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118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 4178

To establish artificial intelligence standards, metrics, and evaluation tools, to support artificial intelligence research, development, and capacity building activities, to promote innovation in the artificial intelligence industry by ensuring companies of all sizes can succeed and thrive, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 18, 2024

Ms. Cantwell (for herself, Mr. Young, Mr. Hickenlooper, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Luján, Ms. Sinema, Mr. Rounds, and Mr. Schumer) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

DECEMBER 18 (legislative day, DECEMBER 16), 2024
Reported by Ms. CANTWELL, with an amendment
[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To establish artificial intelligence standards, metrics, and evaluation tools, to support artificial intelligence research, development, and capacity building activities, to promote innovation in the artificial intelligence industry by ensuring companies of all sizes can succeed and thrive, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be eited as the
- 5 "Future of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - See. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Sense of Congress.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions.
 - TITLE I—VOLUNTARY ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE STANDARDS, METRICS, EVALUATION TOOLS, TESTBEDS, AND INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Subtitle A-Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute and Testbeds

- Sec. 101. Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute.
- Sec. 102. Program on artificial intelligence testbeds.
- Sec. 103. National Institute of Standards and Technology and Department of Energy testbed to identify, test, and synthesize new materials.
- Sec. 104. National Science Foundation and Department of Energy collaboration to make scientific discoveries through the use of artificial intelligence.
- Sec. 105. Progress report.

Subtitle B—International Cooperation

- Sec. 111. International coalition on innovation, development, and harmonization of standards with respect to artificial intelligence.
- Sec. 112. Requirement to support bilateral and multilateral artificial intelligence research collaborations.
 - Subtitle C—Identifying Regulatory Barriers to Innovation
- See. 121. Comptroller General of the United States identification of risks and obstacles relating to artificial intelligence and Federal agencies.

TITLE H—ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 201. Public data for artificial intelligence systems.
- Sec. 202. Federal grand challenges in artificial intelligence.

SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 2 It is the sense of Congress that policies governing ar-
- 3 tificial intelligence should maximize the potential and de-
- 4 velopment of artificial intelligence to benefit all private
- 5 and public stakeholders.

6 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

section.

7 In this Act:

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- 8 (1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" has the
 9 meaning given such term in section 3502 of title 44,
 10 United States Code, except such term shall include
 11 an independent regulatory agency, as defined in such
- 13 (2) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The term "ar14 tificial intelligence" has the meaning given such
 15 term in section 5002 of the National Artificial Intel16 ligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401).
 - (3) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE BLUETEAMING.—The term "artificial intelligence blueteaming" means an effort to conduct operational
 network vulnerability evaluations and provide mitigation techniques to entities who have a need for an
 independent technical review of the network security
 posture of an artificial intelligence system.
- 24 (4) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL.—The
 25 term "artificial intelligence model" means a compo-

1	nent of an artificial intelligence system that is a
2	model—
3	(A) derived using mathematical, computa-
4	tional, statistical, or machine-learning tech-
5	niques; and
6	(B) used as part of an artificial intel-
7	ligence system to produce outputs from a given
8	set of inputs.
9	(5) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RED-
10	TEAMING.—The term "artificial intelligence red-
11	teaming" means structured adversarial testing ef-
12	forts of an artificial intelligence system to identify
13	risks, flaws, and vulnerabilities of the artificial intel-
14	ligence system, such as harmful outputs from the
15	system, unforeseen or undesirable system behaviors,
16	limitations, or potential risks associated with the
17	misuse of the system.
18	(6) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RISK MANAGE-
19	MENT FRAMEWORK.—The term "Artificial Intel-
20	ligence Risk Management Framework" means the
21	most recently updated version of the framework de-
22	veloped and updated pursuant to section 22A(c) of
23	the National Institute of Standards and Technology

Act (15 U.S.C. 278h–1(c)).

- 1 (7) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM.—The
 2 term "artificial intelligence system" has the meaning
 3 given such term in section 7223 of the Advancing
 4 American AI Act (40 U.S.C. 11301 note).
 - (8) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term
 "critical infrastructure" has the meaning given such
 term in section 1016(e) of the Uniting and
 Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate
 Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism
 (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C.
 5195c(e)).
 - (9) FEDERAL LABORATORY.—The term "Federal laboratory" has the meaning given such term in section 4 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703).
 - (10) FOUNDATION MODEL.—The term "foundation model" means an artificial intelligence model trained on broad data at scale and is adaptable to a wide range of downstream tasks.
 - (11) GENERATIVE ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE.—The term "generative artificial intelligence" means the class of artificial intelligence models that utilize the structure and characteristics of input data in order to generate outputs in the form of derived synthetic content. Such derived syn-

- thetic content can include images, videos, audio,
 text, software, code, and other digital content.
- 3 (12) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term "National Laboratory" has the meaning given such term in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).
 - (13) SYNTHETIC CONTENT.—The term "synthetic content" means information, such as images, videos, audio clips, and text, that has been significantly modified or generated by algorithms, including by artificial intelligence.
 - (14) TESTBED.—The term "testbed" means a facility or mechanism equipped for conducting rigorous, transparent, and replicable testing of tools and technologies, including artificial intelligence systems, to help evaluate the functionality, trustworthiness, usability, and performance of those tools or technologies.
 - (15) TEVV.—The term "TEVV" means methodologies, metrics, techniques, and tasks for testing, evaluating, verifying, and validating artificial intelligence systems or components.
- 23 (16) WATERMARKING.—The term
 24 "watermarking" means the act of embedding infor25 mation that is intended to be difficult to remove,

1	into outputs generated by artificial intelligence, in-
2	eluding outputs such as text, images, audio, videos
3	software code, or any other digital content or data
4	for the purposes of verifying the authenticity of the
5	output or the identity or characteristics of its prove-
6	nance, modifications, or conveyance.
7	TITLE I—VOLUNTARY ARTIFI-
8	CIAL INTELLIGENCE STAND-
9	ARDS, METRICS, EVALUATION
10	TOOLS, TESTBEDS, AND
11	INTERNATIONAL COOPERA-
12	TION
13	Subtitle A—Artificial Intelligence
14	Safety Institute and Testbeds
15	SEC. 101. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SAFETY INSTITUTE.
16	(a) Establishment of Institute.—
17	(1) In General.—Not later than 1 year after
18	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under
19	Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Tech-
20	nology (in this section referred to as the "Under
21	Secretary") shall establish an institute on artificial
22	intelligence.
23	(2) Designation.—The institute established
24	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the

1	"Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute" (in this see
2	tion referred to as the "Institute").
3	(3) Mission.—The mission of the Institute is
4	as follows:
5	(A) To assist the private sector and agen
6	cies in developing voluntary best practices for
7	the robust assessment of artificial intelligence
8	systems.
9	(B) To provide technical assistance for the
10	adoption and use of artificial intelligence acros
11	the Federal Government to improve the quality
12	of government services.
13	(C) To develop guidelines, methodologies
14	and best practices to promote—
15	(i) development and adoption of vol
16	untary, consensus-based technical stand
17	ards or industry standards;
18	(ii) long-term advancements in artifi
19	cial intelligence technologies; and
20	(iii) innovation in the artificial intel
21	ligence industry by ensuring that compa
22	nies of all sizes can succeed and thrive.
23	(b) DIRECTOR.—The Under Secretary shall appoin
24	a director of the Institute, who shall be known as the "Di
25	rector of the Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute' (in

- 1 this section referred to as the "Director" and report di2 rectly to the Under Secretary.
- 3 (c) Staff and Authorities.—
- 4 (1) STAFF.—The Director may hire such full5 time employees as the Director considers appropriate
 6 to assist the Director in carrying out the functions
 7 of the Institute.
- 8 (2) Use of authority to here critical 9 TECHNICAL EXPERTS.—In addition to making ap-10 pointments under paragraph (1) of this subsection, 11 the Director, in coordination with the Secretary of 12 Commerce, may make appointments of scientific, en-13 gineering, and professional personnel, and fix their 14 basic pay, under subsection (b) of section 6 of the 15 National Institute of Standards and Technology Act 16 (15 U.S.C. 275) to hire critical technical experts.
 - (3) EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY TO HIRE CRITICAL TECHNICAL EXPERTS. Such subsection is amended, in the second sentence, by striking "15" and inserting "30".
 - (4) Modification of sunset. Subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking "the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this section" and inserting "December 30, 2035".

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1	(5) AGREEMENTS.—The Director may enter
2	into such agreements, including contracts, grants,
3	cooperative agreements, and other transactions, as
4	the Director considers necessary to carry out the
5	functions of the Institute and on such terms as the
6	Under Secretary considers appropriate.
7	(d) Consultation and Coordination.—In estab-
8	lishing the Institute, the Under Secretary shall—
9	(1) coordinate with—
10	(A) the Secretary of Energy;
11	(B) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
12	(C) the Secretary of Defense;
13	(D) the Director of the National Science
14	Foundation; and
15	(E) the Director of the Office of Science
16	and Technology Policy; and
17	(2) consult with the heads of such other Fed-
18	eral agencies as the Under Secretary considers ap-
19	propriate.
20	(e) Functions.—The functions of the Institute,
21	which the Institute shall carry out in coordination with
22	the laboratories of the National Institute of Standards and
23	Technology are as follows:

- (1) RESEARCH, EVALUATION, TESTING, AND STANDARDS.—The following functions relating to research, evaluation, testing, and standards:
 - (A) Conducting measurement research into system and model safety, validity and reliability, security, capabilities and limitations, explainability, interpretability, and privacy.
 - (B) Working with the Department of Energy, the National Science Foundation, public-private partnerships, including the Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute Consortium established under subsection (f), and other private sector organizations to develop testing environments and perform regular benchmarking and capability evaluations, including artificial intelligence red-teaming as the Director considers appropriate.
 - (C) Working with consensus-based, open, and transparent standards development organizations (SDOs) and relevant industry, Federal laboratories, civil society, and academic institutions to advance development and adoption of clear, implementable, technically sound, and technology-neutral voluntary standards and guidelines that incorporate appropriate vari-

1 ations in approach depending on the size of the 2 entity, the potential risks and potential benefits 3 of the artificial intelligence system, and the role 4 of the entity (such as developer, deployer, or 5 user) relating to artificial intelligence systems. 6 (D) Building upon the Artificial Intel-7 ligence Risk Management Framework to incor-8 porate guidelines on generative artificial intel-9 ligence systems. 10 (E) Developing a companion resource to 11 the Secure Software Development Framework 12 to incorporate secure development practices for 13 generative artificial intelligence and for founda-14 tion models. 15 (F) Developing and publishing eybersecu-16 rity tools, methodologies, best practices, vol-17 untary guidelines, and other supporting infor-18 mation to assist persons who maintain systems 19 used to create or train artificial intelligence 20 models to discover and mitigate vulnerabilities 21 and attacks. 22 (G) Coordinating or developing guidelines, 23

metries, benchmarks, and methodologies for evaluating artificial intelligence systems, including the following:

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1	(i) Cataloging existing artificial intel-
2	ligence metrics, benchmarks, and evalua-
3	tion methodologies used in industry and
4	academia.
5	(ii) Testing and validating the efficacy
6	of existing metries, benchmarks, and eval-
7	uations, as well as TEVV tools and prod-
8	uets.
9	(iii) Funding and facilitating research
10	and other activities in a transparent man-
11	ner, including at institutions of higher edu-
12	eation and other nonprofit and private sec-
13	tor partners, to evaluate, develop, or im-
14	prove TEVV capabilities, with rigorous sci-
15	entific merit, for artificial intelligence sys-
16	tems.
17	(iv) Evaluating foundation models for
18	their potential effect in downstream sys-
19	tems, such as when retrained or fine-
20	tuned.
21	(H) Coordinating with counterpart institu-
22	tions of international partners and allies to pro-
23	mote global interoperability in the development
24	of research, evaluation, testing, and standards
25	relating to artificial intelligence.

1	(I) Developing tools, methodologies, best
2	practices, and voluntary guidelines for identi-
3	fying vulnerabilities in foundation models.
4	(J) Developing tools, methodologies, best
5	practices, and voluntary guidelines for relevant
6	agencies to track incidents resulting in harm
7	caused by artificial intelligence systems.
8	(2) Implementation.—The following func-
9	tions relating to implementation:
10	(A) Using publicly available and volun-
11	tarily provided information, conducting evalua-
12	tions to assess the impacts of artificial intel-
13	ligence systems, and developing guidelines and
14	practices for safe development, deployment, and
15	use of artificial intelligence technology.
16	(B) Aligning capability evaluation and red-
17	teaming guidelines and benchmarks, sharing
18	best practices, and coordinating on building
19	testbeds and test environments with allies of
20	the United States and international partners
21	and allies.
22	(C) Coordinating vulnerability and incident
23	data sharing with international partners and al-
24	lies.

1	(D) Integrating appropriate testing capa-
2	bilities and infrastructure for testing of models
3	and systems.
4	(E) Establishing blue-teaming capabilities
5	to develop mitigation approaches and partner
6	with industry to address risks and negative im-
7	pacts.
8	(F) Developing voluntary guidelines on—
9	(i) detecting synthetic content, au-
10	thenticating content and tracking of the
11	provenance of content, labeling original
12	and synthetic content, such as by
13	watermarking, and evaluating software and
14	systems relating to detection and labeling
15	of synthetic content;
16	(ii) ensuring artificial intelligence sys-
17	tems do not violate privacy rights or other
18	rights; and
19	(iii) transparency documentation of
20	artificial intelligence datasets and artificial
21	intelligence models.
22	(G) Coordinating with relevant agencies to
23	develop or support, as the heads of the agencies
24	determine appropriate, sector- and application-
25	specific profiles of the Artificial Intelligence

1	Risk Management Framework for different use
2	cases, integrating end-user experience and on-
3	going development work into a continuously
4	evolving toolkit.
5	(3) OPERATIONS AND ENGAGEMENT.—The fol-
6	lowing functions relating to operations and engage-
7	ment:
8	(A) Managing the work of the Institute,
9	developing internal processes, and ensuring that
10	the Institute meets applicable goals and targets.
11	(B) Engaging with the private sector to
12	promote innovation and competitiveness.
13	(C) Engaging with international standards
14	organizations, multilateral organizations, and
15	similar institutes among allies and partners.
16	(f) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SAFETY INSTITUTE
17	Consortium.—
18	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—
19	(A) In General.—Not later than 180
20	days after the date of the enactment of this
21	Act, the Under Secretary shall establish a con-
22	sortium of stakeholders from academic or re-
23	search communities, Federal laboratories, pri-
24	vate industry, including companies of all sizes
25	with different roles in the use of artificial intel-

- ligence systems, including developers, deployers,
 and users, and civil society with expertise in
 matters relating to artificial intelligence to support the Institute in carrying out the functions
 set forth under subsection (e).
 - (B) DESIGNATION.—The consortium established pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be known as the "Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute Consortium".
 - (2) Consultation.—The Under Secretary, acting through the Director, shall consult with the consortium established under this subsection not less frequently than quarterly.
 - (3) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives a report summarizing the contributions of the members of the consortium established under this subsection in support the efforts of the Institute.
- 24 (g) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM TESTING.—
 25 In earrying out the Institute functions required by sub-

1	section (a), the Under Secretary shall support and con-
2	tribute to the development of voluntary, consensus-based
3	technical standards for testing artificial intelligence sys-
4	tem components, including, as the Under Secretary con-
5	siders appropriate, the following:
6	(1) Physical infrastructure for training or de-
7	veloping artificial intelligence models and systems,
8	including cloud infrastructure.
9	(2) Physical infrastructure for operating artifi-
10	cial intelligence systems, including cloud infrastruc-
11	ture.
12	(3) Data for training artificial intelligence mod-
13	els.
14	(4) Data for evaluating the functionality and
15	trustworthiness of trained artificial intelligence mod-
16	els and systems.
17	(5) Trained or partially trained artificial intel-
18	ligence models and any resulting software systems or
19	products.
20	(h) GIFTS.—
21	(1) AUTHORITY.—The Director may seek, ac-
22	cept, hold, administer, and use gifts from public and
23	private sources whenever the Director determines it

would be in the interest of the United States to do

so.

