111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5749

To provide whistleblower and other protections to certain offshore workers, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 15, 2010

Mr. George Miller of California (for himself and Ms. Woolsey) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committee on Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To provide whistleblower and other protections to certain offshore workers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Offshore Worker Whis-
- 5 tleblower Protection Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS; EMPLOYEE PRO-
- 7 TECTION FROM OTHER RETALIATION.
- 8 (a) Prohibition Against Retaliation.—

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1	(1) In general.—No employer may discharge
2	or otherwise discriminate against a covered employee
3	because the covered employee, whether at the cov-
4	ered employee's initiative or in the ordinary course
5	of the covered employee's duties—
6	(A) provided, caused to be provided, or is
7	about to provide or cause to be provided to the
8	employer, the Federal Government, or the at-
9	torney general of a State information relating
10	to any violation of, or any act or omission the
11	covered employee reasonably believes to be a
12	violation of any provision of the Outer Conti-
13	nental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1301 et
14	seq.), or any order, rule, regulation, standard,
15	or prohibition under that Act;
16	(B) testified or is about to testify in a pro-
17	ceeding concerning such violation;
18	(C) assisted or participated or is about to
19	assist or participate in such a proceeding;
20	(D) testified or is about to testify before
21	Congress on any matter covered by such Act;
22	(E) refused to perform the covered employ-

ee's duties if the covered employee had a good

faith belief that performing such duties would

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result in injury to or impairment of the health

of the covered employee or other employees; or

- (F) objected to, or refused to participate in any activity, policy, practice, or assigned task that the covered employee reasonably believed to be in violation of any provision of such Act, or any order, rule, regulation, standard, or ban under such Act.
- (2) Good faith belief.—For purposes of paragraph (1)(E), the circumstances causing the covered employee's good faith belief that performing such duties would pose a health and safety hazard shall be of such a nature that a reasonable person under circumstances confronting the covered employee would conclude there is such a hazard.

(b) Process.—

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(1) In GENERAL.—A covered employee who believes that he or she has been discharged or otherwise discriminated against (hereafter referred to as the "complainant") by any employer in violation of subsection (a)(1) may, not later than 180 days after the date on which such alleged violation occurs or the date on which the covered employee knows or should reasonably have known that such alleged violation occurred, file (or have any person file on his

or her behalf) a complaint with the Secretary of Labor (referred to in this section as the "Secretary") alleging such discharge or discrimination and identifying employer or employers responsible for such act. Upon receipt of such a complaint, the Secretary shall notify, in writing, the employer or employers named in the complaint of the filing of the complaint, of the allegations contained in the complaint, of the substance of evidence supporting the complaint, and of the opportunities that will be afforded to such person under paragraph (2).

(2) Investigation.—

(A) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of receipt of a complaint filed under paragraph (1) the Secretary shall initiate an investigation and determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that the complaint has merit and notify, in writing, the complainant and the employer or employers alleged to have committed a violation of subsection (a)(1) of the Secretary's findings. The Secretary shall, during such investigation afford the complainant and the employer or employers named in the complaint an opportunity to submit to the Secretary a written response to the complaint

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and an opportunity to meet with a representative of the Secretary to present statements from witnesses. The complainant shall be provided with an opportunity to review the information and evidence provided by employer or employers to the Secretary, and to review any response or rebuttal by such the complaint, as part of such investigation.

(B) Reasonable cause found; prelimi-NARY ORDER.—If the Secretary concludes that there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of subsection (a)(1) has occurred, the Secretary shall accompany the Secretary's findings with a preliminary order providing the relief prescribed by paragraph (3)(B). Not later than 30 days after the date of notification of findings under this paragraph, the employer or employers alleged to have committed the violation or the complainant may file objections to the findings or preliminary order, or both, and request a hearing on the record before an administrative law judge of the Department of Labor. The filing of such objections shall not operate to stay any reinstatement remedy contained in the preliminary order. Any such hearing shall

be conducted expeditiously. If a hearing is not requested in such 30-day period, the preliminary order shall be deemed a final order that is not subject to judicial review. The Secretary of Labor is authorized to enforce preliminary reinstatement orders in the United States district court for the district in which the violation was found to occur, or in the United States district court for the District of Columbia.

