#### 118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 9662

To establish an independent entity within the Department of Housing and Urban Development to acquire and maintain distressed real estate to stabilize communities and increase the supply of affordable housing, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 18, 2024

Ms. Ocasio-Cortez (for herself, Ms. Adams, Ms. Balint, Mr. Bowman, Ms. Bush, Mr. Carter of Louisiana, Mr. Casar, Mrs. Cherfilus-McCormick, Mr. Frost, Mr. García of Illinois, Ms. García of Texas, Mr. Robert García of California, Mr. Gomez, Mr. Grijalva, Ms. Jayapal, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Ms. Lee of Pennsylvania, Ms. Lee of California, Mr. McGovern, Mr. Mullin, Ms. Norton, Ms. Omar, Mrs. Peltola, Ms. Pressley, Mrs. Ramirez, Mr. Raskin, Ms. Schakowsky, Ms. Stansbury, Ms. Tlaib, Mr. Vargas, Ms. Velázquez, Mrs. Watson Coleman, Ms. Wild, Ms. Crockett, Mr. Davis of Illinois, and Ms. Tokuda) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

# A BILL

To establish an independent entity within the Department of Housing and Urban Development to acquire and maintain distressed real estate to stabilize communities and increase the supply of affordable housing, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Homes Act of 2024".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Definitions.
  - Sec. 4. Establishment of authority.
  - Sec. 5. Purposes of the authority.
  - Sec. 6. Powers and duties.
  - Sec. 7. Requirements for social housing providers.
  - Sec. 8. Labor and Buy America provisions.
  - Sec. 9. Duty to serve.
  - Sec. 10. Community and tenant opportunity To purchase multifamily rental properties.
  - Sec. 11. Maximum contingent liability.
  - Sec. 12. Authority funds.
  - Sec. 13. Authorization of appropriations for Authority.
  - Sec. 14. Authorization of appropriations for public housing backlog.
  - Sec. 15. Repeal of Faircloth Amendment.
  - Sec. 16. Miscellaneous.

#### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that the national pro-
- 8 tracted housing crisis has existed for decades and only
- 9 continues to worsen, with the lack of quality and afford-
- 10 able housing affecting all but the wealthiest households.
- 11 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
- 12 (1) to establish a robust public entity to develop
- a stock of permanently affordable, quality, publicly
- financed, and climate resilient housing that is shield-
- ed from market speculation; and
- 16 (2) to stabilize communities and improve gen-
- eral welfare by maintaining a housing system, as an

- 1 alternative to market-rate housing, that offers af-
- 2 fordability, fair housing choice, and quality to all
- families that are unable to afford market rents, in-
- 4 cluding families in underserved communities and
- 5 families that have experienced historical legacies of
- 6 exclusion.

#### 7 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—In this Act:
- 9 (1) Affordable Housing.—The term "afford-
- able housing" means housing that complies with the
- standards established under section 7(c).
- 12 (2) At risk of homelessness.—The term
- "at risk of homelessness" has the meaning given the
- term in section 401 of the McKinney-Vento Home-
- 15 less Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11360).
- 16 (3) AUTHORITY.—The term "Authority" means
- the Housing Development Authority established
- under section 4(a).
- 19 (4) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the
- Board of Directors of the Authority established
- 21 under section 4(c)(1).
- 22 (5) Community Land Trust.—The term
- "community land trust" means a nonprofit entity or
- a State or local government or instrumentality there-
- of that—

1	(A) is not sponsored by a for-profit organi-
2	zation;
3	(B) has as a primary purpose the provision
4	and maintenance of housing that provides long-
5	term affordability for low-income families and
6	moderate-income families;
7	(C) provides housing described in subpara-
8	graph (B) using a ground lease, deed covenant,
9	or other similar legally enforceable measure, as
10	determined by the Authority, that—
11	(i) keeps the housing permanently af-
12	fordable to low-income families and mod-
13	erate-income families; and
14	(ii) enables low-income families and
15	moderate-income families to purchase the
16	housing for homeownership; and
17	(D) maintains preemptive purchase options
18	to purchase the property so the housing re-
19	mains affordable to low-income families and
20	moderate-income families.
21	(6) Community-Led Development organiza-
22	TION.—The term "community-led development orga-
23	nization" means a nonprofit organization comprised
24	of or acting on behalf of individuals seeking to es-
25	tablish, develop, maintain, and reside in a resident-

- owned multifamily housing building that includes shared community amenities, whether through the development of a new building or the rehabilitation or conversion of an existing building.
  - (7) CONSUMER PRICE INDEX.—The term "Consumer Price Index" means the most recent Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.
  - (8) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
  - (9) DISTRESSED.—The term "distressed" means, with respect to an asset, that—
    - (A) the obligor thereof is subject to a bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, or other similar action or proceeding;
    - (B) the obligor thereof has failed to make any payment of principal or interest with respect to the asset when due (whether at scheduled maturity or any accelerated date of maturity or any other date fixed for payment or prepayment thereof or otherwise) beyond any period of grace provided with respect thereto;

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1	(C) the asset is classified by the lender as
2	"nonperforming" pursuant to generally accept-
3	ed accounting principles; or
4	(D) the asset is in a physically distressed
5	condition, as shall be defined by the Authority.
6	(10) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible en-
7	tity" means an entity described in subparagraph (A)
8	of section 6(c)(2), subject to subparagraph (B) of
9	that section.
10	(11) Family.—The term "family" includes an
11	individual.
12	(12) Homeless.—The term "homeless" has
13	the meaning given the term in section 103 of the
14	McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42
15	U.S.C. 11302).
16	(13) Income.—The term "income" has such
17	meaning as provided by the Secretary that is con-
18	sistent with regulations issued by the Secretary in
19	implementing section 3(b) of the United States
20	Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)).
21	(14) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
22	has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in
23	section 4 of the Native American Housing Assist-
24	ance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C.
25	4103).

1	(15) PERMANENT AFFORDABILITY.—The term
2	"permanent affordability" means a designation for a
3	residential property, the affordability of which is
4	preserved in perpetuity through—
5	(A) a real property interest held by the
6	Authority; and
7	(B) the inclusion of a permanently afford-
8	able social housing use restriction in the deed to
9	the land and, where applicable, any ground
10	lease to the improvements on the land.
11	(16) Permanently affordable social
12	HOUSING; SOCIAL HOUSING.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "permanently
14	affordable social housing" or "social housing"
15	means housing, including newly constructed, ac-
16	quired, rehabilitated, or renovated housing, that
17	meets the following requirements:
18	(i) Social ownership.—The housing
19	is owned by the Authority or an eligible en-
20	tity.
21	(ii) Permanent stability.—The
22	housing is—
23	(I) protected from for-profit in-
24	vestors and the speculative market;
25	and

1	(II) subject to restrictions that
2	ensure that it is never resold for ex-
3	cessive profit, as determined by the
4	Authority.
5	(iii) Permanent affordability.—
6	The housing meets the requirements of
7	paragraph (15) and, in the aggregate, is
8	permanently affordable to families at a
9	range of income levels, including extremely
10	low-income families and no-income fami-
11	lies.
12	(iv) Community control.—The
13	housing is developed, owned, managed, and
14	operated in a way that is democratically
15	accountable to residents, the community,
16	and the public, with residents having a di-
17	rect role in management and decision-mak-
18	ing, such as through a tenant organization.
19	(v) Equitable.—The housing pro-
20	motes racial and gender equity and pre-
21	vents displacement of communities of color.
22	(vi) Sustainability.—The housing is
23	built, renovated, or rehabilitated using con-
24	struction methods and materials that—

1	(I) prioritize energy efficiency,
2	the long-term safety and health of oc-
3	cupants, and disaster resilience; and
4	(II) are guided by an evidence-
5	based approach designed to reduce
6	pollution burdens and climate vola-
7	tility.
8	(vii) High quality and acces-
9	SIBLE.—The housing is of high quality and
10	accessible to all people regardless of age,
11	physical need, or other factors.
12	(viii) Tenant security.—The hous-
13	ing provides renter protections to resi-
14	dents.
15	(B) Public Housing.—The Authority
16	may provide any funding or support to public
17	housing that is necessary for the public housing
18	to meet the requirements under subparagraph
19	(A), consistent with the rules and regulations
20	that are otherwise applicable to public housing.
21	(17) Permanently affordable social
22	HOUSING USE RESTRICTION.—The term "perma-
23	nently affordable social housing use restriction",
24	with respect to real property, means a use restric-
25	tion, established by the Secretary by rulemaking

1 after notice and an opportunity for public comment, 2 that ensures that the property complies with the re-3 quirements under subparagraph (A) of the definition of "permanently affordable social housing". 4 5 (18) Public Housing.—The term "public 6 housing" means housing assisted under section 9 of 7 the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 8 1437g). 9 (19) Public Housing Agency.—The term 10 "public housing agency" has the meaning given the 11 term in section 3(b) of the United States Housing 12 Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)). 13 (20)RESIDENT-OWNED COOPERATIVE.—The 14 term "resident-owned cooperative" means a non-15 profit entity that supports shared-equity homeowner-16 ship that— 17 (A) has as a primary purpose the provision 18 and maintenance of owner-occupied housing 19 that provides long-term affordability for low-in-20 come families and moderate-income families; 21 (B) provides housing described in subpara-22 graph (A) using a limited equity cooperative agreement, or other similar legally enforceable

measure, as determined by the Authority,

that—

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1	(i) keeps the housing permanently af-
2	fordable to low-income families and mod-
3	erate-income families; and
4	(ii) enables low-income families and
5	moderate-income families to purchase the
6	housing for homeownership; and
7	(C) maintains preemptive purchase options
8	to purchase the property so the housing re-
9	mains affordable to low-income families and
10	moderate-income families.
11	(21) Secretary.—The term "Secretary", ex-
12	cept as otherwise provided, means the Secretary of
13	Housing and Urban Development.
14	(22) Short sale.—The term "short sale"
15	means a sale of a residential real property that is
16	subject to a mortgage, deed or trust, or other secu-
17	rity interest that secures a residential mortgage loan
18	that—
19	(A) will result in proceeds in an amount
20	that is less than the remaining amount due
21	under the mortgage loan; and
22	(B) requires authorization by any
23	securitization vehicle or other investment vehicle
24	or holder of the mortgage loan, or the servicer
25	acting on behalf of such a vehicle or holder.

