# <sup>111TH CONGRESS</sup> 2D SESSION H.R. 4649

To impose sanctions on persons who are complicit in human rights abuses committed against citizens of Iran or their family members after the June 12, 2009, political processes in Iran, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### FEBRUARY 23, 2010

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN (for herself, Mr. MARSHALL, and Mr. ROYCE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, Ways and Means, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

- To impose sanctions on persons who are complicit in human rights abuses committed against citizens of Iran or their family members after the June 12, 2009, political processes in Iran, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Iran Human Rights5 Sanctions Act".

### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress	makag	tha	followi	nœ fin	dinge	
<i>L</i>	Congress	makes	une	TOHOWH	ng nn	uings:	

(1) Iran voted in the United Nations General
Assembly on December 10, 1948, to adopt the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, thereby committing to guarantee the "life, liberty, and security
of person" of all people and rejecting "cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment".

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9 (2) Iran is a party to major international10 human rights instruments.

(3) The Government of Iran is violating its
international obligations to respect the human rights
and fundamental freedoms of its citizens, including
by—

15 (A) using torture and cruel, inhuman, or
16 degrading treatment or punishment, including
17 flogging, and amputations;

(B) carrying out an increasingly high rate
of executions in the absence of internationally
recognized safeguards, including public executions;

(C) using stoning as a method of execution
and maintaining a high number of persons in
prison who continue to face sentences of execution by stoning;

1	(D) carrying out arrests, violent repres-
2	sion, and sentencing of women exercising their
3	right to peaceful assembly, a campaign of in-
4	timidation against women's rights defenders,
5	and continuing discrimination against women
6	and girls;
7	(E) permitting or carrying out increasing
8	discrimination and other human rights viola-
9	tions against persons belonging to religious,
10	ethnic, linguistic, or other minorities;
11	(F) imposing ongoing, systematic, and se-
12	rious restrictions of freedom of peaceful assem-
13	bly and association and freedom of opinion and
14	expression, including the continuing closures of
15	media outlets, arrests of journalists, and the
16	censorship of expression in online forums such
17	as blogs and websites; and
18	(G) imposing severe limitations and re-
19	strictions on freedom of religion and belief, in-
20	cluding by carrying out arbitrary arrests, in-
21	definite detentions, and lengthy jail sentences
22	for those exercising their rights to freedom of
23	religion or belief and proposing a provision in a
24	draft penal code that sets out a mandatory

death sentence for apostasy, the abandoning of one's faith.

(4) On June 19, 2009, the United Nations 3 4 High Commissioner for Human Rights expressed 5 concerns about the increasing number of arrests not 6 in conformity with the law and the illegal use of ex-7 cessive force in responding to protests following the 8 June 12, 2009, political processes in Iran, resulting 9 in at least dozens of deaths and hundreds of inju-10 ries.

(5) On August 1, 2009, authorities in the Government of Iran began a mass trial of more than
100 individuals in connection with election protests,
most of whom were held for weeks, in solitary confinement, with little or no access to their lawyers or
families, and many of whom showed signs of torture
or abuse.

(6) The "Supreme Leader" of Iran issued a
statement on October 28, 2009, effectively criminalizing dissent in the aftermath of the national political processes of June 12, 2009.

(7) On November 4, 2009, security forces in
the Government of Iran used brutal force to disperse
thousands of protesters, resulting in a number of injuries and arrests, in violation of international

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against peaceful demonstrations.
(8) At least 8 citizens of Iran were killed and
an undetermined number were injured on December
27, 2009, when security forces of the Government of
Iran violently broke up peaceful gatherings during
the Ashura holiday.
(9) The Government of Iran has recently sen-
tenced numerous Iranian citizens to death without
due process for politicized crimes relating to the
peaceful demonstrations that followed the June 12,
2009, political processes, including "waging war
against God", and has begun carrying out those exe-
aution contaneor including the death by hanging of

elating to the 10 due 11 the June 12, pea "waging war 12 20013 out those exeaga 14 cution sentences, including the death by hanging of 15 2 individuals on January 28, 2010.

16 (10) The Iran Freedom Support Act (Public 17 Law 109–293; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) declares that 18 it should be the policy of the United States—

19 (A) to support efforts by the people of Iran 20 to exercise self-determination over the form of 21 government of their country; and

22 (B) to support independent human rights 23 and peaceful pro-democracy forces in Iran.

