

2024 South Dakota Legislature

House Bill 1208**AMENDMENT 1208B
FOR THE INTRODUCED BILL**

1 **An Act to require the director of equalization to adjust certain agricultural land**
2 **values.**

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:

4 **Section 1. That § 10-6-130 be AMENDED:**

5 **10-6-130.** All soils must be divided into classes based on soil classification
6 standards developed by the United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources
7 Conservation Service. All agricultural land must be categorized as either cropland or
8 noncropland. Soil types with land capability class I, II, and III must be categorized as
9 cropland and land capability classes V, VI, VII, and VIII must be categorized as
10 noncropland. Soil types with land capability class IV may be categorized by the director of
11 equalization as either cropland or as noncropland. The director of equalization must notify
12 the department by November 1 of each year of any changes to the categorization of the
13 land capability class IV soil types. Beginning with the 2023 assessment year, the total
14 acres of class IV soil types classified as noncropland in a county may increase a maximum
15 of twenty percent over the total acres of class IV soil types classified as noncropland in
16 the county in the previous assessment year. The department shall provide each county
17 with soil ratings for all soil types present in the county. The director of equalization shall
18 implement the soil ratings and utilize the ratings as the basis for determining the value of
19 each soil type in the county.

20 The director ~~may~~ shall make an adjustment to a parcel pursuant to § 10-6-131.

21 Nothing in this section prohibits the department from categorizing soil types with
22 land capability class I, II or III as noncropland if one or more of the adjustment factors
23 contained in § 10-6-131 affects the productivity of the soil type, and the reasonable,
24 probable use of the soil type that is physically practical, appropriately supported,
25 financially feasible, and that results in the highest sustainable use of the land, is not
26 harvesting crops or plants produced.

1 **Section 2. That § 10-6-131 be AMENDED:**

2 **10-6-131.** Before July first each year, the secretary of revenue shall **annually**
3 provide each director the agricultural income value for each county as computed pursuant
4 to § 10-6-127. The director shall annually determine the assessed value of agricultural
5 land. ~~The~~ The director shall adjust the assessed value of agricultural land ~~may be adjusted~~
6 ~~by the director~~ to the extent that one or more of the following factors affect the
7 productivity of the land:

- 8 (1) Location;
- 9 (2) Size;
- 10 (3) Soil survey statistics;
- 11 (4) Terrain;
- 12 (5) Topographical condition;
- 13 (6) Climate;
- 14 (7) Accessibility; or
- 15 (8) Surface obstructions.

16 The director shall document each adjustment. The director shall document an
17 adjustment by using data from sources reasonably related to the adjustment being made.
18 In addition, the director ~~may~~ shall use data from comparable sales of agricultural land to
19 document the adjustment concerning productivity for any of the factors listed in this
20 section.

21 If the actual use of agricultural land varies from the land use category specified by
22 soil classification standards, or if any factors listed in this section exist that affect the
23 productivity of the land, the property owner may request an examination of the land by
24 the director on a form prescribed by the department. The director shall determine whether
25 to adjust the assessed value of the agricultural land pursuant to the factors listed in this
26 section.

27 The director shall document all supporting evidence for the adjustment
28 determination. The director shall provide any adjustment documentation to the
29 department upon request. The adjustment documentation must be kept in the director's
30 office for the life of the adjustment.