## 112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1609

To require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to establish a demonstration program to award grants to, and enter into contracts with, medical-legal partnerships to assist patients and their families to navigate health-related programs and activities.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

#### September 22, 2011

Mr. HARKIN (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, and Mr. INOUYE) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

# A BILL

- To require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to establish a demonstration program to award grants to, and enter into contracts with, medical-legal partnerships to assist patients and their families to navigate health-related programs and activities.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Medical-Legal Partner-
- 5 ship for Health Act".

### 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; PURPOSE.

7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

1 (1) Numerous studies and reports, including 2 the annual National Healthcare Disparities Report 3 and Unequal Treatment, the 2002 Institute of Medi-4 cine Report, document the extensiveness to which 5 vulnerable populations suffer from health disparities 6 across the country.

7 (2) These studies have found that, on average, 8 racial and ethnic minorities and low-income popu-9 lations are disproportionately afflicted with chronic 10 and acute conditions such as asthma, cancer, diabe-11 tes, and hypertension and suffer worse health out-12 comes, worse health status, and higher mortality 13 rates.

14 (3) Several recent studies also show that health 15 and healthcare quality are a function of not only ac-16 cess to healthcare, but also the social determinants 17 of health, including the environment, the physical 18 structure of communities, socio-economic status, nu-19 trition, educational attainment, employment, race, 20 ethnicity, geography, and language preference, that 21 directly and indirectly affect the health, healthcare, 22 and wellness of individuals and communities.

(4) Formally integrating medical and legal pro-fessionals in the health setting can more effectively

1	address the health needs of vulnerable populations
2	and ultimately reduce health disparities.
3	(5) All over the United States, healthcare pro-
4	viders who take care of low-income individuals and
5	families are partnering with legal professionals to
6	assist them in providing better quality of healthcare.
7	(6) Medical-legal partnerships integrate lawyers
8	in a health setting to help patients navigate the com-
9	plex government, legal, and service systems in ad-
10	dressing social determinants of health, such as in-
11	come supports for food insecure families and mold
12	removal from the home of asthmatics.
13	(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are to—
14	(1) support and advance opportunity for med-
15	ical-legal partnerships to be more fully integrated in
16	healthcare settings nationwide;
17	(2) to improve the quality of care for vulnerable
18	populations by reducing health disparities among
19	health disparities populations and addressing the so-
20	cial determinants of health; and
21	(3) identify and develop cost-effective strategies
22	that will improve patient outcomes and realize sav-
23	ings for healthcare systems.

### 1 SEC. 3. MEDICAL-LEGAL PARTNERSHIPS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
3 Human Services shall establish a nationwide demonstra4 tion project consisting of—

5 (1) awarding grants to, and entering into con-6 tracts with, medical-legal partnerships to assist pa-7 tients and their families to navigate programs and 8 activities; and

9 (2) evaluating the effectiveness of such partner-10 ships.

11 (b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary may, 12 directly or through grants or contracts, provide technical 13 assistance to grantees under subsection (a)(1) to support 14 the establishment and sustainability of medical-legal part-15 nerships. Not to exceed 5 percent of the amount appro-16 priated to carry out this section in a fiscal year may be 17 used for purposes of this subsection.

18 (c) FUNDING.—

(1) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts received as a
grant or pursuant to a contract under this section
shall be used to assist patients and their families to
navigate health-related programs and activities for
purposes of achieving one or more of the following
goals:

25 (A) Enhancing access to healthcare serv-26 ices.

1	(B) Improving health outcomes for low-in-
2	come individuals, as defined in subsection (g).
3	(C) Reducing health disparities among
4	health disparities populations.
5	(D) Enhancing wellness and prevention of
6	chronic conditions and other health problems.
7	(E) Reducing cost of care to the healthcare
8	system.
9	(F) Addressing the social determinants of
10	health.
11	(G) Addressing situational contributing
12	factors.
13	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
14	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
15	this section such sums as may be necessary, but not
16	to exceed \$10,000,000, for each of the fiscal years
17	2012 through 2016.
18	(3) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—For each fiscal
19	year, the Secretary may not award a grant or con-
20	tract under this section to an entity unless the entity
21	agrees to make available non-Federal contributions
22	(which may include in-kind contributions) toward
23	the costs of a grant or contract awarded under this
24	section in an amount that is not less than \$1 for

each \$10 of Federal funds provided under the grant
 or contract.

