1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)
4	ENGROSSED SENATE
5	BILL NO. 1548 By: Thompson of the Senate
6	and
7	Hilbert of the House
8	
9	[criminal procedure - modifying entity authorized to
10	establish drug court program - establishing
11	requirements for administrative contracts for
12	maintaining drug court programs - effective date]
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 471.1, is
17	amended to read as follows:
18	Section 471.1. A. For purposes of the Oklahoma Drug Court Act,
19	"drug court", "drug court program" or "program" means an immediate
20	and highly structured judicial intervention process for substance
21	abuse treatment of eligible offenders which expedites the criminal
22	case and requires successful completion of the plea agreement.
23	B. Each district court <u>county</u> of this state is authorized to
24	establish a drug court program pursuant to the provisions of the

1	Oklahoma Drug Court Act, subject to availability of funds. Juvenile
2	drug courts may be established based upon the provisions of the
3	Oklahoma Drug Court Act; provided, however, juveniles shall not be
4	held, processed or treated in any manner which violates any
5	provision of Title 10A of the Oklahoma Statutes
6	1. In each county with a drug court program, the board of
7	county commissioners shall enter into an administrative contract
8	with the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services
9	(DMHSAS) for establishing and maintaining the drug court program.
10	2. For drug court programs that encompass more than one county,
11	a single administrative contract may be executed by the board of
12	county commissioners in the county receiving payment, which shall be
13	designated as the primary county for the program.
14	3. Upon signing the contract, the board of county commissioners
15	shall designate the drug court coordinator. The county may identify
16	the program coordinator as a county employee or enter into a
17	subcontract with a court services subcontractor to provide the
18	coordinator position. If additional staff positions are necessary
19	to support the program, the county may identify additional county
20	employee positions to serve as drug court staff, subcontract with
21	its court services subcontractor to provide one or more drug court
22	program staff, or use a combination of county employees and staff
23	provided through the subcontractor. Nothing in this paragraph shall
24	be construed to prohibit personnel from other private entities or

1	state agencies from serving as drug court support staff as approved
2	by the board of county commissioners. All staff shall be under the
3	supervision of the drug court coordinator when performing duties
4	related to the drug court program.
5	4. The county shall receive and allocate the funds from DMHSAS,
6	as set forth in the administrative contract, for the operation and
7	staffing of the drug court program. The county or its court
8	services subcontractor, where applicable, shall be responsible for
9	overhead and expenses associated with operating a drug court program
10	including risk management and liability insurance, staff salaries
11	and benefits, computer equipment, and compliance officer staffing.
12	5. The county, or the county's designated court services
13	subcontractor, shall provide administrative support and oversight
14	for the drug court program and the drug court program staff. Such
15	administrative support and oversight shall include:
16	a. employing and supervising the drug court coordinator
17	and any other staff who are assigned to support the
18	drug court program, and
19	b. communicating with DMHSAS as required by the
20	administrative contract, to monitor the performance
21	and success of the drug court program based upon
22	established formulas, case load statistics, and
23	performance metrics.
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1 C. Drug court programs shall not apply to any violent criminal 2 offense. Eligible offenses may further be restricted by the rules of the specific drug court program. Nothing in the Oklahoma Drug 3 Court Act shall be construed to require a drug court to consider 4 5 every offender with a treatable condition or addiction even if the controlling offense is eligible for consideration in the program. 6 Traditional prosecution shall be required where an offender is 7 determined not appropriate for the drug court program. 8 Juvenile 9 drug courts may be established based upon the provisions of the 10 Oklahoma Drug Court Act; provided, however, a juvenile shall not be 11 held, processed, or treated in any manner which violates any 12 provision of Title 10A of the Oklahoma Statutes.

