

1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2 2nd Session of the 59th Legislature (2024)

3 SENATE BILL 1249

By: Paxton

4
5
6 AS INTRODUCED

7 An Act relating to income tax; amending 68 O.S. 2021,
8 Section 2358, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter
9 377, O.S.L. 2022 (68 O.S. Supp. 2023, Section 2358),
10 which relates to adjustments; eliminating limitation
11 on itemization for certain tax years; updating
12 statutory language; and providing an effective date.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

14 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, as
15 last amended by Section 1, Chapter 377, O.S.L. 2022 (68 O.S. Supp.
16 2023, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows:

17 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
18 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
19 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
20 as required by this section.

21 A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to
22 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
23 adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

24 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise

1 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
2 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
3 income.

4 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
5 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
6 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws
7 of Oklahoma.

8 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
9 be adjusted as follows:

10 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
11 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any
12 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for
13 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an
14 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss
15 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant
16 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for
17 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of
18 the total loss for such year;

19 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
20 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any
21 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable
22 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the
23 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks
24 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be

1 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of
2 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as
3 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351
4 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without
5 regard to the existence of a federal net operating
6 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31,
7 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to
8 which such losses may be carried shall be determined
9 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the
11 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and
12 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net
13 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For
14 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and
15 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such
16 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2)
17 years. For tax years beginning after December 31,
18 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried
19 back shall be determined solely by reference to
20 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
21 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net
22 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced
23 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma
24 taxable income".

1 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
2 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
3 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
4 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
5 on the same basis as those items:

6 a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
7 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
8 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
9 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
10 property;

11 b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
12 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
13 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
14 be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
15 of the taxpayer, except that:

16 (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary
17 business or commercial situs apart from the
18 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be
19 allocated in accordance with such business or
20 commercial situs; interest income from
21 investments held to generate working capital for
22 a unitary business enterprise shall be included
23 in apportionable income; a resident trust or
24 resident estate shall be treated as having a

1 separate commercial or business situs insofar as
2 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not
3 be treated as having a separate commercial or
4 business situs insofar as distributed income is
5 concerned,

6 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,
7 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from
8 the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly
9 traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b)
10 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated
11 to this state in the ratio of the original cost
12 of such partnership's tangible property in this
13 state to the original cost of such partnership's
14 tangible property everywhere, as determined at
15 the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent
16 (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets
17 consists of intangible assets, capital or
18 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an
19 ownership interest in the partnership shall be
20 allocated to this state in accordance with the
21 sales factor of the partnership for its first
22 full tax period immediately preceding its tax
23 period during which the ownership interest in the
24 partnership was sold; the provisions of this

1 division shall only apply if the capital or
2 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an
3 ownership interest in a partnership do not
4 constitute qualifying gain receiving capital
5 treatment as defined in subparagraph a of
6 paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section,

7 (3) income from such property which is required to be
8 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph
9 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein
10 provided;

11 c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is
12 not a part of business carried on within or without
13 the state of a unitary character shall be separately
14 allocated to the state in which such activity is
15 conducted;

16 d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing
17 enterprise the business of which in ~~Oklahoma~~ this
18 state consists solely of marketing its products by:

19 (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped
20 directly to a point from without the state to a
21 purchaser within the state, commonly known as
22 interstate sales,

23 (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
24 within the state pursuant to "in transit"

1 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
2 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
3 within the state,

4 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
5 within the state where the shipment to such
6 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
7 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
8 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
9 within or without the state,

10 the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the
11 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of
12 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived
13 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales
14 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales
15 defined in this section made to the purchaser within
16 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term
17 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means
18 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of
19 which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

20 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable
21 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for
22 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments
23 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1
24 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:

1 (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of
2 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance
3 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned
4 to this state by multiplying such income by a
5 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct
6 premiums written for insurance on property or
7 risks in this state, and the denominator of which
8 is the direct premiums written for insurance on
9 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of
10 this subsection, the term "direct premiums
11 written" means the total amount of direct
12 premiums written, assessments and annuity
13 considerations as reported for the taxable year
14 on the annual statement filed by the company with
15 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved
16 by the National Association of Insurance
17 Commissioners, or such other form as may be
18 prescribed in lieu thereof,