3 (4) ALLOCATION.—Of the amounts appro4 priated pursuant to paragraph (2) for a fiscal year,
5 the Secretary may obligate not more than 5 percent
6 for the administrative expenses of the Secretary in
7 carrying out this section.

8 (d) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible to receive a
9 grant or contract under this section, an entity shall—

10 (1) be an organization experienced in bridging
11 the medical and legal professions on behalf of vul12 nerable populations nationally; and

(2) submit to the Secretary an application at
such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require, including
information demonstrating that the applicant has experience in bridging the medical and legal professions or a strategy or plan for cultivating and building medical-legal partnerships.

20 (e) PROHIBITIONS.—No funds under this section may21 be used—

(1) for any medical malpractice action or pro-ceeding;

24 (2) to provide any support to an alien who is
25 not—

1	(A) a qualified alien (as defined in section
2	431 of the Immigration and Nationality Act);
3	(B) a nonimmigrant under the Immigra-
4	tion and Nationality Act; or
5	(C) an alien who is paroled into the United
6	States under section $212(d)(5)$ of such Act for
7	less than one year;
8	(3) to provide legal assistance with respect to
9	any proceeding or litigation which seeks to procure
10	an abortion or to compel any individual or institu-
11	tion to perform an abortion, or assist in the per-
12	formance of an abortion; or
13	(4) to initiate or participate in a class action
14	lawsuit.
15	(f) REPORTS.—
16	(1) FINAL REPORT BY SECRETARY.—Not later
17	than 6 months after the date of the completion of
18	the demonstration program under this section, the
19	Secretary shall conduct a study of the results of the
20	program and submit to the Congress a report on
21	such results that includes the following:
22	(A) An evaluation of the program out-
23	comes, including—
24	(i) a description of the extent to which
25	medical-legal partnerships funded through

1	this section achieved the goals described in
2	subsection (b);
3	(ii) quantitative and qualitative anal-
4	ysis of baseline and benchmark measures;
5	and
6	(iii) aggregate information about the
7	individuals served and program activities.
8	(B) Recommendations on whether the pro-
9	grams funded under this section could be used
10	to improve patient outcomes in other public
11	health areas.
12	(2) INTERIM REPORTS BY SECRETARY.—The
13	Secretary may provide interim reports to the Con-
14	gress on the demonstration program under this sec-
15	tion at such intervals as the Secretary determines to
16	be appropriate.
17	(3) Reports by grantees.—The Secretary
18	may require each recipient of a grant under this sec-
19	tion to submit interim and final reports on the pro-
20	grams carried out by such recipient with such grant.
21	(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
22	(1) The term "health disparities populations"
23	has the meaning given such term in section $485E(d)$
24	of the Public Health Service Act.

1	(2) The term "low-income individuals" refers to
2	the population of individuals and families who earn
3	up to 200 percent of the Federal poverty level.
4	(3) The term "medical-legal partnership"
5	means an entity—
6	(A) that is a partnership between—
7	(i) a community health center, public
8	hospital, children's hospital, or other pro-
9	vider of healthcare services to a significant
10	number of low-income beneficiaries; and
11	(ii) one or more legal professionals;
12	and
13	(B) whose primary mission is to assist pa-
14	tients and their families navigate health-related
15	programs, activities, and services through the
16	provision of relevant civil legal assistance on-
17	site in the healthcare setting involved, in con-
18	junction with regular training for healthcare
19	staff and providers regarding the connections
20	between legal interventions, social determinants,
21	and health of low-income individuals.
22	(4) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
23	of Health and Human Services.

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