1	SENATE FLOOR VERSION February 9, 2023						
2	1021441, 3, 2020						
3	SENATE BILL NO. 249 By: McCortney of the Senate						
4	and						
5	Caldwell (Chad) of the House						
6	nouse						
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8	An Act relating to controlled dangerous substances;						
9	amending 63 O.S. 2021, Section 2-101, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 90, O.S.L. 2021, which relates to definitions used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act; defining term; amending 63 O.S. 2021, Section 2-309, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 259, O.S.L 2021, which relates to prescriptions; broadening exception from electronic prescription requirement; defining term; and declaring an emergency.						
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:						
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2021, Section 2-101, as						
17	amended by Section 1, Chapter 90, O.S.L. 2021, is amended to read as						
18	follows:						
19	Section 2-101. As used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous						
20	Substances Act:						
21	1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled						
22	dangerous substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or						
23	any other means, to the body of a patient, animal or research						

subject by:

1 a practitioner (or, in the presence of the practitioner, by the authorized agent of the practitioner), or

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- the patient or research subject at the direction and b. in the presence of the practitioner;
- 2. "Agent" means a peace officer appointed by and who acts on behalf of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control or an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a person who manufactures, distributes, dispenses, prescribes, administers or uses for scientific purposes controlled dangerous substances but does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouser or employee thereof, or a person required to register under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;
- 3. "Board" means the Advisory Board to the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;
- 4. "Bureau" means the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;
- 5. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of coca leaves, except derivatives of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;
- 6. "Commissioner" or "Director" means the Director of the 23 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control; 24

7. "Control" means to add, remove or change the placement of a drug, substance or immediate precursor under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;

- 8. "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance or immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act or any drug, substance or immediate precursor listed either temporarily or permanently as a federally controlled substance. Any conflict between state and federal law with regard to the particular schedule in which a substance is listed shall be resolved in favor of state law;
- 9. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or labeling of which without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name or other identifying marks, imprint, number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance;
- 10. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia, whether or not there is an agency relationship;
- 11. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous substance to an ultimate user or human research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding

- 1 | necessary to prepare the substance for such distribution.
- 2 "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled dangerous 3 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject;
 - 12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled dangerous substance;
 - 13. "Distributor" means a commercial entity engaged in the distribution or reverse distribution of narcotics and dangerous drugs and who complies with all regulations promulgated by the federal Drug Enforcement Administration and the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;
 - 14. "Drug" means articles:

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- a. recognized in the official United States

 Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of
 the United States, or official National Formulary, or
 any supplement to any of them,
- b. intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals,
- c. other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals, and
- d. intended for use as a component of any article specified in this paragraph;
- provided, however, the term "drug" drug does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories;

- 15. "Drug-dependent person" means a person who is using a controlled dangerous substance and who is in a state of psychic or physical dependence, or both, arising from administration of that controlled dangerous substance on a continuous basis. Drug dependence is characterized by behavioral and other responses which include a strong compulsion to take the substance on a continuous basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the discomfort of its absence;
- 16. "Home care agency" means any sole proprietorship,
 partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which
 administers, offers, or provides home care services, for a fee or
 pursuant to a contract for such services, to clients in their place
 of residence;
- 17. "Home care services" means skilled or personal care services provided to clients in their place of residence for a fee;
- 18. "Hospice" means a centrally administered, nonprofit or profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program which provides a continuum of home and inpatient care for the terminally ill patient and the patient's family. Such term shall also include a centrally administered, nonprofit or profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program if such program is licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act. A hospice program offers palliative and supportive care to meet the special needs arising out of the physical, emotional and spiritual

1	stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness
2	and during dying and bereavement. This care is available twenty-
3	four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, and is provided on the
4	basis of need, regardless of ability to pay. "Class A" Hospice
5	refers to Medicare certified hospices. "Class B" refers to all
6	other providers of hospice services;

- 19. "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that is not a controlled dangerous substance, which by dosage unit appearance, color, shape, size, markings or by representations made, would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled dangerous substance. In the event the appearance of the dosage unit is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the substance is an "imitation controlled substance" imitation controlled substance, the court or authority concerned should consider, in addition to all other factors, the following factors as related to "representations made" in determining whether the substance is an "imitation controlled substance" imitation controlled substance:
 - a. statements made by an owner or by any other person in control of the substance concerning the nature of the substance, or its use or effect,
 - b. statements made to the recipient that the substance may be resold for inordinate profit,

