113TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2094

AN ACT

- To amend the Public Health Service Act to increase the preference given, in awarding certain asthma-related grants, to certain States (those allowing trained school personnel to administer epinephrine and meeting other related requirements).
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - ${\it 2\ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled},$

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "School Access to Emer-
3	gency Epinephrine Act".
4	SEC. 2. ADDITIONAL PREFERENCE TO CERTAIN STATES
5	THAT ALLOW TRAINED SCHOOL PERSONNEL
6	TO ADMINISTER EPINEPHRINE.
7	Section 399L(d) of part P of title III of the Public
8	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280g(d)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the
10	following:
11	"(F) School personnel administra-
12	TION OF EPINEPHRINE.—In determining the
13	preference (if any) to be given to a State under
14	this subsection, the Secretary shall give addi-
15	tional preference to a State that provides to the
16	Secretary the certification described in subpara-
17	graph (G) and that requires that each public el-
18	ementary school and secondary school in the
19	State—
20	"(i) permits trained personnel of the
21	school to administer epinephrine to any
22	student of the school reasonably believed to
23	be having an anaphylactic reaction;
24	"(ii) maintains a supply of epineph-
25	rine in a secure location that is easily ac-
26	cessible to trained personnel of the school

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for the purpose of administration to any student of the school reasonably believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction; and

> "(iii) has in place a plan for having on the premises of the school during all operating hours of the school one or more individuals who are trained personnel of the school.

"(G) CIVIL LIABILITY PROTECTION LAW.— The certification required in subparagraph (F) shall be a certification made by the State attorney general that the State has reviewed any applicable civil liability protection law to determine the application of such law with regard to elementary and secondary school trained personnel who may administer epinephrine to a student reasonably believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction and has concluded that such law provides adequate civil liability protection applicable to such trained personnel. For purposes of the previous sentence, the term 'civil liability protection law' means a State law offering legal protection to individuals who give aid on a voluntary basis in an emergency to an

1	individual who is ill, in peril, or otherwise inca-				
2	pacitated."; and				
3	(2) in paragraph (3), by adding at the end the				
4	following:				
5	"(E) The term 'trained personnel' means,				
6	with respect to an elementary or secondary				
7	school, an individual—				
8	"(i) who has been designated by the				
9	principal (or other appropriate administra-				
10	tive staff) of the school to administer epi-				
11	nephrine on a voluntary basis outside their				
12	scope of employment;				
13	"(ii) who has received training in the				
14	administration of epinephrine; and				
15	"(iii) whose training in the adminis-				
16	tration of epinephrine meets appropriate				
17	medical standards and has been docu-				
18	mented by appropriate administrative staf				
19	of the school.".				
	Passed the House of Representatives July 30, 2013.				
	Attact				

Attest:

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