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1	(2) REGULATIONS.—The Director, in consulta-
2	tion with the Director of the Office of Government
3	Ethics, shall ensure that authority under this sub-
4	section is exercised consistent with all relevant eth-
5	ical constraints and principles, including—
6	(A) the avoidance of any prohibited conflict
7	of interest or appearance of impropriety; and
8	(B) a prohibition against the acceptance of
9	a gift from a foreign government or an agent
10	of a foreign government.
11	(i) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
12	tion shall be construed to provide the Director of the Na-
13	tional Institute of Standards and Technology any enforce-
14	ment authority that was not in effect on the day before
15	the date of the enactment of this Act.
16	SEC. 102. PROGRAM ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
17	TESTBEDS.
18	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-
20	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
21	gress'' means—
22	(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
23	and Transportation and the Committee on En-
24	ergy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and

1	(B) the Committee on Science, Space, and
2	Technology of the House of Representatives.
3	(2) Director. The term "Director" means
4	the Director of the National Science Foundation.
5	(3) Institute.—The term "Institute" means
6	the Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute established
7	by section 101.
8	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
9	the Secretary of Energy.
10	(5) Under secretary.—The term "Under
11	Secretary' means the Under Secretary of Commerce
12	for Standards and Technology.
13	(b) Program Required.—Not later than 180 days
14	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under
15	Secretary shall, in coordination with the Secretary and the
16	Director, establish and commence carrying out a testbed
17	program to encourage collaboration and support partner-
18	ships between the National Laboratories, the National In-
19	stitute of Standards and Technology, the National Artifi-
20	eial Intelligence Research Resource pilot program estab-
21	lished by the Director of the National Science Foundation,
22	or any successor program, and public and private sector
23	entities, including companies of all sizes, to conduct re-
24	search and development, tests, evaluations, and risk as-

1	sessments of artificial intelligence systems, including
2	measurement methodologies developed by the Institute.
3	(e) ACTIVITIES.—In earrying out this program, the
4	Under Secretary shall, in coordination with the Sec-
5	retary—
6	(1) use the advanced computing resources,
7	testbeds, and expertise of the National Laboratories,
8	the Institute, the National Science Foundation, and
9	private sector entities to run tests and evaluations
10	on the capabilities and limitations of artificial intel-
11	ligence systems;
12	(2) use existing solutions to the maximum ex-
13	tent practicable;
14	(3) develop automated and reproducible tests,
15	evaluations, and risk assessments for artificial intel-
16	ligence systems to the extent that is practicable;
17	(4) assess the computational resources nec-
18	essary to run tests, evaluations, and risk assess-
19	ments of artificial intelligence systems;
20	(5) research methods to effectively minimize the
21	computational resources needed to run tests, evalua-
22	tions, and risk assessments of artificial intelligence
23	systems;
24	(6) consider developing tests, evaluations, and
25	risk assessments for artificial intelligence systems

1	that are designed for high-, medium-, and low-com-
2	putational intensity; and
3	(7) prioritize identifying and evaluating see-
4	narios in which the artificial intelligence systems
5	tested or evaluated by a testbed could be deployed
6	in a way that poses security risks, and either estab-
7	lishing classified testbeds, or utilizing existing classi-
8	fied testbeds, at the National Laboratories if nec-
9	essary, including with respect to—
10	(A) autonomous offensive cyber capabili-
11	ties;
12	(B) eybersecurity vulnerabilities in the ar-
13	tificial intelligence software ecosystem and be-
14	yond;
15	(C) chemical, biological, radiological, nu-
16	clear, critical infrastructure, and energy-secu-
17	rity threats or hazards; and
18	(D) such other capabilities as the Under
19	Secretary determines necessary.
20	(d) Consideration Given.—In carrying out the ac-
21	tivities required by subsection (e), the Under Secretary
22	shall, in coordination with the Secretary, take under con-
23	sideration the applicability of any tests, evaluations, and
24	risk assessments to artificial intelligence systems trained

1	using primarily biological sequence data, including those
2	systems used for gene synthesis.
3	(e) Metrics.—The Under Secretary, in collaboration
4	with the Secretary, shall develop metrics—
5	(1) to assess the effectiveness of the program in
6	encouraging collaboration and supporting partner-
7	ships as described in subsection (b); and
8	(2) to assess the impact of the program on pub-
9	lie and private sector integration and use of artificial
10	intelligence systems.
11	(f) Use of Existing Program.—In carrying out
12	the program required by subsection (a), the Under Sec-
13	retary may, in collaboration with the Secretary and the
14	Director, use a program that was in effect on the day be-
15	fore the date of the enactment of this Act.
16	(g) EVALUATION AND FINDINGS.—Not later than 3
17	years after the start of this program, the Under Secretary
18	shall, in collaboration with the Secretary—
19	(1) evaluate the success of the program in en-
20	couraging collaboration and supporting partnerships
21	as described in subsection (b), using the metrics de-
22	veloped pursuant to subsection (e);
23	(2) evaluate the success of the program in en-
24	couraging public and private sector integration and

1	use of artificial intelligence systems by using the
2	metrics developed pursuant to subsection (e); and
3	(3) submit to the appropriate committees of
4	Congress the evaluation supported pursuant to para-
5	graph (1) and the findings of the Under Secretary,
6	the Secretary, and the Director with respect to the
7	testbed program.
8	(h) Consultation.—In carrying out subsection (b)
9	the Under Secretary shall consult, as the Under Secretary
10	considers appropriate, with the following:
11	(1) Industry, including private artificial intel-
12	ligence laboratories, companies of all sizes, and rep-
13	resentatives from the United States financial sector.
14	(2) Academia and institutions of higher edu-
15	eation.
16	(3) Civil society.
17	(4) Third-party evaluators.
18	(i) Establishment of Foundation Models Test
19	Program.—In carrying out the program under subsection
20	(b), the Under Secretary shall, acting through the Direc-
21	tor of the Institute and in coordination with the Secretary
22	of Energy, earry out a test program to provide vendors
23	of foundation models the opportunity to voluntarily test
24	foundation models across a range of modalities, such as

25 models that ingest and output text, images, audio, video,

1	software code, and mixed modalities, relative to the Artifi-
2	cial Intelligence Risk Management Framework, by—
3	(1) conducting research and regular testing to
4	improve and benchmark the accuracy, efficacy, and
5	bias of foundation models;
6	(2) conducting research to identify key capabili-
7	ties, limitations, and unexpected behaviors of foun-
8	dation models;
9	(3) identifying and evaluating scenarios in
10	which these models could pose risks;
11	(4) establishing reference use cases for founda-
12	tion models and performance criteria for assessing
13	each use ease, including accuracy, efficacy, and bias
14	metrics;
15	(5) enabling developers and deployers of foun-
16	dation models to evaluate such systems for risks, in-
17	cidents, and vulnerabilities if deployed in such use
18	cases;
19	(6) coordinating public evaluations, which may
20	include prizes and challenges, to evaluate foundation
21	models; and
22	(7) as the Under Secretary and the Secretary
23	consider appropriate, producing public-facing reports
24	of the findings from such testing for a general audi-
25	ence.

1	(j) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
2	tion shall be construed to require a person to disclose any
3	information, including information—
4	(1) relating to a trade secret or other protected
5	intellectual property right;
6	(2) that is confidential business information; or
7	(3) that is privileged.
8	SEC. 103. NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECH-
9	NOLOGY AND DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
10	TESTBED TO IDENTIFY, TEST, AND SYN-
11	THESIZE NEW MATERIALS.
12	(a) Testbed Authorized.—The Secretary of Com-
13	merce, acting through the Director of the National Insti-
14	tute of Standards and Technology, and the Secretary of
15	Energy shall jointly establish a testbed to identify, test,
16	and synthesize new materials to advance materials science
17	and to support advanced manufacturing for the benefit of
18	the United States economy through the use of artificial
19	intelligence, autonomous laboratories, and artificial intel-
20	ligence integrated with emerging technologies, such as
21	quantum hybrid computing and robotics.
22	(b) Support for Accelerated Technologies.—
23	The Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Energy
24	shall ensure that technologies accelerated using the
25	testbed established pursuant to subsection (a) are sup-

- 1 ported by advanced algorithms and models, uncertainty
- 2 quantification, and software and workforce development
- 3 tools to produce benchmark data, model comparison tools,
- 4 and best practices guides.
- 5 (e) Public-Private Partnerships.—In carrying
- 6 out subsection (a), the Secretary of Commerce and the
- 7 Secretary of Energy shall, in consultation with industry,
- 8 eivil society, and academia, enter into such public-private
- 9 partnerships as the Secretaries jointly determine appro-
- 10 priate.
- 11 (d) RESOURCES.—In carrying out subsection (a), the
- 12 Secretaries may use resources from National Laboratories
- 13 and the private sector.
- 14 SEC. 104. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION AND DEPART-
- 15 MENT OF ENERGY COLLABORATION TO MAKE
- 16 SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERIES THROUGH THE
- 17 USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.
- 18 (a) In General.—The Director of the National
- 19 Science Foundation (referred to in this section as the "Di-
- 20 rector") and the Secretary of Energy (referred to in this
- 21 section as the "Secretary" shall collaborate to support
- 22 new translational scientific discoveries and advancements
- 23 for the benefit of the economy of the United States
- 24 through the use of artificial intelligence, including artifi-

1	cial intelligence integrated with emerging technologies,
2	such as quantum hybrid computing and robotics.
3	(b) Public-Private Partnerships.—In carrying
4	out subsection (a), the Director and the Secretary shall
5	enter into such public-private partnerships as the Director
6	and the Secretary jointly determine appropriate.
7	(c) Resources.—In earrying out subsection (a), the
8	Director and the Secretary may accept and use resources
9	from the National Laboratories, resources from the pri-
10	vate sector, and academic resources.
11	SEC. 105. PROGRESS REPORT.
12	Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
13	of this Act, the Director of the Artificial Intelligence Safe-
14	ty Institute shall, in coordination with the Secretary of
15	Commerce and the Secretary of Energy, submit to Con-
16	gress a report on the implementation of this subtitle.
17	Subtitle B—International
18	Cooperation
19	SEC. 111. INTERNATIONAL COALITION ON INNOVATION, DE-
20	VELOPMENT, AND HARMONIZATION OF
21	STANDARDS WITH RESPECT TO ARTIFICIAL
22	INTELLIGENCE.
23	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Commerce, the
24	Secretary of State, and the Director of the Office of
25	Science and Technology Policy (in this section referred to

1	as the "Director"), in consultation with the heads of rel-
2	evant agencies, shall jointly seek to form an alliance or
3	coalition with like-minded governments of foreign coun-
4	tries
5	(1) to cooperate on approaches to innovation
6	and advancements in artificial intelligence and eco-
7	systems for artificial intelligence;
8	(2) to coordinate on development and use of
9	interoperable international standards or harmoni-
10	zation of standards with respect to artificial intel-
11	ligence;
12	(3) to promote adoption of common artificial in-
13	telligence standards;
14	(4) to develop the government-to-government
15	infrastructure needed to facilitate coordination of co-
16	herent global application of artificial intelligence
17	safety standards, including, where appropriate, put-
18	ting in place agreements for information sharing be-
19	tween governments; and
20	(5) to involve private-sector stakeholders from
21	partner countries to help inform coalition partners
22	on recent developments in artificial intelligence and
23	associated standards development.

(b) Criteria for Participation.—In forming an

25 alliance or coalition of like-minded governments of foreign

- 1 countries under subsection (a), the Secretary of Com-
- 2 merce, the Secretary of State, and the Director, in con-
- 3 sultation with the heads of relevant agencies, shall jointly
- 4 establish technology trust criteria—
- 5 (1) to ensure all participating countries that
 6 have a high level of scientific and technological ad-
- 7 vancement;
- 8 (2) to ensure all participating countries commit
- 9 to using open international standards; and
- 10 (3) to support the governance principles for
- 11 international standards as detailed in the World
- 12 Trade Organization Agreement on Technical Bar-
- riers to Trade, done at Geneva April 12, 1979, on
- international standards, such as transparency, open-
- 15 ness, and consensus-based decision-making.
- 16 (e) Consultation on Innovation and Advance-
- 17 MENTS IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—In forming an al-
- 18 liance or coalition under subsection (a), the Director, the
- 19 Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of State shall
- 20 consult with the Secretary of Energy and the Director of
- 21 the National Science Foundation on approaches to innova-
- 22 tion and advancements in artificial intelligence.
- 23 (d) Security and Protection of Intellectual
- 24 Property.—The Director, the Secretary of Commerce,
- 25 and the Secretary of State shall jointly ensure that an alli-

1	ance or coalition formed under subsection (a) is only
2	formed with countries that—
3	(1) have in place sufficient intellectual property
4	protections, safety standards, and risk management
5	approaches relevant to innovation and artificial intel-
6	ligence; and
7	(2) develop and coordinate research security
8	measures, export controls, and intellectual property
9	protections relevant to innovation, development, and
10	standard-setting relating to artificial intelligence.
11	(e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
12	tion shall be construed to prohibit anyone from partici-
13	pating in other international standards bodies.
	pating in other international standards bodies. SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND
13	
13 14	SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND
131415	SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH COLLABORATIONS.
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH COLLABORATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH COLLABORATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall support bilateral and multilat-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH COLLABORATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall support bilateral and multilateral collaborations to facilitate innovation in research and
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH COLLABORATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall support bilateral and multilateral collaborations to facilitate innovation in research and development of artificial intelligence.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH COLLABORATIONS. (a) IN General.—The Director of the National Science Foundation shall support bilateral and multilateral collaborations to facilitate innovation in research and development of artificial intelligence. (b) ALIGNMENT WITH PRIORITIES.—The Director

1	to benefit United States prosperity, security, health, and
2	well-being.
3	(e) REQUIREMENTS.—The Director shall ensure that
4	collaborations supported under subsection (a)—
5	(1) support innovation and advancement in re-
6	search on the development and use of artificial intel-
7	ligence;
8	(2) facilitate international collaboration on in-
9	novation and advancement in artificial intelligence
10	research and development, including data sharing
11	expertise, and resources; and
12	(3) leverage existing National Science Founda
13	tion programs, such as the National Science Foun-
14	dation-supported National Artificial Intelligence Re-
15	search Institutes and Global Centers programs.
16	(d) Coordination of Security Measures and
17	EXPORT CONTROLS.—When entering into agreements in
18	order to support collaborations pursuant to subsection (a)
19	the Director shall ensure that participating countries have
20	developed and coordinated security measures and export
21	controls to protect intellectual property and research and
22	development.