- 1 C. whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally used for illicit controlled substances, 2 evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or 3 d. person in control of the substance to avoid detection 4 5 by law enforcement authorities, prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or any other 6 е. person in control of the object, under state or 7 federal law related to controlled substances or fraud, 8 9 and 10
 - f. the proximity of the substances to controlled dangerous substances;
 - 20. "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Director has found to be and by regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used, or likely to be used, in the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit such manufacture;
 - 21. "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the Director as proper to be entrusted with the custody of controlled dangerous substances and the use of controlled dangerous substances for scientific and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction;
 - 22. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from

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substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer;

- 23. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa

 L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted

 from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt,

 derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or

 resin, but shall not include:
 - a. the mature stalks of such plant or fiber produced from such stalks,
 - b. oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant including cannabidiol derived from the seeds of the marijuana plant,
 - c. any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
 mixture or preparation of such mature stalks (except
 the resin extracted therefrom) including cannabidiol
 derived from mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake,
 - d. the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination,
 - e. for any person participating in a clinical trial to administer cannabidiol for the treatment of severe

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forms of epilepsy pursuant to Section 2-802 of this title, a drug or substance approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for use by those participants,

- f. for any person or the parents, legal guardians or caretakers of the person who have received a written certification from a physician licensed in this state that the person has been diagnosed by a physician as having Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, Dravet syndrome, also known as Severe Myoclonic Epilepsy of Infancy, or any other severe form of epilepsy that is not adequately treated by traditional medical therapies, spasticity due to multiple sclerosis or due to paraplegia, intractable nausea and vomiting, appetite stimulation with chronic wasting diseases, the substance cannabidiol, a nonpsychoactive cannabinoid, found in the plant Cannabis sativa L. or any other preparation thereof, that has a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) and that is delivered to the patient in the form of a liquid,
- g. any federal Food and Drug Administration-approved cannabidiol drug or substance, or

- h. industrial hemp, from the plant Cannabis sativa L. and
 any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a
 delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more
 than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry
 weight basis which shall only be grown pursuant to the
 Oklahoma Industrial Hemp Program and may be shipped
 intrastate and interstate;
 - 24. "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize a controlled dangerous substance for physical or mental treatment, for diagnosis, or for the prevention of a disease condition not in violation of any state or federal law and not for the purpose of satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;
 - 25. "Mid-level practitioner" means an Advanced Practice
 Registered Nurse as defined and within parameters specified in
 Section 567.3a of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a certified
 animal euthanasia technician as defined in Section 698.2 of Title 59
 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or an animal control officer registered by
 the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control
 under subsection B of Section 2-301 of this title within the
 parameters of such officer's duties under Sections 501 through 508
 of Title 4 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
 - 26. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of

vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis,
or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

a. opium, coca leaves and opiates,

- b. a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or preparation of opium, coca leaves or opiates,
- c. cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers,
- d. ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, and
- e. a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt,

 derivative or preparation thereof, which is chemically

 identical with any of the substances referred to in

 subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, except

 that the words "narcotic drug" as used in Section 2
 101 et seq. of this title shall not include

 decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves,

 which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;
- 27. "Opiate" or "opioid" means any Schedule II, III, IV or V substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. The terms do not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methyl-morphinan and its

1	salts (dextromethorphan). The terms do include the racemic and
2	levorotatory forms;
3	28. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver
4	somniferum L., except the seeds thereof;
5	29. "Peace officer" means a police officer, sheriff, deputy
6	sheriff, district attorney's investigator, investigator from the
7	Office of the Attorney General, or any other person elected or
8	appointed by law to enforce any of the criminal laws of this state
9	or of the United States;
10	30. "Person" means an individual, corporation, government or
11	governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust,
12	partnership or association, or any other legal entity;
13	31. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the
14	opium poppy, after mowing;
15	32. "Practitioner" means:
16	a. (1) a medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
17	(2) a dentist,
18	(3) a podiatrist,
19	(4) an optometrist,
20	(5) a veterinarian,
21	(6) a physician assistant or Advanced Practice
22	Registered Nurse under the supervision of a
23	licensed medical doctor or osteopathic physician,

(7) a scientific investigator, or

(8) any other person,

licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer a controlled dangerous substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state, or

