

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 10261

To spark a renaissance in American manufacturing through the establishment of a American Manufacturing Renaissance Act to develop and monitor a national manufacturing strategy, to identify and address supply chain weaknesses as well as identify and address obstacles to inclusion and align manufacturing with strategic opportunities and imperatives through local multi-stakeholder Manufacturing Renaissance Councils, which are analogous to the technology hubs established in the Chips and Science Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 26, 2024

Ms. SCHAKOWSKY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Education and the Workforce, Financial Services, and Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To spark a renaissance in American manufacturing through the establishment of a American Manufacturing Renaissance Act to develop and monitor a national manufacturing strategy, to identify and address supply chain weaknesses as well as identify and address obstacles to inclusion and align manufacturing with strategic opportunities and imperatives through local multi-stakeholder Manufacturing Renaissance Councils, which are analog-

gous to the technology hubs established in the Chips and Science Act, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 “American Manufacturing Renaissance Act”.

6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings; purpose.
- Sec. 3. Establishment of Corporation.
- Sec. 4. Duties and authority of Corporation.
- Sec. 5. Board of Directors.
- Sec. 6. Officers and employees.
- Sec. 7. Reports and audits.
- Sec. 8. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 9. Regulations.
- Sec. 10. Definitions.

8 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS; PURPOSE.**

9 The Congress finds the following:

10 (1) Crisis in almost every sphere of life is now
11 the standard and is exacerbated through inequalities
12 that have grown exponentially over the last 40 years
13 with the dramatic decline in manufacturing being a
14 key contributing factor.

15 (2) A manufacturing renaissance is at the heart
16 of our ability to strategically and proactively address
17 our intersecting crises of racism, climate change,
18 and economic inequality.

1 (3) Only a revitalized manufacturing sector can
2 create the products, processes, and transition oppor-
3 tunities that are necessary to address the climate
4 crisis, including the strategic development of domes-
5 tic supply chains that strengthen economic resilience
6 to future economic and environmental shocks. Ex-
7 panding our advanced manufacturing sector is cen-
8 tral for the march to zero emissions and the de-car-
9 bonization of our society.

10 (4) The goal of revitalization is not to return to
11 the type of manufacturing sector we had in the past,
12 where workers of color, women, and socially and eco-
13 nomically disadvantaged individuals were last hired
14 and first fired, and where workers and communities
15 were excluded from the critical decisions in the pro-
16 ductive process.

17 (5) People who live, work, and play in Amer-
18 ica’s most polluted environments are commonly peo-
19 ple of color and the poor. Environmental justice ad-
20 vocates have shown that this is no accident. Commu-
21 nities of color, which are often also low-income, are
22 routinely targeted to host facilities that have nega-
23 tive environmental impacts—say, a landfill, dirty in-
24 dustrial plant, or truck depot. The statistics provide
25 clear evidence of what is commonly called “environ-

1 mental racism”. Communities of color have been
2 battling this injustice for decades. If we are to truly
3 to “Build Back Better” we must address this envi-
4 ronmental imbalance with a coherent, inclusive in-
5 dustrial policy, including providing funding for tran-
6 sitions for workers and for companies.

7 (6) Embracing inclusion and empowerment of
8 non-traditional manufacturing populations in all as-
9 pects of manufacturing is not only a competitive ad-
10 vantage, but a moral imperative.

11 **SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF CORPORATION.**

12 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a Amer-
13 ican Manufacturing Renaissance Act as a body corporate
14 in the Department of Commerce a nonprofit organization
15 that shall be responsible for developing and monitoring a
16 national manufacturing strategy by overseeing local multi-
17 stakeholder Manufacturing Renaissance Councils as well
18 as organizations, coalitions, and councils that have the es-
19 sential features of a Renaissance Council including a mis-
20 sion focused on sustainable development and inclusion, the
21 participation of all the major stakeholders including man-
22 ufacturers, labor, community-based organizations, edu-
23 cators, local government, environmental organizations,
24 and others.

1 (b) IMPLEMENTATION AND EXPANSION OF DEM-
2 ONSTRATION ACTIVITIES.—The Corporation shall imple-
3 ment and expand the demonstration activities carried out
4 by the Board of Directors through local multi-stakeholder
5 Manufacturing Renaissance Councils.

6 (c) PRINCIPAL OFFICE.—The Corporation shall
7 maintain its principal office in the District of Columbia
8 within the Department of Commerce or at such other
9 place the Corporation may from time to time prescribe.