1	(23) Supportive services.—The term "sup-
2	portive services" means services that address the
3	needs of persons served by a project, including—
4	(A) provision of tenant organizing tech-
5	nical assistance;
6	(B) establishment and operation of a child
7	care services program;
8	(C) establishment and operation of an em-
9	ployment assistance program;
10	(D) provision of outpatient health services
11	food, and case management;
12	(E) provision of mental health services and
13	victim services;
14	(F) provision of assistance in obtaining
15	other Federal, State, and local assistance avail-
16	able for residents of the project, including men-
17	tal health benefits, employment counseling, and
18	medical assistance;
19	(G) provision of transportation services
20	that facilitate the ability of an individual to ob-
21	tain and maintain employment and access
22	health care;
23	(H) provision of services for older adults:
24	(I) security services; and

1	(J) other services necessary to maintain
2	housing and sustain a quality housing commu-
3	nity.
4	(24) Tenant organization.—The term "ten-
5	ant organization", with respect to rental housing
6	means a tenant-led organization—
7	(A) that seeks to—
8	(i) promote the collective interests and
9	rights of the tenants;
10	(ii) improve housing conditions;
11	(iii) build renter authority; and
12	(iv) advocate for policy changes for
13	the benefit of tenants; and
14	(B) which may be organized with respect
15	to—
16	(i) housing sharing the same landlord
17	or building; or
18	(ii) housing having different landlords
19	or buildings.
20	(25) Tribally designated housing enti-
21	TY.—The term "tribally designated housing entity"
22	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
23	Native American Housing Assistance and Self-De-
24	termination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4103).

1	(26) Underserved community.—The term
2	"underserved community" means a population shar-
3	ing a particular characteristic, or a geographic com-
4	munity, that—
5	(A) has been systematically denied a full
6	opportunity to participate in aspects of eco-
7	nomic, social, and civic life; and
8	(B) may include—
9	(i) Black, Latino, and Indigenous and
10	Native American persons, Asian Americans
11	and Pacific Islanders, and other persons of
12	$\operatorname{color};$
13	(ii) members of religious minorities;
14	(iii) lesbian, gay, bisexual,
15	transgender, and queer (commonly known
16	as "LGBTQ+") persons;
17	(iv) persons with disabilities;
18	(v) persons who live in rural areas;
19	and
20	(vi) persons otherwise adversely af-
21	fected by persistent poverty or inequality.
22	(b) Income Levels.—
23	(1) In general.—In this Act, subject to para-
24	graph (2)—

- 1 (A) the term "moderate-income family"
  2 means a family that satisfies the definition of
  3 the term "persons of moderate income" in sec4 tion 102(a) of the Housing and Community De5 velopment Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302(a));
  - (B) the term "low-income family" means a family that satisfies the definition of the term "persons of low income" in section 102(a) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302(a)); and
  - (C) the term "extremely low-income family" means a family that satisfies the definition of the term "extremely low-income families" in section 3(b)(2) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(2)).
  - (2) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY TO ESTABLISH VARIATIONS.—For purposes of paragraph (1) and subject to the considerations described in section 7(c)(4), the Secretary may establish a percentage of median income for a term defined in paragraph (1) of this subsection for any area that is higher or lower than the percentage set forth in the applicable provision of law referenced in such paragraph (1) if the Secretary finds the variation to be necessary be-

1	cause of unusually high or low family incomes or
2	cost of living in the area.
3	SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF AUTHORITY.
4	(a) Establishment.—
5	(1) In general.—There is established within
6	the Department of Housing and Urban Development
7	an independent authority to be known as the "Hous-
8	ing Development Authority", to carry out the pur-
9	poses set forth in section 5.
10	(2) Applicability of other laws.—Except
11	as otherwise provided expressly by law, all Federal
12	laws concerning public or Federal contracts, prop-
13	erty, works, officers, employees, budgets, or funds,
14	including chapters 5 and 7 of title 5, United States
15	Code, shall apply to the exercise of the powers of the
16	Authority.
17	(3) Autonomy.—Notwithstanding any other
18	provision of law, including the Department of Hous-
19	ing and Urban Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C.
20	3531 et seq.), the Secretary may not—
21	(A) intervene in any matter or proceeding
22	before the Authority; or
23	(B) merge or consolidate the Authority, or
24	any of the functions or responsibilities of the

1	Authority, with any division or office of the De-
2	partment.
3	(4) Rules and orders.—No action of the Au-
4	thority shall be subject to approval or review by the
5	Secretary, and the Secretary may not delay or pre-
6	vent any action by the Authority.
7	(b) Ownership.—Any real property acquired by the
8	Authority shall be acquired in perpetuity with the author-
9	ity to convey properties to eligible entities.
10	(c) Board.—
11	(1) In general.—The Authority shall be gov-
12	erned by a Board of Directors.
13	(2) Membership.—
14	(A) In general.—The Board shall consist
15	of 15 members appointed by the President, by
16	and with the advice and consent of the Senate,
17	one of whom the President shall designate as
18	chairperson.
19	(B) Types of appointments.—Of the 15
20	members of the Board—
21	(i) 9 shall be appointed under sub-
22	paragraph (C); and
23	(ii) 6 shall be appointed under sub-
24	paragraph (D).
25	(C) Stakeholder members.—

1	(i) In general.—Of the 9 members
2	of the Board appointed under this sub-
3	paragraph (referred to in this subsection
4	as "stakeholder members")—
5	(I) 2 shall be appointed from
6	among the officers of Federal agencies
7	who have experience and expertise
8	with affordable and low-income hous-
9	ing and community development and
10	financing, but at no time may more
11	than 1 member be from any single
12	such agency;
13	(II) 2 shall represent labor orga-
14	nizations, as that term is defined in
15	section 2 of the National Labor Rela-
16	tions Act (29 U.S.C. 152), of which
17	building and construction employees
18	are members;
19	(III) 2 shall have expertise in
20	housing finance, housing development,
21	or housing management;
22	(IV) 2 shall have technical exper-
23	tise in architecture, affordable housing
24	construction and financing, urban
25	planning, or engineering; and

1	(V) 1 shall be an expert in fair
2	housing and civil rights.
3	(ii) Environmental expertise; di-
4	VERSE EXPERIENCE.—In appointing mem-
5	bers under clause (i), the President—
6	(I) shall appoint not less than 1
7	individual who has extensive expertise
8	in climate, environmental justice, or
9	sustainable building; and
10	(II) shall appoint a mix of indi-
11	viduals with experience in rural,
12	urban, and Native communities.
13	(D) Resident members.—
14	(i) In general.—The 6 members of
15	the Board appointed under this subpara-
16	graph (referred to in this subsection as
17	"resident Board members") shall be resi-
18	dents of public housing or permanently af-
19	fordable social housing.
20	(ii) Notice of expiration of
21	TERM.—The Authority shall publish notice
22	of the expiration of the term of a resident
23	Board member not later than 90 days be-
24	fore the date of the expiration.

1	(iii) Vacancies.—If a vacancy occurs
2	during the term of a resident Board mem-
3	ber—
4	(I) the Authority shall publish
5	notice of the vacancy not later than
6	10 business days after the vacancy oc-
7	curs; and
8	(II) the President shall appoint
9	the successor resident Board member
10	within a reasonable time after the ex-
11	piration of 60 days following the pro-
12	vision of notice under subclause (I).
13	(3) Terms.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Board
15	shall serve for a term of 4 years or until the
16	member's successor has been appointed, except
17	as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C).
18	(B) Terms of initial appointees.—As
19	designated by the President at the time of ap-
20	pointment—
21	(i) of the stakeholder members first
22	appointed in accordance with paragraph
23	(2)(C)—
24	(I) 4 shall be appointed for terms
25	of 2 years each; and

1	(II) 5 shall be appointed for
2	terms of 4 years each; and
3	(ii) of the resident members first ap-
4	pointed in accordance with paragraph
5	(2)(D)—
6	(I) 3 shall be appointed for terms
7	of 4 years each; and
8	(II) 3 shall be appointed for
9	terms of 6 years each.
10	(C) VACANCY.—
11	(i) Appointment for remainder of
12	TERM.—Any member of the Board ap-
13	pointed to fill a vacancy occurring before
14	the expiration of the term for which the
15	member's predecessor was appointed shall
16	be appointed only for the remainder of that
17	term.
18	(ii) Service after expiration of
19	TERM.—A member of the Board may serve
20	after the expiration of that member's term
21	until a successor has taken office.
22	(iii) FILLING OF VACANCIES.—A va-
23	cancy in the Board shall be filled in the
24	manner in which the original appointment
25	was made.

1	(4) Prohibition.—No part of any earnings of
2	the Authority shall inure to the benefit of any mem-
3	ber of the Board.
4	(5) Open meetings.—The proceedings of the
5	Board shall be open to the public.
6	(6) Comprehensive training program for
7	BOARD MEMBERS; TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TRAIN-
8	ING FOR RESIDENT BOARD MEMBERS.—
9	(A) REQUIREMENT.—Each member of the
10	Board shall complete a training program, as de-
11	veloped by the Authority—
12	(i) not later than 90 days after being
13	appointed or reappointed to the Board;
14	and
15	(ii) not less frequently than once every
16	2 years thereafter.
17	(B) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The
18	Authority shall establish and implement a com-
19	prehensive training program for members of the
20	Board on the proper management of the Au-
21	thority, including applicable laws and topics re-
22	lating to—
23	(i) open meetings;
24	(ii) public records;
25	(iii) conflicts of interest:

1	(iv) uniform procurement;
2	(v) housing finance;
3	(vi) fraud prevention;
4	(vii) fiduciary responsibilities;
5	(viii) fair housing;
6	(ix) tenant selection, occupancy, and
7	participation policies;
8	(x) prohibiting discrimination in hous-
9	ing; and
10	(xi) best practices relating to the gen-
11	eral inspection, maintenance, and repair of
12	dwelling units and capital improvements in
13	public housing and other social housing.
14	(C) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—
15	(i) Training for resident board
16	MEMBERS.—The Authority shall provide
17	independent technical assistance training
18	to resident Board members with the goal
19	of enabling resident Board members and
20	members of tenant organizations to partici-
21	pate fully in the oversight of the
22	Authority's operation and capital planning.
23	(ii) Training for residents gen-
24	ERALLY.—The Authority shall permit resi-
25	dents of public housing and social housing

1	who are not members of the Board to at-
2	tend technical assistance training provided
3	under clause (i).
4	(iii) Development of training
5	PROGRAM.—The Authority shall develop
6	the training program provided under
7	clause (i) in consultation with—
8	(I) the Secretary;
9	(II) government officials;
10	(III) residents of public housing
11	and social housing; and
12	(IV) public housing and social
13	housing advocacy and industry profes-
14	sional organizations.
15	(d) Stocks, Bonds, and Certificates.—
16	(1) In general.—The Authority may issue
17	bonds guaranteed by the United States to carry out
18	the purposes of this Act, which bonds shall be legal
19	investments for—
20	(A) the deposits and the income derived
21	therefrom of savings banks;
22	(B) the trust funds of trust companies;
23	(C) the capital and other funds of insur-
24	ance companies; and

1	(D) funds over which the Department of
2	the Treasury has exclusive control.
3	(2) Negotiable instruments.—The bonds,
4	notes, and certificates of indebtedness under this
5	subsection shall constitute negotiable instruments
6	for all purposes.
7	(3) Other characteristics.—The bonds,
8	notes, and certificates of indebtedness under this
9	subsection—
10	(A) may be payable from the income of the
11	Authority or constitute a general obligation
12	thereof;
13	(B) may be sold at not less than par, at
14	public or private sale;
15	(C) may contain any covenants, terms, and
16	conditions, as determined by the Authority, that
17	are not inconsistent with law; and
18	(D) may be issued with or without the cor-
19	porate seal.
20	(e) Bylaws, Rules, and Regulations.—The
21	Board may make such bylaws, rules, and regulations, not
22	inconsistent with this Act, as may be necessary for the
23	proper conduct of the affairs of the Authority, including
24	provisions for—
25	(1) compensation of members of the Board; and

1 (2) the removal, resignation, or suspension of 2 members of the Board.