- b. a pharmacy, hospital, laboratory or other institution licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer a controlled dangerous substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state;
- 33. "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous substance;
- 34. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state of the United States;
- 35. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled dangerous substance for the person's own use or for the use of a member of the person's household or for administration to an animal owned by the person or by a member of the person's household;
- 36. "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or fashioned

- specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing,
 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,
 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging,
 storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or
 otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled dangerous
 substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
 Substances Act including, but not limited to:
 - a. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled dangerous substance or from which a controlled dangerous substance can be derived,
 - b. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing or preparing controlled dangerous substances,
 - c. isomerization devices used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled dangerous substance,
 - d. testing equipment used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in identifying, or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled dangerous substances,

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scales and balances used, intended for use, or 1 е. fashioned specifically for use in weighing or 2 measuring controlled dangerous substances, 3 f. diluents and adulterants, such as quinine 4 5 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and lactose, used, intended for use, or fashioned 6 specifically for use in cutting controlled dangerous 7 substances, 8 9 separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or g. fashioned specifically for use in removing twigs and 10 seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining, 11 12 marijuana, h. blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices 13 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for 14 use in compounding controlled dangerous substances, 15 capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers i. 16 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for 17 use in packaging small quantities of controlled 18 dangerous substances, 19 containers and other objects used, intended for use, 20 j. or fashioned specifically for use in parenterally 21 injecting controlled dangerous substances into the 22 human body, 23

1	k.	hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used,
2		intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in
3		parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances
4		into the human body except as authorized by Section $\frac{3}{2}$
5		of this act 2-1101 of this title,
6	1.	objects used, intended for use, or fashioned
7		specifically for use in ingesting, inhaling or
8		otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or
9		hashish oil into the human body, such as:
10		(1) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or
11		ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent
12		screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls,
13		(2) water pipes,
14		(3) carburetion tubes and devices,
15		(4) smoking and carburetion masks,
16		(5) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning
17		material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has
18		become too small or too short to be held in the
19		hand,
20		(6) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials,
21		(7) chamber pipes,
22		(8) carburetor pipes,
23		(9) electric pipes,
24		(10) air-driven pipes,

1	(11) chillums,
2	(12) bongs, or
3	(13) ice pipes or chillers,
4	m. all hidden or novelty pipes, and
5	n. any pipe that has a tobacco bowl or chamber of less
6	than one-half $(1/2)$ inch in diameter in which there is
7	any detectable residue of any controlled dangerous
8	substance as defined in this section or any other
9	substances not legal for possession or use;
10	provided, however, the term <u>"drug paraphernalia"</u> drug paraphernalia
11	shall not include separation gins intended for use in preparing tea
12	or spice, clamps used for constructing electrical equipment, water
13	pipes designed for ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an
14	illegal substance is found or pipes designed and used solely for
15	smoking tobacco, traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal
16	religious ceremony, or antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of
17	age or older;
18	37. a. "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance:
19	(1) the chemical structure of which is substantially
20	similar to the chemical structure of a controlled
21	dangerous substance in Schedule I or II,
22	(2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or
23	hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous
24	system that is substantially similar to or

1 greater than the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled dangerous substance in 3 Schedule I or II, or 5 with respect to a particular person, which such person represents or intends to have a stimulant, 6 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 7 central nervous system that is substantially 9 similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 10 central nervous system of a controlled dangerous 11 substance in Schedule I or II. 12 13 b. The designation of gamma butyrolactone or any other chemical as a precursor, pursuant to Section 2-322 of 14 this title, does not preclude a finding pursuant to 15 subparagraph a of this paragraph that the chemical is 16 a synthetic controlled substance. 17 "Synthetic controlled substance" does not include: 18 a controlled dangerous substance, 19 any substance for which there is an approved new 20 (2) drug application, 21 (3) with respect to a particular person any 22 substance, if an exemption is in effect for 23 investigational use, for that person under the 24

provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct with respect to such substance is pursuant to such exemption, or

- any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance.
- Prima facie evidence that a substance containing salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that the substance is a synthetic controlled substance;
- "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means all substances that have been chemically synthesized to emulate the tetrahydrocannabinols of
- 39. "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title and paragraph 4 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title. As used in subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title, "isomer" isomer means the optical, positional or geometric isomer. As used in paragraph 4 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title, the term <u>"isomer"</u> isomer means the optical or geometric isomer;