10 (d) NONPROFIT NATURE OF CORPORATION.—

11 (1) PROHIBITION ON STOCK ISSUANCE OR DIVI-
12 DEND PAYMENT.—The Corporation may not issue
13 any shares of stocks or declare or pay any dividends.

14 (2) PROHIBITION ON INCOME AND ASSETS.—
15 The income and assets of the Corporation may not
16 inure to the benefit of any director, officer, or em-
17 ployee, except as reasonable compensation for serv-
18 ices or reimbursement for expenses.

19 (3) PROHIBITION ON POLITICAL CONTRIBU-
20 TIONS.—The Corporation may not contribute to or
21 otherwise support any political party or candidate
22 for elective public office.

23 (e) OPERATIONAL UNITS.—The operational units of
24 the Corporation are as follows:

25 (1) Applied Research and Technology.

(2) Public Outreach and Communication.

(3) Technical Assistance and Strategic Coordination.

7 SEC. 4. DUTIES AND AUTHORITY OF CORPORATION.

8 (a) DUTIES.—The Corporation shall have the fol-
9 lowing duties:

(A) Manufacturing representing 20 percent of gross domestic product by 2035.

(B) Net-zero greenhouse gas emissions sector-wide by 2030.

(C) Ensuring the diversity of owners in manufacturing sectors is representative of the relevant local areas by 2030.

1 (D) Balancing geographic diversity, com-
2 munity stability, and racial equity for locating
3 and planning new manufacturing capacity.

4 (E) Support the growth of employee own-
5 ership across the manufacturing sector.

6 (F) Closing identified skills gaps in the
7 manufacturing sector to zero.

8 (3) Review applications for and establish the
9 Manufacturing Renaissance Councils (“MRCs”).

10 (4) After receipt of the annual report from the
11 MRCs, direct the MRCs to make relevant pro-
12 grammatic changes in order to better achieve the na-
13 tional manufacturing strategy.

14 (b) MANUFACTURING RENAISSANCE COUNCILS.—

15 (1) MANUFACTURING RENAISSANCE COUN-
16 CILS.—Not later than 5 years after the date of the
17 enactment of this Act, the Corporation shall estab-
18 lish 30 Manufacturing Renaissance Councils or their
19 equivalent through a competitive bid process to carry
20 out the national manufacturing strategy.

21 (2) MRC DUTIES.—The duties of MRCs are as
22 follows:

23 (A) Design and implement programs to
24 achieve the objectives of the national manufac-
25 turing strategy, including programs to—

(i) conduct or update assessments to determine regional manufacturing needs;

(ii) develop or update goals and strategies to implement an existing comprehensive regional manufacturing plan;

(iii) facilitate coordinating the activities of local stakeholders;

(iv) research as needed to determine the use of funds in paragraph (6); and

(v) evaluate the activities and provide an annual report to the Board of Directors.

(A) IN GENERAL.—Each MRC shall have a governing board of at least 9 members. The board shall be composed of each representation of the following:

(i) Community stakeholder organizations, including at least one labor union representative, workforce training organizations, faith and community-based organizations, and environmental organizations.

(ii) Institutions of higher education, which may include Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Tribal Colleges or Universities, and Minority-Serving Institutions.

(iii) Local government.

(iv) Industry, including manufacturing business associations or manufacturing companies, a majority of which have 100 employees or less.

(v) Economic development organizations or similar entities focused primarily on improving science, technology, innovation, entrepreneurship, or access to capital.

(B) LEAD CONVENER OF MRC.—The members of the governing board described in sub-

1 paragraph (A) shall be eligible to serve as the
2 lead convener of the MRC, with the following
3 responsibilities:

4 (i) Submit the bid to establish the
5 MRC to the Corporation.

14 (5) APPLICATION.—An application to be des-
15 ignated as an MRC shall be assessed by the fol-
16 lowing criteria:

(B) Whether the applicant is located in a community of color or serves socially and economically disadvantaged individuals (any geo-

1 graphically distinct area where the population
2 of color of which is higher than the average
3 population of color of the State in which the
4 community is located).

5 (C) Whether the applicant is located in an
6 economically distressed community, as meas-
7 ured by a geographic area whose job growth has
8 been less than the eighty percent of the na-
9 tional rate of growth over the past forty years.

10 (D) Additional criteria determined to be
11 relevant by the Board of Directors.