#### (f) Officers and Employees.—

- (1) In general.—The Authority may select, employ, and fix the compensation of such officers, employees, attorneys, or agents as shall be necessary for the performance of the duties of the Authority under this Act, without regard to the provisions of other laws applicable to the employment or compensation of officers, employees, attorneys, or agents of the United States, notwithstanding section 4(a)(2).
- (2) Compensation.—No officer, employee, attorney, or agent employed by the Authority shall be paid compensation at a rate in excess of the rate provided for the members of the Board.

# (g) SALARIES AND EXPENSES.—The Authority—

- (1) shall pay such proportion of the salary and expenses of the members of the Board, including resident Board members, and of its officers and employees as the Board may determine to be equitable, including childcare, transportation, and any other necessary accommodations; and
- (2) may operate out of the physical locations of each of the Federal Home Loan Banks, upon mak-

1	ing reasonable compensation to the Federal Home
2	Loan Bank, as determined by the Board.
3	(h) Offices.—The Board may establish a principal
4	office and regional offices of the Authority as the Board
5	considers appropriate to carry out the responsibilities of
6	the Authority.
7	(i) USE OF MAILS.—The Authority may use the
8	United States mails in the same manner and under the
9	same conditions as other departments and agencies of the
10	United States.
11	(j) Operating Assistance.—The Authority may
12	provide operating assistance to its properties and collect
13	surplus cash, as defined by the Secretary.
14	(k) Technology Infrastructure.—
15	(1) In general.—In the acquisition and devel-
16	opment process of the Authority's technology infra-
17	structure, the Authority shall—
18	(A) focus on the needs of users and take
19	into consideration, to the extent practicable—
20	(i) the guidelines outlined in the U.S.
21	Web Design Standards maintained by the
22	General Services Administration and the
23	Digital Services Playbook and TechFAR
24	Handbook for Procuring Digital Services

1	Using Agile Processes of the U.S. Digital
2	Service; and
3	(ii) the relevant successor documents
4	or recommendations of the guidelines de-
5	scribed in clause (i);
6	(B) use modern, relevant privacy- and se-
7	curity-enhancing technology; and
8	(C) plan for the ongoing operations and
9	maintenance of its systems and products to en-
10	sure their ongoing capability.
11	(2) 21st century integrated digital expe-
12	RIENCE ACT.—The 21st Century Integrated Digital
13	Experience Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 note; Public Law
14	115–336) shall apply to the Authority in the same
15	manner as that Act applies to an Executive agency,
16	except that—
17	(A) any reference in that Act to the head
18	of an Executive agency shall be deemed to be
19	a reference to the Board; and
20	(B) any reference in that Act to the Chief
21	Information Officer of an Executive agency
22	shall be deemed to be a reference to an equiva-
23	lent employee of the Authority.
24	SEC. 5. PURPOSES OF THE AUTHORITY.
25	The purposes of the Authority shall be to—

1	(1) acquire real estate, public land, corporate-
2	owned vacant properties, including vacant, blighted,
3	or underutilized developments, and publicly assisted
4	or privately owned properties with liens, fees, or tax
5	violations for the purpose of—
6	(A) providing adequate housing for ex-
7	tremely low-income families, low-income fami-
8	lies, and moderate-income families;
9	(B) preventing involuntary displacement of
10	families; and
11	(C) stabilizing communities, including un-
12	derserved communities that have experienced
13	historical legacies of exclusion;
14	(2) operate and maintain the physical and func-
15	tional conditions of acquired properties to—
16	(A) preserve, modernize, and enhance the
17	value, affordability, habitability, climate resil-
18	iency, energy efficiency, environmental sustain-
19	ability, and residential and community amen-
20	ities for current and future occupants of the
21	real property; and
22	(B) contribute to the economic and social
23	conditions of the surrounding community;

1	(3) rehabilitate, modernize, finance, and con-
2	struct real property to carry out the purposes of this
3	Act described in section 2(b);
4	(4) rehabilitate, modernize, finance, and con-
5	struct real property so as to comply with such stand-
6	ards as the Authority shall require to encourage
7	maximum environmental performance, including—
8	(A) using low-embodied carbon construc-
9	tion materials, as determined using a Type III
10	Environmental Product Declaration (or a suc-
11	cessor document) and in coordination with the
12	Administrator of the Environmental Protection
13	Agency;
14	(B) encouraging zero indoor or outdoor air
15	emissions;
16	(C) ensuring accessibility of the property
17	in accordance with—
18	(i) section 504 of the Rehabilitation
19	Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794);
20	(ii) titles II and III of the Americans
21	with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
22	12131 et seq.; 42 U.S.C. 12181 et seq.);
23	(iii) the Architectural Barriers Act of
24	1968 (42 U.S.C. 4151 et seq.); and

1	(iv) the requirements under section
2	804(f)(3)(C) of the Fair Housing Act (42
3	U.S.C. $3604(f)(3)(C)$ ) relating to design
4	and construction;
5	(D) reflecting the highest international ar-
6	chitectural standards and the architectural
7	standards of the neighborhood and the commu-
8	nity in which the real property is situated; and
9	(E) employing innovative design principles
10	and materials to advance public safety, fire
11	safety and social infrastructure;
12	(5) advance the streamlining of construction
13	procedures and development processes, which shall
14	include engaging with jurisdictions on permitting
15	and zoning reform, within and across all levels of
16	government to reduce project time and cost burden,
17	while maintaining high-quality standards;
18	(6) establish and use model policies and proce-
19	dures for engaging community members, including
20	community members at highest risk of housing dis-
21	placement and unaffordability, and local govern-
22	ments to ensure projects leverage community exper-
23	tise and responsive feedback to accurately and equi-
24	tably assess and address local or regional needs for

additional housing;

- 1 (7) convey acquired real property to eligible en2 tities that will use it to guarantee affordable, habit3 able, and environmentally sustainable housing to ex4 tremely low-income families, low-income families,
  5 and moderate-income families;
  - (8) finance and support the transfer of acquired property to eligible entities, which may include technical assistance, administrative support, or ongoing operational support;
  - (9) provide an appropriate and expedient manner for owners of distressed properties to transfer ownership of those properties to the Authority;
    - (10) stabilize neighborhoods by reducing—
      - (A) foreclosures; and
        - (B) blighted or neglected real property;
  - (11) across the portfolio of the Authority's properties, encourage a range of housing types that accommodate homeless families, families at risk of homelessness, and extremely low-income families, low-income families, and moderate-income families unable to afford market rents;
  - (12) promote intentional placement of housing in a balance of neighborhoods affording future residents choice in where they live, which may include proximity to work, transit, childcare, education,

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1	healthcare, access to food, and culturally relevant
2	community resources;
3	(13) ensure that, within any real property—
4	(A) the quality of comparable dwelling
5	units does not materially differ between units at
6	various price levels;
7	(B) access to services and facilities does
8	not materially differ between units at various
9	price levels; and
10	(C) units at various price levels are not—
11	(i) physically located apart from one
12	another; or
13	(ii) outwardly identifiable according to
14	affordability level;
15	(14) establish dignified, accessible, and stream-
16	lined processes for residents that minimize informa-
17	tion collection burden, ensure privacy, and reduce
18	barriers to accessing and maintaining affordable
19	housing;
20	(15) coordinate with the Secretary of Health
21	and Human Services, the Secretary of Agriculture,
22	and the Secretary of Education to facilitate collabo-
23	rative or co-located supportive service programs,
24	which may include—

1	(A) childcare and early childhood edu-
2	cation;
3	(B) out-of-school time programs;
4	(C) food and nutrition programs;
5	(D) health care programs;
6	(E) programs for older adults; and
7	(F) other programs;
8	(16) acquire housing that enables the Authority
9	to assist people who wish to voluntarily relocate out
10	of areas at high risk for extreme weather and into
11	safer, affordable housing;
12	(17) in areas affected by a natural disaster or
13	emergency declaration, acquire housing and assist
14	with relocation and the provision of safe, affordable
15	housing;
16	(18) encourage public land banking for perma-
17	nently affordable social housing;
18	(19) preserve and improve existing public hous-
19	ing developments and affordable housing stock;
20	(20) provide relief to mortgage borrowers expe-
21	riencing risk of foreclosure and preserve homeowner-
22	ship in times of economic distress or market insta-
23	bility; and
24	(21) affirmatively further fair housing by over-
25	coming patterns of segregation, eliminating inequi-

ties in access to housing and related community assets, and fostering inclusive communities free from barriers that restrict access to opportunity based on protected characteristics.

#### 5 SEC. 6. POWERS AND DUTIES.

### (a) Acquisition and Purchase.—

- (1) In General.—The Authority may acquire or purchase any real estate property for use as social housing through any legal means, including as provided in this subsection.
- (2) Rights of first negotiation, offer, and refusal.—
  - (A) In General.—Subject to any applicable contract in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, and subject to the right of first refusal allowed by section 42(i)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the owner of any real property provided assistance by the Department, including public housing units and land subject to demolition, disposition, or conversion, shall afford the Authority a right of first negotiation, first offer, and first refusal to purchase, acquire, or otherwise receive the real property at a price that does not exceed the sum of—

1	(i) the amount of outstanding indebt-
2	edness secured by the real property; and
3	(ii) any associated amount of Federal,
4	State, or local tax or other contractual li-
5	ability projected to be imposed as a result
6	of the sale, disposition, transfer, or other
7	conveyance of the real property to the Au-
8	thority under this subsection.
9	(B) Relocation.—Relocation of a house-
10	hold due to any acquisition, rehabilitation, or
11	demolition under this section of any property
12	assisted by the Department shall be subject to
13	the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real
14	Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (42)
15	U.S.C. 4601 et seq.) and part 24 of title 49,
16	Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor
17	regulation.
18	(3) Eminent domain.—
19	(A) Power.—The Authority may acquire
20	properties for the purposes described in section
21	5 by the exercise of the right of eminent do-
22	main in a court of competent jurisdiction.
23	(B) Scope of Power.—The Authority—
24	(i) shall use the eminent domain
25	power of the Authority—

1	(I) in a manner consistent with
2	the purposes described in section 5;
3	and
4	(II) to preserve and create social
5	housing; and
6	(ii) may use the eminent domain
7	power of the Authority—
8	(I) if residents of federally as-
9	sisted housing form a tenant organi-
10	zation and petition the Authority to
11	acquire the property;
12	(II) if a State or local govern-
13	ment is seeking to block the develop-
14	ment of affordable housing (including
15	a project not already supported by the
16	Authority); or
17	(III) to support transit-oriented
18	development.
19	(C) Prohibited Uses.—The Authority
20	may not use the eminent domain power of the
21	Authority—
22	(i) for widespread displacement of in-
23	dividuals or families;
24	(ii) for the destruction of commu-
25	nities;

