THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE BILL

No. 100

Session of 2023

INTRODUCED BY BROOKS, DILLON, LANGERHOLC, KANE, STREET, J. WARD, MASTRIANO, COSTA, L. WILLIAMS, REGAN AND COLLETT, APRIL 27, 2023

REFERRED TO HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, APRIL 27, 2023

AN ACT

- 1 Providing for patient access to diagnostics and treatments for
- Lyme disease and related tick-borne illnesses; and requiring
- health care policies to provide certain coverage.
- 4 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
- 5 hereby enacts as follows:
- 6 Section 1. Short title.
- 7 This act shall be known and may be cited as the Lyme Disease
- 8 and Related Tick-Borne Illness Diagnosis and Treatment Act.
- 9 Section 2. Legislative findings.
- 10 The General Assembly finds as follows:
- 11 (1) This Commonwealth has the highest incidence of Lyme
- 12 disease in the country in 10 of the past 11 years. Each year,
- approximately 100,000 Pennsylvanians get Lyme disease.
- 14 (2) In 2018, there were 102,080 confirmed and probable
- 15 Lyme disease cases reported in this Commonwealth, which
- represents 30.32% of all cases in the United States. This is
- an incidence rate of 70.3 per 100,000 confirmed and probable
- 18 cases in 2019.

- From 2010 to 2019, there have been more than 66,144 confirmed Lyme disease cases in this Commonwealth, but due to the fact that the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's number only represents confirmed cases, the estimated number of Lyme disease cases are 661,440 based on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's 10 times multiplier of actual cases. Therefore, with more than 12,960,000 Pennsylvanians in 2019, an estimated 5.1% of Pennsylvanians contracted Lyme disease in the same 10 years.
 - (4) In July 2021, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and the Physician General discussed the high incidence in Pennsylvania resulting in high prevalence of ticks and confirmed a high risk of Lyme disease in every county of this Commonwealth. The Department of Environmental Protection collected two times more blacklegged tick nymphs in 2021 compared to 2020 and stated that infected blacklegged ticks are present in all 67 counties in this Commonwealth.
 - (5) According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Lyme disease is the most common vector-borne disease in the United States.
 - (6) The early clinical diagnosis and appropriate treatment of these tick-borne diseases and illnesses can greatly reduce the risks of continued, diverse and chronic symptoms that can affect every system and organ of the human body and often every aspect of an individual's life.
 - (7) Between 10% to 40% of Lyme disease patients may go on to suffer from complex, chronic/persistent conditions which may be more difficult to treat.
- 30 (8) There are multiple diagnostic and treatment

- guidelines for diagnosis and treatment of Lyme disease and tick-borne illness.
- 3 (9) Scientific understanding of these complex tick-borne 4 illnesses is expected to evolve rapidly in the next decade, 5 including prevention, diagnosis and treatment options.
- 6 (10) A 2013 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention 7 study found that only 39% of individuals with Lyme disease 8 were treated using short-term antibiotics. The majority of 9 the individuals were treated for longer periods.
- In 2014, the Massachusetts Center for Health and 10 11 Information Analysis found little to no increase in insurance 12 costs as a result of expanding coverage to include longer-13 term courses of antibiotics. The expansion by fully insured 14 health plans was projected to result in an average annual increase, over five years, to the typical member's monthly 15 health insurance premiums of between a negligible amount and 16 17 13¢ per year.
- 18 Section 3. Legislative purpose.
- 19 The purposes of this act are:
- 20 (1) To promote the education and awareness of Lyme and 21 other tick-borne diseases and illnesses among health care 22 practitioners.
- 23 (2) To substantially reduce the incidence of tick-borne 24 diseases and illnesses by providing insurance coverage for 25 diagnostic testing and treatment.
- 26 (3) To eliminate, or at the very least, significantly
 27 reduce the number of confirmed Lyme disease cases and related
 28 tick-borne illnesses in this Commonwealth.
- 29 (4) To promote the availability of tick testing to aid 30 in determining a clinical diagnosis.