19 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an
20 insurance company consists of premiums for
21 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of
22 such company shall be apportioned to this state
23 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the
24 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct

1 premiums written for insurance on property or
2 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written
3 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property
4 or risks in this state, and the denominator of
5 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written
6 for insurance on property or risks everywhere,
7 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance
8 accepted in respect of property or risks
9 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,
10 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in
11 respect of property or risks in this state,
12 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the
13 election of the company be determined on the
14 basis of the proportion which premiums written
15 for insurance accepted from companies
16 commercially domiciled in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state
17 bears to premiums written for reinsurance
18 accepted from all sources, or alternatively in
19 the proportion which the sum of the direct
20 premiums written for insurance on property or
21 risks in this state by each ceding company from
22 which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of
23 the total direct premiums written by each such
24 ceding company for the taxable year.

1 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate
2 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is
3 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to
4 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors
5 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue
6 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net
7 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from
8 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on
9 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity,
10 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection,
11 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any
12 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in
13 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on
14 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property
15 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an
16 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million
17 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after
18 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or
19 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost
20 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00)
21 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is
22 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be
23 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five
24 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty

1 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment
2 factors shall be computed as follows:

3 a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of
4 which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and
5 tangible personal property owned or rented and used in
6 this state during the tax period and the denominator
7 of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's
8 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned
9 or rented and used during the tax period.

10 (1) Property, the income from which is separately
11 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
12 shall not be included in determining this
13 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall
14 include a portion of the investment in
15 transportation and other equipment having no
16 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks
17 and trailers, including machinery and equipment
18 carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons'
19 automobiles and other similar equipment, in the
20 proportion that miles traveled in ~~Oklahoma~~ this
21 state by such equipment bears to total miles
22 traveled,

23 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its
24 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer

1 is valued at eight times the net annual rental
2 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual
3 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual
4 rental rate received by the taxpayer from
5 subrentals,

6 (3) The average value of property shall be determined
7 by averaging the values at the beginning and
8 ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax
9 Commission may require the averaging of monthly
10 values during the tax period if reasonably
11 required to reflect properly the average value of
12 the taxpayer's property;

13 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of
14 which is the total compensation for services rendered
15 in the state during the tax period, and the
16 denominator of which is the total compensation for
17 services rendered everywhere during the tax period.
18 "Compensation", as used in this subsection, means
19 those paid-for services to the extent related to the
20 unitary business but does not include officers'
21 salaries, wages and other compensation.

22 (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the
23 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
24 of such expenditure in connection with employees

1 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as
2 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus
3 drivers, in this state only a part of the time,
4 in the proportion that mileage traveled in
5 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state bears to total mileage
6 traveled by such employees,

7 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
8 include a portion of such expenditures in
9 connection with itinerant employees, such as
10 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
11 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
12 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state bears to total time spent in
13 furtherance of the enterprise by such employees;

14 c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which
15 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in
16 this state during the tax period, and the denominator
17 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the
18 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales",
19 as used in this subsection, does not include sales or
20 gross revenue which are separately allocated in
21 paragraph 4 of this subsection.

22 (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs
23 in this state if the property is delivered or
24 shipped to a purchaser other than the United

1 States government, within this state regardless
2 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale;
3 or the property is shipped from an office, store,
4 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in
5 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United
6 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not
7 doing business in the state of the destination of
8 the shipment.

9 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway
10 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
11 not be less than the allocation of revenues to
12 this state as shown in its annual report to the
13 Corporation Commission.

14 (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus
15 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
16 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the
17 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
18 of revenue from interstate transportation in the
19 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in
20 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state bears to total interstate
21 mileage traveled.

22 (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline
23 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
24 be either the total of traffic units of the

1 enterprise within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state or the
2 revenue allocated to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state based
3 upon miles moved, at the option of the taxpayer,
4 and the denominator of which shall be the total
5 of traffic units of the enterprise or the revenue
6 of the enterprise everywhere as appropriate to
7 the numerator. A "traffic unit" is hereby
8 defined as the transportation for a distance of
9 one (1) mile of one (1) barrel of oil, one (1)
10 gallon of gasoline or one thousand (1,000) cubic
11 feet of natural or casinghead gas, as the case
12 may be.

