1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	2nd Session of the 57th Legislature (2020)
3	SENATE BILL 1640 By: Brooks
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to criminal discovery; amending 22
8	O.S. 2011, Sections 258 and 2002, which relate to preliminary examinations and proceedings and time for
9	discovery; modifying conditions for hearing termination; removing certain discretion; providing
10	certain exception; removing certain discretion; authorizing request for certain records; allowing for
11	inspection of records upon mutual agreement; requiring production of certain records; fixing time
12	for production of records; allowing for certain motion; mandating certain order be issued upon
13	specified finding; authorizing subpoena duces tecum for specified purpose; authorizing attorney to issue
14	and sign subpoena duces tecum; providing certain notice; and providing an effective date.
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
18	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 258, is
19	amended to read as follows:
20	Section 258. First: The witnesses must be examined in the
21	presence of the defendant, and may be cross-examined by him. On the
22	request of the district attorney, or the defendant, all the
23	testimony must be reduced to writing in the form of questions and
24 2 7	answers and signed by the witnesses, or the same may be taken in

<sup>1</sup> shorthand and transcribed without signing, and in both cases filed <sup>2</sup> with the clerk of the district court, by the examining magistrate, <sup>3</sup> and may be used as provided in Section 333 of this title. In no <sup>4</sup> case shall the county be liable for the expense in reducing such <sup>5</sup> testimony to writing, unless ordered by the judge of a court of <sup>6</sup> record.

7 Second: The district attorney may, on approval of the county 8 judge or the district judge, issue subpoenas in felony cases and 9 call witnesses before him and have them sworn and their testimony 10 reduced to writing and signed by the witnesses at the cost of the 11 county. Such examination must be confined to some felony committed 12 against the statutes of the state and triable in that county, and 13 the evidence so taken shall not be receivable in any civil 14 proceeding. A refusal to obey such subpoena or to be sworn or to 15 testify may be punished as a contempt on complaint and showing to 16 the county court, or district court, or the judges thereof that 17 proper cause exists therefor.

Third: No preliminary information shall be filed without the consent or endorsement of the district attorney, unless the defendant be taken in the commission of a felony, or the offense be of such character that the accused is liable to escape before the district attorney can be consulted. If the defendant is discharged and the information is filed without authority from or endorsement

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1 of the district attorney, the costs must be taxed to the prosecuting 2 witness, and the county shall not be liable therefor.

Fourth: The convening and session of a grand jury does not dispense with the right of the district attorney to file complaints and informations, conduct preliminary hearings and other routine matters, unless otherwise specifically ordered, by a written order of the court convening the grand jury; made on the court's own motion, or at the request of the grand jury.

9 Fifth: There shall be no preliminary examinations in
 10 misdemeanor cases.

11 Sixth: A preliminary magistrate shall have the authority to 12 limit the evidence presented at the preliminary hearing to that 13 which is relevant to the issues of: (1) whether the crime was 14 committed, and (2) whether there is probable cause to believe the 15 defendant committed the crime. Once a showing of probable cause is 16 made the magistrate shall terminate the preliminary hearing and 17 enter a bindover order; provided, however, that the preliminary 18 hearing shall be terminated only if the state made available for 19 inspection law enforcement reports within the prosecuting attorney's 20 knowledge or possession at the time to the defendant , or provided, 21 records requested pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection D of Section 22 2002 of this title five (5) working days prior to the date of the 23 preliminary hearing. The district attorney shall determine whether 24 or not to make law enforcement reports available prior to the \_ \_

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1 preliminary hearing. If reports are made available, the district 2 attorney shall be required to provide those law enforcement reports 3 that the district attorney knows to exist at the time of providing 4 the reports, but this does not include any physical evidence which 5 may exist in the case. This provision does not require the district 6 attorney to provide copies for the defendant, but only to make them 7 available for inspection by defense counsel to the defendant any 8 evidence other than that which may be requested pursuant to 9 paragraph 2 of subsection D of Section 2002 of this title. In the 10 alternative, upon agreement of the state and the defendant, the 11 court may terminate the preliminary hearing once a showing of 12 probable cause is made.

