

114TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1824

To repeal the current Internal Revenue Code and replace it with a flat tax, thereby guaranteeing economic growth and fairness for all Americans.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 15, 2015

Mr. ROGERS of Alabama introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To repeal the current Internal Revenue Code and replace it with a flat tax, thereby guaranteeing economic growth and fairness for all Americans.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the  
5 “Simplified, Manageable, And Responsible Tax Act” or  
6 the “SMART Act”.

7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

## TITLE I—TAX REDUCTION AND SIMPLIFICATION

- Sec. 101. Individual income tax.  
 Sec. 102. Tax on business activities.  
 Sec. 103. Simplification of rules relating to qualified retirement plans.  
 Sec. 104. Repeal of alternative minimum tax.  
 Sec. 105. Repeal of credits.  
 Sec. 106. Repeal of estate and gift taxes and obsolete income tax provisions.  
 Sec. 107. Effective date.

## TITLE II—SUPERMAJORITY REQUIRED FOR TAX CHANGES

- Sec. 201. Supermajority required.

1     **TITLE I—TAX REDUCTION AND**  
 2                     **SIMPLIFICATION**

3     **SEC. 101. INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX.**

4             (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1 of the Internal Revenue  
 5 Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:

6     **“SEC. 1. TAX IMPOSED.**

7             “There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of  
 8 every individual a tax equal to 17 percent of the taxable  
 9 income of such individual for such taxable year.”.

10            (b) TAXABLE INCOME.—Section 63 of such Code is  
 11 amended to read as follows:

12     **“SEC. 63. TAXABLE INCOME.**

13            “(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this subtitle, the  
 14 term ‘taxable income’ means the excess of—

15                     “(1) the sum of—

16                             “(A) wages (as defined in section 3121(a)  
 17 without regard to paragraph (1) thereof) which  
 18 are paid in cash and which are received during

1 the taxable year for services performed in the  
2 United States,

3 “(B) retirement distributions which are in-  
4 cludible in gross income for such taxable year,  
5 plus

6 “(C) amounts received under any law of  
7 the United States or of any State which is in  
8 the nature of unemployment compensation, over  
9 “(2) the standard deduction.

10 “(b) STANDARD DEDUCTION.—

11 “(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this sub-  
12 title, the term ‘standard deduction’ means the sum  
13 of—

14 “(A) the basic standard deduction, plus

15 “(B) the additional standard deduction.

16 “(2) BASIC STANDARD DEDUCTION.—For pur-  
17 poses of paragraph (1), the basic standard deduction  
18 is—

19 “(A) \$28,960 in the case of—

20 “(i) a joint return, or

21 “(ii) a surviving spouse (as defined in  
22 section 2(a)),

23 “(B) \$18,490 in the case of a head of  
24 household (as defined in section 2(b)), and

1           “(C) \$14,480 in the case of an indi-  
2           vidual—

3                   “(i) who is not married and who is  
4                   not a surviving spouse or head of house-  
5                   hold, or

6                   “(ii) who is a married individual filing  
7                   a separate return.

8           “(3) ADDITIONAL STANDARD DEDUCTION.—For  
9           purposes of paragraph (1), the additional standard  
10          deduction is \$6,240 for each dependent (as defined  
11          in section 152) who is described in section 151(c)  
12          for the taxable year and who is not required to file  
13          a return for such taxable year.

14          “(c) RETIREMENT DISTRIBUTIONS.—For purposes of  
15          subsection (a), the term ‘retirement distribution’ means  
16          any distribution from—

17                   “(1) a plan described in section 401(a) which  
18                   includes a trust exempt from tax under section  
19                   501(a),

20                   “(2) an annuity plan described in section  
21                   403(a),

22                   “(3) an annuity contract described in section  
23                   403(b),

24                   “(4) an individual retirement account described  
25                   in section 408(a),

1           “(5) an individual retirement annuity described  
2           in section 408(b),

3           “(6) an eligible deferred compensation plan (as  
4           defined in section 457),

5           “(7) a governmental plan (as defined in section  
6           414(d)), or

7           “(8) a trust described in section 501(c)(18).

