

An Act

ENROLLED SENATE
BILL NO. 770

By: Standridge and Pittman of
the Senate

and

Kannady of the House

An Act relating to public health and safety; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-103, as last amended by Section 2 of Enrolled Senate Bill No. 90 of the 1st Session of the 56th Oklahoma Legislature, which relates to powers and duties of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control; increasing hours of mandatory training for reserve special agents; providing employees in classified positions the right to return to classified service under certain circumstances; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-204, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 305, O.S.L. 2015 (63 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-204), 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-206, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 154, O.S.L. 2014 (63 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-206) and 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-210, as last amended by Section 5, Chapter 305, O.S.L. 2015 (63 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-210), which relate to drug schedules; expanding schedules to include certain substances; excluding certain substances; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-502, which relates to inspections of prescriptions, orders and records; authorizing Director to designate certain personnel as compliance inspectors; adding exception to certain prohibited conduct; and declaring an emergency.

SUBJECT: Narcotics and dangerous drugs

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-103, as last amended by Section 2 of Enrolled Senate Bill No. 90 of the 1st Session of the 56th Oklahoma Legislature, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-103. A. The Director shall be appointed by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control Commission. The Director of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control on January 1, 1984, shall be initially appointed as Director. The succeeding Director shall, at the time of the appointment, have a Bachelor's Degree from an accredited college or university and at least five (5) years of experience in drug law enforcement. The Director may appoint necessary assistants, agents, and other personnel to perform the work of the office and may prescribe their titles and duties and fix their compensation pursuant to Merit System rules. The Director may appoint employees to the positions of Chief of Law Enforcement Information and Technology, Public Information/Education Officer, Training Officer, Program Administrators, Grants Administrator, Criminal Analysts, Legal Secretary, and Typist Clerk/Spanish Transcriptionists. The positions shall be unclassified and exempt from the rules and procedures of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, except leave regulations. The office of the Director shall be located at a suitable place in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

B. 1. Agents appointed by the Director shall have the powers of peace officers generally; provided, the Director may appoint special agents and reserve special agents, who shall be unclassified employees of the state, to meet specific investigatory needs. Special agents and reserve special agents shall not be required to meet the age and educational requirements as specified in this section.

2. Agents appointed on and after November 1, 1998, shall be at least twenty-one (21) years of age and shall have a Bachelor's Degree from an accredited college or university.

3. Each entering agent, with the exception of special agents, shall be required to serve one (1) year in a probationary status as a prerequisite to being placed on permanent status.

C. Agents appointed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall have the responsibility of investigating alleged violations and shall have the authority to arrest those suspected of having violated the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, as well as the crimes of money laundering and human trafficking, as otherwise set forth by laws of this state.

D. The Director may appoint reserve special agents who shall not be considered employees of the state and shall serve at the will of the Director. Reserve special agents shall complete a minimum of two hundred forty (240) hours of training pursuant to Section 3311 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and may not serve more than one hundred forty (140) hours per calendar month. Upon completion of training, reserve special agents appointed by the Director shall have general peace officer powers and the authority to arrest those suspected of having violated the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act. The agency may expend funds related to training and special reserve agents may receive travel expenses pursuant to the State Travel Reimbursement Act.

E. A commissioned employee of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control shall be entitled to receive, upon retirement by reason of length of service, the continued custody and possession of the sidearm and badge carried by such employee immediately prior to retirement.

F. A commissioned employee of the Bureau may be entitled to receive, upon retirement by reason of disability, the continued custody and possession of the sidearm and badge carried by such employee immediately prior to retirement upon written approval of the Director.

G. Custody and possession of the sidearm and badge of a commissioned employee killed in the line of duty may be awarded by the Director to the spouse or next of kin of the deceased employee.

H. Custody and possession of the sidearm and badge of a commissioned employee who dies while employed at the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control may be awarded by the Director to the spouse or next of kin of the deceased employee.

