112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 554

To withdraw normal trade relations treatment from the products of foreign countries that do not maintain acceptable standards of religious freedom and worker rights.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 8, 2011

Mr. McCotter introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To withdraw normal trade relations treatment from the products of foreign countries that do not maintain acceptable standards of religious freedom and worker rights.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Freedom Trade Act".

1	SEC. 2. WITHDRAWAL OF NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS
2	TREATMENT FROM PRODUCTS OF FOREIGN
3	COUNTRIES THAT DO NOT MAINTAIN AC-
4	CEPTABLE STANDARDS OF RELIGIOUS FREE-
5	DOM AND WORKER RIGHTS.
6	Title IV of the Trade Act of 1974 is amended by add-
7	ing at the end the following:
8	"CHAPTER 3—ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS
9	ON TRADE RELATIONS WITH FOREIGN
10	COUNTRIES
11	"SEC. 441. WITHDRAWAL OF NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS
12	TREATMENT.
13	"Effective on and after the end of the 6-month period
14	beginning on the date of the enactment of this chapter,
15	and subject to the other provisions of this chapter—
16	"(1) normal trade relations treatment shall not
17	apply to the products of a foreign country with re-
18	spect to which a certification described in section
19	442 is not in effect; and
20	"(2) the column 2 rate of duty in the Har-
21	monized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall
22	apply to the products of such a foreign country.
23	"SEC. 442. CERTIFICATION.
24	"(a) Initial Certification.—A certification de-
25	scribed in section 441 is a certification that meets the fol-
26	lowing requirements:

- "(1) The United States Commission on International Religious Freedom and the Secretary of
 State certify to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
 the House of Representatives and the Committee on
 Foreign Relations of the Senate that the foreign
 country is not engaging in violations of religious
 freedom, as defined in section 3 of the International
 Religious Freedom Act of 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6402).
 - "(2) The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Labor certify to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the foreign country is not restricting the freedom of workers to associate and the right of workers to organize and bargain collectively.
 - "(3) The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Labor certify to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate that the foreign country does not prohibit or limit the functioning of free and independent labor unions.
- "(b) RECERTIFICATIONS.—Not later than 12 months after the date on which an initial certification is made under subsection (a) with respect to a foreign country and every 12 months thereafter—

"(1) the United States Commission on Inter-national Religious Freedom, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Labor (as the case may be) shall transmit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a recertification that the conditions described in subsection (a) are continuing to be met with respect to the foreign country; or

"(2) if the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Labor (as the case may be) is unable to make such a recertification with respect to the foreign country, the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Labor shall transmit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report that contains the reasons therefor.

- "(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
 "(1) the right of workers to organize includes
- 24 "(A) to establish and join organizations of 25 workers of their own choosing without previous

the right—

authorization, to write the constitutions and 1 2 rules to govern those organizations, to elect or 3 select the leadership of those organizations, and 4 to determine the agendas and programs of those organizations; "(B) to join confederations of organiza-6 7 tions of workers, and affiliate with international 8 organizations of workers; and "(C) to be protected against dissolution or 9 10 suspension of such organizations, confed-11 erations, or affiliations by any governmental au-12 thority; and

> "(2)(A) the term 'free and independent labor union' means a labor union that operates independently of any governmental authority or ruling party, is not required to join or be affiliated with a specific political party, and is allowed to strike (subject to an exception for employees providing essential services and a temporary exception during instances of acute national emergency);

> "(B) the term 'acute national emergency' means a crisis in which the normal conditions for the functioning of society are absent, such as in the case of a serious conflict, insurrection, or natural disaster; and

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- "(C) the term 'essential services' means those services that, if interrupted, would endanger the life, personal safety, or health of the whole or part of the population.
- 5 "SEC. 443. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAW.
- 6 "The prohibitions in section 441 apply to a foreign
- 7 country in addition to any other provision of law that oth-
- 8 erwise operates as a prohibition or limitation on trade re-
- 9 lations with the foreign country.".

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