12 (6) USE OF FUNDS.—The Corporation shall
13 make grants to MRCs to design and implement the
14 following programs:

15 (A) ANCHOR INSTITUTIONS.—Provide a
16 program of capacity building and technical as-
17 sistance to institutions of higher education and
18 local government to bring together diverse
19 stakeholders who commit sourcing to local com-
20 panies whenever possible to generate a predict-
21 able demand for local companies in order to
22 create community wealth building strategies.

23 (B) EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS.—Proactive
24 outreach to companies facing closure risks to
25 identify short and long-term technical and fi-

1 nancial needs. This outreach would be designed
2 to gather public data and information from em-
3 ployees and service providers to identify prob-
4 lems that can be solved before they constitute
5 a crisis. These activities may include:

- 6 (i) Providing assistance to employers
7 in managing reductions in force, which
8 may include early identification of firms at
9 risk of layoffs, and an assessment of the
10 needs of and options for at-risk firms.
- 11 (ii) Funding feasibility studies to de-
12 termine if the operations of a company
13 may be sustained through a buyout or
14 other means to avoid or minimize layoffs.
- 15 (iii) Partnering or contracting with
16 business-focused organizations to assess
17 risks to companies, propose strategies to
18 address those risks, implement services,
19 and measure impacts of services delivered.
- 20 (iv) Conducting analyses of the sup-
21 pliers of an affected company to assess
22 their risks and vulnerabilities from a po-
23 tential closing or shift in production of
24 their major customer.

1 (v) Engaging in proactive measures to
2 identify opportunities for potential eco-
3 nomic transition in growing industry sec-
4 tors or expanding businesses.

5 (C) OWNERSHIP SUCCESSION.—Develop
6 acquisition and ownership succession strategies
7 for firms, firms that are scheduled to be sold or
8 relocated, and strategically or geographically
9 important firms with a focus on worker owner-
10 ship, ownership by Black, Indigenous and peo-
11 ple of color, and women ownership. Such strate-
12 gies may include the following:

(iv) Providing financial assistance for employee ownership conversions.

(D) CAPITAL ACCESS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.—The MRCs will facilitate the development of publicly owned financial institutions, including publicly owned banks, holding companies, investment and asset management firms, revolving loan funds, and insurance pools that share the objectives of the national manufacturing strategy to support the growth of a robust local manufacturing ecosystem, including the following:

(iii) Providing grants and loans for commercial real estate development for business incubators and industrial parks, including expenses for environmental remediation.

(E) EDUCATION INFRASTRUCTURE TO CLOSE THE SKILLS GAP.—Education programs in public prekindergarten, elementary schools, and secondary schools that focus on creating pathways for people of color, women, and socially and economically disadvantaged individuals in manufacturing preparing for careers at all levels with the company, including production, engineering, product development, management, financial management, and ownership. Programs must integrate environmental concerns into the curriculum and activities. Apprenticeship programs will be developed to ensure an adequate pool of instructors for all aspects of the education infrastructure ensuring that manufacturing instructors are technologically, culturally, and pedagogically competent. Resources and training for pedagogically, culturally, and technologically competent instructors for career education, pre-ap-

1 apprenticeship, skills training, and community col-
2 lege programs in local public prekindergarten,
3 elementary schools, and secondary schools.

4 (F) TRAINING SERVICES.—Workforce pipe-
5 line activities, developed in coordination with
6 each local workforce development board estab-
7 lished in section 107 of the Workforce Innova-
8 tion and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3122),
9 that may include any of the following:

- 10 (i) Occupational skills training, in-
11 cluding training for nontraditional employ-
12 ment.
- 13 (ii) Programs that combine workplace
14 training with related instruction.
- 15 (iii) Skill upgrading and retraining.
- 16 (iv) Entrepreneurial training.
- 17 (v) Adult education and literacy ac-
18 tivities, including activities of English lan-
19 guage acquisition and integrated education
20 and training programs, provided concur-
21 rently or in combination with services de-
22 scribed in any of clauses (i) through (iv).
- 23 (vi) Customized training conducted
24 with a commitment by an employer or

1 group of employers to employ targeted
2 populations.

3 (vii) Paid and unpaid work experiences
4 that have as a component academic
5 and occupational education, which may in-
6 clude—

7 (I) summer employment opportu-
8 nities and other employment opportu-
9 nities available throughout the school
10 year;

11 (II) pre-apprenticeship programs;
12 (III) internships and job shad-
13 owing; and

14 (IV) youth apprenticeships.

15 (viii) Leadership development oppor-
16 tunities, which may include community
17 service and peer-centered activities encour-
18 aging responsibility and other positive so-
19 cial and civic behaviors, as appropriate—

20 (I) supportive services; and

21 (II) adult mentoring.