13 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other
14 communication enterprise, the numerator of the
15 fraction shall include that portion of the
16 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to
17 the accounting procedures prescribed by the
18 Federal Communications Commission; provided that
19 in respect to each corporation or business entity
20 required by the Federal Communications Commission
21 to keep its books and records in accordance with
22 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such
23 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be
24 determined separately in the manner provided by

1 such uniform system of accounts and only the
2 interstate income shall be subject to allocation
3 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.
4 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors
5 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the
6 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal
7 Communications Commission.

8 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors
9 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state a
10 portion of net income of the enterprise out of all appropriate
11 proportion to the property owned and/or business transacted within
12 this state, because of the fact that one or more of the factors so
13 prescribed are not employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance
14 of the enterprise; or because one or more factors not so prescribed
15 are employed to a considerable extent in furtherance of the
16 enterprise; or because of other reasons, the Tax Commission is
17 empowered to permit, after a showing by taxpayer that an excessive
18 portion of net income has been attributed to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state, or
19 require, when in its judgment an insufficient portion of net income
20 has been attributed to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state, the elimination,
21 substitution, or use of additional factors, or reduction or increase
22 in the weight of such prescribed factors. Provided, however, that
23 any such variance from such prescribed factors which has the effect
24 of increasing the portion of net income attributable to ~~Oklahoma~~

1 this state must not be inherently arbitrary, and application of the
2 recomputed final apportionment to the net income of the enterprise
3 must attribute to ~~Oklahoma~~ this state only a reasonable portion
4 thereof.

5 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or
6 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state
7 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an
8 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent
9 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded
10 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,
11 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen
12 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded
13 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming
14 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated
15 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars
16 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
17 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible
18 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph
19 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In
20 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this
21 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any
22 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One
23 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into
24 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption

1 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this
2 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an
3 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph
4 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which
5 the investment was originally made.

6 For purposes of this paragraph:

7 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means
8 ~~building~~ buildings, structures, fixtures and
9 improvements used or operated primarily for the
10 processing or production of marketable products from
11 agricultural commodities. The term shall also mean a
12 dairy operation that requires a depreciable investment
13 of at least Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars
14 (\$250,000.00) and which produces milk from dairy cows.
15 The term does not include a facility that provides
16 only, and nothing more than, storage, cleaning, drying
17 or transportation of agricultural commodities, and

18 b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
19 used in a process primarily for:

20 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
21 including receiving or storing agricultural
22 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
23 operation,
24

1 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
2 product before, during or after the processing,
3 or

4 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for
5 sale or shipment.

6 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this
7 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in
8 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss
9 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance
10 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
11 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss
12 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

13 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

14 b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
15 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
16 the income from all other sources other than reflected
17 on Schedule F.

18 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all
19 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in
20 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.
21 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be
22 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant
23 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this
24

1 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the
2 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

3 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
4 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
5 Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
6 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
7 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
8 utilized.

9 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010,
10 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to
11 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income
12 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
13 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment
14 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from
15 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred
16 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)
17 of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American
18 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

19 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019,
20 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted
21 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to
22 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or
23 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the
24 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would

1 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing
2 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title,
3 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item
4 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the
5 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and
6 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma
7 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall
8 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and
9 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in
10 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member",
11 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by
12 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of
13 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in
14 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this
15 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income
16 tax purposes.

17 B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
18 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those
19 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section
21 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the
22 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the
23 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C.,
24 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after

1 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma
2 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for
3 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
4 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
5 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the
6 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax
7 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31,
8 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for
9 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of
10 such assets.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
12 Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue
13 Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of
14 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
15 and before January 1, 1983.

16 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which
17 ~~accelerated cost recovery system~~ the Accelerated Cost Recovery
18 System was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is
19 required in the first taxable year beginning after December 31,
20 1982, to reconcile the basis of such assets to the basis allowed in
21 the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to
22 equalize the basis and allowance for depreciation accounts between
23 that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and that reported to
24 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state.