(C) DISMISSAL OF COMPLAINT.—

(i) STANDARD FOR COMPLAINANT.—
The Secretary shall dismiss a complaint filed under this subsection and shall not conduct an investigation otherwise required under subparagraph (A) unless the complainant makes a prima facie showing that any behavior described in subparagraphs (A) through (F) of subsection (a)(1) was a contributing factor in the adverse action alleged in the complaint.

(ii) STANDARD FOR EMPLOYER.—Notwithstanding a finding by the Secretary that the complainant has made the showing required under clause (i), no investigation otherwise required under subpara-

1	graph (A) shall be conducted if the em-
2	ployer demonstrates, by clear and con-
3	vincing evidence, that the employer would
4	have taken the same adverse action in the
5	absence of that behavior.
6	(iii) Violation standard.—The
7	Secretary may determine that a violation
8	of subsection (a)(1) has occurred only it
9	the complainant demonstrates that any be-
10	havior described in subparagraphs (A)
11	through (F) of such subsection was a con-
12	tributing factor in the adverse action al-
13	leged in the complaint.
14	(iv) Relief standard.—Relief may
15	not be ordered under subparagraph (A) is
16	the employer demonstrates by clear and
17	convincing evidence that the employer
18	would have taken the same adverse action
19	in the absence of that behavior.
20	(3) Orders.—
21	(A) In general.—Not later than 90 days
22	after the receipt of a request for a hearing
23	under subsection (b)(2)(B), the administrative

law judge shall issue findings of fact and order

the relief provided under this paragraph or

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deny the complaint. At any time before issuance of an order, a proceeding under this subsection may be terminated on the basis of a settlement agreement entered into by the Secretary, the complainant, and the person alleged to have committed the violation. Such a settlement may not be agreed by such parties if it contains conditions which conflict with rights protected under this Act, are contrary to public policy, or include a restriction on a complainant's right to future employment with employers other than the specific employers named in the complaint.

- (B) CONTENT OF ORDER.—If, in response to a complaint filed under paragraph (1), the administrative law judge determines that a violation of subsection (a)(1) has occurred, the administrative law judge shall order the employer or employers who committed such violation—
 - (i) to take affirmative action to abate the violation;
 - (ii) to reinstate the complainant to his or her former position together with compensation (including back pay and prejudgment interest) and restore the terms, con-

1	ditions, and privileges associated with his
2	or her employment; and
3	(iii) to provide compensatory and con-
4	sequential damages, and, as appropriate,
5	exemplary damages to the complainant.
6	(C) ATTORNEY FEES.—If such an order is
7	issued under this paragraph, the Secretary, at
8	the request of the complainant, shall assess
9	against the employer or employers a sum equal
10	to the aggregate amount of all costs and ex-
11	penses (including attorneys' and expert witness
12	fees) reasonably incurred by the complainant
13	for, or in connection with, the bringing of the
14	complaint upon which the order was issued at
15	the conclusion of any stage of the proceeding.
16	(D) BAD FAITH CLAIM.—If the Secretary
17	finds that a complaint under paragraph (1) is
18	frivolous or has been brought in bad faith, the
19	Secretary may award to the prevailing employer
20	a reasonable attorneys' fees, not exceeding
21	\$1,000, to be paid by the complainant.
22	(E) Administrative appeal.—Not later
23	than 30 days after the receipt of findings of
24	fact or an order under subparagraph (B), the

employer or employers alleged to have com-

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mitted the violation or the complainant may file, with objections, an administrative appeal with the Secretary, who may designate such appeal to a review board. In reviewing a decision and order of the administrative law judge, the Secretary shall affirm the decision and order if it is determined that the factual findings set forth therein are supported by substantial evidence and the decision and order are made in accordance with applicable law. The Secretary shall issue a final decision and order affirming, or reversing, in whole or in part, the decision under review within 90 days after receipt of the administrative appeal under this subparagraph. If it is determined that a violation of subsection (a)(1) has occurred, the Secretary shall order relief provided under subparagraphs (B) and (C). Such decision shall constitute a final agency action with respect to the matter appealed.