1	Subtitle C—Identifying Regulatory
2	Barriers to Innovation
3	SEC. 121. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED
4	STATES IDENTIFICATION OF RISKS AND OB-
5	STACLES RELATING TO ARTIFICIAL INTEL-
6	LIGENCE AND FEDERAL AGENCIES.
7	(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 1 year after
8	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller
9	General of the United States shall submit to Congress a
10	report on regulatory impediments to innovation in artifi-
11	cial intelligence systems.
12	(b) Contents.—The report submitted pursuant to
13	subsection (a) shall include the following:
14	(1) Significant examples of Federal statutes
15	and regulations that directly affect the innovation of
16	artificial intelligence systems, including the ability of
17	companies of all sizes to compete in artificial intel-
18	ligence, which should also account for the effect of
19	voluntary standards and best practices developed by
20	the Federal Government.
21	(2) An assessment of challenges that Federal
22	agencies face in the enforcement of provisions of law
23	identified pursuant to paragraph (1).
24	(3) An evaluation of the progress in government
25	adoption of artificial intelligence and use of artificial

1	intelligence to improve the quality of government
2	services.
3	(4) Based on the findings of the Comptroller
4	General with respect to paragraphs (1) through (4),
5	such recommendations as the Comptroller General
6	may have for legislative or administrative action to
7	increase the rate of innovation in artificial intel-
8	ligence systems.
9	TITLE II—ARTIFICIAL INTEL-
10	LIGENCE RESEARCH, DEVEL-
11	OPMENT, CAPACITY BUILD-
12	ING ACTIVITIES
13	SEC. 201. PUBLIC DATA FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
14	SYSTEMS.
15	(a) List of Priorities.—
16	(1) In General.—To expedite the development
17	of artificial intelligence systems in the United
18	States, the Director of the Office of Science and
19	Technology Policy shall, acting through the National
20	Science and Technology Council and the Interagency
21	Committee established or designated pursuant to
22	section 5103 of the National Artificial Intelligence
23	
	Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9413), develop a

or improving curated, publicly available Federal Gov-

1	ernment data for training and evaluating artificial
2	intelligence systems.
3	(2) Requirements.—
4	(A) In General.—The list developed pur-
5	suant to paragraph (1) shall—
6	(i) prioritize data that will advance
7	novel artificial intelligence systems in the
8	public interest; and
9	(ii) prioritize datasets unlikely to inde-
10	pendently receive sufficient private sector
11	support to enable their ereation, absent
12	Federal funding.
13	(B) Datasets identified.—In carrying
14	out subparagraph (A)(ii), the Director shall
15	identify 20 datasets to be prioritized.
16	(3) Considerations.—In developing the list
17	under paragraph (1), the Director shall consider the
18	following:
19	(A) Applicability to the initial list of soci-
20	etal, national, and geostrategic challenges set
21	forth by subsection (b) of section 10387 of the
22	Research and Development, Competition, and
23	Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19107), or any suc-
24	eessor list.

1	(B) Applicability to the initial list of key
2	technology focus areas set forth by subsection
3	(e) of such section, or any successor list.
4	(C) Applicability to other major United
5	States economic sectors, such as agriculture,
6	health care, transportation, manufacturing,
7	communications, weather services, and positive
8	utility to small and medium United States busi-
9	nesses.
10	(D) Opportunities to improve datasets in
11	effect before the date of the enactment of this
12	Act.
13	(E) Inclusion of data representative of the
14	entire population of the United States.
15	(F) Potential national security threats to
16	releasing datasets, consistent with the United
17	States Government approach to data flows.
18	(G) Requirements of laws in effect.
19	(H) Applicability to the priorities listed in
20	the National Artificial Intelligence Research
21	and Development Strategie Plan of the Na-
22	tional Science and Technology Council, dated
23	October 2016.
24	(I) Ability to use data already made avail-
25	able to the National Artificial Intelligence Re-

1	search Resource Pilot program or any successor
2	program.
3	(4) Public input.—Before finalizing the list
4	required by paragraph (1), the Director shall imple-
5	ment public comment procedures for receiving input
6	and comment from private industry, academia, civil
7	society, and other relevant stakeholders.
8	(b) National Science and Technology Council
9	AGENCIES.—The head of each agency with a representa-
10	tive included in the Interagency Committee pursuant to
11	section 5103(e) of the National Artificial Intelligence Ini-
12	tiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9413(e)) or the heads of
13	multiple agencies with a representative included in the
14	Interagency Committee working cooperatively, consistent
15	with the missions or responsibilities of each Executive
16	agency
17	(1) subject to the availability of appropriations,
18	shall award grants or otherwise establish incentives,
19	through new or existing programs, for the creation
20	or improvement of curated datasets identified in the
21	list developed pursuant to subsection (a)(1), includ-
22	ing methods for addressing data scarcity;
23	(2) may establish or leverage existing initia-
24	tives, including public-private partnerships, to en-

1 courage private sector cost-sharing in the creation or 2 improvement of such datasets;

(3) may apply the priorities set forth in the list developed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) to the enactment of Federal public access and open government data policies;

(4) in earrying out this subsection, shall ensure consistency with Federal provisions of law relating to privacy, including the technology and privacy standards applied to the National Secure Data Service under section 10375(f) of the Research and Development, Competition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19085(f)); and

(5) in earrying out this subsection, shall ensure data sharing is limited with any country that the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, and the Director of National Intelligence, determines to be engaged in conduct that is detrimental to the national security or foreign policy of the United States.

(c) AVAILABILITY OF DATASETS.—Datasets that are created or improved by Federal agencies may be made

25 National Science Foundation in accordance with Executive

available to the National Artificial Intelligence Research

Resource pilot program established by the Director of the

1	Order 14110 (88 Fed. Reg. 75191; relating to safe, se-
2	eure, and trustworthy development and use of artificial in-
3	telligence), or any successor program.
4	(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
5	section shall be construed to require the Federal Govern-
6	ment or other contributors to disclose any information—
7	(1) relating to a trade secret or other protected
8	intellectual property right;
9	(2) that is confidential business information; or
10	(3) that is privileged.
1 1	SEC. 202. FEDERAL GRAND CHALLENGES IN ARTIFICIAL IN-
11	SEC. 202. PEDERME GIMIND CHMELENGES IN ARTIFICIAL IN
12	TELLIGENCE.
12	TELLIGENCE.
12 13	TELLIGENCE. (a) List of Priorities for Federal Grand
12 13 14	TELLIGENCE. (a) List of Priorities for Federal Grand Challenges in Artificial Intelligence.—
12 13 14 15	(a) List of Priorities for Federal Grand Challenges in Artificial Intelligence. (1) List required. Not later than 1 year
12 13 14 15 16	(a) List of Priorities for Federal Grand Challenges in Artificial Intelligence. (1) List required.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Di-
12 13 14 15 16	(a) List of Priorities for Federal Grand Challenges in Artificial Intelligence. (1) List required.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy
12 13 14 15 16 17	(a) List of Priorities for Federal Grand Challenges in Artificial Intelligence. (1) List required.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall, acting through the National Science and Technology

2020 (15 U.S.C. 9413), in consultation with indus-

try, civil society, and academia, establish a list of

priorities for Federal grand challenges in artificial

25 <u>intelligence that seek—</u>

22

23

1	(A) to expedite the development of artifi-
2	cial intelligence systems in the United States;
3	and
4	(B) to stimulate artificial intelligence re-
5	search, development, and commercialization
6	that solves or advances specific, well-defined,
7	and measurable challenges.
8	(2) Contents.—The list established pursuant
9	to paragraph (1) may include the following prior-
10	ities:
11	(A) To overcome challenges with engineer-
12	ing of and applied research on microelectronics,
13	including through integration of artificial intel-
14	ligence with emerging technologies, such as ma-
15	chine learning and quantum computing, or with
16	respect to the physical limits on transistors,
17	electrical interconnects, and memory elements.
18	(B) To promote transformational or long-
19	term advancements in computing and artificial
20	intelligence technologies through—
21	(i) next-generation algorithm design;
22	(ii) next-generation compute capa-
23	bility;
24	(iii) generative and adaptive artificial
25	intelligence for design applications;

1	(iv) photonics-based microprocessors
2	and optical communication networks, in-
3	eluding electrophotonics;
4	(v) the chemistry and physics of new
5	materials;
6	(vi) energy use or energy efficiency;
7	(vii) techniques to establish cryp-
8	tographically secure content provenance in-
9	formation; or
10	(viii) safety and controls for artificial
11	intelligence applications.
12	(C) To develop artificial intelligence solu-
13	tions, including through integration among
14	emerging technologies such as quantum com-
15	puting and machine learning, to overcome bar-
16	riers relating to innovations in advanced manu-
17	facturing in the United States, including areas
18	such as—
19	(i) materials, nanomaterials, and com-
20	posites;
21	(ii) rapid, complex design;
22	(iii) sustainability and environmental
23	impact of manufacturing operations;
24	(iv) predictive maintenance of machin-
25	e ry;

1	(v) improved part quality;
2	(vi) process inspections;
3	(vii) worker safety; and
4	(viii) robotics.
5	(D) To develop artificial intelligence solu-
6	tions in sectors of the economy, such as expand-
7	ing the use of artificial intelligence in maritime
8	vessels, including in navigation and in the de-
9	sign of propulsion systems and fuels.
10	(E) To develop artificial intelligence solu-
11	tions to improve border security, including solu-
12	tions relevant to the detection of fentanyl, illicit
13	contraband, and other illegal activities.
14	(3) PERIODIC UPDATES.—The Director shall
15	update the list established pursuant to paragraph
16	(1) periodically as the Director determines nec-
17	essary.
18	(b) Federal Investment Initiatives Re-
19	QUIRED.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the
20	head of each agency with a representative on the Inter-
21	agency Committee pursuant to section 5103(e) of the Na-
22	tional Artificial Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15
23	U.S.C. 9413(e)) or the heads of multiple agencies with a
24	representative on the Interagency Committee working co-
25	operatively, shall, consistent with the missions or respon-

1	sibilities of each agency, establish 1 or more prize competi-
2	tions under section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Tech-
3	nology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719), chal-
4	lenge-based acquisitions, or other research and develop-
5	ment investments that each agency head deems appro-
6	priate consistent with the list of priorities established pur-
7	suant to subsection $(a)(1)$.
8	(c) Timing and Announcements of Federal In-
9	VESTMENT INITIATIVES.—The President, acting through
10	the Director, shall ensure that, not later than 1 year after
11	the date on which the Director establishes the list required
12	by subsection (a)(1), at least 3 prize competitions, chal-
13	lenge-based acquisitions, or other research and develop-
14	ment investments are announced by heads of Federa
15	agencies under subsection (b).
16	(d) REQUIREMENTS.—Each head of an agency car-
17	rying out an investment initiative under subsection (b)
18	shall ensure that—
19	(1) for each prize competition or investment ini-
20	tiative carried out by the agency under such sub-
21	section, there is—
22	(A) a positive impact on the economic com-
23	petitiveness of the United States;
24	(R) a bonefit to United States industry

1	(C) to the extent possible, leveraging of the
2	resources and expertise of industry and philan-
3	thropic partners in shaping the investments;
4	and
5	(D) in a case involving development and
6	manufacturing, use of advanced manufacturing
7	in the United States; and
8	(2) all research conducted for purposes of the
9	investment initiative is conducted in the United
10	States.
11	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
12	(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Fu-
13	ture of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024".
14	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
15	this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Sense of Congress.

Sec. 3. Definitions.

 $\begin{array}{llll} \textit{TITLE} & \textit{I}{--}\textit{VOLUNTARY} & \textit{ARTIFICIAL} & \textit{INTELLIGENCE} & \textit{STANDARDS}, \\ & \textit{METRICS}, & \textit{EVALUATION} & \textit{TOOLS}, & \textit{TESTBEDS}, & \textit{AND} & \textit{INTERNATIONAL} \\ & \textit{COOPERATION} \\ \end{array}$

Subtitle A—Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute and Testbeds

Sec. 101. Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute.

Sec. 102. Program on artificial intelligence testbeds.

Sec. 103. National Institute of Standards and Technology and Department of Energy testbed to identify, test, and synthesize new materials.

Sec. 104. National Science Foundation and Department of Energy collaboration to make scientific discoveries through the use of artificial intelligence.

Sec. 105. Progress report.

Subtitle B—International Cooperation

Sec. 111. International coalition on innovation, development, and harmonization of standards with respect to artificial intelligence.

Sec. 112. Requirement to support bilateral and multilateral artificial intelligence research collaborations.

Subtitle C—Identifying Regulatory Barriers to Innovation

Sec. 121. Comptroller General of the United States identification of risks and obstacles relating to artificial intelligence and Federal agencies.

TITLE II—ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES

Sec. 201. Public data for artificial intelligence systems.

Sec. 202. Federal grand challenges in artificial intelligence.

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Sense of Congress.

TITLE I—VOLUNTARY ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE STANDARDS, METRICS, EVALUATION TOOLS, TESTBEDS, AND INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Sec. 100. Definitions.

Subtitle A—Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute and Testbeds

Sec. 101. Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute.

Sec. 102. Interagency coordination and program to facilitate artificial intelligence testbeds.

Sec. 103. National Institute of Standards and Technology and Department of Energy testbed to identify, test, and synthesize new materials.

Sec. 104. Coordination, reimbursement, and savings provisions.

Sec. 105. Progress report.

Subtitle B—International Cooperation

Sec. 111. International coalitions on innovation, development, and alignment of standards with respect to artificial intelligence.

Subtitle C—Identifying Regulatory Barriers to Innovation

Sec. 121. Comptroller General of the United States identification of risks and obstacles relating to artificial intelligence and Federal agencies.

TITLE II—ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES

Sec. 201. Public data for artificial intelligence systems.

Sec. 202. Federal grand challenges in artificial intelligence.

TITLE III—RESEARCH SECURITY AND OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 301. Research security.

Sec. 302. Expansion of authority to hire critical technical experts.

Sec. 303. Foundation for Standards and Metrology.

Sec. 304. Prohibition on certain policies relating to the use of artificial intelligence or other automated systems.

Sec. 305. Certifications and audits of temporary fellows.

1 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

2	It is the sense of Congress that policies affecting artifi-
3	cial intelligence should maximize the potential, develop-
4	ment, and use of artificial intelligence to benefit all private
5	and public stakeholders.
6	TITLE I—VOLUNTARY ARTIFI-
7	CIAL INTELLIGENCE STAND-
8	ARDS, METRICS, EVALUATION
9	TOOLS, TESTBEDS, AND
10	INTERNATIONAL COOPERA-
11	TION
12	SEC. 100. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this title:
14	(1) Artificial intelligence.—The term "arti-
15	ficial intelligence" has the meaning given such term
16	in section 5002 of the National Artificial Intelligence
17	Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401).
18	(2) Artificial intelligence model.—The
19	term "artificial intelligence model" means a compo-
20	nent of an artificial intelligence system that is—
21	(A) derived using mathematical, computa-
22	tional, statistical, or machine-learning tech-
23	niques; and
24	(B) used as part of an artificial intelligence
25	system to produce outputs from a given set of in-
26	puts.

