason of insanity.

a. Forensic Review Board meetings shall not be considered
 subject to the Oklahoma Open Meeting Act and are not
 open to the public. Other than the Forensic Review

1

2

Board members, only the following individuals shall be permitted to attend Board meetings:

- (1) the individual the Board is considering for therapeutic visits, conditional release or discharge, his or her treatment advocate, and members of his or her treatment team,
 - (2) the Commissioner of Mental Health and SubstanceAbuse Services or designee,
- 9 (3) the Advocate General for the Department of Mental
 10 Health and Substance Abuse Services or designee,
- 11 (4) the General Counsel for the Department of Mental 12 Health and Substance Abuse Services or designee, 13 and
- 14 (5) any other persons the Board and Commissioner of
 15 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services wish
 16 to be present.
- b. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse
 Services shall provide administrative staff to the
 Board to take minutes of meetings and prepare
 necessary documents and correspondence for the Board
 to comply with its duties as set forth in this
 section. The Department of Mental Health and
 Substance Abuse Services shall also transport the
- 24

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

1 individuals being reviewed to and from the Board 2 meeting site.

- c. The Board shall promulgate rules concerning the
 granting and structure of therapeutic visits,
 conditional releases and discharge.
- d. For purposes of this subsection, "therapeutic visit"
 means a scheduled time period off campus which
 provides for progressive tests of the consumer's
 ability to maintain and demonstrate coping skills.

The Forensic Review Board shall submit any recommendation
 for therapeutic visit, conditional release or discharge to the court
 and district attorney of the county where the person was found not
 guilty by reason of insanity mental illness, the person's trial
 counsel, the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse
 Services and the person at least fourteen (14) days prior to the
 scheduled visit.

- 17 a. The district attorney may file an objection to a
 18 recommendation for a therapeutic visit within ten (10)
 19 days of receipt of the notice.
- b. If an objection is filed, the therapeutic visit is
 stayed until a hearing is held. The court shall hold
 a hearing not less than ten (10) days following an
 objection to determine whether the therapeutic visit
- 24

1 2 is necessary for treatment, and if necessary, the nature and extent of the visit.

4. During the period of hospitalization the Department of
Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall submit an annual
report on the status of the person to the court, the district
attorney and the patient advocate general of the Department of
Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.

G. Upon motion by the district attorney or upon a 8 9 recommendation for conditional release or discharge by the Forensic 10 Review Board, the court shall conduct a hearing to ascertain if the 11 person is presently dangerous and a person requiring treatment as defined in Section 1-103 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes. 12 13 This hearing shall be conducted under the same procedure as the first hearing and must occur not less than ten (10) days following 14 15 the motion or request by the Forensic Review Board.

If the court determines that the person continues to be
 presently dangerous to the public peace and safety because the
 person is a person requiring treatment as defined in Section 1-103
 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, it shall order the return of
 the person to the hospital for additional treatment.

2. If the court determines that the person is not dangerous <u>but</u>
 subject to certain conditions, the court may conditionally release
 the person subject to the following:

24

1 the Forensic Review Board has made a recommendation a. for conditional release, including a written plan for 2 3 outpatient treatment and a list of recommendations for the court to place as conditions on the release, 4 5 b. in its order of conditional release, the court shall specify conditions of release and shall direct the 6 7 appropriate agencies or persons to submit annual reports regarding the person's compliance with the 8 9 conditions of release and progress in treatment, 10 с. the person must agree, in writing, that during the period the person is granted conditional release and 11 12 is subject to the provisions thereof, there shall be 13 free transmission of all pertinent information, including clinical information regarding the person, 14 15 among the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, the appropriate community mental 16 health centers and the appropriate district attorneys, 17 law enforcement and court personnel, 18 d. the court's order placing the person on conditional 19 release shall include notice that the person's 20

21 conditional release may be revoked upon good cause. 22 The person placed on conditional release shall remain 23 under the supervision of the Department of Mental 24 Health and Substance Abuse Services until the

committing court enters a final discharge order. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall assess the person placed on conditional release annually and shall have the authority to recommend discharge of the person to the Board, <u>and</u> e. any agency or individual involved in providing treatment with regard to the person's conditional release plan may prepare and file an affidavit under oath if the agency or individual believes that the person has failed to comply with the conditions of release or that such person has progressed to the point that inpatient care is appropriate.