22 (ix) Manufacturing awareness and
23 stem programs targeting elementary
24 schools and middle schools.

(i) the provision of direct support services (such as childcare, transportation, mental health, and substance use disorder treatment), assistance in obtaining health insurance coverage, and assistance in accessing the supplemental nutrition assistance program established under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), the special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children established by section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786), housing, and other benefits, as appropriate; and

(ii) offering career pathway navigation and case management services, including providing information and outreach to target populations to encourage individuals to take part in programs and service offerings.

(H) EQUITY.—Provide non-traditional manufacturing populations (such as women, Black, Indigenous, and Latino entrepreneurs) with targeted support through—

(i) leadership development programs including mentoring and affinity groups;

(ii) curriculum development for diversity, equity, and inclusion trainings; and

(iii) delivery of free or low-cost equity trainings and planning for companies.

18 (c) GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY.—To
19 carry out the purposes of this Act and engage in the fore-
20 going activities described in subsection (b), the Corpora-
21 tion is authorized—

22 (1) to adopt, alter, and use a corporate seal;

23 (2) to make and perform contracts, agreements,

24 and commitments;

(3) to sue and be sued, complain and defend, in
any State, Federal, or other court;

9 (5) to settle, adjust, and compromise, and with
10 or without compensation or benefit to the Corpora-
11 tion to release or waive in whole or in part, in ad-
12 vance or otherwise, any claim, demand, or right of,
13 by, or against the Corporation;

14 (6) to invest such funds of the Corporation in
15 such investments as the Board of Directors may pre-
16 scribe by majority vote;

19 (8) to exercise all other powers that are nec-
20 essary and proper to carry out the purposes of this
21 Act

22 SEC. 5. BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

23 (a) MEMBERSHIP.—The Corporation shall be under
24 the direction of a Board of Directors composed of the fol-
25 lowing directors:

1 (1) A Chief Manufacturing Officer, appointed
2 by the President, by and with the advice and consent
3 of the Senate.

4 (2) The Secretary of Commerce, or an ap-
5 pointee of the Secretary.

6 (3) The Secretary of Labor, or an appointee of
7 the Secretary.

8 (4) The Secretary of Education, or an ap-
9 pointee of the Secretary.

10 (5) The Secretary of Energy, or an appointee of
11 the Secretary.

12 (6) The Secretary of the Treasury, or an ap-
13 pointee of the Secretary.

14 (7) The National Climate Advisor, or an ap-
15 pointee of the Advisor.

16 (8) National Science Foundation Director, or
17 an appointee of the Director.

18 (9) A manufacturing labor representative who
19 within the past five years served in elected leader-
20 ship of a national or regional labor union or fede-
21 ration, appointed by the President.

22 (10) A representative who is a prekindergarten,
23 elementary school, or secondary school educator or
24 who within the past 5 years served in elected leader-

1 ship of a labor union, association, or federation for
2 educators, appointed by the President.

3 (11) A employee-owner representative who with-
4 in the past five years served in elected leadership of
5 an employee-owned manufacturing firm, appointed
6 by the President.

7 (12) A manufacturing business representative
8 who within the past five years served in a voluntary
9 leadership position in a manufacturing business as-
10 sociation, appointed by the President.

11 (13) A faith representative who within the past
12 five years served in a voluntary leadership position
13 in a national or regional faith-based community de-
14 velopment association, appointed by the President.

15 (14) A racial justice representative who within
16 the past five years served in a voluntary leadership
17 position in a nonprofit organization that develops
18 strategies toward Black, Latino, Asian-American, or
19 Indigenous advancement, appointed by the Presi-
20 dent.

21 (15) An environmental representative who with-
22 in the past five years served in a voluntary leader-
23 ship position in a nonprofit organization that devel-
24 ops strategies towards addressing the climate crisis,
25 appointed by the President.

1 (16) The Director of the Domestic Policy Coun-
2 cil, or an appointee.

3 (b) CHAIR OF THE BOARD.—The Board shall elect
4 a Chair of the Board from the directors who shall serve
5 for a term of 2 years, except that the Secretary of Com-
6 merce shall serve as Chair of the Board for the first 2-
7 year term.

8 (c) TERMS OF OFFICE.—Each director of the Cor-
9 poration shall serve at the pleasure of the President.