D. Drug court programs shall require a separate judicial 13 processing system differing in practice and design from the 14 traditional adversarial criminal prosecution and trial systems. 15 Whenever possible, a drug court team shall be designated consisting 16 of a judge to administer preside over the drug court judicial 17 process and hold proceedings where participants are advanced through 18 the program, a district attorney, a defense attorney, a drug court 19 20 coordinator, and other persons designated by the drug court team who shall have appropriate understanding of the goals of the program and 21 of the appropriate treatment methods for the various conditions. 22 The assignment of any person to the drug court team shall not 23 preclude the assigned person from performing other duties required 24

1 in the course of their office or employment. The chief judge of the 2 judicial district, or if the district has more than one chief judge then the presiding judge of the Administrative Judicial District, 3 4 shall designate one or more judges to administer preside over cases 5 assigned to the drug court program. The assignment of any judge to 6 a drug court program or the designation of a drug court docket shall not mandate the assignment of all substance abuse-related cases to 7 the drug court docket or the program; however, nothing in the 8 9 Oklahoma Drug Court Act shall be construed to preclude the assignment of all criminal cases relating to substance abuse or drug 10 possession as provided by the rules established for the specific 11 12 drug court program. Judicial immunity shall extend to any duty 13 required by law to be performed by a judge of a drug court.

Ε. When a drug court program is established, the arresting 14 officer shall file the criminal case record for potentially eligible 15 offenders with the district attorney within four (4) days of the 16 arrest. The district attorney shall file an information in the case 17 within twenty-four (24) hours of receipt of the criminal case record 18 when the offender appears eligible for consideration for the 19 The information may be amended as necessary when an 20 program. offender is denied admittance into the drug court program or for 21 other purposes as provided in Section 304 of this title. Any person 22 arrested upon a warrant for his or her arrest shall not be eligible 23 for the drug court program without the approval of the district 24

1 attorney. Any criminal case which has been filed and processed in 2 the traditional manner shall be cross-referenced to a drug court 3 case file by the court clerk if the case is subsequently assigned to 4 the drug court program. The originating criminal case file shall 5 remain open to public inspection. The judge shall determine what 6 information or pleadings are to be retained in the drug court case 7 file, which shall be closed to public inspection.

The court may request assistance from the Department of 8 F. 9 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services which shall be the 10 primary agency to assist in developing and implementing a drug court program or from any state or local agency in obtaining the necessary 11 12 treatment services which will assure maximum opportunity for 13 successful treatment, education and rehabilitation for offenders admitted to the program. All participating state and local agencies 14 are directed to coordinate with each other and cooperate in 15 assisting the district court county in establishing a drug court 16 program. 17

18 G. Each drug court program shall ensure, <u>apply recognized best</u> 19 practices including but not be limited to:

Strong linkage between participating agencies;
 Access by all participating parties of a case to information
 on the progress of the offender;

Vigilant supervision and monitoring procedures;

24 4. Random substance abuse testing;

1 5. Provisions for noncompliance, modification of the treatment 2 plan and revocation proceedings; 6. Availability of residential treatment facilities and 3 outpatient services; 4 5 7. Payment of court costs, treatment costs, supervision fees and program user fees by the offender; 6 8. Methods for measuring application of disciplinary sanctions 7 including provisions for: 8 9 a. increased supervision, 10 b. urinalysis testing, intensive treatment, 11 с. short-term confinement not to exceed five (5) days, 12 d. recycling the offender into the program after a 13 e. disciplinary action for a minimum violation of the 14 treatment plan, 15 f. reinstating the offender into the program after a 16 disciplinary action for a major violation of the 17 treatment plan, and 18 revocation from the program; and 19 q. 9. Methods for measuring performance-based effectiveness of 20 each individual treatment provider's services. 21 All drug court programs shall be required to keep reliable 22 н. data on recidivism, relapse, restarts, sanctions imposed and 23 incentives given. 24

