

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 7183

To prohibit Federal funds from being used to provide certain gender transition procedures to minors.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 1, 2024

Mr. MCCORMICK (for himself, Mr. ALFORD, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. ARRINGTON, Mr. BIGGS, Ms. BOEBERT, Mr. BURLISON, Mr. CLINE, Mr. CLYDE, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, Mr. MIKE GARCIA of California, Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. HARRIS, Mrs. HARSHBARGER, Mr. JACKSON of Texas, Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, Mr. LAMBORN, Mrs. LUNA, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Mr. MOONEY, Mr. MOORE of Alabama, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. NEHLS, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. OGLES, Mr. POSEY, Mr. ROUZER, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. STEUBE, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. TIFFANY, Mr. TIMMONS, Mr. VAN DREW, Ms. VAN DUYNE, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. BABIN, Mrs. LESKO, Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. LOUDERMILK, and Mr. WESTERMAN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To prohibit Federal funds from being used to provide certain gender transition procedures to minors.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Protecting Resources
3 Of Taxpayers to Eliminate Childhood Transgender Sur-
4 geries Act of 2024” or the “PROTECTS Act of 2024”.

5 **SEC. 2. PROHIBITING FEDERAL FUNDS FROM BEING USED**
6 **TO PROVIDE CERTAIN GENDER TRANSITION**
7 **PROCEDURES TO MINORS.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
9 sion of law, no Federal funds may be used or otherwise
10 made available to provide or refer for a specified gender
11 transition procedure to an individual under the age of 18
12 or to reimburse any entity for providing such a procedure
13 to such an individual.

14 (b) SPECIFIED GENDER TRANSITION PROCEDURE
15 DEFINED.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this para-
17 graph, except as provided in paragraph (2), the term
18 “specified gender transition procedure” means, with
19 respect to an individual, any of the following when
20 performed for the purpose of intentionally changing
21 the body of such individual to no longer correspond
22 to their sex:

- 23 (A) Performing any surgery, including—
24 (i) castration;
25 (ii) orchiectomy;
26 (iii) scrotoplasty;

- 1 (iv) vasectomy;
- 2 (v) hysterectomy;
- 3 (vi) oophorectomy;
- 4 (vii) ovariectomy;
- 5 (viii) metoidioplasty;
- 6 (ix) penectomy;
- 7 (x) phalloplasty;
- 8 (xi) vaginoplasty;
- 9 (xii) vaginectomy;
- 10 (xiii) vulvoplasty;
- 11 (xiv) reduction thyrochondroplasty;
- 12 (xv) chondrolaryngoplasty;
- 13 (xvi) mastectomy; and
- 14 (xvii) any plastic, cosmetic, or aes-
- 15 thetic surgery that feminizes or
- 16 masculinizes the facial or other body fea-
- 17 tures of an individual.

18 (B) Any placement of chest implants to
19 create feminine breasts.

20 (C) Any placement of fat or artificial im-
21 plants in the gluteal region.

22 (D) Administering, supplying, prescribing,
23 dispensing, distributing, or otherwise conveying
24 to an individual medications, including—

1 (i) gonadotropin-releasing hormone
2 (GnRH) analogues or other puberty-block-
3 ing drugs to stop or delay normal puberty;
4 and

5 (ii) testosterone, estrogen, or other
6 androgens to an individual at doses that
7 are supraphysiologic than would normally
8 be produced endogenously in a healthy in-
9 dividual of the same age and sex.

10 (2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not
11 apply to the following when furnished to an indi-
12 vidual by a health care provider with the consent of
13 such individual’s parent or legal guardian:

14 (A) Puberty suppression or blocking pre-
15 scription drugs for the purpose of normalizing
16 puberty for an individual experiencing pre-
17 cocious puberty.

18 (B) Appropriate and medically necessary
19 procedures or treatments to correct for—

20 (i) a medically verifiable genetic dis-
21 order of sex development, including—

22 (I) 46,XX chromosomes with
23 virilization;

24 (II) 46,XY chromosomes with
25 undervirilization; and

1 (III) both ovarian and testicular
2 tissue;

3 (ii) sex chromosome structure, sex
4 steroid hormone production, or sex hor-
5 mone action, if determined to be abnormal
6 by a physician through genetic or bio-
7 chemical testing; or

8 (iii) infection, disease, injury, or dis-
9 order caused or exacerbated by a previous
10 procedure described in paragraph (1), or a
11 physical disorder, physical injury, or phys-
12 ical illness that would, as certified by a
13 physician, place the individual in imminent
14 danger of death or impairment of a major
15 bodily function unless the procedure is per-
16 formed, not including procedures per-
17 formed for the alleviation of mental dis-
18 tress.

19 (3) SEX.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the
20 term “sex” means the indication of male or female
21 sex by reproductive potential or capacity, sex chro-
22 mosomes, naturally occurring sex hormones, gonads,
23 or internal or external genitalia present at birth.

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