1	(iii) in a manner that is targeted on
2	the basis of any protected characteristic; or
3	(iv) for the development of a highway
4	or other similar infrastructure project that
5	is ancillary to or not required for the pres-
6	ervation or creation of affordable housing.
7	(D) Engagement.—When using the emi-
8	nent domain power, the Authority shall—
9	(i) meaningfully engage with commu-
10	nities affected by the use of the eminent
11	domain power;
12	(ii) enter into community benefit
13	agreements to ensure displacement through
14	the use of the eminent domain power is
15	minimized; and
16	(iii) provide reasonable alternatives
17	for any individuals displaced or potentially
18	harmed by the use of the eminent domain
19	power.
20	(4) Receivership.—The Authority may, not-
21	withstanding any other provision of law, take over as
22	receiver for residential real estate properties, if ap-
23	pointed by the court or official authorized under law
24	to appoint a receiver for a financial institution, pub-
25	lic housing agency, or other entity, to ensure mainte-

1	nance of quality for the benefit of the inhabitants
2	and the community, including undertaking mainte-
3	nance and renovation activities necessary to main-
4	tain or achieve compliance with applicable building
5	safety, health, and habitability codes and require-
6	ments.
7	(b) OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT.—The Authority
8	may—
9	(1) hold any real property acquired under sub-
10	section (a) for the purpose of maintaining or in-
11	creasing social housing stock;
12	(2) operate real property described in para-
13	graph (1) as rental property and collect income; and
14	(3) update and improve real property described
15	in paragraph (1) to maintain quality and conditions
16	which may include actions to retrofit and update the
17	real property to be energy efficient, low-carbon, safe
18	healthy, climate-resilient, and accessible, including
19	retrofits and updates for—
20	(A) energy efficiency, including—
21	(i) installing energy efficient windows
22	(ii) super-insulating roofs and exterior
23	walls;
24	(iii) electrifying water heating;

1	(iv) installing electric heat pumps for
2	heating or air conditioning; and
3	(v) increasing the airtightness of
4	building envelopes, heat recovery systems
5	and ventilation systems;
6	(B) remediation to—
7	(i) eliminate any mold, asbestos, lead-
8	based paint, lead-based paint hazards, lead
9	pipes, radon, or other toxins or contami-
10	nants in the real property or otherwise af-
11	fecting residents of the real property; and
12	(ii) utilize least toxic building mate-
13	rials;
14	(C) in-unit efficiency upgrades, including
15	installing energy efficient insulation and effi-
16	cient and all-electric appliances;
17	(D) providing drinking water, including re-
18	placing pipes and ensuring compliance with the
19	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et
20	seq.) and other applicable standards of the En-
21	vironmental Protection Agency;
22	(E) energy systems, including installing re-
23	newable energy rooftops, renewable energy gen-
24	eration, and photovoltaic glass windows, pur-

1	chasing clean energy grid supply in bulk, and
2	investing in community-scale energy systems;
3	(F) emergency response, including install-
4	ing battery storage for backup and rigid foam
5	wall insulation in hurricane and earthquake-
6	prone areas to create shear walls and resistance
7	to structural damage from walls tilting or fall-
8	ing during high winds or earthquakes;
9	(G) transportation, including providing
10	dedicated infrastructure for transportation by
11	bicycle, electric bicycle, micromobility, or elec-
12	tric vehicles, including charging stations; and
13	(H) otherwise meeting minimum property
14	standards established by the Authority or the
15	Secretary.
16	(c) Support to Eligible Entities.—
17	(1) In General.—The Authority—
18	(A) may convey any real estate property
19	owned or held by the Authority to an eligible
20	entity under paragraph (2) for use as afford-
21	able housing under section 7(c);
22	(B) may not convey real property that is
23	uninhabitable under this subsection unless the
24	Authority has—

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1	(i) taken any actions necessary to
2	bring the real property into compliance
3	with applicable building, safety, health,
4	and habitability codes and requirements; or
5	(ii) entered into such agreements with
6	the conveyee sufficient to ensure that any
7	actions necessary to bring the real prop-
8	erty into compliance with applicable build-
9	ing, safety, health, and habitability codes
10	and requirements will be taken before the
11	property is occupied;
12	(C) finance or assist in financing the ac-
13	quisition of residential real estate properties by
14	eligible entities under paragraph (2) for use as
15	affordable housing;
16	(D) contract directly with any eligible enti-
17	ty for the purpose of developing and managing

an affordable housing project involving the purchase or acquisition of the right to use completed or remodeled dwelling units, including condominium units, individual buildings that are part of a larger development, or a portion of the units in a multifamily development, or the construction of new buildings, except that—

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1	(i) the project shall be subject to rules
2	and regulations promulgated by the Au-
3	thority, which shall include a procedure for
4	providing public notice of the availability of
5	funding and a ranking of priority for
6	projects according to criteria for selection;
7	(ii) the project shall seek to reason-
8	ably comply with any applicable laws, ordi-
9	nances, and regulations of the State and
10	political subdivision thereof in which the
11	project is located, relating to the construc-
12	tion and repair of buildings, zoning, and
13	the protection of public health; and
14	(iii) the project budget may include
15	capital funds to establish spaces for sup-
16	portive services and funds to provide such
17	services.
18	(2) Eligible entities.—
19	(A) In general.—For purposes of con-
20	veyance of assets under this subsection, the fol-
21	lowing entities shall be eligible entities:
22	(i) A mission-driven nonprofit organi-
23	zation that—
24	(I) has as one of its primary pur-
25	poses—

1	(aa) the provision of housing
2	that is affordable to low-income
3	families and moderate-income
4	families; or
5	(bb) the provision of evi-
6	dence-based supportive services,
7	shelter, or housing assistance for
8	homeless persons or families or
9	those at risk of homelessness; or
10	(II) is otherwise considered by
11	the Authority as a suitable purchaser.
12	(ii) A tenant organization, resident-
13	owned cooperative, or community-led devel-
14	opment organization.
15	(iii) A public housing agency.
16	(iv) A State, local, or Tribal govern-
17	mental agency or other instrumentality.
18	(v) A community land trust.
19	(vi) Such other entities considered by
20	the Authority as suitable conveyees.
21	(B) Ineligible entities.—
22	(i) In general.—The Authority shall
23	establish standards for excluding entities
24	from eligibility under subparagraph (A) as
25	appropriate to ensure the preservation and

1	permanent affordability of housing and
2	protection of residents.
3	(ii) Maintenance of nonprofit
4	ELIGIBILITY.—The Authority shall estab-
5	lish procedures to ensure that any eligible
6	entity that is a nonprofit organization, and
7	to which a real property is conveyed under
8	this subsection, maintains its nonprofit
9	status under section 501(c)(3) of the In-
10	ternal Revenue Code of 1986.
11	(C) USE RESTRICTIONS.—A conveyance
12	under this subsection shall all be accompanied
13	by a permanently affordable social housing use
14	restriction.
15	(D) REQUIREMENT.—An eligible entity
16	may receive conveyance of a real property or
17	mortgage under this subsection only if the eligi-
18	ble entity enters into such binding agreements
19	as the Authority considers necessary to ensure
20	that the property involved—
21	(i) is used as permanently affordable
22	housing; and
23	(ii) cannot be resold, sold, transferred,
24	or assigned into the private market.
25	(E) REVERSIONARY INTEREST.—

1	(i) IN GENERAL.—The Authority shall
2	hold a reversionary interest in each real
3	property the Authority conveys to an eligi-
4	ble entity under this subsection, with the
5	power to reclaim a real property if the eli-
6	gible entity is found to have violated the
7	permanently affordable social housing use
8	restriction.
9	(ii) Compensation.—If the Authority
10	exercises the reversionary interest under
11	clause (i) on a real property, the Authority
12	shall, at the time the Authority exercises
13	the reversionary interest, compensate each
14	stakeholder who holds limited equity in the
15	real property.
16	(iii) Exception for public hous-
17	ING.—Clause (i) shall not apply to a real
18	property that the Authority conveys to an
19	eligible entity under this subsection for use
20	as public housing.
21	(F) Limited equity.—A resident of a
22	real property acquired under this subsection by
23	an eligible entity may purchase limited equity in
24	the real property, at the discretion of the eligi-

ble entity.

47 (G) LIMITS ON PROFIT.—An eligible entity 1 2 or stakeholder claiming limited equity in a real 3 property conveyed by the Authority under this 4 subsection shall limit the sum of profit that 5 may be taken on leasehold interests and any 6 shares of stock, equity, or other financial inter-7 est in the property to a rate of 2 percent per 8 year, compounded annually and adjusted for in-9 flation. 10 (d) Financing.— 11 (1) In General.—The Authority may issue, 12 purchase, acquire, hold, or service a mortgage on 13 any real estate property. 14 (2) DISTRESSED MORTGAGES.—The Authority 15 may seek to recoup any losses incurred on a dis-

- may seek to recoup any losses incurred on a distressed mortgage acquired under paragraph (1) from the responsible party if the Authority determines, not later than 5 years after acquisition, that the mortgage fell into distress due to—
- (A) unfair or abusive terms or practices;
- 21 (B) fraud or deception; or
  - (C) equity stripping or other such actions taken by an individual who constructively owns the real property or exercises control over the real property.

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1	(3) Financing tenant purchases.—The Au-
2	thority shall provide technical assistance and financ-
3	ing to support the purchase of rental properties by
4	tenant organizations and community land trusts, re-
5	gardless of incorporation status, under section 7 and
6	otherwise, which may include financing such repairs
7	and improvements as may be necessary to comply
8	with subsection $(c)(1)(B)(ii)$ of this section.
9	(e) Clearinghouse.—To facilitate the exercise of
10	the powers under subsections (a) through (d), the Author-
11	ity shall establish a clearinghouse—
12	(1) for the Authority to provide notice of, and
13	to market, in accordance with the requirements of
14	this Act, real estate assets held by the Authority;
15	(2) for owners of distressed real estate assets to
16	provide notice of the availability of, and to market,
17	such assets to the Authority; and
18	(3) for public availability of notices provided to
19	the Authority under section 10.
20	(f) Rulemaking.—The Authority may promulgate
21	any regulations necessary to carry out the powers, duties,
22	and functions of the Authority.
23	(g) Annual Report to Congress.—The Authority
24	shall annually provide a report to Congress evaluating the
25	effectiveness of the Authority's actions.

