### <sup>111TH CONGRESS</sup> 1ST SESSION H.R. 2571

### AN ACT

To streamline the regulation of nonadmitted insurance and reinsurance, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2009".
- 4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

### 5 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.

Sec. 2. Effective date.

#### TITLE I—NONADMITTED INSURANCE

Sec. 101. Reporting, payment, and allocation of premium taxes.

Sec. 102. Regulation of nonadmitted insurance by insured's home State.

Sec. 103. Participation in national producer database.

Sec. 104. Uniform standards for surplus lines eligibility.

Sec. 105. Streamlined application for commercial purchasers.

Sec. 106. GAO study of nonadmitted insurance market.

Sec. 107. Definitions.

#### TITLE II—REINSURANCE

Sec. 201. Regulation of credit for reinsurance and reinsurance agreements.

Sec. 202. Regulation of reinsurer solvency.

Sec. 203. Definitions.

#### TITLE III—RULE OF CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 301. Rule of construction. Sec. 302. Severability.

### 6 SEC. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

7 Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act,

8 this Act shall take effect upon the expiration of the 12-

9 month period beginning on the date of the enactment of

10 this Act.

### TITLE I—NONADMITTED INSURANCE

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3 SEC. 101. REPORTING, PAYMENT, AND ALLOCATION OF 4 PREMIUM TAXES.

5 (a) HOME STATE'S EXCLUSIVE AUTHORITY.—No
6 State other than the home State of an insured may require
7 any premium tax payment for nonadmitted insurance.

8 (b) Allocation of Nonadmitted Premium9 Taxes.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The States may enter into a
11 compact or otherwise establish procedures to allocate
12 among the States the premium taxes paid to an in13 sured's home State described in subsection (a).

14 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as expressly
15 otherwise provided in such compact or other proce16 dures, any such compact or other procedures—

(A) if adopted on or before the expiration
of the 330-day period that begins on the date
of the enactment of this Act, shall apply to any
premium taxes that, on or after such date of
enactment, are required to be paid to any State
that is subject to such compact or procedures;
and

24 (B) if adopted after the expiration of such25 330-day period, shall apply to any premium

taxes that, on or after January 1 of the first calendar year that begins after the expiration of such 330-day period, are required to be paid to any State that is subject to such compact or procedures.

6 (3) REPORT.—Upon the expiration of the 330-7 day period referred to in paragraph (2), the NAIC 8 may submit a report to the Committee on Financial 9 Services and Committee on the Judiciary of the 10 House of Representatives and the Committee on 11 Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate 12 identifying and describing any compact or other pro-13 cedures for allocation among the States of premium 14 taxes that have been adopted during such period by 15 any States.

16 (4) NATIONWIDE SYSTEM.—The Congress in-17 tends that each State adopt nationwide uniform re-18 quirements, forms, and procedures, such as an inter-19 state compact, that provides for the reporting, pay-20 ment, collection, and allocation of premium taxes for 21 nonadmitted insurance consistent with this section.

(c) ALLOCATION BASED ON TAX ALLOCATION REPORT.—To facilitate the payment of premium taxes
among the States, an insured's home State may require
surplus lines brokers and insureds who have independently

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procured insurance to annually file tax allocation reports
 with the insured's home State detailing the portion of the
 nonadmitted insurance policy premium or premiums at tributable to properties, risks or exposures located in each
 State. The filing of a nonadmitted insurance tax allocation
 report and the payment of tax may be made by a person
 authorized by the insured to act as its agent.

# 8 SEC. 102. REGULATION OF NONADMITTED INSURANCE BY 9 INSURED'S HOME STATE.

(a) HOME STATE AUTHORITY.—Except as otherwise
provided in this section, the placement of nonadmitted insurance shall be subject to the statutory and regulatory
requirements solely of the insured's home State.

(b) BROKER LICENSING.—No State other than an insured's home State may require a surplus lines broker to
be licensed in order to sell, solicit, or negotiate nonadmitted insurance with respect to such insured.

(c) ENFORCEMENT PROVISION.—With respect to section 101 and subsections (a) and (b) of this section, any
law, regulation, provision, or action of any State that applies or purports to apply to nonadmitted insurance sold
to, solicited by, or negotiated with an insured whose home
State is another State shall be preempted with respect to
such application.