1 I. All funds received by a drug court, in its capacity as a the 2 county for the drug court program, shall be credited to and accounted for in the county treasurer's office in a special cash 3 fund to be known as the "Drug Court Fund". Each drug court fund 4 5 shall be a continuing fund, not subject to fiscal year limitations, and shall be dedicated to the operation of the drug court as 6 authorized by law. The expenditures of any funds received by a drug 7 court program and deposited with the county treasurer shall be made 8 9 only upon sworn itemized claims approved by the county clerk, filed 10 with the county treasurer and paid by cash voucher drawn by the county treasurer from the funds. 11

J. Nothing in this section shall prohibit any county from 12 establishing a drug court for misdemeanor offenses. Such 13 misdemeanor drug courts shall follow the rules and regulations of 14 felony drug courts except that the penalty for revocation shall not 15 exceed one (1) year in the county jail or the maximum penalty for 16 17 the misdemeanor allowed by statute, whichever is less. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall 18 provide technical assistance to the counties that establish 19 misdemeanor drug courts. 20

21 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 471.2, is 22 amended to read as follows:

23 Section 471.2. A. The opportunity for review of an offender 24 for a drug court program shall occur at any time prior to 1 disposition of the case and sentencing of the offender, including 2 sentencing on a petition to revoke a suspended sentence or any 3 probation violation.

<u>B.</u> When a drug court is established, the following information
shall be initially reviewed by the sheriff or designee, if the
offender is held in a county jail, or by the chief of police or
designee, if the offender is held in a city jail:

1. The offender's arrest or charge does not involve a crime of 8 9 violence against any person, unless there is a specific treatment 10 program in the jurisdiction designed to address domestic violence and the offense is related to domestic violence and substance abuse; 11 12 2. The offender has no prior felony conviction in this state or another state for a violent domestic violence offense within the 13 last ten (10) years, except as may be allowed in a domestic violence 14 treatment program authorized by the drug court program. It shall be 15 sufficient for this paragraph that a criminal history records name 16 search was conducted and indicated no apparent violent domestic 17 violence offense. An offender admitted to the drug court program 18 for a crime which requires the offender to attend a batterers' 19 intervention program certified by the Attorney General's office 20 shall be required to undergo such treatment as a condition of drug 21 22 court; 3. 2. The offender's arrest or charge does not involve a 23

24 violation of the Trafficking In Illegal Drugs Act;

1	4. 3. The offender has committed a felony offense or a
2	misdemeanor offense where a misdemeanor drug court is authorized;
3	and
4	5. <u>4.</u> The offender:
5	a. admits to having a substance abuse addiction,
6	b. appears to have a substance abuse addiction,
7	c. is known to have a substance abuse addiction,
8	d. the arrest or charge is based upon an offense eligible
9	for the drug court program, or
10	e. is a person who has had an assessment authorized by
11	Section 3-704 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes or
12	drug court investigation and the assessment or
13	investigation recommends the drug court program.
14	B. C. If it appears to the reviewing officer that the offender
15	may be potentially eligible for the drug court program based upon a
16	review of the information in subsection A \underline{B} of this section, the
17	offender shall be given an eligibility form which may be voluntarily
18	completed by the offender, and the reviewing officer shall file the
19	criminal case record within the time prescribed in subsection E of
20	Section 471.1 of this title. The offender shall not automatically
21	be considered for the program based upon this review. The offender
22	must may request consideration for the drug court program as
23	provided in subsection \in <u>D</u> of this section and shall have approval
24	from the district attorney before being considered for the drug

1 court program. The eligibility form shall describe the drug court
2 program for which the offender may be eligible, including, but not
3 limited to:

A full description of the drug court process and
 investigation;

2. A general explanation of the roles and authority of the
supervising staff, the district attorney, the defense attorney, the
treatment provider, the offender, and the judge presiding over the
<u>cases</u> in the drug court program;

3. A clear statement that the drug court judge may decide after a hearing not to consider the offender for the drug court program and in that event the offender will be prosecuted in the traditional manner;

4. A clear statement that the offender is required, before consideration in the program, to enter a guilty plea as part of a written plea agreement;