10 (d) COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES.—The directors
11 of the Corporation, as officers of the United States, shall
12 serve without additional compensation but shall be reim-
13 bursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary ex-
14 penses incurred in the performance of the duties as direc-
15 tors of the Corporation.

16 (e) QUORUM.—The presence of a majority of the
17 Board of Directors or a representative shall constitute a
18 quorum.

19 **SEC. 6. OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.**

20 (a) APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The
21 Board of Directors shall appoint an executive director who
22 shall serve as chief executive officer of the Corporation.

23 (b) APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF EMPLOYEES BY
24 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The executive director of the
25 Corporation, subject to approval by the Board, may ap-

1 point and remove such employees of the Corporation as
2 the executive director determines necessary to carry out
3 the purposes of the Corporation.

4 (c) PROHIBITION OF POLITICAL TESTS AND QUALI-
5 FICATIONS IN SELECTION OF PERSONNEL.—A political
6 test and political qualification may not be used in select-
7 ing, appointing, promoting, or taking any other personnel
8 action with respect to any officer, agent, or employee of
9 the Corporation or of any recipient, or in selecting or mon-
10 itoring any grantee, contractor, or person or entity receiv-
11 ing financial assistance under this Act.

12 (d) EMPLOYEE STATUS; APPLICABILITY OF ADMINIS-
13 TRATIVE AND COST STANDARDS OF OFFICE OF MANAGE-
14 MENT AND BUDGET.—Officers and employees of the Cor-
15 poration shall not be considered officers or employees of
16 the United States, and the Corporation shall not be con-
17 sidered a department, agency, or instrumentality of the
18 Federal Government. The Corporation shall be subject to
19 administrative and cost standards issued by the Office of
20 Management and Budget similar to standards applicable
21 to non-profit grantees.

22 (e) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—The Corporation shall
23 be supported by an advisory committee established by the
24 Board of Directors, consisting of academic and industry
25 experts, public administrators, local community stake-

1 holders, and others at the discretion of the Board of Direc-
2 tors.

3 (f) NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL.—Each local MRC
4 shall select three representatives of the local MRC, includ-
5 ing a representative of a company with less than 100 em-
6 ployees, a representative of the labor movement, and a
7 representative of a community based organization to serve
8 on a national advisory council that shall advise the Cor-
9 poration. Any representative shall—

- 10 (1) be an active member in MRC work;
11 (2) be a leader active in promoting and building
12 the partnerships with labor, manufacturers, govern-
13 ment, and environmental, and community organiza-
14 tions. and work of the MRC; and
15 (3) commit to participate in 2 national meet-
16 ings of the advisory council annually and participate
17 in company, union, or community-based organization
18 subcommittees.

19 **SEC. 7. REPORTS AND AUDITS.**

20 (a) ANNUAL REPORT TO PRESIDENT AND CON-
21 GRESS.—Not later than March 1 of each year, the execu-
22 tive director of the Corporation shall publish and submit
23 to the President and Congress an annual report that con-
24 tains the following:

- 25 (1) The national manufacturing strategy.

1 (2) The activities being carried out by the Corporation
2 and local Manufacturing Renaissance Councils.

4 (3) A statement of financial position and the
5 use of appropriated funds by the Corporation.

6 (b) ANNUAL AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS.—The accounts of
7 the Corporation shall be audited annually. Such audits
8 shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted
9 auditing standards by independent certified public ac-
10 countants who are certified by a regulatory authority of
11 the jurisdiction in which the audit is undertaken.

12 (c) GAO AUDIT.—The Government Accountability
13 Office may audit the financial transactions of the Corpora-
14 tion for any fiscal year in which Federal funds are made
15 available to the Corporation in accordance with such rules
16 and regulations as may be prescribed by the Comptroller
17 General of the United States.

18 (d) AUDIT OF GRANTEES AND CONTRACTORS OF
19 CORPORATION.—For any fiscal year in which Federal
20 funds are made available to finance any portion of grant
21 or contract made by the Corporation, the Government Ac-
22 countability Office, in accordance with such rules and reg-
23 ulations as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General
24 of the United States, may audit the grantees or contrac-
25 tors of the Corporation.

1 (e) ANNUAL FINANCIAL AUDIT.—The Corporation
2 shall conduct or require each grantee or contractor to pro-
3 vide for an annual financial audit. The report of each such
4 audit shall be maintained for a period of at least five years
5 at the principal office of the Corporation.

6 **SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

7 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be
9 appropriated to the Corporation to carry out this
10 Act the following:

11 (A) \$4,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

12 (B) \$4,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2027.