1 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and
2 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to
3 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-
4 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a
5 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as
6 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

7 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the
8 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to
9 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to
10 qualified small businesses located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state. Such
11 transferor corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable
12 income of an amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received
13 as a result of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall
14 not exceed ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds
15 received by such transferor corporation as a result of the
16 technology transfer. Such exemption shall be allowed for a period
17 not to exceed ten (10) years from the date of receipt of the first
18 royalty payment accruing from such transfer. No exemption may be
19 claimed for transfers of technology to qualified small businesses
20 made prior to January 1, 1988.

21 2. For purposes of this subsection:

22 a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether
23 organized as a corporation, partnership, or
24 proprietorship, organized for profit with its

1 principal place of business located within this state
2 and which meets the following criteria:

- 3 (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
4 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),
5 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its
6 employees and assets located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this
7 state at the time of the transfer, and
8 (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor
9 corporation;

10 b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
11 pattern, device or compilation of scientific or
12 technical information which is not in the public
13 domain;

14 c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
15 the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
16 at the time the transfer is made; and

17 d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
18 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
19 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

20 D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the
21 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further
22 adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such
23 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from
24 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving

1 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during
2 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such
3 corporation, estate or trust.

4 2. As used in this subsection:

5 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
6 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
7 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
8 federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
9 or trust that result from:

10 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
11 property located within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state that
12 has been directly or indirectly owned by the
13 corporation, estate or trust for a holding period
14 of at least five (5) years prior to the date of
15 the transaction from which such net capital gains
16 arise,

17 (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership
18 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited
19 liability company, or partnership where such
20 stock or ownership interest has been directly or
21 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or
22 trust for a holding period of at least three (3)
23 years prior to the date of the transaction from
24 which the net capital gains arise, or

1 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
2 property or intangible personal property located
3 within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state as part of the sale of
4 all or substantially all of the assets of an
5 Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or
6 partnership where such property has been directly
7 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the
8 owners of such entity, and used in or derived
9 from such entity for a period of at least three
10 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction
11 from which the net capital gains arise,

12 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
13 time. The holding period shall include any additional
14 period when the property was held by another
15 individual or entity, if such additional period is
16 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
17 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

18 c. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or
19 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
20 headquarters have been located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state
21 for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to
22 the date of the transaction from which the net capital
23 gains arise,
24

1 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset,
2 and

3 e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
4 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
5 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
6 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

7 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
8 tangible personal property located within
9 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state, the deduction described in
10 this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
11 through entity that makes the sale has held the
12 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
13 years prior to the date of the transaction that
14 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
15 entity included in the chain of ownership has
16 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
17 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
18 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
19 five (5) years.

20 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
21 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
22 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
23 liability company, or partnership, the deduction
24 described in this subsection shall not apply

1 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
2 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or
3 the assets for not less than three (3)
4 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
5 transaction that created the capital gain, and
6 each pass-through entity included in the chain of
7 ownership has been a member, partner or
8 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the
9 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted
10 period of not less than three (3) years.

11 E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
12 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma
13 taxable income:

14 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
15 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
16 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars
17 (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed
18 by the Internal Revenue Code.

19 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
20 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
21 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For
22 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind
23 only if the central visual acuity of the individual
24 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with

1 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the
2 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied
3 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the
4 widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle
5 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

6 c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
7 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
8 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at
9 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status
10 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.
11 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim
12 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income
13 does not exceed:

- 14 (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if
15 married and filing jointly;
- 16 (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)
17 if married and filing separately;
- 18 (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;
19 and
- 20 (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a
21 qualifying head of household.

22 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December
23 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of
24 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the

1 conversion of a traditional individual retirement
2 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall
3 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for
4 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this
5 subparagraph.

6 2. a. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,
7 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard
8 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
9 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
10 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
11 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
12 Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of
13 fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross
14 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to
15 exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that
16 in the case of a married individual filing a separate
17 return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen
18 percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income
19 or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed
20 the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars
21 (\$1,000.00).