17 5. A clear statement that the plea agreement will specify the 18 offense to which the guilty plea will be entered and will state any 19 penalty to be imposed for the offense, both in the event of a 20 successful completion of the drug court program, and in the event of 21 a failure to complete the program;

22 6. A clear statement that the offender must voluntarily agree23 to:

a. waive the right to a speedy trial,

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b. waive the right to a preliminary hearing,

c. the terms and conditions of a treatment plan, and
d. sign a performance contract with the <u>drug</u> court;
7. A clear statement that the offender, if accepted into the
drug court program, may not be incarcerated for the offense in a
state correctional institution or jail upon successful completion of
the program;

8 8. A clear statement that during participation in the drug 9 court program should the offender fail to comply with the terms of 10 the agreement, the offender may be sanctioned to serve a term of 11 confinement of six (6) months in an intermediate revocation facility 12 operated by the Department of Corrections. An offender shall not be 13 allowed to serve more than two separate terms of confinement in an 14 intermediate revocation facility;

9. A clear statement that during participation in the drugcourt program should the offender:

a. fail to comply with the terms of the agreements,
b. be convicted of a misdemeanor offense which reflects a
propensity for violence,

20 c. be arrested for a violent felony offense, or

21 d. be convicted of any felony offense,

the offender may be required, after a court hearing, to be revoked from the program and sentenced without trial pursuant to the punishment provisions of the negotiated plea agreement; and

1 10. An explanation of the criminal record retention and 2 disposition resulting from participation in the drug court program following successful completion of the program. 3 C. D. 1. The offender may request consideration for the drug 4 5 court program as follows: if the offender is incarcerated, the offender must 6 a. sign and complete the eligibility form and return it 7 to the sheriff, if the offender is held in the county 8 9 jail; or to the chief of police, if the offender is 10 held in a city jail. The sheriff or chief of police, upon receipt of the completed eligibility form, shall 11 12 file the form with the district attorney at the time 13 of filing the criminal case record or at any time during the period of incarceration when the offender 14 completes the form after the criminal case record has 15 been filed drug court coordinator who shall forward 16 the form to the district attorney and the judge 17 assigned to the offender's case, or 18 b. after release of the offender from incarceration, the 19 offender must sign and complete the eligibility form 20 and file it with the district attorney drug court 21 coordinator or the court, prior to or at the time of 22 either initial appearance or arraignment. The drug 23 court coordinator shall forward the form to the 24

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district attorney and the judge assigned to the

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offender's case.

2. Any offender desiring legal consultation prior to signing or
completing the form for consideration in a drug court program shall
be referred to the defense attorney of the drug court team, or a
public defender, if the offender is indigent, or allowed to consult
with private legal counsel.

8 3. Nothing contained in the provisions of this subsection shall 9 prohibit the drug court from considering any offender deemed 10 eligible for the program at any time prior to sentencing whose case 11 has been prosecuted in the traditional manner, or upon a violation 12 of parole or probation conditions relating to substance abuse, upon 13 recommendation of the district attorney as provided in Section 471.8 14 of this title.

D. E. When an offender has filed a voluntary request to be 15 considered for a drug court program on the appropriate form, the 16 17 district attorney shall indicate his or her approval of the request by filing the form with the drug court judge. Upon the filing of 18 the request form by the district attorney, an initial hearing shall 19 be set before the drug court judge. The hearing shall be not less 20 than three (3) work days nor more than five (5) work days after the 21 date of the filing of the request form. Notice of the hearing shall 22 be given to the drug court team, or in the event no drug court team 23 is designated, to the offender, the district attorney, and to the 24