I. Any Director appointed on or after July 1, 2003, shall be eligible to participate in either the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System or in the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System and shall make an irrevocable election in writing to participate in one of the two retirement systems.

J. Any employee of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control in a classified position under the Merit System of the Personnel Administration who is appointed Director, Deputy Director, Acting Director or Acting Deputy Director shall have a right to return to the highest previously held classified position without any loss of rights, privileges or benefits immediately upon completion of the duties of the employee, provided the employee is not otherwise disqualified.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-204, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 305, O.S.L. 2015 (63 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-204), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-204. The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule I.

A. Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, when the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

1. Acetylmethadol;
2. Allylprodine;
3. Alphacetylmethadol;
4. Alphameprodine;
5. Alphamethadol;
6. Benzethidine;
7. Betacetylmethadol;

8. Betameprodine;
9. Betamethadol;
10. Betaprodine;
11. Clonitazene;
12. Dextromoramide;
13. Dextrorphan (except its methyl ether);
14. Diampromide;
15. Diethylthiambutene;
16. Dimenoxadol;
17. Dimepheptanol;
18. Dimethylthiambutene;
19. Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
20. Dipipanone;
21. Ethylmethylthiambutene;
22. Etonitazene;
23. Etoxeridine;
24. Furethidine;
25. Hydroxypethidine;
26. Ketobemidone;
27. Levomoramide;
28. Levophenacylmorphan;

29. Morpheridine;
30. Noracymethadol;
31. Norlevorphanol;
32. Normethadone;
33. Norpipanone;
34. Phenadoxone;
35. Phenampromide;
36. Phenomorphan;
37. Phenoperidine;
38. Piritramide;
39. Proheptazine;
40. Properidine;
41. Racemoramide; or
42. Trimeperidine.

B. Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, when the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

1. Acetorphine;
2. Acetyldihydrocodeine;
3. Benzylmorphine;
4. Codeine methylbromide;
5. Codeine-N-Oxide;

6. Cyprenorphine;
7. Desomorphine;
8. Dihydromorphine;
9. Etorphine;
10. Heroin;
11. Hydromorphinol;
12. Methyldesorphine;
13. Methylhydromorphine;
14. Morphine methylbromide;
15. Morphine methylsulfonate;
16. Morphine-N-Oxide;
17. Myrophine;
18. Nicocodeine;
19. Nicomorphine;
20. Normorphine;
21. Phoclodine; or
22. Thebacon.

C. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, when the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

1. Methcathinone;

2. 3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
3. 3, 4-methylenedioxy methamphetamine;
4. 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
5. 3, 4, 5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
6. Bufotenine;
7. Diethyltryptamine;
8. Dimethyltryptamine;
9. 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
10. Ibogaine;
11. Lysergic acid diethylamide;
12. Marihuana;
13. Mescaline;
14. N-benzylpiperazine;
15. N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
16. N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
17. Psilocybin;
18. Psilocyn;
19. 2, 5 dimethoxyamphetamine;
20. 4 Bromo-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
21. 4 methoxyamphetamine;
22. Cyclohexamine;

23. Salvia Divinorum;
24. Salvinorin A;
25. Thiophene Analog of Phencyclidine. Also known as: 1-(1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl) piperidine; 2-Thienyl Analog of Phencyclidine; TCP, TCP;
26. Phencyclidine (PCP);
27. Pyrrolidine Analog for Phencyclidine. Also known as 1-(1-Phenylcyclohexyl) - Pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
28. 1-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl) piperazine;
29. Flunitrazepam;
30. B-hydroxy-amphetamine;
31. B-ketoamphetamine;
32. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-nitroamphetamine;
33. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-bromophenethylamine;
34. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-chlorophenethylamine;
35. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodoamphetamine;
36. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodophenethylamine;
37. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine;
38. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylphenethylamine;
39. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-fluorophenethylamine;
40. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine;
41. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylthio-phenethylamine;

42. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-isopropylthio-phenethylamine;
43. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-propylthio-phenethylamine;
44. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-cyclopropylmethylthio-phenethylamine;
45. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-tert-butylthio-phenethylamine;
46. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(2-fluoroethylthio)-phenethylamine;
47. 5-methoxy-N, N-dimethyltryptamine;
48. N-methyltryptamine;
49. A-ethyltryptamine;
50. A-methyltryptamine;
51. N, N-diethyltryptamine;
52. N, N-diisopropyltryptamine;
53. N, N-dipropyltryptamine;
54. 5-methoxy-a-methyltryptamine;
55. 4-hydroxy-N, N-diethyltryptamine;
56. 4-hydroxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine;
57. 5-methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine;
58. 4-hydroxy-N-isopropyl-N-methyltryptamine;
59. 3,4-Methylenedioxy-methcathinone (Mephedrone);
60. 3,4-Methylenedioxy-pyrovalerone (MDPV);
61. 4-Methylmethcathinone (Mephedrone);
62. 4-methoxymethcathinone;

63. 4-Fluoromethcathinone;
64. 3-Fluoromethcathinone;
65. 1-(8-bromobenzo 1,2-b;4,5-b' difuran-4-yl)-2-aminopropane;
66. 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine;
67. 4-Methylethcathinone;
68. Pyrovalerone;
69. N,N-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine;
70. 3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-ethylcathinone (Ethylone);
71. B-keto-N-Methylbenzodioxolylbutanamine (Butylone);
72. B-keto-Methylbenzodioxolylpentanamine (Pentylone);
73. Alpha-Pyrrolidinopentiophenone;
74. 4-Fluoroamphetamine;
75. Pentredone;
76. 4'-Methyl-a-pyrrolidinohexaphenone;
77. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenethylamine;
78. 2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine;
79. 1,4-Dibenzylpiperazine;
80. N,N-Dimethylamphetamine;
81. 4-Fluoromethamphetamine;
82. 4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine (25C-NBOMe);

83. 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine (25I-NBOMe);

84. 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-(2-methoxybenzy)phenethylamine (25B-NBOMe);

85. 1-(4-Fluorophenyl)piperazine; ~~or~~

86. Methoxetamine; or

87. 3,4-dichloro-N[2-dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide.

D. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in a different schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system:

1. Fenethylamine;

2. Mephedrone;

3. N-ethylamphetamine;

4. Methamphetamine;

5. Gamma-Hydroxybutyric Acid, also known as GHB, gamma-hydroxybutyrate, 4-hydroxybutyrate, 4-hydroxybutanoic acid, sodium oxybate, and sodium oxybutyrate;

6. Gamma-Butyrolactone (GBL) as packaged, marketed, manufactured or promoted for human consumption, with the exception of legitimate food additive and manufacturing purposes;

7. Gamma Hydroxyvalerate (GHV) as packaged, marketed, or manufactured for human consumption, with the exception of legitimate food additive and manufacturing purposes;

8. Gamma Valerolactone (GVL) as packaged, marketed, or manufactured for human consumption, with the exception of legitimate food additive and manufacturing purposes; or

9. 1,4 Butanediol (1,4 BD or BDO) as packaged, marketed, manufactured, or promoted for human consumption with the exception of legitimate manufacturing purposes.

E. 1. The following industrial uses of Gamma-Butyrolactone, Gamma Hydroxyvalerate, Gamma Valerolactone, or 1,4 Butanediol are excluded from all schedules of controlled substances under this title:

- a. pesticides,
- b. photochemical etching,
- c. electrolytes of small batteries or capacitors,
- d. viscosity modifiers in polyurethane,
- e. surface etching of metal coated plastics,
- f. organic paint disbursements for water soluble inks,
- g. pH regulators in the dyeing of wool and polyamide fibers,
- h. foundry chemistry as a catalyst during curing,
- i. curing agents in many coating systems based on urethanes and amides,
- j. additives and flavoring agents in food, confectionary, and beverage products,
- k. synthetic fiber and clothing production,
- l. tetrahydrofuran production,
- m. gamma butyrolactone production,
- n. polybutylene terephthalate resin production,
- o. polyester raw materials for polyurethane elastomers and foams,

- p. coating resin raw material, and
- q. as an intermediate in the manufacture of other chemicals and pharmaceuticals.

