

118TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 6045

To direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a study and submit a report on the efficacy of Federal drug surveillance systems, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 25, 2023

Ms. CARAVEO (for herself and Mr. KEAN of New Jersey) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

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## A BILL

To direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a study and submit a report on the efficacy of Federal drug surveillance systems, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Curbing Illicit Drug  
5 Threats Act”.

1 **SEC. 2. GAO STUDY AND REPORT ON EFFICACY OF FED-**  
2 **ERAL DRUG SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS.**

3 (a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United  
4 States shall conduct a study on—

5 (1) the efficacy of Federal drug surveillance  
6 systems in providing up-to-date information on illicit  
7 drug use in the United States, including any limita-  
8 tions affecting such efficacy; and

9 (2) how such systems are used to address illicit  
10 drug use in the United States.

11 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the  
12 date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General  
13 of the United States shall complete the study under sub-  
14 section (a) and submit to Congress a report containing—

15 (1) the findings and conclusions of such study;  
16 and

17 (2) any recommendations for legislative or ad-  
18 ministrative actions to improve the efficacy of the  
19 Federal drug surveillance systems examined in such  
20 study, including any recommendations pertaining to  
21 interagency communication or data collection proce-  
22 dures.

23 (c) FEDERAL DRUG SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS DE-  
24 FINED.—In this section, the term “Federal drug surveil-  
25 lance systems” includes—

1           (1) the Drug Overdose Surveillance and Epide-  
2           miology System of the Centers for Disease Control  
3           and Prevention (commonly known as “DOSE”);

4           (2) the State Unintentional Drug Overdose Re-  
5           porting System of the Centers for Disease Control  
6           and Prevention (commonly known as “SUDORS”);

7           (3) the National Drug Early Warning System  
8           of the National Institute on Drug Abuse (commonly  
9           known as “NDEWS”); and

10          (4) the Drug Abuse Warning Network of the  
11          Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Ad-  
12          ministration (commonly known as “DAWN”).

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