8           Such term includes any plan, contract, account, annuity,  
9           or trust which, at any time, has been determined by the  
10          Secretary to be such a plan, contract, account, annuity,  
11          or trust.

12          “(d) INCOME OF CERTAIN CHILDREN.—For purposes  
13          of this subtitle—

14                 “(1) an individual’s taxable income shall include  
15                 the taxable income of each dependent child of such  
16                 individual who has not attained age 14 as of the  
17                 close of such taxable year, and

18                 “(2) such dependent child shall have no liability  
19                 for tax imposed by section 1 with respect to such in-  
20                 come and shall not be required to file a return for  
21                 such taxable year.

22          “(e) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—

23                 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any taxable  
24                 year beginning in a calendar year after 2016, each  
25                 dollar amount contained in subsection (b) shall be

1 increased by an amount determined by the Secretary  
2 to be equal to—

3 “(A) such dollar amount, multiplied by

4 “(B) the cost-of-living adjustment for such  
5 calendar year.

6 “(2) COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENT.—For pur-  
7 poses of paragraph (1), the cost-of-living adjustment  
8 for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by  
9 which—

10 “(A) the CPI for the preceding calendar  
11 year, exceeds

12 “(B) the CPI for the calendar year 2015.

13 “(3) CPI FOR ANY CALENDAR YEAR.—For pur-  
14 poses of paragraph (2), the CPI for any calendar  
15 year is the average of the Consumer Price Index as  
16 of the close of the 12-month period ending on Au-  
17 gust 31 of such calendar year.

18 “(4) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX.—For purposes  
19 of paragraph (3), the term ‘Consumer Price Index’  
20 means the last Consumer Price Index for all-urban  
21 consumers published by the Department of Labor.  
22 For purposes of the preceding sentence, the revision  
23 of the Consumer Price Index which is most con-  
24 sistent with the Consumer Price Index for calendar  
25 year 1986 shall be used.

1           “(5) ROUNDING.—If any increase determined  
2           under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$10, such  
3           increase shall be rounded to the next highest mul-  
4           tiple of \$10.

5           “(f) MARITAL STATUS.—For purposes of this section,  
6           marital status shall be determined under section 7703.”.

7           **SEC. 102. TAX ON BUSINESS ACTIVITIES.**

8           (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 11 of the Internal Rev-  
9           enue Code of 1986 (relating to tax imposed on corpora-  
10          tions) is amended to read as follows:

11          **“SEC. 11. TAX IMPOSED ON BUSINESS ACTIVITIES.**

12          “(a) TAX IMPOSED.—There is hereby imposed on  
13          every person engaged in a business activity a tax equal  
14          to 17 percent of the business taxable income of such per-  
15          son.

16          “(b) LIABILITY FOR TAX.—The tax imposed by this  
17          section shall be paid by the person engaged in the business  
18          activity, whether such person is an individual, partnership,  
19          corporation, or otherwise.

20          “(c) BUSINESS TAXABLE INCOME.—For purposes of  
21          this section—

22                  “(1) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘business taxable  
23                  income’ means gross active income reduced by the  
24                  deductions specified in subsection (d).

25                  “(2) GROSS ACTIVE INCOME.—

1           “(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of para-  
2 graph (1), the term ‘gross active income’ means  
3 gross receipts from—

4           “(i) the sale or exchange of property  
5 or services in the United States by any  
6 person in connection with a business activ-  
7 ity, and

8           “(ii) the export of property or services  
9 from the United States in connection with  
10 a business activity.

11           “(B) EXCHANGES.—For purposes of this  
12 section, the amount treated as gross receipts  
13 from the exchange of property or services is the  
14 fair market value of the property or services re-  
15 ceived, plus any money received.