2. At the request of any person, the Director may exempt any other product containing Gamma-Butyrolactone, Gamma Hydroxyvalerate, Gamma Valerolactone, or 1,4 Butanediol from being included as a Schedule I controlled substance if such product is labeled, marketed, manufactured and distributed for legitimate industrial use in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood of abuse.

3. In making a determination regarding an industrial product, the Director, after notice and hearing, shall consider the following:

- a. the history and current pattern of abuse,
- b. the name and labeling of the product,
- c. the intended manner of distribution, advertising and promotion of the product, and
- d. other factors as may be relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

4. The hearing shall be held in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Procedures Act.

F. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, whether produced directly or indirectly from a substance of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, that contains any quantity of the following substances, or that contains any of their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 1. JWH-004;
- 2. JWH-007;

3. JWH-009;
4. JWH-015;
5. JWH-016;
6. JWH-018;
7. JWH-019;
8. JWH-020;
9. JWH-030;
10. JWH-046;
11. JWH-047;
12. JWH-048;
13. JWH-049;
14. JWH-050;
15. JWH-070;
16. JWH-071;
17. JWH-072;
18. JWH-073;
19. JWH-076;
20. JWH-079;
21. JWH-080;
22. JWH-081;
23. JWH-082;

24. JWH-094;
25. JWH-096;
26. JWH-098;
27. JWH-116;
28. JWH-120;
29. JWH-122;
30. JWH-145;
31. JWH-146;
32. JWH-147;
33. JWH-148;
34. JWH-149;
35. JWH-150;
36. JWH-156;
37. JWH-167;
38. JWH-175;
39. JWH-180;
40. JWH-181;
41. JWH-182;
42. JWH-184;
43. JWH-185;
44. JWH-189;

45. JWH-192;
46. JWH-193;
47. JWH-194;
48. JWH-195;
49. JWH-196;
50. JWH-197;
51. JWH-198;
52. JWH-199;
53. JWH-200;
54. JWH-201;
55. JWH-202;
56. JWH-203;
57. JWH-204;
58. JWH-205;
59. JWH-206;
60. JWH-207;
61. JWH-208;
62. JWH-209;
63. JWH-210;
64. JWH-211;
65. JWH-212;

- 66. JWH-213;
- 67. JWH-234;
- 68. JWH-235;
- 69. JWH-236;
- 70. JWH-237;
- 71. JWH-239;
- 72. JWH-240;
- 73. JWH-241;
- 74. JWH-242;
- 75. JWH-243;
- 76. JWH-244;
- 77. JWH-245;
- 78. JWH-246;
- 79. JWH-248;
- 80. JWH-249;
- 81. JWH-250;
- 82. JWH-251;
- 83. JWH-252;
- 84. JWH-253;
- 85. JWH-262;
- 86. JWH-292;

87. JWH-293;
88. JWH-302;
89. JWH-303;
90. JWH-304;
91. JWH-305;
92. JWH-306;
93. JWH-307;
94. JWH-308;
95. JWH-311;
96. JWH-312;
97. JWH-313;
98. JWH-314;
99. JWH-315;
100. JWH-316;
101. JWH-346;
102. JWH-348;
103. JWH-363;
104. JWH-364;
105. JWH-365;
106. JWH-367;
107. JWH-368;