- (1) Any peace officer who receives such an affidavit shall take the person into protective custody and return the person to the forensic unit of the state hospital.
- (2)A hearing shall be conducted within three (3) 17 days, excluding holidays and weekends, after the 18 person is returned to the forensic unit of the 19 state hospital to determine if the person has 20 violated the conditions of release, or if full-21 time hospitalization is the least restrictive 22 23 alternative consistent with the person's needs and the need for public safety. Notice of the 24

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

1 hearing shall be issued, at least twenty-four (24) hours before the hearing, to the hospital 2 3 superintendent, the person, trial counsel for the person, and the patient advocate general of the 4 5 Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services. If the person requires hospitalization 6 because of a violation of the conditions of 7 release or because of progression to the point 8 9 that inpatient care is appropriate, the court may 10 then modify the conditions of release.

3. If the court determines that the person is not presently dangerous to the public peace or safety because the person is not a person requiring treatment, it shall order that the person be discharged from the custody of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services.

16 H. As used in this section:

17 <u>1. "Antisocial personality disorder" means antisocial</u> 18 personality disorder as defined by the Diagnostic and Statistical 19 <u>Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5), or subsequent</u> 20 <u>editions;</u>

21 <u>2. "Dangerous" means a person who because of mental illness</u>
22 poses a substantial risk of physical harm in the near future to
23 another person or persons. Dangerousness shall be determined by
24 such factors as whether the person has placed another person or

1 persons in a reasonable fear of violent behavior, and medication and 2 treatment compliance;

3	3. "Guilty with mental defect" means the person committed the
4	act and was either unable to understand the nature and consequences
5	of his or her actions or was unable to differentiate right from
6	wrong, and has been diagnosed with antisocial personality disorder
7	which substantially contributed to the act for which the person has
8	been charged;
9	4. "Mental defect" means the person has been diagnosed with
10	antisocial personality disorder which substantially contributed to
11	the act for which the person has been charged;
12	5. "Mental illness" means a substantial disorder of thought,
13	mood, perception, psychological orientation or memory that
14	significantly impairs judgment, behavior, capacity to recognize
15	reality or ability to meet the ordinary demands of life;
16	6. "Not guilty by reason of mental illness" means the person
17	committed the act while mentally ill, and was either unable to
18	understand the nature and consequences of his or her actions or was
19	unable to differentiate right from wrong, and has not been diagnosed
20	with antisocial personality disorder; and
21	7. a. "Person requiring treatment" means a person who because
22	of mental illness:
23	(1) poses a substantial risk of physical harm to self
24	as manifested by evidence or serious threats of

1			or attempts at suicide or other significant self-
2			inflicted bodily harm,
3		(2)	poses a substantial risk of physical harm to
4			another person or persons as manifested by
5			evidence of violent behavior directed toward
6			another person or persons,
7		(3)	has placed another person or persons in
8			reasonable fear of serious physical harm or
9			violent behavior directed towards such person or
10			persons as manifested by serious and immediate
11			threats,
12		(4)	is in a condition of severe deterioration such
13			that, without immediate intervention, there
14			exists a substantial risk that severe impairment
15			or injury will result to the person, or
16		(5)	poses a substantial risk of serious physical
17			injury to self or death as manifested by evidence
18			that the person is unable to provide for and is
19			not providing for his or her basic physical
20			needs.
21	b.	The	mental health or substance abuse history of the
22		pers	son may be used as part of the evidence to
23		dete	ermine whether the person is a person requiring
24		trea	atment. The mental health or substance abuse

1	history of the person shall not be the sole basis for
2	this determination.
3	c. Unless a person also meets the criteria established in
4	subparagraph a of this paragraph, "person requiring
5	treatment" shall not mean:
6	(1) a person whose mental processes have been
7	weakened or impaired by reason of advanced years,
8	dementia or Alzheimer's disease,
9	(2) a mentally retarded or developmentally disabled
10	person as defined in Title 10 of the Oklahoma
11	Statutes,
12	(3) a person with seizure disorder, or
13	(4) a person with a traumatic brain injury.
14	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2016.
15	
16	55-2-3046 TEK 2/16/2016 10:06:52 AM
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	