- 1 (5) To promote the availability of diagnostic testing
- 2 and antibiotic therapies for patients by licensed health care
- 3 practitioners.
- 4 (6) To improve public awareness of Lyme disease and
- 5 related tick-borne illnesses and educate the public about
- 6 tick bite prevention practices that can reduce the incidence
- 7 and prevalence of ticks in this Commonwealth.
- 8 Section 4. Definitions.
- 9 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall
- 10 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 11 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- "Clinical diagnosis." A diagnosis of a patient based
- 13 primarily on information obtained from medical history, a
- 14 physical examination of the patient and review of medical
- 15 records, including laboratory tests and radiologic studies or
- 16 other differential diagnostic testing.
- "Covered person." A policyholder, subscriber or other
- 18 individual who is entitled to receive health care services under
- 19 a health insurance policy.
- "Department." The Department of Health of the Commonwealth.
- 21 "Enrollee." An individual who is entitled to receive health
- 22 care services under an agreement with the Department of Human
- 23 Services.
- "Government program." Either of the following:
- 25 (1) The medical assistance program established under the
- 26 act of June 13, 1967 (P.L.31, No.21), known as the Human
- 27 Services Code.
- 28 (2) The children's health insurance program established
- 29 under Article XXIII-A of the act of May 17, 1921 (P.L.682,
- No.284), known as The Insurance Company Law of 1921.

- 1 "Health care practitioner." As defined in section 103 of the
- 2 act of July 19, 1979 (P.L.130, No.48), known as the Health Care
- 3 Facilities Act.
- 4 "Health insurance policy." An individual or group insurance
- 5 policy, subscriber contract, certificate or plan issued by an
- 6 insurer that provides medical or health care coverage, including
- 7 emergency services. The term does not include:
- 8 (1) An accident only policy.
- 9 (2) A credit only policy.
- 10 (3) A long-term care or disability income policy.
- 11 (4) A specified disease policy.
- 12 (5) A Medicare supplement policy.
- 13 (6) A TRICARE policy, including a Civilian Health and
- 14 Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS)
- 15 supplement policy.
- 16 (7) A fixed indemnity policy.
- 17 (8) A hospital indemnity policy.
- 18 (9) A dental only policy.
- 19 (10) A vision only policy.
- 20 (11) A workers' compensation policy.
- 21 (12) An automobile medical payment policy.
- 22 (13) A homeowners' insurance policy.
- 23 (14) A short-term limited duration policy.
- 24 (15) Any other similar policy providing for limited
- 25 benefits.
- 26 "Insurer." An entity licensed by the Insurance Department
- 27 with accident and health authority to issue a health insurance
- 28 policy that is offered or governed under any of the following:
- 29 (1) The Insurance Company Law of 1921, including section
- 30 630 and Article XXIV.

- 1 (2) The act of December 29, 1972 (P.L.1701, No.364),
- 2 known as the Health Maintenance Organization Act.
- 3 (3) 40 Pa.C.S. Ch. 61 (relating to hospital plan
- 4 corporations) or 63 (relating to practitioner health services
- 5 plan corporations).
- 6 "Lyme disease." Signs or symptoms compatible with acute,
- 7 late-stage, persistent infection with Borrelia burgdorferi or
- 8 complications related to such infection or with such other
- 9 strains of Borrelia, including, but not limited to, B.
- 10 miyamotoi, B. mayonii, B. garinii and B. afzelii, that are
- 11 recognized by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention as
- 12 a cause of Lyme disease. The term includes infection that meets
- 13 the surveillance criteria established by the Centers for Disease
- 14 Control and Prevention and other acute and persistent
- 15 manifestations of such an infection as determined by a health
- 16 care practitioner.
- 17 "Related tick-borne illness." The presence of signs or
- 18 symptoms compatible with infection with bartonella,
- 19 babesiosis/piroplasmosis, anaplasmosis, ehrlichiosis, Rocky
- 20 Mountain spotted fever, rickettsiosis or other tick-
- 21 transmissible illness or complications related to the
- 22 infections. The term does not include Lyme disease.
- "Surveillance criteria." The set of case definition
- 24 standards established by the Centers for Disease Control and
- 25 Prevention for the purposes of consistency in research or for
- 26 evaluating trends in the spread of various diseases, but which
- 27 the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention does not intend
- 28 to be used by health care practitioners for individual patient
- 29 diagnoses.
- 30 Section 5. Treatment.