13 Seventh: A preliminary magistrate shall accept into evidence as 14 proof of prior convictions a noncertified copy of a Judgment and 15 Sentence when the copy appears to the preliminary magistrate to be 16 patently accurate. The district attorney shall make a noncertified 17 copy of the Judgment and Sentence available to the defendant no 18 fewer than five (5) days prior to the hearing. If such copy is not 19 made available five (5) days prior to the hearing, the court shall 20 continue the portion of the hearing to which the copy is relevant 21 for such time as the defendant requests, not to exceed five (5) days 22 subsequent to the receipt of the copy.

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1 Eighth: The purpose of the preliminary hearing is to establish 2 probable cause that a crime was committed and probable cause that 3 the defendant committed the crime. 4 22 O.S. 2011, Section 2002, is SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 5 amended to read as follows: 6 Section 2002. A. Disclosure of Evidence by the State. 7 1. Upon request of the defense, the state shall be required to 8 disclose the following: 9 the names and addresses of witnesses which the state a. 10 intends to call at trial, together with their 11 relevant, written or recorded statement, if any, or if 12 none, significant summaries of any oral statement, 13 b. law enforcement reports made in connection with the 14 particular case, 15 с. any written or recorded statements and the substance 16 of any oral statements made by the accused or made by 17 a codefendant, 18 d. any reports or statements made by experts in 19 connection with the particular case, including results 20 of physical or mental examinations and of scientific 21 tests, experiments, or comparisons, 22 any books, papers, documents, photographs, tangible e. 23 objects, buildings or places which the prosecuting 24 \_ \_

1 attorney intends to use in the hearing or trial or 2 which were obtained from or belong to the accused, 3 f. any record of prior criminal convictions of the 4 defendant, or of any codefendant, and 5 Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation (OSBI) rap g. 6 sheet/records check on any witness listed by the state 7 or the defense as a witness who will testify at trial, 8 as well as any convictions of any witness revealed 9 through additional record checks if the defense has 10 furnished social security numbers or date of birth for 11 their witnesses, except OSBI rap sheet/record checks 12 shall not provide date of birth, social security 13 number, home phone number or address. 14 2. The state shall provide the defendant any evidence favorable 15 to the defendant if such evidence is material to either quilt or 16 punishment.

17 3. The prosecuting attorney's obligations under this standard 18 extend to:

- a. material and information in the possession or control
   of members of the prosecutor's staff,
- b. any information in the possession of law enforcement
   agencies that regularly report to the prosecutor of
   which the prosecutor should reasonably know, and
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1 c. any information in the possession of law enforcement 2 agencies who have reported to the prosecutor with 3 reference to the particular case of which the 4 prosecutor should reasonably know.

B. Disclosure of Evidence by the Defendant.

6 1. Upon request of the state, the defense shall be required to 7 disclose the following:

- 8 a. the names and addresses of witnesses which the defense 9 intends to call at trial, together with their 10 relevant, written or recorded statement, if any, or if 11 none, significant summaries of any oral statement, 12 b. the name and address of any witness, other than the 13 defendant, who will be called to show that the 14 defendant was not present at the time and place 15 specified in the information or indictment, together 16 with the witness' statement to that fact,
- 17 the names and addresses of any witness the defendant с. 18 will call, other than himself, for testimony relating 19 to any mental disease, mental defect, or other 20 condition bearing upon his mental state at the time 21 the offense was allegedly committed, together with the 22 witness' statement of that fact, if the statement is 23 redacted by the court to preclude disclosure of 24 privileged communication. \_ \_

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2. A statement filed under subparagraph a, b or c of paragraph
1 of subsection A or B of this section is not admissible in evidence
at trial. Information obtained as a result of a statement filed
under subsection A or B of this section is not admissible in
evidence at trial except to refute the testimony of a witness whose
identity subsection A of this section requires to be disclosed.

7 3. Upon the prosecuting attorney's request after the time set 8 by the court, the defendant shall allow him access at any reasonable 9 times and in any reasonable manner to inspect, photograph, copy, or 10 have reasonable tests made upon any book, paper, document, 11 photograph, or tangible object which is within the defendant's 12 possession or control and which:

- a. the defendant intends to offer in evidence, except to
   the extent that it contains any communication of the
   defendant, or
- b. is a report or statement as to a physical or mental
  examination or scientific test or experiment made in
  connection with the particular case prepared by and
  relating to the anticipated testimony of a person whom
  the defendant intends to call as a witness, provided
  the report or statement is redacted by the court to
  preclude disclosure of privileged communication.