1 public defender. The offender shall be required to notify any 2 private legal counsel of the date and time of the hearing. SECTION 3. 22 O.S. 2021, Section 471.3, is 3 AMENDATORY amended to read as follows: 4 5 Section 471.3. A. At the initial hearing for consideration of an offender for a drug court program, the district attorney shall 6 determine whether or not: 7 The offender has approval to be considered for the drug 8 1. 9 court program; and 10 2. The offender has been admitted to the program within the preceding five (5) years; provided, having been admitted to a drug 11 12 court program within the previous five (5) years shall not make the 13 offender ineligible for consideration; and 3. Any statutory preclusion, other prohibition, or program 14 limitation exists and is applicable to considering the offender for 15 the program. 16 The district attorney may object to the consideration of an 17 offender for the drug court program at the initial hearing. 18 If the offender voluntarily consents to be considered for 19 В. the drug court program $_{\overline{r}}$ and has signed and filed the required form 20 requesting consideration, and no objection has been made by the 21 district attorney, the court shall may refer the offender for a drug 22 court investigation as provided in Section 471.4 of this title, and 23 24

set a date for a hearing to determine final eligibility for
 admittance into the program.

Upon any objection of the district attorney for 3 С. 4 consideration of an offender for the program, the court shall deny 5 consideration of the offender's request for participation in the drug court program. Upon denial for consideration in the drug court 6 program at the initial hearing, the criminal case shall proceed in 7 the traditional manner. An objection by the district attorney and 8 9 the subsequent A denial of consideration of the offender for the 10 program shall not preclude any future consideration of the offender 11 for the drug court program with the approval of the district 12 attorney.

13SECTION 4.AMENDATORY22 O.S. 2021, Section 471.4, is14amended to read as follows:

Section 471.4. A. Each drug court team shall develop agreed-15 upon, objective eligibility criteria to determine presumptive drug 16 court eligibility for offenders. The objective criteria shall be in 17 writing and communicated to potential referral sources including but 18 not limited to judges, law enforcement, defense attorneys, 19 20 prosecutors, treatment professionals, and community supervision The criteria shall target high-risk and high-need 21 officers. offenders who are addicted to illicit drugs or alcohol and who are 22

23 at a substantial risk for reoffending or failing to complete a less

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1 intensive case disposition such as standard probation or pretrial
2 supervision.

3	<u>B.</u> When directed by the drug court judge, district attorney,
4	defense attorney, drug court coordinator, treatment provider, or any
5	other drug court team member determines that further investigation
6	of the offender under consideration is appropriate, the supervising
7	staff for the drug court program shall make an investigation of the
8	offender under consideration to determine whether or not the
9	offender is a person who:
10	1. Is presumptively eligible for the drug court program;
11	2. Would benefit from the drug court program; and
12	$\frac{2}{2}$. Is appropriate for the drug court program and there is
13	not a more appropriate less restrictive treatment alternative based
14	upon the risk and need levels of the offender.
15	$\frac{B}{C}$. The drug court investigation shall be conducted through a

standardized screening test and personal interview. A more 16 17 comprehensive assessment may take place at the time the offender enters the treatment portion of the program and may take place at 18 any time after placement in the drug court program. The 19 20 investigation shall determine the original treatment plan which the offender will be required to follow, if admitted to the program. 21 Any subsequent assessments or evaluations by the treatment provider, 22 if the offender is admitted to the program, may be used to determine 23 modifications needed to the original treatment plan. 24 The

1 investigation shall include, but not be limited to, the following
2 information:

The person's age and physical condition; 3 1. 2. Employment and military service records; 4 5 3. Educational background and literacy level; Community and family relations; 6 4. 5. Prior and current drug and alcohol use; 7 6. Mental health and medical treatment history $_{\mathcal{T}}$ including 8 9 substance abuse treatment history; Demonstrable motivation; and 10 7. Other mitigating or aggravating factors. 11 8. 12 C. D. The drug court investigation may be conducted before or after the initial hearing for consideration but shall occur before 13 the hearing for final determination of eligibility for the drug 14 court program. When an offender is appropriate for admittance to 15 the program, the supervising staff shall make a recommendation for 16 the treatment program or programs that are available in the 17 jurisdiction and which would benefit the offender and accept the 18 offender. The investigation findings and recommendations for 19 program placement shall be reported to the drug court judge, the 20 district attorney, the offender, and the defense attorney prior to 21 the next scheduled hearing. 22