16           “(C) COORDINATION WITH SPECIAL RULES  
17 FOR FINANCIAL SERVICES, ETC.—Except as  
18 provided in subsection (e)—

19           “(i) the term ‘property’ does not in-  
20 clude money or any financial instrument,  
21 and

22           “(ii) the term ‘services’ does not in-  
23 clude financial services.

24           “(3) EXEMPTION FROM TAX FOR ACTIVITIES OF  
25 GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES AND TAX-EXEMPT ORGA-



1 NIZATIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term  
2 ‘business activity’ does not include any activity of a  
3 governmental entity or of any other organization  
4 which is exempt from tax under this chapter.

5 “(d) DEDUCTIONS.—

6 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The deductions specified in  
7 this subsection are—

8 “(A) the cost of business inputs for the  
9 business activity,

10 “(B) wages (as defined in section 3121(a)  
11 without regard to paragraph (1) thereof) which  
12 are paid in cash for services performed in the  
13 United States as an employee, and

14 “(C) retirement contributions to or under  
15 any plan or arrangement which makes retire-  
16 ment distributions (as defined in section 63(e))  
17 for the benefit of such employees to the extent  
18 such contributions are allowed as a deduction  
19 under section 404.

20 “(2) BUSINESS INPUTS.—

21 “(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of para-  
22 graph (1), the term ‘cost of business inputs’  
23 means—

1           “(i) the amount paid for property sold  
2           or used in connection with a business ac-  
3           tivity,

4           “(ii) the amount paid for services  
5           (other than for the services of employees,  
6           including fringe benefits paid by reason of  
7           such services) in connection with a busi-  
8           ness activity, and

9           “(iii) any excise tax, sales tax, cus-  
10          toms duty, or other separately stated levy  
11          imposed by a Federal, State, or local gov-  
12          ernment on the purchase of property or  
13          services which are for use in connection  
14          with a business activity.

15          Such term shall not include any tax imposed by  
16          chapter 2 or 21.

17          “(B) EXCEPTIONS.—Such term shall not  
18          include—

19                 “(i) items described in subparagraphs  
20                 (B) and (C) of paragraph (1), and

21                 “(ii) items for personal use not in  
22                 connection with any business activity.

23          “(C) EXCHANGES.—For purposes of this  
24          section, the amount treated as paid in connec-  
25          tion with the exchange of property or services

1 is the fair market value of the property or serv-  
2 ices exchanged, plus any money paid.

3 “(e) SPECIAL RULES FOR FINANCIAL INTERMEDI-  
4 ATION SERVICE ACTIVITIES.—In the case of the business  
5 activity of providing financial intermediation services, the  
6 taxable income from such activity shall be equal to the  
7 value of the intermediation services provided in such activ-  
8 ity.

9 “(f) EXCEPTION FOR SERVICES PERFORMED AS EM-  
10 PLOYEE.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘business  
11 activity’ does not include the performance of services by  
12 an employee for the employee’s employer.

13 “(g) CARRYOVER OF CREDIT-EQUIVALENT OF EX-  
14 CESS DEDUCTIONS.—

15 “(1) IN GENERAL.—If the aggregate deductions  
16 for any taxable year exceed the gross active income  
17 for such taxable year, the credit-equivalent of such  
18 excess shall be allowed as a credit against the tax  
19 imposed by this section for the following taxable  
20 year.

21 “(2) CREDIT-EQUIVALENT OF EXCESS DEDUC-  
22 TIONS.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the credit-  
23 equivalent of the excess described in paragraph (1)  
24 for any taxable year is an amount equal to—

25 “(A) the sum of—

1 “(i) such excess, plus

2 “(ii) the product of such excess and  
3 the 3-month Treasury rate for the last  
4 month of such taxable year, multiplied by

5 “(B) the rate of the tax imposed by sub-  
6 section (a) for such taxable year.