1	(3) Artificial intelligence system.—The
2	term "artificial intelligence system" means an engi-
3	neered or machine-based system that—
4	(A) can, for a given set of objectives, gen-
5	erate outputs such as predictions, recommenda-
6	tions, or decisions influencing real or virtual en-
7	vironments; and
8	(B) is designed to operate with varying lev-
9	els of autonomy.
10	(4) Critical infrastructure.—The term
11	"critical infrastructure" has the meaning given such
12	term in section 1016(e) of the Uniting and Strength-
13	ening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Re-
14	quired to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (USA
15	PATRIOT ACT) Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e)).
16	(5) Federal Laboratory.—The term "Federal
17	laboratory" has the meaning given such term in sec-
18	tion 4 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation
19	Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703).
20	(6) FOUNDATION MODEL.—The term "foundation
21	model" means an artificial intelligence model trained
22	on broad data at scale and is adaptable to a wide
23	range of downstream tasks.
24	(7) National Laboratory.—The term "Na-
25	tional Laboratory" has the meaning given such term

1	in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
2	U.S.C. 15801).
3	(8) Testbed.—The term "testbed" means a fa-
4	cility or mechanism equipped for conducting rigorous,
5	transparent, and replicable testing of tools and tech-
6	nologies, including artificial intelligence systems, to
7	help evaluate the functionality, trustworthiness,
8	usability, and performance of those tools or tech-
9	nologies.
10	Subtitle A—Artificial Intelligence
11	Safety Institute and Testbeds
12	SEC. 101. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SAFETY INSTITUTE.
13	The National Institute of Standards and Technology
14	Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
15	section 22A (15 U.S.C. 278h-1) the following:
16	"SEC. 22B. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SAFETY INSTITUTE.
17	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
18	"(1) AGENCY.—The term 'agency' has the mean-
19	ing given the term 'Executive agency' in section 105
20	of title 5, United States Code.
21	"(2) Artificial intelligence.—The term 'ar-
22	tificial intelligence' has the meaning given such term
23	in section 5002 of the National Artificial Intelligence
24	Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401).

- 1 "(3) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE BLUE-2 TEAMING.—The term 'artificial intelligence blue-3 teaming' means an effort to conduct operational vulnerability evaluations and provide mitigation tech-4 5 niques to entities who have a need for an independent 6 technical review of the security posture of an artifi-7 cial intelligence system.
 - "(4) Artificial intelligence red-teaming' means structured adversarial testing efforts of an artificial intelligence system.
 - "(5) FEDERAL LABORATORY.—The term 'Federal laboratory' has the meaning given such term in section 4 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703).
 - "(6) FOUNDATION MODEL.—The term 'foundation model' means an artificial intelligence model trained on broad data at scale and is adaptable to a wide range of downstream tasks.
 - "(7) Synthetic content.—The term 'synthetic content' means information, such as images, videos, audio clips, and text, that has been significantly modified or generated by algorithms, including by an artificial intelligence system.

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- "(8) TESTBED.—The term 'testbed' means a facility or mechanism equipped for conducting rigorous, transparent, and replicable testing of tools and technologies, including artificial intelligence systems, to help evaluate the functionality, trustworthiness, usability, and performance of those tools or technologies.
- 8 "(9) Watermarking.—The term 'watermarking' 9 means the act of embedding information that is in-10 tended to be difficult to remove, into outputs gen-11 erated by artificial intelligence systems or in original 12 content, including outputs such as text, images, 13 audio, videos, software code, or any other digital con-14 tent or data, for the purposes of verifying the authen-15 ticity of the output or the identity or characteristics 16 of its provenance, modifications, or conveyance.
- 17 "(b) Establishment of Artificial Intelligence 18 Safety Institute.—
- 19 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after 20 the date of the enactment of the Future of Artificial 21 Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024, the Director shall 22 establish an institute on artificial intelligence within 23 the Institute.

1	"(2) Designation.—The institute established
2	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the 'Ar-
3	tificial Intelligence Safety Institute'.
4	"(3) Mission.—The mission of the Artificial In
5	telligence Safety Institute is to assist the private sec-
6	tor and agencies in developing voluntary best prac-
7	tices for the robust assessment of artificial intelligence
8	systems, which may be contributed to or inform the
9	work on such practices in standards development or
10	ganizations.
11	"(c) Functions.—
12	"(1) In general.—The functions of the Artifi
13	cial Intelligence Safety Institute, which the Artificia
14	Intelligence Safety Institute shall carry out in coordi
15	nation with the laboratories of the Institute, include
16	$the\ following:$
17	"(A) Using publicly available or voluntarily
18	provided information, assessing artificial intel
19	ligence systems and developing best practices for
20	reliable and secure development, deployment, and
21	use of artificial intelligence technology.
22	"(B) Supporting artificial intelligence red
23	teaming, sharing best practices, and coordi

nating on building testbeds and test environ-

ments with allies and international partners of
 the United States.

- "(C) Developing and publishing physical and cybersecurity tools, methodologies, best practices, voluntary guidelines, and other supporting information to assist persons who maintain systems used to create or train artificial intelligence models with discovering and mitigating vulnerabilities and attacks, including manipulation through data poisoning, including those that may be exploited by foreign adversaries.
- "(D) Establishing artificial intelligence blue-teaming capabilities to support mitigation approaches and partnering with industry to address the reliability of artificial intelligence systems.
- "(E) Developing tools, methodologies, best practices, and voluntary guidelines for detecting synthetic content, authenticating content and tracking of the provenance of content, labeling original and synthetic content, such as by watermarking, and evaluating software and systems relating to detection and labeling of synthetic content.

1	"(F) Coordinating or developing metrics
2	and methodologies for testing artificial intel-
3	ligence systems, including the following:
4	"(i) Cataloging existing artificial in-
5	telligence metrics and evaluation methodolo-
6	gies used in industry and academia.
7	"(ii) Testing the efficacy of existing
8	metrics and evaluations.
9	"(G) Coordinating with counterpart inter-
10	national institutions, partners, and allies, to
11	support global interoperability in the develop-
12	ment of research and testing of standards relat-
13	ing to artificial intelligence.
14	"(d) Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute
15	Consortium.—
16	"(1) Establishment.—
17	"(A) In General.—Not later than 180
18	days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
19	the Director shall establish a consortium of stake-
20	holders from academic or research communities,
21	Federal laboratories, private industry, including
22	companies of all sizes with different roles in the
23	use of artificial intelligence systems, including
24	developers, deployers, evaluators, users, and civil
25	society with expertise in matters relating to arti-

- ficial intelligence to support the Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute in carrying out the functions set forth under subsection (c).
 - "(B) Designation.—The consortium established pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be known as the 'Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute Consortium'.
 - "(2) Consultation.—The Director shall consult with the consortium established under this subsection not less frequently than quarterly.
 - than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Future of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024 and not less frequently than once each year thereafter, the Director shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives a report summarizing the contributions of the members of the consortium established under this subsection in support the efforts of the Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute.
- "(e) Voluntary Artificial Intelligence Testing
 Standards.—In carrying out the functions under subsection (c), the Director shall support and contribute to the
 development of voluntary, consensus-based technical stand-

1	ards for testing artificial intelligence system components,
2	including by addressing, as the Director considers appro-
3	priate, the following:
4	"(1) Physical infrastructure for training or de-
5	veloping artificial intelligence models and systems,
6	including cloud infrastructure.
7	"(2) Physical infrastructure for operating artifi-
8	cial intelligence systems, including cloud infrastruc-
9	ture.
10	"(3) Data for training artificial intelligence
11	models.
12	"(4) Data for evaluating the functionality and
13	trustworthiness of trained artificial intelligence mod-
14	els and systems.
15	"(5) Trained or partially trained artificial intel-
16	ligence models and any resulting software systems or
17	products.
18	"(6) Human-in-the-loop testing of artificial in-
19	telligence models and systems.
20	"(f) Matters Relating to Disclosure and Ac-
21	CESS.—
22	"(1) FOIA EXEMPTION.—Any confidential con-
23	tent, as deemed confidential by the contributing pri-
24	vate sector person, shall be exempt from public disclo-

- sure under section 552(b)(3) of title 5, United States
 Code.
- "(2) LIMITATION ON ACCESS TO CONTENT.—Access to a contributing private sector person's voluntarily provided confidential content, as deemed confidential by the contributing private sector person shall be limited to the private sector person and the Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute.
- 9 "(3) AGGREGATED INFORMATION.—The Director 10 may make aggregated, deidentified information avail-11 able to contributing companies, the public, and other 12 agencies, as the Director considers appropriate, in 13 support of the purposes of this section.
- "(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to provide the Director any enforcement authority that was not in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Future of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024.
- 19 "(h) Prohibition on Access to Resources for 20 Entities Under Control of Certain Foreign Govern-21 ments.—
- 22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—An entity under the owner-23 ship, control, or influence of the government of a cov-24 ered nation may not access any of the resources of the 25 Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute.

1	"(2) Criteria for identification.—The Di-
2	rector, working with the heads of the relevant Federal
3	agencies, shall establish criteria to determine if any
4	entity that seeks to utilize the resources of the Artifi-
5	cial Intelligence Safety Institute is under the owner-
6	ship, control, or influence of the government of a cov-
7	ered nation.
8	"(3) Definitions.—In this subsection:
9	"(A) Covered nation.—The term 'covered
10	nation' has the meaning given that term in sec-
11	tion 4872 of title 10, United States Code.
12	"(B) Ownership, control, or influence
13	OF THE GOVERNMENT OF A COVERED NATION.—
14	The term 'ownership, control, or influence of the
15	government of a covered nation', with respect to
16	an entity, means the government of a covered na-
17	tion—
18	"(i) has the power to direct or decide
19	matters affecting the entity's management
20	or operations in a manner that could—
21	"(I) result in unauthorized access
22	to classified information; or
23	"(II) adversely affect performance
24	of a contract or agreement requiring
25	access to classified information; and

1	"(ii) exercises that power—
2	"(I) directly or indirectly;
3	"(II) through ownership of the en-
4	tity's securities, by contractual ar-
5	rangements, or other similar means;
6	"(III) by the ability to control or
7	influence the election or appointment
8	of one or more members to the entity's
9	governing board (such as the board of
10	directors, board of managers, or board
11	of trustees) or its equivalent; or
12	"(IV) prospectively (such as by
13	not currently exercising the power, but
14	could).".
15	SEC. 102. INTERAGENCY COORDINATION AND PROGRAM TO
16	FACILITATE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
17	TESTBEDS.
18	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) Appropriate committees of congress.—
20	The term "appropriate committees of Congress"
21	means—
22	(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
23	and Transportation and the Committee on En-
24	ergy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and

1	(B) the Committee on Science, Space, and
2	Technology of the House of Representatives.
3	(2) Director.—The term "Director" means the
4	Director of the National Science Foundation.
5	(3) Institute.—The term "Institute" means the
6	National Institute of Standards and Technology.
7	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
8	the Secretary of Energy.
9	(5) Under Secretary.—The term "Under Sec-
10	retary" means the Under Secretary of Commerce for
11	Standards and Technology.
12	(b) Program Required.—Not later than 1 year after
13	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary
14	and the Secretary, in coordination with the Director, shall
15	jointly establish a testbed program to encourage collabora-
16	tion and support partnerships between the National Lab-
17	oratories, Federal laboratories, the National Institute of
18	Standards and Technology, the National Artificial Intel-
19	ligence Research Resource pilot program established by the
20	Director, or any successor program, and public and private
21	sector entities, including companies of all sizes, to conduct
22	tests, evaluations, and security or vulnerability risk assess-
23	ments, and to support research and development, of artifi-
24	cial intelligence systems, including measurement methodolo-

1	gies developed by the Institute, in order to develop stand-
2	ards and encourage development of a third-party ecosystem.
3	(c) Activities.—In carrying out the program re-
4	quired by subsection (b), the Under Secretary and the Sec-
5	retary—
6	(1) may use the advanced computing resources,
7	testbeds, and expertise of the National Laboratories,
8	Federal laboratories, the Institute, the National
9	Science Foundation, and private sector entities to run
10	tests and evaluations on the capabilities and limita-
11	tions of artificial intelligence systems;
12	(2) shall use existing solutions to the maximum
13	extent practicable;
14	(3) shall develop automated and reproducible
15	tests and evaluations for artificial intelligence systems
16	to the extent that is practicable;
17	(4) shall assess the computational resources nec-
18	essary to run tests and evaluations of artificial intel-
19	ligence systems;
20	(5) shall research methods to effectively minimize
21	the computational resources needed to run tests, eval-
22	uations, and security assessments of artificial intel-
23	ligence systems;
24	(6) shall where practicable, develop tests and
25	evaluations for artificial intelligence systems that are

1	designed for high-, medium-, and low-computational
2	intensity; and
3	(7) shall prioritize assessments by identifying se-
4	curity vulnerabilities of artificial intelligence systems,
5	including the establishment of and utilization of exist-
6	ing classified testbeds, at the National Laboratories if
7	necessary, including with respect to—
8	(A) autonomous offensive cyber capabilities;
9	(B) cybersecurity vulnerabilities in the arti-
10	ficial intelligence software ecosystem and beyond;
11	(C) chemical, biological, radiological, nu-
12	clear, critical infrastructure, and energy-security
13	threats or hazards; and
14	(D) such other capabilities as the Under
15	Secretary or the Secretary determines necessary.
16	(d) Consideration Given.—In carrying out the ac-
17	tivities required by subsection (c), the Under Secretary and
18	the Secretary shall take under consideration the applica-
19	bility of any tests, evaluations, and risk assessments to arti-
20	ficial intelligence systems trained using primarily biologi-
21	cal sequence data that could be used to enhance an artificial
22	intelligence system's ability to contribute to the creation of
23	a pandemic or biological weapon, including those systems
24	used for gene synthesis.

1	(e) Metrics.—The Under Secretary and the Secretary
2	shall jointly develop metrics to assess—
3	(1) the effectiveness of the program in encour-
4	aging collaboration and supporting partnerships as
5	described in subsection (b); and
6	(2) the impact of the program on public and pri-
7	vate sector integration and use of artificial intel-
8	ligence systems.
9	(f) Use of Existing Program.—In carrying out the
10	program required by subsection (b), the Under Secretary,
11	the Secretary, and the Director may use a program that
12	was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment
13	of this Act.
14	(g) Evaluation and Findings.—Not later than 3
15	years after the start of the program required by subsection
16	(b), the Under Secretary and the Secretary shall jointly—
17	(1) evaluate the success of the program in en-
18	couraging collaboration and supporting partnerships
19	as described in subsection (b), using the metrics devel-
20	oped pursuant to subsection (e);
21	(2) evaluate the success of the program in en-
22	couraging public and private sector integration and
23	use of artificial intelligence systems by using the
24	metrics developed pursuant to subsection (e): and

1	(3) submit to the appropriate committees of Con-
2	gress the evaluation supported pursuant to paragraph
3	(1) and the findings of the Under Secretary, the Sec-
4	retary, and the Director with respect to the testbed
5	program.
6	(h) Consultation.—In carrying out subsection (b),
7	the Under Secretary and the Secretary shall consult, as the
8	Under Secretary and the Secretary consider appropriate,
9	with the following:
10	(1) Industry, including private artificial intel-
11	ligence laboratories, companies of all sizes, and rep-
12	resentatives from the United States financial sector.
13	(2) Academia and institutions of higher edu-
14	cation.
15	(3) Civil society.
16	(i) Establishment of Voluntary Foundation
17	Models Test Program.—In carrying out the program
18	under subsection (b), the Under Secretary and the Secretary
19	shall, jointly carry out a test program to provide vendors
20	of foundation models, as well as vendors of artificial intel-
21	ligence virtual agents and robots that incorporate founda-
22	tion models, the opportunity to voluntarily test foundation
23	models across a range of modalities, such as models that
24	ingest and output text, images, audio, video, software code,

25 and mixed modalities.

