

TENNESSEE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE



FISCAL MEMORANDUM

SB 987 – HB 1109

April 17, 2018

SUMMARY OF ORIGINAL BILL: Deletes the existing requirement for a student to meet one of the following in order to qualify for the Individualized Education Account (IEA) Program: (1) was previously enrolled in a Tennessee public school during the previous two semesters; (2) is attending a Tennessee school for the first time; or (3) received an IEA in the previous academic year.

CORRECTED FISCAL IMPACT OF ORIGINAL BILL:

Increase State Revenue –

\$77,800/FY18-19/Department of Education

\$81,700/FY19-20/Department of Education

\$85,800/FY20-21/Department of Education

Exceeds \$85,800 /FY21-22 and Subsequent Years/Department of Education

Increase Local Expenditures – Exceeds \$583,500/FY18-19*

Other Fiscal Impact – For local education agencies (LEAs) with students that opt to participate in the IEA program, the net shift of state and required local BEP funding from these local education agencies to the participating entities is estimated as follows: \$1,867,300 in FY18-19; \$1,961,600 in FY19-20; \$2,059,400 in FY20-21; and amounts exceeding \$2,059,400 in FY21-22 and subsequent years.

SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS (016572, 017518): Amendment 016572 deletes all language after the enacting clause. Requires the Office of Research and Education Accountability in the Office of the Comptroller of the Treasury (COT) to study and report on the use of funding provided by the state share of funds generated for components within the instructional salaries and wages category of the basic education program (BEP).

Amendment 017518 requires student growth evaluation composites generated by assessments administered in the 2017-2018 school year to be excluded from the student growth measure as if such exclusion results in a higher evaluation score for the teacher or principal for school years 2018-19 through 2019-20. Increases the qualitative portion of the evaluation to account for any necessary reduction to the student growth measure. Prohibits performance goals and measures from including student achievement or student growth data produced by the TNReady assessments administered in the 2017-2018 school year. Removes the section of code related to

the state report card and grading system. Grants each local school board of education authority to choose whether TNReady scores from the 2017-2018 school year comprise zero percent of a student's final grade for the spring semester or comprise the percentage of a student's final grade.

FISCAL IMPACT OF BILL WITH PROPOSED AMENDMENTS:

Other Fiscal Impact - Passage of this legislation would result in a mandatory increase in local government expenditures. The extent and timing of any mandatory local impacts cannot be determined for they are dependent upon future unknown events.*

Federal funds for K-12 education may be jeopardized as a result of this legislation. The precise amount, if any, cannot be reasonably determined.

Assumptions for the bill as amended:

- The COT will be able to create the report in accordance with the provisions of this legislation during the normal course of business; therefore, any fiscal impact related to the COT report is estimated to be not significant.
- No change in Basic Education Program funding formula.
- Excluding assessment data will increase some educators' evaluation scores.
- Evaluation scores as well as individual and school-wide TVAAS data are used in varying ways in the differentiated pay plans for various LEAs.
- Excluding assessment data from educator evaluations for whom the data would not help the educator's score will result in a net increase in local government expenditures to varying degrees depending on the extent to which the increased evaluation scores will affect LEA differentiated pay plans; due to unknown factors, the increase in local expenditures cannot reasonably be determined; however, any such impact is considered a mandatory impact.
- The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) requires states to annually identify performance goals for schools and LEAs.
- To the extent the state is out of compliances with ESSA, some federal funding for K-12 schools could be jeopardized.
- The amount of federal funding that could be in jeopardy is unknown and dependent upon action of the U.S. Department of Education; however, based on information from the National Conference of State Legislatures, no state is known to have lost federal funding under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), No Child Left Behind (NCLB), or Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA). Some states have come close and had to renegotiate waivers or have lost NCLB waivers.
- In FY17-18, the state received \$359,805,200 in ESEA and federal requirement funding.

CERTIFICATION:

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.



Krista M. Lee, Executive Director

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