23 D. E. The district attorney and the defense attorney for the
 24 offender shall independently review the findings and recommendations

1 of the drug court investigation report. For an offender to remain 2 eligible for consideration in the program, both the district 3 attorney and the defense attorney must accept the recommended treatment plan, and shall negotiate the terms of the written plea 4 5 agreement with all punishment provisions specified before prior to the scheduled hearing date for determining final eligibility. Upon 6 failure of the district attorney and defense attorney to negotiate 7 the written plea agreement, the judge presiding over the case may 8 9 order the criminal case shall to be withdrawn from the drug court 10 program and processed in the traditional manner. The punishment provisions of the written plea agreement shall emphasize reparation 11 12 to the victim, community, and state. If the crime for which the offender is seeking eligibility to drug court involves a victim, 13 notification to the victim shall be in compliance with subsection A 14 of Section 34 of Article II of the Oklahoma Constitution and the 15 Oklahoma Victim's Rights Act, Section 142A et seq. of Title 21 of 16 17 the Oklahoma Statutes, and shall include the right to provide 18 victim's impact statements.

19 E. F. The hearing to determine final eligibility shall be set 20 not less than three (3) work days nor more than seven (7) work days 21 from the date of the initial hearing for consideration, unless 22 extended by the court.

23 <u>G. The drug court coordinator shall keep a record of all</u> 24 presumptively eligible offenders who are not placed in the drug

1 court program. The record shall indicate the reason each offender 2 was not placed in the program and information about the ultimate case disposition for each offender. The record shall be made 3 4 available to all members of the drug court team. 5 F. H. For purposes of this act Section 471 et seq. of this title, "supervising staff" means a Department of Corrections 6 employee assigned to monitor offenders in the drug court program, a 7 community provider assigned to monitor offenders in the program, a 8 9 state, or local agency county, or municipal governmental 10 representative, or a certified treatment provider participating in the program, or a CLEET-certified person designated by the judge 11 12 drug court program to perform drug court investigations. 13 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 471.6, is amended to read as follows: 14 Section 471.6. A. The drug court judge shall conduct a hearing 15 as required by subsection E of Section 471.4 of this title to 16 determine final eligibility by considering: 17 Whether the offender voluntarily consents to the program 18 1. requirements; 19 Whether to accept the offender based upon the findings and 20 2. recommendations of the drug court investigation authorized by 21 Section 471.4 of this title; 22 3. Whether there is a written plea agreement, and if so, 23 whether the terms and conditions of the written negotiated plea 24

between the district attorney, the defense attorney and the offender are appropriate and consistent with the penalty provisions and conditions of other similar cases;

4 4. Whether there is an appropriate treatment program available
5 to the offender and whether there is a recommended treatment plan;
6 and

5. Any information relevant to determining eligibility;
provided, however, an offender shall not be denied admittance to any
drug court program based upon an inability to pay court costs or
other costs or fees.

B. At the hearing to determine final eligibility for the drug court program, the judge shall not grant any admission of any offender to the program when:

The required treatment plan and plea agreement have not been
 completed;

16 2. The program funding or availability of treatment has been 17 exhausted;

The treatment program <u>or drug court team</u> is unwilling to
 accept the offender;

4. The offender was ineligible for consideration by the nature
of a violent offense at the time of arrest, and the charge has been
modified to does not meet the presumptive eligibility criteria of
the program; or

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5. The offender is inappropriate for admission to the program,
 in the discretion of the judge.

C. At the final eligibility hearing, if evidence is presented 3 that was not discovered by the drug court investigation, the 4 5 district attorney or the defense attorney may make an objection and 6 may ask the court to withdraw the plea agreement previously negotiated. The court shall determine whether to proceed and 7 overrule the objection, to sustain the objection and transfer the 8 9 case for traditional criminal prosecution or to require further 10 negotiations of the plea or punishment provisions. The decision of 11 the judge for or against eligibility and admission shall be final.