108. JWH-369;
109. JWH-370;
110. JWH-371;
111. JWH-373;
112. JWH-386;
113. JWH-387;
114. JWH-392;
115. JWH-394;
116. JWH-395;
117. JWH-397;
118. JWH-398;
119. JWH-399;
120. JWH-400;
121. JWH-412;
122. JWH-413;
123. JWH-414;
124. JWH-415;
125. CP-55, 940;
126. CP-47, 497;
127. HU-210;
128. HU-211;

129. WIN-55, 212-2;
130. AM-2201;
131. AM-2233;
132. JWH-018 adamantyl-carboxamide;
133. AKB48;
134. JWH-122 N-(4-pentenyl) analog;
135. MAM2201;
136. URB597;
137. URB602;
138. URB754;
139. UR144;
140. XLR11;
141. A-796,260;
142. STS-135;
143. AB-FUBINACA;
144. AB-PINACA;
145. PB-22;
146. AKB48 N-5-Fluoropentyl;
147. AM1248;
148. FUB-PB-22;
149. ADB-FUBINACA;

150. BB-22;

151. 5-Fluoro PB-22; or

152. 5-Fluoro AKB-48.

G. In addition to those substances listed in subsection F of this section, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of a synthetic cannabinoid found to be in any of the following chemical groups:

1. Naphthoylindoles: any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, and whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent. Naphthoylindoles include, but are not limited to:

- a. 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-200),
- b. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (AM2201),
- c. 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-018),
- d. 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-073),
- e. 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-081),
- f. 1-propyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-015),
- g. 1-hexyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-019),
- h. 1-pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-122),

- i. 1-pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-210),
- j. 1-pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-398),
- k. 1-pentyl-2-methyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-007),
- l. 1-pentyl-3-(7-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-164),
- m. 1-pentyl-2-methyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-098),
- n. 1-pentyl-3-(4-fluoro-1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-412),
- o. 1-[1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (AM-1220),
- p. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (MAM-2201), or
- q. 1-(4-cyanobutyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (AM-2232);

2. Naphthylmethylindoles: any compound containing a 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, and whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent. Naphthylmethylindoles include, but are not limited to, (1-pentylindol-3-yl)(1-naphthyl)methane (JWH-175);

3. Naphthoylpyrroles: any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not further substituted on the pyrrole ring to any extent, and whether or not substituted on

the naphthyl group to any extent. Naphthoylpyrroles include, but are not limited to:

- a. 1-hexyl-2-phenyl-4-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole (JWH-147),
- b. 1-pentyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole (JWH-370),
- c. 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole (JWH-030), or
- d. 1-hexyl-5-phenyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole (JWH-147);

4. Naphthylideneindenes: any compound containing a 1-(1-naphthylmethylene)indene structure with or without substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not further substituted on the indene group to any extent, and whether or not substituted on the naphthyl group to any extent. Naphthylmethylindenes include, but are not limited to, (1-[(3-pentyl)-1H-inden-1-ylidene)methyl]naphthalene (JWH-176);

5. Phenylacetylindoles: any compound containing a 3-phenylacetylindole structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, and whether or not substituted on the phenyl ring to any extent. Phenylacetylindoles include, but are not limited to:

- a. 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-250),
- b. 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (RCS-8),

- c. 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole (JWH-203),
- d. 1-pentyl-3-(2-methylphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-251),
- e. 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-201), or
- f. 1-pentyl-3-(3-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (JWH-302);

6. Cyclohexylphenols: any compound containing a 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with or without substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, and whether or not further substituted on the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Cyclohexylphenols include, but are not limited to:

- a. 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (CP-47,497),
- b. 5-(1,1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (cannabicyclohexanol; CP-47,497 C8 homologue), or
- c. 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,2R)-5-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxypropyl)cyclohexyl]-phenol (CP 55, 940);

7. Benzoylindoles: any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, and whether or not substituted on the phenyl group to any extent. Benzoylindoles include, but are not limited to:

- a. 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (RCS-4),

- b. 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-2-methyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (Pravadoline or WIN 48, 098),
- c. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (AM-694),
- d. 1-pentyl-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (AM-679), or
- e. 1-[1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl]-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (AM-2233);

8. Cyclopropoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(cyclopropoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the cyclopropoyl ring to any extent. Cyclopropoylindoles include, but are not limited to:

- a. 1-pentyl-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropoyl)indole (UR-144),
- b. 1-(5-chloropentyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropoyl)indole (5Cl-UR-144), or
- c. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropoyl)indole (XLR11);

9. Indole Amides: Any compound containing a 1H-Indole-3-carboxamide structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not substituted at the carboxamide group by an adamantyl, naphthyl, phenyl, benzyl, quinolinyl, cycloalkyl, 1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-

1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl or pyrrole group, and whether or not further substituted in the indole, adamantyl, naphthyl, phenyl, pyrrole, quinolinyl, or cycloalkyl rings to any extent. Indole Amides include, but are not limited to:

- a. N-(1-adamantyl)-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (2NE1),
- b. N-(1-adamantyl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (STS-135),
- c. N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (ADBICA),
- d. N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5F-ADBICA),
- e. N-(naphthalen-1-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (NNE1),
- f. 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(naphthalene-1-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5F-NNE1),
- g. N-benzyl-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (SDB-006),
or
- h. N-benzyl-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5F-SDB-006);

10. Indole Esters: Any compound containing a 1H-Indole-3-carboxylate structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not substituted at the carboxylate group by an adamantyl, naphthyl, phenyl, benzyl, quinolinyl, cycloalkyl, 1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl or pyrrole group, and whether or not

further substituted in the indole, adamantyl, naphthyl, phenyl, pyrrole, quinolinyl, or cycloalkyl rings to any extent. Indole Esters include, but are not limited to:

- a. quinolin-8-yl 1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (PB-22),
- b. quinolin-8-yl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (5F-PB-22),
- c. quinolin-8-yl 1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (BB-22),
- d. naphthalen-1-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (FDU-PB-22), or
- e. naphthalen-1-yl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (NM2201);

11. Adamantanoylindoles: Any compound containing an adamantanyl-(1H-indol-3-yl)methanone structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the adamantyl ring to any extent. Adamantanoylindoles include, but are not limited to:

- a. adamantan-1-yl[1-[(1-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl]-1H-indol-3-yl]methanone (AM1248), or
- b. adamantan-1-yl-(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methanone (AB-001);

12. Carbazole Ketone: Any compound containing (9H-carbazole-3-yl) methanone structure with or without substitution at the nitrogen atom of the carbazole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-

2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, with substitution at the carbon of the methanone group by an adamantyl, naphthyl, phenyl, benzyl, quinolinyl, cycloalkyl, 1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl or pyrrole group, and whether or not further substituted at the carbazole, adamantyl, naphthyl, phenyl, pyrrole, quinolinyl, or cycloalkyl rings to any extent. Carbazole Ketones include, but are not limited to, naphthalen-1-yl(9-pentyl-9H-carbazol-3-yl)methanone (EG-018);

13. Benzimidazole Ketone: Any compound containing (benzimidazole-2-yl) methanone structure with or without substitution at either nitrogen atom of the benzimidazole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, benzyl, halobenzyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, (tetrahydropyran-4-yl)methyl, 1-methylazepanyl, phenyl, or halophenyl group, with substitution at the carbon of the methanone group by an adamantyl, naphthyl, phenyl, benzyl, quinolinyl, cycloalkyl, 1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl, 1-methoxy-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl or pyrrole group, and whether or not further substituted in the benzimidazole, adamantyl, naphthyl, phenyl, pyrrole, quinolinyl, or cycloalkyl rings to any extent. Benzimidazole Ketones include, but are not limited to:

- a. naphthalen-1-yl(1-pentyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)methanone (JWH-018 benzimidazole analog), or
- b. (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)(naphthalen-1-yl)methanone (FUBIMINA); and

14. Modified by Replacement: any compound defined in this subsection that is modified by replacement of a carbon with nitrogen in the indole, naphthyl, indene, benzimidazole, or carbazole ring.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-206, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 154, O.S.L. 2014 (63 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-206), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-206. The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule II.

