State of South Dakota

NINETY-SECOND SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2017

400Y0275

SENATE BILL NO. 27

Introduced by: The Committee on Judiciary at the request of the Office of the Attorney General

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to prohibit certain direct conflicts of interest by public
- 2 officials and to provide a penalty therefor.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. That chapter 22-30A be amended by adding a NEW SECTION to read:
- 5 For the purposes of section 2 of this Act, the term, public official, means any elected official,
- 6 appointed official, officer, employee, authority member, board member, commission member,
- 7 fiscal agent, executive of a local service agency, or any other person subject to the provisions
- 8 of chapter 3-16, 3-23, 5-18A, or 6-1.
- 9 Section 2. That chapter 22-30A be amended by adding a NEW SECTION to read:
- A public official may only use the powers and resources of public office to advance the
- public interest and not to obtain any personal benefit or pursue any private interest. Any public
- official who knowingly misappropriates funds or property that has been entrusted to the public
- official in violation of the public trust and that results in a direct financial benefit to the public
- official commits a direct criminal conflict of interest.
- Any public official who commits a direct criminal conflict of interest is guilty of theft.

- 2 - SB 27

- 1 Section 3. That the code be amended by adding a NEW SECTION to read:
- 2 An employee may file a grievance with the appropriate governmental entity if the employee
- 3 believes that there has been retaliation, because of reporting a violation of section 2 of this Act
- 4 through the chain of command of the employee's department, to the Office of the Attorney
- 5 General, or to the Department of Legislative Audit. If no grievance process exists, a civil action
- 6 may be filed in circuit court.
- 7 Section 4. That § 22-6-11 be amended to read:
- 8 22-6-11. The sentencing court shall sentence an offender convicted of a Class 5 or Class 6
- 9 felony, except those convicted under §§ 22-11A-2.1, 22-18-1, 22-18-1.05, 22-18-26, 22-19A-1,
- 10 22-19A-2, 22-19A-3, 22-19A-7, 22-19A-16, 22-22A-2, 22-22A-4, 22-24A-3, 22-22-24.3, 22-
- 24-1.2, 22-24B-2, 22-24B-12, 22-24B-12.1, 22-24B-23, 22-42-7, subdivision 24-2-14(1), 32-34-
- 5, section 2 of this Act, and any person ineligible for probation under § 23A-27-12, to a term
- of probation. If the offender is under the supervision of the Department of Corrections, the court
- shall order a fully suspended penitentiary sentence pursuant to § 23A-27-18.4. The sentencing
- 15 court may impose a sentence other than probation or a fully suspended penitentiary sentence if
- 16 the court finds aggravating circumstances exist that pose a significant risk to the public and
- 17 require a departure from presumptive probation under this section. If a departure is made, the
- 18 judge shall state on the record at the time of sentencing the aggravating circumstances and the
- same shall be stated in the dispositional order. Neither this section nor its application may be
- 20 the basis for establishing a constitutionally protected liberty, property, or due process interest.