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- 40. "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid, liquid or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic or plant life, and the disposal of which materials is controlled by state or federal guidelines;
- 41. "Anhydrous ammonia" means any substance that exhibits cryogenic evaporative behavior and tests positive for ammonia;

- 42. "Acute pain" means pain, whether resulting from disease, accidental or intentional trauma or other cause, that the practitioner reasonably expects to last only a short period of time. "Acute pain" Acute pain does not include chronic pain, pain being treated as part of cancer care, hospice or other end-of-life care, or pain being treated as part of palliative care;
- 43. "Chronic pain" means pain that persists beyond the usual course of an acute disease or healing of an injury. "Chronic pain" Chronic pain may or may not be associated with an acute or chronic pathologic process that causes continuous or intermittent pain over months or years;
- 44. "Initial prescription" means a prescription issued to a patient who:
 - a. has never previously been issued a prescription for the drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent in the past year, or
 - b. requires a prescription for the drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent due to a surgical procedure

or new acute event and has previously had a

prescription for the drug or its pharmaceutical

equivalent within the past year.

When determining whether a patient was previously issued a prescription for a drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent, the practitioner shall consult with the patient and review the medical record and prescription monitoring information of the patient;

- 45. "Patient-provider agreement" means a written contract or agreement that is executed between a practitioner and a patient, prior to the commencement of treatment for chronic pain using an opioid drug as a means to:
 - a. explain the possible risk of development of physical or psychological dependence in the patient and prevent the possible development of addiction,
 - b. document the understanding of both the practitioner and the patient regarding the patient-provider agreement of the patient,
 - c. establish the rights of the patient in association with treatment and the obligations of the patient in relation to the responsible use, discontinuation of use, and storage of opioid drugs including any restrictions on the refill of prescriptions or the acceptance of opioid prescriptions from practitioners,

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- d. identify the specific medications and other modes of treatment including physical therapy or exercise, relaxation or psychological counseling, that are included as a part of the patient-provider agreement,
- e. specify the measures the practitioner may employ to monitor the compliance of the patient including, but not limited to, random specimen screens and pill counts, and
- f. delineate the process for terminating the agreement including the consequences if the practitioner has reason to believe that the patient is not complying with the terms of the agreement. Compliance with the "consent items" shall constitute a valid, informed consent for opioid therapy. The practitioner shall be held harmless from civil litigation for failure to treat pain if the event occurs because of nonadherence by the patient with any of the provisions of the patient-provider agreement;
- 46. "Serious illness" means a medical illness or physical injury or condition that substantially affects quality of life for more than a short period of time. "Serious illness" Serious illness includes, but is not limited to, Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, lung disease, cancer, heart failure, renal failure, liver

1	failure	or	chronic,	unremitting	or	intractable	pain	such	as
2	neuropat	thic	c pain;						

- 47. "Surgical procedure" means a procedure that is performed for the purpose of structurally altering the human body by incision or destruction of tissues as part of the practice of medicine. This term includes the diagnostic or therapeutic treatment of conditions or disease processes by use of instruments such as lasers, ultrasound, ionizing, radiation, scalpels, probes or needles that cause localized alteration or transportation of live human tissue by cutting, burning, vaporizing, freezing, suturing, probing or manipulating by closed reduction for major dislocations or fractures, or otherwise altering by any mechanical, thermal, light-based, electromagnetic or chemical means; and
 - 48. "Harm-reduction services" means programs established to:
 - a. reduce the spread of infectious diseases related to injection drug use,
 - b. reduce drug dependency, overdose deaths and associated complications, and
 - c. increase safe recovery and disposal of used syringes and sharp waste; and
- 49. "Palliative care" means a specialized medical service for people of any age and at any stage of a serious illness or life-altering medical event that focuses on navigating complex medical decisions while providing patient autonomy and access to

information. Utilizing a holistic and interdisciplinary team

approach, palliative care addresses physical, intellectual,

emotional, social, and spiritual needs. Palliative care may be

provided in the inpatient, outpatient, or home care setting and

strives to improve quality of life for both the patient and the

family.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2021, Section 2-309, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 259, O.S.L 2021, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-309. A. 1. Except for dosages medically required for a period not to exceed forty-eight (48) hours which are administered by or on direction of a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, or medication dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, to an ultimate user, no controlled dangerous substance included in Schedule II, which is a prescription drug as determined under regulation promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy, shall be dispensed without an electronic prescription of a practitioner; provided, that in emergency situations, as prescribed by the Board of Pharmacy by regulation, such drug may be dispensed upon oral prescription reduced promptly to writing and filed by the pharmacist in a manner to be prescribed by rules and regulations of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control.

