

114TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 788

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a temporary dividends received deduction for dividends received from a controlled foreign corporation.

---

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 5, 2015

Mr. FRANKS of Arizona introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

---

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow a temporary dividends received deduction for dividends received from a controlled foreign corporation.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Foreign Earnings Re-  
5       investment Act”.

6       **SEC. 2. ALLOWANCE OF TEMPORARY DIVIDENDS RECEIVED**

7                   **DEDUCTION FOR DIVIDENDS RECEIVED**  
8                   **FROM A CONTROLLED FOREIGN CORPORA-**  
9                   **TION.**

10       (a) APPLICABILITY OF PROVISION.—

1                         (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (f) of section 965  
2 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to  
3 read as follows:

4                         “(f) ELECTION; ELECTION YEAR.—

5                         “(1) IN GENERAL.—The taxpayer may elect to  
6 apply this section to—

7                         “(A) the taxpayer’s last taxable year which  
8 begins before the date of the enactment of the  
9 Foreign Earnings Reinvestment Act, or

10                         “(B) the taxpayer’s first taxable year  
11 which begins during the 1-year period beginning  
12 on such date.

13 Such election may be made for a taxable year only  
14 if made on or before the due date (including exten-  
15 sions) for filing the return of tax for such taxable  
16 year.

17                         “(C) ELECTION YEAR.—For purposes of  
18 this section, the term ‘election year’ means the  
19 taxable year—

20                         “(i) which begins after the date that  
21 is one year before the date of the enact-  
22 ment of the Foreign Earnings Reinvest-  
23 ment Act, and

1                         “(ii) to which the taxpayer elects  
2                         under paragraph (1) to apply this sec-  
3                         tion.”.

4                         (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

5                         (A) EXTRAORDINARY DIVIDENDS.—Section  
6                         965(b)(2) of such Code is amended—

7                             (i) by striking “June 30, 2003” and  
8                         inserting “December 31, 2014”, and

9                             (ii) by adding at the end the following  
10                         new sentence: “The amounts described in  
11                         clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) shall not include  
12                         any amounts which were taken into ac-  
13                         count in determining the deduction under  
14                         subsection (a) for any prior taxable year.”.

15                         (B) DETERMINATIONS RELATING TO RE-  
16                         LATED PARTY INDEBTEDNESS.—Section  
17                         965(b)(3)(B) of such Code is amended by strik-  
18                         ing “October 3, 2004” and inserting “Decem-  
19                         ber 31, 2014”.

20                         (C) DETERMINATIONS RELATING TO BASE  
21                         PERIOD.—Section 965(c)(2) of such Code is  
22                         amended by striking “June 30, 2003” and in-  
23                         serting “December 31, 2014”.

24                         (b) DEDUCTION INCLUDES CURRENT AND ACCUMU-  
25                         LATED FOREIGN EARNINGS.—

1                             (1) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section  
2                             965(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is  
3                             amended to read as follows:

4                             “(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of dividends  
5                             taken into account under subsection (a) shall not ex-  
6                             ceed the sum of the current and accumulated earn-  
7                             ings and profits described in section 959(c)(3) for  
8                             the year a deduction is claimed under subsection (a),  
9                             without diminution by reason of any distributions  
10                             made during the election year, for all controlled for-  
11                             eign corporations of the United States shareholder.”.

12                             (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

13                             (A) Section 965(c) of such Code, as  
14                             amended by subsection (a), is amended by  
15                             striking paragraph (1) and by redesignating  
16                             paragraphs (2), (3), (4), and (5), as paragraphs  
17                             (1), (2), (3), and (4), respectively.

18                             (B) Paragraph (4) of section 965(c) of such  
19                             Code, as redesignated by subparagraph (A), is  
20                             amended to read as follows:

21                             “(4) CONTROLLED GROUPS.—All United States  
22                             shareholders which are members of an affiliated  
23                             group filing a consolidated return under section  
24                             1501 shall be treated as one United States share-  
25                             holder.”.

## 1       (c) AMOUNT OF DEDUCTION.—

2               (1) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section  
3     965(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is  
4     amended by striking “85 percent” and inserting “75  
5     percent”.

6               (2) BONUS DEDUCTION IN SUBSEQUENT TAX-  
7     ABLE YEAR FOR INCREASING JOBS.—Section 965 of  
8     the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by  
9     adding at the end the following new subsection:

## 10       “(g) BONUS DEDUCTION.—

11               “(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any taxpayer  
12     who makes an election to apply this section, there  
13     shall be allowed as a deduction for the first taxable  
14     year following the election year an amount equal to  
15     the applicable percentage of the cash dividends  
16     which are taken into account under subsection (a)  
17     with respect to such taxpayer for the election year.

18               “(2) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.—For purposes  
19     of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage is the  
20     amount which bears the same ratio (not greater  
21     than 1) to 10 percent as—

22               “(A) the excess (if any) of—

23                       “(i) the qualified payroll of the tax-  
24     payer for the calendar year which begins

1           with or within the first taxable year fol-  
2           lowing the election year, over

3                 “(ii) the qualified payroll of the tax-  
4                 payer for calendar year 2014, bears to  
5                 “(B) 10 percent of the qualified payroll of  
6                 the taxpayer for calendar year 2014.