1	(j) Matters Relating to Disclosure and Ac-
2	CESS.—
3	(1) Limitation on access to content.—Access
4	to a contributing private sector person's voluntarily
5	provided confidential content, as deemed confidential
6	by the contributing private sector person, shall be
7	limited to the contributing private sector person and
8	$the\ Institute.$
9	(2) AGGREGATED INFORMATION.—The Under
10	Secretary and the Secretary may make aggregated,
11	deidentified information available to contributing
12	companies, the public, and other agencies, as the
13	Under Secretary considers appropriate, in support of
14	the purposes of this section.
15	(3) FOIA EXEMPTION.—Any confidential con-
16	tent, as deemed confidential by the contributing pri-
17	vate sector person, shall be exempt from public disclo-
18	sure under section 552(b)(3) of title 5, United States
19	Code.
20	(k) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section
21	shall be construed to require a person to disclose any infor-
22	mation, including information—
23	(1) relating to a trade secret or other protected
24	intellectual property right;
25	(2) that is confidential business information; or

1	(3) that is privileged.
2	(l) Sunset.—The programs required by subsections
3	(b) and (i) and the requirements of this section shall termi-
4	nate on the date that is 7 years after the date of the enact-
5	ment of this Act.
6	SEC. 103. NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECH-
7	NOLOGY AND DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
8	TESTBED TO IDENTIFY, TEST, AND SYN-
9	THESIZE NEW MATERIALS.
10	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting
11	through the Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards
12	and Technology, and the Secretary of Energy may use the
13	program established under section 102(b) to advance mate-
14	rials science and energy storage and optimization and to
15	support advanced manufacturing for the benefit of the
16	United States economy through the use of artificial intel-
17	ligence, autonomous laboratories, and artificial intelligence
18	integrated with emerging technologies, such as quantum hy-
19	brid computing and robotics.
20	(b) Support for Accelerated Technologies.—
21	The Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Energy
22	shall ensure that technologies accelerated under subsection
23	(a) are supported by advanced algorithms and models, un-
24	certainty quantification, and software and workforce devel-

1	opment tools to produce benchmark data, model comparison
2	tools, and best practices guides.
3	(c) Public-private Partnerships.—In carrying out
4	subsection (a), the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary
5	of Energy shall, in consultation with industry, civil society,
6	and academia, enter into such public-private partnerships
7	as the Secretaries jointly determine appropriate.
8	(d) Resources.—In carrying out this section, the
9	Secretaries may—
10	(1) use science and technology resources from the
11	Manufacturing USA Program, the Hollings Manufac-
12	turing Extension Partnership, the National Labora-
13	tories, Federal laboratories, and the private sector;
14	and
15	(2) the program established under section 102(b).
16	SEC. 104. COORDINATION, REIMBURSEMENT, AND SAVINGS
17	PROVISIONS.
18	(a) Coordination and Duplication.—The Secretary
19	of Commerce shall take such actions as may be necessary
20	to ensure no duplication of activities carried out under this
21	subtitle with the activities of—
22	(1) research entities of the Department of En-
23	ergy, including—
24	(A) the National Laboratories; and

1	(B) the Advanced Scientific Computing Re-
2	search program; and
3	(2) relevant industries.
4	(b) National Laboratory Resources.—Any ad-
5	vanced computing resources, testbeds, expertise, or other re-
6	sources of the Department of Energy or the National Lab-
7	oratories that are provided to the National Science Founda-
8	tion, the National Institute of Standards and Technology,
9	or any other applicable entities under this subtitle shall be
10	provided—
11	(1) on a reimbursable basis; and
12	(2) pursuant to a reimbursable agreement.
13	(c) Waiver.—The Secretary may waive the require-
14	ments set forth in subsection (b) if the Secretary determines
15	the waiver is necessary or appropriate to carry out the mis-
16	sions of the Department of Commerce.
17	(d) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this subtitle
18	shall be construed—
19	(1) to modify any requirement or authority pro-
20	vided under section 5501 of the National Artificial
21	Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9461);
22	OT
23	(2) to allow the Secretary of Commerce (includ-
24	ing the Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards
25	and Technology or the Director of the Artificial Intel-

1	ligence Safety Institute) or the Director of the Na-
2	tional Science Foundation to use monetary resources
3	of the Department of Energy or any National Labora-
4	tory.
5	SEC. 105. PROGRESS REPORT.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date
7	of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Com-
8	merce for Standards and Technology shall, in coordination
9	with the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of En-
10	ergy, submit to Congress a report on the implementation
11	of sections 102 and 103.
12	(b) Contents.—The report submitted pursuant to
13	subsection (a) shall include the following:
14	(1) A description of the reimbursable agreements,
15	statements of work, and associated project schedules
16	and deliverables for the testbed program established
17	pursuant to section 102(b) and section 103(a).
18	(2) Details on the total amount of reimbursable
19	agreements entered into pursuant to section 104(b).
20	(3) Such additional information as the Under

 $Secretary\ determines\ appropriate.$

1	Subtitle B $-$ International
2	Cooperation
3	SEC. 111. INTERNATIONAL COALITIONS ON INNOVATION,
4	DEVELOPMENT, AND ALIGNMENT OF STAND-
5	ARDS WITH RESPECT TO ARTIFICIAL INTEL-
6	LIGENCE.
7	(a) In General.—The Under Secretary of Commerce
8	for Standards and Technology (in this section referred to
9	as the "Under Secretary") and the Secretary of Energy (in
10	this section referred to as the "Secretary") shall jointly lead
11	information exchange and coordination among Federal
12	agencies and communication from Federal agencies to the
13	private sector of the United States and like-minded govern-
14	ments of foreign countries to ensure effective Federal en-
15	gagement in the development and use of international tech-
16	nical standards for artificial intelligence.
17	(b) Requirements.—To support private sector-led
18	engagement and ensure effective Federal engagement in the
19	development and use of international technical standards
20	for artificial intelligence, the Under Secretary shall seek to
21	form alliances or coalitions with like-minded governments
22	of foreign countries—
23	(1) to support the private sector-led development
24	and adoption of standards or alignment with respect
25	to artificial intelligence:

1	(2) to encourage the adoption of technical stand-
2	ards developed in the United States to be adopted by
3	$international\ standards\ organizations;$
4	(3) to facilitate international collaboration on
5	innovation, science, and advancement in artificial in-
6	telligence research and development, including data
7	sharing, expertise, and resources; and
8	(4) to develop the government-to-government in-
9	frastructure to support the activities described in
10	paragraphs (1) through (3), using existing bilateral
11	and multilateral agreements to the extent practicable.
12	(c) Criteria for Participation.—In forming an al-
13	liance or coalition of like-minded governments of foreign
14	countries under subsection (b), the Secretary of Commerce,
15	the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of State, and the Di-
16	rector, in consultation with the heads of relevant agencies,
17	shall jointly establish technology trust criteria—
18	(1) to ensure all partner countries have a high
19	level of scientific and technological advancement; and
20	(2) to support the principles for international
21	standards development as detailed in the Committee
22	Decision on World Trade Organization Agreement on
23	Technical Barriers to Trade (Annex 2 of Part 1 of G/
24	TBT/1), on international standards, such as trans-

1	parency, openness, and consensus-based decision-mak-
2	ing.
3	(d) Consultation on Innovation and Advance-
4	MENTS IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—In forming an alli-
5	ance or coalition under subsection (b), the Director, the Sec-
6	retary of Commerce, and the Secretary of State shall consult
7	with the Secretary of Energy and the Director of the Na-
8	tional Science Foundation on approaches to innovation and
9	advancements in artificial intelligence.
10	(e) Security and Protection of Intellectual
11	Property.—The Director, the Secretary of Commerce, the
12	Secretary of Energy, and the Secretary of State shall jointly
13	ensure that an alliance or coalition formed under subsection
14	(b) is only undertaken with countries that—
15	(1) have in place sufficient intellectual property
16	protections, safety standards, and risk management
17	approaches relevant to innovation and artificial intel-
18	ligence; and
19	(2) develop and coordinate research security
20	measures, export controls, and intellectual property
21	protections relevant to innovation, development, and
22	standard-setting relating to artificial intelligence.
23	(f) Limitation on Eligibility of the People's Re-
24	PUBLIC OF CHINA.—

- 1 (1) In General.—The People's Republic of 2 China is not eligible to participate in an alliance or coalition of like-minded governments of foreign coun-3 4 tries under subsection (b) until the United States Trade Representative determines in a report to Con-5 6 gress required by section 421 of the U.S.-China Rela-7 tions Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 6951) that the People's 8 Republic of China has come into compliance with the 9 commitments it made in connection with its accession to the World Trade Organization. 10
 - (2) REPORT REQUIRED.—Upon the submission of a report described in paragraph (1), the officials specified in paragraph (3) shall jointly submit to Congress a report that includes the following:
 - (A) A detailed justification for why government-to-government information exchange and coordination with the Government of the People's Republic of China is in the national security interests of the United States.
 - (B) An assessment of the risks and potential effects of such coordination, including any potential for the transfer under an alliance or coalition described in paragraph (1) of technology or intellectual property capable of harming the national security interests of the United States.

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1	(C) A detailed justification for how the offi-
2	cials specified in paragraph (3) intend to ad-
3	dress human rights concerns in any scientific
4	and technology collaboration proposed to be con-
5	ducted by such an alliance or coalition.
6	(D) An assessment of the extent to which
7	those officials will be able to continuously mon-
8	itor the commitments made by the People's Re-
9	public of China in participating in such an alli-
10	$ance\ or\ coalition.$
11	(E) Such other information relating to such
12	an alliance or coalition as those officials consider
13	appropriate.
14	(3) Officials specified.—The officials speci-
15	fied in this paragraph are the following:
16	(A) The Director.
17	(B) The Secretary of Commerce.
18	(C) The Secretary of Energy.
19	(D) The Secretary of State.
20	(g) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section
21	shall be construed—
22	(1) to prohibit a person (as defined in section
23	551 of title 5, United States Code) from participating
24	in an international standards body; or

1	(2) to constrain separate engagement with
2	emerging economies on artificial intelligence.
3	Subtitle C—Identifying Regulatory
4	Barriers to Innovation
5	SEC. 121. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES
6	IDENTIFICATION OF RISKS AND OBSTACLES
7	RELATING TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
8	AND FEDERAL AGENCIES.
9	(a) Report Required.—Not later than 1 year after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller Gen-
11	eral of the United States shall submit to Congress a report
12	on regulatory impediments to innovation in artificial intel-
13	ligence systems.
14	(b) Contents.—The report submitted pursuant to
15	subsection (a) shall include the following:
16	(1) Significant examples of Federal statutes and
17	regulations that directly affect the innovation of arti-
18	ficial intelligence systems, including the ability of
19	companies of all sizes to compete in artificial intel-
20	ligence, which should also account for the effect of vol-
21	untary standards and best practices developed with
22	contributions from the Federal Government.
23	(2) An evaluation of the progress in government
24	adoption of artificial intelligence and use of artificial

1	intelligence to improve the quality of government
2	services.
3	(3) Based on the findings of the Comptroller
4	General with respect to paragraphs (1) and (2), such
5	recommendations as the Comptroller General may
6	have for legislative or administrative action to in-
7	crease the rate of innovation in artificial intelligence
8	systems.
9	TITLE II—ARTIFICIAL INTEL-
10	LIGENCE RESEARCH, DEVEL-
11	OPMENT, CAPACITY BUILDING
12	ACTIVITIES
13	SEC. 201. PUBLIC DATA FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
14	SYSTEMS.
15	(a) In General.—Title LI of the National Artificial
16	Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9411 et seq.)
17	is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
18	"SEC. 5103A. PUBLIC DATA FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
19	SYSTEMS.
20	"(a) List of Priorities.—
21	"(1) In General.—To expedite the development
22	of artificial intelligence systems in the United States,
23	the Director of the Office of Science and Technology
24	Policy (in this section referred to as the 'Director')
25	shall, acting through the National Science and Tech-

1	nology Council and the Interagency Committee and
2	in consultation with the Advisory Committee on Data
3	for Evidence Building established under section 315
4	of title 5, United States Code, develop a list of prior-
5	ities for Federal investment in creating or improving
6	curated, publicly available Federal Government data
7	for training and evaluating artificial intelligence sys-
8	tems and identify an appropriate location to host
9	curated datasets.
10	"(2) Requirements.—
11	"(A) In general.—The list developed pur-
12	suant to paragraph (1) shall—
13	"(i) prioritize data that will advance
14	novel artificial intelligence systems in the
15	public interest; and
16	"(ii) prioritize datasets unlikely to
17	independently receive sufficient private sec-
18	tor support to enable their creation, absent
19	$Federal\ funding.$
20	"(B) Datasets identified.—In carrying
21	$out\ subparagraph\ (A)(ii),\ the\ Director\ shall$
22	identify 20 datasets to be prioritized.
23	"(3) Considerations.—In developing the list
24	under paragraph (1), the Director shall consider the
25	following:

1	"(A) Applicability to the initial list of soci-
2	etal, national, and geostrategic challenges set
3	forth by subsection (b) of section 10387 of the Re-
4	search and Development, Competition, and Inno-
5	vation Act (42 U.S.C. 19107), or any successor
6	list.
7	"(B) Applicability to the initial list of key
8	technology focus areas set forth by subsection (c)
9	of such section, or any successor list.
10	"(C) Applicability to other major United
11	States economic sectors, such as agriculture,
12	health care, transportation, manufacturing, com-
13	munications, weather services, and positive util-
14	ity to small- and medium-sized United States
15	businesses.
16	"(D) Opportunities to improve datasets in
17	effect before the date of the enactment of the Fu-
18	ture of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Act of
19	2024.
20	"(E) Inclusion of data representative of the
21	entire population of the United States.
22	"(F) Potential national security threats to
23	releasing datasets, consistent with the United
24	States Government approach to data flows.
25	"(G) Requirements of laws in effect.