1 (d) WORKERS' COMPENSATION EXCEPTION.—This 2 section may not be construed to preempt any State law, 3 rule, or regulation that restricts the placement of workers' 4 compensation insurance or excess insurance for self-fund-5 ed workers' compensation plans with a nonadmitted in-6 surer.

## 7 SEC. 103. PARTICIPATION IN NATIONAL PRODUCER DATA8 BASE.

9 After the expiration of the 2-year period beginning 10 on the date of the enactment of this Act, a State may not collect any fees relating to licensing of an individual 11 or entity as a surplus lines broker in the State unless the 12 13 State has in effect at such time laws or regulations that provide for participation by the State in the national in-14 15 surance producer database of the NAIC, or any other equivalent uniform national database, for the licensure of 16 17 surplus lines brokers and the renewal of such licenses.

### 18 SEC. 104. UNIFORM STANDARDS FOR SURPLUS LINES ELI-

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### GIBILITY.

20 A State may not—

(1) impose eligibility requirements on, or otherwise establish eligibility criteria for, nonadmitted insurers domiciled in a United States jurisdiction, except in conformance with such requirements and criteria in sections 5A(2) and 5C(2)(a) of the Non-Ad-

mitted Insurance Model Act, unless the State has
 adopted nationwide uniform requirements, forms,
 and procedures developed in accordance with section
 101(b) of this Act that include alternative nation wide uniform eligibility requirements; and

6 (2) prohibit a surplus lines broker from placing 7 nonadmitted insurance with, or procuring non-8 admitted insurance from, a nonadmitted insurer 9 domiciled outside the United States that is listed on 10 the Quarterly Listing of Alien Insurers maintained 11 by the International Insurers Department of the 12 NAIC.

# 13 SEC. 105. STREAMLINED APPLICATION FOR COMMERCIAL 14 PURCHASERS.

A surplus lines broker seeking to procure or place nonadmitted insurance in a State for an exempt commercial purchaser shall not be required to satisfy any State requirement to make a due diligence search to determine whether the full amount or type of insurance sought by such exempt commercial purchaser can be obtained from admitted insurers if—

(1) the broker procuring or placing the surplus
lines insurance has disclosed to the exempt commercial purchaser that such insurance may or may not
be available from the admitted market that may pro-

vide greater protection with more regulatory over sight; and

3 (2) the exempt commercial purchaser has sub4 sequently requested in writing the broker to procure
5 or place such insurance from a nonadmitted insurer.
6 SEC. 106. GAO STUDY OF NONADMITTED INSURANCE MAR7 KET.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the 9 United States shall conduct a study of the nonadmitted 10 insurance market to determine the effect of the enactment 11 of this title on the size and market share of the non-12 admitted insurance market for providing coverage typi-13 cally provided by the admitted insurance market.

14 (b) CONTENTS.—The study shall determine and ana-15 lyze—

(1) the change in the size and market share of
the nonadmitted insurance market and in the number of insurance companies and insurance holding
companies providing such business in the 18-month
period that begins upon the effective date of this
Act;

(2) the extent to which insurance coverage typically provided by the admitted insurance market has
shifted to the nonadmitted insurance market;

(3) the consequences of any change in the size

and market share of the nonadmitted insurance

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3 market, including differences in the price and avail-4 ability of coverage available in both the admitted 5 and nonadmitted insurance markets; 6 (4) the extent to which insurance companies 7 and insurance holding companies that provide both 8 admitted and nonadmitted insurance have experi-9 enced shifts in the volume of business between ad-10 mitted and nonadmitted insurance; and 11 (5) the extent to which there has been a change 12 in the number of individuals who have nonadmitted 13 insurance policies, the type of coverage provided 14 under such policies, and whether such coverage is 15 available in the admitted insurance market. 16 (c) CONSULTATION WITH NAIC.—In conducting the study under this section, the Comptroller General shall 17 consult with the NAIC. 18 19 (d) REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall com-20 plete the study under this section and submit a report to 21 the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-22 resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and 23 Urban Affairs of the Senate regarding the findings of the 24 study not later than 30 months after the effective date of this Act. 25

### 1 SEC. 107. DEFINITIONS.

2 For purposes of this title, the following definitions3 shall apply:

4 (1) ADMITTED INSURER.—The term "admitted
5 insurer" means, with respect to a State, an insurer
6 licensed to engage in the business of insurance in
7 such State.