A. Any of the following substances except those narcotic drugs listed in other schedules whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

1. Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate;

2. Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph 1 of this subsection, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

3. Opium poppy and poppy straw; or

4. Coca leaves except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed; cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers; ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers; or any compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to in this paragraph. Ioflupane is excluded from this paragraph.

B. Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters and ethers, when the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

1. Alphaprodine;

2. Anileridine;

3. Bezitramide;

4. Dihydrocodeine;

5. Diphenoxylate;
6. Fentanyl;
7. Hydromorphone;
8. Isomethadone;
9. Levomethorphan;
10. Levorphanol;
11. Metazocine;
12. Methadone;
13. Methadone - Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane;
14. Moramide - Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenyl-propane-carboxylic acid;
15. Oxycodone;
16. Oxymorphone;
17. Pethidine (Meperidine);
18. Pethidine - Intermediate - A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;
19. Pethidine - Intermediate - B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate;
20. Pethidine - Intermediate - C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;
21. Phenazocine;
22. Piminodine;
23. Racemethorphan;

24. Racemorphan;
25. Etorphine Hydrochloride salt only;
26. Alfentanil hydrochloride;
27. Levo-alphaacetylmethadol;
28. Codeine;
29. Hydrocodone;
30. Morphine;
31. Remifentanil;
32. Sufentanil; or
33. Tapentadol.

C. Any substance which contains any quantity of:

1. Methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers;
2. Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers;
3. Nabilone; or
4. Lisdexamfetamine.

D. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following substances having stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system:

1. Phenmetrazine and its salts;
2. Methylphenidate;

3. Amobarbital;
4. Pentobarbital;
5. Secobarbital; or
6. Ethylphenidate.

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-210, as last amended by Section 5, Chapter 305, O.S.L. 2015 (63 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-210), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-210. A. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system:

1. Chloral betaine;
2. Chloral hydrate;
3. Ethchlorvynol;
4. Ethinamate;
5. Meprobamate;
6. Paraldehyde;
7. Petrichloral;
8. Diethylpropion;
9. Phentermine;
10. Pemoline;
11. Chlordiazepoxide;

12. Chlordiazepoxide and its salts, but not including chlordiazepoxide hydrochloride and clidinium bromide or chlordiazepoxide and water-soluble esterified estrogens;

13. Diazepam;
14. Oxazepam;
15. Clorazepate;
16. Flurazepam and its salts;
17. Clonazepam;
18. Barbital;
19. Mebutamate;
20. Methohexital;
21. Methylphenobarbital;
22. Phenobarbital;
23. Fenfluramine;
24. Pentazocine;
25. Propoxyphene;
26. Butorphanol;
27. Alprazolam;
28. Halazepam;
29. Lorazepam;
30. Prazepam;
31. Temazepam;
32. Triazolam;
33. Carisoprodol;

34. Dichloralphenazone;

35. Estazolam;

36. Eszopiclone;

37. Midazolam;

38. Modafinil;

39. Zaleplon;

40. Zolpidem;

41. Tramadol;

42. Bromazepam; ~~or~~

43. Suvorexant;

44. Phenazepam;

45. Etizolam; or

46. Clonazolam.

B. 1. The following nonnarcotic substances, which may, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C., Section 301), be lawfully sold over the counter without a prescription, are excluded from all schedules of controlled substances under this title:

- a. Breathe-Aid,
- b. BronCare,
- c. Bronchial Congestion,
- d. Bronkaid Tablets,
- e. Bronkaid Dual Action Caplets,

- f. Bronkotabs,
- g. Bronkolixir,
- h. NeoRespin,
- i. Pazo Hemorrhoid Ointment and Suppositories,
- j. Primatene Tablets,
- k. Primatene "Dual Action" Formula,
- l. Quelidrine,
- m. Resp, and
- n. Vatronal Nose Drops.