2. Electronic prescribing shall be utilized for Schedules II, III, IV and V, subject to the requirements set forth in 21 CFR, Section 1311 et seq.

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- 3. An electronic prescription with electronic signature may serve as an original prescription, subject to the requirements set forth in 21 CFR, Section 1311 et seq.
- 4. Prescriptions shall be retained in conformity with the requirements of this section and Section 2-307 of this title. No prescription for a Schedule II substance may be refilled.
- 5. The electronic prescription requirement provided for in this section shall not apply to prescriptions for controlled dangerous substances issued by any of the following:
 - a. a person licensed to practice veterinary medicine,
 - b. a practitioner who experiences temporary technological or electrical failure or other extenuating circumstance that prevents the prescription from being transmitted electronically; provided, however, that the practitioner documents the reason for this exception in the medical record of the patient,
 - c. a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, who dispenses directly to an ultimate user,
 - d. a practitioner who orders a controlled dangerous substance to be administered through an on-site pharmacy in:

1		(1) a hospital as defined in Section 1-701 of this
2		title,
3		(2) a nursing facility as defined in Section 1-1902
4		of this title,
5		(3) a hospice inpatient facility as defined in
6		Section 1-860.2 of this title,
7		(4) an outpatient dialysis facility,
8		(5) a continuum of care facility as defined in
9		Section 1-890.2 of this title, or
10		(6) a penal institution listed in Section 509 of
11		Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes,
12	е.	a practitioner who orders a controlled dangerous
13		substance to be administered through a hospice program
14		as defined in including but not limited to a hospice
15		program that provides hospice services in the private
16		residence of a patient or in a long-term care facility
17		where the patient resides. As used in this
18		subparagraph, "hospice program" has the same meaning
19		as provided by Section 1-860.2 of this title,
20	f.	a practitioner who writes a prescription to be
21		dispensed by a pharmacy located on federal property,
22		provided the practitioner documents the reason for
23		this exception in the medical record of the patient,
24		or

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6. Electronic prescriptions shall not be utilized under the following circumstances:

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a. compound prescriptions containing two or more commercially available products or two or more active pharmaceutical ingredients,

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b. compounded infusion prescriptions containing two or more commercially available products or two or more active pharmaceutical ingredients,

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c. prescriptions issued under approved research protocols, or

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d. if the practitioner determines that an electronic prescription cannot be issued in a timely manner and the condition of the patient is at risk.

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7. A pharmacist who receives a written, oral or facsimile prescription shall not be required to verify that the prescription falls under one of the exceptions provided for in paragraph 6 of this subsection. Pharmacists may continue to dispense medications from otherwise valid written, oral or facsimile prescriptions that are consistent with the provisions of this section.

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8. Practitioners shall indicate in the health record of a patient that an exception to the electronic prescription requirement was utilized.

- 9. All prescriptions issued pursuant to paragraphs 5 and 6 of this subsection shall be issued on an official prescription form provided by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control.
 - 10. a. Effective January 1, 2020, practitioners shall register with the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control in order to be issued official prescription forms. Such registration shall include, but not be limited to, the primary address and the address of each place of business to be imprinted on official prescription forms. Any change to a registered practitioner's registered address shall be promptly reported to the practitioner's licensing board and the Bureau by the practitioner in a manner approved by the Bureau.
 - b. A practitioner's registration shall be without fee and subject to approval by the Bureau. Such registration shall be valid for a period of two (2) years and may be denied, suspended or revoked by the Bureau upon a finding by the Bureau or licensing board that the registered practitioner has had any license to practice a medical profession revoked or suspended by any state or federal agency.