8 (2) AFFILIATE.—The term "affiliate" means,
9 with respect to an insured, any entity that controls,
10 is controlled by, or is under common control with the
11 insured.

(3) AFFILIATED GROUP.—The term "affiliated
group" means any group of entities that are all affiliated.

15 (4) CONTROL.—An entity has "control" over
16 another entity if—

17 (A) the entity directly or indirectly or act18 ing through one or more other persons owns,
19 controls or has the power to vote 25 percent or
20 more of any class of voting securities of the
21 other entity; or

(B) the entity controls in any manner the
election of a majority of the directors or trustees of the other entity.

25 (5) EXEMPT COMMERCIAL PURCHASER.—The
26 term "exempt commercial purchaser" means any
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1	person purchasing commercial insurance that, at the
2	time of placement, meets the following requirements:
3	(A) The person employs or retains a quali-
4	fied risk manager to negotiate insurance cov-
5	erage.
6	(B) The person has paid aggregate nation-
7	wide commercial property and casualty insur-
8	ance premiums in excess of \$100,000 in the im-
9	mediately preceding 12 months.
10	(C)(i) The person meets at least one of the
11	following criteria:
12	(I) The person possesses a net worth
13	in excess of \$20,000,000, as such amount
14	is adjusted pursuant to clause (ii).
15	(II) The person generates annual rev-
16	enues in excess of \$50,000,000, as such
17	amount is adjusted pursuant to clause (ii).
18	(III) The person employs more than
19	500 full time or full time equivalent em-
20	ployees per individual insured or is a mem-
21	ber of an affiliated group employing more
22	than 1,000 employees in the aggregate.
23	(IV) The person is a not-for-profit or-
24	ganization or public entity generating an-
25	nual budgeted expenditures of at least

1	\$30,000,000, as such amount is adjusted
2	pursuant to clause (ii).
3	(V) The person is a municipality with
4	a population in excess of 50,000 persons.
5	(ii) Effective on the fifth January 1 occur-
6	ring after the date of the enactment of this Act
7	and each fifth January 1 occurring thereafter,
8	the amounts in subclauses (I), (II), and (IV) of
9	clause (i) shall be adjusted to reflect the per-
10	centage change for such five-year period in the
11	Consumer Price Index for All Urban Con-
12	sumers published by the Bureau of Labor Sta-
13	tistics of the Department of Labor.
14	(6) Home state.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
16	subparagraph (B), the term "home State"
17	means, with respect to an insured—
18	(i) the State in which an insured
19	maintains its principal place of business or,
20	in the case of an individual, the individ-
21	ual's principal residence; or
22	(ii) if 100 percent of the insured risk
23	is located out of the State referred to in
24	subparagraph (A), the State to which the
25	greatest percentage of the insured's tax-

1	able premium for that insurance contract
2	is allocated.
3	(B) AFFILIATED GROUPS.—If more than
4	one insured from an affiliated group are named
5	insureds on a single nonadmitted insurance con-
6	tract, the term "home State" means the home
7	State, as determined pursuant to subparagraph
8	(A), of the member of the affiliated group that
9	has the largest percentage of premium attrib-
10	uted to it under such insurance contract.
11	(7) INDEPENDENTLY PROCURED INSURANCE.—
12	The term "independently procured insurance"
13	means insurance procured directly by an insured
14	from a nonadmitted insurer.
15	(8) NAIC.—The term "NAIC" means the Na-
16	tional Association of Insurance Commissioners or
17	any successor entity.
18	(9) NONADMITTED INSURANCE.—The term
19	"nonadmitted insurance" means any property and
20	casualty insurance permitted to be placed directly or
21	through a surplus lines broker with a nonadmitted
22	insurer eligible to accept such insurance.
23	(10) Non-admitted insurance model
24	ACT.—The term "Non-Admitted Insurance Model
25	Act" means the provisions of the Non-Admitted In-