7                 “(3) QUALIFIED PAYROLL.—For purposes of  
8                 this paragraph:

9                 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified  
10                 payroll’ means, with respect to a taxpayer for  
11                 any calendar year, the aggregate wages (as de-  
12                 fined in section 3121(a)) paid by the corpora-  
13                 tion during such calendar year.

14                 “(B) EXCEPTION FOR CHANGES IN OWN-  
15                 ERSHIP OF TRADES OR BUSINESSES.—

16                 “(i) ACQUISITIONS.—If, after Decem-  
17                 ber 31, 2013, and before the close of the  
18                 first taxable year following the election  
19                 year, a taxpayer acquires the trade or busi-  
20                 ness of a predecessor, then the qualified  
21                 payroll of such taxpayer for any calendar  
22                 year shall be increased by so much of the  
23                 qualified payroll of the predecessor for  
24                 such calendar year as was attributable to

1                   the trade or business acquired by the tax-  
2                   payer.

3                   “(ii) DISPOSITIONS.—If, after Decem-  
4                   ber 31, 2013, and before the close of the  
5                   first taxable year following the election  
6                   year, a taxpayer disposes of a trade or  
7                   business, then—

8                   “(I) the qualified payroll of such  
9                   taxpayer for calendar year 2014 shall  
10                  be decreased by the amount of wages  
11                  for such calendar year as were attrib-  
12                  utable to the trade or business which  
13                  was disposed of by the taxpayer, and

14                  “(II) if the disposition occurs  
15                  after the beginning of the first taxable  
16                  year following the election year, the  
17                  qualified payroll of such taxpayer for  
18                  the calendar year which begins with  
19                  or within such taxable year shall be  
20                  decreased by the amount of wages for  
21                  such calendar year as were attrib-  
22                  utable to the trade or business which  
23                  was disposed of by the taxpayer.

24                  “(C) SPECIAL RULE.—For purposes of de-  
25                  termining qualified payroll for any calendar

1 year after calendar year 2015, such term shall  
2 not include wages paid to any individual if such  
3 individual received compensation from the tax-  
4 payer for services performed—

5 “(i) after the date of the enactment of  
6 this paragraph, and

7 “(ii) at a time when such individual  
8 was not an employee of the taxpayer.”.

9 (3) REDUCTION FOR FAILURE TO MAINTAIN  
10 EMPLOYMENT LEVELS.—Paragraph (4) of section  
11 965(b) of such Code is amended to read as follows:

12 “(4) REDUCTION IN BENEFITS FOR FAILURE  
13 TO MAINTAIN EMPLOYMENT LEVELS.—

14 “(A) IN GENERAL.—If, during the period  
15 consisting of the calendar month in which the  
16 taxpayer first receives a distribution described  
17 in subsection (a)(1) and the succeeding 23 cal-  
18 endar months, the taxpayer does not maintain  
19 an average employment level at least equal to  
20 the taxpayer’s prior average employment, an  
21 additional amount equal to \$75,000 multiplied  
22 by the number of employees by which the tax-  
23 payer’s average employment level during such  
24 period falls below the prior average employment  
25 (but not exceeding the aggregate amount al-

1           lowed as a deduction pursuant to subsection  
2           (a)(1)) shall be taken into income by the tax-  
3           payer during the taxable year that includes the  
4           final day of such period.

5           “(B) AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT LEVEL.—  
6           For purposes of this paragraph, the taxpayer’s  
7           average employment level for a period shall be  
8           the average number of full-time United States  
9           employees of the taxpayer, measured at the end  
10          of each month during the period.

11          “(C) PRIOR AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT.—For  
12          purposes of this paragraph, the taxpayer’s  
13          ‘prior average employment’ shall be the average  
14          number of full-time United States employees of  
15          the taxpayer during the period consisting of the  
16          24 calendar months immediately preceding the  
17          calendar month in which the taxpayer first re-  
18          ceives a distribution described in subsection  
19          (a)(1).

20          “(D) FULL-TIME UNITED STATES EM-  
21          PLOYEE.—For purposes of this paragraph—

22           “(i) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘full-  
23           time United States employee’ means an in-  
24           dividual who provides services in the  
25           United States as a full-time employee,

1                   based on the employer's standards and  
2                   practices; except that regardless of the em-  
3                   ployer's classification of the employee, an  
4                   employee whose normal schedule is 40  
5                   hours or more per week is considered a  
6                   full-time employee.

7                   “(ii) EXCEPTION FOR CHANGES IN  
8                   OWNERSHIP OF TRADES OR BUSINESSES.—  
9                   Such term does not include—

10                  “(I) any individual who was an  
11                  employee, on the date of acquisition,  
12                  of any trade or business acquired by  
13                  the taxpayer during the 24-month pe-  
14                  riod referred to in subparagraph (A),  
15                  and

16                  “(II) any individual who was an  
17                  employee of any trade or business dis-  
18                  posed of by the taxpayer during the  
19                  24-month period referred to in sub-  
20                  paragraph (A) or the 24-month period  
21                  referred to in subparagraph (C).

22                  “(E) AGGREGATION RULES.—In deter-  
23                  mining the taxpayer's average employment level  
24                  and prior average employment, all domestic

1           members of a controlled group shall be treated  
2           as a single taxpayer.”.

3         (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by  
4 this section shall apply to taxable years ending after the  
5 date of the enactment of this Act.

