2025 -- H 5462

LC001169

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2025

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH SERVICES FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL HEALTHCARE NEEDS-EARLY INTERVENTION PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED INFANTS

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Tanzi, Casimiro, Donovan, McGaw, Ajello, Knight, Giraldo, Felix, Batista, and Cruz

Date Introduced: February 12, 2025

Referred To: House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Legislative findings.

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2 The general assembly finds and declares the following:

3 (1) Rhode Island has long been committed to delivering high-quality services to support

positive early childhood development and learning of children with developmental delays and

disabilities under Part C and Part B, Section 619 of the federal Individuals with Disabilities

Education Act ("IDEA") from infancy to kindergarten entry.

7 (2) Early identification and delivery of high-quality early childhood IDEA services to

children with developmental challenges, developmental delays, and disabilities can improve

educational outcomes, reduce long-term costs of special education, and maximize the long-term

potential of children succeeding in school and life.

11 (3) Effective early childhood IDEA services can help children make substantial

developmental progress. In Rhode Island, two (2) out of three (3) children with disabilities who

13 entered preschool below age expectations substantially increased their acquisition of knowledge

and skills to close or narrow the gap with same-age peers.

15 (4) The Rhode Island Early Intervention program established pursuant to § 23-13-22,

managed by the RI Executive Office of Health and Human Services, is the state's comprehensive,

17 coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency system that provides early intervention services for

infants and toddlers with developmental delays and disabilities and their families, as described and

partially funded through Part C of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

- 2 (5) The Rhode Island Department of Education oversees the state's early childhood special 3 education services providing free, appropriate, public education to all eligible children ages three 4 (3) to five (5) with developmental delays and disabilities, partially funded through a preschool 5 formula grant under Part B, Section 619 of the IDEA.
 - (6) Currently in Rhode Island, there is a strict cut off at a child's third birthday of Part C Early Intervention services. For children enrolled in Early Intervention who have spring or summer birthdays, this cutoff can lead to a gap of services before they start the early childhood special education services in September. Gaps are also created when a child's transition from Part C to Part B services is delayed for other reasons.
 - (7) Federal law allows states to create an option for families to extend Early Intervention services beyond a child's third birthday. See 34 C.F.R. § 303.211.
 - (8) Six (6) states (CO, CT, IL, MD, MO, TN) and the District of Columbia (DC) have implemented federally-approved frameworks to allow families to extend Early Intervention beyond the child's third birthday. This helps ensure continuity of services, fewer gaps in services and more students starting school in September with services in place.
 - (9) Under 34 C.F.R. § 303.734, the federal government reserves fifteen percent (15%) of any Part C appropriations in excess of four hundred sixty million dollars (\$460,000,000) for states with federally-approved Early Intervention extension options. In Federal Fiscal Year 2023, the federal government appropriated five hundred forty million dollars (\$540,000,000) for Part C, meaning that the funds reserved for Early Intervention extension states totaled twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000).
 - SECTION 2. Section 23-13-22 of the General Laws in Chapter 23-13 entitled "Maternal and Child Health Services for Children with Special Health Care Needs" is hereby amended to read as follows:

23-13-22. Early intervention program for developmentally disabled infants.

(a) The director secretary of the department of human services executive office of health and human services (EOHHS) shall ensure that all developmentally disabled infants from birth to three (3) years of age shall be enrolled in the early intervention program. Beginning July 1, 2025, EOHHS shall create a plan to allow children to remain in early intervention until the September after their third birthday, as allowed by federal law 20 U.S.C. § 1435(c), including seeking any federal approvals necessary or desirable to implement this new policy. By January 1, 2028, EOHHS shall begin allowing children who turn three (3) years old between April 1, 2028, and August 31, 2028, to remain in early intervention until September 1, 2028. Beginning January 1, 2029, EOHHS

shall allow children who turn three (3) in between January 1, 2029, and August 31, 2029, to remain in early intervention until September 1, 2029. Beginning September 1, 2029, EOHHS shall allow all eligible children to remain in early intervention until the September 1 following the child's third birthday. Regulations governing the delivery of services under this program, including eligibility criteria, shall be promulgated by the department of human services, with the advice of the interagency coordinating council; provided, however, that all regulations promulgated by the department of health shall remain in full force and effect until the time they are replaced by regulations promulgated by the department of human services EOHHS. The regulations shall stipulate, at a minimum, the following provisions that are consistent with the intent of this chapter:

- (1) The <u>director secretary</u> shall develop and maintain a procedure for the earliest possible identification and efficient referral of all developmentally disabled infants;
- (2) The director secretary shall ensure that every infant identified and referred to this program is enrolled as soon as possible after birth; and further, that for infants placed on a waiting list for facility based group programming, an early intervention program shall be made available within a thirty (30) day period from the time a need is identified in the individual program plan;
- (3) Unless parents refuse the service, the home visiting component of the program shall commence as soon as the infant has been identified as having a possible developmental disability;
- (4) Any parent(s) who is/are dissatisfied with decisions or termination of service or with practices and procedures of a particular agency or the department of human services EOHHS shall notify the director of the department of human services secretary of EOHHS in writing within thirty (30) calendar days and the complaint shall be reviewed in accordance with department of health EOHHS policy and procedures, as amended, and the Administrative Procedures Act, chapter 35 of title 42.
- (5) An early intervention program for purposes of this section shall mean a comprehensive array of educational, developmental, health, and social services provided on a calendar year basis to eligible infants, children, and their families as specified in program regulations.
- (b) Within ninety (90) days after October 1, 2004, an evaluation plan describing outcome measures that document the program's successes and shortcomings from the previous fiscal year shall be submitted to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate and the house oversight committee and the governor and the interagency coordinating council. Development of the plan shall be made in consultation with the entities with expertise in this area and the interagency coordinating council. The plan shall include a memorandum of understanding between the department of health, department of human services and the department of elementary and secondary education that demonstrates coordination and continuity of early intervention

services among these departments.

(c) Within six (6) months after January 1, 2005 where prescribed outcomes documented in the evaluation plan have not been accomplished the responsible agencies shall submit written explanations for the shortfalls, together with their proposed remedies. The report shall also include evaluation of the progress of the coordination efforts between the department of health and the department of human services and the department of elementary and secondary education and the interagency coordinating council and shall include any recommendations regarding modifications of the reimbursement mechanisms of this chapter.

(d) Within twelve (12) months after August 1, 2005 a final report shall include the progress of the coordination efforts between the department of health and the department of human services and department of elementary and secondary education, interagency coordinating council and shall include any recommendations regarding modifications to the comprehensive array of educational, developmental, health and social services provided on a calendar year basis to eligible infants, children and their families as specified in an early intervention system.

(e) All reports or documents required to be produced pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 1471 et seq., shall be submitted to the speaker of the house, president of the senate and the chairpersons of the appropriate house of representatives and senate oversight committees and the governor and the interagency coordinating council. Adherence to such plans and reporting requirements, and budgets and the timely achievement of goals contained therein shall be considered by the oversight committees of the house of representatives and senate, among other relevant factors, in determining appropriations or other systemic changes.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH SERVICES FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL HEALTHCARE NEEDS-EARLY INTERVENTION PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED INFANTS

This act would provide that the early intervention program for developmentally disabled infants be under the jurisdiction of the executive office of health and human services (EOHHS).

The act would also extend eligibility for early intervention services.

This act would take effect upon passage.