C. Continuing Duty to Disclose.

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If, prior to or during trial, a party discovers additional evidence or material previously requested or ordered, which is subject to discovery or inspection under the Oklahoma Criminal Discovery Code, such party shall promptly notify the other party, the attorney of the other party, or the court of the existence of the additional evidence or material.

D. Time of Discovery.

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8 1. Motions for discovery may be made at the time of the 9 district court arraignment or thereafter; provided that requests for 10 police reports may be made subject to the provisions of Section 258 11 of this title. However, a request pursuant to Section 258 of this 12 title shall be subject to the discretion of the district attorney. 13 All issues relating to discovery, except as otherwise provided, will 14 be completed at least ten (10) days prior to trial. The court may 15 specify the time, place and manner of making the discovery and may 16 prescribe such terms and conditions as are just.

Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1 of this
Subsection, upon initial arraignment or thereafter, a defendant or
his or her counsel of record may submit a written motion requesting
that the district attorney produce or make available for inspection
the following records believed to be in the possession of the
district attorney at the time of the request:

- a. law enforcement reports,
- 24 <u>b.</u> <u>body camera recordings</u>,

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1	c. forensic interview records and recordings,
2	d. laboratory reports,
3	e. photographs, and
4	f. any intercepted oral or electronic communications as
5	defined in Section 176.2 of Title 13 of the Oklahoma
6	Statutes.
7	If a defendant or counsel requests that the records be made
8	available for inspection, such records shall be made available at a
9	time mutually agreed upon by both parties. If a defendant or
10	counsel requests that the records be produced, and the district
11	attorney does not have good cause to object to the request, then the
12	district attorney shall produce the requested records on a date not
13	to exceed fifteen (15) business days from the receipt of the written
14	motion. The timing shall exclude weekends and legal holidays. If
15	after fifteen (15) business days the district attorney fails to
16	produce the requested records in his or her possession, a defendant
17	or counsel may submit a motion to the court to order the production
18	of the requested records. Upon finding that the district attorney
19	did not have good cause in failing to produce the requested records,
20	a court shall issue an order requiring the district attorney to
21	produce the records requested.
22	Notwithstanding the filing of a motion to order production of
23	records, a defendant or counsel may issue a subpoena duces tecum to
24 27	any law enforcement entity within the state that assisted in the

arrest of the defendant and require such entity to produce the
records requested in the motion. As an officer of the court, an
attorney authorized to practice law in this state may issue and sign
a subpoena on behalf of a court in this state. A copy of any
subpoena duces tecum shall be provided to the district attorney at
the time of its execution.

E. Regulation of Discovery.

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8 1. Protective and Modifying Orders. Upon motion of the state 9 or defendant, the court may at any time order that specified 10 disclosures be restricted, or make any other protective order. Ιf 11 the court enters an order restricting specified disclosures, the 12 entire text of the material restricted shall be sealed and preserved 13 in the records of the court to be made available to the appellate 14 court in the event of an appeal.

15 2. Failure to Comply with a Request. If at any time during the 16 course of the proceedings it is brought to the attention of the 17 court that a party has failed to comply with this rule, the court 18 may order such party to permit the discovery or inspection, grant 19 continuance, or prohibit the party from introducing evidence not 20 disclosed, or it may enter such other order as it deems just under 21 the circumstances.

3. The discovery order shall not include discovery of legal work product of either attorney which is deemed to include legal research or those portions of records, correspondence, reports, or

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<sup>1</sup> memoranda which are only the opinions, theories, or conclusions of <sup>2</sup> the attorney or the attorney's legal staff.

3 F. Reasonable cost of copying, duplicating, videotaping, 4 developing or any other cost associated with this Code for items 5 requested shall be paid by the party so requesting; however, any 6 item which was obtained from the defendant by the state of which 7 copies are requested by the defendant shall be paid by the state. 8 Provided, if the court determines the defendant is indigent and 9 without funds to pay the cost of reproduction of the required items, 10 the cost shall be paid by the Indigent Defender System, unless 11 otherwise provided by law. 12 SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2020. 13 14 57-2-2580 ΡW 1/16/2020 1:59:02 PM 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 \_ \_