22 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
23 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of
24 individuals who use the standard deduction in

1 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
2 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
3 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard
4 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an
5 amount equal to:

6 (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing
7 status is married filing joint, head of household
8 or qualifying widow; or

9 (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing
10 status is single or married filing separate.

11 c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
12 ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
13 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
14 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
15 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
16 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
17 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

18 (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
19 if the filing status is married filing joint or
20 qualifying widow; or

21 (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
22 (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
23
24

1 (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
2 (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
3 married filing separate.

4 d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
5 ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
6 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
7 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
8 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
9 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
10 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

11 (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
12 the filing status is married filing joint or
13 qualifying widow, or

14 (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
15 (\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or

16 (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
17 (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or
18 married filing separate.

19 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and
20 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals
21 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
22 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
23 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
24

1 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
2 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

- 3 (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),
4 if the filing status is married filing joint or
5 qualifying widow, or
6 (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
7 (\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
8 (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
9 (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or
10 married filing separate.

11 Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by
12 any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which
13 were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

- 14 f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
15 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of
16 individuals who use the standard deduction in
17 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
18 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
19 to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard
20 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based
21 upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such
22 Code for purposes of filing federal individual income
23 tax returns.

1 g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2 2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard
3 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
4 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
5 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
6 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
7 Revenue Code, as follows:

8 (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
9 (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing
10 separately,

11 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
12 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
13 qualifying widower with dependent child, and

14 (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
15 (\$9,350.00) for head of household.

16 3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident
17 individuals having adjusted gross income from sources
18 both within and without the state, the itemized or
19 standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be
20 reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the
21 total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of
22 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized
23 deductions include allowable moving expense, proration
24 of moving expense shall not be required or permitted

1 but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible
2 for those taxpayers moving within or into ~~Oklahoma~~
3 this state and no part of moving expense shall be
4 deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out
5 of ~~Oklahoma~~ this state. All other itemized or
6 standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be
7 subject to proration as provided by law.

8 b. For taxable years ~~beginning on or after January 1,~~
9 2018 through 2023, the net amount of itemized
10 deductions allowable on an Oklahoma income tax return,
11 subject to the provisions of paragraph 24 of this
12 subsection, shall not exceed Seventeen Thousand
13 Dollars (\$17,000.00). For purposes of this
14 subparagraph, charitable contributions and medical
15 expenses deductible for federal income tax purposes
16 shall be excluded from the amount of Seventeen
17 Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as specified by this
18 subparagraph.

19 4. A resident individual with a physical disability
20 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from
21 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor
22 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or
23 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans
24 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected

1 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a
2 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to
3 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a
4 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which
5 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission
6 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

7 5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five
8 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person
9 from the United States as salary or compensation in
10 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member
11 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
12 States shall be deducted from taxable income.

13 b. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%)
14 of the income received by any person from the United
15 States as salary or compensation in any form, other
16 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component
17 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be
18 deducted from taxable income.

19 c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a
20 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is
21 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by
22 reason of:

23
24

1 (1) absence from the United States, which term
2 includes only the states and the District of
3 Columbia;

4 (2) absence from ~~the State of Oklahoma~~ this state
5 while on active duty; or

6 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United
7 States for treatment of wounds, injuries or
8 disease,

9 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax
10 shall be and is hereby extended without incurring
11 liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth
12 day of the third month following the month in which:

13 (a) Such individual shall return to the United
14 States if the extension is granted pursuant
15 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return
16 to ~~the State of Oklahoma~~ this state if the
17 extension is granted pursuant to
18 subparagraph b of this paragraph or be
19 discharged from such hospital if the
20 extension is granted pursuant to
21 subparagraph c of this paragraph; or

22 (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator
23 of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed,
24 whichever event occurs the earliest.

1 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant
2 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of
3 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax
4 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such
5 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax
6 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in
7 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted,
8 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

9 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of
10 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any
11 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be
12 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is
13 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is
14 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010,
15 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as
16 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

17 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
18 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal
19 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable
20 year.

21 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this
22 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual
23 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the
24 extent they relate to income subject to taxation

1 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
2 Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding
3 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the
4 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted
5 gross income.