D. When the court accepts the treatment plan with the written plea agreement, the offender, upon entering the plea as agreed by the parties, shall be ordered and escorted immediately into the program. The offender must have voluntarily signed the necessary court documents before the offender may be admitted to treatment. The court documents shall include:

18 1. Waiver of the offender's rights to speedy trial;

A written plea agreement which sets forth the offense
 charged, the penalty to be imposed for the offense in the event of a
 breach of the agreement and the penalty to be imposed, if any, in
 the event of a successful completion of the treatment program;
 provided, however, incarceration shall be prohibited when the
 offender completes the treatment program;

A written treatment plan which is subject to modification at
 any time during the program; and

4. A written performance contract requiring the offender to
enter the treatment program as directed by the court and participate
until completion, withdrawal or removal by the court.

E. If admission into the drug court program is denied, the
criminal case shall be returned to the traditional criminal docket
and shall proceed as provided for any other criminal case.

9 F. At the time an offender is admitted to the drug court
10 program, any bail or undertaking on behalf of the offender shall be
11 exonerated.

12 G. The period of time during which an offender may participate in the active treatment portion of the drug court program shall be 13 not less than six (6) months nor more than twenty-four (24) months 14 and may include a period of supervision not less than six (6) months 15 nor more than one (1) year following the treatment portion of the 16 The period of supervision may be extended by order of the 17 program. court for not more than six (6) months. No treatment dollars shall 18 be expended on the offender during the extended period of 19 supervision. If the court orders that the period of supervision 20 shall be extended, the drug court judge, district attorney, the 21 attorney for the offender and the supervising staff for the drug 22 court program shall evaluate the appropriateness of continued 23 supervision on a quarterly basis. All participating treatment 24

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providers shall be certified by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services and shall be selected and evaluated for performance-based effectiveness annually by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services. Treatment programs shall be designed to be completed within twelve (12) months and shall have relapse prevention and evaluation components.

The drug court judge shall order the offender to pay court 7 Η. costs, treatment costs, drug testing costs, a program user fee not 8 9 to exceed Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) per month and necessary supervision fees, unless the offender is indigent. The drug court 10 judge shall establish a schedule for the payment of costs and fees. 11 12 The cost for treatment, drug testing and supervision shall be set by the treatment and supervision providers respectively and made part 13 of the court's order for payment. User fees shall be set by the 14 drug court judge within the maximum amount authorized by this 15 subsection and payable directly to the court clerk for the benefit 16 17 and administration of the drug court program. Treatment, drug testing and supervision costs shall be paid to the respective 18 The court clerk shall collect all other costs and fees providers. 19 ordered and deposit such costs and fees with the county treasurer in 20 a drug court fund created and administered pursuant to subsection I 21 of Section 471.1 of this title. The remaining user fees shall be 22 remitted to the State Treasurer by the court clerk for deposit in 23 the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services' Drug 24

1 Abuse Education and Treatment Revolving Fund established pursuant to Section 2-503.2 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Court orders 2 for costs and fees pursuant to this subsection shall not be limited 3 for purposes of collection to the maximum term of imprisonment for 4 5 which the offender could have been imprisoned for the offense, nor 6 shall any court order for costs and fees be limited by any term of probation, parole, supervision, treatment or extension thereof. 7 Court orders for costs and fees shall remain an obligation of the 8 9 offender until fully paid; provided, however, once the offender has 10 successfully completed the drug court program, the drug court judge 11 shall have the discretion to expressly waive all or part of the 12 costs and fees provided for in this subsection if, in the opinion of the drug court judge, continued payment of the costs and fees by the 13 offender would create a financial hardship for the offender. 14 Offenders who have not fully paid all costs and fees pursuant to 15 court order but who have otherwise successfully completed the drug 16 court program shall not be counted as an active drug court 17 participant for purposes of drug court contracts or program 18 participant numbers. 19

I. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the driving privileges of the offender have been suspended, revoked, canceled or denied by the Department of Public Safety and if the drug court judge determines that no other means of transportation for the offender is available, the drug court judge may enter a written

1 order requiring the Department of Public Safety to stay any and all 2 such actions against the Class D driving privileges of the offender; provided, the stay shall not be construed to grant driving 3 privileges to an offender who has not been issued a driver license 4 5 by the Department or whose Oklahoma driver license has expired, in which case the offender shall be required to apply for and be found 6 eligible for a driver license, pass all examinations, if applicable, 7 and pay all statutory driver license issuance or renewal fees. 8 The 9 offender shall provide proof of insurance to the drug court judge 10 prior to the judge ordering a stay of any driver license suspension, 11 revocation, cancellation or denial. When a judge of a drug court 12 enters a stay against an order by the Department of Public Safety suspending or revoking the driving privileges of an offender, the 13 time period set in the order by the Department for the suspension or 14 revocation shall continue to run during the stay. When an offender 15 has successfully completed the drug court program, the drug court 16 judge shall maintain jurisdiction over the offender's driving 17 privileges for one (1) year after the date on which the offender 18 graduates from the drug court program. 19

20 SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 471.8, is 21 amended to read as follows:

22 Section 471.8. The drug court program may be utilized as a 23 disciplinary sanction for a violation of a condition of parole 24 related to substance abuse for eligible offenses, or in a case where

1 the offender has been tried for an eligible offense in the 2 traditional manner, given either a deferred or suspended sentence, and has violated a condition of the sentence. The judge shall not 3 order an offender into treatment within the scope of any drug court 4 5 program without prior approval from the designated drug court team, 6 or the district attorney if no team is designated. Any judge having 7 a criminal case assigned where drug court processing appears to be 8 more appropriate for the offender, may request a review of the case 9 by the drug court team, or if no team is designated, a review by 10 both the district attorney and the defense attorney or offender. Ιf both the district attorney and the defense attorney or offender 11 12 agree, the case may be transferred to the drug court program with the approval of a designated the presiding drug court judge. After 13 a case has been transferred to the drug court docket, it shall 14 continue with the designated drug court judge until the offender is 15 revoked or released from the program. The offenders whose cases 16 have been transferred from a traditional criminal case docket to the 17 drug court docket shall be required to have a drug court 18 investigation and complete the drug court process prior to placement 19 in any treatment program authorized by this act Section 471 et seq. 20 of this title. 21 22 O.S. 2021, Section 471.10, is SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 22

23 amended to read as follows:

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1	Section 471.10. A. For purposes of this act, the following
2	state agencies shall jointly develop a standardized testing
3	instrument with an appropriate scoring device for use by all the
4	district courts in this state in implementing the Oklahoma Drug
5	Court Act:
6	1. The Department of Corrections;
7	2. The Administrative Office of the Courts;
8	3. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse
9	Services;
10	4. The State Department of Health;
11	5. The State Department of Education;
12	6. The Office of Juvenile Affairs; and
13	7. The Oklahoma Department of Vocational and Technical
14	Education.
15	B. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall promulgate
16	rules, procedures, and forms necessary to implement the Oklahoma
17	Drug Court Act to ensure statewide uniformity in procedures and
18	forms. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services
19	is directed to develop a training and implementation manual for drug
20	court programs with the assistance of the State Department of
21	Health, the State Department of Education, the Oklahoma Department
22	of Career and Technology Education, the Department of Corrections,
23	the Office of Juvenile Affairs, and the Administrative Office of the
24	Courts. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse

1	Services shall provide technical assistance to the district courts
2	in implementing drug court programs.
3	C. All participating agencies shall promulgate rules as
4	necessary to comply with the provisions of this act Section 471 et
5	seq. of this title. Each district court shall establish rules for
6	their jurisdiction upon implementation of a drug court program,
7	pursuant to the provisions of this act.
8	SECTION 8. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.
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10	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY - CRIMINAL, dated 04/06/2022 - DO PASS, As Amended.
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