1	(h) Preservation of Affordability.—The Au-
2	thority may monitor the affordability of homeownership
3	and adopt internal policies or recommend congressional
4	action, as needed, to preserve affordability.
5	SEC. 7. REQUIREMENTS FOR SOCIAL HOUSING PROVIDERS
6	(a) Definition.—In this section, the term "social
7	housing provider" means—
8	(1) the Authority acting pursuant to section
9	6(b)(2); and
10	(2) an eligible entity, with respect to real prop-
11	erty acquired under section $6(c)(1)(A)$ .
12	(b) General Applicability.—A social housing pro-
13	vider that makes social housing available for rent shall
14	comply with the requirements of this section.
15	(c) Accessibility and Affordability Stand-
16	ARDS.—The Authority shall establish affordability and ac-
17	cessibility standards for social housing, which shall—
18	(1) ensure that units of social housing, in the
19	aggregate, are truly financially accessible to families
20	at a range of income levels, including—
21	(A) families who are homeless or at risk-
22	of homelessness; and
23	(B) extremely low-income families, low-in-

1	(2) ensure that not less than 40 percent of
2	dwelling units are set aside for extremely low-income
3	families in newly constructed units of permanently
4	affordable social housing or other housing units pre-
5	served or rehabilitated as permanently affordable so-
6	cial housing;
7	(3) ensure that not less than 70 percent of
8	dwelling units are set aside for low-income families
9	and extremely low-income families; and
10	(4) take into consideration—
11	(A) requirements for affordable housing
12	under other programs for assistance for afford-
13	able housing;
14	(B) Federal income thresholds in section
15	215(a) of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Af-
16	fordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12745(a));
17	(C) neighborhood-scale rental markets,
18	which may include Small Area Fair Market
19	Rent standards published by the Department;
20	and
21	(D) household financial expenditures, bur-
22	dens, or costs, and historical legacies of exclu-
23	sion, due to which the Secretary may establish
24	new, comprehensive income thresholds, more

generous than the thresholds described in sub-

1	clause (II) as reasonably feasible and in accord-
2	ance with financial sustainability.
3	(d) Rents.—
4	(1) Initial rent.—A social housing provider
5	shall set the initial annual rent plus the sum of fees
6	charged to a household living in permanently afford-
7	able social housing at 25 percent of the adjusted
8	gross income of the household.
9	(2) Increases.—An increase in rent for a
10	property described in paragraph (1) may not exceed
11	the lesser of—
12	(A) 3 percent per year; or
13	(B) the percentage increase (if any) in the
14	Consumer Price Index since the previous rent
15	increase.
16	(3) Recalibration.—Rent for a property de-
17	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be recalibrated to 25
18	percent of the household's adjusted gross income—
19	(A) not less frequently than once every 5
20	years;
21	(B) when the household's adjusted gross
22	income, as defined by the Secretary, changes by
23	10 percent or more; and

1	(C) when the household requests a re-
2	calibration due to economic hardship under a
3	process established by the Authority.
4	(4) Public Housing Rental Guidelines and
5	FORMULA.—The rental guidelines and formula de-
6	scribed in section 3(a) of the United States Housing
7	Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(a)) shall supersede
8	paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection with
9	respect to rent for a real property conveyed to a
10	public housing agency under section 7(c) for use and
11	operation as public housing.
12	(e) Resident, Applicant, and Tenant Protec-
13	TIONS.—
14	(1) In general.—A social housing provider
15	shall comply with the resident, applicant, and tenant
16	protections under this subsection.
17	(2) Just-cause evictions.—
18	(A) In general.—A social housing pro-
19	vider may not terminate or refuse to renew a
20	tenancy except for just cause and only pursuant
21	to advance written notice to the tenant and evi-
22	dence of such just cause, in accordance with
23	this subparagraph.

1	(B) Definition of Just Cause.—For the
2	purposes of this paragraph, the term "just
3	cause" means—
4	(i) at-fault just case, as described in
5	subparagraph (C); or
6	(ii) no-fault just cause, as described in
7	subparagraph (D).
8	(C) AT-FAULT JUST-CAUSE.—
9	(i) Grounds.—For purposes of this
10	paragraph, at-fault just cause grounds for
11	eviction are any of the following:
12	(I) The tenant's failure to pay
13	rent.
14	(II) The tenant's engagement in
15	serious criminal activity on the prem-
16	ises that poses an imminent and di-
17	rect threat to the health or safety of
18	other tenants.
19	(III) The tenant causing substan-
20	tial damage to the premises after
21	being issued a written notice to cor-
22	rect the violation.
23	(IV) The tenant maintaining,
24	committing, or permitting the mainte-

1	nance or commission of a nuisance at
2	the property.
3	(V) The tenant permitting the
4	premises to be used for a criminal
5	purpose.
6	(VI) The tenant's refusal to exe-
7	cute the social housing provider's re-
8	quest for a written extension or re-
9	newal of a lease based on terms simi-
10	lar to the terms of the tenant's prior
11	lease without an unreasonable rent in-
12	crease.
13	(VII) The tenant's refusal to de-
14	liver possession of the premises after
15	providing written notice to the social
16	housing provider of the intent to ter-
17	minate the tenancy and after the so-
18	cial housing provider's acceptance of
19	that notice.
20	(ii) Notice.—
21	(I) Notice of violation.—Be-
22	fore a social housing provider issues a
23	notice to terminate a tenancy for at-
24	fault just cause based on a curable
25	lease violation, as defined by the Au-

1	thority, the social housing provider
2	shall first give the tenant written no-
3	tice of the violation and the oppor-
4	tunity to cure the violation within a
5	reasonable period of time, subject to
6	the time periods specified in para-
7	graph (10)(A).
8	(II) NOTICE OF TERMINATION OF
9	TENANCY.—If a tenant does not cure
10	a violation within the reasonable pe-
11	riod of time set forth in a notice
12	under subclause (I), the social housing
13	provider may serve the tenant with a
14	notice of termination of tenancy with-
15	out a further opportunity to cure the
16	violation.
17	(III) Uncurable lease viola-
18	TIONS.—Nothing in this clause shall
19	be construed to require notice in the
20	case of an uncurable lease violation
21	as defined by the Authority.
22	(iii) Unreasonable rent in-
23	CREASE.—For purposes of this subpara-
24	graph the term "unreasonable rent in-

1	crease" means an increase in rent that ex-
2	ceeds the lesser of—
3	(I) 3 percent per year; or
4	(II) the percentage increase (if
5	any) in the Consumer Price Index
6	since the previous rent increase.
7	(iv) Limitation.—
8	(I) IN GENERAL.—Notwith-
9	standing clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), a
10	social housing provider may not un-
11	fairly penalize an individual or an in-
12	dividual's household based on the indi-
13	vidual's criminal history or minor
14	legal infractions.
15	(II) Authority.—To carry out
16	subclause (I), the Authority, acting
17	through the Board by rulemaking
18	after notice and an opportunity for
19	public comment—
20	(aa) may define what activi-
21	ties, crimes, and convictions, if
22	any, may result in termination of
23	a lease or exclusion of a resident
24	from social housing; and

1	(bb) shall establish inclusive
2	procedures, policies, and regula-
3	tions to support the reintegration
4	of individuals with criminal
5	records into communities to en-
6	sure they have access to stable
7	housing.
8	(D) No-fault just-cause.—
9	(i) Grounds.—For purposes of this
10	paragraph, no-fault just cause grounds for
11	eviction are the following:
12	(I) The social housing provider
13	intends to remove the dwelling unit
14	from the rental market or substan-
15	tially remodel or demolish the dwelling
16	unit.
17	(II) The social housing provider
18	is required to comply with a local or-
19	dinance or an order from a court or
20	other governmental entity which re-
21	quires the tenant to vacate the prop-
22	erty.
23	(ii) Relocation costs.—In the case
24	of a no-fault just cause termination of ten-
25	ancy, the evicting social housing provider

1	shall assist the tenant with relocation costs
2	regardless of the tenant's income by pro-
3	viding—
4	(I) a direct payment of 1 month's
5	rent; or
6	(II) a written waiver of the ten-
7	ant's last month of rent.
8	(E) No waiver of rights.—Any waiver
9	of rights provided by this paragraph shall be
10	void.
11	(3) Prohibiting discrimination on the
12	BASIS OF SOURCE OF INCOME.—
13	(A) Prohibition.—The Authority shall
14	ensure that with respect to any unit of perma-
15	nently affordable social housing, no person may
16	engage in any conduct because of the source of
17	income of a person that would be unlawful
18	under the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601 et
19	seq.) if the conduct were engaged in because of
20	a protected characteristic under that Act.
21	(B) Source of income.—For purposes of
22	this subparagraph, the term "source of income"
23	includes—
24	(i) a housing voucher under section 8
25	of the United States Housing Act of 1937

1	(42 U.S.C. 1437f) and any form of Fed-
2	eral, State, or local housing assistance pro-
3	vided to a family or provided to a housing
4	owner on behalf of a family, including
5	rental vouchers, rental assistance, and
6	rental subsidies from nongovernmental or-
7	ganizations;
8	(ii) any amount received by an indi-
9	vidual (including any amount to which an
10	individual is entitled for which payment is
11	made to a representative payee) by reason
12	of entitlement to—
13	(I) a monthly benefit under title
14	II or XVI of the Social Security Act
15	(42 U.S.C. 401 et seq., 1381 et seq.);
16	or
17	(II) a benefit under the Railroad
18	Retirement Act of 1974 (45 U.S.C.
19	231 et seq.);
20	(iii) income received by court order,
21	including spousal support and child sup-
22	port;
23	(iv) any payment from a trust, guard-
24	ian, or conservator; and
25	(v) any other lawful source of income.

1	(4) Admissions restrictions.—
2	(A) Screening.—A social housing pro-
3	vider may screen applicants for permanently af-
4	fordable social housing solely for the purpose of
5	determining their ability to pay rent or other-
6	wise comply with the material terms of the
7	lease, provided the screening process and cri-
8	teria comply with subparagraph (B).
9	(B) Rules and procedures.—A social
10	housing provider may not discriminate in a
11	manner prohibited by—
12	(i) section 804 of the Fair Housing
13	Act (42 U.S.C. 3604); or
14	(ii) section 701(a) of the Equal Credit
15	Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691(a)).
16	(5) Prohibited bases of discrimination.—
17	A social housing provider may not implement any
18	rules or procedures that deny or discriminate
19	against an eligible applicant for permanently afford-
20	able social housing solely on the basis of—
21	(A) irrelevant criminal history, in accord-
22	ance with the final rule of the Department enti-
23	tled "Reducing Barriers to HUD-Assisted
24	Housing", published in the Federal Register on
25	April 10, 2024 (89 Fed. Reg. 25332);

(B) credit history; or

- 2 (C) any other information that is not di-3 rectly related to, or directly predictive of, an ap-4 plicant's ability to pay rent or otherwise comply 5 with the material terms of the lease.
  - (6) Democratic control.—In the case of social housing that is a multifamily rental property, tenants shall have control of living and operating conditions in the property through a democratically elected resident organization, board, or council.
  - (7) RESIDENT ASSOCIATIONS AND TENANT OR-GANIZATIONS.—Residents of permanently affordable social housing shall have the right to organize to form resident associations and tenant organizations with automatic bargaining rights to address issues related to their living environment.
  - (8) RIGHT TO RETURN WITHOUT RE-SCREEN-ING.—A household that must relocate from a dwelling unit in a property temporarily due to the Authority's acquisition, rehabilitation, or demolition of the property shall have a right to return to the property and shall not be excluded from occupancy based on any re-screening, income eligibility, or income targeting.