2. At the request of any person, the Director may exempt any other drug product containing ephedrine from being included as a Schedule IV controlled substance if such product:

- a. is labeled and marketed in a manner consistent with the pertinent OTC tentative final or final monograph issued by the FDA, and
- b. is manufactured and distributed for legitimate medicinal use and in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood of abuse.

3. In making a determination regarding a drug product, the Director, after notice and hearing, shall consider the following:

- a. the history and current pattern of abuse,
- b. the name and labeling of the product,
- c. the intended manner of distribution, advertising and promotion of the product, and

- d. other factors as may be relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

4. The hearing shall be held in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act.

5. A list of current drug products meeting exemption requirements under this subsection may be obtained from the Bureau upon written request.

C. The Board of Pharmacy may except by rule any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any depressant substance listed in subsection A of this section from the application of all or any part of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, Section 2-101 et seq. of this title, if the compound, mixture, or preparation contains one or more active medicinal ingredients not having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, and if the admixtures are included therein in combinations, quantity, proportion, or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances which have a depressant effect on the central nervous system.

SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-502, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-502. A. Prescriptions, orders, and records, required by this act, and stock of substances specified in this act shall be open for inspection only to specifically designated or assigned state, county, and municipal officers, whose duty it is to enforce the laws of this state relating to controlled dangerous substances. The Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control may designate noncommissioned personnel as compliance inspectors for the purpose of conducting inspections as contemplated herein. No ~~officer~~ person having knowledge by virtue of his or her office of any such prescription, order or record shall divulge such knowledge, except where such use is appropriate to the proper performance of his or her official duties in the prevention of the misuse and abuse of controlled dangerous substances or in connection with a prosecution or proceeding in court or before a licensing or registration board or officer, to which prosecution or proceeding the person to whom such prescriptions, orders, or records relate is a party.

B. Any peace officer or agency charged with administration of this act is authorized to make administrative inspections of controlled premises in accordance with the following provisions:

1. For purposes of this act only, "controlled premises" means:

- a. places where persons registered or exempted from registration requirements under this act are required to keep records~~†~~1 and
- b. places including factories, warehouses, establishments, and conveyances where persons registered or exempted from registration requirements under this act are permitted to hold, manufacture, compound, process, sell, deliver, or otherwise dispose of any controlled dangerous substance.

2. This section shall not be construed to prevent the inspection of books and records pursuant to the provisions of this act; nor shall this section be construed to prevent entries and administrative inspections at reasonable times without a warrant:

- a. with the consent of the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled premises~~†~~1
- b. in situations presenting imminent danger to health or safety~~†~~1
- c. in situations involving inspection of conveyances where there is reasonable cause to believe that the mobility of the conveyance makes it impracticable to obtain a warrant~~†~~1
- d. in any other exceptional or emergency circumstance where time or opportunity to apply for a warrant is lacking~~†~~1 and
- e. in all other situations where a warrant is not constitutionally required.

3. Except when the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled premises so consents in writing, no inspection authorized by this section shall extend to:

- a. financial data~~+~~l
- b. sales data other than shipment data~~+~~l or
- c. pricing data.

SECTION 6. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Passed the Senate the 22nd day of May, 2017.

Presiding Officer of the Senate

Passed the House of Representatives the 23rd day of May, 2017.

Presiding Officer of the House
of Representatives

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

Received by the Office of the Governor this _____

day of _____, 20_____, at _____ o'clock _____ M.

By: _____

Approved by the Governor of the State of Oklahoma this _____

day of _____, 20_____, at _____ o'clock _____ M.

Governor of the State of Oklahoma

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Received by the Office of the Secretary of State this _____

day of _____, 20_____, at _____ o'clock _____ M.

By: _____