13 (C) \$4,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2028.

14 (2) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE LIMIT.—Not
15 more than 15 percent of any amount authorized to
16 be appropriated under paragraph (1) for any fiscal
17 year may be used for administrative expenses.

18 (3) GRANTS AND TRAINING FUNDS.—Of the
19 amounts authorized to be appropriated under this
20 subsection for any fiscal year, amounts appropriated
21 in excess of the amount necessary to continue exist-
22 ing services of the Corporation in revitalizing and re-
23 investing in manufacturing shall be available—

24 (A) to make grants under section 4(b)(3);

25 and

(B) to establish a training and leadership development institute within the Corporation to train and develop leaders in the manufacturing sector.

5 (b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS UNTIL EXPENDED.—
6 Any funds authorized to be appropriated under this sec-
7 tion shall remain available until expended.

8 (c) ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING OF NON-FEDERAL
9 FUNDS.—Non-Federal funds received by the Corporation,
10 and funds received by any recipient from a source other
11 than the Corporation, shall be accounted for and reported
12 as receipts and disbursements separate and distinct from
13 Federal funds.

14 (d) PREPARATION OF BUSINESS-TYPE BUDGET.—

15 The executive director of the Corporation shall annually
16 submit to the Director of the Office of Management and
17 Budget a budget under such rules and regulations as the
18 President may establish as to the date of submission, the
19 form and content, the classifications of data, and the man-
20 ner in which such budget shall be prepared and presented.

21 The budget of the Corporation as modified, amended, or
22 revised by the President shall be transmitted to the Con-
23 gress as part of the annual budget required by chapter
24 11 of title 31, United States Code. Amendments to the
25 annual budget of the Corporation may be submitted annu-

1 ally from the Corporation to the congressional committees
2 of jurisdiction.

3 **SEC. 9. REGULATIONS.**

4 (a) PROPOSED REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180
5 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
6 retary of Commerce, in collaboration with the Secretary
7 of Labor, the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of De-
8 fense, the Secretary of Energy, and the Secretary of the
9 Treasury, as appropriate, shall develop and publish in the
10 Federal Register proposed regulations relating to the im-
11 plementation of this Act.

12 (b) FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than 12 months
13 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
14 of Commerce, in collaboration with the Secretary of
15 Labor, the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of De-
16 fense, the Secretary of Energy, and the Secretary of the
17 Treasury, as appropriate, shall develop and publish in the
18 Federal Register final regulations relating to the transi-
19 tion to and implementation of this Act.

20 **SEC. 10. DEFINITIONS.**

21 In this Act:

22 (1) ANCHOR INSTITUTION.—The term “anchor
23 institution” means a place-based public or nonprofit
24 organization that contributes to economic develop-
25 ment strategies with its commercial practices.

1 (2) BOARD; BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The terms
2 “Board” and “Board of Directors” means the Board
3 of Directors described under section 5.

4 (3) CONVENING ENTITY.—The term “convening
5 entity” means the stakeholder organization that sub-
6 mits the bid on behalf of the local Manufacturing
7 Renaissance Council and serves as the ongoing chief
8 administrative entity for the programs.

9 (4) CORPORATION; MANUFACTURING REINVEST-
10 MENT CORPORATION.—The terms “Corporation”
11 and “Manufacturing Reinvestment Corporation”
12 mean the corporate body established in section 3.

13 (5) ESEA TERMS.—The terms “elementary
14 school” and “secondary school” have the meanings
15 given such terms in section 8101 of the Elementary
16 and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
17 7801).

18 (6) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The
19 term “institution of higher education” has the
20 meaning given such term in section 101 of the High-
21 er Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).

22 (7) MANUFACTURING RENAISSANCE COUNCIL;
23 MRC.—The terms “Manufacturing Renaissance
24 Council” and “MRC” mean the local multi-stake-
25 holder body responsible for designing and overseeing

1 programs as part of the national manufacturing
2 strategy described in section 4(b).

3 (8) MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The
4 term “minority-serving institution” means an insti-
5 tution listed in section 371(a) of the Higher Edu-
6 cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).

7 (9) NATIONAL MANUFACTURING STRATEGY.—
8 The term “national manufacturing strategy” means
9 the manufacturing strategy for the United States re-
10 quired pursuant to section 4(a)(1).

11 (10) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term
12 “nonprofit organization” means an organization that
13 is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Rev-
14 enue Code of 1968 and exempt from taxation under
15 section 501(a) of such Code.

○