7 “(3) CARRYOVER OF UNUSED CREDIT.—If the  
8 credit allowable for any taxable year by reason of  
9 this subsection exceeds the tax imposed by this sec-  
10 tion for such year, then (in lieu of treating such ex-  
11 cess as an overpayment) the sum of—

12 “(A) such excess, plus

13 “(B) the product of such excess and the 3-  
14 month Treasury rate for the last month of such  
15 taxable year, shall be allowed as a credit  
16 against the tax imposed by this section for the  
17 following taxable year.

18 “(4) 3-MONTH TREASURY RATE.—For purposes  
19 of this subsection, the 3-month Treasury rate is the  
20 rate determined by the Secretary based on the aver-  
21 age market yield (during any 1-month period se-  
22 lected by the Secretary and ending in the calendar  
23 month in which the determination is made) on out-  
24 standing marketable obligations of the United States

1 with remaining periods to maturity of 3 months or  
2 less.”.

3 (b) TAX ON TAX-EXEMPT ENTITIES PROVIDING  
4 NONCASH COMPENSATION TO EMPLOYEES.—Section  
5 4977 of such Code is amended to read as follows:

6 **“SEC. 4977. TAX ON NONCASH COMPENSATION PROVIDED**  
7 **TO EMPLOYEES NOT ENGAGED IN BUSINESS**  
8 **ACTIVITY.**

9 “(a) IMPOSITION OF TAX.—There is hereby imposed  
10 a tax equal to 17 percent of the value of excludable com-  
11 pensation provided during the calendar year by an em-  
12 ployer for the benefit of employees to whom this section  
13 applies.

14 “(b) LIABILITY FOR TAX.—The tax imposed by this  
15 section shall be paid by the employer.

16 “(c) EXCLUDABLE COMPENSATION.—For purposes  
17 of subsection (a), the term ‘excludable compensation’  
18 means any remuneration for services performed as an em-  
19 ployee other than—

20 “(1) wages (as defined in section 3121(a) with-  
21 out regard to paragraph (1) thereof) which are paid  
22 in cash,

23 “(2) remuneration for services performed out-  
24 side the United States, and

1           “(3) retirement contributions to or under any  
2           plan or arrangement which makes retirement dis-  
3           tributions (as defined in section 63(c)).

4           “(d) EMPLOYEES TO WHOM SECTION APPLIES.—  
5           This section shall apply to an employee who is employed  
6           in any activity by—

7           “(1) any organization which is exempt from  
8           taxation under this chapter, or

9           “(2) any agency or instrumentality of the  
10          United States, any State or political subdivision of  
11          a State, or the District of Columbia.”.

12   **SEC. 103. SIMPLIFICATION OF RULES RELATING TO QUALI-**  
13                           **FIED RETIREMENT PLANS.**

14          (a) IN GENERAL.—The following provisions of the In-  
15          ternal Revenue Code of 1986 are hereby repealed:

16               (1) NONDISCRIMINATION RULES.—

17                       (A) Paragraphs (4) and (5) of section  
18                       401(a) (relating to nondiscrimination require-  
19                       ments).

20                       (B) Sections 401(a)(10)(B) and 416 (re-  
21                       lating to top heavy plans).

22                       (C) Section 401(a)(17) (relating to com-  
23                       pensation limit).

24                       (D) Paragraphs (3), (6), and (26) of sec-  
25                       tion 401(a), and section 410(b) (relating to

1 minimum participation and coverage require-  
2 ments).

3 (E) Paragraphs (3), (8), (11), (12), and  
4 (13) of section 401(k), and section 4979 (relat-  
5 ing to actual deferral percentage).

6 (F) Section 401(l) (relating to permitted  
7 disparity in plan contributions or benefits).

8 (G) Section 401(m) (relating to non-  
9 discrimination test for matching contributions  
10 and employee contributions).