- 1 (a) Testing and therapy. -- A health care practitioner may
- 2 order diagnostic testing and prescribe, administer or dispense
- 3 antibiotic therapy of the duration the licensed health care
- 4 practitioner determines appropriate for the patient, for the
- 5 therapeutic purpose of eliminating or controlling a patient's
- 6 infection or symptoms upon making a clinical diagnosis that the
- 7 patient has Lyme disease or a related tick-borne illness or
- 8 displays symptoms consistent with a clinical diagnosis of Lyme
- 9 disease or related tick-borne illnesses and by documenting the
- 10 diagnosis and treatment in the patient's medical records.
- 11 (b) Report. -- For the purpose of advancing tick-borne
- 12 diseases and illness research and documenting the incidence and
- 13 prevalence across Pennsylvania, the attending health care
- 14 practitioner shall consult and report to the Statewide registry
- 15 under section 6(c) when making a clinical diagnosis.
- 16 Section 6. Duties of department.
- 17 (a) Comprehensive educational program. -- The department shall
- 18 conduct an annual public information campaign to inform each
- 19 licensed physician, physician's assistant, certified registered
- 20 nurse and other health care practitioners of the requirements of
- 21 this act.
- 22 (b) Distribution of literature about Lyme disease and
- 23 related tick-borne illnesses. -- The department shall provide
- 24 educational material in accordance with the following:
- 25 (1) The department shall provide culturally and
- 26 linguistically appropriate educational materials regarding
- 27 Lyme disease and related tick-borne illnesses, prevention of
- disease and illness, treatment for disease and illness,
- 29 surveillance research and, when appropriate, the requirements
- 30 of this act.

- 1 (2) Educational materials shall be available at no cost
- 2 and shall be developed for specific audiences, including
- 3 health care practitioners, patients and the general public.
- 4 (c) Statewide registry. -- The department shall partner with
- 5 the Tick Research Lab of Pennsylvania at East Stroudsburg
- 6 University to develop an electronic database for use by the Tick
- 7 Research Lab, the department and health care practitioners. The
- 8 database shall include the following nonidentifiable patient
- 9 information submitted to the department:
- 10 (1) From the Tick Research Lab of Pennsylvania, tick
- 11 testing information, including the results of the testing and
- 12 the zip code and county location of where the tick was
- 13 extracted.
- 14 (2) From the health care practitioner, information,
- including diagnostic testing information and testing results,
- 16 confirmed or suspected diagnosis and surveillance criteria
- 17 applied to determine the confirmed or suspected diagnosis.
- 18 Section 7. Lyme Disease Testing Coverage.
- 19 (a) General rule. -- A health insurance policy or government
- 20 program shall provide to covered persons or enrollees who are
- 21 seeking treatment in accordance with section 5 for Lyme disease
- 22 or related tick-borne illness the following coverage when
- 23 ordered by the covered person's or enrollee's health care
- 24 practitioner:
- 25 (1) All diagnostic testing. This includes testing of all
- 26 bands on the western blot test for the purposes of a clinical
- 27 diagnosis and determining appropriate treatment.
- 28 (2) Tick testing.
- 29 (3) The prescribed treatment for Lyme disease or related
- 30 tick-borne illnesses if the clinical diagnosis and treatment

- 1 plan are documented in the covered person's or enrollee's
- 2 medical record. Treatment plans may include short-term or
- 3 long-term durations of antibiotic or antimicrobial
- 4 treatments, including both oral or intravenous, as prescribed
- 5 by the covered person's or enrollee's attending health care
- 6 practitioner.
- 7 (b) Copayments, deductibles and coinsurance. -- Coverage under
- 8 this section shall be subject to copayment, deductible and
- 9 coinsurance provisions and any other general exclusions or
- 10 limitations of a health insurance policy or government program
- 11 to the same extent as other medical services covered by the
- 12 health insurance policy or government program are subject to
- 13 these provisions.
- 14 (c) Construction. -- This section does not limit benefits
- 15 which are otherwise available to an individual under a health
- 16 insurance policy or government program.
- 17 (d) Report by insurers.--By January 1, 2025, an insurer
- 18 shall make a report to the Insurance Department, in a form and
- 19 manner as determined by the department, to evaluate the
- 20 implementation of this section.
- 21 Section 8. Application.
- 22 Section 7 shall apply as follows:
- 23 (1) For health insurance policies for which either rates
- 24 or forms are required to be filed with the Federal Insurance
- Office, this act shall apply to any health insurance policy
- 26 for which a form or rate is first filed on or after the
- 27 effective date of this section.
- 28 (2) For health insurance policies for which neither
- 29 rates nor forms are required to be filed with the Federal
- 30 Insurance Office, this act shall apply to any health

- insurance policy offered, issued or renewed on or after 180
- 2 days after the effective date of this section.
- 3 Section 9. Regulations.
- 4 The department shall promulgate rules and regulations to
- 5 administer and enforce this act.
- 6 Section 10. Effective date.
- 7 This act shall take effect in 60 days.