1	"(H) Applicability to the priorities listed in
2	the National Artificial Intelligence Research and
3	Development Strategic Plan of the National
4	Science and Technology Council, dated October
5	2016.
6	"(I) Ability to use data already made avail-
7	able to the National Artificial Intelligence Re-
8	search Resource Pilot program or any successor
9	program.
10	"(J) Coordination with other Federal open
11	data efforts, as applicable.
12	"(4) Public input.—Before finalizing the list
13	required by paragraph (1), the Director shall imple-
14	ment public comment procedures for receiving input
15	and comment from private industry, academia, civil
16	society, and other relevant stakeholders.
17	"(b) Interagency Committee.—In carrying out this
18	section, the Interagency Committee—
19	"(1) may establish or leverage existing initia-
20	tives, including through public-private partnerships,
21	for the creation or improvement of curated datasets
22	identified in the list developed pursuant to subsection
23	(a)(1), including methods for addressing data scar-
24	city;

1	"(2) may apply the priorities set forth in the list
2	developed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) to the enact-
3	ment of Federal public access and open government
4	data policies;
5	"(3) shall ensure consistency with Federal provi-
6	sions of law relating to privacy, including the tech-
7	nology and privacy standards applied to the National
8	Secure Data Service under section 10375(f) of the Re-
9	search and Development, Competition, and Innova-
10	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 19085(f)); and
11	"(4) shall ensure that no data sharing is per-
12	mitted with any country that the Secretary of Com-
13	merce, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense,
14	the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Energy, and
15	the Director of National Intelligence, determines to be
16	engaged in conduct that is detrimental to the national
17	security or foreign policy of the United States.
18	"(c) Availability of Datasets.—Datasets that are
19	created or improved pursuant to this section—
20	"(1) shall, in the case of a dataset created or im-
21	proved by a Federal agency, be made available to the
22	comprehensive data inventory developed and main-
23	tained by the Federal agency pursuant to section
24	3511(a) of title 44, United States Code, in accordance

 $with\ all\ applicable\ regulations;\ and$

25

1	"(2) may be made available to the National Ar-
2	tificial Intelligence Research Resource pilot program
3	established by the Director of the National Science
4	Foundation, and the applicable programs established
5	by the Department of Energy, in accordance with Ex-
6	ecutive Order 14110 (88 Fed. Reg. 75191; relating to
7	safe, secure, and trustworthy development and use of
8	artificial intelligence), or any successor program.
9	"(d) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
10	of the enactment of the Future of Artificial Intelligence In-
11	novation Act of 2024, the Director shall, acting through the
12	National Science and Technology Council and the Inter-
13	agency Committee, submit to the Committee on Commerce,
14	Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
15	mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of
16	Representatives a report that includes—
17	"(1) best practices in developing publicly curated
18	artificial intelligence datasets;
19	"(2) lessons learned and challenges encountered
20	in developing the curated artificial intelligence
21	datasets;
22	"(3) principles used for artificial intelligence-
23	ready data: and

1	"(4) recommendations related to artificial intel-
2	ligence-ready data standards and potential processes
3	for development of such standards.
4	"(e) Rules of Construction.—
5	"(1) In general.—Nothing in this section shall
6	be construed to require the Federal Government or
7	other contributors to disclose any information—
8	"(A) relating to a trade secret or other pro-
9	tected intellectual property right;
10	"(B) that is confidential business informa-
11	$tion;\ or$
12	"(C) that is privileged.
13	"(2) Disclosure to public datasets.—Ex-
14	cept as specifically provided for in this section, noth-
15	ing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the
16	head of a Federal agency from withholding informa-
17	tion from a public dataset.".
18	(b) Clerical Amendments.—The table of contents at
19	the beginning of section 2 of the William M. (Mac) Thorn-
20	berry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
21	2021 and the table of contents at the beginning of title LI
22	of such Act are both amended by inserting after the items
23	relating to section 5103 the following new item:

1	SEC. 202. FEDERAL GRAND CHALLENGES IN ARTIFICIAL IN-
2	TELLIGENCE.
3	(a) In General.—Title LI of the National Artificial
4	Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9411 et seq.),
5	as amended by section 201, is further amended by adding
6	at the end the following new section:
7	"SEC. 5107. FEDERAL GRAND CHALLENGES IN ARTIFICIAL
8	INTELLIGENCE.
9	"(a) Establishment of Program.—
10	"(1) In General.—Not later than 1 year after
11	the date of the enactment of the Future of Artificial
12	Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024, the Director of
13	the Office of Science and Technology Policy (acting
14	through the National Science and Technology Coun-
15	cil) and the Interagency Committee may establish a
16	program to award prizes, using the authorities and
17	processes established under section 24 of the Steven-
18	son-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15
19	U.S.C. 3719), to eligible participants as determined
20	by the co-chairs of the Interagency Committee pursu-
21	ant to subsection (e).
22	"(2) Purposes.—The purposes of the program
23	required by paragraph (1) are as follows:
24	"(A) To expedite the development of artifi-
25	cial intelligence systems in the United States.

1	"(B) To stimulate artificial intelligence re-
2	search, development, and commercialization that
3	solves or advances specific, well-defined, and
4	measurable challenges in 1 or more of the cat-
5	egories established pursuant to subsection (b).
6	"(b) Federal Grand Challenges in Artificial In-
7	TELLIGENCE.—
8	"(1) List of priorities.—The Director of the
9	Office of Science and Technology Policy (acting
10	through the National Science and Technology Coun-
11	cil) and the Interagency Committee and in consulta-
12	tion with industry, civil society, and academia, iden-
13	tify, and annually review and update as the Director
14	considers appropriate, a list of priorities for Federal
15	grand challenges in artificial intelligence pursuant to
16	the purposes set forth under subsection $(a)(2)$.
17	"(2) Initial list.—
18	"(A) Contents.—The list established pur-
19	suant to paragraph (1) may include the fol-
20	lowing priorities:
21	"(i) To overcome challenges with engi-
22	neering of and applied research on micro-
23	electronics, including through integration of
24	artificial intelligence with emerging tech-
25	nologies, such as neuromorphic and quan-

1	tum computing, or with respect to the phys-
2	ical limits on transistors, advanced inter-
3	connects, and memory elements.
4	"(ii) To promote transformational or
5	long-term advancements in computing and
6	artificial intelligence technologies through—
7	"(I) next-generation algorithm de-
8	sign;
9	"(II) next-generation compute ca-
10	pability;
11	"(III) generative and adaptive ar-
12	tificial intelligence for design applica-
13	tions;
14	``(IV) photonics-based micro-
15	processors and optical communication
16	$networks,\ including\ electrophotonics;$
17	"(V) the chemistry and physics of
18	new materials;
19	"(VI) energy use or energy effi-
20	ciency;
21	"(VII) techniques to establish
22	cryptographically secure content prove-
23	nance information; or
24	"(VIII) safety and controls for ar-
25	tificial intelligence applications.

1	"(iii) To promote explainability and
2	mechanistic interpretability of artificial in-
3	$telligence\ systems.$
4	"(iv) To develop artificial intelligence
5	solutions, including through integration
6	among emerging technologies such as
7	neuromorphic and quantum computing to
8	overcome barriers relating to innovations in
9	advanced manufacturing in the United
10	States, including areas such as—
11	``(I) materials, nanomaterials,
12	$and\ composites;$
13	"(II) rapid, complex design;
14	"(III) sustainability and environ-
15	mental impact of manufacturing oper-
16	ations;
17	"(IV) predictive maintenance of
18	machinery;
19	"(V) improved part quality;
20	"(VI) process inspections;
21	"(VII) worker safety; and
22	$"(VIII) \ robotics.$
23	"(v) To develop artificial intelligence
24	solutions in sectors of the economy, such as
25	expanding the use of artificial intelligence

1	in maritime vessels, including in naviga-
2	tion and in the design of propulsion systems
3	and fuels.
4	"(vi) To develop artificial intelligence
5	solutions to improve border security, includ-
6	ing solutions relevant to the detection of
7	fentanyl, illicit contraband, and other ille-
8	gal activities.
9	"(vii) To develop artificial intelligence
10	for science applications.
11	"(viii) To develop cybersecurity for ar-
12	tificial intelligence-related intellectual prop-
13	erty, such as artificial intelligence systems
14	and artificial intelligence algorithms.
15	"(ix) To develop artificial intelligence
16	solutions to modernize code and software
17	systems that are deployed in government
18	agencies and critical infrastructure and are
19	at risk of maintenance difficulties due to
20	code obsolescence or challenges finding ex-
21	pertise in outdated code bases.
22	"(3) Consultation on identification and se-
23	LECTION OF GRAND CHALLENGES.—The Director of
24	the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Di-
25	rector of the National Institute of Standards and

- Technology, the Director of the Defense Advanced Re-search Projects Agency, such agency heads as the Di-rector of the Office of Science and Technology Policy considers relevant, and the National Artificial Intel-ligence Advisory Committee shall each identify and select artificial intelligence research and development grand challenges in which eligible participants will compete to solve or advance for prize awards under subsection (a).
 - "(4) Public input on identification.—The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall also seek public input on the identification of artificial intelligence research and development grand challenges under subsection (a).
 - "(5) PROBLEM STATEMENTS; SUCCESS METRICS.—For each priority for a Federal grand challenge identified under paragraph (1) and the grand challenges identified and selected under paragraph (3), the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall—
 - "(A) establish a specific and well-defined grand challenge problem statement and ensure that such problem statement is published on a website linking out to relevant prize competition listings on the website Challenge.gov, or successor

1	website, that is managed by the General Services
2	Administration; and
3	"(B) establish and publish on the website
4	Challenge.gov, or successor website, clear targets,
5	success metrics, and validation protocols for the
6	prize competitions designed to address each
7	grand challenge, in order to provide specific
8	benchmarks that will be used to evaluate submis-
9	sions to the prize competition.
10	"(c) Federal Investment Initiatives Author-
11	IZED.—Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated
12	for this purpose, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary
13	of Transportation, the Director of the National Science
14	Foundation may, consistent with the missions or respon-
15	sibilities of each Federal agency, establish 1 or more prize
16	competitions under section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler
17	Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719), chal-
18	lenge-based acquisitions, or other research and development
19	investments that each agency head deems appropriate con-
20	sistent with the list of priorities established pursuant to
21	subsection (b)(1).
22	"(d) Requirements.—
23	"(1) In general.—The Director of the Office of
24	Science and Technology Policy shall develop require-
25	ments for—

1	"(A) the process for prize competitions
2	under subsections (a) and (c), including eligi-
3	bility criteria for participants, consistent with
4	the requirements under paragraph (2); and
5	"(B) testing, judging, and verification pro-
6	cedures for submissions to receive a prize award
7	under subsection (c).
8	"(2) Eligibility requirement and judg-
9	ING.—
10	"(A) Eligibility.—In accordance with the
11	requirement described in section $24(g)(3)$ of the
12	Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
13	1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719 $(g)(3)$), a recipient of a
14	prize award under subsection (c)—
15	"(i) that is a private entity shall be
16	incorporated in and maintain a primary
17	place of business in the United States; and
18	"(ii) who is an individual, whether
19	participating singly or in a group, shall be
20	a citizen or permanent resident of the
21	United States.
22	"(B) Judges.—In accordance with section
23	24(k) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Inno-
24	vation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719(k)), a judge

1	of a prize competition under subsection (c) may
2	be an individual from the private sector.
3	"(3) AGENCY LEADERSHIP.—Each agency head
4	carrying out an investment initiative under sub-
5	section (c) shall ensure that—
6	"(A) for each prize competition or invest-
7	ment initiative carried out by the agency head
8	under such subsection, there is—
9	"(i) a positive impact on the economic
10	competitiveness of the United States;
11	"(ii) a benefit to United States indus-
12	try;
13	"(iii) to the extent possible, leveraging
14	of the resources and expertise of industry
15	and philanthropic partners in shaping the
16	investments; and
17	"(iv) in a case involving development
18	and manufacturing, use of advanced manu-
19	facturing in the United States; and
20	"(B) all research conducted for purposes of
21	the investment initiative is conducted in the
22	United States.
23	"(e) Reports.—
24	"(1) Notification of winning submission.—
25	Not later than 60 days after the date on which a prize

is awarded under subsection (c), the agency head awarding the prize shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, and such other committees of Congress as the agency head considers relevant a report that describes the winning submission to the prize competition and its benefits to the United States.

"(2) Biennial Report.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of the Future of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024, and biennially thereafter, the heads of agencies described in subsection (c) shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives, and such other committees of Congress as the agency heads consider relevant a report that includes—

"(i) a description of the activities carried out by the agency heads under this section;

1	"(ii) a description of the active com-
2	petitions and the results of completed com-
3	petitions under subsection (c); and
4	"(iii) efforts to provide information to
5	the public on active competitions under sub-
6	section (c) to encourage participation.
7	"(B) Public Accessibility.—The agency
8	heads described in subsection (c) shall make the
9	biennial report required under subparagraph (A)
10	publicly accessible, including by posting the bi-
11	ennial report on a website in an easily accessible
12	location, such as the GovInfo website of the Gov-
13	ernment Publishing Office.
14	"(f) Accessibility.—In carrying out any competi-
15	tion under subsection (c), the head of an agency shall post
16	the active prize competitions and available prize awards
17	under subsection (b) to Challenge.gov, or successor website,
18	after the grand challenges are selected and the prize com-
19	petitions are designed pursuant to subsections (c) and (e)
20	to ensure the prize competitions are widely accessible to eli-
21	gible participants.
22	"(g) Sunset.—This section shall terminate on the
23	date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment the Fu-
24	ture of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024.".

1	(b) Comptroller General of the United States
2	Studies and Reports.—
3	(1) Initial study.—
4	(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
5	after the date of enactment of this Act, the
6	Comptroller General of the United States shall
7	conduct a study of Federal prize competitions,
8	which shall include an assessment of the efficacy
9	and impact of prize competitions generally.
10	(B) Elements.—The study conducted
11	under subparagraph (A) shall include, to the ex-
12	tent practicable, the following:
13	(i) A survey of all existing, current
14	and ongoing Federal prize competitions car-
15	ried out under authorities enacted before the
16	date of the enactment of this Act.
17	(ii) An assessment of those existing,
18	current, and ongoing Federal prize competi-
19	tions that includes addressing—
20	(I) whether and what technology
21	or innovation would have been devel-
22	oped in the absence of the prize com-
23	petitions;
24	(II) whether the prize competi-
25	tions shortened the timeframe for the

1	development of the technology or inno-
2	vation;
3	(III) whether the prize competi-
4	tion was cost effective;
5	(IV) what, if any, other benefits
6	were gained from conducting the prize
7	competitions;
8	(V) whether the use of a more tra-
9	ditional policy tool such as a grant or
10	contract have resulted in the develop-
11	ment of a similar technology or inno-
12	vation;
13	(VI) whether prize competitions
14	might be designed differently in a way
15	that would result in a more effective or
16	revolutionary technology being devel-
17	oped;
18	(VII) what are appropriate
19	metrics that could be used for deter-
20	mining the success of a prize competi-
21	tion, and whether those metrics differ
22	when evaluating near-term and long-
23	term impacts of prize competitions;
24	and

1	(VIII) suggested best practices of
2	$prize\ competitions.$
3	(C) Congressional Briefing.—Not later
4	than 540 days after the date of the enactment of
5	this Act, the Comptroller General shall provide
6	the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
7	nology and the Committee on Energy and Nat-
8	ural Resources of the Senate and the Committee
9	on Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-
10	resentatives a briefing on the findings of the
11	Comptroller General with respect to the study
12	$conducted\ under\ subparagraph\ (A).$
13	(D) Report.—Not later than 540 days
14	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
15	Comptroller General shall submit to the congres-
16	sional committees specified in subparagraph (C)
17	a report on the findings and recommendations of
18	Comptroller General from the study conducted
19	$under\ subparagraph\ (A).$
20	(2) Interim study.—
21	(A) In general.—The Comptroller General
22	of the United States shall conduct a study of the
23	Federal prize challenges implemented under sec-
24	tion 5108 of the of the National Artificial Intel-
25	ligence Initiative Act of 2020, as added by sub-

1	section (a), which shall include an assessment of
2	the efficacy and effect of such prize competitions.
3	(B) Elements.—The study conducted
4	under subparagraph (A) shall include, to the ex-
5	tent practicable, the following:
6	(i) A survey of all Federal prize com-
7	petitions implemented under section 5108 of
8	the of the National Artificial Intelligence
9	Initiative Act of 2020, as added by sub-
10	section (a).
11	(ii) An assessment of the Federal prize
12	competitions implemented such section,
13	which shall include addressing the same
14	considerations as set forth under paragraph
15	(1)(B)(ii).
16	(iii) An assessment of the efficacy, im-
17	pact, and cost-effectiveness of prize competi-
18	tions implemented under section 5108 of the
19	of the National Artificial Intelligence Ini-
20	tiative Act of 2020, as added by subsection
21	(a), compared to other Federal prize com-
22	petitions.
23	(C) Congressional briefing.—Not later
24	than 1 year after completing the study required
25	by subparagraph (A), the Comptroller General

shall provide the Committee on Science, Space,
and Technology and the Committee on Energy
and Natural Resources of the Senate and the
Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
House of Representatives a briefing on the findings of the Comptroller General with respect to
the study conducted under subparagraph (A).