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norms regarding the proportionate use of force

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SEC. 3. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS ON CERTAIN PERSONS
 WHO ARE COMPLICIT IN HUMAN RIGHTS
 ABUSES COMMITTED AGAINST CITIZENS OF
 IRAN OR THEIR FAMILY MEMBERS AFTER
 THE JUNE 12, 2009, POLITICAL PROCESSES IN
 IRAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall impose sanc8 tions described in subsection (c) (1) and (2) with respect
9 to each person on the list required by subsection (b), be10 ginning not later than the date on which the President
11 submits to the appropriate congressional committees the
12 list required by subsection (b)(1) or the updated list re13 quired by subsection (b)(2) (as the case may be).

14 (b) LIST OF PERSONS WHO ARE COMPLICIT IN CER-15 TAIN HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after 17 the date of the enactment of this Act, the President 18 shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-19 mittees a list of persons who are citizens of Iran 20 that the President determines are complicit in 21 human rights abuses committed against citizens of 22 Iran or their family members on or after June 12, 23 2009, regardless of whether such abuses occurred in 24 Iran.

25 (2) UPDATES OF LIST.—Not later than 180
26 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
•HR 4649 IH

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1	every 90 days thereafter, the President shall submit
2	to the appropriate congressional committees an up-
3	dated list under paragraph (1).
4	(3) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The list required
5	by paragraph (1) shall be made available to the pub-
6	lic and posted on the websites of the Department of
7	the Treasury and the Department of State.
8	(4) Consideration of data from other
9	COUNTRIES AND NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZA-
10	TIONS.—In preparing the list required by paragraph
11	(1), the President shall consider data already ob-
12	tained by other countries and nongovernmental orga-
13	nizations, including organizations in Iran, that mon-
14	itor the human rights abuses of the Government of
15	Iran.
16	(c) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions de-
17	scribed in this subsection are the following:
18	(1) VISA BAN.—Ineligibility for a visa to enter
19	the United States.
20	(2) FINANCIAL SANCTIONS.—Sanctions author-
21	ized under the International Emergency Economic
22	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), including
23	blocking of property and restrictions or prohibitions
24	on financial transactions and the exportation and
25	importation of property.

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(d) TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.—The provisions of
 this section shall cease to have force and effect beginning
 90 days after the date on which the President determines
 and certifies to the appropriate congressional committees
 that—

6 (1) the persons sanctioned under this section 7 have ceased to be complicit in human rights abuses 8 committed against citizens of Iran or their family 9 members on or after June 12, 2009, regardless of 10 whether such abuses occurred in Iran; and

11 (2) the Government of Iran has—

(A) unconditionally released all political
prisoners, including the citizens of Iran detained in the aftermath of the June 12, 2009,
political processes in Iran, and allowed for investigations of Iranian prisons by appropriate
international human rights organizations;

18 (B) ceased its practices of violence, unlaw19 ful detention, torture, and abuse of citizens of
20 Iran while engaging in peaceful political activ21 ity;

(C) conducted a transparent investigation
into the killings, arrest, and abuse of peaceful
political activists in Iran and prosecuted those
responsible;

1	(D) legalized all political activity;
2	(E) made public commitments to orga-
3	nizing free and fair elections for a new govern-
4	ment—
5	(i) to be held in a timely manner with-
6	in a period not to exceed 180 days after
7	the date on which the President makes the
8	determination and certification to the ap-
9	propriate congressional committees under
10	this subsection;
11	(ii) with the participation of multiple
12	independent political parties that have full
13	access to the media on an equal basis, in-
14	cluding (in the case of radio, television, or
15	other telecommunications media) in terms
16	of allotments of time for such access and
17	the times of day such allotments are given;
18	and
19	(iii) to be conducted under the super-
20	vision of internationally recognized observ-
21	ers;
22	(F) ceased any interference with broad-
23	casts such as Voice of America and Radio
24	Farda; and

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1	(G) made public commitments to and is
2	making demonstrable progress in—
3	(i) establishing an independent judici-
4	ary; and
5	(ii) respecting internationally recog-
6	nized human rights and basic freedoms as
7	recognized in the Universal Declaration of
8	Human Rights.
9	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this Act:
11	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
12	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
13	mittees" has the meaning given that term in section
14	14(2) of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public
15	Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note).
16	(2) Country reports on human rights
17	PRACTICES.—The term "Country Reports on
18	Human Rights Practices" means the annual reports
19	required to be submitted by the Department of State
20	to Congress under sections $116(d)$ and $502B(b)$ of
21	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
22	2151n(d) and $2304(b)$ ).
23	(3) GOVERNMENT OF IRAN.—The term "Gov-
24	ernment of Iran" includes any agency or instrumen-

1 tality of the Government of Iran, including any enti-2 ty that is controlled by the Government of Iran. (4)ABUSES.—The 3 HUMAN RIGHTS term "human rights abuses" means those forms of abuses 4 detailed in the Department of State's annual Coun-5 try Reports on Human Rights Practices. 6