1	surance Model Act, as adopted by the NAIC on Au-
2	gust 3, 1994, and amended on September 30, 1996,
3	December 6, 1997, October 2, 1999, and June 8,
4	2002.
5	(11) NONADMITTED INSURER.—The term
6	"nonadmitted insurer" means, with respect to a
7	State, an insurer not licensed to engage in the busi-
8	ness of insurance in such State.
9	(12) QUALIFIED RISK MANAGER.—The term
10	"qualified risk manager" means, with respect to a
11	policyholder of commercial insurance, a person who
12	meets all of the following requirements:
13	(A) The person is an employee of, or third
14	party consultant retained by, the commercial
15	policyholder.
16	(B) The person provides skilled services in
17	loss prevention, loss reduction, or risk and in-
18	surance coverage analysis, and purchase of in-
19	surance.
20	(C) The person—
21	(i)(I) has a bachelor's degree or high-
22	er from an accredited college or university
23	in risk management, business administra-
24	tion, finance, economics, or any other field
25	determined by a State insurance commis-

1 sioner or other State regulatory official or 2 entity to demonstrate minimum com-3 petence in risk management; and 4 (II)(aa) has three years of experience in risk financing, claims administration, 5 loss prevention, risk and insurance anal-6 7 ysis, or purchasing commercial lines of in-8 surance; or 9 (bb) has one of the following designa-10 tions: 11 (AA) a designation as a Char-12 tered Property and Casualty Under-13 writer (in this subparagraph referred 14 to as "CPCU") issued by the Amer-15 ican Institute for CPCU/Insurance In-16 stitute of America; 17 (BB) a designation as an Asso-18 ciate in Risk Management (ARM) 19 issued by the American Institute for 20 CPCU/Insurance Institute of America; 21 (CC) a designation as Certified 22 Risk Manager (CRM) issued by the 23 National Alliance for Insurance Edu-24 cation & Research;

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1	(DD) a designation as a RIMS
2	Fellow (RF) issued by the Global Risk
3	Management Institute; or
4	(EE) any other designation, cer-
5	tification, or license determined by a
6	State insurance commissioner or other
7	State insurance regulatory official or
8	entity to demonstrate minimum com-
9	petency in risk management;
10	(ii)(I) has at least seven years of ex-
11	perience in risk financing, claims adminis-
12	tration, loss prevention, risk and insurance
13	coverage analysis, or purchasing commer-
14	cial lines of insurance; and
15	(II) has any one of the designations
16	specified in subitems (AA) through (EE)
17	of clause (i)(II)(bb);
18	(iii) has at least 10 years of experi-
19	ence in risk financing, claims administra-
20	tion, loss prevention, risk and insurance
21	coverage analysis, or purchasing commer-
22	cial lines of insurance; or
23	(iv) has a graduate degree from an
24	accredited college or university in risk
25	management, business administration, fi-

nance, economics, or any other field deter mined by a State insurance commissioner
 or other State regulatory official or entity
 to demonstrate minimum competence in
 risk management.

6 (13) PREMIUM TAX.—The term "premium tax" means, with respect to surplus lines or independently 7 8 procured insurance coverage, any tax, fee, assess-9 ment, or other charge imposed by a government en-10 tity directly or indirectly based on any payment 11 made as consideration for an insurance contract for 12 such insurance, including premium deposits, assess-13 ments, registration fees, and any other compensation 14 given in consideration for a contract of insurance.

(14) SURPLUS LINES BROKER.—The term "surplus lines broker" means an individual, firm, or corporation which is licensed in a State to sell, solicit,
or negotiate insurance on properties, risks, or exposures located or to be performed in a State with
nonadmitted insurers.

(15) STATE.—The term "State" includes any
State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the
Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, and
American Samoa.

# 1 **TITLE II—REINSURANCE** 2 SEC. 201. REGULATION OF CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE AND 3 REINSURANCE AGREEMENTS.

4 (a) CREDIT FOR REINSURANCE.—If the State of 5 domicile of a ceding insurer is an NAIC-accredited State, 6 or has financial solvency requirements substantially simi-7 lar to the requirements necessary for NAIC accreditation, 8 and recognizes credit for reinsurance for the insurer's 9 ceded risk, then no other State may deny such credit for 10 reinsurance.