1	С.	Where the Bureau has revoked the registration of a
2		registered practitioner, the Bureau may revoke or
3		cancel any official prescription forms in the
4		possession of the registered practitioner. Any
5		revocation or any suspension shall require the
6		registered practitioner to return all unused official
7		prescription forms to the Bureau within fifteen (15)
8		calendar days after the date of the written
9		notification.
10	d.	A practitioner that has had any license to practice

- d. A practitioner that has had any license to practice terminated, revoked or suspended by a state or federal agency may, upon restoration of such license or certificate, register to be issued official prescription forms.
- 11. a. Except as provided in subparagraph f of this paragraph, the Bureau shall issue official prescription forms free of charge only to registered practitioners in this state. Such forms shall not be transferable. The number of official prescription forms issued to a registered practitioner at any time shall be at the discretion of the Bureau.
 - b. Official prescription forms issued to a registered practitioner shall be imprinted only with the primary address and other addresses listed on the registration

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of the practitioner. Such prescriptions shall be sent 1 2 only to the primary address of the registered 3 practitioner. Official prescription forms issued to a registered 4 C. 5 practitioner shall be used only by the practitioner to 6 whom they are issued. d. The Bureau may revoke or cancel official prescription 7 forms in possession of registered practitioners when 8 9 the license of such practitioner is suspended, terminated or revoked. 10 Official prescription forms of registered 11 е. 12 practitioners who are deceased or who no longer prescribe shall be returned to the Bureau at a 13 designated address. If the registered practitioner is 14 deceased, it is the responsibility of the registered 15 practitioner's estate or lawful designee to return 16 such forms. 17 f. The Bureau may issue official prescription forms to 18 employees or agents of the Bureau and other government 19 agencies for the purpose of preventing, identifying, 20 investigating and prosecuting unacceptable or illegal 21

practices by providers and other persons and assisting

in the recovery of overpayments under any program

operated by the state or paid for with state funds.

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1 Such prescription forms shall be issued for this 2 purpose only to individuals who are authorized to conduct investigations on behalf of the Bureau or 3 other government agencies as part of their official 4 5 Individuals and agencies receiving such prescription forms for this purpose shall provide 6 appropriate assurances to the Bureau that adequate 7 safeguards and security measures are in place to 9 prevent the use of such prescription forms for anything other than official government purposes. 10 Adequate safeguards and security measures shall be 11 12. 12 undertaken by registered practitioners holding 13

- 2. a. Adequate safeguards and security measures shall be undertaken by registered practitioners holding official prescription forms to assure against the loss, destruction, theft or unauthorized use of the forms. Registered practitioners shall maintain a sufficient but not excessive supply of such forms in reserve.
 - b. Registered practitioners shall immediately notify the Bureau, in a manner designated by the Bureau, upon their knowledge of the loss, destruction, theft or unauthorized use of any official prescription forms issued to them, as well as the failure to receive official prescription forms within a reasonable time after ordering them from the Bureau.

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- c. Registered practitioners shall immediately notify the

 Bureau upon their knowledge of any diversion or

 suspected diversion of drugs pursuant to the loss,

 theft or unauthorized use of prescriptions.
- B. 1. Except for dosages medically required for a period not to exceed seventy-two (72) hours which are administered by or on direction of a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, or medication dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than a pharmacist, to an ultimate user, no controlled dangerous substance included in Schedule III or IV, which is a prescription drug as determined under regulation promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy, shall be dispensed without an electronic prescription.
- 2. Any prescription for a controlled dangerous substance in Schedule III, IV or V may not be filled or refilled more than six (6) months after the date thereof or be refilled more than five times after the date of the prescription, unless renewed by the practitioner.
- C. Whenever it appears to the Director of the Oklahoma State
 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control that a drug not
 considered to be a prescription drug under existing state law or
 regulation of the Board of Pharmacy should be so considered because
 of its abuse potential, the Director shall so advise the Board of
 Pharmacy and furnish to the Board all available data relevant
 thereto.

- D. 1. "Prescription", as used in this section, means a written, oral or electronic order by a practitioner to a pharmacist for a controlled dangerous substance for a particular patient, which specifies the date of its issue, and the full name and address of the patient and, if the controlled dangerous substance is prescribed for an animal, the species of the animal, the name and quantity of the controlled dangerous substance prescribed, the directions for use, the name and address of the owner of the animal and, if written, the signature of the practitioner.
- 2. "Registered practitioner", as used in this section, means a licensed practitioner duly registered with the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control to be issued official prescription forms.
- E. No person shall solicit, dispense, receive or deliver any controlled dangerous substance through the mail, unless the ultimate user is personally known to the practitioner and circumstances clearly indicate such method of delivery is in the best interest of the health and welfare of the ultimate user.
- SECTION 3. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.
- 23 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES February 9, 2023 DO PASS