11 (H) Paragraphs (1)(D) and (12) of section  
12 403(b) (relating to nondiscrimination require-  
13 ments).

14 (I) Paragraphs (3) and (6) (other than  
15 subparagraph (A)(i) thereof) of section 408(k)  
16 (relating to simplified employee pensions).

17 (2) CONTRIBUTION LIMITS.—

18 (A) Sections 401(a)(16), 402(h)(2),  
19 403(b)(3) and (4), and 415 (relating to limita-  
20 tions on benefits and contributions under quali-  
21 fied plans).

22 (B) Sections 401(a)(30), 402(g), and  
23 403(b)(1)(E) (relating to limitation on exclu-  
24 sion for elective deferrals).

1 (C) Paragraphs (3) and (7) of section  
2 404(a) (relating to percentage of compensation  
3 limits).

4 (D) Section 404(l) (relating to limit on in-  
5 cludible compensation).

6 (3) RESTRICTIONS ON DISTRIBUTIONS.—

7 (A) Section 72(t) (relating to 10-percent  
8 additional tax on early distributions from quali-  
9 fied retirement plans).

10 (B) Sections 401(a)(9), 403(b)(10), and  
11 4974 (relating to minimum distribution rules).

12 (C) Section 402(e)(4) (relating to net un-  
13 realized appreciation).

14 (4) SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PLAN BENE-  
15 FITTING SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS.—Sub-  
16 sections (a)(10)(A) and (d) of section 401.

17 (5) PROHIBITION OF TAX-EXEMPT ORGANIZA-  
18 TIONS AND GOVERNMENTS FROM HAVING QUALIFIED  
19 CASH OR DEFERRED ARRANGEMENTS.—Section  
20 401(k)(4)(B).

21 (b) EMPLOYER REVERSIONS OF EXCESS PENSION  
22 ASSETS PERMITTED SUBJECT ONLY TO INCOME INCLU-  
23 SION.—



1           (1) REPEAL OF TAX ON EMPLOYER REVER-  
2           SIONS.—Section 4980 of such Code is hereby re-  
3           pealed.

4           (2) EMPLOYER REVERSIONS PERMITTED WITH-  
5           OUT PLAN TERMINATION.—Section 420 of such  
6           Code is amended to read as follows:

7   **“SEC. 420. TRANSFERS OF EXCESS PENSION ASSETS.**

8           “(a) IN GENERAL.—If there is a qualified transfer  
9           of any excess pension assets of a defined benefit plan  
10          (other than a multiemployer plan) to an employer—

11           “(1) a trust which is part of such plan shall not  
12          be treated as failing to meet the requirements of sec-  
13          tion 401(a) or any other provision of law solely by  
14          reason of such transfer (or any other action author-  
15          ized under this section), and

16           “(2) such transfer shall not be treated as a pro-  
17          hibited transaction for purposes of section 4975.

18          The gross income of the employer shall include the amount  
19          of any qualified transfer made during the taxable year.

20          “(b) QUALIFIED TRANSFER.—For purposes of this  
21          section—

22           “(1) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified trans-  
23          fer’ means a transfer—

24           “(A) of excess pension assets of a defined  
25          benefit plan to the employer, and

1           “(B) with respect to which the vesting re-  
2           quirements of subsection (c) are met in connec-  
3           tion with the plan.

4           “(2) ONLY 1 TRANSFER PER YEAR.—No more  
5           than 1 transfer with respect to any plan during a  
6           taxable year may be treated as a qualified transfer  
7           for purposes of this section.

8           “(c) VESTING REQUIREMENTS OF PLANS TRANSFER-  
9           RING ASSETS.—The vesting requirements of this sub-  
10          section are met if the plan provides that the accrued pen-  
11          sion benefits of any participant or beneficiary under the  
12          plan become nonforfeitable in the same manner which  
13          would be required if the plan had terminated immediately  
14          before the qualified transfer (or in the case of a partici-  
15          pant who separated during the 1-year period ending on  
16          the date of the transfer, immediately before such separa-  
17          tion).