1	(9) Phased-in rent increase.—In the case
2	of a household occupying a dwelling unit in a prop-
3	erty that initially is not social housing and has a
4	rent lower the maximum rental allowed under sub-
5	section (d), upon conversion of the property to per-
6	manently affordable social housing, the social hous-
7	ing provider shall phase in any potential rent in-
8	crease at a rate that does not exceed, over any 5-
9	year period, 10 percent each year.
10	(10) RESIDENT PROCEDURAL RIGHTS IN
11	LEASES.—
12	(A) In general.—A lease for occupancy
13	of a dwelling unit in permanently affordable so-
14	cial housing shall incorporate each item under
15	this paragraph.
16	(B) TERMINATION NOTIFICATION.—The
17	social housing provider shall provide adequate
18	written notice of termination of the lease,
19	which—
20	(i) except as provided in clause (ii),
21	may not be fewer than 30 days; or
22	(ii) if a tenant is engaging in serious
23	criminal activity on the premises that
24	poses an imminent and direct threat to the

1	health and safety of other tenants, may
2	not exceed 30 days.
3	(C) Grievance process.—
4	(i) Opportunity for information
5	HEARING.—For any dispute, termination
6	of assistance, eviction, or other adverse de-
7	terminations related to a resident's ten-
8	ancy, welfare, or status, the social housing
9	provider shall provide the resident an op-
10	portunity for an informal hearing.
11	(ii) Notice of opportunity to re-
12	QUEST INFORMAL HEARING.—A social
13	housing provider shall provide residents
14	notice of the opportunity to request an in-
15	formal hearing described in clause (i).
16	(iii) Rule of construction.—This
17	subparagraph shall not provide any right
18	to an informal hearing for a class griev-
19	ance or to settle a dispute between resi-
20	dents not involving the social housing pro-
21	vider.
22	(f) Additional Requirements for Social Hous-
23	ING PROVIDERS.—
24	(1) Waiting list.—
25	(A) In General.—

1	(i) Establishment of waiting
2	LISTS AND RESIDENT SELECTION AND
3	TRANSFER POLICY.—
4	(I) Waiting lists.—The Au-
5	thority shall establish—
6	(aa) a waiting list for all so-
7	cial housing; or
8	(bb) a waiting list for each
9	social housing site.
10	(II) RESIDENT SELECTION AND
11	TRANSFER POLICY.—The Authority
12	shall establish a resident selection and
13	transfer policy under which individ-
14	uals on an existing waiting list main-
15	tained by a public housing agency
16	may be transferred to a waiting list
17	established under subclause (I).
18	(ii) Priority for residents of oc-
19	CUPIED PROPERTIES TO RESIDE IN PROP-
20	ERTY.—In the case of an occupied prop-
21	erty that is converted to social housing, ex-
22	isting tenants shall receive priority to live
23	in the social housing.
24	(iii) Public Housing.—The Author-
25	ity shall determine the best policies and

1	procedures to transition applicants from
2	any public housing waiting list to a social
3	housing waiting list established under
4	clause (i)(I), and shall consider—
5	(I) transferring applicants from
6	an existing site-based public housing
7	waiting list to a new site-based social
8	housing waiting list;
9	(II) transferring applicants from
10	an existing site-based public housing
11	waiting list to a waiting list for all so-
12	cial housing;
13	(III) transferring an existing
14	community-wide public housing wait-
15	ing list to a different community-wide
16	social housing waiting list; and
17	(IV) informing applicants on a
18	community-wide public housing wait-
19	ing list how to transfer their applica-
20	tion to 1 or more newly created site-
21	based social housing waiting lists.
22	(B) Means of contact.—The owner of a
23	real property being converted to permanently
24	affordable social housing and the social housing
25	provider may determine the most appropriate

1	means of informing applicants on any public
2	housing or social housing community-wide wait-
3	ing list in the community in which the property
4	is located about the opportunity to apply for, or
5	be transferred to a waiting list for, the new so-
6	cial housing, given the number of applicants,
7	available resources, and the admissions require-
8	ments of the property, including—
9	(i) contacting each applicant on the
10	waiting list by direct mail or email;
11	(ii) advertising the availability of
12	housing to the population that is less likely
13	to apply, both minority and non-minority
14	groups, through various forms of media
15	within the marketing area, such as radio
16	stations, posters, and newspapers;
17	(iii) informing local nonprofit entities
18	and advocacy groups, such as disability
19	rights groups; and
20	(iv) conducting other outreach as ap-
21	propriate.
22	(C) Requirements.—
23	(i) Persons with disabilities or
24	LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY.—Any ac-
25	tivity by a social housing provider to con-

1	tact applicants on a public housing waiting
2	list or social housing waiting list shall be
3	conducted in a manner that ensures—
4	(I) effective communication with
5	persons with disabilities; and
6	(II) meaningful access for per-
7	sons with limited English proficiency
8	(which may include communications
9	in languages other than English).
10	(ii) Site-based waiting list.—
11	When using a site-based waiting list, a so-
12	cial housing provider shall consider waiting
13	list and transfer policies that expand op-
14	portunities for tenants seeking an emer-
15	gency transfer under, or consistent with,
16	the owner's emergency transfer plan, and
17	allowing for easier moves between assisted
18	properties.
19	(D) Administration.—After the initial
20	waiting list has been established for a social
21	housing property, the social housing provider
22	shall administer the waiting list in a manner
23	that facilitates the fair and uniform treatment
24	of applicants for, residents of, and units at the

1	property, in accordance with all applicable civil
2	rights and fair housing laws and regulations.
3	(2) Access to records.—A social housing
4	provider shall cooperate with any reasonable re-
5	quests for information made by the Authority (if ap-
6	plicable), an applicant, or a resident, including to
7	support the permanently affordable social housing
8	program evaluation, and including project financial
9	statements, operating data, and rehabilitation work.
10	(3) Operating budget.—A social housing
11	provider that is an eligible entity shall—
12	(A) submit to the Authority annually an
13	operating budget for the permanently affordable
14	social housing and such other information as
15	the Authority considers necessary to assess the
16	financial health of the permanently affordable
17	social housing; and
18	(B) determine annually whether the per-
19	manently affordable social housing—
20	(i) is generating excess cash that shall
21	be reinvested or returned to the Authority;
22	or
23	(ii) is in need of operating assistance,
24	including adequate capitalization of re-
25	serves for replacement, from the Authority.

- 1 (4) Reinvestment of surplus.—A social
  2 housing provider shall prioritize any reinvestment of
  3 surplus operating funds for social housing dwelling
  4 units for families whose household incomes are at or
  5 below 30 percent of area median income.
- (5) ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES FOR LOW- AND
  VERY LOW-INCOME PERSONS.—The operation of permanently affordable social housing shall be considered a program that provides housing and community development assistance for purposes of section
  3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of
  1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u).
- 13 (g) Private Right of Action.—A tenant of a per14 manently affordable social housing who is charged a rent
  15 that exceeds the amount permitted under subsection (d)
  16 or who is evicted in violation of subsection (e) may bring
  17 in an appropriate district court of the United States a civil
  18 action to obtain injunctive relief, compensatory damages
  19 and punitive damages, or such other relief as the court
  20 may consider to be appropriate.

## 21 SEC. 8. LABOR AND BUY AMERICA PROVISIONS.

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out their respective 23 authorities under this Act, the Authority and each eligible 24 entity—

[	(1) shall ensure that construction materials an	d
2	manufactured products used are—	

- (A) substantially manufactured, mined, and produced in the United States in accordance with section 8302 of title 41, United States Code (including the amendments to that section made by the Build America, Buy America Act (subtitle A of title IX of division G of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (41 U.S.C. 8301 note; Public Law 117–58))); and
- (B) to protect workers and residents, included in the Recommendations of Specifications, Standards, and Ecolabels for Federal Purchasing list (or a successor document) developed under the Environmentally Preferable Purchasing Program of the Environmental Protection Agency;
- (2) shall ensure that all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the performance of construction, prosecution, completion, or repair work carried out, in whole or in part, with assistance made available under this Act, including negotiable instruments described in section 4(d), shall be paid wage rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a similar character in the

- locality, as determined by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code;
  - (3) with respect to any construction project for which the total estimated cost of the construction is \$25,000,000 or more, shall ensure each contractor and subcontractor engaged in the construction on the project agrees, for the project, to negotiate or become a party to a project labor agreement as that term is defined in section 22.502 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act);
  - (4) may not hire employees through a temporary staffing agency, unless the project is not being carried out under a project labor agreement and the relevant State workforce agency certifies that temporary employees are necessary to address an acute, short-term labor demand;
  - (5) shall implement measures to ensure that outreach and recruitment efforts extend to local and underrepresented communities, including through support for pre-apprenticeship programs or the adoption of local hire provisions to the extent permitted by law;
- 25 (6) shall adopt—

1	(A) an explicit policy on any issue involv-
2	ing the organization of employees, including the
3	employees of all contractors and subcontractors
4	engaged in the construction on the project, for
5	purposes of collective bargaining, not to deter
6	the employees with respect to—
7	(i) labor organizing for the employees
8	engaged; and
9	(ii) the employees' choice to form and
10	join labor organizations;
11	(B) such policies that require—
12	(i) the posting and maintenance of no-
13	tices in the workplace to notify the employ-
14	ees of their rights under the National
15	Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 151 et
16	seq.);
17	(ii) that the employees are, at the be-
18	ginning of their employment, provided no-
19	tice and information regarding the employ-
20	ees' rights under the National Labor Rela-
21	tions Act; and
22	(iii) an employer to voluntarily recog-
23	nize a labor organization in cases where a
24	majority of the employees have joined and
25	requested representation; and

1	(C) a safety and health program that in-
2	cludes all the core elements of a workplace safe-
3	ty and health program, as recommended by the
4	Occupational Safety and Health Administra-
5	tion;
6	(7) shall consider an individual performing any
7	service for the social housing provider, a contractor,
8	or subcontractor as an employee, and not an inde-
9	pendent contractor, unless—
10	(A) the individual is free from control and
11	direction in connection with the performance of
12	the service, both under the contract for the per-
13	formance of the service and in fact;
14	(B) the service is performed outside the
15	usual course of the business of the social hous-
16	ing provider, contractor, or subcontractor, re-
17	spectively; and
18	(C) the individual is customarily engaged
19	in an independently established trade, occupa-
20	tion, profession, or business of the same nature
21	as that involved in such service; and
22	(8) shall ensure that the installation, operation,
23	and maintenance of electric vehicle chargers by
24	qualified technicians meets the standards described

- 1 in section 680.106(j) of title 23, Code of Federal
- 2 Regulations, or any successor regulation.
- 3 (b) ACTION TO ENFORCE INDEPENDENT CON-
- 4 TRACTOR REQUIREMENT.—A third party, including a
- 5 State or local government, may bring an action in any
- 6 court of competent jurisdiction to enforce the requirement
- 7 under subsection (a)(7).
- 8 (c) Authority for Certain Labor Standards.—
- 9 With respect to the labor standards specified in subsection
- 10 (a)(2), the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and
- 11 functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14
- 12 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145
- 13 of title 40, United States Code.
- 14 SEC. 9. DUTY TO SERVE.
- 15 (a) Duty.—To further the purposes of this Act, the
- 16 Authority shall serve rural and Native communities.
- 17 (b) EVALUATION AND REPORTING OF COMPLI-
- 18 ANCE.—
- 19 (1) EVALUATION METHOD.—The Authority
- shall, by regulation, establish effective for 2025 and
- each year thereafter a method for evaluating wheth-
- er, and the extent to which, the Authority has com-
- 23 plied with the duty under subsection (a) and for rat-
- ing the extent of such compliance.