(4) ACTION IN COURT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary has not issued a final decision within 300 days after the filing of the complaint, the complainant may bring an action at law or equity for de novo review in the appropriate district court of

1	the United States with jurisdiction, which shall
2	have jurisdiction over such an action without
3	regard to the amount in controversy, and which
4	action shall, at the request of either party to
5	such action, be tried by the court with a jury.
6	The proceedings shall be governed by the same
7	legal burdens of proof specified in paragraph
8	(2)(C).
9	(B) Relief.—The court shall have juris-
10	diction to grant all appropriate relief including
11	injunctive relief, compensatory and consequen-
12	tial damages, including—
13	(i) reinstatement with the same se-
14	niority status that the covered employee
15	would have had, but for the discharge or
16	discrimination;
17	(ii) the amount of back pay sufficient
18	to make the covered employee whole, with
19	prejudgment interest;
20	(iii) exemplary damages, as appro-
21	priate; and
22	(iv) reasonable attorney fees, includ-
23	ing litigation costs, and expert witness
24	fees.
25	(5) Review.—

- 1 (A) IN GENERAL.—Any person adversely 2 affected or aggrieved by a final order issued 3 under paragraph (3) or a judgment or order 4 under paragraph (4) may obtain review of the order in the United States Court of Appeals for 6 the circuit in which the violation, with respect 7 to which the order was issued, allegedly oc-8 curred or the circuit in which the complainant 9 resided on the date of such violation. The peti-10 tion for review must be filed not later than 60 11 days after the date of the issuance of the final 12 order of the Secretary. Review shall conform to 13 chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code. The 14 commencement of proceedings under this sub-15 paragraph shall not, unless ordered by the 16 court, operate as a stay of the order.
 - (B) NO OTHER JUDICIAL REVIEW.—An order of the Secretary with respect to which review could have been obtained under subparagraph (A) shall not be subject to judicial review in any criminal or other civil proceeding.
 - (6) Failure to comply with order.—Whenever any employer has failed to comply with an order issued under paragraph (3), the Secretary may file a civil action in the United States district court for

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the district in which the violation was found to occur, or in the United States district court for the District of Columbia, to enforce such order. In actions brought under this paragraph, the district courts shall have jurisdiction to grant all appropriate relief including, but not limited to, injunctive relief and compensatory damages.

(7) CIVIL ACTION TO REQUIRE COMPLIANCE.—

(A) In GENERAL.—A person on whose behalf an order was issued under paragraph (3) may commence a civil action against the employer to whom such order was issued to require compliance with such order. The appropriate United States district court shall have jurisdiction, without regard to the amount in controversy or the citizenship of the parties, to enforce such order. In cases where the Secretary and the complainant file civil action to require compliance, the action of the Secretary shall take precedence.

(B) AWARD.—The court, in issuing any final order under this paragraph, may award costs of litigation (including reasonable attorneys' and expert witness fees) to any party

whenever the court determines such award is appropriate.

(c) Construction.—

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- (1) Effect on other laws.—Nothing in this section preempts or diminishes any other safeguards against discrimination, demotion, discharge, suspension, threats, harassment, reprimand, retaliation, or any other manner of discrimination provided by Federal or State law.
- 10 (2) RIGHTS OF EMPLOYEES.—Nothing in this
 11 section shall be construed to diminish the rights,
 12 privileges, or remedies of any employee under any
 13 Federal or State law or under any collective bar14 gaining agreement. The rights and remedies in this
 15 section may not be waived by any agreement, policy,
 16 form, or condition of employment.
- 17 (d) Enforcement of Nondiscretionary Du-18 Ties.—Any nondiscretionary duty imposed by this section 19 shall be enforceable in a mandamus proceeding brought 20 under section 1361 of title 28, United States Code.
- 21 (e) Posting of Notice and Training.—All em-22 ployers shall post a notice which has been approved as to 23 form and content by the Secretary of Labor in a con-24 spicuous location in the place of employment where cov-25 ered employees frequent which explains employee rights

- 1 and remedies under this section. Each employer shall pro-
- 2 vide training to covered employees of their rights under
- 3 this section within 30 days of employment, and at not less
- 4 than once every 12 months thereafter, and provide covered
- 5 employees with a card which contains a toll free telephone
- 6 number at the Department of Labor which covered em-
- 7 ployees can call to get information or file a complaint
- 8 under this section.
- 9 (f) Designation by the Secretary.—The Sec-
- 10 retary of Labor shall, within 30 days of the date of enact-
- 11 ment of this Act, designate by order the appropriate agen-
- 12 cy officials to receive, investigate, and adjudicate com-
- 13 plaints of violations of subsection (a)(1).
- 14 SEC. 3. EMPLOYMENT STANDARD FOR OUTER CONTI-
- 15 NENTAL SHELF EMPLOYEES.
- 16 (a) In General.—An employer engaged in activities
- 17 under a lease or permit issued under the Outer Conti-
- 18 nental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) may not
- 19 discharge or constructively discharge an employee per-
- 20 forming functions on or in waters above the Outer Conti-
- 21 nental Shelf without reasonable job-related grounds based
- 22 on a failure to satisfactorily perform job duties, including
- 23 compliance with the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
- 24 (43 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) and with applicable mandatory
- 25 health and safety standards or other regulations, or other