18          “(d) DEFINITION AND SPECIAL RULE.—For pur-  
19          poses of this section—

20                 “(1) EXCESS PENSION ASSETS.—The term ‘ex-  
21                 cess pension assets’ means the excess (if any) of—

22                         “(A) the lesser of—

23                                 “(i) the fair market value of the  
24                                 plan’s assets (reduced by the prefunding  
25                                 balance and funding standard carryover

1 balance determined under section 430(f),  
2 or

3 “(ii) the value of plan assets as deter-  
4 mined under section 430(g)(3) after reduc-  
5 tion under section 430(f), over

6 “(B) 125 percent of the sum of the fund-  
7 ing target and the target normal cost deter-  
8 mined under section 430 for such plan year.

9 “(2) COORDINATION WITH SECTIONS 430 AND  
10 433.—In the case of a qualified transfer—

11 “(A) any assets so transferred shall not,  
12 for purposes of this section and sections 430  
13 and 433, be treated as assets in the plan, and

14 “(B) in the case of a CSEC plan, the plan  
15 shall be treated as having a net experience loss  
16 under section 433(b)(2)(B)(iv) in an amount  
17 equal to the amount of such transfer and for  
18 which amortization charges begin for the first  
19 plan year after the plan year in which such  
20 transfer occurs, except that such section shall  
21 be applied to such amount by substituting ‘10  
22 plan years’ for ‘5 plan years.’.”

23 **SEC. 104. REPEAL OF ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX.**

24 Part VI of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal  
25 Revenue Code of 1986 is hereby repealed.

1 **SEC. 105. REPEAL OF CREDITS.**

2 Part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal  
3 Revenue Code of 1986 is hereby repealed.

4 **SEC. 106. REPEAL OF ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES AND OBSO-**  
5 **LETE INCOME TAX PROVISIONS.**

6 (a) REPEAL OF ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle B of the Internal  
8 Revenue Code of 1986 is hereby repealed.

9 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The repeal made by  
10 paragraph (1) shall apply to the estates of decedents  
11 dying, and gifts and generation-skipping transfers  
12 made, after December 31, 2015.

13 (b) REPEAL OF OBSOLETE INCOME TAX PROVI-  
14 SIONS.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
16 graph (2), chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code  
17 of 1986 is hereby repealed.

18 (2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall not  
19 apply to—

20 (A) sections 1, 11, and 63 of such Code,  
21 as amended by this Act,

22 (B) those provisions of chapter 1 of such  
23 Code which are necessary for determining  
24 whether or not—

25 (i) retirement distributions are includ-  
26 ible in the gross income of employees, or

1 (ii) an organization is exempt from  
2 tax under such chapter, and  
3 (C) subchapter D of such chapter 1 (relat-  
4 ing to deferred compensation).

5 **SEC. 107. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

6 Except as otherwise provided in this title, the amend-  
7 ments made by this title shall apply to taxable years begin-  
8 ning after December 31, 2015.

9 **TITLE II—SUPERMAJORITY**  
10 **REQUIRED FOR TAX CHANGES**

11 **SEC. 201. SUPERMAJORITY REQUIRED.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the  
13 House of Representatives or the Senate to consider any  
14 bill, joint resolution, amendment thereto, or conference re-  
15 port thereon that includes any provision that—

- 16 (1) increases any Federal income tax rate,  
17 (2) creates any additional Federal income tax  
18 rate,  
19 (3) reduces the standard deduction, or  
20 (4) provides any exclusion, deduction, credit, or  
21 other benefit which results in a reduction in Federal  
22 revenues.

23 (b) WAIVER OR SUSPENSION.—This section may be  
24 waived or suspended in the House of Representatives or

- 1 the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of
- 2 the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

○