1	(2) Annual Evaluation.—Using the method
2	established under paragraph (1), the Authority shall,
3	for 2025, and each year thereafter, evaluate compli-
4	ance described in that subparagraph and rate its
5	performance as to extent of compliance.
6	(3) Annual Report.—The Authority shall an-
7	nually publish and submitted to the Committee on
8	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate
9	and the Committee on Financial Services of the
10	House of Representatives a report that contains the
11	evaluation and rating for the year as described in
12	paragraph (2).
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13	SEC. 10. COMMUNITY AND TENANT OPPORTUNITY TO PUR-
13 14	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.
14	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.
14 15	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.  (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14 15 16	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.  (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  (1) APPROVED STATEMENT OF INTEREST.—
14 15 16 17	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.  (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  (1) APPROVED STATEMENT OF INTEREST.—  The term "approved statement of interest", with re-
14 15 16 17	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.  (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  (1) APPROVED STATEMENT OF INTEREST.—  The term "approved statement of interest", with respect to a property, means a qualifying tenant orga-
14 15 16 17 18	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.  (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  (1) APPROVED STATEMENT OF INTEREST.—  The term "approved statement of interest", with respect to a property, means a qualifying tenant organization's statement of interest in purchasing the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.  (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  (1) APPROVED STATEMENT OF INTEREST.—  The term "approved statement of interest", with respect to a property, means a qualifying tenant organization's statement of interest in purchasing the property that has been approved by the Authority.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.  (a) Definitions.—In this section:  (1) Approved statement of interest", with respect to a property, means a qualifying tenant organization's statement of interest in purchasing the property that has been approved by the Authority.  (2) Covered Rental Property.—The term
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CHASE MULTIFAMILY RENTAL PROPERTIES.  (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  (1) APPROVED STATEMENT OF INTEREST.—  The term "approved statement of interest", with respect to a property, means a qualifying tenant organization's statement of interest in purchasing the property that has been approved by the Authority.  (2) COVERED RENTAL PROPERTY.—The term "covered rental property"—

1	(i) received a credit under section 41
2	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 by
3	reason of subsection (h)(4)(B) of that sec-
4	tion;
5	(ii) has a mortgage made by the Sec-
6	retary of Agriculture under section 515 of
7	the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C.
8	1485);
9	(iii) has a distressed or nonperforming
10	mortgage loan held by the Federal Na-
11	tional Mortgage Association or the Federal
12	Home Loan Mortgage Authority;
13	(iv) secures a mortgage loan issued by
14	a member institution of a Federal Home
15	Loan Bank; or
16	(v) has a federally insured mortgage
17	and has an organization of tenants that
18	has demonstrated an interest in, and main-
19	tained an approved statement of interest
20	in, purchasing, subject to the application
21	process and procedures determined by the
22	Authority; and
23	(B) does not include a student housing
24	dormitory.

- 1 (3) First-look and first opportunity to
  2 Purchase Period.—The term "first-look and first
  3 opportunity to purchase period" means the 30-day
  4 period described in subsection (d)(1)(A).
- 5 (4) NOTICE PERIOD.—The term "notice period" 6 means the 90-day period described in subsection 7 (c)(2)(A).
- 8 (5) QUALIFYING TENANT ORGANIZATION.—The 9 term "qualifying tenant organization" means an in-10 corporated tenant organization.
- 11 (b) EXCLUDED PROPERTY TRANSFERS.—This sec-12 tion does not apply to—
  - (1) any transfer by devise or intestacy or any other transfer made in connection with a bona fide effort to pass an interest in real property to one's devisees or heirs (including such a transfer made in connection with a living trust); or
  - (2) any transfer between or among spouses, domestic partners, siblings (including half-siblings, step-siblings, and adoptive siblings), parents (including step-parents and adoptive parents) or guardians and their children, grandparents and their grandchildren, aunts or uncles and their nieces or nephews, great-aunts or great-uncles and their grand-

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1	nieces or grand-nephews, or first or second cousins,
2	or any combination thereof.
3	(c) Obligation To Provide Notice of Intent to
4	Sell.—
5	(1) In general.—The owner of a covered rent-
6	al property shall provide written notice to tenants
7	and the Authority of the owner's interest in selling,
8	transferring, assigning, or conveying the property or
9	the mortgage on the property, as soon as is prac-
10	ticable in good faith.
11	(2) Notice Period; procedures.—The owner
12	of a covered rental property may not sell, transfer,
13	assign, or convey the property or the mortgage on
14	the property, including by means of any short sale
15	or sale pursuant to foreclosure, unless the owner—
16	(A) provides written notice to tenants and
17	the Authority not later than 90 days before the
18	property or mortgage would be sold, trans-
19	ferred, assigned, or conveyed; and
20	(B) provides a first look, opportunity to
21	purchase, and right of first refusal to purchase
22	the property in accordance with the procedures
23	and requirements under subsection (d).
24	(d) Additional Obligations.—

1	(1) First-look and first opportunity to
2	PURCHASE PERIOD.—
3	(A) In General.—During the 30-day pe-
4	riod beginning on the day after the last day of
5	the notice period, the owner of the covered rent-
6	al property shall provide eligible entities the
7	first opportunity to purchase the property.
8	(B) Priority for eligible entities.—
9	The owner of the covered rental property may
10	not offer the covered rental property for sale to
11	any other purchaser, solicit any offer or bid to
12	purchase the covered rental property, or other-
13	wise enter into a contract for the transfer, sale,
14	assignment, or conveyance of the covered rental
15	property until after the end of the first-look and
16	first opportunity to purchase period.
17	(2) Priority of first look and oppor-
18	TUNITY TO PURCHASE.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—Any eligible entity
20	wishing to take advantage of the priority grant-
21	ed under paragraph (1) with respect to a cov-
22	ered rental property shall provide a notice of
23	offer of sale by the end of the first-look and

first opportunity to purchase period.

1	(B) Order of Priority.—The owner of
2	covered rental property shall consider offers de-
3	scribed in subparagraph (A) according to the
4	following order of priority:
5	(i) An offer from a qualifying tenant
6	organization that was incorporated before
7	the notice period and that has a current,
8	approved statement of interest in pur-
9	chasing the covered rental property.
10	(ii) An offer from a qualifying tenant
11	organization that was incorporated during
12	the notice period.
13	(iii) An offer from an eligible entity
14	that a qualifying tenant organization of the
15	covered rental property has endorsed.
16	(iv) An offer from an eligible entity
17	that a qualifying tenant organization of the
18	covered rental property has not endorsed.
19	(3) RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL.—After the
20	owner of a covered rental property complies with
21	subsection (c) and paragraphs (1) and (2) of this
22	subsection, if the owner does not sell the covered
23	rental property to an eligible entity under such para-
24	graph (2) and instead opts to make the covered

rental property available for sale to a third party, in-

- cluding by means of any short sale or sale pursuant to foreclosure, any eligible entity shall have the right to match any third-party offer (referred to in this subsection as the "right of first refusal".
  - (4) Failure to sell.—If the owner of a covered rental property does not enter into a sales contract during the 1-year period beginning on the date on which the right of first refusal under paragraph (3) is triggered, the obligation to provide notice of the interest and intent to sell under subsection (c) shall renew, and the owner may not sell the property except pursuant to subsection (c) and this subsection.

## (e) RIGHTS OF TENANTS.—

- (1) TENANT NOTIFICATION.—The owner of a covered rental property, in notifying the tenants of the covered rental property of the interest of the owner in selling, transferring, assigning, or conveying the property or the mortgage on the property under subsection (c), shall provide the notice in an accessible manner that clearly outlines the process under this section and available resources.
- (2) TENANT OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE.— Not later than the first day of the first-look and first opportunity to purchase period, the owner of a

- covered rental property shall notify tenants of the opportunity to purchase the covered rental property in an accessible manner that clearly outlines their rights and the resources available under this section to support a purchase.
  - (3) TENANT NOTIFICATION OF OFFERS.—The owner of a covered rental property shall notify the tenants of the property of each offer to purchase the property made by an eligible entity.

## (4) Tenant organizations.—

- (A) RIGHT TO PURCHASE ONLY AS ORGANIZATION.—Nothing in subsection (d) shall be construed to provide the right to purchase a covered rental property to an individual tenant.
- (B) Technical assistance provided under section the technical assistance provided under section 6(d) and subsection (g) of this section, the Authority shall provide resources to expedite the incorporation of tenant organizations to better allow tenants to participate in the process for purchase of a covered rental property under subsection (d) of this section, including pre-notification tenant training especially in areas at high risk for displacement.

- (5) ESTABLISHMENT OF RESIDENT-OWNED CO-OPERATIVE OR COMMUNITY LAND TRUST.—A qualifying tenant organization that wishes to purchase a covered rental property under this section shall establish a resident-owned cooperative or community land trust to purchase the covered rental property.
  - (6) RIGHTS AFTER PURCHASE.—If a qualifying tenant organization purchases a covered rental property under this section, the subsequent resident organization may resell the property to an eligible entity.
  - (7) Endorsements.—A qualifying tenant organization for a covered rental property may endorse an eligible entity's offer of sale for purposes of the order of priority under subsection (d)(2)(B), by a majority vote of tenants and subject to procedures outlined by the Authority.
  - (8) Representatives.—A qualifying tenant organization may retain a legal representative to act as an agent of the qualifying tenant organization for purposes of this section.
  - (9) Conveyance of rights.—A tenant of a covered rental property may not assign, transfer, sell, or convey the rights afforded to the tenant under this section.

1	(f) Responsibilities of All Interested Par-
2	TIES.—For purposes of this section, an eligible entity, in-
3	cluding a qualifying tenant organization and a legal rep-
4	resentative of a qualifying tenant organization, and an
5	owner of a covered rental property shall negotiate in good
6	faith and communicate within reasonable timeframes.
7	(g) Role of Authority.—
8	(1) In general.—The Authority shall—
9	(A) establish an Office of Community and
10	Tenant Opportunity to Purchase Act to provide
11	direct technical assistance and grants for tech-
12	nical assistance to eligible entities, and legal
13	representatives of qualifying tenant organiza-
14	tions, in order to support and enhance the abil-
15	ity of eligible entities, including qualifying ten-
16	ant organizations, to make purchases under this
17	section;
18	(B) establish an application process, proce-
19	dures, and requirements for qualifying tenant
20	organizations to establish and maintain a state-
21	ment of interest in purchasing a covered rental
22	property; and
23	(C) finance purchases made by eligible en-
24	tities under this section, consistent with the
25	purposes of section 5.

