

116TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 3005

To require the Secretary of Transportation to promulgate standards and regulations requiring all new commercial motor vehicles to be equipped with technology to limit maximum operating speed, to require existing speed-limiting technologies already installed in commercial motor vehicles manufactured after 1992 to be used while in operation, and to require that the maximum safe operating speed of commercial motor vehicles shall not exceed 65 miles per hour, or 70 miles per hour with certain safety technologies.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

DECEMBER 10, 2019

Mr. ISAKSON (for himself and Mr. COONS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To require the Secretary of Transportation to promulgate standards and regulations requiring all new commercial motor vehicles to be equipped with technology to limit maximum operating speed, to require existing speed-limiting technologies already installed in commercial motor vehicles manufactured after 1992 to be used while in operation, and to require that the maximum safe operating speed of commercial motor vehicles shall not exceed 65 miles per hour, or 70 miles per hour with certain safety technologies.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Cullum Owings Large
5 Truck Safe Operating Speed Act of 2019”.

6 **SEC. 2. FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARD AND**
7 **FEDERAL MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY REGULA-**
8 **TION FOR SPEED-LIMITING TECHNOLOGIES.**

9 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

10 (1) according to the Federal Motor Carrier
11 Safety Administration, during the period beginning
12 on January 1, 2004, and ending on December 31,
13 2013, 10,440 people were killed in motor vehicle
14 crashes in which the speed of a commercial motor
15 vehicle likely contributed to severity;

16 (2) a 2007 survey of truck drivers by the Insurance
17 Institute for Highway Safety determined that
18 64 percent of the drivers were in favor of a speed-
19 limiting requirement;

20 (3) according to a 2012 study commissioned by
21 the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration,
22 trucks not using a speed-limiting technology had a
23 speed limit-relevant crash rate almost 2 times higher
24 than the rate of trucks using a speed-limiting tech-
25 nology;

1 (4) speed-limiting devices have been required to
2 be installed and used on commercial motor vehicles
3 throughout the world, including in—

4 (A) Australia, which has required the use
5 of those devices since 1990;

6 (B) the United Kingdom, which has re-
7 quired the use of those devices since 1992; and

8 (C) the European Union, which has re-
9 quired the use of those devices since 1994; and

10 (5) the Department of Transportation has been
11 examining the issues involving speed-limiting tech-
12 nologies since at least 2006.

13 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

14 (1) ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL SYSTEM.—The
15 term “adaptive cruise control system” means a sys-
16 tem on a commercial motor vehicle that is de-
17 signed—

18 (A) to maintain a set speed; and

19 (B) when applicable, to adjust the set
20 speed to maintain a specified distance from a
21 lead vehicle.

22 (2) AUTOMATIC EMERGENCY BRAKING SYS-
23 TEM.—The term “automatic emergency braking sys-
24 tem” means a system on a commercial motor vehicle
25 that—

(4) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Transportation.

19 (c) FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARD
20 AND MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY REGULATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall—

(A) acting through the Administrator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, issue a final rule that—

(i) establishes a Federal motor vehicle safety standard that requires that all commercial motor vehicles manufactured after the effective date of the standard shall be equipped with a speed-limiting technology; and

(ii) prescribes performance standards for speed-limiting technologies, automatic emergency braking systems, and adaptive cruise control systems that reduce or mitigate collisions at speeds of not faster than 70 miles per hour; and

(B) acting through the Administrator of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, issue a final rule that establishes a Federal motor carrier safety regulation that requires that any existing speed-limiting technology already installed in a commercial motor vehicle manufactured after December 31, 1992, shall be used at any time during which the commercial motor vehicle is in operation, in accordance with paragraph (2).

(ii) maintains a maximum speed of not faster than 65 miles per hour, or not faster than 70 miles per hour with the use of an adaptive cruise control system and an automatic emergency braking system, to ensure the safety of commercial motor vehicle drivers and the public, regardless of whether the speed-limiting technology was installed in the commercial motor vehicle—

(II) for purposes of achieving compliance with the standard under paragraph (1)(A); and

(B) as necessary, amend any Federal motor vehicle safety standards or Federal motor carrier safety regulations to require that all

commercial motor vehicles shall travel at a speed of not faster than—

(3) SECRETARIAL REVIEW.—

(C) RECOMMENDATIONS; PUBLICATION.—

2 On conclusion of each review under this para-
3 graph, the Secretary shall—

4 (i) submit to Congress recommenda-
5 tions for improvement of Federal speed-
6 governing regulations, if any; and

11 (d) IMPLEMENTATION.—

19 (A) 65 miles per hour; or

(B) 70 miles per hour with the use of an adaptive cruise control system and an automatic emergency braking system.

1 shall verify, and submit to the Secretary a certifi-
2 cation of, compliance with the requirement at such
3 time and in such manner as the Secretary may es-
4 tablish, by regulation.

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