8 (D) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days
9 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
10 Comptroller General shall submit to the congres11 sional committees specified in subparagraph (C)
12 a report on the findings and recommendations of
13 the Comptroller General with respect to the study
14 conducted under subparagraph (A).

15 (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of contents at
16 the beginning of section 2 of the William M. (Mac) Thorn17 berry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
18 2021 and the table of contents at the beginning of title LI
19 of such Act, as amended by section 201, are both amended
20 by inserting after the items relating to section 5107 the fol21 lowing new item:

"5107. Federal grand challenges in artificial intelligence.".

1 TITLE III—RESEARCH SECURITY 2 AND OTHER MATTERS

- 3 SEC. 301. RESEARCH SECURITY.
- 4 The activities authorized under this Act shall be car-
- 5 ried out in accordance with the provision of subtitle D of
- 6 title VI of the Research and Development, Competition, and
- 7 Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19231 et seq.; enacted as part
- 8 of division B of Public Law 117–167) and section 223 of
- 9 the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Author-
- 10 ization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (42 U.S.C. 6605).
- 11 SEC. 302. EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY TO HIRE CRITICAL
- 12 TECHNICAL EXPERTS.
- 13 (a) In General.—Subsection (b) of section 6 of the
- 14 National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15
- 15 U.S.C. 275) is amended, in the second sentence, by striking
- 16 "15" and inserting "30
- 17 (b) Modification of Sunset.—Subsection (c) of such
- 18 section is amended by striking "under section (b) shall ex-
- 19 pire on the date that is 5 years after the date of the enact-
- 20 ment of this section" and inserting "under subsection (b)
- 21 shall expire on December 30, 2035".
- 22 SEC. 303. FOUNDATION FOR STANDARDS AND METROLOGY.
- 23 (a) In General.—Subtitle B of title II of the Research
- 24 and Development, Competition, and Innovation Act (42)
- 25 U.S.C. 18931 et seq.; relating to measurement research of

the National Institute of Standards and Technology for the
future; enacted as part of division B of Public Law 117-
167) is amended by adding at the end the following new
section:
"SEC. 10236. FOUNDATION FOR STANDARDS AND METROL-
OGY.
"(a) Establishment.—The Secretary, acting through
the Director, shall establish a nonprofit corporation to be
known as the 'Foundation for Standards and Metrology'.
"(b) Mission.—The mission of the Foundation shall
be to—
"(1) support the Institute in carrying out its ac-
tivities and mission to advance measurement science,
technical standards, and technology in ways that en-
hance the economic security and prosperity of the
United States; and
"(2) advance collaboration with researchers, in-
stitutions of higher education, industry, and non-
profit and philanthropic organizations to accelerate
the development of technical standards, measurement
science, and the commercialization of emerging tech-
nologies in the United States.
"(c) Activities.—In carrying out its mission under

24 subsection (b), the Foundation may carry out the following:

1	"(1) Support international metrology and tech-
2	nical standards engagement activities.
3	"(2) Support studies, projects, and research on
4	metrology and the development of benchmarks and
5	technical standards infrastructure across the Insti-
6	tute's mission areas.
7	"(3) Advance collaboration between the Institute
8	and researchers, industry, nonprofit and philan-
9	thropic organizations, institutions of higher edu-
10	cation, federally funded research and development
11	centers, and State, Tribal, and local governments.
12	"(4) Support the expansion and improvement of
13	research facilities and infrastructure at the Institute
14	to advance the development of emerging technologies.
15	"(5) Support the commercialization of federally
16	funded research.
17	"(6) Conduct education and outreach activities.
18	"(7) Offer direct support to NIST associates, in-
19	cluding through the provision of fellowships, grants,
20	stipends, travel, health insurance, professional devel-
21	opment training, housing, technical and administra-
22	tive assistance, recognition awards for outstanding
23	performance, and occupational safety and awareness
24	training and support, and other appropriate expendi-

tures.

25

1 "(8) Conduct such other activities as determ	iine	d
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- 2 necessary by the Foundation to carry out its mission.
- 3 "(d) Authority of the Foundation.—The Founda-
- 4 tion shall be the sole entity responsible for carrying out the
- 5 activities described in subsection (c).
- 6 "(e) Stakeholder Engagement.—The Foundation
- 7 shall convene, and may consult with, representatives from
- 8 the Institute, institutions of higher education, the private
- 9 sector, non-profit organizations, and commercialization or-
- 10 ganizations to develop activities for the mission of the Foun-
- 11 dation under subsection (b) and to advance the activities
- 12 of the Foundation under subsection (c).
- 13 "(f) Limitation.—The Foundation shall not be an
- 14 agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
- 15 "(g) Support.—The Foundation may receive, admin-
- 16 ister, solicit, accept, and use funds, gifts, devises, or be-
- 17 quests, either absolutely or in trust of real or personal prop-
- 18 erty or any income therefrom or other interest therein to
- 19 support activities under subsection (c), except that this sub-
- 20 section shall not apply if any of such is from a foreign coun-
- 21 try of concern or a foreign entity of concern.
- 22 "(h) Tax Exempt Status.—The Board shall take all
- 23 necessary and appropriate steps to ensure the Foundation
- 24 is an organization described in section 501(c) of the Inter-

1	nal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under
2	section 501(a) of such Code.
3	"(i) Board of Directors.—
4	"(1) Establishment.—The Foundation shall be
5	governed by a Board of Directors.
6	"(2) Composition.—
7	"(A) In general.—The Board shall be
8	composed of the following:
9	"(i) Eleven appointed voting members
10	described in subparagraph (B).
11	"(ii) Ex officio nonvoting members de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (C).
13	"(B) Appointed members.—
14	"(i) Initial members.—The Sec-
15	retary, acting through the Director, shall—
16	"(I) seek to enter into an agree-
17	ment with the National Academies of
18	Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to
19	develop a list of individuals to serve as
20	members of the Board who are well
21	qualified and will meet the require-
22	ments of clauses (ii) and (iii); and
23	"(II) appoint the initial members
24	of the Board from such list, if applica-
25	ble in consultation with the National

1	Academies of Sciences, Engineering,
2	and Medicine.
3	"(ii) Representation.—The ap-
4	pointed members of the Board shall reflect
5	a broad cross-section of stakeholders across
6	diverse sectors, regions and communities,
7	including from academia, private sector en-
8	tities, technical standards bodies, the invest-
9	ment community, the philanthropic commu-
10	nity, and other nonprofit organizations.
11	"(iii) Experience.—The Secretary,
12	acting through the Director, shall ensure the
13	appointed members of the Board have the
14	experience and are qualified to provide ad-
15	vice and information to advance the Foun-
16	dation's mission, including in science and
17	technology research and development, tech-
18	nical standards, education, technology
19	transfer, commercialization, or other aspects
20	of the Foundation's mission.
21	"(C) Nonvoting members.—
22	"(i) Ex officio members.—The Di-
23	rector (or Director's designee) shall be an ex
24	officio member of the Board.

1	"(ii) No voting power.—The ex offi-
2	cio members described in clause (i) shall not
3	have voting power on the Board.
4	"(3) Chair and vice chair.—
5	"(A) In General.—The Board shall des-
6	ignate, from among its members—
7	"(i) an individual to serve as the chair
8	of the Board; and
9	"(ii) an individual to serve as the vice
10	chair of the Board.
11	"(B) Terms.—The term of service of the
12	Chair and Vice Chair of the Board shall end on
13	the earlier of—
14	"(i) the date that is 3 years after the
15	date on which the Chair or Vice Chair of
16	the Board, as applicable, is designated for
17	the respective position; and
18	"(ii) the last day of the term of service
19	of the member, as determined under para-
20	graph (4)(A), who is designated to be Chair
21	or Vice Chair of the Board, as applicable.
22	"(C) Representation.—The Chair and
23	Vice Chair of the Board—

1	"(i) may not be representatives of the
2	same area of subject matter expertise, or en-
3	tity, as applicable; and
4	"(ii) may not be representatives of any
5	area of subject matter expertise, or entity,
6	as applicable, represented by the imme-
7	diately preceding Chair and Vice Chair of
8	the Board.
9	"(4) Terms and vacancies.—
10	"(A) TERM LIMITS.—Subject to subpara-
11	graph (B), the term of office of each member of
12	the Board shall be not more than five years, ex-
13	cept that a member of the Board may continue
14	to serve after the expiration of the term of such
15	member until the expiration of the 180-day pe-
16	riod beginning on the date on which the term of
17	such member expires, if no new member is ap-
18	pointed to replace the departing board member.
19	"(B) Initial appointed members.—Of the
20	initial members of the Board appointed under
21	paragraph (4)(A), half of such members shall
22	serve for four years and half of such members
23	shall serve for five years, as determined by the
24	Chair of the Board.

1	"(C) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy in the
2	membership of the appointed members of the
3	Board—
4	"(i) shall be filled in accordance with
5	the bylaws of the Foundation by an indi-
6	vidual capable of representing the same
7	area or entity, as applicable, as represented
8	by the vacating board member under para-
9	$graph\ (2)(B)(ii);$
10	"(ii) shall not affect the power of the
11	remaining appointed members to carry out
12	the duties of the Board; and
13	"(iii) shall be filled by an individual
14	selected by the Board.
15	"(5) Quorum.—A majority of the members of
16	the Board shall constitute a quorum for the purposes
17	of conducting the business of the Board.
18	"(6) Duties.—The Board shall carry out the
19	following:
20	"(A) Establish bylaws for the Foundation
21	in accordance with paragraph (7).
22	"(B) Provide overall direction for the activi-
23	ties of the Foundation and establish priority ac-
24	tivities.

1	"(C) Coordinate with the Institute the ac-
2	tivities of the Foundation to ensure consistency
3	with the programs and policies of the Institute.
4	"(D) Evaluate the performance of the Exec-
5	utive Director of the Foundation.
6	"(E) Actively solicit and accept funds, gifts,
7	grants, devises, or bequests of real or personal
8	property to the Foundation, including from pri-
9	vate entities.
10	"(F) Carry out any other necessary activi-
11	ties of the Foundation.
12	"(7) Bylaws.—The Board shall establish bylaws
13	for the Foundation. In establishing such bylaws, the
14	Board shall ensure the following:
15	"(A) The bylaws of the Foundation include
16	$the\ following:$
17	"(i) Policies for the selection of the
18	Board members, officers, employees, agents,
19	and contractors of the Foundation.
20	"(ii) Policies, including ethical and
21	disclosure standards, for the following:
22	``(I) The acceptance, solicitation,
23	and disposition of donations and
24	grants to the Foundation, including
25	appropriate limits on the ability of do-

1	nors to designate, by stipulation or re-
2	striction, the use or recipient of do-
3	nated funds.
4	"(II) The disposition of assets of
5	$the\ Foundation.$
6	"(iii) Policies that subject all employ-
7	ees, fellows, trainees, and other agents of the
8	Foundation (including appointed voting
9	members and ex officio members of the
10	Board) to conflict of interest standards.
11	"(iv) The specific duties of the Execu-
12	tive Director of the Foundation.
13	"(B) The bylaws of the Foundation and ac-
14	tivities carried out under such bylaws do not—
15	"(i) reflect unfavorably upon the abil-
16	ity of the Foundation to carry out its re-
17	sponsibilities or official duties in a fair and
18	objective manner; or
19	"(ii) compromise, or appear to com-
20	promise, the integrity of any governmental
21	agency or program, or any officer or em-
22	ployee employed by, or involved in a gov-
23	ernmental agency or program.
24	"(8) Restrictions on membership.—

1	"(A) Employees.—No employee of the De-
2	partment of Commerce may be appointed as a
3	voting member of the Board.
4	"(B) Status.—Each voting member of the
5	Board shall be—
6	"(i) a citizen of the United States;
7	"(ii) a national of the United States
8	(as such term is defined in section 101(a) of
9	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
10	$U.S.C.\ 1101(a));$
11	"(iii) an alien admitted as a refugee
12	under section 207 of such Act (8 U.S.C.
13	1157); or
14	"(iv) an alien lawfully admitted to the
15	United States for permanent residence.
16	"(9) Compensation.—
17	"(A) In general.—Members of the Board
18	may not receive compensation for serving on the
19	Board.
20	"(B) Certain expenses.—In accordance
21	with the bylaws of the Foundation, members of
22	the Board may be reimbursed for travel expenses,
23	including per diem in lieu of subsistence, and
24	other necessary expenses incurred in carrying
25	out the duties of the Board.