1	(2) Application for statement of inter-
2	EST IN PURCHASING.—The application for a quali-
3	fying tenant organization to establish a statement or
4	interest in purchasing a covered rental property shal
5	include such information as the Authority deter-
6	mines appropriate.
7	(3) Priorities.—In the funding of purchases
8	made under this section or the approval of a quali-
9	fying tenant organization's statement of interest in
10	purchasing a covered rental property, the Authority
11	may prioritize based on the following factors:
12	(A) The affordable housing needs of a re-
13	gion or State.
14	(B) The potential number of permanently
15	affordable housing units.
16	(C) The feasibility of a project.
17	(D) The opportunity to improve the condi-
18	tion and quality of housing for extremely low-
19	income families or low-income families.
20	(E) The pressures of displacement and the
21	opportunity to preserve naturally occurring af
22	fordable housing.
23	(F) Any factors related to the purposes of
24	powers of the Authority.

1	(4) Noncompliance regulations.—The Au-
2	thority shall promulgate regulations establishing
3	penalties for noncompliance under this section and
4	appropriate financial penalties to enforce this sec-
5	tion.
6	(5) General regulations.—The Authority—
7	(A) shall promulgate regulations necessary
8	to carry out this section; and
9	(B) in conjunction with the Secretary and
10	State and local housing agencies, shall promul-
11	gate regulations to carry out this section with
12	respect to purchases made by eligible entities.
13	SEC. 11. MAXIMUM CONTINGENT LIABILITY.
14	(a) In General.—The maximum contingent liability
15	of the Authority outstanding at any time may not exceed
16	in the aggregate the applicable amount under subsection
17	(b).
18	(b) Amount Specified.—
19	(1) Initial 5-year period.—For purposes of
20	subsection (a), the applicable amount for the 5-year
21	period beginning on the date of the enactment of
22	this Act is \$150,000,000,000.
23	(2) Subsequent 5-year periods.—Not later
24	than 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act
25	and not less frequently than once every 5 years

1	thereafter, the Board shall adjust the amount speci-
2	fied in paragraph (1) to reflect the percentage in-
3	crease (if any) in the Consumer Price Index since
4	the previous adjustment under this paragraph.
5	SEC. 12. AUTHORITY FUNDS.
6	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
7	(1) Cost.—The term "cost", with respect to a
8	direct loan or loan guarantee, has the meaning given
9	the term in section 502 of the Federal Credit Re-
10	form Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a); and
11	(2) DIRECT LOAN.—The term "direct loan" has
12	the meaning given the term in section 502 of the
13	Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a).
14	(3) LOAN GUARANTEE.—The term "loan guar-
15	antee" has the meaning given the term in section
16	502 of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2
17	U.S.C. 661a).
18	(4) Project-specific transaction costs.—
19	(A) In general.—The term "project-spe-
20	cific transaction costs''—
21	(i) means the costs incurred by the
22	Authority for travel and legal expenses and
23	direct and indirect costs incurred by the
24	Authority in claims settlements: and

1	(ii) does not include the costs of infor-
2	mation technology (as that term is defined
3	in section 11101 of title 40, United States
4	Code).
5	(B) Treatment.—Project-specific trans-
6	action costs shall not be considered administra-
7	tive expenses for the purposes of this section.
8	(b) AUTHORITY CAPITAL ACCOUNT.—There is estab-
9	lished in the Treasury of the United States a fund to be
10	known as the "Authority Capital Account" to carry out
11	the purposes of the Authority.
12	(c) Funding.—The Authority Capital Account shall
13	consist of—
14	(1) fees charged and collected under subsection
15	(d);
16	(2) any amounts received under subsection (f);
17	(3) investments and returns on investments
18	under subsection (h);
19	(4) payments received in connection with sales
20	and other business of the Authority;
21	(5) any proceeds from bonds sold under section
22	4(d);
23	(6) any amounts appropriated to the Authority
24	

1	(7) all other collections transferred to or earned
2	by the Authority, excluding the cost of direct loans
3	and loan guarantees.
4	(d) FEE AUTHORITY.—The Authority may charge
5	and collect fees for providing services in amounts to be
6	determined by the Board.
7	(e) USE OF AUTHORITY CAPITAL ACCOUNT.—The
8	Authority may use amounts in the Authority Capital Ac-
9	count to carry out the purposes described in section 5,
10	including for—
11	(1) the cost of direct loans and loan guarantees;
12	(2) administrative expenses of the Authority;
13	(3) for the cost of providing support authorized
14	by section 6;
15	(4) project-specific transaction costs;
16	(5) payment of all insurance and reinsurance
17	claims of the Authority;
18	(6) repayments to the Treasury of the United
19	States of amounts borrowed under subsection (f);
20	and
21	(7) dividend payments to the Treasury of the
22	United States under subsection (g).
23	(f) AUTHORITY TO BORROW.—The Authority may
24	borrow from the Treasury of the United States such sums
25	as may be necessary to fulfill obligations of the Authority

- 1 and any such borrowing shall be at a rate determined by
- 2 the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration
- 3 the current average market yields on outstanding market-
- 4 able obligations of the United States of comparable matu-
- 5 rities, for a period jointly determined by the Authority and
- 6 the Secretary of the Treasury, and subject to such terms
- 7 and conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury may re-
- 8 quire.
- 9 (g) DIVIDENDS.—The Board, in consultation with
- 10 the Director of the Office of Management and Budget,
- 11 shall annually assess a dividend payment to the Treasury
- 12 of the United States if the Authority Capital Account is
- 13 more than 100 percent reserved.
- 14 (h) Investment Authority.—
- 15 (1) In General.—The Authority may request
- the Secretary of the Treasury to invest such portion
- of the Authority Capital Account as is not, in the
- Authority's judgement, required to meet the current
- 19 needs of the Authority Capital Account.
- 20 (2) FORM OF INVESTMENTS.—Investments
- 21 under paragraph (1) shall be made by the Secretary
- of the Treasury in public debt obligations, with ma-
- turities suitable to the needs of the Authority Cap-
- 24 ital Account, as determined by the Authority, and
- bearing interest at rates determined by the Sec-

1	retary of the Treasury, taking into consideration
2	current market yields on outstanding marketable ob-
3	ligations of the United States of comparable matu-
4	rities.
5	(i) Collections.—Interest earned under subsection
6	(h) and amounts, excluding fees related to insurance or
7	reinsurance, collected under subsection (d), shall not be
8	collected for any fiscal year except to the extent provided
9	in advance in appropriation Acts.
10	SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR AU-
11	THORITY.
12	(a) Authority Funds.—There is authorized to be
13	appropriated to the Authority Capital Account established
14	under section 12(b) to carry out this Act \$30,000,000,000
15	for each of fiscal years 2025 through 2035.
16	
10	(b) Allocations to Indian Tribes and Tribally
17	(b) Allocations to Indian Tribes and Tribally Designated Housing Entities.—
17	DESIGNATED HOUSING ENTITIES.—
17 18	Designated Housing Entities.—  (1) In general.—The Authority shall allocate
17 18 19	Designated Housing Entities.—  (1) In general.—The Authority shall allocate not less than 5 percent of amounts appropriated
17 18 19 20	Designated Housing Entities.—  (1) In general.—The Authority shall allocate not less than 5 percent of amounts appropriated under subsection (a) to provide assistance to Indian
17 18 19 20 21	Designated Housing Entities.—  (1) In General.—The Authority shall allocated not less than 5 percent of amounts appropriated under subsection (a) to provide assistance to Indian Tribes and tribally designated housing entities—

1	(B) in consultation with Indian Tribes,
2	tribally designated housing entities, and the Of-
3	fice of Native American Programs of the De-
4	partment of Housing and Urban Development.
5	(2) Supplement not supplant.—To the
6	greatest extent possible, the allocation described in
7	paragraph (1) shall supplement and not supplant
8	any funding that an Indian Tribe or a tribally des-
9	ignated housing entity receives from a governmental
10	source.
11	(c) Allocations to Rural Communities.—
12	(1) In general.—The Authority shall allocate
13	not less than 10 percent of amounts appropriated
14	under subsection (a) to provide assistance to housing
15	entities in rural communities—
16	(A) in accordance with notice and com-
17	ment rulemaking procedures under section 553
18	of title 5, United States Code; and
19	(B) in consultation with the Rural Housing
20	Service of the Department of Agriculture.
21	(2) Supplement not supplant.—To the
22	greatest extent possible, the allocation described in
23	paragraph (1) shall supplement and not supplant
24	any funding that a rural housing entity receives

from a governmental source.

## 1 SEC. 14. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR PUB-

- 2 LIC HOUSING BACKLOG.
- 3 There is authorized to be appropriated for assistance
- 4 from the Public Housing Capital Fund established under
- 5 section 9(d) of the United States Housing Act of 1937
- 6 (42 U.S.C. 1437g(d)) such sums as may be necessary to
- 7 address the public housing capital backlog at the Depart-
- 8 ment, which amount shall remain available until expended
- 9 and, notwithstanding subsections (c)(1) and (d)(2) of such
- 10 section 9, shall be allocated to public housing agencies
- 11 based upon the extent of the capital need of each agency,
- 12 as determined according to the most recent physical needs
- 13 assessment of the agencies, with a minimum amount for
- 14 each agency to be specified by the Authority.
- 15 SEC. 15. REPEAL OF FAIRCLOTH AMENDMENT.
- 16 Section 9(g) of the United States Housing Act of
- 17 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437g(g)) is amended by striking para-
- 18 graph (3).
- 19 SEC. 16. MISCELLANEOUS.
- 20 (a) Savings Clause.—Except as may be otherwise
- 21 expressly provided in this Act, all powers and authorities
- 22 conferred by this Act shall be cumulative and additional
- 23 to and not in derogation of any powers and authorities
- 24 otherwise existing.
- 25 (b) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this Act, an
- 26 amendment made by this Act, or the application of such

- 1 provision or amendment to any person or circumstance is
- 2 held to be invalid, the remainder of this Act and the
- 3 amendments made by this Act, and the application of the
- 4 provision or amendment to any other person or cir-
- 5 cumstance, shall not be affected.
- 6 (c) Effective Date; Interim Appointments.—
- 7 This Act shall take effect on the date that is 60 days after
- 8 the date of enactment of this Act, or on such earlier date
- 9 as the President shall specify by Executive order published
- 10 in the Federal Register, except that any of the officers
- 11 provided for in section 4(c) may be nominated and ap-
- 12 pointed, as provided in that section, at any time after the
- 13 date of enactment.
- 14 (d) Designation of Temporary Officers.—
- 15 (1) In general.—If 1 or more officers re-
- quired by this Act to be appointed by the President,
- by and with the advice and consent of the Senate,
- have not entered office as of the effective date of
- this Act under subsection (c), the President may
- designate any person who was an officer of the De-
- 21 partment as of the day before that effective date to
- serve in that office in an acting capacity until the
- earlier of—
- 24 (A) the date on which the office is filled as
- provided in this Act; or

1	(B) the date that is 60 days after the ef-
2	fective date.
3	(2) Compensation.—While serving in an office
4	in an acting capacity as described in paragraph (1)
5	a person shall receive compensation at the rate pro-
6	vided by this Act for that office.

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