11 (b) Additional PREEMPTION OF 12 EXTRATERRITORIAL APPLICATION OF STATE LAW.—In 13 addition to the application of subsection (a), all laws, regulations, provisions, or other actions of a State that is not 14 15 the domiciliary State of the ceding insurer, except those with respect to taxes and assessments on insurance com-16 panies or insurance income, are preempted to the extent 17 18 that they—

(1) restrict or eliminate the rights of the ceding
insurer or the assuming insurer to resolve disputes
pursuant to contractual arbitration to the extent
such contractual provision is not inconsistent with
the provisions of title 9, United States Code;

24 (2) require that a certain State's law shall gov-25 ern the reinsurance contract, disputes arising from

the reinsurance contract, or requirements of the re insurance contract;

3 (3) attempt to enforce a reinsurance contract
4 on terms different than those set forth in the rein5 surance contract, to the extent that the terms are
6 not inconsistent with this title; or

7 (4) otherwise apply the laws of the State to re8 insurance agreements of ceding insurers not domi9 ciled in that State.

### 10 SEC. 202. REGULATION OF REINSURER SOLVENCY.

(a) DOMICILIARY STATE REGULATION.—If the State
of domicile of a reinsurer is an NAIC-accredited State or
has financial solvency requirements substantially similar
to the requirements necessary for NAIC accreditation,
such State shall be solely responsible for regulating the
financial solvency of the reinsurer.

17 (b) NONDOMICILIARY STATES.—

(1) LIMITATION ON FINANCIAL INFORMATION
REQUIREMENTS.—If the State of domicile of a reinsurer is an NAIC-accredited State or has financial
solvency requirements substantially similar to the requirements necessary for NAIC accreditation, no
other State may require the reinsurer to provide any
additional financial information other than the infor-

mation the reinsurer is required to file with its
 domiciliary State.

3 (2) RECEIPT OF INFORMATION.—No provision
4 of this section shall be construed as preventing or
5 prohibiting a State that is not the State of domicile
6 of a reinsurer from receiving a copy of any financial
7 statement filed with its domiciliary State.

### 8 SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.

9 For purposes of this title, the following definitions10 shall apply:

(1) CEDING INSURER.—The term "ceding insurer" means an insurer that purchases reinsurance.
(2) DOMICILIARY STATE.—The terms "State of
domicile" and "domiciliary State" means, with respect to an insurer or reinsurer, the State in which
the insurer or reinsurer is incorporated or entered
through, and licensed.

18 (3) REINSURANCE.—The term "reinsurance"
19 means the assumption by an insurer of all or part
20 of a risk undertaken originally by another insurer.

21 (4) Reinsurer.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "reinsurer"
means an insurer to the extent that the insurer—

1	(i) is principally engaged in the busi-
2	ness of reinsurance;
3	(ii) does not conduct significant
4	amounts of direct insurance as a percent-
5	age of its net premiums; and
6	(iii) is not engaged in an ongoing
7	basis in the business of soliciting direct in-
8	surance.
9	(B) DETERMINATION.—A determination of
10	whether an insurer is a reinsurer shall be made
11	under the laws of the State of domicile in ac-
12	cordance with this paragraph.
13	(5) STATE.—The term "State" includes any
14	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
15	the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the
16	Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, and
17	American Samoa.
18	TITLE III—RULE OF
19	CONSTRUCTION
20	SEC. 301. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
21	Nothing in this Act or amendments to this Act shall
22	be construed to modify, impair, or supersede the applica-
23	tion of the antitrust laws. Any implied or actual conflict

24 between this Act and any amendments to this Act and

the antitrust laws shall be resolved in favor of the oper ation of the antitrust laws.

### 3 SEC. 302. SEVERABILITY.

If any section or subsection of this Act, or any application of such provision to any person or circumstance,
is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act,
and the application of the provision to any other person
or circumstance, shall not be affected.

Passed the House of Representatives September 9, 2009.

Attest:

Clerk.

111TH CONGRESS H. R. 2571

# AN ACT

To streamline the regulation of nonadmitted insurance and reinsurance, and for other purposes.