6 c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income
7 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes
8 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though
9 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining
10 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for
11 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not
12 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten
13 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced
14 refund of the credit received during the tax year
15 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and
16 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-
17 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not
18 be subject to taxation.

19 d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all
20 taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and
21 beginning before January 1, 2006.

22 8. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred
23 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
24 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand

1 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax
2 years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of
3 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,
4 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law
5 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
6 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
7 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant
8 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the
9 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma
10 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma
11 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee
12 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-
13 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt
14 from taxable income.

15 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
16 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
17 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
18 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
19 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

20 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-
21 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,
22 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)
23 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which
24 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or

1 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,
2 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a
3 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account
4 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
5 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage
6 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in
7 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from
8 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code.

10 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
11 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
12 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
13 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

14 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the
15 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a
16 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction
17 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs
18 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for
19 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be
20 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is
21 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of
22 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to
23 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation

24

1 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the
2 individual.

3 13. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,
4 nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident
5 individual taxpayer in connection with:

6 (1) the adoption of a minor, or

7 (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not
8 result in a decreed adoption,

9 may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross
10 income.

11 b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions
12 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty
13 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.

14 c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement
15 the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a
16 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which
17 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
18 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
19 verification.

20 d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees,
21 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and
22 expenses which are directly related to the legal
23 process of adoption of a child including, but not
24 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study,

1 health and psychological examinations, transportation
2 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child
3 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the
4 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other
5 sources. The term ~~"nonrecurring adoption expenses"~~
6 nonrecurring adoption expenses shall not include
7 attorney fees incurred for the purpose of litigating a
8 contested adoption, from and after the point of the
9 initiation of the contest, costs associated with
10 physical remodeling, renovation and alteration of the
11 adoptive parents' home or property, except for a
12 special needs child as authorized by the court.

13 14. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,
14 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
15 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
16 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and
17 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five
18 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing
19 status is single, head of household, or married filing
20 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or
21 less if the filing status is married filing joint or
22 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income.
23 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
24 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts

1 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
2 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is
3 less than the qualifying amount specified in this
4 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.

5 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount
6 shall be as follows:

7 (1) in taxable years beginning after December 31,
8 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the
9 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand
10 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the
11 filing status is single, head of household, or
12 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand
13 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status
14 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

15 (2) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007,
16 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand
17 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status
18 is single, head of household, or married filing
19 separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
20 (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
21 married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

22 (3) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
23 the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
24 Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the

1 filing status is single, head of household, or
2 married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-
3 five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
4 the filing status is married filing jointly or
5 qualifying widow,

6 (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
7 the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
8 Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
9 filing status is single, head of household, or
10 married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
11 Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
12 status is married filing jointly or qualifying
13 widow, and

14 (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
15 and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
16 limitation upon the qualifying amount.

17 c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
18 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
19 following:

20 (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies
21 the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
23
24

- 1 (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that
- 2 satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the
- 3 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
- 4 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or
- 5 trust or simplified employee pension that
- 6 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the
- 7 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
- 8 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
- 9 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
- 10 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
- 11 (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
- 12 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal
- 13 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
- 14 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan
- 15 which satisfies the requirements of Section
- 16 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
- 17 Section 402(e).

18 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph
19 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
20 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
21 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and
22 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year
23 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual
24 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8

1 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a
2 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph
3 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount
4 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
5 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
6 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and
7 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax
8 year and all subsequent tax years.

9 15. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an
10 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a
11 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
12 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any
13 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal
14 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an
15 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the
16 production of agricultural products.

17 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount
18 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship
19 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps
20 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the
21 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

22 17. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,
23 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a
24 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts

1 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings
2 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of
3 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the
4 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand
5 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for
6 each account.

7 b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
8 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for
9 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the
10 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual
11 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to
12 all such accounts plus any contributions to such
13 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after
14 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no
15 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten
16 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual
17 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for
18 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a
19 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in
20 the year for which the contribution is made may be
21 carried forward as a deduction from income for the
22 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years
23 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be
24 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a

1 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding
2 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax
3 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later.