- 1 legitimate business reason, where the employee has com-
- 2 pleted a probationary period of employment, not to exceed
- 3 6 months.
- 4 (b) Cause of Action.—An employee aggrieved by
- 5 a violation of subsection (a) may, within 1 year of such
- 6 alleged violation, file a complaint in a Federal district
- 7 court of appropriate jurisdiction.
- 8 (c) Remedies.—In an action under subsection (b),
- 9 for any prevailing employee, the court shall take affirma-
- 10 tive action to further the purposes of this section, which
- 11 may include reinstatement with backpay and compen-
- 12 satory damages. Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs shall
- 13 be awarded to any prevailing employee under this section.
- 14 (d) Pre-Dispute Waiver Prohibited.—An em-
- 15 ployee's right to a cause of action under this section may
- 16 not be waived with respect to disputes that have not arisen
- 17 as of the time of the waiver.
- 18 (e) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
- 19 construed to limit the availability of rights and remedies
- 20 of employees under any other State or Federal law or a
- 21 collective bargaining agreement.
- 22 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
- As used in this Act the following definitions apply:
- 24 (1) The term "alternative energy" means elec-
- 25 tricity generated by a renewable energy resource.

1	(2) The term "covered employee"—
2	(A) means an individual performing serv-
3	ices on behalf of an employer and who is en-
4	gaged in activities on or in waters above the
5	Outer Continental Shelf related to—
6	(i) supporting, or carrying out explo-
7	ration, development, production, proc-
8	essing, or transportation of oil, gas, or sul-
9	fur, or the extraction of other minerals (as
10	such term is defined in section 2 of the
11	Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43
12	U.S.C. 1331));
13	(ii) alternative energy; or
14	(iii) oil spill or hazardous substances
15	cleanup, emergency response, environ-
16	mental surveillance, protection, or restora-
17	tion, or activities related to occupational
18	safety and health; and
19	(B) includes an applicant for such employ-
20	ment.
21	(3) The term "employer" means one or more
22	individuals, partnerships, associations, corporations,
23	trusts, unincorporated organizations, nongovern-
24	mental organizations, or trustees that is engaged in
25	profit or nonprofit business or industry and whose

- 1 activities are conducted on Outer Continental Shelf,
- 2 and includes any agent, contractor, subcontractor,
- 3 grantee or consultant of such employer.
- 4 (4) The term "Outer Continental Shelf" has
- 5 the meaning that the term "outer Continental Shelf"
- 6 has in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43
- 7 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.).
- 8 SEC. 5. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS AND CONSULTATION
- 9 BETWEEN DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR AND
- 10 THE INTERIOR.
- 11 (a) Cooperative Agreement Related to Edu-
- 12 CATION AND TRAINING.—The Secretary of Labor and the
- 13 Secretary of the Interior shall enter into a cooperative
- 14 educational and training agreement for the purpose of
- 15 jointly training Department of Labor and Department of
- 16 the Interior inspectors of onshore and offshore oil and gas
- 17 drilling or production platforms or rigs, other related De-
- 18 partment of Labor and Department of the Interior per-
- 19 sonnel, and individuals who work on such platforms or
- 20 rigs.
- 21 (b) Consultation Relating to Worker Safety
- 22 AND HEALTH.—The Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of
- 23 the Interior (including any office or bureau of the Depart-
- 24 ment of the Interior) and the Secretary of the department
- 25 in which the Coast Guard is operating shall enter into a

- 1 memorandum of understanding to provide for consultation
- 2 with and written comment of the Secretary of Labor on
- 3 any regulations or guidelines or proposals therefor related
- 4 to worker safety and health or the enforcement thereof
- 5 under the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C.
- 6 1301 et seq.) when conducting a review or promulgation
- 7 of such regulations, guidelines, or proposals.

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