1	"(10) Liaison representatives.—The Sec-
2	retary, acting through the Director, shall designate
3	representatives from across the Institute to serve as
4	the liaisons to the Board and the Foundation.
5	"(11) Personal liability of board mem-
6	BERS.—The members of the Board shall not be per-
7	sonally liable, except for malfeasance.
8	"(j) Administration.—
9	"(1) Executive director.—
10	"(A) In General.—The Foundation shall
11	have an Executive Director who shall be ap-
12	pointed by the Board, and who shall serve at the
13	pleasure of the Board, and for whom the Board
14	shall establish the rate of compensation. Subject
15	to the bylaws established under subsection $(i)(7)$,
16	the Executive Director shall be responsible for the
17	daily operations of the Foundation in carrying
18	out the activities of the Foundation under sub-
19	section (c).
20	"(B) Responsibilities.—In carrying out
21	the daily operations of the Foundation, the Exec-
22	utive Director of the Foundation shall carry out
23	$the\ following:$
24	"(i) Hire, promote, compensate, and
25	discharge officers and employees of the

1	Foundation, and define the duties of such
2	officers and employees.
3	"(ii) Accept and administer donations
4	to the Foundation, and administer the as-
5	sets of the Foundation.
6	"(iii) Enter into such contracts and
7	execute legal instruments as are appropriate
8	in carrying out the activities of the Founda-
9	tion.
10	"(iv) Perform such other functions as
11	necessary to operate the Foundation.
12	"(C) Restrictions.—
13	"(i) Executive director.—The Ex-
14	ecutive Director shall be—
15	"(I) a citizen of the United States;
16	"(II) a national of the United
17	States (as such term is defined in sec-
18	tion 101(a) of the Immigration and
19	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a));
20	"(III) an alien admitted as a ref-
21	ugee under section 207 of such Act (8
22	U.S.C. 1157); or
23	"(IV) an alien lawfully admitted
24	to the United States for permanent res-
25	idence.

1	"(ii) Officers and employees.—
2	Each officer or employee of the Foundation
3	shall be—
4	"(I) a citizen of the United States;
5	"(II) a national of the United
6	States (as such term is defined in sec-
7	tion 101(a) of the Immigration and
8	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a));
9	"(III) an alien admitted as a ref-
10	ugee under section 207 of such Act (8
11	U.S.C. 1157); or
12	"(IV) an alien lawfully admitted
13	to the United States for permanent res-
14	idence.
15	"(2) Administrative control.—No member of
16	the Board, officer or employee of the Foundation or
17	of any program established by the Foundation, or
18	participant in a program established by the Founda-
19	tion, may exercise administrative control over any
20	Federal employee.
21	"(3) Transfer of funds to institute.—The
22	Foundation may transfer funds and property to the
23	Institute, which the Institute may accept and use and
24	which shall be subject to all applicable Federal limita-
25	tions relating to federally funded research.

1	"(4) Strategic plan.—Not later than one year
2	after the establishment of the Foundation, the Foun-
3	dation shall submit to the Committee on Science,
4	Space, and Technology of the House of Representa-
5	tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
6	Transportation of the Senate a strategic plan that
7	contains the following:
8	"(A) A plan for the Foundation to become
9	financially self-sustaining in the next five years.
10	"(B) Short- and long-term objectives of the
11	Foundation, as identified by the Board.
12	"(C) A description of the efforts the Foun-
13	dation will take to be transparent in the proc-
14	esses of the Foundation, including processes re-
15	lating to the following:
16	"(i) Grant awards, including selection,
17	review, and notification.
18	"(ii) Communication of past, current,
19	and future research priorities.
20	"(iii) Solicitation of and response to
21	public input on the priorities identified by
22	$the\ Foundation.$
23	"(D) A description of the financial goals
24	and benchmarks of the Foundation for the fol-
25	lowing ten years.

1 "(E) A description of the efforts undertaken
2 by the Foundation to ensure maximum
3 complementarity and minimum redundancy
4 with investments made by the Institute.

"(5) Report.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the establishment of the Foundation and not later than February 1 of each year thereafter, the Foundation shall publish a report describing the activities of the Foundation during the immediately preceding fiscal year. Each such report shall include with respect to such fiscal year a comprehensive statement of the operations, activities, financial condition, progress, and accomplishments of the Foundation.

"(B) Financial condition of the Foundation, each report under subparagraph (A) shall include the source, and a description of, all support under subsection (g) provided to the Foundation. Each such report shall identify the persons or entities from which such support is received, and include a specification of any restrictions on the purposes for which such support may be used.

1	"(C) Publication.—The Foundation shall
2	make copies of each report submitted under sub-
3	paragraph (A) available—
4	"(i) for public inspection, and shall
5	upon request provide a copy of the report to
6	any individual for a charge not to exceed
7	the cost of providing such copy; and
8	"(ii) to the Committee on Science,
9	Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-
10	resentatives and the Committee on Com-
11	merce, Science, and Transportation of the
12	Senate.
13	"(6) Audits and disclosure.—The Founda-
14	tion shall—
15	"(A) provide for annual audits of the finan-
16	cial condition of the Foundation, including a
17	full list of the Foundation's donors and any re-
18	strictions on the purposes for which gifts to the
19	Foundation may be used; and
20	"(B) make such audits, and all other
21	records, documents, and other papers of the
22	Foundation, available to the Secretary and the
23	Comptroller General of the United States for ex-
24	amination or audit.

1	"(7) Evaluation by comptroller general.—
2	Not later than five years after the date on which the
3	Foundation is established, the Comptroller General of
4	the United States shall submit to the Committee on
5	Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-
6	resentatives and the Committee on Commerce,
7	Science, and Transportation of the Senate the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(A) An evaluation of the following:
10	"(i) The extent to which the Founda-
11	tion is achieving the mission of the Founda-
12	tion.
13	"(ii) The operation of the Foundation.
14	"(B) Any recommendations on how the
15	Foundation may be improved.
16	"(k) Integrity.—
17	"(1) In General.—To ensure integrity in the
18	operations of the Foundation, the Board shall develop
19	and enforce procedures relating to standards of con-
20	duct, financial disclosure statements, conflicts of in-
21	terest (including recusal and waiver rules), audits,
22	and any other matters determined appropriate by the
23	Board.
24	"(2) Financial conflicts of interest.—To
25	mitigate conflicts of interest and risks from malian

1	foreign influence, any individual who is an officer,
2	employee, or member of the Board is prohibited from
3	any participation in deliberations by the Foundation
4	of a matter that would directly or predictably affect
5	any financial interest of any of the following:
6	"(A) Such individual.
7	"(B) A relative of such individual.
8	"(C) A business organization or other entity
9	in which such individual or relative of such in-
10	dividual has an interest, including an organiza-
11	tion or other entity with which such individual
12	is negotiating employment.
13	"(3) Security.—This section shall be carried
14	out in accordance with the provision of subtitle D of
15	title VI of the Research and Development, Competi-
16	tion, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19231 et seq.;
17	enacted as part of division B of Public Law 117–167)
18	and section 223 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry
19	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
20	2021 (42 U.S.C. 6605).
21	"(l) Intellectual Property.—The Board shall
22	adopt written standards to govern the ownership and licens-
23	ing of any intellectual property rights developed by the
24	Foundation or derived from the collaborative efforts of the
25	Foundation

- 1 "(m) Full Faith and Credit.—The United States
- 2 shall not be liable for any debts, defaults, acts, or omissions
- 3 of the Foundation. The full faith and credit of the United
- 4 States shall not extend to any obligations of the Founda-
- 5 tion.
- 6 "(n) Support Services.—The Secretary, acting
- 7 through the Director, may provide facilities, utilities, and
- 8 support services to the Foundation if it is determined by
- 9 the Director to be advantageous to the research programs
- 10 of the Institute.
- 11 "(o) Nonapplicability.—Chapter 10 of title 5,
- 12 United States Code, shall not apply to the Foundation.
- 13 "(p) Separate Fund Accounts.—The Board shall
- 14 ensure that amounts received pursuant to the authorization
- 15 of appropriations under subsection (q) are held in a sepa-
- 16 rate account from any other funds received by the Founda-
- 17 *tion*.
- 18 "(q) Funding; Authorization of Appropria-
- 19 Tions.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, from
- 20 amounts authorized to be appropriated for a fiscal year be-
- 21 ginning with fiscal year 2025 to the Secretary of Commerce
- 22 pursuant to section 10211, the Director may transfer not
- 23 less than \$500,000 and not more than \$1,250,000 to the
- 24 Foundation each such fiscal year.
- 25 "(r) Definitions.—In this section:

1	"(1) BOARD.—The term 'Board' means the
2	Board of Directors of the Foundation, established pur-
3	suant to subsection (i).
4	"(2) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means the
5	Director of the National Institute of Standards and
6	Technology.
7	"(3) Foreign country of concern.—The term
8	'foreign country of concern' has the meaning given
9	such term in section 10638 of the Research and Devel-
10	opment, Competition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C.
11	19237; enacted as part of division B of Public Law
12	117–167).
13	"(4) Foreign entity of concern.—The term
14	'foreign entity of concern' has the meaning given such
15	term in section 10638 of the Research and Develop-
16	ment, Competition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C.
17	19237; enacted as part of division B of Public Law
18	117–167).
19	"(5) FOUNDATION.—The term 'Foundation'
20	means the Foundation for Standards and Metrology
21	established pursuant to subsection (a).
22	"(6) Institute.—The term 'Institute' means the
23	National Institute of Standards and Technology.
24	"(7) Institution of higher education.—The
25	term 'institution of higher education' has the meaning

- 1 given such term in section 101 of the Higher Edu-2 cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- 3 "(8) NIST ASSOCIATE.—The term 'NIST asso-4 ciate' means any quest researcher, facility user, vol-5 unteer, or other nonemployee of the National Institute 6 of Standards and Technology who conducts research or otherwise engages in an authorized activity with 7 8 National Institute of Standards and Technology per-9 sonnel or at a National Institute of Standards and 10 Technology facility.
- 11 "(9) RELATIVE.—The term 'relative' has the 12 meaning given such term in section 13101 of title 5, 13 United States Code.
- 14 "(10) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means 15 the Secretary of Commerce.
- "(11) TECHNICAL STANDARD.—The term 'technical standard' has the meaning given such term in section 12(d)(5) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note).".
- 20 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in 21 section 1 of Public Law 117–167 is amended by inserting 22 after the item relating to postion 10225 the following new
- 22 after the item relating to section 10235 the following new

23 *item*:

"Sec. 10236. Foundation for Standards and Metrology.".

1	SEC. 304. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN POLICIES RELATING
2	TO THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
3	OR OTHER AUTOMATED SYSTEMS.
4	Not later than 7 days after the date of the enactment
5	of this Act, the President, acting through the Director of
6	the Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall issue a
7	technology directive with respect to artificial intelligence or
8	other automated systems that prohibits any action, direc-
9	tive, rule, regulation, policy, principle, or guidance by a
10	Federal agency that includes policies that require, rec-
11	ommend, promote, or encourage any of the following con-
12	cepts or rules:
13	(1) One race or sex is inherently superior to an-
14	other race or sex.
15	(2) The United States is fundamentally racist or
16	sexist.
17	(3) An individual, by virtue of his or her race
18	or sex, is inherently racist, sexist, or oppressive,
19	whether consciously or unconsciously.
20	(4) An individual should be discriminated
21	against or receive adverse treatment solely or partly
22	because of his or her race or sex.
23	(5) Members of one race or sex cannot and
24	should not attempt to treat others without respect to
25	race or sex.

1	(6) The moral character of an individual is nec-
2	essarily determined by his or her race or sex.
3	(7) An individual, by virtue of his or her race
4	or sex, bears responsibility for actions committed in
5	the past by other members of the same race or sex.
6	(8) An individual should feel discomfort, guilt,
7	anguish, or another form of psychological distress on
8	account of his or her race or sex.
9	(9) Meritocracy or traits such as a hard work
10	ethic are racist or sexist, or were created by a par-
11	ticular race to oppress another.
12	(10) Artificial intelligence, algorithms, or other
13	automated systems should be designed in an equitable
14	way that prevents disparate impacts based on a pro-
15	tected class or other societal classification.
16	(11) Input data used by designers, developers, or
17	deployers of artificial intelligence, algorithms, or
18	other automated systems should be modified to pre-
19	vent disparate impacts based on a protected class or
20	other societal classification.
21	(12) Designers, developers, integrators, or
22	deployers of artificial intelligence, algorithms, or
23	other automated systems should conduct disparate im-
24	pact or equity impact assessments prior to deploy-

 $ment\ or\ implementation\ of\ such\ technology\ to\ ensure$

25

1	inclusivity and equity in the creation, design, or de-
2	velopment of the technology.
3	(13) Federal agencies should review input data
4	used by designers, developers, or deployers of artificial
5	intelligence, algorithms, or other automated systems
6	to ensure the technology—
7	(A) meets the view of that Federal agency of
8	what constitutes bias or misinformation; and
9	(B) contains no positions contrary to the
10	position of the Federal Government.
11	SEC. 305. CERTIFICATIONS AND AUDITS OF TEMPORARY
12	FELLOWS.
13	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14	(1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" has the mean-
15	ing given such term in section 3502 of title 44,
16	United States Code.
17	(2) Committees of Jurisdiction.—The term
18	"committees of jurisdiction" means—
19	(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
20	and Transportation and the Committee on En-
21	ergy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and
22	(B) the Committee on Energy and Com-
23	merce and the Committee on Science, Space, and
24	Technology of the House of Representatives.

- 1 (3) CRITICAL AND EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES.—
 2 The term "critical and emerging technologies" means
 3 a subset of artificial intelligence and other critical
 4 and emerging technologies included in the list of such
 5 technologies identified and maintained by the Na6 tional Science and Technology Council of the Office of
 7 Science and Technology Policy.
 - (4) Inherently governmental function.—
 The term "inherently governmental function" has the meaning given such term in section 5 of the Federal Activities Inventory Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–270; 31 U.S.C. 501 note) and includes the meaning given such term in subpart 7.5 of part 7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, or successor regulation.
 - (5) TEMPORARY FELLOW.—The term "temporary fellow", with respect to an agency, means a fellow, contractor, consultant, or any other person performing work for the agency who is not a Federal government employee.

(b) Certification.—

(1) In General.—Prior to performing any work for an agency under this Act relating to artificial intelligence and other critical and emerging technologies, a temporary fellow and the head of the agen-

1	cy shall sign a certification that the temporary fellou				
2	will not perform any inherently governmental func-				
3	tions.				
4	(2) Submittal.—Not later than 30 days after				
5	the date on which the head of an agency signs a cer-				
6	tification under paragraph (1), the head of the agency				
7	shall submit a copy of the certification to the Director				
8	of the Office of Management and Budget and the				
9	chairpersons and ranking members of the committees				
10	$of\ jurisdiction.$				
11	(c) AUDIT.—				
12	(1) In General.—For each agency using a tem-				
13	porary fellow to carry out this Act, the inspector gen-				
14	eral of the agency shall perform an annual audit of				
15	the use of temporary fellows by the agency, which in-				
16	cludes—				
17	(A) the number of temporary fellows used				
18	by the agency;				
19	(B) the entities paying any temporary fel-				
20	low for their work for the agency;				
21	(C) the work temporary fellows are per-				
22	forming for the agency;				
23	(D) the authorities under which the agency				
24	hired the temporary fellows; and				

1	(E) whether the temporary fellows and the
2	agency are complying with the requirements of
3	section (b).

(2) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the inspector general of an agency completes an audit under paragraph (1), the head of the agency shall submit to the chairpersons and ranking members of the committees of jurisdiction and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget a report containing the findings of inspector general with respect to the audit.

Calendar No. 725

118TH CONGRESS S. 4178

A BILL

To establish artificial intelligence standards, metrics, and evaluation tools, to support artificial intelligence research, development, and capacity building activities, to promote innovation in the artificial intelligence industry by ensuring companies of all sizes can succeed and thrive, and for other purposes.

DECEMBER 18 (legislative day, DECEMBER 16), 2024
Reported with an amendment