4 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may
5 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

6 c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
7 deductions for contributions made pursuant to
8 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as
9 follows:

10 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year
11 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or
12 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the
13 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to
14 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced
15 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or
16 nonqualified withdrawal, and

17 (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or
18 nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year
19 in which a contribution was made to the
20 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise
21 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this
22 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the
23 contribution which is equal to the rollover or
24 nonqualified withdrawal.

1 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a
2 contribution for which a deduction has been taken
3 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within
4 one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount
5 of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted
6 gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of
7 the rollover.

8 e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
9 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant
10 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified
11 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included
12 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the
13 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

14 f. As used in this paragraph:

15 (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal
16 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account
17 other than one of the following:

18 (a) a qualified withdrawal,

19 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death
20 or disability of the designated beneficiary
21 of an account,

22 (c) a withdrawal that is made on the account of
23 a scholarship or the allowance or payment
24 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or

1 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by
2 the designated beneficiary to the extent the
3 amount of the refund does not exceed the
4 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or
5 payment, or

6 (d) a rollover or change of designated
7 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of
8 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma
9 Statutes, and

10 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the
11 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan
12 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

13 18. For tax years 2006 through 2021, retirement benefits
14 received by an individual from any component of the Armed Forces of
15 the United States in an amount not to exceed the greater of seventy-
16 five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten Thousand Dollars
17 (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income but in no case less
18 than the amount of the exemption provided by paragraph 14 of this
19 subsection. For tax year 2022 and subsequent tax years, retirement
20 benefits received by an individual from any component of the Armed
21 Forces of the United States shall be exempt from taxable income.

22 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
23 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,
24 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security

1 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such
2 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant
3 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
4 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

- 5 a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty
6 percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- 7 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty
8 percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- 9 c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty
10 percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
- 11 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty
12 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
- 13 e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and
14 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)
15 of such benefits shall be exempt.

16 20. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a
17 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand
18 Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross
19 income if the individual, or the dependent of the
20 individual, while living, donates one or more human
21 organs of the individual to another human being for
22 human organ transplantation. As used in this
23 paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver,
24 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A

1 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be
2 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ
3 transplantation occurs.

4 b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
5 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
6 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
7 related to the organ donation of the individual.

8 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
9 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
10 contain a specific list of expenses which may be
11 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
12 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
13 verification.

14 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there
15 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the
16 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
17 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-
18 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

19 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
20 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
21 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
22 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

23 23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there
24 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less

1 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award
2 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For
3 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a
4 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the
5 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a
6 scholarship in its books and records.

7 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016,
8 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local
9 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes
11 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the
12 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted
13 after any such limitations are applied.

14 25. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, each
15 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts
16 established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life Experience
17 (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of Title 56
18 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the deduction provided
19 for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars
20 (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars
21 (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of
22 contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which
23 the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from
24 income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may be taken for

1 contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the
2 succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a taxpayer's state
3 income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later.

4 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken in
5 more than one (1) tax year.

6 F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a
7 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
8 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital
9 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of
10 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

11 2. As used in this subsection:

12 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
13 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
14 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
15 individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
16 result from:

17 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
18 property located within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state that
19 has been directly or indirectly owned by the
20 individual taxpayer for a holding period of at
21 least five (5) years prior to the date of the
22 transaction from which such net capital gains
23 arise,

24

1 (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or
2 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma
3 company, limited liability company, or
4 partnership where such stock or ownership
5 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by
6 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of
7 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the
8 transaction from which the net capital gains
9 arise, or

10 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
11 property or intangible personal property located
12 within ~~Oklahoma~~ this state as part of the sale of
13 all or substantially all of the assets of an
14 Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or
15 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship
16 business enterprise where such property has been
17 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or
18 business enterprise or owned by the owners of
19 such entity or business enterprise for a period
20 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of
21 the transaction from which the net capital gains
22 arise,

23 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
24 time. The holding period shall include any additional

1 period when the property was held by another
2 individual or entity, if such additional period is
3 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
4 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

5 c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or
6 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
7 headquarters have been located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state
8 for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to
9 the date of the transaction from which the net capital
10 gains arise,

11 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns
12 the asset,

13 e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an
14 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-
15 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise
16 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

17 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
18 tangible personal property located within
19 ~~Oklahoma~~ this state, the deduction described in
20 this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
21 through entity that makes the sale has held the
22 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
23 years prior to the date of the transaction that
24 created the capital gain, and each pass-through

1 entity included in the chain of ownership has
2 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
3 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
4 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
5 five (5) years.

6 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
7 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
8 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
9 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma
10 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction
11 described in this subsection shall not apply
12 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
13 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for
14 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior
15 to the date of the transaction that created the
16 capital gain, and each pass-through entity
17 included in the chain of ownership has been a
18 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-
19 through entity in the tier immediately below it
20 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two
21 (2) years. For purposes of this division,
22 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007,
23 shall be included in the determination of the
24

1 required holding period prescribed by this
2 division, and

3 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a
4 business enterprise whose income and expenses have
5 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar
7 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue
8 Service and whose primary headquarters have been
9 located in ~~Oklahoma~~ this state for at least three (3)
10 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
11 transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

12 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income
13 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed
14 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment
15 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in
16 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real
17 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

18 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under
19 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents
20 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust
21 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this
22 subsection. As used in this subsection:

1 a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"
2 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856
3 of the Internal Revenue Code,

4 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means
5 a real estate investment trust, the shares or
6 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded
7 on an established securities market and more than
8 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of
9 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned
10 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or
11 constructively, by a single entity that is:

- 12 (1) treated as an association taxable as a
13 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and
14 (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to
15 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code.

17 The term shall not include a real estate investment
18 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an
19 established securities market, and that satisfies the
20 requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S.
21 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2)
22 of the Internal Revenue Code,

23 c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall
24 not include the following entities:

- 1 (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in
2 paragraph a of this subsection other than a
3 ~~"captive real estate investment trust"~~ captive
4 real estate investment trust, or
- 5 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust
6 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT
8 subsidiary of a ~~"captive real estate investment~~
9 ~~trust"~~ captive real estate investment trust, or
- 10 (3) any ~~Listed Australian Property Trust~~ listed
11 Australian property trust (meaning an Australian
12 unit trust registered as a ~~"Managed Investment~~
13 ~~Scheme"~~ "managed investment scheme" under the
14 Australian Corporations Act 2001 in which the
15 principal class of units is listed on a
16 recognized stock exchange in Australia and is
17 regularly traded on an established securities
18 market), or an entity organized as a trust,
19 provided that a ~~Listed Australian Property Trust~~
20 listed Australian property trust owns or
21 controls, directly or indirectly, seventy-five
22 percent (75%) or more of the voting power or
23 value of the beneficial interests or shares of
24 such trust, or

1 (4) any ~~Qualified Foreign Entity~~ qualified foreign
2 entity, meaning a corporation, trust, association
3 or partnership organized outside the laws of the
4 United States and which satisfies the following
5 criteria:

6 (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
7 entity's total asset value at the close of
8 its taxable year is represented by real
9 estate assets, as defined in Section
10 856(c) (5) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code,
11 thereby including shares or certificates of
12 beneficial interest in any real estate
13 investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,
14 and U.S. Government securities,

15 (b) the entity receives a dividend-paid
16 deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from
18 entity level tax,

19 (c) the entity is required to distribute at
20 least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
21 taxable income, as computed in the
22 jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
23 the holders of its shares or certificates of
24 beneficial interest on an annual basis,

1 (d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the
2 voting power or value in such entity is held
3 directly or indirectly or constructively by
4 a single entity or individual, or the shares
5 or beneficial interests of such entity are
6 regularly traded on an established
7 securities market, and

8 (e) the entity is organized in a country which
9 has a tax treaty with the United States.

10 3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership
11 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by
12 Section 856(d) (5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in
13 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any
14 person.

15 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become
16 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1)
17 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment
18 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an
19 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first
20 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended
21 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or
22 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real
23 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real
24 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on

1 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate
3 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal
4 Revenue Code.

5 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2024.

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